

THE DAILY WORKER
RAISES THE STANDARD
FOR A WORKERS AND
FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

THE DAILY WORKER

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CHINA - STRIKE TODAY

MORE TROOPS SENT TO CRUSH STRIKE OF NOVA SCOTIA COAL MINERS WHO FIGHT WAGE CUT

HALIFAX, N. S., June 14.—Striking miners at Cape Breton are digging in for a protracted warfare with the troops that have been dispatched to quell the strike, according to dispatches from the trouble zone.

More troops will be sent to Cape Breton, and a mounted corps is being held in Quebec province in readiness to proceed if ordered.

Tried to Cut Wages.

The strike which developed from a lockout by the British Empire Steel Corporation (Besco), and the shutting off of credit at the company stores in order to force the miners to accept a ten per cent wage cut, turned into open warfare last Wednesday night after the killing of a striker by company gunmen.

William Davis was the striker shot dead when the mounted gunmen opened fire against pickets of the United Mine Workers. Gilbert Watson, also a striker, was shot thru the stomach. His condition is serious. Driving off pickets, the company forces tried to start up the power house supplying various mines. Mobilize For Battle.

The pickets retired to the baseball park where they were joined by hundreds of miners from nearby collieries. Meanwhile the police and gunmen in the station had fortified their position with barred wire entanglements.

By noon 2,000 miners had gathered. They marched from the park to the (Continued on page 4)

AS WE SEE IT
By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THINGS are humming in China. The 400,000,000 exploited Chinese are beginning to make themselves heard and felt. Perhaps one of Woodrow Wilson's famous fourteen points made a stronger impression on them than was expected. That is the right of nations to determine their own destiny. It's a good idea provided that those who have the whip also have the will. The Chinese are beginning to prove they have both.

ARTHUR BRITAIN drops a little paragraph of consolation to the Chinese republic. It seems that the Chinese masses have a special grudge against the missionaries, and now that their blood is up the missionaries are likely to get in a little more with their Lord quicker than they expected or desired.

BRISBANE is in the least rightabouted. He says: "However the missionaries stand their ground and meet the consequences of their own actions, the power which they represent can at any moment save them and overwhelm the enemy by the almighty might of their own missionaries." They will probably sing the version of "Nearer My God to Thee," which has as a second line: "Worse Luck for Me" when they see the Chinese coming with everything else on their lips but prayers, and anything in their hands but bibles.

EVEN the capitalists press find it difficult to dress up an excuse for making war on China. The only one to be found. Warships of all capital powers are shelling Chinese cities. The Chinese are being retailed. Some American missionary or gunman will lose his life and then the hysteria will be worked up. The movie houses will throw pictures of diabolical-looking Chinamen on the screen and the Nordics will see yellow. But China will be worked up. The movie houses that it was not so easy to induce the patriotic Nordics to fight "the beast of Berlin" until the red bear is shot, as dangerous an opponent as the Klingling wrote about. And much more so. Britain is mainly responsible for (Continued on Page 4)

HOOVER STARVES ALASKA INDIANS

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Herbert Hoover, secretary of commerce, has favored the Armour and other big canning interests in their monopoly of Alaska fishing, by closing 27 bays along the coast to the fishing whereby the Indians live. Only the trust fleet has equipment for deep water fishing. Traps set by the fleet now take the fish that come from these bays and rivers, while the Indians go hungry. Small canneries on shore are closing down for lack of fish. Hoover is saying, in public speeches, that he has "saved the Alaskan fish."

It is reported that one of the trust traps, left unguarded last autumn, caught 150,000 fish, which died there—enough to operate the largest independent cannery served by the Indians for an entire season.

ARREST 17 IN PARTY FIGHT FOR SPEECH RIGHTS

Workers Aroused Over 'Small Biz' Complaints

The fourth round of the free speech fight being conducted by the Workers (Communist) Party of Chicago for the privilege of speaking on the corner of W. North Ave. and Orchard St., resulted in the arrest of seventeen comrades Saturday night.

While Thurber Lewis was talking the first cop here into view and put him under arrest. Manuel Gomez jumped on the box and was summarily pulled down by the same officer who took both "prisoners" away to call the wagon.

All Schapp spoke until the wagon came, when she by one speaker close to get pulled down in the following order: William F. Kruse, Max Schachtman, Nat Kaplan, Harrison George, David Bernard and Karl Kitchell.

After these were loaded into the wagon, there was still room for six girls who were singing "The International." These were Natalie Gomez, Gertrude Welsh, Catherine Polishuk, Elsa Bloch and Ida Eckels who were crowded into the wagon with the rest. As the wagon pulled about to get turned around for the station, the crowd cheered and sang. The workers pressed their indignation by lusty boos as the wagon pulled out.

What's more, the crowd refused to go home. There was a shortage of ball money and no more speakers were available. But the crowd stayed. Shortly the wagon returned. After dispersing the crowd, the cops were tipped off by a stool pigeon that "Bill" had the ball money. He was nabbed. Thurber Lewis, who with Manny Gomez had lost the top who first arrested them, was also pointed out and taken along with two others who had the misfortune to be near him. Dunne had raised over a thousand dollars in the crowd for ball.

The seventeen were held until twelve o'clock and released on a thousand dollars bail to appear in Chicago Ave. Police Court this morning.

These meetings on the same corner have witnessed arrests in the last few weeks. Saturday night's affair has aroused the workers in the neighborhood and the police.

The street was blocked for four curbs by a great cheering crowd. It has developed that the North Side Business Men's association is instigating the arrests.

WALL ST. TURNS LASH ON CALLES RULE IN MEXICO

Kellogg Demands More Complete Submission

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MEXICO CITY, June 14.—The note of Secretary of State Kellogg warning the Calles government that intervention will be withdrawn, unless American property and lives are protected, has set off all strikes and agrarian movements.

Calles seemed amazed, as he has "done everything possible for protection of foreign investments in Mexico," his government officials pointed out.

Sequel of Oil Strike.

The note is a sequel to the demand of the Standard Oil company that Calles send troops to break the strike of the Tampico oil workers, which Calles readily agreed to do. Phelan, in his recent visit to Mexico, conferred with Calles and demanded that more aggressive action be taken against the Communists.

The note, which says definite orders to the Calles government, furnishes one more demonstration that Calles is the servant of the Standard

BRITISH LABOR PARTY SPLIT ON QUESTION OF IMPERIAL PREFERENCE

LONDON, June 14.—Signs of a division of the labor party forces that may lead to a split, is seen by the vote in the house of commons Friday evening on the question of imperial preference.

A labor amendment to the general bill proposing to postpone operations of the clause dealing with tobacco, wines and dried fruits, was voted down by 277 to 23, with 20 laborites voting with the conservatives.

World Imperialism in China



Get the hell out of the way! His honor, the Ambassador, is taking a stroll.

COMMUNISTS HAVE BOOTH AT DENVER LABOR CENTENNIAL

The Workers Party here will have a booth at the Labor Centennial which thousands of union men will visit during the week of June 14 to 21 at 5th and Broadway. Copies of the DAILY WORKER will be given away free and literature will be sold. In order to encourage others we ask you to visit our stand and patronize it. Get your tickets for the Labor Centennial at 1407 Arapahoe St. This ticket admits you to the circus.

On June 21 we shall have a picnic near Morrison at which Ella Reeves Bloor who is hiking across the country for the DAILY WORKER will be the main speaker. Tickets are only 10 cents. If you furnish your own transportation, if not we shall furnish such for 50c difference. If you wish transportation leave word at Bank Store, 1407 Arapahoe St.—W. DIETRICH, secretary.

Oil companies, and that Mexico is a colony of the United States. One of the demands of the Coolidge government is that the movement of the Mexican peasants, who are charged with appropriating the large estates of the Americans, be destroyed, and the land be returned to the American capitalists.

Seek indemnity for U. S. Citizens. The note demands that "The Mexican government restore property illegally taken, and indemnify American citizens."

"A great deal of property has been (Continued on page 2)

Canton Is Taken by The Revolutionists

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PEKING, China, June 14.—That the upheaval of the Chinese nation is not a passing wave of angry masses without hope of accomplishment, but is becoming a permanent historical event of the greatest world importance, is seen in the crystallization of national feeling throughout all China. On Monday a nation-wide general strike to last one day, with parades and memorial meetings for the dead will paralyze the region. The continued bitter strikes and growing demonstrations spreading everywhere, the unity of commercial and military elements with the students and workers against imperialism—especially Great Britain—the new tone of mastery in sharp notes sent by the government to foreign powers, the moving of Chinese troops to areas of conflict and the victory of the Kuomintang armies at Canton over the mercenaries who were hired to rob with British and French money—all prove that China has set foot on the path of revolution which may or may not stop with hour-long national independence, but is certain to tear away the foundation of western imperialism.

Feng Threatens War on England

The new spirit of national revolution was voiced by the most powerful ally of China, General Feng Yu-shiang, at Kalgan, where—addressing a great mass meeting—he openly threatened war on England unless apology and indemnity for the murder of the Shanghai strikers and students at Hankow were granted by Britain. General Feng frankly warned that the present army of China is to be reformed with as few troops as equipment, trained and able to be fearless and will force the imperialists scattered before them when they conquered China under the Ching dynasty.

General Feng directly commands approximately 120,000 troops, and the most powerful military influence in the Peking government which is in formal authority over the rest of the Chinese armies.

The Peking government yesterday handed another and stronger note to the British legation describing the Shanghai and Hankow shootings of Chinese and British troops as "inhuman," declaring that murder of eleven Chinese civilians and two Chinese policemen at Hankow was directly the work of British troops. "Bee," stating that China will make demands for full redress when damage sustained and demands that the British legation immediately order all British consulates in China to prevent further attacks on Chinese by British troops and civilians.

Even Students Men Parade Streets. The members of the Peking chamber of commerce went onto the streets yesterday for a demonstration, about 1,400 of the commercial leaders of the capital city, parading on their way to the office of the minister for foreign affairs, where they urged the government to press relentlessly for satisfactory settlements of the Shanghai and Hankow murders.

This, in connection with the one-day (Continued on page 2)

SUSPENDED I. L. G. LOCALS PLANNING MASS MEETINGS

Sigman Has Trouble in Borrowing Money

By EARL BROWDER.
(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK, June 14.—Mass meetings of Ladies Nos. 2, 4, and 22 of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union are called for Tuesday night at Cooper Union, Manhattan Lyceum and Wood's Hall. Three local societies have officially denounced the order for the suspension of the three locals from the Joint Board as illegal. The general secretary of the International is in constant consultation with William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor who appeared with Wood's at the Union House celebration yesterday.

The International Bank refused a further loan to Sigman yesterday. He finally secured a loan of \$12,000 from the Fancy Leather Goods Workers Union. The bank accounts of the locals ordered suspended have been arrested, this being the first action of the general office following suspension.

STARTED IN FEDERAL COURT. WE CAN HELP IMMEDIATELY TO EXTENT OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. No question as to ample financial aid from mainland sources.

The original sentence of the court martial gave Crouch forty years and Trumbull twenty-six years at hard labor, the main count against them being that they organized the "Hawaiian Communist League." It was charged that this was an illegal organization on the ground it was not chartered by the Governor General of the territory. The fact is there was at no time more than seven members in the so-called league and there was no pretense made of secretiveness. The court martial was a fraud from beginning to end. The court deliberated less than half an hour and (Continued on page 2)

HERE'S BIRDSEYE VIEW OF BIG DEVELOPING EVENTS THROUGHT CHINA
Twenty-four hour general strike through China Monday.
Feng Yu-shiang, army commander, threatens war on Britain.
Peking Chamber of Commerce urges action against Britain.
Peking government sings out Britain in sharp note.
Canton recaptured by Kuo Min Tang from mercenary Yuanneese.
Chinese troops, 2,000 strong, arrive at Shanghai.
Kiangsi railway center, scene of anti-British and anti-Jap riot.
Japanese trying to lay blame for upheaval on England.

RED SOLDIERS TO ENTER COURT FOR FREEDOM
Crouch and Trumbull Assured of Support
Attorney Patterson is to start action in the federal courts immediately to make the two soldiers out of the jurisdiction of the military authorities on the ground they were illegally sentenced to military prison in Hawaii, for expressing radical views. They write that on May 27th they had a consultation with Geo. W. Wright, secretary of the Central Labor Council, who brought with him Mr. Fred Patterson, an attorney of Honolulu, who Wright secured to care for the case.
Support Assured
The Communist leaders write that several hundred dollars are needed at once to start the action. They enquired as to the possibility of raising money on the mainland for the defense. Geo. Maurer, secretary of the Labor Defense Council sent the following cable immediately on receipt of the letter: "LETTER RECEIVED. HOPE ACTION CAN AND WILL BE

DRAG OUT OLD LAW TO CONVICT YOUNG COMRADES

NEW YORK, June 14.—The two young comrades, Frank and Fredman, who were arrested before May Day for distributing circulars of the Workers League against the strike students in the high schools have been found guilty. The court dragged out an old law, called the "dragnet provision." This law covers everything that other laws do not. It holds persons who act "contrary to the public peace, or seriously disturb the public peace," guilty of a heinous offense. It is a very flexible law, and allows the judge to act as he pleases in interpreting it.

The Problem of Getting the News

THE weakest side of the Communist press is undoubtedly its information side. We are not concerned with the question whether or not the news its working class readers well or badly informed in the journalistic sense. We are not concerned with the question whether its methods of disseminating information are up to date. But the fact remains that in point of actual information we are weak, even in our own country. There are, however, we have but few qualified correspondents at our disposal, our press is financially weak, depends heavily upon the capitalist press. It is unable to share the wages of corruption which form the main source of income of the bourgeois and social-democratic press.

Information referring to the Soviet Union, and overcomes incredible difficulties in the determined effort to fulfil its task. But for news from all other countries we are dependent on the bourgeois telegraphic agencies. These bourgeois news agencies which represent a general rule the most reactionary of capitalist groups, are under the control of the governments, or are frequently staff more directly. This is the case in England, where the Reuters agency is complete in control; the Soviet African diamond fields and gold mines, and of the groups of capitalists possessing large interests in India. It is the case in France, where the Havas agency works hand in hand with the right wing of the bloc national.

Information from abroad is thus furnished by news agencies under the control of either reactionary capitalist groups or their governments. In both cases the news agencies are influenced and inspired by the policy of the governments and foreign policy. There is no need to point out the effect this is bound to have on the nature of the information imparted. Facts are passed over in silence, misrepresented, exaggerated, in accordance with the requirements and interests of the government and ruling groups concerned. Even in Marx's lifetime this was so much the case that he was able to write in a letter to Engelsman that the capitalist press of today is capable of creating legends and myths within a few weeks or months. And the up-to-date legends of the capitalist press are as well adapted to supporting the interests of the up-to-date ruling class as the legends of the ancient and medieval times were adapted to maintaining the interests of the rulers of those days. Midgees are represented as elephants, and elephants as midges, according to requirements.

THE list is sufficient evidence that this organization spreads its ramifications all over the world. All these news agencies are contracts with one another. On the terms of these agreements these agencies "exchange" news with one another, each agency reserving the right in the first place of refusing to publish certain news, and secondly of having news whose publication and dissemination appear of special importance circulated, accompanied by a special notice, at the expense of the agency. In actual practice this agreement means that the Wolff office, Reuters, Havas, Stefani, etc., remit to Germany, England, France, Italy, etc., only such news of Russia as the Tsarist and the Japanese authorities wish to be published, and whose publication does not run counter to the interests of the governments of the countries concerned. The formula, standpoint, and journalistic political treatment of events is left to each individual agency. Thus we learn nothing about Japan except what the Japanese government wishes us to learn, and that in a form and elucidation which appears desirable to the Japanese government.

What have we to do? It would be exceedingly simple to issue a slogan. We must have our own Communist organization, Communist telegraphic agency. But every prerequisite is lacking. At the present time our press cannot raise the money required by such an organization and we must not have a weak course of course strive towards the final goal of a Communist news service. But we shall not attain this goal all at once. The following suggestions may be made for transitional measures to the workers. The comrades working up this material for our newspaper must themselves be thoroughly informed on questions of foreign policy. Otherwise we may continue in the future, as in the present, to permit our Communist press to act as a channel for the propaganda of bourgeois governments.

Every party must begin at once with the organization of an inland telegraphic agency. This is necessary support on the labor movement of the country. The parties must coordinate their telegraphic services, and the large parties must endeavor to send reporters to the more important areas of the neighboring countries.

These measures here proposed are by no means exhaustive, and do not represent the final word on the subject. We must have more concrete plans and ideas. We must have more concrete plans and ideas. We must have more concrete plans and ideas. We must have more concrete plans and ideas.

THE Donkubors are persecuted by British police. VICTORIA, B. C. June 14.—Here is a story which is cold-blooded cruelty. In the incident which the poet Longfellow immortalized in *Prangeline*, it did not happen in Bulgaria but here in British Columbia under the protection of the Union Jack, the flag that is reputed to stand for the liberties which the pirate empire holds in trust for all those who come under her jurisdiction. The Donkubors, a religious sect, opposed to war, settled down in British Columbia. Because they are pacifists and objectors against bloodshed or violence of any sort, they refused to send their children to the government schools. The police braved the fact that killing in behalf of the ruling class was highest form of virtue. In retaliation for their refusal to send their children to the government schools, the police burned the Donkubor offices, took all their books, papers, safe and other office equipment. They seized the child ward's year's supply of wheat that was stored. They seized all the possessions of this pacifist sect and put them up for auction. The auction cost \$12,000. An automobile worth \$500.00 was sold for \$33.00. In all \$20,000 worth of property went under the hammer for \$250.00.

DOUKUBORS ARE PERSECUTED BY BRITISH POLICE

Pacifist Sect Robbed of Their Property

Police Without Mercy Here is an account of a letter written by a Donkubor to a radical in Victoria: "When the police were taking the flour and wheat a lot of men and women begged the police to leave their bread; to have pity on the children and not to leave us without bread, but the police did not care how they treated the women and children. They all knelt and cried and prayed for the police to pity them, but the crowd of 200 men were held to make them act fearfully. "Our people asked them not to take the seeds that were set aside for planting. The police replied by beating them savagely, with whips and sticks. One woman was hurt so bad that she was taken to the house unconscious and she is still in bed. She also very badly and many were bleeding from their heads. And now good friends we write you, the exact truth, and ask you to come to our aid. "There is a valuable lesson in the treatment accorded to the Donkubors by the capitalists of British Columbia. Those unfortunate people were late Vancouver to break the latest longshoremen's strike in that port. The Donkubor did not know what it was all about, so they scabbared and served the master class well. And what is their reward? The foregoing story is the answer.

LABOR DEFENSE COUNCIL CALLS FOR "RALLY AGAINST REACTION" JUNE 28

The principal order of business at the last meeting of the Chicago Conference for Labor Defense and Relief was the arrangement of a rally against reaction protest mass meeting for June 28, to culminate the national conference of all labor defense organizations which meets the same day. The prominent speakers at this meeting, among them being Bishop William Montgomery Brown, the "red bishop of Ohio," author of "Christianism and Communism," Bishop Brown is probably the best known rebel churchman in the world today because he has figured in several heroic trials for his beliefs. He has also only recently in Ohio. He has been always supporter of every working class cause and will take part in this great unity effort.

Big Victory on Economic Front in U. S. S. R.

WAY back in 1920, while the young Soviet Republic was being attacked on all sides by the capitalist robbers of the world in a desperate attempt to destroy the workers' and peasants' government, the Poles invaded the Ukraine. They captured the capital, Kiev. But like all the other foreign invaders they were unable to remain. Being driven out and almost annihilated by the victorious Red Army.

From which the city was getting its food supplies. Up until the end of 1924 there was no possibility of rebuilding these bridges to the Ukraine. There was no money to spare for such an enormous construction, and no machinery on hand for such a task. In November, 1924, they began to work on the reconstruction of the main bridge. The work was divided among the different mills and foundries of the city.

They began to construct first the needed machinery for the works, obtaining some of it from other Russian cities. It was quite a big job, but they did it. They "Americanized Bolshevism" as one of the workers expressed it. They worked two shifts and had three shifts. About a thousand workers participated in all. It took them about nine months to do it, but they learned nothing about Japan except what the Japanese government wishes us to learn, and that in a form and elucidation which appears desirable to the Japanese government.

Bosh bridge, named after a famous Ukrainian revolutionist, Eugene Bosh and the Russian bridge. On May 20th, thousands of workers and peasants from the nearby villages came to the bridges to celebrate the official opening. The fact that the school, and other organizations sent their delegations and banners to the celebration. Representatives of the government and army participated. Congratulations were read from the central government. Speeches were made by representatives of the workers who participated in the construction of the bridge.

SEND IT ON A CERTAIN southern community of the state has been the first to put an emphatic in its criticism of the character of the commercial motion picture, and equally insistent upon the need for a camera. The local film exchange was much surprised when one of the church organizations in this town sent a camera to the exchange. They were told that this film represented the "dem-mon-don," and that it was "hardly suited for church purposes."

LABOR DEFENSE COUNCIL CALLS FOR "RALLY AGAINST REACTION" JUNE 28

Other business taken up at this well attended and enthusiastic meeting in the city today because he has figured in several heroic trials for his beliefs. He has also only recently in Ohio. He has been always supporter of every working class cause and will take part in this great unity effort.

BUILDERS AT WORK IN NEW YORK

THE Hungarian Yorkville branch of New York pledge that it will secure at least sixty new subscribers for the DAILY WORKER during Red Week. This news is joy brought in by the wide awake DAILY WORKER agent of that branch, Comrade Szepesi. If every New York branch will follow the splendid example set by these Hungarian comrades then the circulation of the DAILY WORKER in New York will double next week.

The Workers Who Bossed the Job

Another monument to the triumphant struggle of Soviet Labor. The workers of Kiev have won one more splendid victory on the economic front. Our congratulations to the Kiev comrades!

English Branch in Boston Aids T. U. E. L. with Picnic Funds

WORCESTER, Mass.—The English Branch of this city at its last meeting decided that twenty-five per cent of the receipts from the picnic to be held July 19 would be sent to the Trade Union Educational League. This action was taken on the initiative of the letter sent to the branch by the district office instructing all branches and C. C.'s to arrange an affair for the basic determination of educational League.

AS SURE AS DAY OR NIGHT FOR THE REVOLUTION

The development of proletarian writers proceeds with the growth of the Communist movement. In this development the Little Red Library offers unequalled opportunities. All subjects of working class interest can be covered: social and industrial problems, history, philosophy, fiction, poetry and art... the field is well-nigh unlimited.