

RYKOFF GIVES OPTIMISTIC REPORT TO COMMUNIST PARTY CONFERENCE ON DEVELOPMENT OF SOVIET INDUSTRY

(Special Cable to The DAILY WORKER.)
 MOSCOW, Oct. 28.—An optimistic picture of Soviet industry was painted by Alexis Rykoff, chairman of the All-Soviet Council of Commissioners, rendering a report on the economic condition of Soviet Russia before the Communist Party conference. The industries of the Soviet Union made a profit of 500,000,000 roubles (\$250,000,000) during the fiscal year just closed, Rykoff declared. The report of Rykoff may have a direct bearing on discussions regarding recognition of the Soviet Union by the United States. If this question is brought up in the party conference, in the light of the optimistic report it is not anticipated that those who favor concessions to secure the recognition of the United States will make a great deal of headway.

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The DAILY WORKER Raises the Standard for a Workers' and Farmers' Government

THE DAILY WORKER

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NO RIGHT TO STRIKE IN AMERICA!

Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

TOO much perfume spoiled the marital relations of the Countess Cowley, formerly an American actress. Perhaps the count rubbed it on thick, as a counter move against halitosis, and perhaps if he forgot his pride sufficiently to make a clean mouth of it to the countess he might not be as he is today. On the other hand, a witness stated that the countess' gentleman friend followed a bottle of whiskey as the little lamb used to follow Mary. All in all, the doings of the British aristocracy have not lost anything in pungency with the passing of centuries.

MUCH excitement and indignation reigned in the house of commons when a labor member charged that drinking facilities in the house were so perfect that honorable members could not resist the temptation to overindulge. Honorable members of all parties were excited and a unanimous vote whitewashed the august assembly. Still none dared "call" the accuser, for the very good reason that he was speaking the truth.

PERHAPS the house of commons is the only place in Great Britain where hootlegging is indulged in. The liquor laws compel establishments that engage in the sale of spirituous beverages to close between the hours of 7 p. m. and 5 or 5:30 p. m., depending on the district. But in the house of commons an honorable member can have his little nip in a coffee cup during the prohibited hours and nobody seemed to care until this particular member got excited over it. How a teetotaler managed to get elected to the British parliament is one of the mysteries of modern times!

DONALD DAY, the Chicago Tribune's chief liar on the continent of Europe, had machine guns turned on the delegates to the Russian Communist Party conference in some Moscow theater. Julius Wood, the reliable Chicago Daily News reporter, sends a different story. The conference is several times more orderly than any capitalist convention held in the United States and Wood is able to send a story of the congress as he sees it. The Tribune man is in Riga digging in the counter-revolutionary rat holes for his misinformation. Anybody who reads the Chicago Tribune (Continued on page 2.)

DENOUNCE ULTRA-LEFT TENDENCIES AS OBSTACLE TO CONTACT WITH THE LEFTWARD MOVING MASSES OF LABOR

By JOHN PEPPER
 (Special Cablegram to The DAILY WORKER.)
 MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Oct. 28.—In the discussion following Nicolai Bukharin's report, in which Manuilsky, Losovsky and Pepper took part, emphasis was laid upon the full agreement with the reporters' fundamental propositions. Manuilsky pointed out that the main task of the Comintern was the struggle to destroy the pacifist illusions. Pepper, analyzing the ultra-left currents that have arisen within the labor movement since the existence of the Comintern, pointed out that the present (Continued on page 2.)

COOLIDGE MAY LOSE HIS GRIP ON U. S. SENATE

Booze and Slush Are Main Issues

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
 WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 28.—As the day on which the great American voter casts his ballot for his representatives, if he is a capitalist, and for his misrepresentatives if he is a worker, approaches, there is considerable difference of opinion whether Coolidge will have a safe majority in the senate for the remaining two years of his term. The original issues that differentiated democrats from republicans are fast disappearing so that in this election campaign we find a perfect mulligan with large chunks of democracy in the elephant's stall and equally large chunks of republicanism sustaining the jackass. Little has been heard of the tariff in this campaign, except that the republicans have rendered lip service to their old standby. Party lines are down more than ever and outside of the solid south it is a wise democrat or republican that can tell his own emblem. In the south the chronic parties die, but they never surrender their political views. They haven't any. The Spiritual Revival/ But for the liquor issue the present campaign would be as dead as a bar (Continued on page 2.)

HAPGOOD MAKES HOT REPLY TO JOHN L. LEWIS

Never Received Letter Lewis Stole

(Federated Press)
 GALLITZIN, Pa., Oct. 28.—In a statement issued here and sent to the press, Powers Hapgood, member of Local Union 1056, United Mine Workers of America, candidate for delegate to the American Federation of Labor, replies to the statements made by President Lewis at the A. F. of L. convention during the course of which he read a letter from Albert Coyle, editor of the Locomotive Engineers' Journal to Hapgood. Hapgood's statement cites the fact that he never received such a letter and raises the question of how Lewis secured possession of it. He also deals with the problems of the United Mine Workers' Union and offers to debate any official or member of the union on the questions at issue in the present election campaign in the union. The letter follows: Gallitzin, Pa., Oct. 20, 1926. To the Officers and Members of District 2, United Mine Workers of America. Dear Brothers: During the past two weeks the capitalist newspapers have been printing long articles pertaining to an alleged "Red Plot" to capture the United Mine Workers of America and the American trade union movement in general. Inasmuch as my name has figured somewhat in this publicity on account of a letter addressed to me which was published in full in certain papers and referred to in others and because this has caused good friends of mine to be severely criticized, I take this opportunity to answer the various charges made against us and to explain the whole situation. In the first place, the letter which has been the cause of all this publicity has never reached me. The first I knew of its existence was when it was made public by President Lewis in Detroit and then I saw it published in full in the New York Times. I do not know whether President Lewis got this letter by theft, or by getting someone else to steal it, or whether he just found it, but I am told that he has openly boasted at Detroit that he has the original copy of this letter which I have never seen and he has made no attempt to turn it over to me. Issues in the Union. As far as the contents of this letter are concerned, I have nothing to hide. The only harm that can come of having it made public is when President Lewis and the editors of capitalist owned papers talk about certain phrases of it and purposely give an untruthful impression of it. This letter was written to me by Albert Coyle, the editor of the Locomotive Engineers' Journal, because we are personal friends, and, as personal friends usually do, we have always talked frankly about things in which we are interested. His interests are not just confined to the Engineers' Journal but cover a wide range, in the co-operative, labor party, and trade union movements, and he was in no way (Continued on page 5.)

BEN. JIM WATSON PROVEN MEMBER KU KLUX KLAN

Hoosier Is Hooked Up With Imperial Office

BULLETIN.
 (Special to The Daily Worker)
 FEDERAL BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 28.—Sponsored by the ku klux klan for the vice-presidential nomination in 1924 and hailed as its potential candidate for the presidency in 1928, Senator James E. Watson, republican of Indiana, was identified this afternoon as a sworn member of the secret Imperial Council of the Invisible Empire in a new sensation developing at the slush fund inquiry into Indiana's senatorial campaign. This testimony was given Senator James A. Reed, democrat of Missouri, by Wm. M. Rogers, of Indianapolis, who declared Watson had shown him a card of membership in the klan's highest and most secretive organization. Rogers swore he, too, was a member of the Imperial Council and that Watson's card matched his own. This came in the fact of Watson's recent denial of membership in the klan, but Rogers explained that this imperial order of the masters' organization was maintained solely for important political personages who desired that their klan membership should be kept secret.

FEDERAL BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 28.—A new story of a political deal by which the ku klux klan of Indiana endorsed Senator James E. Watson, republican of Indiana, for the vice-presidency in 1924 because the Hoosier senator had aided the klan to seat Senator Earle B. Mayfield, democrat of Texas, was told today by George Meyers, former klan organizer, before Senator James A. Reed, democrat of Missouri, at the resumption of the slush fund inquiry into the Indiana senatorial campaign. Deeper Into the Mine. Sweeping Watson deeper than ever into the political machinations of the klan, Meyers said leaders of the hood. (Continued on page 2.)

American Labor Will Not Surrender Strike Weapon

THE text of the supreme court decision in the Dorchy case shows that the American labor movement has not won the right to strike. It gives the courts, or such other bodies as may be set up from time to time, the power to determine what strikes are justified and what strikes are criminal offenses. The far-reaching effects of this decision upon the whole labor movement may be gathered from one of its paragraphs which states: The right to carry on a business—be it called liberty or property—has value. To interfere with this right without just cause is unlawful. The fact that the injury was inflicted by a strike is sometimes a justification. But a strike may be illegal because of its purpose, however orderly the manner in which it is conducted. The question of violence on the part of the strikers does not enter into the matter, says Judge Brandeis, the pet of the liberal elements, who wrote the decision. This is, of course, of great value to the enemies of labor who hitherto, have generally based their case against strikes and strikers upon alleged acts of violence for which some form of proof had to be submitted. The capitalists of America have forged a new weapon with which to strike at labor. The right to strike becomes now a matter of "justification" and the capitalist courts are empowered to determine this question. It is interesting and instructive to note that the workers who made the fight against the Kansas Industrial Court—Alex Howat and August Dorchy—were expelled from the United Mine Workers' Union by President John L. Lewis because he, too, claimed that the strike was "illegal." President Lewis finds himself in complete agreement with the supreme court and the enemies of labor, whose instrument it is. What must the answer of the labor movement be to the threat to its elementary rights contained in the Dorchy decision? It must state in uncompromising terms that it will not recognize such a decision and will not obey any legislation enacted or any special bodies set up to carry out this decision. The American trade union movement and the whole workingclass must recognize that an attempt is being made to wrest the strike weapon from its grasp and determine resolutely to keep it, use it and broaden its purposes to include such political objectives as the nullification of the Dorchy decision.

INDICTMENTS CHARGING MURDER MADE AGAINST FRISCO UNIONISTS

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The grand jury early today returned indictments charging murder against eight men, including Archibald Mooney, vice-president and Pacific coast organizer of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, and Paul Clifford, business agent of Local No. 483, Carpenters' Union. The indictments were the outgrowth of the death of Campbell, scab carpenter. The carpenters' strike in San Francisco has been a long drawn out struggle with the strikers standing firm against armies of scabs and strikebreakers imported by the builders' association.

U. S. SUPREME COURT HITS AT LABOR UNIONS

Industrial Court Law of Kansas Upheld

By LAURENCE TODD
 (Federated Press)
 WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Labor in America has no right to strike, says the federal supreme court. Neither the common law nor the fourteenth amendment to the constitution confers such a right upon the workers. Therefore the courts of Kansas had a right to punish August Dorchy, vice-president of District 14, United Mine Workers of America, for calling an illegal strike against the George H. Mackie Fuel Co.

"Liberal" Judges Join Reaction. Decision to this effect was made by the federal supreme court Oct. 25, Justice Brandeis reading the opinion. Inasmuch as Brandeis and Holmes are the two members of the court who most often take the side of the workers, this opinion has created much surprise.

As set forth by Brandeis in his opinion, the Dorchy case was this: Alex. Howat and Dorchy, as district president and vice-president respectively, acting under authority of their executive board, called a strike on Feb. 3, 1921, at the Mackie mine in order to force the company to pay to a union member, formerly employed there, the sum of \$180 which he claimed to be due him in increased rate of pay. The wage scale at the mine required an increase of \$1.35 a day after a miner passed the age of 19. This man, Mishmash by name, claimed the higher rate by producing evidence of his age, while the company offered conflicting evidence that he was a year younger than he stated.

Industrial Court Forbids Strike. The state industrial court forbade the union to call a strike for collection of the disputed claim. After the strike took place the claim was paid and the union officers were prosecuted and convicted of calling an illegal strike.

Orderly Strikes Illegal. "The right to carry on business—be it called liberty or property—has value," says Brandeis. "To interfere with this right without just cause is unlawful. The fact that the injury was inflicted by a strike is sometimes a justification. But a strike may be illegal because of its purpose, however orderly the manner in which it is conducted." To collect a stale claim due to a fellow member of the union who was formerly employed in the business is not a permissible purpose. In the absence of a valid agreement to the contrary, each party to a disputed claim may insist that it be determined only by a court. To enforce payment by a strike is certainly coercion. Strikes Are Crimes. "The legislature may make such action punishable criminally as extortion or otherwise. And it may subject to punishment him who uses the power or influence incident to his office in a union to order the strike." The walkout in this case was ordered only after the district executive board of the union announced that the Mishmash claim has been approved by the joint board of miners and operators, and that the company had refused to pay. Brandeis states that there was no evidence that the claim had been submitted to arbitration or that any contract existed under which it could be so settled. It was two years old when the strike occurred.

A Threat Against All Unions. By its latest action the federal supreme court has given a shock to American Federation of Labor officials who believed that the Kansas Industrial Court law was dead. The decision in the Dorchy case not only fixes a fine and imprisonment upon the coal miners' leader but it revives the industrial court as a threat to the right of the workers to withhold their labor power.

Stop Deportation of Sormenti!

The arrest of Enean Sormenti, secretary of the Anti-Fascist Alliance of North America, for deportation to Italy brings sharply into the foreground again an issue of tremendous and growing importance—the right of asylum for political refugees from the White Terror governments of Europe.

Turning its back on the traditional policy of America, the Coolidge administration has been following a systematic policy of rounding up Italian workers who have fled to America from the bloody Mussolini regime and instituting deportation proceedings against them. Acting in partnership with the representatives of the Fascist government, and on information furnished by them, the Department of Justice has been arresting the active workers in the Anti-Fascist movement amongst the Italian population in America. The American partners of Mussolini hope to deal a death blow to this powerful movement by delivering Comrade Sormenti up to the vengeance of the Italian murder regime.

This is an ordinary case of deportation. The deportation of an antagonist of Fascism to Mussolini's Italy means a deliberate sentence to death.

International Labor Defense declares full solidarity with Sormenti and the other figures against Fascism in America, and summons all class conscious workers to the fight to preserve for them the right of asylum in America. The issues involved in this case are a matter of particularly great concern to organized labor. The dictatorship of Mussolini has destroyed the organized workers' movement of Italy by violence and murder. The deportation of those who have escaped from Italy to carry on the struggle against Fascism abroad and to expose it before the world, is a direct blow against the right of labor organizations in every country.

The organized workers of America must demand that the Coolidge government shall halt these deportation plans and cease to act as the bloodhound of Mussolini. Legal and moral support for Sormenti and his co-workers is support for the elementary rights and principles of the labor movement and should be put on the agenda of all workers' meetings. Legal support reinforced by the most wide-spread agitation in this case is a pressing duty of the labor movement.

Stop the deportation of Sormenti!
 Defend the right of asylum for political refugees!
 INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE
 James P. Cannon, Secretary.

MEMORIES OF HOME!



QUIZ EXPOSES KLAN DEAL TO ELECT WATSON

Hoosier Senator Goes Deeper Into Soup

(Continued from page 1)

ed organization had ordered the endorsement of the Indiana senator because "the Klan was under an obligation to him."

To Consult Wizard

Another amazing story of Klan activities was told by James V. Boelen, former Klan secretary of the state of Indiana, who declared a delegation of Klansmen took the mayors of Indianapolis and Evansville to Washington to get the approval of Imperial Wizard Hiram W. Evans on local appointments.

The same trip also was described by Meyers, who said the Klansmen met in the office of Senator Watson while in Washington.

Boelen told of a second visit to Washington by Indiana Klan leaders for the purpose of ousting Walter F. Bossert as grand dragon because the latter "would not go down the line for Watson."

TWO SHOWINGS OF PASSAIC STRIKE PICTURE TONIGHT

Coming to Chicago after many showings in eastern cities, the film story of the Passaic textile strike will be shown at Ashland Auditorium, Ashland and Van Buren Sts., tonight.

The film will be in the city but one day. There will be two showings this evening, one at 7 p. m. and the other at 9 p. m.

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1)
for authentic foreign news should have his head examined.

THERE was a free tag day in Chicago yesterday. Girls nautically dressed were giving away navy-day tags free. Admirals, rear-admirals (so-called because they are usually to be found sitting in swivel chairs), boasted of the strength of the navy before rotary clubs and chambers of commerce.

AND William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor did his bit to help the big navy popularization plan of the American imperialists. The keel of a new cruiser was laid in honor of "Teddy" Roosevelt yesterday, the anniversary of "terrible Teddy's" birthday.

THERE are some people, well-intentioned liberals, who believe that the officials of the A. F. of L. formulate national and international policies independently of any consideration of the policies of the government which is the executive committee of the American capitalist class as a whole.

WALL STREET was out for hegemony over South America and the function of the A. F. of L. was to act as an auxiliary to Wall Street.

NOW that our state department is trying to organize a Latin-American bloc against American imperialism, all those signs are worthy of serious consideration.

Fight Obstacles to Contact With Masses - Moving to Leftward

(Continued from page 1)
day ultra-left is unlike the left of 1921 who, as pointedly put by Lenin, were distinguished by their revolutionary impatience.

Losovsky stressed the huge part played by America in the breakdown of European capitalism, remarking upon the role played by Germany as America's agent.

To ensure the stabilization of socialism in the U. S. S. R. he pointed out, it is first of all necessary to ensure the stabilization of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

After Bukharin's concluding speech, emphasizing the importance of carrying on a struggle against bourgeois pacifism, the necessity of carrying on work within the trade unions, and the concentration of energy in the struggle against trust capital, the conference unanimously, with no abstaining votes, passed a resolution approving the principles of the policy of the delegation of the All-Union Communist Party and its work within the Communist International.

The Conference also adopted an address in reply to yesterday's address of greeting from the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Germany wherein the conference pointed out that the defeatist ideology that has appeared and taken shape among separate groups of Communists is but a small passing episode in the victorious development of the Communist International.

In all probability Smith will be elected, but it is not at all likely that he will be seated. But his machine will not lose. Small can appoint another member of the gang to take Smith's place, or he can resign the governorship and take the seat for himself.

Canadian Plutes Bow to Royalty As More Protests Mar Journey

MONTREAL, Que., Oct. 28.—Much the same pomp attended Queen Marie's reception in Montreal that has been accorded her in other cities of America, marred, however, by Prince Nicholas' thoughtlessness in becoming preoccupied with the railroad yards to such an extent as to miss an important function at which he was to have been presented with a gold-headed cane.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 28.—The Ukrainian community of Manitoba has lodged a vigorous protest with the provincial government against official preparations going forward to welcome Queen Marie to Winnipeg.

Last Hike of Season for N. Y. Young Worker

The last hike of the season worked by the Young Workers' League will take place Sunday, October 31, at 10 o'clock sharp. All will meet at 108 East 17th street and from there will go to Palham Bay Park.

COOLIDGE MAY LOSE HIS GRIP ON U. S. SENATE

Booze and Slush Are Main Issues

(Continued from page 1)

THE present congressional campaign has again revealed many outstanding officials of labor as being old party politicians—first, and secondly, or not at all, concerned with the actual problems of the working class.

"Republicanism and Prosperity" is the slogan of the republicans, but the democrats are equally positive that the goddess of plenty is at least as much at home with a democratic administration as with a republican one.

The republicans have been hit hard by the slush fund investigations. Illinois and Pennsylvania are outstanding political cesspools in the matter of slush funds.

In all probability Frank L. Smith will be elected in Illinois, the entirely surrounded by slush, and is a dry supported by wets.

Two Insult Pats. George E. Brennan, an Insull pet, will most likely pull the vote in the industrial sections.

Lost by The Wayside. Parley Parker Christanson's candidacy on some sort of progressive platform has apparently fallen by the wayside.

In New York, the contest between Al Smith and Ogden Mills for governor holds the center of the stage.

In the field that Coolidge issued an appeal in his behalf. Butler is as reactionary a candidate as ever stood on the senate floor.

In Pennsylvania Vare is almost certain to be elected but almost certain not to be seated.

The workingclass banner in this state is carried by the Workers (Communist) Party, which has a state ticket in the field.

The only workingclass ticket in the field in Pennsylvania are the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party. The workers of the greatest industrial state in the country will

Officials of Labor Show Their First Concern Is with Old Party Politics

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

THE present congressional campaign has again revealed many outstanding officials of labor as being old party politicians—first, and secondly, or not at all, concerned with the actual problems of the working class.

Under the tutelage of Samuel Gompers, the A. F. of L. always trailed the donkey in its political aspirations.

Under the tutelage of Samuel Gompers, the A. F. of L. always trailed the donkey in its political aspirations. The democratic middle class politicians were willing to listen to Gompers at greater length than the politicians of great capitalism in the republican national conventions.

But the railroad brotherhoods offer in place of Pomerene, none other than the republican, Senator Frank B. Willis, candidate for reelection, who is attacked by the A. F. of L. officials.

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CHICAGO LABOR TO HONOR DEBS' MEMORY OCT. 30

I. L. D. Holds Memorials Thruout Country

(Continued from page 1)

Wide interest is being aroused among the workers of Chicago, who hailed Debs scores of years ago after the great Pullman strike, and who have cheered him at dozens of meetings, in the Debs memorial meeting which will be held at the Temple Hall, Marshfield and Van Buren, on Saturday, October 30, 1926, at 8 p. m., to pay tribute to the departed labor fighter and revolutionary.

At this meeting the role of Eugene V. Debs in the American labor movement, his work in shaping its course and destiny and traditions will be spoken of by the speakers who were his friends and who worked with him in the labor movement when Eugene Debs was at the height of his powers.

James P. Cannon, secretary of International Labor Defense, on the national committee of which Debs served since the inception of the organization, will be the main speaker.

Admission to this meeting will be free, and it is intended to start off the I. L. D. "Debs Enrollment Campaign" of organization at this meeting.

BOSTON, Oct. 28.—The militant workers of Boston will gather to pay tribute to the rebel life of Eugene V. Debs, Nov. 4, at 8 o'clock in Tremont Temple, Lorimer Hall. The meeting is being held under the auspices of International Labor Defense and will be addressed by James P. Cannon, secretary of the I. L. D., who is touring the east in a series of meetings arranged for the memory of Eugene Debs.

DETROIT, Oct. 28.—The Armory, at Brush and Larned streets, one of the largest assembly halls in the city, will be the scene of an impressive Debs memorial meeting arranged by International Labor Defense, James P. Cannon, secretary of the I. L. D.; Frank Martel, president of the Detroit Federation of Labor; Dennis Batt, editor of the Detroit Labor News, will speak on the life and work of Debs under the chairmanship of Maurice Sugar, the noted labor attorney. The meeting takes place Sunday, October 31, at 8 p. m.

DETROIT DETROIT

DEBS

MEMORIAL MEETING

at the

ARMORY

Brush and Larned Streets

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1926, at 8 P. M.

WITH

JAMES P. CANNON
Secretary, International Labor Defense

FRANK MARTEL
President, Detroit Federation of Labor

DENNIS BATT
Editor, The Detroit Labor News

MAURICE SUGAR, Chairman

Auspices: INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE

TONIGHT—SEE—IN CHICAGO

A Stirring, Thrilling, Thought-Provoking Movie of the Long Battle of the Exploited Textile Workers for a Living Wage and a Union

Tonight

FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1926

Two Performances beginning with 7 and 9 P. M., at the

ASHLAND BOULEVARD AUDITORIUM—Van Buren & Ashland

ADMISSION 50 CENTS

Canadian Plutes Bow to Royalty As More Protests Mar Journey

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Halloween Ball Will Be Given in Buffalo

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 28.—A great Halloween ball is to be held by the Workers' Party local, Buffalo, in Cairo Hall, Teck Theater building, on Saturday, October 30, at 8 p. m.

Non-Partisans Join Dema.

"Mr. Oldfield has told you," the letter continued, "how closely I have been identified with the democratic organization and its work in Washington. If re-elected, I look to continue that as the most effective protest against the party policies of the republican party. I shall be glad to co-operate in every possible way in the election of anti-republican candidates to congress, who espouse progressive principles, regardless of the technical label under which they run. It is principles that matter."

Carries Labor Banner.

The workingclass banner in this state is carried by the Workers (Communist) Party, which has a state ticket in the field.

KELLOGG SENDS SECRET THREAT TO NICARAGUANS

Ignores Treaty to Aid Dictator Chamorro

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Secretary of State Kellogg refuses as yet to make public the instructions he sent to Corinto, Nicaragua, to the American minister, who has tried to mediate between the Chamorro military dictatorship and the rebel liberal forces, who demand that Vice-President Sacasa be returned to power in accordance with the decision at the last election in the republic.

Reports from Corinto are that Kellogg warned the liberals that they must not receive further shipments of arms from Mexico. The liberals broke up the parley, saying that without supplies of war materials they could not restore constitutional government.

Ignore Treaty Obligations. Kellogg and President Coolidge are caught between their solemn treaty obligations to refuse recognition to the Chamorro regime—because it is based on a military seizure of power—and their anxiety lest the liberals shall co-operate with Mexico in extending the moral leadership of radical Mexico to the southward.

If Chamorro carries out his scheme of appointing Adolfo Diaz, former dictator, to the presidential office, the liberals and the Mexican adherents of their cause will fight on.

Restore Constitution With Guns. Kellogg cannot fairly refuse recognition of Sacasa's government if it is finally established, because it is the restoration of a constitutional authority which was recognized by the United States before Chamorro's coup.

Belgium "Stabilizes" Coin by Borrowing a Sum of \$150,000,000

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The Belgian franc disappeared from the list of foreign exchange quotations today, and in its place appeared the new form of Belgian currency used exclusively in foreign trade—the belga. This is in accordance with the new stabilization plan, made possible thru the sale in the international markets of \$100,000,000 of new thirty-year 7 per cent. Belgian government bonds, of which \$50,000,000 is offered in America today at 94.

The Belgian franc, to be used hereafter only in Belgian domestic trade, has been stabilized at 174.3 to the British pound and 26 to the American dollar. This is equivalent to 2.75 cents for the franc, or about one-seventh of its pre-war value.

The new belga, quoted for the first time today at 13.88 cents for demand and 13.90 cents for cables, is equal in value to five paper francs, and with a definite gold equivalent of .209211 gram. Belgium's money, which has been subject to wide fluctuation since the German invasion of the country in 1914, now has the support of the leading banks in Europe and America, making it for the first time in twelve years a proper medium for the transaction of international trade.

GERMAN COMMUNISTS IN REICHSTAG REOPEN CASE OF MONARCHIST PROPERTY

BERLIN, Germany, Oct. 28.—The Communists, who stubbornly fought the Hohenzollern property settlement bill in the Prussian diet, have presented a motion that the bill should be referred back to the diet for reconsideration. They take the ground that it had been debated on incomplete and faulty information.

MUSSOLINI NOT TO CHANGE THE ITALIAN SENATE

300 Fascists to Rule the Chamber of Deputies

ROME, Oct. 28.—Facing opposition by the big industrialists and royalists to the scheme proposed by his aid, Rossoni, to abolish the present Italian senate and create a new one by appointing selected members of fascist labor unions and employers' organizations, Mussolini has decided to leave the senate as it is for the present and carry out the idea principally in the lower house—the chamber of deputies.

By this plan 300 members of the chamber of deputies will be chosen from among fascist labor leaders and employers' corporations. The rest of the deputies, below 50 per cent, would, under the dictator's scheme, be elected on a ballot with two lists, the fascist party and the opposition, with the usual terrorism of any who dared run on or vote for the opposition.

Rossoni, a renegade anarcho-syndicalist, is now secretary of corporations, the office binding fascist labor unions to the employers. His plan was not approved by the industrialists and Mussolini because it was felt that inexperienced men could not take over the senate. Mussolini aims to appoint selected ones to the senate after they have shown themselves strongly fascist in the chamber.

Berlin Coal Famine Shows German Unions as Strike Breakers

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—Berlin is threatened with a coal shortage due to the British miners' strike. Because of the large coal shipments to England the great reserves dumped in the Ruhr are entirely gone.

Shipments to Berlin do not exceed the daily demand, and as the mine owners are using heavy rail shipments to the harbors for exports to hold their new markets, there is a car shortage for Berlin shipments.

To relieve the shortage, plans are being made to buy from Poland large quantities of Upper Silesian surplus coal.

The coal famine exposes the falsity of the claims made by the reformist Amsterdam International Federation of Trade Unions that little coal was going from Germany to England and that German unions were not, therefore, helping to break the British strike.

International Review

Italy's Play for Syria and Syria's Revolt

THE furious pace at which Italian imperialism is developing is again indicated by the report, reliably given in the Journal de Geneve, a paper close to the league of nations' affairs, that the approaching conversations of the French foreign minister, Briand, with Mussolini will take up the question of transferring the mandate over Syria, given to France in 1920, to Italy. In return Italy is to renounce all claims to Morocco and Tunis, the north African reserve of French imperialism.

Whether or not Italy secures the mandate over Syria, it is certain that the Italian-inspired demand of Spain for Tangiers has thrown France into a frenzy of fear at the prospect of a loss of position in the Mediterranean and a strengthened rival in north Africa. The tremendous reserve of man power for its army—which is now the largest in Europe, if not in the world—that is afforded by the 35,000,000 inhabitants of French colonies in north Africa, who gave 750,000 colored troops to France in the world war and who compose an ever greater proportion of its armed troops, is not a light matter for France. And, in addition, there is the wealth of mineral resources, especially in Morocco, to be considered.

It would not, therefore, be improbable that France would think of handing Syria to Italy in return for other assurances. This is all the more possible when the continued development of the revolutionary movement in Syria is held in mind. French policies in Syria have been anything but successful. The rebellion of the Djebel Druzes is by no means liquidated. The former high-commissioner, M. de Jouvenel, has been recalled and another French colonial dictator, M. Ponsot, put in his place. And still the rebels continue to harass the French quite successfully.

In the regions of Aleppo, Baalbeck and Djebel Druze, the French have suffered sharp defeats, and the hospitals of Damas and Liban are filled with the wounded. Near Baalbeck, Tewfik Bey Haidar, reported dead by official French communiques, has reappeared at the head of the insurgents. It is reported further that in the battle of Aere, in Djebel Druze, a number of Moroccan soldiers in the troops commanded by Colonel Kalah, went over to the rebels and presented a united front with them against French imperialism.

Still further, a congress was recently held in El-Azrav which elected a national government. All the rebel groups pledged themselves to a single leadership and the army is being reorganized, trained, improved and augmented daily under the able direction of Raschid Back Falik, who led the insurgents at Aere. Raschid Back Falik, the commanding general of the national army, is a former governor of Aleppo.

ITALY is quite anxious to secure control over Syria for a number of reasons. The absence of grains, cereals, potatoes and other necessities, the substantial import of which has resulted in a passive trade balance for Italy, can be largely overcome by Syria, which produces these necessities in great quantities. Italy also desires a country where it can dump emigrants. It wants, furthermore, the heightening of its prestige in the Mediterranean. It wants a base in Asia Minor for a possible onslaught against Turkey. And in securing Syria it will, paradoxically, get greater support from Great Britain in its imperialist adventures by further threatening Great Britain's domination of the Mediterranean and the route to China and Asia; Syria faces the British base, Cyprus Island, on the east, as the Italian dominated Dodecanese Islands face it on the west.

—Max Shachtman.

Worker Correspondence

1000 WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13 1927

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND FIRST CLASS IN WORKER CORRESPONDENCE, TONIGHT

Chicago workers who want to do some intensive study in the technique of worker correspondence should not fail to attend the first meeting of the Worker Correspondence Class, Friday night, Oct. 29, in the editorial offices of THE DAILY WORKER, third floor, 1113 West Washington Boulevard, at 8 o'clock.

The class is open to all workers anxious to receive instruction on preparing shop news for the labor press. Take Up All Phases.

All phases of worker correspondence will be developed, including journalism technique, news gathering methods, objective of the labor press, English grammar, shop papers, wall papers, and living newspapers.

The class will be under the general direction of J. Louis Engdahl, editor of THE DAILY WORKER. He will be assisted by Harry Kietzky, who supervises the Worker Correspondence section THE DAILY WORKER. Lectures will be given by members of the editorial staff of THE DAILY WORKER, including William F. Dunna, T. J. O'Flaherty, Harrison George and Thurber Lewis. Jay Lovestone, M. A. Stolar and Nancy Markoff are scheduled to give talks from time to time.

Meet Each Week. The classes will meet each week on Friday nights. Students are promised a full year of interesting discussion and study, as in the class they will be dealing with one of the most vital factors of the labor movement—the labor press and labor publicity.

Practical experience in editing will be given as the students will edit, as well as write for THE AMERICAN WORKER Correspondent, the publication of the worker writers of THE DAILY WORKER. COME FRIDAY NIGHT READY FOR WORK.

THREE PRIZES OFFERED WORKING CLASS WRITERS FOR BEST NEWS STORIES

Three splendid books will be given as prizes to the workers who send in the best worker correspondent stories between now and Nov. 3.

The first prize will be an intensely interesting and important book by Friedrich Engels, "The Peasant War in Germany." This is just off the press and is a classic in its first American publication. Who will be the worker correspondent to get this fine book?

The second prize will be that famous collection of vivid Red Cartoons. There are over seventy cartoons by seventeen leading proletarian artists.

For the third prize, the board-bound edition of the famous Russell-Nearing Debate has been selected. Bertrand Russell is known as an "intellectual giant" of England, and Scott Nearing has one of the keenest minds in America. It is a book worth having.

The prizes will be awarded Thursday, Nov. 3. Send in that story now that you have been thinking about. It may win a prize—and, anyway, your fellow workers want to read it!

PROGRESSIVES IN DISTRICT NINE WORRY J. LEWIS

Golden Tries to Stop Brennan Meeting

(By Worker Correspondent)

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Oct. 28.—The Lewis machine in this locality is worried over the progress made by the propaganda of the progressives who are supporting the national ticket in the United Mine Workers of America behind the candidacy of John Brophy, William Brennan and William Stevenson.

Golden with Lewis.

This region is known as District 9 of the U. M. W. of A., of which Christ Golden is president. We decided to hold a meeting on October 23 in order to give the miners an opportunity to hear representatives of the opposition to John L. Lewis present their program. William J. Brennan, of Scranton, candidate for secretary-treasurer, was scheduled to appear, in addition to a speaker in the Polish language.

When news of the meeting reached the district office President Golden notified the superintendent of schools that the use of the school hall should be denied the progressives. The superintendent, being a political hack, obeyed Golden's instructions and the meeting could not be held on that day.

The Meeting Was Held.

But on the following day the meeting was held in another part of the town and in a public school. Brennan spoke and so did a Polish speaker. The speakers presented the program of the progressive ticket, the high spots of which are the organization of the unorganized, the nationalization of the mining industry, solidarity between the bituminous and anthracite miners, a labor party and the restoration to membership in the union of all those who were expelled illegally by the bureaucracy.

The miners present at the meeting received the speech with enthusiasm and promised to work hard until election day to carry this message to every member of the union in this district.

To Distribute Papers.

We are actively working to distribute the "Coal Miner," national organ of the progressives, which we expect here this week, and the Polish weekly, "Trybuna Robotnicza," which is rendering valuable service to the progressive cause. Under the slogan, "Save the Union," the progressives here aim to line up this section 100 per cent behind the Brophy ticket.

Denver Dedicates New Lyceum Building With Daily Worker Banquet

(By a Worker Correspondent)

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 28.—Members of the Workers (Communist) Party, Young Workers League, their friends and families attended a banquet on Sunday evening, October 24, in the banquet hall of the newly erected Labor Lyceum.

A number of the comrades present made speeches urging everyone to do all in their power to help THE DAILY WORKER in its present financial difficulty.

Wm. Dietrich, candidate for governor on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, was the toastmaster.

Comrade L. Tuechmann, president of the Labor Lyceum Association, made a stirring plea in Yiddish, urging all the Jewish comrades to come to the rescue of THE DAILY WORKER even though they are continually supporting THE Daily Freiheit.

Members of the Young Workers League were of great service in serving the banqueters.

The banquet was started by the audience singing "The International." At the conclusion of the banquet a number of Jewish and Russian comrades sang Russian songs until a late hour.

The net proceeds which will amount to about \$60.00 will be sent to the national office immediately. One-fourth will go to THE Young Worker and the other three-fourths will go to THE DAILY WORKER.

The suffering public does not want to go to the Salvation Army and this is just why the law forces this act, because they hold that the indigent citizen will resort to any measure to try to "carry on" rather than go to any other place that they have in their Salvation Army "house," hotel or any line of fakes.

Bank President a Suicide.

TOLEDO, Ia., Oct. 28.—The doors of the First National Bank here have been closed pending receipt of instructions from the federal banking department, following the suicide of William A. Dexter, president of the institution. The decision to close the bank was made by directors.

The best way—subscribe today.

Nov. 6

SPECIAL 12 PAGE ISSUE



ON Saturday November 6, a special 12 page issue will be issued on the Ninth Anniversary of the Russian Revolution. The regular news section will contain six pages—the Magazine Supplement will be enlarged to 12 pages.

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Supplement of THE DAILY WORKER.

will contain articles

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by WILLIAM Z. FOSTER SCHACHNO EPSTEIN (Editor Jewish Daily Freiheit) V. F. CALVERTON SOSNOVSKY MAX BEDACHT and a feature by a Russian economic expert.

Two Letters—A Story—by M. J. Olgin

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WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting state WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier.

TONIGHT.

8:00 p. m.—Chicago Federation of Labor, talks and bulletins.
8:30—The Brevort Concert Trio: Vella Cook, Gerald Croissant, Little Joe Warner, Clarence Sullivan, Will Rossiter.
9:00—Alamo Cafe Dance Orchestra.
11:00—Alamo Entertainers.

