

GREEN PRAISES MILITARY TRAINING AS HE AND THE A. F. OF L. COUNCIL ARE RECEIVED BY OFFICERS AT PLATTSBURG

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 23.—President William Green of the American Federation of Labor, accompanied by prominent members of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L., was the guest of Maj. General Summerall on a visit of inspection at the Citizens' Military Training Camp at Plattsburg on invitation of Dwight F. Davis, secretary of war.

After a review of the 1,600 young men being trained in regular army style, President Green mounted a platform and spoke to the student soldiers:

"Speaking for myself and for my associates, the members of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, I can scarcely hope to convey in words the very deep impression made by this brief visit. We have been much interested in the great movement represented here at Plattsburg. I think I can truthfully say there has been a wrong impression prevailing in some quarters as to the work, training, purposes and objectives of the military training camps. I think the American Federation of Labor, thru

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Current Events

By THOMAS J. O'FLAHERTY

THE latest Chicago murder, or, to be exact, the latest outstanding murder has produced the usual crop of idiotic predictions from the police department, which seems to be quite incapable of anything in the line of crime prevention or detection. It appears that the police, in every part of the country display either efficiency or real only when called on to break strikes or in other ways help the employers suppress the workers.

Another Chicago gangster bit the dust. He was engaged in the alcohol racket. It is also reported that he was originally imported from Italy to play the role of professional killer for one of the city's most notorious murder gangs. However, as we have this information only on police authority it can be taken for what it is worth. In all probability the slain man who went under the rather romantic pseudonym of "Cavallero," was an underworld gangster who made his living in a profession that depends on the gun for results.

RIVAL gangsters got him, and he is no more. The police, in their abnormal thirst for publicity, talk incessantly and arrest innocent people, who are immediately charged with the murder, only to be almost immediately released. The state's attorney, when he deigns to notice such an incident, babbles about "a perfect hanging case," and the farce goes on. Mayor Dever appears before a chamber of commerce audience and boasts that he has dried up the city. In the same issue of the newspapers that carry the mayor's boast there is a story of one of the mayor's policemen caught, sleeves rolled up, in the act of rolling barrels of real beer onto a truck in a brewery yard.

CORRUPTION, graft and hypocrisy. Nobody believes anything a police official or a capitalist politician says nowadays, except morons. This type we admit is not rare. Police arrest unoffending citizens who walk along the street, bent on no unlawful mission. Workers returning to their homes in humble raiment are held up by police squads, armed with revolvers, machine guns and tear bombs, and threatened with instant death if they move an eyelid. The real criminals escape because the police dare not get fresh with them.

ORDERLY workers standing on a street corner are jumped on by police in civilian clothes and insolently told to move. Naturally they resent such interference by strangers who may be ordinary hoodlums for all anybody can tell. Their toughish appearance does not allay this suspicion. Without taking the trouble to reveal their identity the police beat the workers savagely and take them to a cell, where additional punishment

R. R. Detective Who Killed Herrin Man Held to Grand Jury

(Special to The Daily Worker) HERRIN, Ill., Aug. 23. — J. F. Jones of Beardstown, special agent for the C. B. & Q. railroad was today held for the action of the grand jury following a verdict of a coroner's jury last night that Clarence Ingram came to his death at the hands of Jones.

One of the chief witnesses at the inquest was Leo Campbell, companion of Ingram, who was wounded in the shooting which resulted in Jones' death. Jones admitted shooting Ingram after the two Herrin boys had broken into two box cars containing merchandise in the Burlington yards.

WHAT IS THE C. M. T. C.?

The second of a series on American Militarism running every day in THE DAILY WORKER will be found on page 8.

MEXICO CLERGY FOR PEACE; ASK PAPAL SANCTION

Vatican Urges War to Knife Against Calles

Have Access To Courts. MEXICO CITY, Aug. 23. — Rumors that the episcopate is divided over its attitude towards the religious decrees were partially confirmed today when the bishops held a meeting to frame a message to Pope Pius XI, with a view to securing papal consent for a modification of the policy hitherto followed by the episcopate in its struggle with the government over its promulgation of the latest decrees on religion. Pope is intransigent.

The pope continues to urge the Mexican hierarchy to continue the fight against the Calles administration to the bitter end. A section of the clergy is said to favor this course while another section desires to conform to the law, which calls for the registration of priests.

The Mexican press today almost unanimously predicts that religious services in the Roman catholic churches will be resumed, and that the religious struggle between the episcopate and the government will be terminated as a result of the conference between President Calles and the two prelates, Archbishop Ruiz and Bishop Diaz. Calles Was Frank.

Bishop Diaz, acting as spokesman for the prelates in a conversation with an American correspondent, said the optimism of the newspapers was only partly justified, in view of what transpired at the conference. He said that President Calles spoke with the utmost frankness himself, and invited the prelates to do likewise. As a result of this frank exchange of views, Bishop Diaz said, each side to the controversy had gained a better understanding of the other party's position. The discussion lasted for more than an hour, during which all phases of the dispute were examined. The president and the prelates agreed that the episcopate should present at least one, and possibly more, legislative projects to the federal congress when it convenes for its regular session; also that the episcopate should have free access to the courts for a ruling on the constitutionality of the government's religious regulations. President Calles did not ask for, and the prelates did not offer a renewal of religious services in the churches in the immediate future.

Pope Against Surrender. ROME, Aug. 23. — "The holy see will not permit the catholic episcopate of Mexico to take any action which could be construed as a recognition of the Calles religious laws," declared Monsignor Borgonini of the vatican hancery today, when questioned concerning the attitude of the Pope towards reports that the cult might be renewed in Mexico, as the result of a compromise.

70 Men For One Job. DENVER, Col., Aug. 23. — More than seventy old men, cripples, ex-soldiers, some young, many with pinched and depressed faces, came to 2136 15th Street this morning, in pursuit of a job on a poultry farm at \$40.00 a month, advertised in the Denver Post yesterday.

William Green Picks Elihu Root to Settle Union Labor Affairs

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23.—Following his visit to Plattsburg, William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor has announced that Elihu Root, former secretary of state and one of the old guard, hard-boiled republican party leaders of well-known open shop policies, has accepted Green's request to act as one of the three arbitrators in the jurisdictional dispute between the Plasterers' union and the Bricklayers' union.

The other two members will be named by the head of the two unions involved. The tribunal was provided for in the Atlantic City convention of the A. F. of L. last year. Both unions will hold their conventions before the arbitrators pass on the dispute. Green praises Root's "eagerness to help."

SECOND WORKERS' DELEGATION FROM GERMANY NOW IN MOSCOW

(By Inprecor Telegraph Agency) MOSCOW, August 23.—The second German workers' delegation arrived in Moscow August 4. The delegation was received enthusiastically by representatives of the trade unions and by numerous deputations of the Moscow workers who filled the station and the surrounding streets. Morning papers bring articles written in German expressing pleasure at the arrival of the German workers and pointing out that the German proletariat has shown by sending this second delegation to the Soviet Union, that it is continuing to consolidate the unity of the trade union movement and that it rejects the advice of the social-democratic leaders. The delegates Koerber, Ulmann and Gertrud Rausch declared in speeches of thanks for their reception that what they had so far seen in the Soviet Union had given them the impression that the toiling masses of the Soviet Union were really capable not merely of retaining power in the state but also of completing the workers' socialist reconstruction.

MEXICO MAY ASK U. S. TO SEND BACK EXILED REBEL, DE LA HUERTA



DE LA HUERTA Claiming that while he was provisional president of Mexico he misappropriated government funds, the Mexican government is expected to ask the United States to extradite him. He is now living in Los Angeles. He led a revolt against Obregon in 1924 in which he openly represented the interests of the church and other reactionary forces after having been hailed for years as a genuine revolutionist.

CREDENTIALS POURING IN FOR I. L. D. MEETING

Thousands of Workers to Be Represented

Credentials announcing the election of delegates to the second annual conference of International Labor Defense in Chicago on September 5 and 6 are pouring in to the national office from cores of working class organizations, labor unions, and sections of I. L. D. From Chicago, the following unions and labor organizations have already selected delegates and forwarded their credentials:

Credential Forwarding. International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union joint board, two delegates, locals 100 and 5 are to send one each, and local 181 of the same union sending two. Boiler Makers' Union No. 626, one; Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 1367 is sending two; the Omladina Gymnastic and Dramatic Society is sending one, as are the Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Society No. 66, the Touristen-Verein "Natur-Freunde" of Chicago, and the Lake View Lodge No. 124 Ladies Auxiliary of the International Association of Machinists. Thousands of workers are represented by these organizations and it is known that many unions have already elected delegates and the credentials are on their way.

Will Send Delegates. Besides these, the organizations already affiliated with Local Chicago, I. L. D. will send delegates. These include forty-five branches of the I. L. D. locally, with some 1800 members who will send some 55 delegates. In addition, the following will send representatives:

International Association of Machinists, Lodges No. 237 and 290 with two apiece and No. 84 with one; Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, Local 39 with two; Painters' Local No. 275 with two; I. L. G. W. U. Local 104 with one; Bakers' Union No. 237 with two; Workmen's Circle branches No. 129 and 323 with one each; Independent Workmen's Circle branch No. 87 with one; American Lithuanian Workers Literary Society, District One with two delegates; Lithuanian Women's Progressive Alliance, District Three, with two delegates; Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund, branch No. 232, with 2 delegates; Social Turn Verein with two; Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund branch No. 194, with two; Lithuanian Proletarian Dramatic Association, with two; Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance No. 43, with one; A. L. W. L. S. branch No. 92, with one; Slovak Workers' Society Branches 16 and 65 with one and two delegates respectively; Workers Sport and Athletic Alliance with one; German-Hungarian Sick and Death Benefit Society of Chicago, with one; Workmen's Sick Benefit and Educational Federation No. 11 with one; Frauen Kranken Unterstutzungs Verein with one; Jewish Workers Marx-Lan Youth Alliance with one; Freiheit Jugend Club with one; Finnish Workers' Club with one; and the national Croatian Society No. 237 with two delegates.

Mackenna Refutes Story of British Mine Strike Breakdown by Desertion

Refuting the claims sent out by capitalist press agencies that several thousands of British coal miners are "breaking away" and going back to work on terms made by the mine owners providing for an increase of one-half an hour in the work day, Paul McKenna, delegate to America from the British Miners' Federation now gathering relief funds in the Chicago district, declares that such reports are false.

There have been no separate district agreements compared to the 1,000,000 and more. And a few individuals who have gone back are inments made, MacKenna says, and none is likely. There has been no separate district agreements compared to the 1,000,000 and more. And a few individuals who have gone back are inments made, MacKenna says, and none is likely. There has been no separate district agreements compared to the 1,000,000 and more. And a few individuals who have gone back are inments made, MacKenna says, and none is likely.

Union Statement on Conference. LONDON, Aug. 23. — A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, in an official statement, explains the union's viewpoint of why the recent conference between the union and the mine owners broke down. He says:

Owners Demand Surrender. "It is evident from the coal owners statement that they consider themselves victors in this struggle; that during the progress of the stoppage they have learned nothing and forgotten nothing; that the only way, in their opinion, that the country can be supplied with coal is by direct surrender of the men to the original terms laid down by the coal owners.

Determined to Fight it Out. "We have no alternative, therefore except to urge upon all our members the necessity of stiffening their resistance to these terms, which, if accepted, would mean abject poverty for our people and a scandalous lowering of their standard of living for at least a generation.

"We again appeal to the public of this country for their continued support in aid of the miners and their wives and children. No further negotiations with the coal owners are possible."

Secretary Cook added that the federation had not asked the government to meet the miners' executive. Pursuant to the union policy of stiffening resistance for a further struggle, the Miners' Federation is sending out speakers to all important centers to explain the union stand and urge the rank and file to hold their lines firmly awaiting a national agreement.

Few Desertions Not Decisive. A careful survey indicates that only a few thousand individual miners, out of the million and more on strike, have returned to work in spite of the tricky maneuver of the owners, who, having failed to get anybody back on the basis of the so-called "eight-hour" law passed by the tory parliament majority, have offered a compromise of seven-and-a-half hours.

The union states that these few miners who return make no appreciable effect on the stoppage, but add that the situation as a whole demands more help to the strikers from the rest of labor both at home and abroad.

Coal Owning Lord Admits Much. Lord Londonderry, a big coal owner, has issued a statement declaring that Premier Baldwin was right when he tried to prevent relief funds being gathered from America. The lord assails Ramsay MacDonald's belated refutation of Baldwin's claims, and insists that miners' families in the coal fields are faring splendidly. In fact, in this effort to stop support to the miners' wives and children, Lord Londonderry makes the following significant admission:

"The children are looking better and in most cases are better fed than they were when their fathers were working."

Pre-Strike Wage Insufficient. If this is so, then even the insufficient relief work afforded by strike relief funds, is apparently better than the wages paid the miners for working. Yet the owners are insistent on cutting the wages previously paid the miners as well as lengthening the hours. The so-called "eight hour law" in reality requiring eight and a half hours underground.

GOVERNMENT STARVING CHILDREN, SAYS BRITISH UNIONS' APPEAL

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The General Council of the Trade Union Congress and the Miners' Federation have issued a joint manifesto, in which they say: "Actual starvation has invaded the miners' homes. The women and children are suffering thru the action of the Poorlaw authorities, with the connivance of the government, in cutting down the scale of relief and thru the curtailment of school meals. In trying to bring the miners into subjection the government has not scrupled to endeavor to check the generous impulses of the public in voluntarily subscribing to the relief funds by which the worst consequences of the tragedy in the coal fields have been partially alleviated.

"The struggle has now reached a stage, when, in the words of the American Federation of Labor, it is necessary to give until it hurts, to relieve the miners from defeat by starvation."

SACRIFICE EVERYTHING! RUSH RELIEF AND STOP SCAB COAL, CALL OF REVOLUTIONARY MINERS

The Revolutionary Miners' International Committee of Action and Propaganda, connected with the Red International of Labor Unions, has addressed an appeal to all coal miners to support the 1,200,000 striking miners of Great Britain. This appeal, over the signature of G. Slutsky, secretary, reads as follows:

TO ALL MINERS! The heroic struggle of the British miners has been going on now for three and a half months. All the forces of the bourgeoisie are mobilized against them. Parliament has passed the bill introducing a longer work-day. The country is in a "state of emergency."

But the miners are not giving way. They are firmly holding on to their just demands—"Not a penny off the pay, not a minute on the day!" "Agreements on a national scale!"

Starvation. The bourgeoisie have given up hope of a speedy termination of the strike. Therefore they are drawing the noose of hunger tighter round the miners' necks. They are reducing and stopping relief to their wives and children. By threatening them with death by starvation the capitalists hope to force the miners back to work. The bourgeoisie are trying to demoralize the ranks of the miners. They are telling them that they are not being supported.

The General Council of Trade Unions not only does nothing to support the miners but is continually hitting them in the back. They betrayed the general strike which the British workers carried out to help the striking miners. The general council is exerting all its strength to smash the strike and discredit its leaders. Do not account do they want to interfere with the loading and transshipment of coal which may help to defeat the miners' just struggle.

Betrayal by Reformist Leaders. The reformists of all countries and creeds are intensifying their aid to the bosses. The social-democrats are advising the miners to throw up the fight as hopeless. The Amsterdam International is withholding all assistance. The reformist unions are freely shipping and importing coal into Great Britain.

The Miners' International and all its affiliated organizations are ignominiously selling the British miners' strike. They are limiting themselves to petty contributions as support for the miners. But they are doing nothing to call an international strike of solidarity. The reformist leaders of

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COOK AND HICKS ISSUE URGENT APPEAL FOR HELP TO THE MINERS

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON, Aug. 23.—The following urgent appeal to the workers in the British trade union movement has been made by A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, and George Hicks, secretary of the Amalgamated Union of Building Trades Operatives, a member of the General Council of the British Trade Union Congress and delegate of that body to the next convention of the American Federation of Labor—an appeal that also goes for the organized workers' movement the world over:

To the Trade Unionists of Great Britain. "Comrades—The government is proceeding to any lengths to grind the miners into submission. It is using every means to surround them, and their wives and children, with a cordon of sheer starvation.

"Never at any time—during times of industrial struggle in any country—has a prime minister sunk so low, been so malicious and despicably mean, as Mr. Baldwin in his statement issued to the American press aiming at discouraging generous

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McKENNA TO APPEAL TO THESE UNIONS FOR BRITISH STRIKE RELIEF

Tuesday, August 24th. Hod Carriers, No. 6, 814 W. Harrison St. (German.) Meat Cutters, No. 546, 175 West Washington St. Plumbers, No. 130, 47-49 North Ogden Ave. Bricklayers, No. 21, 910 West Monroe St. Amalgamated Clothing Workers, No. 144, 1654 N. Orber St. Painters, No. 521, 3437 Ogden Ave. (Jewish.) Painters, No. 184, 6414 S. Halsted Street.

Wednesday, August 25th. Painters, No. 194, 8 N. California Avenue. Painters, No. 637, Vicking Hall, School and Sheffield Ave. Machinist, No. 126, 113 S. Ashland Ave. Carpenters, No. 10, 12 W. Garfield Blvd. Carpenters, No. 242, 5443 South Ashland Ave.

Thursday, Aug. 26th. Carpenters, No. 13, 113 S. Ashland Ave. Carpenters, No. 504, Ogden and Kedzie. (Jewish.) Carpenters, No. 578, 30 N. Wells St.

Friday, August 27th. Electrical Workers, No. 9, 2901 W. Monroe St. Sunday, August 29th. Typographical Union, No. 16, 814 W. Harrison St.

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TRAIN DERAILED; DAWES PLAN CUT RAILROAD STAFF

(Special to The Daily Worker) BERLIN, August 23. — Die Rote Fahne, organ of the Communist Party of Germany, flatly accuses the Dawes plan for the derailing of the Berlin-Cologne express last week. Twenty-one lives were lost and many passengers were injured in the wreck. The engineer was killed.

Herr Dorpmuller, director-general of railways, immediately after the wreck, issued a statement that the spikes were pulled from the rails by some criminal, and that the cutting down of the number of employes recently had nothing to do with it.

Die Rote Fahne points out that when the force of workers was reduced under the terms of the Dawes plan, as one of the economies demanded by Germany's new masters, the American bankers, such accidents were made inevitable, either thru mere lack of work on the roadbeds or because not enough men were employed to properly guard the tracks against criminal activities.

A. F. OF L. WILL KEEP UP FIGHT TO WIN STRIKE

Answer Refusal of Mill Barons to Negotiate

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—“The only honorable course which is open is to proceed with the affiliation of the strikers to the American Federation of Labor and to require the recognition of the new union as a basis of settlement,” said W. Jett Lauck in charge of the committee to affiliate the Passaic textile strikers to the United Textile Workers' Union when it was learned that the mill owners have refused to treat with the new A. F. of L. committee. He also said that he has the assurance of support from the American Federation of Labor in this stand.

Lauck said that he had wired Senator Borah, who sponsored the formation of the A. F. of L. committee and that the senator has condoned his stand and said he would return to the East from Idaho shortly to take up the problem.

The answer of the United Front Committee of the Textile strikers was an announcement that a picket drive would be started on the Botany Mills today. The strike is now in its 31st week.

Offer "Company Union."
 PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 23.—The veil of hypocrisy was rent asunder when Botany Mills and the Forstmann and Huffmann company, the two largest mills affected by the big textile strike, came out flatfootedly with a statement that they would not recognize the proposed new local of their striking workers, affiliated with the United Textile Workers of the American Federation of Labor.

Both companies came out strong for the yellow dog "company union," while declaring violent opposition to both the United Front Committee, which has led the strike up to the present, and the proposed union of the United Textile Workers. While all along using the sham issues of Communism and Weisbord as the reason for their refusal to settle with their striking workers, the mill bosses, now given the opportunity of dealing with the A. F. of L., have come out against the A. F. of L. and for the yellow dog "company union," which they are sure of controlling.

Johnson Tells It To 400 Scabs.
 To the 400 scabs working in Botany Worstad Mills, where 6,000 workers ordinarily are employed, Col. Johnson, vice-president of Botany, and spokesman for the mill owners, announced the mill bosses' opposition to the A. F. of L. in the following words:

"We have said frankly to the representatives of the American Federation of Labor that the situation was not one in which their services could be helpful."

Slap At Borah Seen.
 To many the Botany statement appears as a slap at Senator Borah's efforts to effect a just settlement in the strike, as well as to the A. F. of L., these people pointing to the following paragraph in the mill owners' statement:

"Briefly, we will have no dealing with the United Front Committee or its successor, the committee of which Mr. Jett Lauck is chairman, and it may be well to say again what has repeatedly been told various civic committees who have called on us, that we have been able to hire at the wages and under the conditions we offer, such help as we need."

Of course, nobody in the least degree familiar with the strike situation here will believe the last part of that paragraph, least of all the local newspapers, hostile though they have been, as a rule, to the strikers' cause. And these papers are very much aroused over the mill owners' latest act of bourgeoisism in refusing to deal with the A. F. of L.

Rush Relief! Stop Scab Coal!

(Continued from page 1)
 Germany, Poland and other countries do not even want to cut down the production of coal; they are not preventing its transport to Great Britain. Instead they are abusing and rebuking the striking miners and their unwavering leaders who refuse to dutifully place their necks under the yoke of mineowners.

Only the revolutionary miners are for immediate and determined support of the strikers. Only the revolutionary workers of all countries, with the aid of all honest and class-conscious proletarians, are doing everything in their power to prevent the transport of coal to Great Britain, and giving complete moral and material support to the striking miners. Only the revolutionary miners are trying to get an international solidarity strike.

The moment has now arrived when not a single miner should stand aside from the great struggle of the British miners; because their resources and strength are beginning to run out. Starvation, and the treason of the reformists is beginning to show its influence. The miners' ranks are steady but material and moral support are more imperative to them in the heroic struggle than ever.

TEXTILE STRIKES LEAD IN EAST WITH RUMOR BOTANY WON'T DEAL WITH UNION; MORE FUNDS NEEDED

By Federated Press.
 NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Strikes and threats of strikes continue in the east despite rumors of settlement in some sectors of the fight. About 800 cotton textile workers at the Manville mill of Manville Jenckes Co. are striking near Woonsocket, R. I., against an attempt to lengthen hours from 48 to 54 per week. Loom-fixers first walked out a week ago when the mill refused to discharge some non-union workers hired to replace union men laid off during the dull period.

Carding, spooling and spinning departments are tied up and active picketing is effective. The firm has mills in Pawtucket, Georgetown, Woonsocket, Manville, Gastonia (South Carolina) and Canada. It is capitalized at \$35,000,000.

Botany Won't Deal With Union, Report.
 Rumor says that Col. Charles F. H. Johnson of Botany Mills has declared that he will not deal with the United Textile Workers' Union forming among striking employees, that he will deal with no union but a company union. Signing up of strikers from Botany, New Jersey Worstad, Forstmann & Huffmann, United Piece Dye Works and other Passaic mills on United Textile Workers' application cards, continues, however.

Relief Need Still Urgent.
 Milk and bread for Passaic strikers' children is assured from the \$7,000 sent the General Relief Committee by the Emergency committee for Strikers' Relief. Clarina Michelson, secretary of the Emergency Committee, has been energetic in raising money for the kiddies' milk fund and in pushing the concert to be given for their benefit at Coney Island Stadium August 28. The strikers' need for help into September, when the mill owners' need of producing winter goods may bring a settlement, is still great.

Theater Strike Near.
 Stage hands of New York theaters threaten to strike Labor Day if their demands for more wages are not granted. Theatrical Protective Union, Local 1, presents their case. Carpenters getting \$65 a week, ask \$85 for

Cook and Hicks Issue Urgent Appeal

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 people in America from giving relief to the hungry women and children.

Appeals to Bosses Useless.
 "But that is only in accord with the action of the minister of health and the government in ruthlessly curtailing relief in the coalfields, especially discriminating against miners' wives and children. This murderous policy is being pursued with particular vigor now that parliament has shut down."

"There is something terribly sinister in the methods adopted by this group of men, in control of the machinery of government, in this cruel war on defenseless human beings."

"No appeals, no efforts at conciliation, no plea from churchmen, no resolutions passed by representative bodies, no expressions of the will of the people, as indicated by the recent by-elections, have any effect on this callous and unscrupulous governing clique. Over the bodies and souls of women and children they intend to press forward to victory for the mineowners."

"In such circumstances as these we make a special appeal to the trade unionists and the trade union movement of Britain. The miners now stand with their backs to the wall. These men and women, and little ones, are of the working class, flesh of our flesh, bone of our bone. How well we all realize that was evidenced by the general strike and all that has since followed. We must help them now as never before. We must throw the whole weight of our movement behind them as never before."

Redouble Efforts.
 "Much help has been given. The trade union branches and trades councils and local labor parties have accomplished wonders in the way of collecting money. But we must redouble our efforts."

"For every dollar Mr. Baldwin presents coming from America we must

Therefore, comrades, miners, workers, all, to the aid of our striking British brothers!

Their Defeat is Ours.
 Hasten! Time waits for no man. Organize funds and levies. Give all you can to help your brothers. Remember, they are fighting not only their own interests, but for your interests too. For if the British miners are defeated, their defeat will be the signal for an attack on your wages, your working day and your already bad living conditions.

Sacrifice everything, comrades, to support the strikers and their wives and children, dying of hunger.

Stop Scab Coal!
 Don't let coal be shipped to England! Cut down your output! Don't work overtime! Demand and fight for an increase in your wages and reduction of your working day.

Dispossess capitalists and blood-thirsty dukes and lords of coal, your coal, which enables them to demoralize and scatter the miners' ranks and bring to defeat their magnificent and just struggle.

Get down to it, comrades!
 All to the aid of the heroic British strikers!

Revolutionary Miners' International Committee of Action and Propaganda.

GREEK COUP IS A VICTORY FOR FRENCH POWER

Overthrow of Pangalos Changes Dictators

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 ATHENS, Aug. 23.—The dictatorship of Premier Pangalos, more or less openly representative of British influence in the Balkans has been overthrown by a bloodless military coup led by Gen. Condylis, minister of War, former right hand man of the exiled Venizelos, and a prominent supporter of France. The coup is a decided victory for French interests.

Gen. Pangalos was arrested while vacationing on the island of Spetsae in the Aegean. He was placed aboard the torpedo boat Pergamos and brot to Athens where he and many of his supporters are to be placed on trial for tyrannical conduct of state affairs while in power.

The Cause.
 The basic cause of the revolt was the signing recently of a treaty between Jugo-Slavia and Greece, giving economic concessions to the former in the Greek hinterland of Saloniki. At the same time that he made this treaty, Pangalos was beginning to show an inclination to sign similar agreements with Italy involving the status of certain Aegean Islands. All these things were being accomplished with the connivance of England who is supporting Italy and the Little Entente (Jugo-Slavia, Roumania, and Greece) in the Balkans.

Venizelos Supporter.
 The leader of the revolt, Gen. Condylis is a former loyal supporter of Venizelos, France's tool who at this moment is exiled in France. Condylis accomplished the revolt by intrigue and maneuvering with the army and navy—the same way in which Pangalos set up his dictatorship. The Greek armed forces are notable for their amenability to raises in pay or preferred position. It was purely an officers' and soldiers' revolution in which one set of intriguers outwitted another another with groups of foreign powers supporting each.

Like Poland.
 The situation is very similar to that which obtained during the recent Pilsudski coup in Poland. The first thing the Gen. Condylis did after the success of his attempt was to declare the abolition of dictatorship. The fact of the matter is that Condylis is one of Greece's foremost militarists and the leader of the fascist movement. He has also said that he is willing to call for new elections at an early time—but elections are easily controlled in Greece as Pangalos very well demonstrated.

Summed up, the "revolution" means a victory for French imperialism and a change of dictators for Greece.

A. F. OF L. HEADS MUM ON MEXICAN FIGHT ATTITUDE

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor who have been guests of General Summerhall at the Citizens' Military Training Camp here have been very reticent in their pronouncements to the press on the program in view for the next A. F. of L. Convention. They will motor over for luncheon today with President Coolidge at White Pines Camp.

The Montreal meeting of the council to be held in the resplendent Mount Royal Hotel on Tuesday, will be the last one prior to the convention of the A. F. of L. in Detroit in October. President Green refused to make any comment on the probable nature of the coming annual report of the council.

Worry About Mexico.
 There is reason to believe that Green and the members of the council are somewhat perturbed over the situation in Mexico and the attitude of the A. F. of L. towards it. The strong bond of accord built up by President Gompers thru the Pan-American Federation with the Mexican Federation of Labor has suffered considerable weakening because the A. F. of L. failed to take a stand in favor of the position of the Calles government against the church which Mexican labor is supporting.

Conflicting Forces.
 In the ranks of the federation are to be found Catholics who are demanding that the A. F. of L. support the church while at the same time there are elements which insist on support to Calles. The official position of the A. F. of L. so far is one of "hands off."

The executive council in Montreal will discuss the bricklayers' and plasterers' jurisdictional dispute again and the suspension of the railway clerks. For the benefit of those who wonder why the council looks outside the country for a place to meet in it may be informing to say that Montreal is not.

American Army of Labor Must March Ahead of Its Backward Leadership

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

IT was pointed out in this column last week that five millions of dollars ought to be raised in the United States in aid of the British coal miners' strike. Present indications are that this figure is as far away as the mythical pot of gold at the end of the rainbow. The total may not reach one million dollars. It is a black picture.

It is a reflection of the low level of international labor solidarity that prevails in the richest imperialist nation on earth.

Turn the picture over and what is revealed on the other side is blacker still. It shows President William Green, head of the American Federation of Labor, and members of his executive council, inspecting and lauding that section of American militarism's war machine now encamped and in training for its bloody work at Plattsburg, New York.

Instead of spending their time arousing America's workers to support of the British mine strike and to aid in the feeding of millions of starving women and children of the working class, the A. F. of L. officials, who lift their hands in horror at the sight of the decisive stand taken by Mexican labor in its own defense against the catholic church, scatter the holy water of their approval over the hungry murder machines of the American ruling class tyranny.

The British labor experience during the general strike and later during the miners' strike taught the workers on the other side the uses designed for capitalism's war Moloch. The British strikers saw not only the king's army and navy used against them, but also "The Order of Maintenance and Supplies," a semi-military organization endorsed by the government and created primarily for strikebreaking purposes. Every enemy of labor had a gun put on his shoulder or the badge of strikebreaker fastened upon his arm, raised to strike against the demands of the workers, and to drive them back to worse conditions than they now suffer.

The stone wall of employers' opposition facing the American working class is built of the same militarist material.

President Green does the dirty work of the master class in building that anti-labor wall when he lauds, in his own words, "the great movement represented here at Plattsburg."

"Plattsburg" has been dedicated to the sharpening of bayonets, the training of soldiers' eyes along the gleaming barrels of rifles, guns and cannons of all kinds, the practicing of the arm and eye in throwing grenades, the correct uses of poison-gases and the many other instruments of wholesale human slaughter. "Plattsburg" has in turn been a regular army camp, an encampment for the training of "business men" in the art of war, a reserved officers' training camp and now it houses a Citizens' Military Training Camp. Similar nests of militarism, hatching cannon fodder for the next war and breeding anti-labor fighters for the next big strike, are to be found in all sections of the nation.

Not even President Green at-

Daily Forward Lying in Attempt to Hurt the I. L. G. W. Lefts

I. L. Davidson, organizer for the Chicago Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers, yesterday branded as absolutely false a story appearing the day before in the Jewish Daily Forward, to the effect that the administration of the I. L. G. W. in this city had ordered off his job at J. Schwartz's shop a presser who adheres to the right wing in the union in order to make room for a left wing man.

"That statement is a contemptible lie," said Davidson to the DAILY WORKER. "The actual situation is that conditions are such that pressers formerly working there announced they were quitting. The union can

prove that in many instances where workers stopped because they couldn't get the price, the union has been able to get them back to work with the controversy settled to the benefit of the workers.

"However, in this case, the so-called 'left wing' worker in question was permitted to work in the Schwartz shop by the right wing chairman of Local 18, the pressers' local, after the union had taken him off.

"Lies of this nature are intended to discredit the left wing, but they will fall of their purpose. Too many workers know the facts."

BRITISH MINERS' DELEGATES IN BERLIN MEETING WITH RUSSIANS

LONDON, August 23.—It is reported that delegates of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain are in Berlin attending a conference with delegates from the Miners' Union of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, with the end in view of working out methods to aid the British strikers. It is expected that proposals will be discussed to compel the Miners' International and the Amsterdam International Federation of Trade Unions, to give more material aid than these organizations have hitherto given.

Amsterdam leaders have consistently sabotaged any effort to stop coal shipments to Britain and have done almost nothing for the British miners compared to the sum, now over \$2,500,000, sent from the Soviet workers, and their embargo against fuel shipments to Britain which might serve as coal substitutes.

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RUDOLPH VALENTINO, FAMOUS SCREEN STAR, DEAD OF SEPTIC POISON



Rudolph Valentino in the role of the "Son of the Shiek"—(with Vilma Banky) the last picture in which he had appeared.

(Special to The Daily Worker)
 NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Rudolph Valentino, idol of millions of motion picture fans thruout the world, died in Polyclinic Hospital at 12:10 this afternoon after a courageous fight to live. Death came eight days after he underwent an operation for acute appendicitis and gastric ulcers. Septic poisoning of the heart hurried the end.

WARLORD FACES TRIPLE ATTACK ON HEADQUARTERS

Cantonese Army Nears Iron and Steel Center

(Special to The Daily Worker) SHANGHAI, Aug. 23.—China's war of liberation from domination by the puppet generals of foreign powers is rapidly shifting into the Yangtze valley. Marshall Wu Pei Fu has given up the attempt to crush General Feng Yu-hsiang's nationalist army north-west of Peking, and is rushing with what troops he can muster to the defence of his headquarters at Hankow.

Now this strategic center is threatened by nationalist movements from three directions. General Tang Shang-chi, commander-in-chief of the Kuomintang army and personally in command of the forces advancing northward through Hunan province, has issued a statement that he expects to occupy Hankow within thirty days.

The Kuomintang army has executed a strategic retreat in good order from Nankow Pass, where the terrain was so cramped that Wu Pei-fu and his ally Chang Tso-lin were beginning to use the siege artillery they have obtained from Japanese and English sources.

The third menace to Wu's hold on Hankow is from Shanghai itself. This important city and the country south of it is still under control of General Sun Chuan-fang, another idol of British and American capital, though probably not as reliable from their point of view as some others.

In China the military movements are not always indicative of the actual state of affairs. The important thing is the gradual permeation of all industrial and peasant China with the idea of a government of workers and peasants, strictly opposed to foreign capitalist domination.

Extraterritoriality Denounced.

PEKING, Aug. 23.—The Chinese government has announced that it will not renew the treaty with Belgium granting control of civil and criminal cases involving Belgian citizens in China to the Belgian court instead of Chinese courts.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 23.—Fighting is reported from Szechuan province between nationalists and the troops of Wu Pei-fu. Invasion of the province of Kiang-si by Cantonese forces is momentarily expected.

The arsenal at Shanghai is working overtime, manufacturing munitions for Wu Pei-fu's army. The Cantonese army is advancing towards Hankow from its base at Changsha.

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Detroit, Attention!

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What is the C. M. T. C.?

By THURBER LEWIS.

NEXT to enforced military service the kind of institution that best meets the frenzied and insatiable demands of militarism is "voluntary civilian training" on a large scale. In a comparatively new country like the United States, only now developing a strongly centralized government, enforced military service except in time of war is a very difficult and belated change to initiate.

Their Father is Gen. Wood. The germ of the idea that grew into the 40 Citizens' Military Training Camps that now dot the United States each summer seems to have been first born in the mind of that idol of all 100 percent Americans, Leonard Wood.

The war began in Europe. In 1915 and 1916 more than a dozen camps were opened at Plattsburg and a dozen other places throughout the country known as "business and professional men's camps."

Business Inspired. THE fact that the United States won the "war to end war" only served to make armament and military training all the more "necessary."

IN 1922 congress gave money enough to core for 20,000 in the camps. 25,000 in 1923, 33,000 in 1924, 35,000 in 1925 and this year 50,000 have been sent to get on speaking terms with Springfield rifles and machine guns.

The Military Training Camps Association itself is stronger than ever. Its chief business is to supply the agitation and propaganda for the C. M. T. C. It has a sort of semi-official standing thru unqualified endorsement from the president down to division commanders of the army.

William Green and the C. M. T. C.

(Continued from page 1) its organizations and its officers, can do much to acquaint the public mind with what General Summerall and his officers are doing toward the development of young men mentally, morally and physically.

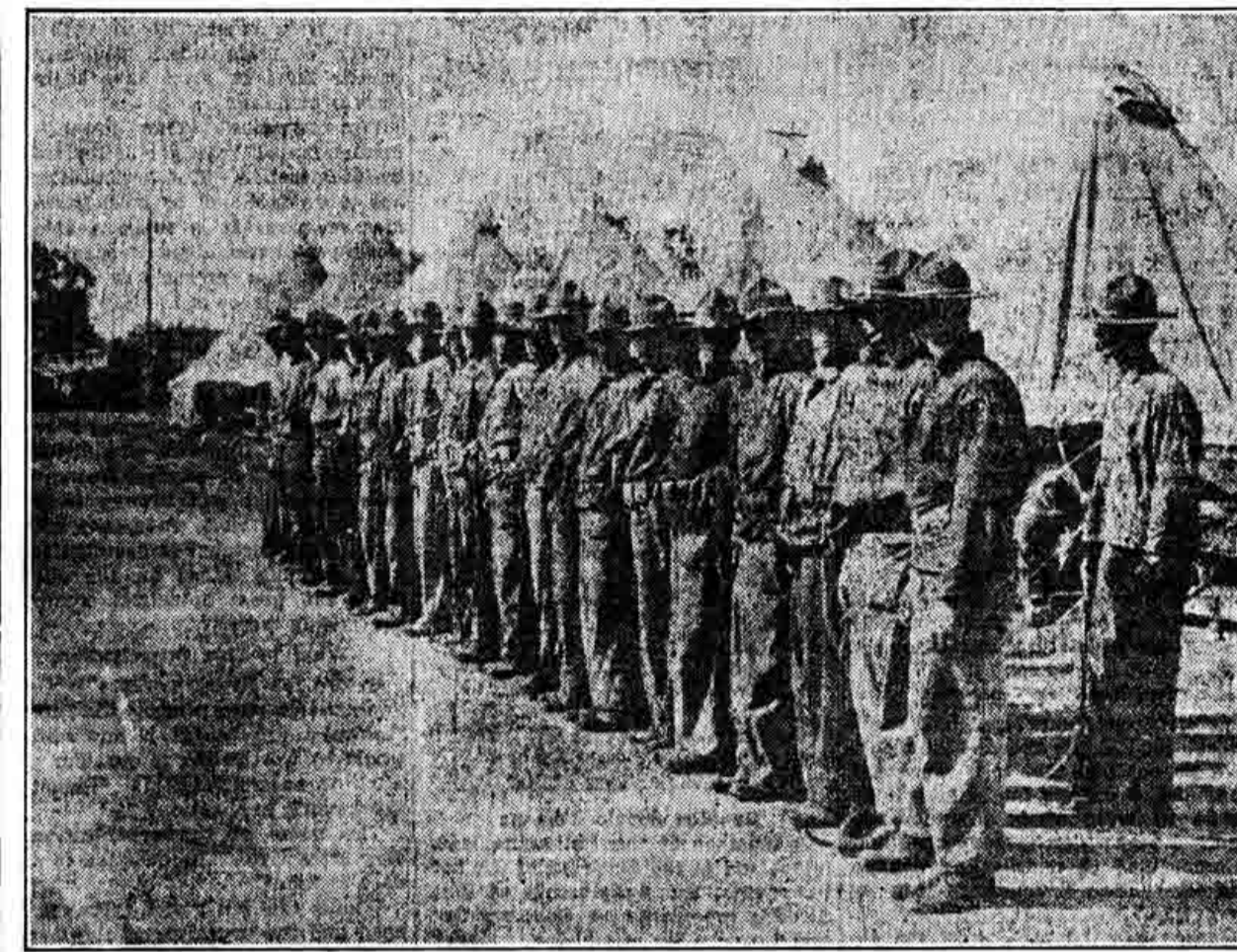
"I promise that it will be our purpose to tell what we have seen and what we know as a result of our visit here. We shall go from here with a pleasant memory and a better understanding of you and your work in this citizens' military training camp. We promise you we shall go out and tell our people of what we have learned."

The General Replies. In reply to Green, Major General Summerall said:

"The call to arms has always been answered by the boys of the land. What has been will be again. If there comes a crisis, no propaganda nor false doctrine will prevent you, or those who come after you, from following that flag and keeping it aloft. History shows our wars have cost us the needless sacrifice of the flower of our young generation, and all because the country has sent them out unprepared."

Guests of Coolidge. The A. F. of L. heads were also entertained here by the Elks and Rotary Clubs. They are to be luncheon guests today of President Coolidge at White Pine Camp.

In this second of a series of articles on the growth of militarism in the United States the writer tells the history of the Citizens' Military Training Camps from their birth in the jingo brain of the arch-militarist, Gen. Leonard Wood, to this year's War Department accomplishment of collecting 50,000 youths between the ages of 17 and 24 to undergo regular army training for 30 days.



Here is a picture of some of the lads in training at the Camp Custer unit of the C. M. T. C. They make a dejected looking crew and some of them are doubtless weary with the harsh routine of regular army drill—especially since the propaganda that got them to go to the camp spoke only of "lots of hiking, basketball, swimming, movies, etc."

The funds for the Military Training Camps Association are supplied by corporations, bankers and business men. Who they are and why they are so generous with their aid to this institution we will tell in a future article.

The Requirements. THE Citizens' Military Training Camps are open to young men, examined and found to be physically fit, between the ages of 17 and 24. Enrollment implies a willingness to undertake a four-year course of instruction entitled, consecutively, basic, red, white and blue courses.

What are the lads told? Here are some samples of the propaganda. From a circular entitled, "Why Not Camp With Uncle Sam?" we read: "With true Yankee pep, Uncle Sam has outdone every other country on earth in staging the C. M. T. C.'s. They are the world's greatest man-building centers and are turning out the coming world's greatest men."

THIRST KILLER CAVANAUGH DRY CROWN PRINCE

Czar Andrews Favors Ex-Policeman WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23.—Still one more announcement that the national dry law will be enforced came from the office of Lincoln C. Andrews, chief prohibition officer of the United States.

Beer Gangsters Found in Resort of Wealthy HALF MOON LAKE, Wis., Aug. 23.—An echo of Chicago's interminable gang was reached here yesterday when a police squad armed with rifles, revolvers, machine guns, tear gas bombs, shotguns and clubs came up from his home town and arrested "Polack Joe" Sallis, alleged chief of beer runners and under indictment for the murder of "Mitters" Foley about two weeks ago.

Cowgirl Killed in Rodeo. Riding an outlaw "bronco" for the amusement of 12,000 spectators at the rodeo sponsored by the Chicago Chamber of Commerce at Soldier's Field, Mrs. Louise Hartwig, 25, Montana cow-girl, was trampled to death when she was thrown from her wild mount. She leaves a husband and baby.

Can you afford to miss them? "No! You can't play the game against the fellow with C. M. T. C. training. And unless you get it, too, you'll soon be a back number."

Live Publicity. THE publicity service of the army that operates thru the press as the "army information service," aided by the Training Camps Association mentioned above, carries on an intensive propaganda each year prior to the enrollment date for the camps.

Samples of Propaganda. FROM a circular entitled, "Why Not Camp With Uncle Sam?" we read: "With true Yankee pep, Uncle Sam has outdone every other country on earth in staging the C. M. T. C.'s. They are the world's greatest man-building centers and are turning out the coming world's greatest men."

CURRENT EVENTS

(Continued from page 1) is inflicted and a complainant judge imposes a fine. This is the way law and order is upheld and enforced in the city of Chicago.

WHY? The police must do something to justify eating food and wearing clothes at the expense of the people they are supposed to protect. Because of the alliance between the politicians and the underworld the gangster who is too negligent to accumulate legal fees goes anywhere within the shadow of the gallows, no matter how many murders may be charged to his account.

The latest white hope to be handed the job of damping the intoxicating flood is Thomas J. "Honest Tom" Cavanaugh of Philadelphia. Tom will need all his "honesty" in his present position.

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Next Best to Enforced Universal Training—How They Began—Amending the National Defense Act—Lurid Publicity—Training Strikebreakers.

The real object of the camps is to train soldiers for service (1) against an opposing military power, (2) in the colonies or China or Central America, defending the property of American capitalists and suppressing colonial or semi-colonial people (3) in strikes against workers.

How it Works. TAKE a working lad slaving away nine or ten hours a day for, say, the International Harvester Co. or the Western Electric Co., both of which have given their official endorsement to the camps.

What He Finds. WELL, what happens? Perhaps he goes to the camp. He gets his uniform and gun and other equipment. He goes into regular military training. Officers of the regular army are assigned to the camp to fulfill the training requirements of the regular army.

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RECENTLY an assistant state's attorney was murdered while in the company of two well-known bootleggers with a murder record. The two bootleggers were killed at the same time. Their pal, the prosecutor, appeared in court the previous week and asked a jury to impose the death penalty on one of them. This sounds queer, and it is queer. Also funny. But everything is queer under capitalism, and the queerest thing of all is that this consistent, nauseating, hypocritical policy continues without

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POLISH CABINET FALLING APART; TREATIES FAIL

Pilsudski Discharges His Personal Enemies

WARSAW, Poland, Aug. 23.—Pilsudski continues to act like a bull in a china shop, and is now engaged in wrecking the cabinet he himself built up after the short but bloody revolt of last May. While the industrial depression continues, and is made more severe by the failure to conclude an agreement with Germany which would allow of the disposing in that country of the Polish harvest, the Lithuanians, Ukrainians and Upper Silesians, as well as the Jews, are beginning to make their protests against persecution by Polish chauvinists felt abroad.

The League of Nations and the enemies of France in that alliance of capitalist powers are not moved by the opposition and exploitation of the Polish industrial proletariat, as proletarians. But the question of the rape of Vilna will not drop, and Lithuania continues to regard it as a cause for war at any time war offers the slightest chance for success.

Therefore the Pilsudski regime pursues the contradictory policy of official overtures to Lithuania, and retention of Vilna, of shooting strikes to pieces, and opposition to the minister of finance, Klarner, because his measures are to capitalist.

Klarner will probably resign, say well-informed friends of his, because the attacks on him thru the Polish Legion and its press could not continue without the countenancing of them by Marshall Pilsudski. On the other hand, the situation is complicated by the fact that Klarner conducts all the negotiations with the American delegation of experts, the Kemmerer commission, which has suggested most of the plans for founding a dollar bank, stabilizing currency, consolidation of government banks, and allowing more freedom of trade, for which Klarner is himself now being publicly reprimanded thru the columns of Glos Prawd, Pilsudski's newspaper.

Marshall Pilsudski is meanwhile making his position sounder in the army by cashiering all officers who have ever shown enmity towards him. The excuse given is that they have served under Austrian, German or Russia flags in the past and are therefore unreliable. Pilsudski himself never refers to the fact that he did this once, also, and fought on the German side during the great war.

Police Commissioner Boasts of How Police Aid Strike-Breaking

NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 23.—A bare-faced admission that the police are doing all they can to break the strike of 40,000 garment workers of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, is contained in a letter sent to Henry H. Finder, president of the Industrial Council (of employers), by Police Commissioner McLaughlin. In fact McLaughlin explains to the bosses that the police are doing all they can. In part the letter reads:

"I think you will agree with me that the police are doing their part and you must get more action from the courts if you are going to make progress. Turning these people out with small fines or suspended sentences only encourages them to continue."

In further comment upon the letter, made public by Finder, he declares that he is now going to put pressure on the police court judges to make the fines and penalties heavier for arrested pickets. He says:

"The police are endeavoring to curb violence, but they report their efforts are nullified by the failure of the magistrates to co-operate. We have taken the matter up with Police Commissioner McLaughlin."

SPECIAL ISSUES

SATURDAY, AUGUST 28

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J. LOUIS ENGBAHL
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Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.
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Signs of a New World War

The difficulties of British foreign policy are increasing in proportion as her national economy continues to decline. Shaken at home first by the general strike and then by the prolonged coal strike (the importance of which has been overlooked generally because of the tremendous crisis which preceded it), British imperialism must now meet a determined effort on the part of Spain backed by Italy to weaken seriously her control of the Mediterranean route to India.

The Spanish demand for Tangier (almost directly across the straits from Gibraltar) is like a knife at the jugular vein of the British empire. It is a notice served upon Great Britain that Italy is demanding a large share in the control of the Mediterranean area and its implications are the most far-reaching since the announcement of Germany's intention to complete the Berlin to Bagdad overland route hastened the outbreak of the world war.

Italian imperialism must expand or die and the Mussolini government intends to drive east and south—into Asia Minor and northern Africa—and does not intend to leave the western entrance to the Mediterranean entirely in the hands of Britain.

France does not look with sympathy upon the ambitions of Italy but neither is she prepared to fight wholeheartedly on the side of Britain. Her differences with Great Britain in central Europe are of a fundamental character and it is only her interests as a Mediterranean power (needing a clear route to Indo-China) which align her with Britain at present.

That the controversy already has passed to some extent out of the hands of diplomats is shown by the fact that both France and Britain have sent battleships to Tangier and the capitalist press announces openly that their presence there is to prevent a surprise seizure of the disputed zone by the Spanish forces.

The Mediterranean area must be looked upon from now on as one of the severely infected spots from which can spread a war fever to all parts of Europe. Particularly is this true since the agreement in process of completion between Great Britain and Italy for the division of spheres of influence in Abyssinia appears to have broken down with Great Britain getting the best of the negotiations with the Abyssinian government.

The reported investment of American capital in Morocco thru the medium of a nominally German concern brings the United States into conflict with the other rival groups in the Mediterranean sector.

The working class of the whole world stands in danger of being driven to the shambles again as European capitalism finds the difficulties of permanent stabilization too great to overcome and the various ruling class groups incline to war as a method of eliminating their competitors and halting the rise of the revolutionary movement.

A united front of the world labor movement against imperialist war—the proposal of the Communist International to the working class of the world—is the only method by which another mass slaughter can be averted.

Wall Street Policy in Mexico

Two conflicting tendencies are visible in the attitude of the state department towards Mexico at present. Since the sharp unfavorable popular reaction to the peremptory note sent by Kellogg last fall, the interventionists have had to tone down their public utterances, but have not ceased to bring all possible pressure upon Mexico.

The Coolidge policy followed now, while not so immediately dangerous to Mexican sovereignty, is a deadly one potentially. Ambassador Sheffield evidently favors a more open interventionist tactic and rumors of his resignation, which Kellogg has felt called upon to deny, undoubtedly are the result of his differences with the interests which believe that Mexico is being weakened seriously by the internal conflict and can be forced, without intervention, to make substantial concessions to American oil and mining corporations.

The *New York Times* for August 19 published an official interview with Kellogg in which the following statements are made:

Our relations . . . over the oil and land laws . . . give promise of developing into a satisfactory understanding, according to the opinion of officials here.

They foresee a more compromising attitude on the part of Mexico in this controversy as a result of the conflict between the church and the Calles government.

Ambassador Sheffield . . . will return to his post prepared TO URGE MORE AGGRESSIVELY on Mexico the demands of Americans who come under the oil and land laws. (Emphasis ours.)

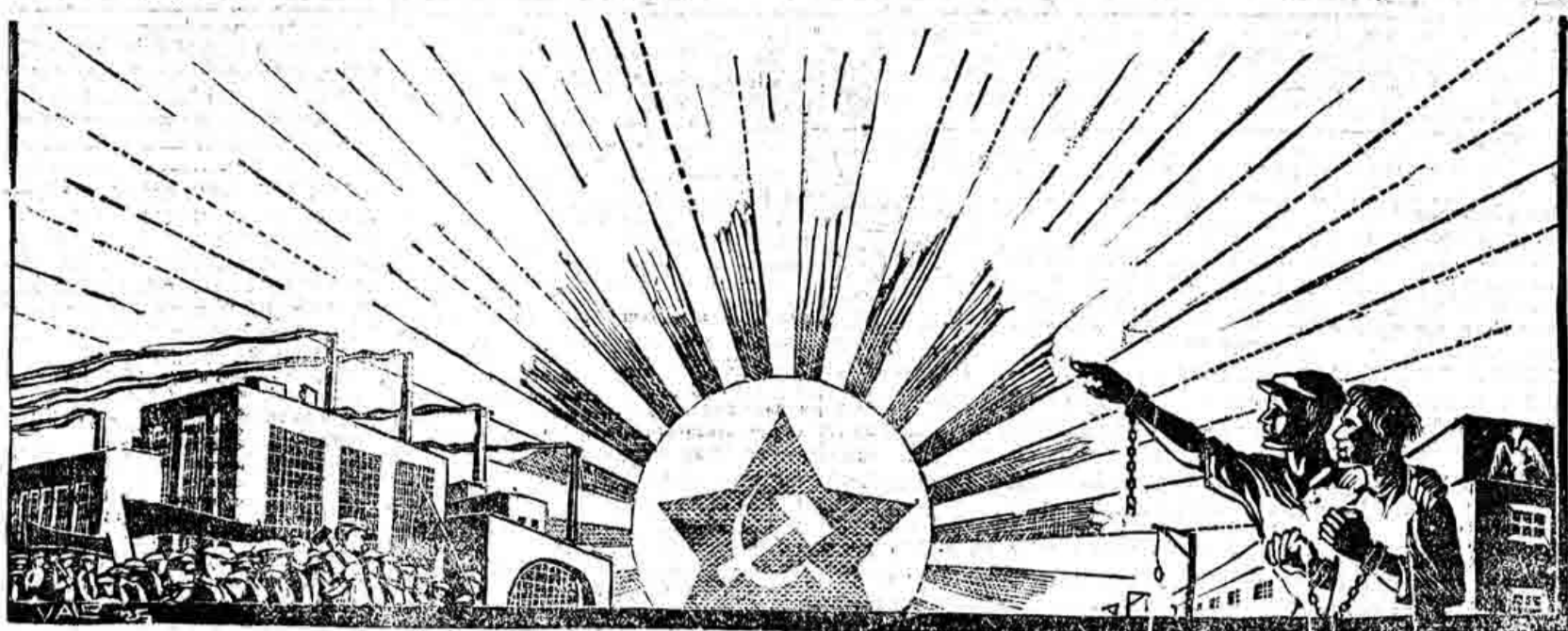
American capitalists in Mexico evidently have been given some idea of the Wall Street strategy. John Clayton, writing a series of special articles for the *Chicago Tribune*, quotes a prominent American residing in Mexico as follows:

. . . let Mexico understand that continued disregard of her obligations will lead, say, to the withdrawal of the embargo on the shipment of arms from the United States into Mexico, followed by withdrawal of recognition, severance of diplomatic relations, and as a last resort by intervention, and the whole controversy would be settled.

This is the policy that is being followed, i. e. a continual increase of diplomatic and financial pressure at the same time that the catholic church is seeking to divide the nation into two warring camps.

It is not enough that the armed forces of American imperialism are not actually in Mexico. "Hands Off Mexico" must be made to mean abandonment of ALL interference in Mexico and the submission by Americans in Mexico to Mexican law.

Sooner or later the provocations made deliberately by the state department will precipitate an armed conflict unless American labor realizes the danger, forces its officials to speak out for the Mexican masses instead of pretending neutrality, and acts to end for all time the continual encroachment of Wall Street upon Mexican sovereignty.



Life and Work in the Soviet Union

By ANISE.
(Special to The Daily Worker)

JULY 21.—On the Volga steamer. On the spacious upper deck of the Volga steamer there is little Communism to be seen. Quite the contrary; nothing reminds you that this is a workers' and peasants' republic. The thin, gay dresses are so fresh and well cut that I wonder where they get the money, till I remember that mine also is fresh and well cut and cost me \$3.17 in the Moscow Municipal Department Store. Decidedly, clothes have become cheaper in the Soviet Union. Perhaps even some of these are workers.

But a woman turns, displaying a heavily powdered face and lips red with cosmetics under a ribbon head-dress about 20 years too young for her. Obviously the new rich class, with hard unpleasant face. Others seem to be of the new Soviet official type, known as "Soviet bourgeois," taking their ease on the river. So I turn with relief to a little sign on the wall that promises a different type of company.

Members Register.

MEMBERS and candidates of the Russian Communist Party please register with the secretary of the Boat Yacheka, room 9, third class, between 4 and 8 o'clock. "The I am neither a member nor a candidate. I know he will not turn me out. He also will be glad to meet a correspondent for the American workers' press. So a little after four I push my way thru a crowd of peasants on the lower deck, a dim room full of women, babies, men, reclining on upper shelves or drinking tea on lower ones, till I come to Room 9.

Two men are in the room when I enter, one of them, a tall, dark, sun-burned man, is the secretary. I explain who I am and what I want to know. "What is 'party work' on a river boat?" I ask him.

"There is very much work" he says. "Meetings, speeches, propaganda of all sorts among passengers. We have a Red Corner in a little room back in the fourth class, with books and papers and benches enuf for ten people at once. Also we have many study circles for the crew. That is my chief work, for I am not so good at making speeches. But if any good Communist speaker travels on this boat, we expect him to help us.

"Of the 49 employees on the boat, there are ten Communists. They have a special political school; then we

HEREWITH is published one of a series of stories being sent specially to The DAILY WORKER by Anna Louise Strong, who is at this time in the Soviet Union making a thoro study of conditions there. Miss Strong, whose pen-name is "Anise" is a credited authority on the Soviet Union having spent the better part of the past five years in that country. She is the author of a book, "First Time in History" and numerous magazine and newspaper stories on the Soviet Union.

have 13 non-party workers in a preparatory political class. We also have a trade union circle which studies the work of our union; and a small class for two men who cannot read very well. We used to have more of them, but now everyone can read.

"We have our group of Rabkors (Workers Correspondents) who write up the news and comments for our ship wall newspaper. If we have anything good, we sent it to "Na Wachte" and sometimes they print it. "He pulled out a copy of the paper. It was a breezy little sheet of four pages, daily organ of the Water Transport Workers of the Soviet Union. . . . Imagine a land where every large trade union can afford to have its own newspaper, which is crammed full of comments and information from union members all over the country! Na Wachte had a front page of general and foreign news; the rest was articles on transport; news from various transport regions; comments on labor and living conditions, or on general life from a transport worker's point of view.

Collection for Miners.
"A FEW weeks ago," he went on, "we took up a collection for the British miners. We had a mass meeting of our workers, explained the situation and then voted on the proposition to give a quarter of a day's pay to help the miners. Of course it passed; it was our business to explain it so that it would. That also is party work on this boat, comrade."

"Do you put in all your time at this," I ask, or have you other work?"
Other Work.
HE laughed. "But of course I have other work. I earn my living as a sailor. Eight hours a day, from eight to twelve morning and evening. The party work is not paid; I do it merely as a party member." He went on to explain the condition of sailors, how before the revolution he worked twelve hours, two shifts of six hours every day, and it was very hard. But now he has plenty of leisure for study and for party work.

"Also before the revolution I got 12 roubles a month. Now we sailors get 47 roubles, four times as much."

... Here the other sailor broke in. "If only products cost now what they used to cost, what would we do with all our money. We would live like merchants. But then," he added ruefully, "if products cost less, that means somebody else gets less; and in the end we would all get less. They both laughed at this elementary political economy, and the secretary went on to tell me of the propaganda work among the passengers, when meetings were held on the fourth class deck.

"It is very hard work," he said. "These peasants can ask more questions about things you don't know. And they blame you for everything they don't like anywhere in the country. They ask you when the government will give them cheaper ploughs? They tell you how the farm tax was wrongly worked in their village. . . . But it is very necessary for Communists to know this so that they can report to the proper place and perhaps have it fixed.

Party Work Hard.
"THEN sometimes when a city Communist talks to them, even a very good speaker, they grab him by the hands and cry: 'Call this a workers' government. Where did you ever work?' They will not say that to me because I am a sailor and they can see by my hands and clothes that I work hard. But all the same, the party work on the boat is not easy."

A knock came at the door. There entered a pleasant, intelligent but weary woman. "What are party members supposed to register for?" she asked.

"For record and for any work they can do" he answered.
"Put me down," she remarked, and then disclosing herself as an educational worker from Turkestan, she went on, a trifle grimly: "And is the party Yacheka supposed to look after the comfort of workers and peasants who travel on this boat?"

"What do you mean, comrade?" asked the bewildered secretary.
"Well, we educational workers don't get much pay. But we hear everywhere the advertisements of this trip on the Volga. Workers of Rus-



WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and There Which Have Inspired Us to Folly or Frenzy

MORONIA.
(The self-styled "world's greatest newspaper" paid \$1 for this.)
Once Too Often.

My girl friend and I work in an office where there are several men. As I have to distribute the mail in the morning I naturally see the men's first names on their letters, so my friend and I, when speaking of any of them, got in the habit of calling them by their first names.

One morning my employer asked me why there wasn't any mail for him. Unthinkingly I replied that Mr. Bob got all the mail that morning.

"Mr. Bob?" he said.
"O, I mean Mr. Farrar," I replied. "My, you two must be getting thick," he said, "calling each other by your first names."

I blushed, that's all. E. C.
—From the "My Most Embarrassing Moment" Department of The Chicago Tribune.

WE WOULDN'T LET 'EM OUT.
"Shyster lawyers have no standing with this body," said Clabaugh, head of the Illinois parole board. "We won't allow them in the penitentiary." — News item.

Out of Range of Christian Artillery.

London.—In a recent religious gathering, Rev. Pierson declared that Jesus Christ is still alive. He is residing on the highest peak of the Himalaya mountains. Rev. Pierson said that Jesus would again enter the world to save the people.—From a news item.

Now You Tell One

"I have never loved any one but you."—Edward G. "Daddy" Browning, 51-year-old Romeo, to Frances "Peaches" Browning, 15-year-old nymph, whose diary gives aid to millions of she-norons.

Free Lecture on the Catholic Rebellion to Be Given Tuesday

Chicago Workers' Party Street Nuclei Numbers 12 and 13, invite all interested workers to a lecture on the subject of "The Catholic Rebellion in Mexico," to be given by Manuel Gomez of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League at the South Slavic Book Store, 1806 South Racine, Tuesday evening, Aug. 24, at 8:30 p. m.

LAST WORDS ON EVOLUTION

By ERNEST HAECKEL

CHAPTER II. THE STRUGGLE OVER OUR GENETIC TREE.

Our Ape-Relatives and the Vertebrate-STEM.

(Continued from previous issue.)
In view of the very great importance of this pithecotheoric theory, we will cast a brief glance at its founders and then summarize the proofs in support of it. The famous French biologist, Jean Lamarck, was the first scientist definitely to affirm the descent of man from the ape and seek to give scientific proof of it. In his splendid work, fifty years in advance of his time, the "Philosophie Zoologique" (1809), he clearly traced the modifications and advances that must have taken place in the transformation of the man-like apes (the primate forms similar to the orang and the chimpanzee); the adaptation of walking upright, the consequent modification of the hands and feet, and later, the formation of speech, and the attainment of a higher degree of intelligence. Lamarck's remarkable theory, and this important consequence of it, soon fell into oblivion. When Darwin brought evolution to the front again fifty years afterward, he paid no attention to the special conclusion. He was content to make the following brief prophetic observation in his work: "Light will be thrown on the origin and the history of man." Even this innocent remark seemed so momentous to the first German translator of the work, Bronn, that he suppressed it. When Darwin was asked by Wallace whether he would not go more fully into it, he replied: "I think of avoiding the whole subject, as it is so much involved in prejudice; tho' I quite admit that it is

that, in my opinion, it is of the greatest importance, not only for the general theory of evolution, but also for psychology, anthropology, and aesthetics.

My own feeble early efforts (1866), not only to establish the descent of man from the nearest related apes, but also to determine more precisely the long series of our earlier and lower vertebrate ancestors, had not at all satisfied me. In particular, I had had to leave unanswered in my "General Morphology" the very interesting question: from which invertebrate animals the vertebrate stem originally came. A clear and unexpected light was thrown on it some time afterwards by the astounding discoveries of Kowalevsky, which revealed an essential agreement in embryonic development between the lowest vertebrate (amphioxus) and a lowly tunicate (ascidia). In the succeeding years the numerous discoveries in connection with the formation of the germinal layers in different animals so much enlarged our embryological outlook that I was able to prove the complete homology of the two-layered gastrula (a cup-shaped embryonic form) in all the tissue-forming animals (metazoa) in my "Monograph on the Sponges." From this I inferred, in virtue of the biogenetic law, the common descent of all the metazoa from one and the same gastrula-shaped stem-form, the gastraea. This hypothetical stem-form, to which man's earliest multicellular ancestors also belong, was afterwards proved by Monticelli's observations to be still in existence. The evolution of these very simple tissue-forming animals from still simpler unicellular forms (protozoa) is shown by the corresponding process that we witness in what is called the segmentation of the ovum or gastrulation, in the development of the two-layered germ from the single cell of the ovum.

(To be continued.)

NOTES FROM IRELAND

(The following notes were gleaned from the Voice of Labor, organ of the Irish Transport and General Workers Union and the Hammer and Plough, a mimeographed organ issued by the Workers Party of Ireland, with our comment.—Ed.)

THE Hammer and Plough tells us that American coal is being unloaded in Irish Free State ports and that the unloading is done by members of the Irish Transport and General Workers Union and also by members of the Workers Union of Ireland, known as "Larkin's Union." The term "blackleg" is applied to the coal dockers. It is regrettable that union men should mine, load and unload coal, when by so doing they help the employers break a strike, but if it is heinous for union men to unload coal intended for consumption in Ireland how much more criminal it is for American and European miners, dockers, and transport workers to dig, haul and load coal for England? And how many times more heinous it is for English dockers and railwaymen to haul coal to the English market while their comrades in the coal fields are fighting for their existence. The Hammer and Plough remarks that the I. T. and G. W. U. is notorious for blacklegging, a remark that indicates more zeal than regard for accuracy. Such wild and woolly charges never serve a useful purpose and should be put in the cannery.

FROm the same paper we learn the following interesting facts: The shareholders of the National Bank Limited will receive \$500,000 in dividends for the first six months of 1926, while more than an equal amount, representing profits made during the

six months is devoted to various purposes. This is not so bad for a poor country with 60,000 unemployed!

THE Free State government sent soldiers and bailiffs to islands off the west coast to collect rates. Their efforts were fruitless as the people had nothing of value that could be taken from them. The sheriff returned the decrees marked "no goods." The peasants are gradually getting acquainted with a national government and learning that there is no difference between it and its predecessor from London. Both are based on exploitation.

THE Workers Party of Ireland held a public meeting in the Rotunda Concert Hall, Dublin to organize a national unemployment movement. The attendance was good. The speaker included Madame Gonne McBride, Mrs. Despard, R. Connolly, P. O'Donnell and G. McLay.

WE learn from the Voice of Labor that the labor parties of the Free and the Northern governments have reached a working agreement. This is an extremely important development. Because of the artificial division of the country into two governments for the benefit of the big industrialists of Belfast, the reactionary land owners, and also to give England a reliable base in Ireland, the workers of north and south have had customs barriers to divide them, in addition to the old bogey of religious prejudice. The labor movement is the only factor in Ireland that will break down the barriers and unite the nation under the banner of a workers' and peasants' government.