

MANUFACTURERS ORGANIZE FOR THE NEXT WAR

Prepare Industry For Biggest Profits

By JACK RICHARDS.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—While the federal government is going thru the bluff of starting a suit against the Bethlehem Steel interests to recover \$15,000,000 of excess war profits, the ordinance advisory board, of which E. H. Gary is chairman, is preparing plans for production of artillery, rifles, machine guns and ammunition as a part of the industrial mobilization for the next war.

War Profiteers Organization.
The ordinance advisory board is an organization appointed by the government and recognized by the war department. It consists of those big manufacturers who will make the biggest profits thru another war. These business men want industries prepared in advance so that they will be able to turn out war materials and war profits at top speed when young American workers are next sent to slaughter.

How Advisory Board Works.
The way the advisory board works is demonstrated by a meeting held recently in Boston. Here more than 100 manufacturers of the metropolitan area conferred at the Harvard club with the board, to receive tentative orders for war time production. Upon accepting orders for war materials a factory will be designated as an "ordinance reserve plant" and will have a status similar to that of "ordinance reserve officers" as now provided for by existing law.

Steel Trust Dominates.
The Steel Trust dominates these preparations, which is logical since the steel industry makes the biggest profits out of a war. Thru Gary, president of the U. S. Steel Corporation, the organization is linked up directly with the biggest financial interests in the country, including J. P. Morgan, and no doubt in starting its preparations for the next war this ordinance advisory board is well informed as to the plans of the U. S. imperialists in the Far East and what chances there are of a new struggle for world supremacy.

Trouble Ahead in China.
At the same time that the ordinance board is in such a hurry preparing for the next war, things are reported to be far from satisfactory for the imperialists in China. Rumors from Tokyo confirm the belief that a secret movement is on foot for armed intervention by the imperialist powers in China. After the armed intervention some sort of a Dawes' Plan would be worked out for China. The reason this movement for armed intervention is being held up at the present time is that the imperialists are having a hard time deciding how they will portion out the booty in case they intervene. But since they all greatly fear the national movement for liberation from the yoke of foreign imperialism which is growing stronger every day in China, there are good chances that they will be able to temporarily forget their differences and antagonisms in regards to the exploitation of China long enough to attempt to crush this nationalist movement.

New York Comrades Will Hold Big Hike Sunday, April 26th

Sunday, April 26, the New York League will hold its first hike of the season. Comrades will all meet at South Ferry at 8:30 o'clock in the morning and embark on the Ferry for Staten Island, the place selected for the hike.

Many novel features have been arranged for the education and entertainment of the members of the League and the sympathizers taking part. A Living Newspaper, a feature of all meetings and demonstrations in Soviet Russia, will be enacted by the Young Workers League Dramatic Society. Satire and wit at the expense of Cal Coolidge, Hell'n Maria Dawes and other leading lights of American democracy. Living articles about the Communist movement, the Junior Section and the Young Workers League.

The athletic contests are being arranged by the Red Sport Club. There will be races and games of all kinds, with appropriate prizes for the winners. Comrades and sympathizers coming to the hike should be sure to bring some athletic equipment.

Don't forget the date, Sunday, April 26. The Place, South Ferry at 8:30 a. m.

Bosses Boosting Boys' Week Expect Returns; Educate Boy Scabs!

All over the U. S. business men are preparing to make Boys' Week a huge success.

In Chicago, the Boys' Workers Association, representing all the boy clubs of Chicago, with a combined membership of 50,000 boys, met at their monthly luncheon to discuss ways and means of conducting the campaign successfully. Representatives of the Kiwanis, Rotary, Optimist, Lions clubs, etc., were invited to speak on "Why We as Business Men are Interested in Boy's Week," and to advise in making the campaign a bigger and better one than ever before.

Bosses Gain By Spending.
The gist of all speeches that were made was that the business men were going to be "recompensed" for their interest in the work. How they would be repaid was explained very ably by Mr. Cudahy of the Galligan Co., who in his remarks brought out that the interest of the boy attracted was likewise attracting the interest of the parents, and by correcting the problems of the children they were correcting the problems of the grownups. His definition of problems being pilfering and instability in factories and shops, also to him it was a very efficient method to get to the parents with "the right ideas of Americanization, so that we can count on them."

Bankers Agree.
He was followed by Mr. Umberger of the Morris Plan Bank, who believes that business men are interested in boys because of sentiment, dollars, cents and civilization. Although he informed the gathering that the present state of industrial civilization in the U. S. enabled a ton to be moved a mile in three minutes for one-half a cent, he failed to mention anything about the six million children under age who are being sacrificed for big business as child laborers. The dollars and cents reason is very evident, but the writer fails to see the sentiment and civilization.

A school teacher interpreted that the business men were in boys work for practical reasons, namely, to reduce crime against private property by organizing open shop schools, increasing productivity to advance civilization.

Supt. McAndrews Lends Hand.
Supt. McAndrews has given the association permission to carry their ideas into the schools. In addition to this the executives club of Chicago, consisting of 1,000 employment managers and efficiency men who are organized to eliminate inefficiency and waste in factories and shops, have promised to participate actively in carrying on the campaign. The biggest banks and the largest factories and plants in the city are among the principal contributors to this campaign, designed to make good, patriotic slaves out of the boys of the working class.

Young Workers at Greenspan Upholstery Shop Still on Strike

NEW YORK CITY.—The strike in the Greenspan Upholstery shop is still going full speed, with the workers more determined daily to stick it out to a successful finish.

The bosses are resorting to scabs, and gangsters, hired police, etc., to break the morale of the strikers, but on the contrary the strikers, ninety-five per cent of whom are young workers, fight back harder every day. The season will probably not start until some time in July and the strikers may be forced to strike it out until then. Thru the shop nucleus a strike fund has been started which will help the workers as much as possible to get along until the strike is brought to a successful finish. As all of the workers, irrespective of their political views, are receiving the benefits of the strike fund, they are being convinced that the Young Workers League is their only leader and are following its leadership. Whether on the picket line to fight the gangsters or in dealings with the union, the shop nucleus takes a leading part.

Lockout in Denmark Ties Up All Commerce

COPENHAGEN, Denmark.—Refusing to come to terms with the unions, the bosses are continuing the huge lockout indefinitely. This lockout which has been on for a month, is the greatest labor conflict in Danish history. The employers by their action in refusing to come to terms with the union, have completely paralyzed all commercial life in Denmark. Transport on sea and land may be stopped soon.

Dirigible Waits for Weather.
LAKEHURST, N. J., April 20.—The dirigible Los Angeles will not sail for Bermuda today, as planned. It was decided weather conditions were unfavorable.

"CHILD LABOR IS INCREASING!"



Comrade Gyptner Speaks Before the Organization Conference of the C. I.

Reporting on the present state of our work, I can say that in Germany we have about 600 nuclei and that 50 per cent of the German League has been reorganized upon the basis of factory nuclei. In Italy we have about 330—350 nuclei, in France 360—400, in Czecho-Slovakia about 200, in Sweden 120, in Norway 41, in Poland, about 50, in Lithuania and Latvia from 30—40 in each country, in Bulgaria 80 in the larger factories and 50 comprising members working in small factories, in Yugoslavia 15—20, England 9, America 18. The smaller countries have also already begun nuclei work. From the remarks made by the reporters for the various parties I have gained the impression that the parties have not yet quite understood the ideological significance of the reorganization upon the basis of factory nuclei, and that the nucleus organization is only being built up, because Moscow desires it. The

PHILLIPS TELLS OF FAKE LEAGUE IN SOUTH BEND

Young Negroes Get No Help from 'Intellectuals'

By H. V. PHILLIPS.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—The Young Spartian League of this city is composed of young Negroes of the high school type. It is a semi-religious uplift organization that apes the ways of the middle class whites. They draw a distinct line between themselves and the uneducated young Negroes who work in the factories.

"We hope to show the whites that we are patriotic citizens of the higher type; it is only thru this means that we can receive their aid and be recognized for our true value in this community," said Benjamin Curtis, a young Negro who said he was going to spend six years in college. **Young Negro Workers Left Out.**
The young Negro workers, although they are the overwhelming majority, are left out of the scheme. The young Negro worker sees the class line being sharply drawn and it is our duty to take advantage of this situation and show him the hopelessness of appealing to a hand full of would-be intellectuals who have no interest in his welfare and the need of looking to an organization of his own class that will prepare him for his everyday struggles.

The Young Workers League is such an organization—it goes to the masses. There is much work in South Bend to be done among this type of young Negro who is already race conscious and now sees class lines being drawn by the petty-bourgeoisie of his race.

Ohio Dope Bill for Compulsory Reading of Bible Is Passed

COLUMBUS, Ohio.—The dope bill calling for compulsory reading of the bible in the public schools has been passed by the Ohio senate by a vote of 21 to 14.

Tumultuous scenes such as marked its passage in the House, were repeated in the Senate. The bill, known as the Buchanan bill, provides that at least ten verses of the Bible are to be read daily.

Syrian Riflemen Bag British Bombing Plane

DAMASCUS, Syria.—Native riflemen brought a British bombing plane down in flames near the Syrian frontier. Two airmen were killed. British imperialism is far from popular in Syria and as a consequence of the struggle between the French and British imperialists over Mosul oil, the French imperialists in Syria are stirring up this sentiment against British imperialists for their own benefit.

CAP-SCREW CO. SWEATS YOUTH FOR PROFITS

Cleveland League Starts Campaign!

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Ferry Cap and Set Screw Company is a typical den of exploitation where young workers toil nine and one-half hours a day, six days a week for the lowest wages imaginable.

Out of the total of 450 employed in this plant, 250 are young workers, many them below the age limit prescribed by the Ohio state child labor requirements. These boys and girls under the age of sixteen work none and a half hours like the rest of the workers.

Impossible to Live on Pay.
Although the work is of a strenuous nature, the pay for beginners is only 21½ cts. per hour. Running drill presses and sorting nuts are two of the most difficult jobs given to the young workers. Terrific eye strain and sore and lacerated fingers are the result of these tasks. The exploited young workers are promised more pay when they reach a certain degree of skill and speed, but it seems that very few ever attain that degree because of the high standards set by the boss. The reward for those who finally have learned to sweat themselves hard enough to please the boss, is piece-work, another sweating scheme. Some of the boys and girls who have been working in the shop for a long time get "as high as 35 cts. an hour."

The worst of the working conditions with which the young workers here must put up, is the boss. He is never happy unless he is travelling from one place to another telling the youthful slaves to "sany into it" or "get some pep into yourself." His whole existence seems to be centered around the business of getting the maximum amount of profit out of his employees for the least cost. New hands are told that they must work as fast as is physically possible and that they must at the same time work with care.

There is no excuse here for absence from work. Sickness is no justification for not coming to run your punch press for nine and one-half hours. If one is not discharged for being sick, he at least finds a good roasting in store for him. The object of course is to intimidate the young workers in order to get a maximum of work from them.

The Young Workers League of Cleveland has started a campaign at this factory, and is calling upon the young workers there to fight with the League to improve their conditions and for the following demands:

1. Abolition of the piece-work system with no reduction in wages.
2. A weekly minimum wage for all young workers based upon the cost of living and ranging from the living level upwards.
3. Eight hour day.
4. Right to organize union.

BOSSSES' ORGANIZATION RECRUITS YOUNG WORKERS FROM INDUSTRY FOR MILITARY TRAINING CAMPS

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Military Training Camps Association, the employers organization that co-operates with the war department in boosting the Citizen's Military Training Camps, is conducting a bigger and more expensive recruiting campaign this year than ever before. The growth of the camps last year was seen to be the result of efforts to recruit young workers directly from industry in co-operation with their bosses who offered those young workers who would attend a month's extended vacation with full pay. This year as a result of the work of the Military Training Camps Association, more bosses than ever before will bribe young workers with this extended vacation in order to make them attend the camps.

Pulpit and Press Lends Hand
The following quotations from the year book of one of the camps shows how much assistance the camps have been receiving, not only from big business, but also from all its supporters and institutions:
"In the enrollment of men for voluntary training the War Department has had the cordial co-operation of the pulpit and the press, of commercial, industrial and banking groups, lawyers, physicians and farmers...."

Labor Fakery Help Out
Since the publication of this year book, the A. F. of L. bureaucracy thru its action in endorsing the C. M. T. C. at the A. F. of L. convention has joined the rest of the fakery in boosting the camps. By co-operating with the war department in boosting the camps, these labor fakery will be working side by side with such big open shop bosses as those making up the advisory board of the Military Training Camps Association, which includes: R. T. Crane, Frank O. Lowden, Stanley Field, Cyrus H. McCormick, George M. Reynolds, Julius Rosenwald, etc.

Expect To Get Returns
The bosses who are giving co-operation to these camps expect to get repaid by the large number of scabs and strike-breakers that the camps will turn out, with the aid of the Citizenship Training Courses given there. Further the Military Training Camps Association is authorized by the War Department to "create a system of county and local chairmen—thus completing in detail a nationwide organization for Citizen's Military Training Camp recruiting in time of peace and for such wider function as may be requested by the War Department."

What Wider Function Means
These local organizations mean that after having been fed full of scab education at the camps, the young workers are kept in local organizations after they return to their jobs, so that they can be called upon for any emergency strike-breaking or any other such "wider function" that the War Department may request.

Of course, one of the main purposes of the camps is to speed up the preparation of young workers for the next slaughter; and backed by war-loving interests such as the House of Morgan, the camps are striving to bring military training to the young workers in the shop who will make up the overwhelming majority in the army when war commences again. Previously military training has been too much confined to student circles, and the bosses wish to extend it to the masses of young workers in the industries so that they will be well prepared when the next war starts. They also hope to increase the supply of officers from those who finish the four year course, thus avoiding the difficulties met with when the last war was declared and mobilization was delayed because of a shortage of officers.

American Unions Don't Grow by Keeping Out Youth

WASHINGTON, D. C.—British trade unions have increased their membership since 1923 by 1,000,000, according to figures made public in Washington by the North American agency of the international labor office, of Geneva. There are some 1,135 trade union organizations in Great Britain, with a total membership of 5,461,000.
Of these unions, 491, having 80 per cent of the total enrollment, had a revenue from dues and fees in 1923 amounting to 8,000,000 pounds sterling, as compared with 4,000,000 pounds in 1913. In 1923 they spent on unemployment relief 1,500,000 pounds, compared with 400,000 pounds in 1923. The capital of the British unions in this major group increased in 1923 by over 1,000,000 pounds, and (Continued on page 2.)

Rebel Lisbon Troops Surrender to Gomes After Severe Fight

LISBON, Portugal, April 20.—Fifty hundred have been arrested by the government of president Teixeira Gomes, and the revolt of a section of the army has been put down, it is reported. The fighting between troops led by Maj. Filomeno Camara; and the troops of the president lasted for many hours and many were killed and undreds wounded, dispatches declare. For a time the president was hiding in the main barracks, while cavalry, infantry and artillery, several hundred strong, under Camara, overthrew the factory, and established headquarters in the Peco da Rotonda. The president's troops rallied, however, and after severe fighting, forced the rebel troops to surrender.

Get a sub—make another Communist!

American Young Workers Must Fight for Sport Organization of Their Class

(Continued from last issue)
What Bosses Want.

FROM the above it is clear that the bosses have definite intentions in developing sporting activities in this country as they do:

1. They wish to keep the minds of the workers away from "evil" influences, that is to say from contact with radicals, who would infect them with the idea that everything is NOT all right as it is.

2. They recognize that conditions in Europe which have driven the workers to the necessity of revolutionary methods in order to extricate themselves from the vile conditions into which they have been plunged, are bound to be repeated in America—with like conclusions.

3. The employers have found that it is better to keep the workers in sound bodily condition, so that the turnover in industry may not be so large and that they may derive better labor, which means higher output and bigger profits.

4. The capitalists are preparing the college students and those workers whom they can attract to their side, as shock troops—that is to say, as fascists—to use against the workers when the time comes. They are filling them with propaganda that poisons them against the working class, making them believe that workers who do not submit to slave conditions are "disloyal," "unpatriotic," etc. As the capitalists understand these terms, they are disloyal and unpatriotic, because workers want something more out of life than slavery.

What Must the Workers Do?

TO meet these conditions, the workers need two things: They must prepare themselves mentally, and they must prepare themselves physically.

Those two things they can do only by clearly comprehending that they are workers under the dominion of the capitalists. They must also recognize that they are a class separate and apart from the capitalist class, and today are under the control of the capitalist class and all its agents, also through such institutions as athletic and other sport clubs. They must recognize that the capitalists establish such organizations, just as they found other organizations, in order to keep the workers completely under their control.

TO meet the coming struggles, the workers must free themselves from the idea that the bosses do anything for them "for nothing." Everything that the capitalists do has a definite purpose: to perpetuate their control. If the workers wish to be respected, they must also prepare themselves physically. The capitalists have tremendous power, not only in their organizations, but also in the auxiliaries that they have built up, such as the thousands of athletic clubs, the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A., college sports, the American Legion and similar organizations, not to speak of the Ku Klux Klan.

The employers also utilize gangsters and thugs to waylay all rebellious workers. Workers must be prepared to meet these bullies and hoodlums. Only bodies well prepared by exercise can meet these gangs. The worker alone cannot meet these gangs and organizations. The workers must build up their athletic and sport sections and fill them with the spirit of COLLECTIVE ACTION. The aim of these organizations must not be to develop "stars," men of unusual athletic ability, but to develop the workers into efficient fighters for the rights of their class.

Collective Action.

COLLECTIVE action—training of the mind and body of the great masses of the workers for the struggle against all the influences that are at work at the command of the bosses—must be the goal. Collective action and athletic organizations imbued with the clear idea that the workers are a class apart from the capitalist class—with interests diametrically opposed to those of the capitalist class.

Collective action is the basis of all sport and athletic life in Soviet Russia. During the time of the czars, the workers had no opportunity whatever to participate in sport life. Since the establishment of the Soviet government, on the other hand, and especially in the past two years, great attention has been paid to sports. In every factory and village club there is an athletic section devoted to developing the bodies of the workers. This spirit of collective activity embraces both the children and the men and women, and produces the sense of solidarity that is manifested in all activities of the Russian workers and peasants.

In Every Country.

THERE are athletic and sport associations in every country of Europe, built upon the same principles. Opposed to the control of the capitalists and their agents, the workers have established their own sport clubs and have dedicated them to building up the physique and mental fighting qualities of their members.

The Russian workers and peasants are establishing a RED STADIUM in Moscow. This Stadium is the center of all the sporting activities of the Soviet State. True to their internationalism, the Russian workers and peasants have dedicated the Stadium to the International Working Class, and now call it the INTERNATIONAL RED STADIUM. The workers' sport clubs in the other countries are beginning to help in the construction of the Stadium, so that the workers of the entire world will have a place at which to demonstrate their physical development.

International Organization.

THERE workers' sport clubs in the different countries, animated by the same spirit as the Russian workers and peasants, have formed the RED SPORT INTERNATIONAL—the International of the fighting workers who demand their own sporting facilities

Matty Woll Praises Class Collaboration in Cleveland School

By PHILLIP SHATZ.

The Cleveland, Ohio, school board has just completed its first successful trial of a new scheme for the administration of class-collaboration to technical high school students. The scheme consists of awarding diplomas to those who have completed the prescribed apprenticeship in a given trade. One hundred and fifty newly made bricklayers, carpenters and plumbers were awarded such diplomas at East Technical high school, Friday, March 9. The speakers at the exercises included Matty Woll, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor and labor faker extraordinary, city mayor Clayton Townes, the President of the Association of Plumbing Contractors, and others.

This new "educational" wrinkle is serving two purposes, the production of more efficient wage-slaves and the more firm establishment of the idea most dangerous to the working class, class collaboration. What Matty Woll says is enough to show clearly the anti-working class nature of the scheme.

"This plan is developing again a pride in workmanship, and it is making the shop not a place of toil alone, but a place of education. From that education shall arise a better understanding between the employer and employe, and a better, more just distribution of their fruits of toil."

Secretary of Labor Davis sent a message for the occasion in which he reassures the will-be carpenters concerning the lot of the working class as follows: "We are restoring the dignity of labor. We are overcoming that tendency to look upon work with the hands as menial and degrading."

... We are providing for the future of America's self-supporting citizens, each a credit to himself and his community. Work is happiness. There is no joy that stirs the human heart that is so complete as the sense of work well done, of a task accomplished.

The diplomas were presented by E. M. Williams, president of the school board, part owner of the Sherwin-Williams Paint Co., and one of the most rabid supporters on the board of compulsory military training in the high schools.

The completeness of the atmosphere at the exercises was marred by the absence of William Frew Long, president of the Cleveland American Plan Association.

apart from the capitalists. The Red Sport International is active in the construction of the International Red Stadium and announces a RED OLYMPIAD in Moscow, in 1926, in which workers' clubs of all countries will participate.

The workers of America must follow the lead of the Russian workers and peasants and the class-conscious workers of the other countries. They must form their own athletic clubs,

AMERICAN UNIONS DON'T GROW BY KEEPING OUT YOUTH

(Continued from page 1)

it is estimated that an equal or greater increase was experienced in 1924.

American trade union reports for 1924 show, in general, a much less hopeful tendency. While the Electrical Workers, who had only 22,800 members in 1913, and who had 139,200 in 1920, according to their report to the American Federation of Labor, went up to 142,000 in 1924, the Machinists, who paid per capita tax on 71,000 in 1913 and on 330,800 in 1920, reported only 77,900 paid up in 1924. The Bricklayers reported 70,000 in 1913, the same in 1920 and the same in 1924. The Longshoremen dropped from 74,000 in 1920 to 30,500 in 1924, and the Seamen from 65,900 to 18,000, as a consequence of the crushing campaign waged against them by the U. S. Shipping Board and the shipping companies.

In the textile industry the A. F. of L. is represented by the United Textile Workers, who had 16,200 members in 1913, 135,000 in 1919, 104,900 in 1920 and 30,000 in 1924.

One of the oldest, best financed labor organizations in America is the Molders' Union. It has 50,000 members in 1913, 57,300 in 1920 and 33,600 in 1924. Another of the old and strong union, the Carpenters, had 210,700 in 1913, 331,500 in 1920, and 317,000 in 1924. The Painters had 70,800 in 1913, 103,100 in 1920 and 103,300 in 1924.

Altogether, the A. F. of L. had approximately 2,000,000 members in 1913, 4,000,000 in 1920 and 2,865,949 in 1924.

Secretary Morrison declares that membership is now growing, and that 1925 will prove a year of general gain throughout the American labor movement. He looks upon the past four years as having tested the utmost power of organized business in this country to break down the unions; henceforth the anti-union attacks should be less destructive. Meanwhile the British workers are far ahead in the proportion of men organized, and in the sense of the value of unions.

Jugo-Slavs Plan Naval Base.

DELGRADE.—The Jugo-Slavian government has authorized credits necessary for the enlargement of the Port Sebancio on the Adriatic Sea and the erection of a ship yard, making that city the chief naval base.

free from the influence of the capitalists. They must affiliate them to the Red Sport International and spread the ideas of the R. S. I. throughout the country.

The Workers' Sport Alliance.

THE WORKERS' SPORT ALLIANCE OF AMERICA is the American section of the Red Sport International. The Workers' Sport Alliance calls upon the workers of the United States to establish workers' sport clubs and to affiliate them to the W. S. A. The Workers' Sport Alliance will aid any group of workers who wish to establish a club and give them suggestions and advice for their work. The Workers' Sport Alliance points out to the workers of this country that they must prepare to fight AGAINST THE THUGS IN THE EMPLOY OF THE BOSSES; AGAINST THE FASCIST ORGANIZATIONS, WHICH ARE ANTI-LABOR, ANTI-FOREIGNER AND FOR THAT REASON CALL THEMSELVES 100 PER CENT AMERICAN; AGAINST THE INFLUENCE OF THE EMPLOYERS IN ALL WORKING CLASS ORGANIZATIONS WHICH THEY USE FOR THEIR OWN ENDS; AGAINST THE SQUANDERING OF MILLIONS OF DOLLARS EVERY YEAR FOR PROFESSIONAL SPORTS, FROM WHICH THE WORKERS DERIVE NO BENEFIT.

THEY MUST FIGHT FOR WORKING CLASS SPORT, FOR TRAINING MILITANT FIGHTERS OF THE WORKING CLASS; FOR THE FORMATION OF WORKING CLASS AND GYMNASIUM CLUBS FREE FROM CAPITALIST INFLUENCE; FOR THE AFFILIATION OF ALL WORKING CLASS SPORT CLUBS TO THE WORKERS' SPORT ALLIANCE OF AMERICA; FOR AFFILIATION TO THE RED SPORT INTERNATIONAL; FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE RED OLYMPIAD IN MOSCOW IN 1926; FOR A STRONG WORKING CLASS, STRONG IN BODY AND MIND, AND FIGHTING FOR THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING CLASS. SPREAD THE IDEAS OF THE WORKERS' SPORT ALLIANCE IN YOUR UNIONS AND SHOPS. IT IS IN THE INTEREST OF THE ENTIRE WORKING CLASS. Executive Committee of W. S. A. of A.

Build War Air Fleet.

In furtherance of the plan of American financial interests to build an immense fleet of commercial airplanes that may be quickly turned into war planes, the Chicago Aviation company has been formed by business men and will fly passengers and freight between Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Detroit, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Indianapolis, Omaha and other cities.

Cal Relieved at French Turn.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The Coolidge administration is greatly relieved that Caillaux, the new French finance minister, will not propose a capital levy, but will insist on rigid economy in expenditures.

Our League at Work

Chicago Recruiting Many Young Negroes Thru Active Campaign

The Negro campaign is already well under way in Chicago, and our activities in this field will be the subject under discussion at the next meeting of the City Central Committee, Wednesday, April 22nd.

Phillips Busy Thruout District.

Comrade Phillips, a member of Area Branch No. 3 is busy organizing for the National Executive Committee thruout the district, while Branch No. 3, located in the heart of the Negro section is carrying on an active organizational campaign among the young Negroes on the south side.

The drive among the young Negroes is already bringing results and many new members have been gained for the League. The experiences of Branch No. 3 have shown that the best place to recruit young Negroes is in the shop, and from now on most of the energies in the campaign will be turned in this direction.

Nucleus Being Organized.

A nucleus is to be organized consisting of eight new Negro members working in a very important industry. Chicago has ordered 1,000 extra copies of the Young Worker containing the special articles on the Negro Labor Congress and the Negro Campaign of the Young Workers League, and these papers are being distributed at the Stock Yards, Pullman and other important industries employing many young Negroes.

Complete plans for the campaign will be mapped out at the next City Central Committee meeting, and it is expected that the campaign will wind up in a city conference of young Negro workers.

Sun Yat Sen Meeting Adopts Resolution on Sentence of Soldiers

The following resolution, introduced by the Young Workers League, was adopted at the Sun Yat Sen Memorial Meeting held by the Workers Party at the Manhattan Lyceum, April 10. The resolution was also adopted, amid great applause at the protest demonstration held by the Young Workers League on April 17.

"Two soldiers of the American Army, stationed at Honolulu, have been sentenced to barbarous terms of imprisonment by a court martial, Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull, young Communists in a country that is fearfully exploited by American imperialism, expressed their dissatisfaction with the present system of society, with its exploitation, degradation of the working class and subjugation of the colonial peoples through force of arms, and formed a Communist League in Hawaii to carry on the work of education and propaganda and organization of the Hawaiian proletariat. These young Communists, together with some others, sent a letter to the Communist International in which they accepted the principles and statutes of the Communist International, and sought affiliation. This is a crime in the eyes of the American bourgeoisie, which uses the most brutal means to keep the workers in subjection.

"The United States Government made use of the services of a spy to entrap these young Communists; this together with other methods the government employs, the government thought it would crush the revolutionary movement in Hawaii and end the threat to capitalism. But the Hawaiian Communist and revolutionary movement cannot be suppressed by the sentencing to prison of two Communists for terms of 40 and 26 years respectively.

"The revolutionary movement arises out of the intense suffering and poverty of the workers under capitalism, the savagery of imperialism and the necessity of the workers and peasants organizing for the struggle against the exploiting class.

"We send our greetings to Comrades Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull and the other six indicted comrades. Your fight, comrades, will be an inspiration to the workers of Hawaii to continue to fight. The Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers League will do everything in their power to rally the workers and poor farmers of this country to your cause and will not rest content until, under the leadership of the Communist International, the workers and exploited peasants of all countries will put an end to capitalist exploitation and will establish the power of the workers and peasants the world over, in the form of a Soviet Government.

"We, the revolutionary workers of New York, emphatically protest against the savage terms of imprisonment inflicted upon our two comrades and categorically demand their immediate release."

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

Conference Saturday of All N. Y. Nuclei

A conference of all the existing eight shop nuclei of the New York District, Young Workers League, will be held this Saturday, April 25, at the headquarters of the Y. W. L., 108 E. 14th St., at three p. m. sharp.

The conference will listen to the reports from the comrades from the various shop nuclei, and will outline the plans for the future activities of the shop nuclei. The conference will also pay attention to the technical functions of the shop nuclei, such as collection of dues, meeting place, selling papers, etc.

The District Executive Committee is conducting a campaign for the organization of shop nuclei in the larger factories where Young Workers League members are employed, and therefore is calling upon every member of the Young Workers League who is employed in shops of over 100 workers to attend this conference, so that we can carry on more effectively the organization of shop nuclei in their shops.

New Chicago Branch Starts Life with Real Activity in Industries

Area branch No. 7 has been organized at Dauphin Park, in the heart of the industrial section south of Chicago, and has already become one of the most active units of the League. The branch was organized by Comrade Arthur Gibertini, and many of the members of the branch work in the heavy industries located in this section. The branch will concentrate its energies towards increasing its membership and organizing shop nuclei in a big foundry and car shops where it has members working.

Good Shop Reports at Meeting.

Members of the branch have shown by reports on conditions in their shops that the branch has an unlimited field for work and that eventually more than two functioning nuclei will be built up. At present the branch also takes in Pullman, and members of the old Pullman branch have joined with the comrades at Dauphin Park, and with their combined strength hope to recruit enough young workers into the branch so that they can have two branches in this territory later on.

All Sympathizers at Next Meeting.

The next meeting of the branch will be an open propaganda meeting which the branch expects many sympathetic young workers will attend. Comrade Barney Mass will speak on: "Why Every Young Worker Should Join the Young Workers League," and the members of the branch will be busy getting all their friends and all interested young workers to attend. The meeting will be held at the new hall, 91st and Dobson, Friday, April 24th, at 7:30 p. m.

Forming Nucleus at "Niagara."

A campaign to aid the organization of a nucleus at a radiator and boiler company plant is being conducted by the branch, which after selling the Young Worker with a special story, is distributing a shop nucleus bulletin at the factory. Every individual comrade in the branch working in a shop where there are possibilities for a nucleus, will carry on personal agitation and consider himself a shop nucleus organizer.

New York Juniors Fight Religious Training

As one of the steps in the fight is against the introduction of religious training into the public schools of New York the Y. W. L. and the Junior Section have issued a leaflet to be distributed among the children in the schools.

The leaflet, which has the slogans: "AGAINST CHILD LABOR," "AGAINST ROTTEN CONDITIONS IN THE SCHOOLS," "AGAINST RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION IN THE SCHOOLS," is a four-page folder. On the front cover is a cartoon of a capitalist directing the representatives of the various religious groups to proceed against the public school. On the rear cover there is a contrast between the child of the worker, slaving away in a spinning mill, and the child of the capitalist, enjoying himself in the open air.

The leaflet points out that although religion is supposed to be a private matter, attempts are being made to have it introduced into the public schools, thus adding another subject for study. It further points out that religion is only a tool in the hands of the capitalist class to make the workers content with their present position and to keep them ignorant of the truth. It calls upon the children to join to fight against religious training, to join the Junior groups, and to fight for better conditions for the children of the working class.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

Y. W. L. Joins with Chinese Workers in N. Y. Demonstration

On April 12th, 5,000 Chinese workers of New York came together to commemorate the death of the leader of the Chinese national revolutionary movement, Sun Yat Sen. Together with the Chinese workers, the revolutionary workers of New York, under the leadership of the Workers Party and the Young Workers League, also participated in mourning for this friend of the working classes, and strengthening the ranks of the revolutionary workers.

The meeting was preceded by a demonstration which was very impressive for the number of workers who participated and for the solemnity and fervor of the ceremonies.

After the parade and demonstration, the meeting opened at the Chinese Theatre. Speakers from many organizations were present and all united in praise of the work of Sun Yat Sen.

Comrade Carlson spoke for the Workers Party and Comrade Nikaldo for the Oriental Branch of the Party. The speaker for the Young Workers League was Comrade Zam.

May 23rd Big Day for Young Workers in N. Y.

May 23rd has already been selected by the revolutionary youth of New York as a day on which to celebrate spring in a revolutionary manner. The SPRING BALL OF THE YOUTH will have many features to attract the young workers. Besides the entertainment and music in which the Young Workers League specializes, the feature of the evening will be the selection of the winner of the set of Eugene Sue's "HISTORY OF A PROLETARIAN FAMILY ACROSS THE AGES," the contest for which it at present going on among the League members.

All young workers should keep this date in mind and come to the SPRING BALL OF THE YOUTH on May 23rd, at 105 Eldridge St.

Boston Also Starts Anti-Religious Campaign

Since one of the means of Bolshevizing our League is to fight religions, the Boston C.C.C. made a decision that all members of the Y. W. L. were obliged to be in the meeting hall, April 8th, on the first night of the Jewish passover.

Although there were doubtful smiles on some of the comrades' faces, yet it proved to be one of the most successful affairs that was ever held. The hall was packed with more than 150 people, not only Y. W. L. and W. P. members, but also with a great number of young workers who were curious to see how Communists will fight religion.

After singing the International, a comrade of the Workers Party gave a short talk about religion and the working class. There were also greetings from the Workers Party in Jewish.

The English Branch of the Y. W. L. caused much laughter and enthusiasm on their presentation of caricatures ridiculing the rabbi, priest, and others of the capitalist institutions.

And late at midnight, the tune of the Red Flag was echoing thru the quiet streets.

A. B.

Salvation Army Can't Help Starving Workers

The other day the police found a 19 year old boy in the street. He had collapsed from hunger and exhaustion. At the police station, the boy told that for a while he had lived at the hotel of the Salvation Army, and from the fine foods on which he had been fed in great quantities, he had collapsed from hunger. He also told that he has been unemployed for some time, and had no means of living. He applied to the Salvation Army for aid, and from this aid had almost died of hunger.

The Salvation Army is the self-appointed helper of the poor. It spreads the news that all the money collected by it is used to help the thousands of unemployed, hungry and destitute. The generals and captains of the Salvation Army boast of the hotels which the Army possesses and of the fine treatment accorded to those who apply.

Pious people believed the pious declarations of the Salvation Army and dug down into their pockets to help fill the coffers of the pious organization. The Salvation Army in this manner collected hundreds of thousands of dollars from all classes of the population. This money was supposed to be used for the support of the needy.

The boy who applied to the Salvation Army for help, however, was not acquainted with the terminology of the Salvation Army. By needy people, they meant the needy captains, generals and other commanders of the Army who are paid to spread propaganda; for whose benefit the money is collected, and not for outsiders, whose only claim is that they are unemployed and hungry.

For the member of your union and your shop mates, send in a sub.



Young Workers' Correspondence

Superior Belt Company Sweats Young Workers; Treats Them as Slaves

I am going to report from the shop I am working for. Under what conditions young and old work.

I work for the Superior Belt Company which employs about 40 workers, one-half of whom are young workers. We work fifty hours a week, with the wages for the young workers from \$12 to \$15 a week. Straight time only is paid for overtime.

The shop is as dirty as it can be, and many young workers are getting sick from standing on the cement floor with dirt all around them. The windows are never opened because then the smoke comes in from the locomotive station.

Our lunch period is a half hour. We take out our dusty bread and then the foreman approaches and hollers at us: "Why didn't you finish the piece of work you left off." This is the way we enjoy our lunch time.

The boss comes in all the time and tries to speed up the workers. When you come into the shop there is a sign on the clock which says: "We pay for Christmas and New Years. And when it is one day before Christmas he lays you off."

Sometimes the boss wants you to work overtime. If a worker slaves till 8:30 p. m., he gets a bitter cup of coffee without sugar. One night a young worker had to go home a little earlier, the boss asked him if he had had pie and coffee. The worker answered yes and then the boss said: "Don't come back any more, I don't want you."

Here you are not allowed to wash your hands before the bell rings. When a worker needs a tool, the boss says, "Use your hands."

We are searched before we leave the shop and the workers who have been here eight years are the same to the boss. There are accidents almost

every week and the young workers punch their fingers. Last week the boss beat up a man for trying to tell the truth.

American Can Breaks Record as Slave Joint

Dear Comrades: We have all heard that a slave house is—a hell where workers, young and old of both sexes become sweated and chilled, get kicked and bawled out and get con and T. B., get their fingers cut off and bodies mangled by the wheels of the great machines, around where these so-called free American people work.

Nine Hours a Day. The American Can Company (Maywood, Ill.) can be termed such a place. The work day is nine long hours, and three-quarters of an hour for a measly lunch. The average wage for men as old as 30 and 40 years is only about \$20 to \$25 a week. That is if they don't go home sick in the middle of the day as many do, for which they get their wages docked. In the stinking paint room and printing department, where mostly boys around 16 and 17 years old work, the windows are not supposed to be opened.

Piece Work. You can imagine how strong and robust these youths grow to be in later years. Many of the boys do piece work, but if they make too much money in this manner, the bosses are sure to see to it that they are put back to straight time.

The women only get 30 cts. an hour or less than \$15 per week. Can a decent woman live on less than \$15 a week? And many people say that the workers well off in America. They should visit the Can Co.; it's a sure bet they would change their minds before long.

Much Discrimination Against Youth. Comrades, we can be sure with such discrimination against the workers

Experience of a Young Worker and Why He Joined the League

Being a member of the Y. W. L., I take this means of writing a few lines.

In the summer of 1921 I worked at the Booth Packing Co., on S. Wolf St. I worked as high as 81 hours per week. I went to work at five o'clock in the morning and wouldn't get done work until one or two at night. They paid me and all the rest of the working people only 25 cents per hour. I was obliged to work Saturday as well as all the other days until late at night. The only day for some real enjoyment was on Sunday. One day I asked the foreman to let me go home at three o'clock in the evening and he said: "If you go home at three o'clock in the evening you may sit home altogether." That day I got fired from the job and went to work in the umbrella plant of Poland, Katz and Co.

There I met a member of the Y. W. L. He began explaining to me why the workers are being exploited and invited me to attend their meetings.

I have joined the League, and since then I have learned many things about workers and bosses.

I think that if the workers of that tomato house would organize a union and work only eight hours per day and make the bosses run a night shift; it would be very much to the benefit of all the workers employed there.

LOUIS FROMAN.

that they are not going to bear it long.

I have talked to a few of my fellow workers and they are interested in the idea of organizing a League branch and to fight to better their conditions here. I will let you know in my next communication how we are progressing.

Fraternally yours, J. P.

TOILING YOUTH

By HARRY GANNES.

(Continued from last Saturday.)

John D. Rockefeller, the richest man in the world, strives hard to control as many of the educational institutions as he possibly can. He has set up a special organization for this purpose, known as the Rockefeller Foundation. A government committee reporting on this Rockefeller tool says: "The foundation is entirely outside and above the government. The power it exercises is practically unlimited. . . . The money with which the Rockefeller Foundation was created and is maintained, consists of the wages of workers in American industry. . . ."

Dr. W. J. Stillman who at one time held an important position in the United States Department of Agriculture tells how Rockefeller tried to buy him. His own words are:

"Nine years ago I was approached by an agent of Mr. Rockefeller with the statement that his object in establishing the general education board was to gain control of the educational institutions of the country so that all men employed in them might be right." (New York Globe, March 28, 1919.)

The Rockefeller plan is the plan of every capitalist in the United States. It is to their interest to control the educational institutions, (1) in order to train the kind of workers they need, and (2) to safeguard their wealth and to befoe the mind of the youth so that they will not see the class nature of society and the impossible position they hold in it.

The school books are all written with these purposes in mind. Otherwise they would not be accepted. The songs the children are taught, the games they play, have this in view. There is so much proof of all this that it would require about 50 volumes as big as the average large city telephone directory to include it all.

Yet even this is not enough, and many organizations, foremost among which is the American Legion, have been trying to scratch out even the least semblance of truth in the school books and put in the outright lies of the capitalists and their government.

Not very long ago the American Legion announced that, "Our schools must be considered as a portion of our government; they must teach no doctrines belittling that government. Any speech made in our schools or any textbook which does not believe in our government, is stabbing the schools in the back."

What are the consequences? An ignorant mass of young people who suffer all the superstitions imposed upon them by their teachers, the priest and the press. Even a British minister noticed this on a visit to the United States. Says Rev. A. H. Gray in "The Intercollegian," a college paper: "Your students are strangely docile in mind. Everywhere else in the world I find the rising generation in conscious and intense rebellion against the conventions and methods of life ad thought which dominated their fathers. . . . But young Americans are not rebelling."

This should and no doubt does make the rich exceedingly happy. It is exactly what they want.

If Rev. Gray is not proof enough, we quote two more "respectable" and "learned" men.

(1) H. G. Wells: ". . . compared with what is needed in a great modern state, he (the British youth) is pitifully, dangerously undereducated." "He is—though many Americans are loth to realize this—better educated, better informed than the average American common citizen." (Herald and Examiner, Feb. 24, 1924.)

(2) Dr. Viljalmar Stefansson, the world renown explorer, himself educated in American schools and universities: "American education is a mass of miscellaneous information, most of which is incorrect." (Herald and Examiner, Feb. 25, 1924.)

Were it to the interest of the moneyed class, the workers' children would be deprived entirely of any form of education. But we have shown why this is not entirely for the good of the owners of the wealth of society. Therefore the children are given some training, but this is held down to a minimum and is fitted to make them good factory workers. True enough, the teachers do not state as much, but the practical working out of the modern educational system in the United States assures this.

Only one-third of the children in this country graduate from the eighth grade in grammar school. "Those who leave are almost entirely the children of the worker, who, as soon as they reach working age, are thrown into the industrial life." In four towns studied by the bureau of labor statistics 75 per cent of the children quit school before reaching the seventh grade.

We pictured the life of the workers' children at home—poorly paid parents, bad home conditions, and lack of food and clothing. These poorly fed and clothed children are sent to school to absorb capitalist ideas, ruling class principles. In spite of their obvious bitter condition, the teachers have the nerve to tell these children that they have equal chance with little Willy Millionback who goes to a private tutor, dressed in velvet and lace and with a full belly.

In order not to be charged with purely "propaganda" when talking about the underfed and undernourished school children it were best to let some of the capitalists' servants speak about the matter:

Charles J. Hastings, president of the American Public Health Association: "Three million children go hungry every morning to school."

John J. Lyons, one time secretary of state of New York: "Thousands of children, physically deficient, are compelled, because of the poverty of their parents or guardians, to go breakfastless to school every day. They sit at their desks, wan and faint, until noon-day, and then, unless help comes from the outside, they again go without nourishment." Etc., etc., to a disgusting degree.

National Council of Education: "Three-fourths of our twenty-five million school children are suffering from physical defects."

Professor of physical culture, Columbia University: "Twenty-five per cent of our school children are underfed, while from 50 to 75 per cent have defective teeth."

A very small portion of the workers' children ever get to high school. Yet the United States department of interior informs us that 561 of every 1,000 boys and girls who enter high school leave before the end of the fourth year; and without question these 561 are the children of the toilers.

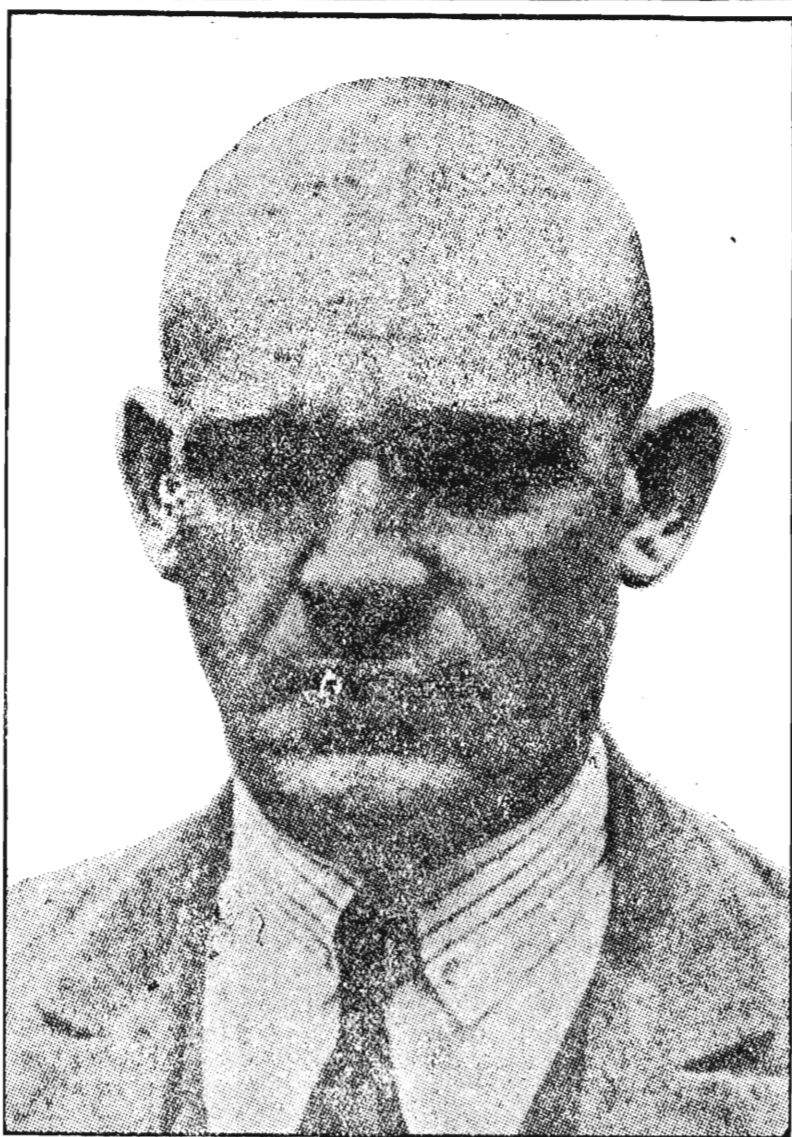
With all the opportunity for education, America has more illiterates, people who cannot read or write, than most of the modern nations. There are 4,931, 905 illiterates in the U. S., or six per cent of the population. Some states have a very high percentage, especially those of the south where child labor is predominant. There are seven states that have 15 to 25 per cent illiteracy, and three that have from 10 to 15 per cent illiteracy. This is a far higher number of illiterates than in Russia, a country that has had but six years of freedom from czaristic oppression. Of 33,250,870 children of school age, only 16,611,270 attend school, and many of these for but a few months in the year. Government figures do not bolster up the opportunity for education idea.

In an article on "Illiteracy and the School," in the March 15, 1924, issue of the "Young Worker, Martin Abern says:

"Capitalism doesn't give a snap any more about illiteracy. So long as it does not interfere with their profits, the bloated bourgeois (capitalist) marches along with calm indifference to this blotch on their pretended democracy. An illiterate worker is more difficult to organize for the purpose of bettering his conditions, or overthrowing the society which exploits him."

(To be continued)

ERNST THAELMANN Communist Candidate in the German Elections.



LEFT WING ACTIVITIES IN THE UNIONS! ARE YOU ACTIVE IN TRADE UNION WORK?

Expulsions for Carpenters.
The Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners is the second largest union in the American Federation of Labor. Many times there has grown up a rank and file protest against the corruption and strike breaking of the Hutcheson machine which dominates the union. But never was the fight against this reactionary machine so widespread as it is at the present time owing to the expulsion policy adopted by Hutcheson and his gang against all those who disagree with his policy and seek to enlighten the rank and file as to the corruption of the machine.

Hutcheson has expelled 16 members in Los Angeles; 5 in Chicago; 1 in Detroit; 1 in Pittsburgh and others are threatened.

The expulsions were resorted to in Los Angeles because the members belonged to the Trade Union Educational League. In Chicago five members were expelled because they signed a resolution, adopted by Local Union 181, protesting against the Landis Award agreement signed by Hutcheson a year ago without the endorsement of the rank and file. In Detroit, William Reynolds, president of Local 2140, and vice-president of the District Council was expelled because he was active in the election campaign of Morris Rosen, left wing candidate for president against Hutcheson.

These expulsions have met with terrific opposition from the rank and file of the union. In Detroit, every local has denounced the expulsion of Reynolds. Over a hundred local unions have endorsed a resolution against the expulsions and demanding the reinstatement of the expelled. In Detroit and Chicago mass meetings of carpenters have denounced Hutcheson for wrecking the union by expelling the best members because they do not agree with his rotten policy of cooperation with the bosses.

The solidarity of the rank and file of Carpenters' Local No. 181, Chicago, with the militant members expelled by Hutcheson has had the result of forcing that bureaucrat to retreat and allow the reinstatement of the expelled. In Detroit the carpenters have stood by Wm. Reynolds, expelled by Hutcheson, and refused to recognize his expulsion.

In the Miners' Union.
The outstanding event of this year in the labor movement with the result of the elections for international officers in the United Mine Workers of America. Only two states were presented; that of the official machine led by John L. Lewis, and the left wing

led by George Voyzey. Lewis polled over 130,000 votes while the left wing received 68,000. This vote for the left wing is the official tabulation counted by the Lewis machine. The history of the counting of ballots in the U. M. W. by the officialdom in the past leaves room for the conclusion that thousands of votes cast for the left wing found their way into the Lewis column.

This enormous vote for the left wing was secured in spite of the fact that the Lewis machine has the entire machinery of the union in its hands, and this machinery was used to great advantage in intimidating workers, stealing ballots, printing fake ballots, and every other trick so well known to fakedom, while the left wing was unable to conduct a real campaign because of poverty. The candidates were unable to tour the districts because they had to earn their living digging coal. All that they were able to do was to print some thousands of their program and have them distributed to the miners.

It was this program that the miners voted for. It calls for the nationalization of the mines, an alliance of the miners and railroad workers, 6-hour day and 5-day week, organization of the unorganized, and international solidarity of the miners of all countries to prevent international scabbing.

In opposition to this the Lewis gang can only advocate driving 200,000 miners out of the industry, break strikes of the miners when they attempt to force the operators to live up to the terms of the contract, and expel the most militant leaders such as Alex Howat and Jim McLachlan.

This great vote for the left wing program intimates that at the coming convention of the U. M. W. in January, 1925, at Indianapolis the Lewis machine will have the battle of its life on its hands. The encroachment of the open shop, the lowering of wages and worsening of conditions of work, the breaking of strikes, as the recent anthracite strike in Pennsylvania, when the miners attempted to make the operators observe the provisions of the contract—all of these things are forcing the miners to recognize the necessity of the adoption of the left wing program by the miners' union.
(To be continued in next issue.)

League and Party Celebrate May Day in Los Angeles

May Day will be celebrated in Los Angeles by the Young Workers League and Workers Party by a mass meeting and entertainment, at which Tom Lewis, new District Organizer of the Party, will be the chief speaker. The Juniors will do the entertaining on May Day, and promise a program which will equal any that they have yet given. The Young Workers League will be represented by a speaker who will talk on the significance of May Day.
Due to the many attractive features on the program, including the first appearance of Comrade Lewis in Los Angeles, our friends and sympathizers are urged to turn out one hundred per cent to this meeting, which will take place at the Cooperative Center, Brooklyn and Mott.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

EDUCATION FOR COLLABORATION IS BUREAU PLAN

A. F. of L. Fakerdom Rules Conference

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 19.—That the so-called "workers' educational" movement is becoming a systematized effort of corrupting the minds of the workers with the poison of class collaboration is seen clearly in view of the actions taken by the fourth conference of the "Workers' education bureau" which opened here Friday at the newest and finest hotel.

A School For Class Collaboration.
All the speeches of politicians, professors and A. F. of L. labor fakery are in harmony with the surroundings of the conference. Class collaboration in one form or another is the keynote of every speech. This illustrates the truth of the statement made by Earl R. Browder of the Workers (Communist) Party, in his pamphlet exposure on "class collaboration" which says:

"In the so-called workers' education movement, is the combination of a keen, middle class intellectualism with the old-time bureaucracy of the trade unions. . . . the official center of the movement is the Workers' Education Bureau."

Real Workers' School Barred Out.
The delegation from the proletarian "Workers' School" of New York, consisting of Oliver Carlson, Juliet Poyntz and William Weinstein, were not seated by the conference and the school's application for affiliation to the Workers' Education Bureau was rejected.

All signs point toward the American Federation of Labor taking over complete control of the Workers' Educational Bureau and the ousting of even such mild progressives as Maurer, Cohen and Brophy from leadership. The leading fakery of the A. F. of L. reactionary bureaucracy are on the job, including Matthew Wolf, Perkins and Frey. These fakery are at the head of the most important committees.

Left Wing Timid and Weak.
The left wing among the conference delegates tried to put up a fight, but it is not unified and is weak by nature.

William Green, president of the A. F. of L. spoke at the conference Saturday, saying in part: "There is every indication that the organizations of labor are entering upon a new era, one in which education is going to play a greater part." The part that it is to play, however, is covertly stated by the bureau's technical director, Spencer Miller, who said, "The power of labor consists in its power to serve, and not to dominate." In other words, the "historic mission" of the working class is to work. And for a master as a servant.

Professor Shotwell, author of the infamous Geneva protocol, is also one of the speakers.

200 German Soldiers Killed
LONDON, England, April 20.—Two hundred soldiers of the German reichswehr died in the recent accident in the river Wehr, information reaching military authorities here today showed. The German authorities reported seventy soldiers killed. They were drowned while conducting war maneuvers.



Tasks of the Communist Movement.

LESSON No. VIII.

A bourgeois woman who had been in Russia, and who was much impressed with what she has seen there, made the remark that the revolution there would be all right if it weren't for the Communists. This is like saying, "Oh yes, the building is wonderful, but we have no use for the architect," or "The engineering project would be marvelous if it weren't for the engineers." For the Communists are the engineers and the organizers of the revolution. Without them it is unthinkable. The Communist Party is composed of the best, the most class conscious, most active and brave of the working class. It is the organizing and directing body, not above the working class, but heart and soul of the working class, permeating its every group, representing its general and permanent needs, and embodying within itself the principles and revolutionary will to action of the proletariat.

It is the task of the Communists, young and old, bound together in the Communist International and Young Communist International, to lead the working class to the Communist society. In order to succeed in the great task the Communist Party must have the following aims:

1. It must bring under its influence the majority of workers, including the young workers.
2. It must win over the trade unions and all other worker and co-operative societies.
3. The Socialists must be discredited and their influence and that of the labor fakery destroyed.
4. The workers in the towns and country must be brought under Communist influence.
5. It must fight militarism and war.
6. Soviet Russia must be supported as one of the strongest weapons of the working class.
7. Finally in a revolutionary situation, it must increase the activity of the masses against the capitalist state thru strikes, demonstrations, and direct struggles, at the same time organizing them in workers' and soldiers' councils.

We can only be successful in these aims if we engage in the daily struggles of the workers. Communists must join with the other workers in their everyday fights with the bosses, against the labor fakery and for better conditions. At the same time the workers must be led to see beyond the immediate tasks of the great struggle for power. Lenin, the greatest of all the leaders of the working class, became the leader that he was because he engaged in the petty struggles of the workers for better conditions, keeping always in mind, how-

ever, the final goal. A Communist can only fulfill his duty if he gains the confidence and trust of the workers by his honesty and his unwavering loyalty to the working class.

Finally, in order that the whole movement may work together effectively for the common cause, there must be rigid international discipline. Local and temporary interest must be subordinated to the general interests of the working class. All decisions and resolutions of higher bodies must be carried out to the letter. Only a disciplined and centralized movement can achieve the revolution. To break discipline, even though one thinks the decisions are wrong, is to sabotage and delay the conquest of power by the working class. Let us all march together as determined, disciplined soldiers in the march toward the New World.

Biography.
Program of the Communist International.

These and Statutes of the Communist International.

Questions.
Who make up the membership of Communist Parties?
Why must we have Communist Parties?

What are the main tasks of the Communist Party?
What must be the Communist Party's position with regard to trade unions, co-operatives, yellow Socialists, labor fakery, farmers, militarism, war?

Why must all workers support Soviet Russia?
What is the specific task of the Communist Party during a revolutionary crisis?

Why must the Communist take part in the every day struggle of the workers?

Why must we have International organization and discipline?

When Young Negroes Become Class Conscious Bosses Start Organizing

Now that some of the young Negro workers of Chicago are showing signs of becoming class conscious and are clamoring for organization, capitalists are making great plans for organizing the Negro youth into their clubs.

The Scouts have added an additional colored executive to their staff for a special campaign. A large part of the Julius Rosenwald contribution to the Y. M. C. A. is to be used for organizing boys' clubs, and the Boys' Club Federation is also making elaborate plans for new groups.

Chicago! Attention! Everybody!

All Young Workers League and Workers Party members, all readers of the YOUNG WORKER and their friends are invited to the first Youth Spring Ball which will be held on Saturday, April 18, 1925, at the WORKERS' LYCEUM, 2733 Hirsch Blvd. Good music. Dancing till 1 a. m. American-Russian dances. Doors open 8 p. m. Tickets 35c. Auspices Local Jewish Propaganda Committee J. Weiss, Secretary

<p>Work Among Women.</p> <p>One of the most interesting and attractive of the recent publications received from Russia . . .</p> <p>Giving a brief report on every phase of activity among women of the world's first workers' government.</p> <p>Generously illustrated with photographs.</p> <p>78 Pages. 35 CENTS.</p>	<p>The World's Trade Union Movement.</p> <p>By A. Losovsky.</p> <p>Written by the secretary of the Red International of Labor Unions, it is a splendid guide to an understanding of the development of the world trade union movement and its history leading to the establishment of the Red International of Labor Unions.</p> <p>125 Pages. 50 CENTS.</p>
<p>The Second Year of the Workers (Communist) Party.</p> <p>The report of the Central Executive Committee to the Third National Convention held in Chicago Dec. 30-31, 1923 and Jan. 1-2, 1924, with theses, program and resolutions.</p> <p>Reporting a year of progress and a landmark in the development of our party.</p> <p>127 Pages—50 CENTS.</p>	<p>The Fifth Congress of the Communist International.</p> <p>An abridged report of the meetings of the leading world Communist body held at Moscow June 17 to July 8, 1924.</p> <p>Giving the substance of the proceedings and as much as possible of the speeches delivered in their original form.</p> <p>294 Pages—70 CENTS.</p>

— A FULL DESCRIPTIVE CAT ALOG SENT ON REQUEST —

The Deportation Menace! Fight it!

ALIEN AND NATURALIZED Workers faced with New Attack. Under existing Laws, the Government is Increasing its Actions Against Militant Workers and Communists. Vajtauer, Severino, Halonen, Schedel, Lassen, etc.—new cases in the last months—now comes the arrest on deportation warrant of Comrade Zinich, editor of the South Slavic Communist paper.

A new drive against the militant and revolutionary foreign-born workers is on—Otherwise why are the bosses pushing the New Deportation Bill thru Congress?

All Workers, Native and Alien, Are Menaced and Must Stand Together! Funds for Defense in the Zinich and Other Cases Are Needed. Send Your Contribution to

LABOR DEFENSE COUNCIL, 19 So. Lincoln Street, Chicago, Ill.
Or to the local Labor Defense Council branch in your city and say it is for THE FIGHT AGAINST THE DEPORTATION MENACE.

YOUNG WORKER
An Organ of the Militant Young Workers of America
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Are Soldiers Workers?

"ARE soldiers workers?" is a question that might well puzzle anyone when reading of a forty-year sentence for a soldier because he belonged to a political organization of the working class.

Any soldier could answer this question in the affirmative and could show that besides objections to being used as cannon-fodder in times of war, the soldiers in the U. S. army have plenty of things to kick about every day they are in the service. The pay of a regular army private is far below the life line. Getting less than \$20 a month, the only additional benefit that he receives is a measly three meals a day. The government often boasts of how cheaply it can furnish these three meals and no private will deny that they are furnished cheaply.

Outside of his meals almost everything is deducted from his pay. The government store manages to get good prices for everything and to cut the soldiers' pay down considerably during the month.

In other words, even aside from the unpleasant outlook of being used for cannon-fodder, any soldier has plenty of kick coming on his service conditions every day that he is in uniform, and since during peace time the soldiers are called upon to do much heavy work and are kept busy for long hours, it seems natural that they should have just as many reasons for organizing economically and politically as the other workers.

But since the U. S. army is the armed force which upholds the present system of exploitation and is an institution supposed to be at all times ready to preserve and extend U. S. imperialism; the bosses' government, the most ruthless of all employers, takes no chances that the soldiers in the army may organize. The function of the army, both in crushing strikes and fighting wars calls for iron discipline and obedience to the master class.

It is for this reason that such severe measures will be taken against any soldiers showing themselves to be class conscious.

But because of the rotten service conditions, because of the use of soldiers to break strikes, and most of all because of the use of soldiers in wars; the bosses will find it impossible to prevent the soldiers in the army from becoming class conscious, and in the end will not be able to prevent their fighting side-by-side with the rest of their class against the exploiters. Even sentences of 40 years in Hawaii or executions in time of war, will not be able to prevent this.

Destroy Race Prejudices on the Job

THRU our shop nuclei activities and thru our Negro campaign, the Young Workers League has learned that the best place to erase the race line is in the shop, on the job.

It is as a result of his entrance into industry out of the slave-traditioned south, that the young Negro is beginning to revolt against that discrimination which the northern bosses have carried over from the slave south.

And it is in industry, where the young Negro, working side by side with a white young worker can see little excuse for race lines and racial discrimination when he is performing the same work, that the Young Workers League will find it easiest to destroy these race lines and to overcome the prejudices instilled in both white and black workers by the ruling class.

The shop nucleus, also, will be the easiest form of organization into which we can attract young Negroes. Suspicious by experience of all organization on account of the many fake organizations built among them by the master class and because of the practice of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy in keeping them outside the trade unions, the young Negroes might be slow to understand what the Young Workers League is and how it can assist them on a first visit to a residential branch. But when asked to organize into a shop nucleus of the Young Workers League in the shop they will be less suspicious, for they can clearly see what interests they have in common with the young white workers on the job, and once they have joined the nucleus and the prejudices and suspicions on both sides have been broken down, the ground will be cleared for such revolutionary education as will make them class conscious fighters with the rest of the working class youth against the capitalist system of exploitation and wars.

"One of the chief evils which will be left to us by the old capitalist society, is the complete contradiction of book knowledge and living practice. . . . Without work and without struggle, the knowledge obtained from books is worth nothing. . . . You (the Young Communists) can only learn Communism, if each step in your education and training is bound up with the progressive struggle of the proletariat and the working masses against the old exploiting society. . . . Each step in your education and training must be bound up with this struggle, must be subordinated to it."—LENIN.

The Franc and Militarism

At all times while the finances of France were floundering, the Government has been going ahead full blast with its huge military program. Immediately after the war, under the Poincare regime, while the workers were bearing the burden of France's debts, and the already wealthy profiteers were getting wealthier and wealthier, the huge expenditures for the army, the navy and the air service continued unabated.

When the so-called radical era under Herriot was introduced and with it the reign of Wall Street over France was further strengthened, expenditures for the military were far from being reduced and were on the other hand greatly increased. Appropriations for almost every field of service were greatly increased under Herriot, while of course the conditions of the young workers in France have been growing worse and worse. Rorriot, Young Communist member of the Chamber of Deputies has been carrying on a strenuous campaign against militarism while a deputy. Previously he was arrested for carrying on activity within the army, but was released when elected a Deputy.

Comrade Doriot has been quick to contrast the economic conditions of the Young French workers with the huge military expenditures of the French government. He one said in the Chamber of Deputies: "A government spending four billion francs a year for military preparations could at least give two million francs for the investigation of the working conditions of the French working class youth."

Today when French finances are collapsing, and the inflation of the Franc will be used as an excuse to lower the wages of the French workers and to make them colonial slaves along with their German brothers, under the extended Dawes plan, the Young Communists will point out to the young French workers that while the bosses are using every excuse to slash their wages, they are at the same time spending more and more in preparations for war.

Negroes in American Industry

UPON the white workers rests the responsibility for bringing the Negro workers into the class struggle. When the white workers rid themselves of their ruling class-inspired prejudices, when they see the Negro worker not as an enemy but as an ally, when they realize and acknowledge in tones that can be heard by the Negro workers (and by the capitalists who profit from and foment division of the races), that the Negro workers are necessary for the victory in both the daily struggle and the final victory over capitalism, the task of organizing the Negro workers will be found to be not so difficult after all.

In every union the left wing must carry on a constant and fearless struggle against every manifestation of racial prejudice. The militants must be prepared to challenge the trade union bureaucracy on this issue just as they have on the general question of policy and tactics of the labor movement and as always the Communists must take the lead.

The work among the Negroes in industry must parallel the work done in the unions of white workers, but for some time it will be of a more elementary character and can only progress as the Negro workers can be shown by concrete instances that the American labor movement wants them as equals and because they are workers.

WILLIAM T. DUNNE, in the Workers Monthly.

Are You in Good Standing?

THE Red Star Merit Stamps are off the press. They picture a Soviet star with the words: "I got a Young Worker Sub—Y. W. L." Have you got one?

To have a RED STAR MERIT STAMP in your membership card means that you are a member of the Young Workers League in good standing. It means that you have at least partially fulfilled one of your most important tasks: the spreading of the YOUNG WORKER. It means that you have either done your bit by subscribing for and reading your own paper, or else you have started another young worker on the road to Communism by getting his subscription for our paper.

If your membership card does not contain a RED STAR MERIT STAMP you are not a member of the Y. W. L. in good standing. It means you have not done one of your most elemental of Communist duties. You have not done your bit for the YOUNG WORKER. You have not accomplished even the small task of getting the message of our movement into the hands of one or more young workers.

To be a Communist, you must be a worker for Communism. To work for Communism you must win the young workers around you in the shop, on the street, in the union, wherever you go, for our League. THE RED STAR MERIT STAMP shows that you have done this first, and important, bit of work for Communism. Earn your stamp by getting a sub today!

The Young Negroes in America

H. V. Phillips



During this period of unrest when the great world empires are looking with greedy eyes for sources of supply for their oil and raw material and markets for their manufactured products, we find much nationalist and patriotic propaganda being spread among the youth by the big capitalists

who are "Fordizing" their mills and factories and have been able to displace with the older tradesmen. For it is the young workers in the mills, mines and factories who will be called upon to protest this vast wealth they have produced but by no means own. No Equality for Young Negroes.

In the United States where the children are taught that all are equal and that opportunities are afforded all in equal measure to become whatever they please, most of them take it for granted that equality is guaranteed by the constitution and that therefore it must be a fact, little thinking that the Negro has no equality, regardless of what the constitution may say. The Young Workers League is the one youth movement that has sharply defined class lines that exist between the capitalists and the workers—the one employing labor for profit, the other laboring to live.

After the War.

Thousands of young Negroes, brought by the world war from the agricultural south into the industrial north, find themselves confronted with a two-phase problem. First, the race problem that has brought them a new race consciousness which is constantly growing; then the class problem that is as yet dim and vague to them. The traditions of the United States

make the young Negro clannish, looking upon the race as a whole, thus making it easy for the preacher, the petty-businessman and other Negro parasites to play upon him.

The Young Workers League as a true Communist organization has taken the leadership to erase the race line drawn both by parasite Negroes and capitalists who live upon the backs of the workers. The Young Workers League will show the young Negroes the class line that must be drawn to break completely with the ideology of the present system—to teach the young Negro to use the new ideas, aspirations of the working class—as a weapon with which to bombard the slave ideas of the past.

Destroy Prejudices on Both Sides.

The Young Workers League recognizes only class divisions and besides agitating among the Negro youth in order to make them understand their class position, it is at the same time carrying on an energetic campaign among the white workers to break down the prejudices that have been inculcated in them by the master class and its institutions.

Realizing that a close, direct and continuous contact with the masses is the first prerequisite for a mass organization of the young, the Young Workers League awaits with interest the

coming American Negro Labor Congress, knowing that the young Negroes must take the lead in setting up concrete demands and a working program for carrying on the struggle on the economic field. The Young Workers League will agitate among the young Negroes to win them and train them for the struggle. For only with the abolition of the entire capitalist system of exploitation can the Negro achieve complete freedom.

The Economic Status of the Young Negro in America Today

By PAUL KLINE.

Approximately half of the Negro youth labor in the United States is employed in agricultural work in the South. Working from dawn till sunset, in the cotton and beet fields, poorly clothed, underfed and savagely overworked, the mortality among these young Negroes is terrific. These young Negroes constitute the real American peasant youth, and present a fruitful field for the extension of our rural work. With the rapid invasion of manufacture and industry into the south, large numbers of Negro peasant youth are being drawn off the farms and plantations and concentrated in the cities. Our task of the immediate future is to extend our propaganda and influence to these young Negro workers of the southern cities, creating connections and a basis for operations among the masses of the Negro peasant youth.

However, the main activities of our League must be concentrated upon the young Negroes of the north, especially in those important industrial centers where they are heavily employed. Of the 1,700,000 Negroes living in the north, 1,170,000, or 70 per cent live in 10 industrial centers; they are distributed as follows:

Indianapolis district.....	51,000
Detroit-Toledo district.....	55,000
Cleveland district.....	58,000
Kansas City district.....	68,300
Pittsburgh district.....	88,270
Columbus-Cincinnati district.....	89,700
St. Louis district.....	102,800
Chicago district.....	140,000
Philadelphia district.....	242,340
New York district.....	251,400

From the above table it can be seen that our League is geographically well situated to work among the masses of young Negroes in the north. We have League units in nearly every one of the districts above specified, and the forthcoming year will see them in every one.

According to occupation, the Negro workers who are gainfully employed are divided as follows:

Agriculture.....	2,800,000
Domestic or personal serv.....	1,065,000
Ice.....	1,065,000
Manufacturing and mercantile industries.....	890,000
Trade and transportation.....	463,000
Mining work.....	75,000

The fact that over a million Negroes are employed in domestic and personal service is significant. It is a reflection of the socially and economically inferior position which the Negro occupies under capitalism. It carries with it the stigma of racial inferiority. There is absolutely no form of organization in these occupations, although the work is both arduous and odious, and the wages are extremely low. Exact figures are not available, but it is certain that the majority of these domestic workers are of an eligible age to join the League. There is also a large and important strata of semi-domestic help which is employed in hotels, theaters, restaurants, railroad stations, and other public places. A great deal of agitation and work is required among these young workers.

However, the young Negro workers in the last three classifications, manufacturing, trade and transportation and mining, are the most important. Here we have a large section (approximately 450,000) of young industrial workers, who are employed in basic industries, who are totally unorganized, and who are discriminated against on two counts—youth and color. In factories and shops where the cheapest labor is required, there we find the young Negro boys and girls employed. Although doing the same work as the young white workers, they are commonly paid less. The employer uses every means to sow distrust between the black and white young workers, and to prevent united resistance and action. It is this suspicion and antagonism which the League must first dispel if it is to rally the young Negro and white workers for a common struggle against the boss.

London Says Defeat of Miners' Wage Bill Means a Rebellion

LONDON, England, April 20. — The defeat of the miners' minimum wage bill by the combined reactionary parties is termed by F. B. Varley, a moderate, "a direct incentive to revolutionary action." The bill, which was rejected 208 to 143, would have guaranteed a minimum wage of from 10 to 12 shillings a day—about three pounds (\$14.34) a week. The miners awaited the fate of this bill before mobilizing their economic power to obtain a living wage. The rejection, according to Secy. A. J. Cook, Miners' Federation, will throw the miners back on their own industrial strength.

Comrade Gyptner's Report to C.I.

(Continued from page 1)

large factories and about 30-40 per cent in medium factories, while the remainder work in small factories. We therefore thought that we would require various forms of organization, but experience has taught us differently. We endeavored to attack the members not working in factories to the existent factory nuclei. In this manner they support the agitation and propaganda of the comrades working in the factories. Thus in Germany we have cases of a factory nucleus with 10 15 members working in a factory, and with 15-20 attached members. When the factory nuclei have grown sufficiently strong, the dissolution of the residential organizations is then possible, so that in the locality only the nucleus organizations remain. An important lesson we have learned is that the reorganization at once under all circumstances must be linked up with a very energetic campaign for the recruiting of new members. This experience has been gathered by two Leagues in particular: the French and the Italian, both of which have increased their membership many times. In his report, Comrade Geschke mentioned the example of our Berlin organization, which lost 30-40 per cent of its members in the reorganization. This example must however, not be brought as an argument against the reorganization, for our Berlin comrades of the youth stipulate altogether too short a time (6 weeks) for the termination of the reorganization. The work in the other districts proves that the policy of the League was correct. In America also, in Chicago, where

the formation of nuclei was prepared sufficiently, we lost members. This, however, is due to quite another reason. The former organization contained elements which did not desire to do work in the factory. In my opinion, in this case it is no loss to lose such members, when one is enabled to gain hundreds of other members working in the factories.

What do we do with the members who are all alone in a factory? We consider even these individual members as small factory nuclei, for they are always able to gain one or two members in the factory. We have examples of this in Italy and England. The opinion often prevails that the reorganization is only a regrouping of the old members. That is not correct, for we would then not need to create any new form of organization. Another lesson we have learned in the reorganization is that the work of the League also requires to be reorganized. We now proceed with the publication of factory nucleus papers in order to gain influence among the masses; we hold factory meetings and conferences of the young workers. Our relation with the working youth thus grows more and more intimate and our influence upon them increases. Formerly, we carried on economic work journalistically, abstractly, without approaching the masses directly. Today we pick out the most important industries and carry out industrial campaigns. We are also paying a great deal of attention to rural agitation. Our nuclei go out into the rural district either as units or in special propaganda groups, not only to agi-

tate, but to establish village nuclei there and to maintain permanent contact with them. We have obtained especially good results in the political influencing and education of young workers. Here the factory nuclei newspapers, the establishment of libraries, and the increase of the sale of books in the factories deserve special mention. In our reorganization, we have learned that, if the reorganization of the youth on the basis of factory nuclei is to be successful, it is absolutely necessary that our parties also carry out this reorganization. In the present terroristic campaign of the employers, the factory nuclei of the youth succumb to defeat much sooner than if they had the moral support of the nuclei of the Party.

As for the fractions, youth sections of the trade unions and of the sport organizations are most important for us, and also the national revolutionary organizations, with which we have made very good progress, especially in the Balkans. We consider the fraction work also a method and form of reorganizing all the work of the Leagues. In the fractions we have learned that their work is often hindered to a great degree by the Party. As for the 'functionaries' meetings this is no special question, but one which must be solved together with reorganization.

We therefore understand by reorganization only the concrete development to a real mass organization both in numbers and influence, which will enable us to work even under illegal conditions.

The Young Communist League of Poland

By B. K. GEBERT.

THE Young Communist League of Poland is an illegal organization, just as the Communist Party and even many militant trade unions under the present reign of white terror.

Nevertheless, in the last few months the League has greatly enlarged its ranks and what is of even greater importance, has extended its influence greatly in the big industrial centers. At the same time the Communist Youth have been successfully reaching the youth in the villages and have organized nuclei in the army.

Completely Reorganized.

IN accordance with the decisions of the Fourth World Congress of the Young Communist International, the League reorganized on a shop nucleus basis even before December 31, 1924, the date set by the Y. C. I. The reorganization of the League successfully liquidated the former loose groups and now the League is firmly grounded on the basis of the shops and in the army.

In spite of terrible persecutions, the Young Communists are carrying on a strong fight for shorter hours, higher pay, etc., thru their nuclei. There has been no let-up in activities. In strikes, the youth are the most energetic and active elements.

Defense of Comrade Lanzutsky.

IN the defense of Comrade Lanzutsky, in the great strike in Lodz, the center of the textile industries and in the Dombrowa basin coal mine strikes, the youth played a leading part.

The Young Polish Communists carry on their fight under the worst conditions imaginable. On one side is the government repression and on the other stand the Socialist traitors. The Socialists do not permit the organization of youth factions in the trade unions.

Socialists Fight Against Youth.

IN those unions where such sections exist, the socialist traitors try to destroy their economic character. Here are a few examples of how this is done:

In the army metal work shops the apprenticeship period was increased

to four years. The Young Communists fought against this action both in the shops and in the unions. The yellow socialists gave their full support to the government. As a result there is great danger that other factories will do the same in the near future.

In the unemployment situation the youth played a prominent part, fighting for maintenance of the unemployed youth and for free government trade schools for the unemployed young workers.

Lead Demonstrations.

RECENTLY the Young Communists successfully protested against the attempt to murder Comrade Lanzutsky and also conducted a successful Lenin-Liebkecht Week. These successful demonstrations were arranged when the youth, working underground, were subject to at least two years in jail at hard labor for participating in the affairs. Not only did the youth participate actively in the general demonstrations but they organized themselves separate Youth demonstrations and separate Youth sections in the general demonstrations. In many legal organizations and in the shops the Young Communists successfully organized mass meetings.

Raising the Red Flag.

THE Young Communists succeeded in placing red flags on many buildings, factories, chimneys and army barracks. This was done in spite of the organization by the government of an army of spies and special police. The banners and flags put up, bearing slogans for the release of political prisoners were flying for days and were of real inspiration to the workers. After this the whole capitalist press especially attacked the Young Communists, showing that they recognized the Youth as the leader of the class war against the Polish bourgeoisie.

Many Comrades Arrested.

AS a result of this activity of the Young Communists about 100 were arrested. But arrests and persecutions accompanied with beatings, did not stop the work of the Young Communists for a moment. As the arrests and persecution of the Com-

munist Youth continues, the young workers and peasants more and more look to the Young Communists as their leaders against landlords and capitalists and greater number join the ranks of the Young Communist League.

Capitalist Courts Busy.

THE capitalist courts are also always on the job when young Communists are involved, and young Communists have been sentenced in great numbers to six years in prison at hard labor, and sometimes even greater sentences have been dealt out to the young workers.

In the Lemburg courts much dissatisfaction has been expressed that the constitution prevents giving death sentences to those under 20 years of age. It happened that a certain comrade brought before the court was 19 years and 359 days old, so that they were forced to give him only 10 years of hard labor. This was for bringing Communist literature to the city.

Lead in Villages.

IN the villages the influence of the Young Communists is growing every day. They have their best organization in the Dombrowa Basin, Western White Russia and Western Ukraine. The youth also carried on a strenuous fight also for national and economic liberation of the White Russians and Ukrainians. Among these it has great support.

The Young Communists in Poland every day become more and more Leninists and more and more capable of carrying on the struggle. This is what the Young Communist League is doing in Poland. There are millions of young workers in America and thousands of young Polish workers in this country who should join the Young Workers League of America, which is carrying on the fight against capitalism in the United States. If our comrades in Poland sacrifice so much for the liberation of the working class youth from the yoke of capitalism, what are you going to do? Your condition is getting worse and worse every day. Stand under the banner of Communism and fight for your freedom; work for the Workers Revolution—for the Workers' and Farmers' Government in this country.