

LABOR DEFENSE CO-OPERATION MAKES HISTORY IN STRUGGLE OF AMERICAN WORKING CLASS

The National Conference for Labor Defense held Sunday in Ashland Auditorium, that gave birth to the first great non-parliamentary labor defense organization in the history of American labor, is an achievement that marks an epoch-making step forward for the working class.

Such was the opinion of the delegates to the conference returning home to complete the establishment of the International Labor Defense, they began on Sunday.

The constitution providing for the founding of the "International Labor Defense" as an organization composed of individual memberships and labor collective organizations was passed unanimously by more than one hundred delegates present.

No Discrimination in Defense The delegates represented trade union bodies, workers' fraternal and benefit societies and defense organizations from all parts of the country. They declared in their constitution that the International Labor Defense will serve as a non-partisan defense body for the prosecution and representation by organized capital for expression of opinion or for their activities in the labor movement, regardless of race, color or nationality.

Ex-Class War Prisoners Attend A feature of the conference was the attendance of many ex-class war prisoners who were seated unanimously by the delegates. Among these were Fred Hanson, George, George, Fred, Almeta, Wagonmank, John, and Ralph Chaplin.

Labor Defense Council Dissolves George Maurer, secretary of the Labor Defense Council presented a resolution from the executive committee of the conference, recommending the dissolution of the council and the formation of a new organization, the International Labor Defense, to be headed by a national committee.

Chairman James P. Cannon, secretary of the conference, expressed the gratitude of the delegates, saying "This provides an immediate, material basis and gives to a beginning we are thankful for."

Some Barren of New York submitted a resolution that the International Labor Defense should make special provision for adequate relief for the families and dependents of class war prisoners. It was adopted by a large majority.

He reviewed the history of the wholesale jailing of workers since the beginning of the war and warned the delegates that the struggle will not begin the job of widespread protest it is giving the labor leaders encouragement for more and greater exposure in their movement.

The rallofing to prison of I. W. W.'s and Communists is only a rehearsal for the time when the whole labor movement will be attacked in

almous vote of the body all were made members of the committee. The committee consists of members among others are, Eugene V. Doss, Upton Sinclair, Scott Nearing, Alice Stone Blackwell, Alex Howat, William Z. Foster, Bob White, and the following: Fred, Bob, Dunn, Andrew T. McNamara, Ralph Chaplin, C. E. Ruthenberg, Ellen Hayes, Benjamin Gitlow and James P. Cannon.

High-Time Says Maurer George Maurer, secretary of the Labor Defense Council, said after the conference that the labor movement has made a substantial beginning on a job that should have been done years ago, the uniting of all sections of the working class in a common front national movement in behalf of all class-war prisoners and for the protection of all workers against persecution.

Workers Will Support L. D. Members of the national committee expressed the opinion that the International Labor Defense will be immune from the attacks of the labor centers of the country. The work of setting up the local units of the new organization will be immediate at the meeting of the national committee.

RIFIFIANS DRIVE FRENCH BACK IN DOUBLE FACTORY European Imperialism on Ran in Morocco

PARIS, France, June 29.—The attack of the Rifians has driven the invading French troops back to important places. Even the official French communique from Fex admits that the Rifians have made headway in their attempt to drive the European imperialists from Morocco.

Great Britain, pound sterling 4.85; 11/16; cable 4.85; Belgium, franc 4.53; cable 4.53. Italy, lire 3.53; cable 3.55. Sweden, krona 24.77; cable 24.90. Denmark, krone 16.10; cable 16.72. Germany, mark not quoted. Shanghai, tael 90.00; cable not quoted.

DUNNE TO SPEAK AT ST. LOUIS LABOR LYCEUM ON JULY 5

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—William F. Dunne will speak in St. Louis at a public meeting in the Labor Lyceum, 2714 North Garrison Ave. A big crowd is expected not only from St. Louis but from all over the country.

Debs speaks at the funeral procession of socialist party on July 4th and the Dunne meeting will serve as a first step toward a united and outstanding, revolutionary zeal and activity.

Workers' organizations are declared illegal, thousands of workers and peasants fill the jails, and in many cases the spokesmen and leaders of the workers are murdered without trial. These bloody excesses against the workers are not a mere display of brute force but a deliberate and planned plan for the destruction of the workers' movement.

THROUGH GREYS INTERIOR LABOR DEFENSE

Ex-Prisoners Given Big Ovation by Workers

(Continued from page 1) The audience. Bishop Brown donated \$100 which brought the total collection up to \$182.00.

Workers in Pa. for Defense Andrew T. McNamara told the audience how labor is persecuted by the steel barons of Western Pennsylvania. He said that the labor movement in Pennsylvania. Any man at all who is active in the workers' movement there is not safe.

Bishop William Montgomery Brown was given an ovation and his speech to the workers and delegates present was met with the warmest approval for the bravery and spirit of the courageous old man who was recently expelled by his church because of his attack on the great boss.

When Chairman Doss introduced Gitlow, whose conviction has been sustained by the supreme court, he said that Gitlow is a man of great courage and that he is a man who is not afraid to speak the truth.

The success of the meeting is attested by the fact that although there were two thousand people jammed into the hall and the meeting lasted almost three hours scarcely a person left until the very end.

er to pledge his support to a concerted movement whose purpose is to concentrate the resistance of all those sympathetic to the cause of the workers, in defense of the militants who are singled out or propped together as a target of attack by organized capitalism.

The Truth About China Reaches United States By Way of U. S. S. R.

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH

TODAY, the first revealing light on real conditions in the Chinese drive for national liberation comes by way of Moscow. It is said that the truth has arrived, showing the encouraging facts with regard to the struggle of rising China against her imperialist oppressors.

Already on June 7th, when the American kept press was relating how the strike wave in China was receding, the total number of workers involved in Shanghai had reached 40,000. Two days later, on June 9th, the 150,000,000 workers and peasants of the Union of Soviet Republics were being told the truth, that the number of workers on strike in China had reached 1,000,000.

Thus the Communist press held to the workers' side of the struggle, while all the press agencies of the imperialist world were wildly screaming about the "lives of foreigners" they claimed were threatened in the various possible cities, at the same time seeking by every possible means to minimize the heroic struggles of Chinese labor.

That the "lives of foreigners" were amply protected, while Chinese workers and students were being murdered by the scores, and wounded by the hundreds, was shown by the fact that in the harbor of Shanghai, the American warships in the harbor of Shanghai, with the American warships, 10; Japanese, 5; British, 4; French, 3; and Italian, 1. These brought 4,000 marines to the port, of whom 3,000 were put on land.

Against such an array of imperialist war machines the Chinese workers did not weaken. They stood their ground. But they paid the price. Up to June 17, 42 work-ers had been murdered and 85 wounded, in what the foreign soldiers looked upon as a "sporting ground" for the Chinese.

Then on June 12th came the mighty gas protest gatherings in the city of Moscow itself, the cause of the Soviet Republics, attended by 450,000 people. It was a demonstration of the highest order, the largest ever held in the history of the world.

These world events will only find their working class interpretation, with the facts as to all developments in the Communist press. This must be clear to all workers. If not, it will be made clearer to them with each new day's development.

In China the 6,000,000 proletarians assume the leadership of the struggle of the whole population of more than 400,000,000. It is a struggle with which every worker in the United States must become acquainted. He can begin to do this by reading the Communist press and studying its literature.

By Up Railroad. The Chicago, Gary, Ind., line 29.—The Chicago, Gary, Ind., and South Bend railroad recently completed the purchase of the Chicago, Lake Shore & South Bend railroad for a purchase price said to have been \$4,000,000 flat.

Accident Killing 6 in One Day. Reckless driving of automobiles in Cook county killed six in one day, among them a boy 9 years old who was struck while crossing a street.

bor defense bodies, sets up the INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE for the purpose of fulfilling this mission. The INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE is a non-partisan organization for the defense of all workers for labor defense. It constitutes itself as an eye-ready and ever-ready champion for the defense of the workers' movement.

FIRE AND FLOOD ADD TO CALIF. DISASTER MAKE HAVOC

Santa Barbara Rainfall with Many Dead

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Twenty-seven persons were killed in a fire last night which started in the city of Santa Barbara. The principal cause of the disaster was the heavy rain which fell on the city last night, and the fire started in the city of Santa Barbara.

City Reported Flooded. SAN LUIS OBISPO, Cal., June 29.—The water reservoir is out of commission at Santa Barbara as a result of the earthquake which devastated the city. Five tremors were registered. The Southern Pacific roadhouse was destroyed.

Telephone Lines Down. LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 29.—All telephone lines into Santa Barbara are down. The board of supervisors of Los Angeles county has ordered Santa Barbara county any aid needed. The railroad tracks at Naples were twisted. Oil tanks at Sumner were wrecked, flooding the city with oil. Roads are blocked by slides.

Fire Breaks Out. VENTURA, Cal., June 29.—Fire broke out in the streets of Santa Barbara. The fire started in the city reported here that several houses were in flames. All the houses were broken. The small town of Colton near Santa Barbara was completely destroyed by the earthquake which followed there.

Germany to Drop Carpet Tax. BERLIN, June 29.—A protest against German taxes imposed into Berlin if the German tax on Polish carpets is reduced has forced the German minister here to officially announce that Berlin will give more favorable treatment.

A short story from the workshop: "CARBON CAKES" by Franklin R. Timmins in the July Special An Imperialist Issue of The Workers Monthly

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Defense Conference Unanimously Adopts Stiring Manifesto

berg, Robert Minor, and thirty other Communist workers, with the grand jury for strike activities for "assembling." One hundred and twenty-seven union miners have been tried recently in West Virginia under the provisions of the new act. Injunctions are obtained from the courts now in every labor dispute, big or little, by the class enemies of the workers.

THE recent decision of the United States supreme court in the Gitlow case upholding the conviction of Benjamin Gitlow means that the highest legal tribunal has placed its official sanction upon the so-called criminal syndicalist law on the statute books of thirty-five states. This decision is comparable with the Dred Scott decision by which the supreme court in 1857 upheld the "final sanction" upon chattel slavery. The decision sends Gitlow back to Sing Sing, confronts

workers suffered. Many Negro workers in Hungary and especially in the Balkan and Baltic states, in India, China and Africa, in Haiti, Mexico, Central and South America, the workers are being attacked by the capitalist governments.

Workers' organizations are declared illegal, thousands of workers and peasants fill the jails, and in many cases the spokesmen and leaders of the workers are murdered without trial. These bloody excesses against the workers are not a mere display of brute force but a deliberate and planned plan for the destruction of the workers' movement.

er to pledge his support to a concerted movement whose purpose is to concentrate the resistance of all those sympathetic to the cause of the workers, in defense of the militants who are singled out or propped together as a target of attack by organized capitalism.

UNTIL now, workers' defense has been spontaneous and sporadic. Defense committees have been created hastily as cases arise and have depended on the workers without adequate connections and experience to properly handle them. Widespread publicity often is not secured and the power of the labor movement at large is not mastered for its defense.

The International Labor Defense will organize and lead national campaigns for the release of class-war prisoners, conduct a relentless struggle against anti-labor legislation, and fight for the repeal of all criminal syndicalist, organ laws, anarchy and sedition laws—exceptional measures designed to keep a lid covering to the attacks of the ruling class upon militant workers and the whole labor movement.

The conference sees its work as fraternal greetings to all class war prisoners in America and to all victims of the White Terror abroad. It declares it unqualified to take any part in the release of all class war prisoners. Fight against all anti-labor legislation. Fight against all anti-labor laws.

THIS PAGE

Is Devoted to the Activity and Interests of the Trade Union Educational League (T. U. E. L.) North American Section of the RED INTERNATIONAL OF LABOR UNIONS (R. I. L. U.)

THE T. U. E. L.

Represents the Left Wing of the Labor Movement. Its Purpose is to Strengthen the Labor Unions by Amalgamation of Existing Unions, Organization of the Unorganized, and by Repealing Restrictive and Class Collaboration Policies with a United Program for the Transformation of the Unions into Organs of Revolutionary Class Struggle for the Overthrow of Capitalism and the Establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

WORKERS' WIVES MUST LABOR IN THE INDUSTRIES

By LAURENCE TODD (Federated Press Staff Correspondent) WASHINGTON, June 29. — Coal mines in the United States are generally located at a distance from factories where the women workers are employed. The women cannot keep the homes going for the men who dig the coal, and at the same time have a wide variety of employment offered them in the mines, with which to increase the family income. The only jobs they can get are heavy and ill-paid. Coal company folk are not getting a chance in life.

Take in Washing

It is a depressing story of how the women of the coal mines are taken in. It shows upon the shoulders of wives and daughters. From the \$60,000 women involved in the strike in 1924, it has been found by economic conditions to be a wage earner. Three-fourths of the bituminous miners' wives live in remote places that they can earn money only by doing washing or cleaning, taking lodgers or boarders, or doing some similar work. In the mining community, the women are restricted to this sort of job. Large numbers of the daughters of the bituminous miners are in factory occupations in towns near their homes.

Me Conveniences

Instead of making such necessities as light and water readily available in the miners' houses, the report finds that along with their remoteness and isolation, the women in the miners' homes are singularly devoid of these things. Running water was found in only about one-fifth of the \$60,000 houses situated in 211 communities. Only 3 per cent had a bathtub or shower, and only 4 in 1,000 had inside flush toilets. Running water in the house, it is explained, means, usually, one faucet in the kitchen. Rates for the use of additional faucets, or for attaching a bathtub to the main water supply, are added to another part of the house, were prohibitive. The miner's wife must carry water in a pail from this one faucet to the stove, bathroom, etc. Of the bituminous camps, only 4 per cent had complete sewer systems. Such things as parks, reading rooms, libraries, rest rooms and girls' clubs were almost wholly lacking in the mining communities.

Negro Labor Body Calls Pittsburgh Conference in Aug.

PITTSBURGH, June 29.—The Pittsburgh committee of the American Negro Labor Congress announces its intention of calling a local conference about the middle of August, inviting to it all organizations having Negro members. And between now and the date of the conference will visit all members of the committee, inviting to get delegates to the Pittsburgh conference. The conference will then select delegates to the American Negro Labor Congress to be held in Chicago beginning October 25.

Heart Buy Society Sheet. NEW YORK, June 29.—Town and Country, a periodical read by "people" people, has been purchased by William Randolph Hearst.

Philadelphia, Notice! Weber Printing Co. 360 N. FIFTH STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.

KNIT GOODS WORKERS IN SHARP FIGHT

Show Spunk in Trying to Organize Philly

By LENA ROSENBERG. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 29.—After the Federated Textile Workers Union decided to admit the Knit Goods Workers' Union into their ranks the members of the Knit Goods Workers were now more determined than ever to carry on their organization campaign to organize all the workers in the industry.

A leader was printed and distributed calling a mass meeting of all knit goods workers for Thursday night. When the bosses noticed the leaflet they ordered their workers to work overtime on that night and since the workers are not organized they were afraid to do so. They did come after nine, and those who were not members yet, joined, and showed that they are determined to save union Philadelphia.

The executive committee had a meeting and decided not only to call mass meetings but also shop meetings and thus hasten the building of the union. With the enthusiasm and determination that the workers showed there is no reason why the Knit Goods Workers' Union should not be one of the strongest unions in Philadelphia, especially when the Federated Textile Workers have pledged \$10,000 to help them.

1924, A YEAR OF LOWER WAGES AND FEWER JOBS, SHOWS FEWER STRIKES WITH FEWER STRIKERS

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press Staff Correspondent) A decrease of 18 per cent in the number of strikes and lockouts in 1924 as compared with 1923 and of 15 per cent in the number of workers involved in such disputes reflects the uncertainty as to the future course of business conditions. Faced with a world-wide shortage of capital to give old-time prosperity with full employment both employers and unions appear willing to maintain some sort of industrial truce.

Australasian Labor Boycotts Morgan's Fleet

Protest Imprisonment of U. S. Unionists

By W. FRANCIS AHERN. (Federated Press Staff Correspondent) MELBOURNE, Australia. (By Mail).—Speaking on behalf of a million or more people in Australia the Melbourne Trades Hall Council has issued a manifesto calling upon the Australasian workers to refrain from any trade with the United States in connection with the visit of the American fleet as a protest against the action of the United States government in holding radicals in slavery.

Strong for Amalgamation

There is no question of the strong sentiment in this organization for amalgamation of all textile unions. In the past negotiations were carried on with the United Textile Workers Union (A. F. of L.) for the purpose of uniting their forces. These negotiations came to an end because the U. T. W. officials announced that they wanted to swallow the A. F. of L. instead of having a real amalgamation based on the wishes of the rank and file.

PLASTERERS "REPLY TO" UNION BRICKLAYERS—AND VICE VERSA; BUT BOTH DODGE AMALGAMATION

By CARL HAESSLER (Federated Press Staff Correspondent) The jurisdictional struggle between the Plasterer and the Bricklayer international unions which is interfering with building operations all over the country has settled into a long range fight for publicity since the negotiations in Washington broke down.

TEXTILE UNION IS STRONG FOR AMALGAMATION

No Officials Are On Permanent Payroll

By TOM BELL. (Special to The Daily Worker) RIDGEFORD, Me.—(By Mail).—The tenth annual convention of the American Federation of Textile Operatives opened here in Loom Fitters Hall with 55 delegates representing 22 unions attending. The membership of the A. F. of L. is not affiliated with the union, which is about 10,000.

The 1924 convention of the Bricklayers held at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., was called to order by the local organization and urging the amalgamation of the Plasterers and Bricklayers International Unions. The Plasterers in 1924 had 35,000 members showing an increase every year since 1918 when they had 19,000. The Bricklayers have remained stationary in membership since 1918 and the Plasterers were organized in 1862 and entered the American Federation of Labor in 1908.

RELEGATE FOSSIL LAMPTON TO THE MUSEUM IN LOS

"Acquaintance" With Bosses Not Popular LOS ANGELES, Cal. June 29.—At the recent election of secretary-treasurer for the Los Angeles county district council of carpenters, the incumbent, Fossil Lampton, has apparently been defeated as he is not on the list of candidates of four candidates, Blair from San Pedro. As the 19 out of 29 delegates in the membership has in its collective wisdom decided that Lampton, the typical class collaborator, pleaded for re-election on the grounds that he had gained knowledge, experience and made acquaintances among the bosses which would be of great value to the carpenters provided he was continued in office. Just how it all worked out is not known to anybody but himself, he very conveniently forgot to explain.

Says Negro Has No Hope of Rise in Business World

The Negro Champion, official organ of the American Negro Labor Congress, is in receipt of a letter from a Negro in New Bedford, Mass., who stated: "We believe in the unity of all workers as a matter of principle." Today the ceremonial opening of the convention was gotten over and for the next two days the convention will plunge into real business.

Automobile Production

The department of commerce announces May production of motor vehicles as 332,714 passenger cars and 43,203 trucks, of which 364,935 passenger cars were made in the United States, and 18,351 were produced in Canada.

Tell other Workers what happens in your shop

Write a story and send it to the DAILY WORKER. Order a bundle to distribute there.

CHICAGO NEGROES WILL MEET TO PLAN LABOR CONGRESS

The local committee of action for Chicago's Negro Labor Congress is arranging for a large Negro labor conference to be held the latter part of August. The conference will be made up of delegates from the many local Negro labor unions and will employ its organizational strength in promoting the American Negro Labor Congress which is to convene beginning Oct. 25.

WHAT IT MEANS TO HAVE T. U. E. L. LEADERSHIP

A Little Bigger Saves Old Worker His Job

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 29.—The importance and the effectiveness of shop committees under the leadership of T. U. E. L. militants was demonstrated in the Royal Upholstering shop when the boss, Mr. L. West, refused the chairmen of the shop, Dave Milgram, to refuse to give work to an elderly worker, J. Park, on account of his age. West insisted that Park was too old and should be sent to an Old Age Home. Milgram, who is the chairman of the shop as well as the chairman of the shop committee of the Upholsterers' local union, immediately called a meeting of the workers in the shop, of whom there are about 25, and explained the character of the boss's recommendation that Park be instructed to start no discrimination against any workers and that Park be sent to an Old Age Home and who has given up his life and energy enriching the Royal and other upholstering companies.

GERMANY HARD ON WORKERS WHO DEMAND RIGHTS

A necessity to Clean Prisoners Refused BERLIN.—In the first months of the year 1925, in the "freest" republic of the world, 272,126 men and 1,640 women were sentenced to 666 years and also months of prison and three to death.

Food Prices Rise

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29.—The retail food index issued by the U. S. department of labor this week shows a rise of 1.2 per cent in the index of labor and statistics shows that there was an increase of about one-half of one per cent in the retail cost of food in May, 1925, as compared with April, 1925. The index number (1913 equals 100) was 150.8 in April, and 151.6 in May.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent off their dental work. DR. RASNICK DENTIST

BOOKS TO READ ON IMPERIALISM For a better understanding of this subject of great and growing importance to the worker. IMPERIALISM, Final Stage of Capitalism.....15 Cents By V. I. Ulanov (Leah) STATE AND REVOLUTION.....25 Cents By V. I. Ulanov (Leah) IMPERIAL WASHINGTON.....25 Cents By R. F. Pettigrew. OIL AND THE GERMS OF WAR.....10 Cents By Scott Nearing. DEBTS OF CAPITALISM.....35 Cents By V. I. Ulanov. THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

...G JUDGE... MISSES CASE AGAINST "REDS" Didn't Break Law But Made Him Very Sore

(Special to The Daily Worker) DETROIT, June 29.—The case against Alvin Karpis and John Edwards, who had been addressing a meeting under the auspices of the Young Workers League on the streets of Hamtramck Wednesday, June 17th, was dismissed with great reluctance by Police Judge Matlewski.

SOVIET UNION PAYS RED ARMY COMMANDERS LESS, SOLDIERS MORE, THAN IN CAPITALIST COUNTRIES

MOSCOW.—(By Mail)—Peoples Commissary Frunze, head of the Red Army of the Soviet Union, has issued the following statistics: The Red Army is \$39,000 strong. The pay of a Red soldier is one rouble and 30 kopeks a month, under the care it was 50 kopeks and in France it is 60 kopeks. Thus the pay is fairly high in the Soviet Union, excepting of course the pay of mercenaries.

But the opposite is the case with the pay of commanders. The commander of a squad receives in the Soviet Union 15 roubles a month, in France 87 rubles, in Germany 61 rubles, in Poland 76 rubles and in Great Britain 211 rubles.

The commander of a company receives in the Soviet Union 63 rubles, in Germany 84 rubles, in France 110 rubles, in Poland 116 rubles and in Great Britain 214 rubles a month. The commander of a battalion receives in the Soviet Union 61 rubles, in Germany 114 rubles, in Poland 160 rubles, in France 185 rubles, and in Great Britain 488 rubles.

The commander of a regiment in the Soviet Union 85 rubles, in Germany 163 rubles, in Poland 211 rubles, in France 211 rubles, and in Great Britain 614 rubles.

The commander of a division receives in the Soviet Union 110 rubles, in Germany 230 rubles, in France 321 rubles, in Poland 323 rubles, and in Great Britain 1,690 rubles. The salary of the commander of the Red Army is about 30 per cent of the salary of the officers of the former czarist army.

The following example shows the condition of the catering for the army. The daily food of the Red Army soldier contains 3,013 calories, in the Russian army 2,711 and in the Polish army 2,717 calories.

15 Fishermen Die When Ocean Liner Cuts Boat in Two GLOUCESTER, Mass., June 29.—Nine survivors of the fishing schooner Rea, which carried fifteen persons to death when lashed aliced in two by the big ocean liner Tuscan, were aboard the liner today enroute to New York.

The dead, all of Gloucester, were: Captain Thomas Downey, Austin Firch's ten year old son, Charles George Johnson, Joseph Smith, Angus McDonald, Angus Smith, Clyde Larkie, Samuel Tridder, Charles Goodick, William Turner, William Reed, Archie Hill and two unidentified men.

The bodies lay in the Danquerron or Quoro Bank, where the big liner struck the fishing vessel. Several of the crew were killed in the wreck, including Captain Downey, whose body was picked up by the Tuscan. He was one of Gloucester's best known fishing captains.

OUR DAILY PATTERNS A STYLISH YOUTHFUL FROCK A POPULAR STYLE FOR A BOYS SUIT

Illustrations of clothing patterns for a girl's frock and a boy's suit, with descriptive text and prices.

CALVIN COOLIDGE IS LIKE ROBIN HOOD Tightfisted Towards The Poor—Generous To Rich

By LELAND OLDS. (Retributed from the Industrial Editor) Tightfisted toward the poor but exceedingly generous toward the rich is the policy of President Coolidge, as shown in two statements issued a week apart regarding the financial policy of the government.

When advised by the tariff commission to lighten the cost of living for every household in the land by cutting the sugar tariff one-half cent a pound Coolidge answered that the government could not spare the \$40,000,000.

"Money must be found to meet the appropriations by the representatives of the people. It is estimated that the tariff support duty yielded the national treasury last year \$135,099,106 out of a total revenue from all imports of merchandise \$461,231,889.

But when asked by his multimillionaire secretary of the treasury to lighten the rich man's tax burden by including the surtax (extra tax) on unearned income Coolidge suddenly decided to increase the surtax from 10 to 15 per cent.

The \$200,000,000 treasury surplus exceeds the entire revenue derived from sugar by \$85,000,000. It amounts to five times the proposed reduction in the sugar duties.

The \$182,000,000 collected by the government from its duty on sugar means at least \$216,000,000 taken from consumers. The additional \$90,000,000 paid to the government by the sugar profits thru the arbitrary price the tariff enables them to charge for sugar produced in the United States and its possessions.

This fact makes the sugar duty an extremely anti-social source of government revenue. For it burdens the people out of all proportion to the returns the government gets.

The joy with which the sugar interests hailed the president's favoritism toward the sugar trust is not surprising. The dominant beet sugar concern expects as a result of continued government protection. According to the Wall Street Journal, the stock of the Great Western Sugar Co. has been bought on the belief that the directors will either increase the present 25 per cent dividend or declare a 25 per cent stock dividend.

In twenty years the company has paid \$19,373,000 cash dividends on its \$115,000,000 preferred stock and \$83,000,000 on common stock which represents no real investment at all. Shares of common were given away as a bonus to the purchasers of preferred.

In other words, this company which Coolidge is so anxiously protecting has paid cash dividends totaling \$72,373,000 on an investment of \$115,000,000. In other words, the company which has accumulated \$133,000,000 undivided profits which amount to more than two and one-half times the original investment.



BUILDERS AT WORK TODAY IT IS ALL OVER

Second Annual Daily Worker Sub Campaign Close.

Today is the day. Three months of active Communist building of securing subs to the DAILY WORKER to lay a basis for future Communist growth, is now ready for a check-up.

The count will be taken, the extent of the building job estimated, new and old methods in use reviewed and those builders and building locals who have made outstanding contributions will be pointed out.

Get a Bundle of the July 4 Issue! See what your local and Builders have done—and distribute this Special Anti-Imperialist issue, with many features to fight imperialism on its mobilization day of July 4.

In the Second Annual Sub Campaign

On Saturday, June 27, these new subs were received and are included in the total: MILWAUKEE, WIS.—John Haydn, M. Veiting, Mary Parsonahok.

Look Out for the Milwaukee Steamroller!

A. Overgaard, sub-district organizer for Milwaukee, reports Red Work results aplenty. Read this letter of warning to the Milwaukee Leader: "Look out for the Milwaukee steamroller. We are out to fill our quota before July 1. We expect to send our subs from now on in bunches. All branches are active this week following the example of the party has distributed copies to during Red Week. We expect even bigger results later, and the Milwaukee 'Steamroller' is going to get a good race.

Our Readers' Views

What It Means to be a Miner. TO THE DAILY WORKER: The workers in the mining industry in which a great number are engaged can only look on at scientific progress made daily. All these improvements are exploited by the bosses to bring more profits for them. But none is used to make the mines more safe.

Years ago there was the cherry mine disaster. Today we still witness victims of the neglect of the operators in Kentucky, North Carolina, Illinois, Indiana and in all coal producing localities. These deaths are inevitable under capitalist rule. They happened yesterday, they happen today and they can be depended upon to happen any day in the future so long as the system of exploitation of workers continues.

Here in our locality, not to mention the "yellow" belt, the operators the so-called mechanical leader has thrown off approximately 350 men two men have replaced them. Then the "yellow" belt, the operators have introduced a another measure to further strangle the miner. No Protection from Operators' Greed. Today when a miner applies for a job at the mine he must first fill out a blank which contains a long list of question to give the company a clue to his former activities. After the bosses pry into his past thru their investigation bureau, and they satisfy themselves that he is not enlightened enough to be class-conscious he is given a chance to slave for a miserable wage and live in fear of being laid off.

NEW ZEALAND WORKERS HOLD UNITY MEETING

Conference Unanimous For One National Body.

By W. FRANCIS AMERN. (Special to The Daily Worker) WELLINGTON, New Zealand, (By Mail)—The open conference sponsored by the New Zealand Alliance of Labor to bring about unity and amalgamation among the various working class groups in New Zealand took place at Wellington on April 11; and was attended by delegates representing unions and federations throughout the country. The conference was unanimous in the opinion that the industrial workers of New Zealand should establish one national industrial organization which would determine the policy of the organized wage-workers of New Zealand. It was pointed out that the men on the job were being unity and were determined that it should be established.

After a lengthy discussion, the conference arrived at the following resolutions: (1) That a group of industrial workers of New Zealand should establish one national industrial organization which would determine the policy of the organized wage-workers of New Zealand. It was pointed out that the men on the job were being unity and were determined that it should be established.

(2) That the group department of the Trades and Labor Councils be allowed representation locally on industrial district councils and nationally on the national industrial council of the N. Z. Alliance of Labor according to its constituted membership.

(3) The Trades and Labor Councils shall be responsible for all affiliation fees to the Alliance of Labor, similar to other departments.

(4) The Trades and Labor Councils to render the N. Z. Alliance of Labor every assistance to organize the unions and associations of workers on these councils on the lines of such and industry in order that such workers may be grouped into their respective industrial departments as laid down in the method of organization of the N. Z. Alliance of Labor.

(5) The Alliance of Labor to accept in affiliation national federations of unions as units of industrial departments.

Meet up Deeds Step Schools. School superintendents and principals have been asked to attend the convention of the National Education Association, which is conducted by big business. A few teachers are also delegates.

Big Treasury Surplus. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29.—The federal government will have a surplus at the end of the fiscal year next Tuesday of \$245,000,000.

AMERICAN NEGRO LABOR CONGRESS CALLS FOR FUND

The American Negro Labor Congress is conducting a \$100,000 fund drive. The national committee has begun its organizational work in the southern states having sent out expert organizers penetrating every corner of the Negro southern population. The national committee feels assured that \$10,000 will be able to inaugurate the program.

The provisional committee for calling the American Negro Labor Congress realizing that the Negro has nothing to sell but his labor power is carrying on a two-fold fight, first to show the Negro workers the advantages of joining and second, to force the unions to admit Negro applicants.

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