

THE DAILY WORKER
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FOR A WORKERS AND
FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

THE DAILY WORKER

NOV 22 1924
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Communist Candidates
For President:
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.
For Vice-President:
BENJAMIN GITLOW.

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WORKERS DEFEND LEGION SPEAKERS AGAINST BIG WAR GRANTERS

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.
NOT since Albert B. Fall, and his friendship for Edward L. Doheny the oil magnate lit up the political atmosphere of America with a glare which could be seen the length of Coolidge, Daugherty, Denby and other prominent republican officials, taking their share of the precious oil cake, has such a man-sized sensation broken from its moorings as the recent story of how Ramsey MacDonald took the biscuit. It is true that great events sometimes cast their shadows before and it was thus with MacDonald's contribution to the safety of nations.

BEFORE the real sensation was sprung the capitalist press broke the news recently. It was reported that Ramsey MacDonald invented a considerable sum of money and a his suit manufacturing concern. Where did he get the money? That was the question on every lip. Then the answer. Sir Alexander Grant, a friend of MacDonald's being concerned over the premier's health and the fact that he had to ride in the subway, offered him an automobile and to make sure that Ramsey would not run out of gas, endowed the automobile with \$150,000, which invested in Sir Grant's crater factory would bring in an income sufficient to purchase gasoline, tires and everything else that an automobile uses.

CHARITABLE people would accept this explanation without shaking their heads, sticking their tongues in their cheeks or sticking their noses against the right side of the nasal appendage while moving the other fingers fan like in the vicinity of the nostrils. But it appears that the English are not charitable, they are quite generous. To prove the latter, they allow Mr. MacDonald to draw four salaries. One as a journalist and writer of books on socialism; another as a member of parliament; another as prime minister and still another as premier for foreign affairs. But the charity may be related to generosity it would seem that in this case the relationship was not recognized.

MR. MACDONALD, in order to escape from the feldt atmosphere of the London subway was obliged to accept the offer of a friendly wish of his good friend, Alexander Grant, millionaire biscuit man. Four salaries cannot support a man decently in London as an unemployed dockerman can tell you, so when Mr. Grant, later on "Sir," asked Ramsey MacDonald that was cold of him and if he still had that upper lip of his, he should be shot, and Mac replied that his throat was getting dusty, the biscuit man gently hinted that he would take steps to take his ideas into effect, and where the foul air is everything but beneficial to wheezes and coughs.

IT took great courage for Alexander, to make the suggestion, for everybody knows what a hard customer a social-democratic-prebysterian-Scottish-ite is in an attempt to get the word on him without due process of law. Alexander, however, was a friend of his so he made bold to approach the premier and in the following language expressed his ideas into him: "Ramsey, old pal, you are a socialist after my own heart and the way you are making it into the following language: 'The Communist Manifesto' is pleasant to my sense of (Continued on Page 6)

PRODUCTION IS SLOW; WAGES, JOBS FALLING, BUT CAL STAYS QUIET

(By Federalist Press.)
WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Business is still slowing down, and jobs are becoming more scarce. Leading manufacturers of locomotives report that in an attempt to conserve they shipped 129 locomotives and had orders unfilled for 361, for August, 1924, as contrasted with 272 locomotives shipped and 497 orders unfilled in August, 1923.
August production of pig iron, this year, was 1,891,000 tons, and on August 1923, was 1,922,000 tons. Steel production, this August, was, in tons, 2,542,000 tons, as against 2,696,000 tons last August.

FOSTER SAMS DEFENSE DAY AND GEN. DAWES

Cal's Head Like Wall Street Dictaphone

By JOSEPH MANLEY, Campaign Manager, Workers Party.

That the Communists are the only real opponents of capitalist war, and its consequent slaughter of the workers, was amply demonstrated at the enthusiastic gatherings just held for our presidential candidate, William Z. Foster, in the cities of Elizabeth and Newark, New Jersey.

Both of these meetings held just preceding Coolidge's Defense Day aroused great interest and crystallized the anti-capitalist war sentiment in both of these places. The "democratic" government of New Jersey was well represented at both of these meetings by large details of our Grant's crater factory.

Foster was in fine trim, especially at the Elizabeth meeting, he flayed Coolidge and his "Defense Day." He said: "Coolidge's quick change of front in calling the original Mobilization Day, Defense Day, illustrates the calibre of the man. His one-cylinder intellect responds only to the wishes, dictates and desires of his Wall Street masters."

"Why all the mobilization for 'Defense Day'?" he asked. "Where is the great and powerful enemy with battleships, poison gas and armies, to attack the United States?" Separated as we are from both Europe and the Orient by thousands of miles of ocean. The "enemy" whom Coolidge wants to mobilize against are primarily the workers of America.

"This great display of military force has several objects. To outrage and intimidate the workers at home; to prepare for the slaughter that will result from a war precipitated by the backers of Coolidge and Dawes, to collect the 'red' money and to collect the profits; or a war caused by their racial struggle for supremacy in the world markets. This whole scheme of mobilization is a farce, it is the running mate of Coolidge's so-called warrior, who never fired a shot, and who stayed safely far behind the domestic front last world war, a Brigadier General."

"The only war he fights in is a class war for his own class, the capitalist class. He fights to surround himself in luxury with an attempt to use of horded language, against the reds and organized labor. In Illinois the domestic front the Pacific organized the Minute Men of the Constitution."

Dawes, Financial Tool.
"One of their chief objects is to fight the 'red' money and to collect the profits. Banker Dawes, president of the Illinois Trust Company, is an unscrupulous and demagogic champion of the domestic front the Pacific organized the Minute Men of the Constitution. This American republicanism will require the use of force to fasten upon the American folk around the throats of the German workers; just the kind of capitalist force that you are asked to portray in the present Mobilization Day. The next international imperialist war is the war of 'Defense' which Coolidge and Dawes are attempting to rally the American workers to."
"All the talk about the yellow menace and the question of Japanese immigration is a false issue. The real issue behind this political American screen is the struggle of American imperialism for the markets of Asia and the domination of the Pacific."
Poster dealt in an equally virile and ruthless manner with the other candidates, Davis and LaFollette. He said: "They may come from West Virginia, but it is a long time ago. He's 'from' West Virginia all right. Part of the (Continued on page 3)

LA FOLLETTE AN ENEMY OF LABOR!

EDITOR'S NOTE—This week Senator LaFollette leaves Washington and starts on speaking tour in support of his presidential candidacy. His first meeting is scheduled to take place at Madison Square Garden, in New York City. THE DAILY WORKER, speaking the Communist message in this campaign, will show how LaFollette is the enemy of the workers and farmers, as much as Coolidge or Davis. Here is our first message, directed to the workers of New York City, in this fight:

The Workers and LaFollette

THE great fraud of the 1924 election is the "Labor" endorsement of LaFollette. It is the same deceit against the workers practiced in every country by the small business class, the petty capitalists, to get by false pretenses the help of the working masses in futile political struggle to uphold big capitalism to little capitalism—an attempt to reverse the evolution of productive forces by "busting the trusts."

This is not to benefit the workers, but to give to small business the chance of sweating the workers now sweated by big business. But LaFollette and his kind are not strong enough to fight big business successfully, so they speak lying words to the working class, making promises to get workers' support.

Listen to Barron's Financial Weekly, a banker's paper, tell how LaFollette acts: "LaFollette takes ten times as radical as any act. Unless you check the Railroad Valuation Act, one of the best things that ever happened for the railroads—as radical, his name is identified with scarcely a single measure that truly goes to extreme."

In fact LaFollette's chief supporters are bankers. A lumber baron named Stephenson won his start years ago. Now Frank Vandana, once President of the National City Bank, backs him. Rudolph Spreckles, the sugar king, owner of Hawaiian plantations where strikers last week were murdered by the dozens and arrested by hundreds, backs LaFollette. As LaFollette to denounce this massacre.

LaFollette's machine, "The Wisconsinist" for thirty years, and he says it is a "model commonwealth." Ask LaFollette why his machine in the Wisconsin Legislature in 1923 defeated the following bills: For 8-hour day on public works; for 8-hour day on state printing; for one day rest in seven; for shelter of railway shop workers for unemployment compensation; for old age pension; for a general 8-hour day in factories; to abolish private detective agencies. Ask LaFollette, too, why, the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor, right this year, meeting on July 15-18, 1924, said of LaFollette's state legislature: "No recognition has been given labor. Labor was encouraged, but finally ignored." Ask LaFollette! Ask him if it is not a fact that today, in the national election, "labor is encouraged" only to be "finally ignored."

Another strong LaFollette backer is W. T. Raleigh, a patent medicine millionaire who, in his factories at Freeport, Illinois, fights the unions and upholds the "Open Shop." Ask LaFollette about this "friend of labor."

LaFollette rails at "monopolies." Ask him why Daniel Hoan, now mayor of Milwaukee, a socialist who wrote a book on LaFollette called "Failure of Regulation," said, "Not only were trusts not prosecuted while LaFollette was governor, in spite of the statute 'Section 1791-j,' but when Attorney-General Morgan of Wisconsin tried to irritate some of the big trusts with fines and dissolution orders, LaFollette, then a senator, hurriedly left Washington to defeat Morgan for re-election."

In LaFollette's "model commonwealth" in which image he promises to make the whole United States, the average wage is only \$91.69 per month, while in the whole country the average wage is \$95.00. Ask LaFollette if the things labor wants its wages reduced to the Wisconsin level!

In LaFollette's "model commonwealth" only 31.3 per cent of the workers have an Eight-Hour Day. In the country as a whole, 48.6 per cent have the Eight-Hour Day. Ask LaFollette if the will lengthen the work day throughout the United States!

In LaFollette's "model commonwealth" nearly a thousand more children are working than in New York state which has four times the workers. Ask LaFollette why he hasn't stopped Child Labor in Wisconsin!

LaFollette has praised the fake "labor government" of England. Ask him what difference there is between Prime Minister Ramsey MacDonald, who sold a baronetcy for \$135,000 worth of stock owned by Sir Alexander Grant, and the Workers Party and the Young Workers League during the noon hour and elsewhere between the morning arrival and the evening departure. The workers will mark their ballots for any one of the four candidates so that an idea can be obtained as to the preferences of the capitalist class in the shops.

The Workers Party will follow up this campaign with special editions of THE DAILY WORKER to be handed out free. Comrades are needed to help in this work and should get in touch with the local office, 166 West Washington St., Room 307, or phone State 7985.

Push the Workers' Straw Ballot!
For the first time in the country a straw ballot of workers will be taken by the Workers Party of Chicago on the preferences of the employees of Chicago's industries in the presidential race.
The biggest establishments, of every kind, have been chosen and at least 25,000 ballots will be distributed for the duration of the drive of nine days. The various factories and plants will be covered by members of the Workers Party and the Young Workers League during the noon hour and elsewhere between the morning arrival and the evening departure. The workers will mark their ballots for any one of the four candidates so that an idea can be obtained as to the preferences of the capitalist class in the shops.
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Push the Workers' Straw Ballot!

FASCIST MEET WITHOUT ATTACK U. S. ACTIONS

Criticism Is to Be Kept On the "Q. T."

(Special to The Daily Worker)
ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 15.—There will be no criticism of the shameful treatment accorded veterans of the World War by the United States at the convention of the American Legion, just opened here.

Mussolini There.
That is the tenor of the speech made at the beginning of the first session by General Frank T. Hines, director of the Veterans' Bureau of the United States Government.

Hines Lays Down Law.
"You and I know very well that there is at one time something amiss in the Veterans' Bureau," General Hines said, "that until lately there was always something considerable wrong with the administration of soldier relief. The roots of the trouble lay far back in the beginning when these government agencies were hastily organized under stress of actual warfare."

"There are rumors," continued the general, "that attack will shortly be made upon the Veterans' Bureau. Publicity and propaganda campaigns which are under way to drag out the mistakes of the past and so to vitiate it. It is the duty of the fathers upon the children of the third and fourth generation.

"No one set of men, it seems to me, can be trusted to remain on the shoulders of any other set the whole responsibility for the conditions which prevail."

This foretelling of all criticism of the government's amazing record of treachery to the young men who laid down life and limb and health to fight for a non-existing democracy at the keynote of the entire convention.

A Valueless Convention.
Nothing of any value to the workers who were conscripted into the late war and from this convention. Undoubtedly some kicks will be made about the fake bonus, so-called, which was slipped over on the veterans, and which they are bound to be nothing but an insurance plan. But the American Legion has outlived any reason that it may have had for existence for the soldiers or for the capitalists. It is only form in which it may continue, or be resurrected is as an aid to any fascist actions that the masters of the nation may attempt to control it at the top may see fit to take against the workers in the event of the latter making any move towards wiping out of the system that brings misery to them.

They Have a Good Time.
The annual conventions are used by the delegates who come to the city as the time when they have a cracking good time at the expense of the United Act, anti-gambling laws, the modesty of girls and women on the streets, and the general law and order. At the last convention in Kansas City, the delegates included in a veritable orgy of "law breaking." Girls were insulted on the streets, the town was at shot up, cops were beaten up for interfering with crap games in the hotel lobbies and alleys were littered with the drunken bodies of ex-convict henchmen.

It is said that precautions are being taken against a recurrence of the same thing at the present convention.

ATTENTION NEW YORK WORKERS PARTY! BE AT DISTRICT OFFICE

(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—All members of the Workers Party are especially urged to be at the district office of the party, 208 E. 12th St., Thursday, September 18, at six o'clock sharp. This is extremely important and no comrade should miss the meeting.

SPAIN SIMPLY WON'T QUIT MOROCCO; PUT ON NEWS CENSORSHIP

MADRID, Sept. 15.—Reports that Spain is preparing to evacuate Morocco as a result of the continued offensive by the Rif tribesmen, were formally denied by the direct office today.

Spanish troops have cleared the Tetuan-Tangier road as far as the international line.

Communications admitted further retirements by the Spaniards. Several advanced garrisons were recalled.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Spanish authorities have placed a severe embargo on all war news from Morocco, said a dispatch from San Sebastian to the Daily Telegraph today. Comment upon Moroccan operations has been forbidden upon pain of court martial.

LABOR IN NEW JERSEY FAILS SILK STRIKE

Federation Convention "Talks" at Injunction

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 15.—The New Jersey convention of the American Federation of Labor concluded a four days' convention here and in spite of the fact that the strike of the Associated Silk Workers is the most important labor event in the state during the past three years, this convention completely ignored it.

A committee was appointed by the strike committee of the Associated Silk Workers to secure co-operation of the New Jersey Federation of Labor convention in the fight against the injunction.

The Usual Red Herring.
When the committee appeared at the convention, a number of delegates spoke in favor of co-operating in this fight. The officials in charge of the convention in a majority of cases were in favor of it. It was some time before they could organize their forces to meet the situation brought about by the appointment of the committee from the strikers.

Finally, Delegate Isaac Young, of Paterson, representing the United Textile Workers of America, made an intelligible harangue asserted that (Continued on page 6)

G. O. P. SENATOR MAIN SPEAKER AT MACHINIST MEET

(Special to The Daily Worker)
DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15.—The convention of the International Association of Machinists was opened here today by Frank X. Martell, former revolutionary of the pure water and now a close associate of the president of the International, William H. Johnson.

He introduced Judge Jeffries as a friend of labor, in spite of the fact that the honorable judge is still a respected while in Detroit. Judge Jeffries, on behalf of the Detroit Federation of Labor, lauded the anxious delegates that if they were brought up before Judge Jeffries in Detroit, they would be treated right."

There was a strong appeal to the delegates who felt that they might be prevailed upon to inaugurate a strike in the amber fluids Martell's reference to Jeffries is an indication as to how far this particular "friend of labor" will go to treat the people workers with leniency.

May Peake, the president of the (Continued on page 2)

HAWAII SUGAR SLAVES CLAIM BETTER WAGES

Dept. of Labor Knows Nothing About It

By LAURENCE TODD (Federal Press Staff Correspondent)
WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Scores of Filipino strikers on the sugar plantations of Hawaii have been shot down by company gunmen and police, and hundreds more are crowded in jails, because these workers were not satisfied with wages ranging around a dollar per day.

The U. S. Department of Labor, conciliates division, knows nothing about the affair, and its spokesmen direct all inquiries to "write to the Governor of the Territory" for information.

Gomper's Investigators as Usual.
After a brief study of the list of casualties in this latest skirmish between some two years ago the labor, and hunger, and the gunmen and police, equipped with riot guns and rifles, the American Federation of Labor of special commission, paid by the investigation in Hawaii. Cabled requests for immediate action are being sent to affiliated unions in Honolulu.

Some two years ago the labor department sent John Donlin, president of the building trades department of the A. F. of L., and four other men as a special commission, paid by the Hawaiian territorial legislature, to investigate and report upon the question—is the existing supply of plantation labor in Hawaii sufficient? The commission found that the Filipinos who numbered 25,000 or more, and the Koreans, who had mustered some 150,000 men, were virtually the backbone of the Japanese workers, were sufficient, with the Japanese, to operate the plantations.

Filipino Organize.
When the Japanese realized that they had been beaten, despite their strong unions, in the fight for a living wage in the sugar industry, many thousands of them turned to the strike of the Filipinos, and discovered that they were better off than when serving the sugar kings.

The Filipinos, at the bottom of the economic scale, began to organize, and about a month ago many thousands of them went on strike for wages equal to those already paid the Koreans. The strikers were virtually beaten by local and territorial officials, inaugurated a reign of terror, according to reports sent here. Strike leaders were virtually beaten in their homes; strikers were forbidden to approach them; all meetings were forbidden; guards were given orders to shoot at any strikers who might approach them.

The first result of this outlawry by the sugar kings has been the murder of 29 strikers, and wounding of a great number, and the jailing of hundreds, while widows and children are distracted with grief and fear. Scarcely a day goes by without a new massacre in Rockefeller's suppression of the Colorado coal strike of 1913-14 are reported. Racial antagonisms, cultivated by the territorial officials between the Japanese, Koreans and Filipinos, have kept the strike from becoming general.

DEFENSE DAY; FREE ADVERTISING; THREE CHEERS! DEFENSE DAY!

(Special to The Daily Worker)
SOUTH BEND, Ind., Sept. 15.—The parade here on Defense Day was a farce. There were only about 150 people in the parade, and these included children. Autos were prominent in the parade. In them sat the fat, well-fed business men of the town, who were howling that they are in a chance for free advertising in the horizon.

NEGRO WORKER MADE TO SCAB BY EXCLUSION

Ask West Va. Labor to Open Books to Negro

(Special to the DAILY WORKER.)
WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 15.—A scathing attack on the trade unions of West Virginia for excluding Negro workers from membership was made by Thomas Edward Mills, Negro, of the Bureau of Negro Statistics of Charleston, at the 17th annual convention of the West Virginia Federation of Labor held here last night.

"Negroes do not want to work in non-union shops, on non-union jobs or on jobs where other men have walked out on strike," Mills told the delegates. "By refusing to take them into your organization you force them to work against you. Were every labor union in West Virginia to open its rolls to Negro workers you would see the Negro strikebreakers disappear entirely in a very short time."

The consideration of a candidate for the office of president of the Federation is being given much of the convention's time. W. F. Harris, the present president, has been charged with the task of making a report on the organization's financial condition. Ramsey Mackay, former president of Dist. II United Mine Workers who resigned because of a request from John L. Lewis giving way to appointed president in Southern West Virginia, is being asked for the office of secretary. Opposition, in fact it is understood that practically all locals from the Wheeling district and a number from other parts of the state have threatened to withdraw from the Federation if Keeney is elected. Among the other names mentioned for the presidency is that of Ned Sims of Wheeling.

Mother Buries Babies.
LAKEWOOD, N. J., Sept. 15.—The grand jury will meet in Tombs River tomorrow to consider the case of Mrs. Elizabeth Saubers, charged with burying her newborn babies in the woods near here at Forked River. Police will start on a hunt to discover whether or not this attempt to kill her last child was the first. Mrs. Saubers had done the same thing. Her husband, according to his story to the police, believes that she buried at least two previously born babies in the same manner.

Holds Field For Blackmail.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 15.—Three private detectives faced one to five years in prison each and fines of \$100 for blackmail on someone passed by Judge Collins in criminal court. They were Robert P. McElroy, superintendent of O'Neil Detective Service; Chas. Haselberg and Frank Corliss, operatives, the latter recently sentenced to thirty days in Louisville for assault and battery in connection with the kidnaping of a Chicago man by a jealous husband.

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Our Candidates

- FOSTER'S DATES**
PARRO, North Dakota.—Friday, September 19th, 8:00 p. m.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Monday, September 22nd, 8:00 p. m.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Masonic Temple, Tuesday, September 23rd, 8:00 p. m.
TACOMA, Wash.—Eagles' Hall, Wednesday, September 24th, 8:00 p. m.
ASTORIA, Ore.—Saturday, September 27th, 8:00 p. m.
PORTLAND, Ore.—I. O. O. F. Auditorium, 10th and Salmon Sts., Sunday, September 28th, 8:00 p. m.
BERKELEY, Cal.—High School Auditorium, Tuesday, September 30th, 8:00 p. m.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—California Hall, Turk and Larkin Sts., Wednesday, October 1st, 8:00 p. m.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Friday, October 3rd, 8:00 p. m.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—Unity Hall, 138 So. 2 East, Sunday, October 6th, 8:00 p. m.
DENVER, Colo.—Auditorium, Curtis and 14th Sts., Tuesday, October 7th, 8:00 p. m.

GITLOW'S DATES
 Comrade Gitlow, candidate for vice-president, will address meetings at the following places:
GARDNER, Mass.—Wednesday, September 17th, 8:00 p. m.
WORCESTER, Mass.—A. O. H. Hall, Trumbull St., Thursday, September 18th, 8:00 p. m.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Hermerson's Hall, 158 Crown St., Friday, September 19th, 8:00 p. m.
BARTFORD, Conn.—Educational Alliance, 27 Windsor Ave., Saturday, September 20th, 8:00 p. m.

ARRIVAL OF FLIERS IS CAUSE OF EXCITEMENT AMONG ALL THE MORONS

The heralds of American Imperialism in the form of the great night fliers, reached Chicago to-day amid the blowing of whistles. All sorts of preparations are being made to receive the pilots of America's "victory" in right royal order and it is expected that there will be a real hot time in the old town tonight.

Thousands of morons are gathering at Maywood, where the fliers will land, in order to get a glimpse at the red-blooded American member of the Tery party, appear to make matters worse instead of better. Close friends of the premier advised MacDonald to keep his mouth shut and give the confounded thing a chance to die. But there is hardly a billboard in the city that does not carry a headline celebrating the arrival of the detail connected with the troublesome kit.

Grant Story Funny
 Had the story of MacDonald's sudden good fortune been one of plain and vulgar graft, while it might have created a storm of anger among the betrayed workers, an element of unconscious humor which is present in this case would be lacking.

"Taking the bludge from now on will be understood as accepting a bribe or participating in graft. The alleged fight made by MacDonald against acceptance of the gift is commended as derisively and writers of headlines are straining their ingenuity in framing the smuggest comment on MacDonald's behavior in getting financial pursuits in a ludicrous light.

The following are samples: "Mac's Car Drinks a Good Deal," "Walt Doherty 'Treated' Dons," "Takes Thirty Thousand Pounds To Keep His Throat Quenched," "Dough Makes Biscuits," "Ramsey Marked Dough."

Strange Bewellows
 The Communists are calling attention to the points of similarity between the generosity of Edward L. Doherty, of American Detroit, B. F. member of the Harding cabinet and that of Sir Alexander Grant to James Ramsey MacDonald. Doherty is a democrat, Sir Grant is a Tory while MacDonald is a socialist. Political grafters are something that exist in every country. The union section of the British labor movement is furious and demands the premier's political head. The Communist Party is calling for class struggle and calling for closer collaboration with the bourgeoisie have helped to kill his reputation as a worker. This exposure helps to put the tin hat on him as a working class leader.

MILITANT YOUTH UPHOLSTERSERS FIGHT FOR UNION

(Special to the DAILY WORKER.)
BOSTON, Sept. 15.—A general strike of upholsters was called for by militant youth for the purpose of organizing the "open shops."

Three hundred youths, comprising the militant youth of the union, have established the 40-hour week, with a scale of one dollar per hour, in the organized shops. The youth are trying to establish the same terms with the bosses operating what are now "open shops."

Wheat Drops in Price.
LEWISTOWN, Mont., Sept. 15.—The old truck of wheat at a 500-point drop in price on the market and a big drop in the price as soon as he starts to thresh a new crop, has again been reported. The price of wheat at the figures of the local market that spring wheat dropped 2 1/2c, winter 15c and durum 22c in a month, an average drop of 19 1/2c per bushel.

Catch Coin Counterfeiter.
MADRID, Sept. 15.—Police today arrested five counterfeiters making five pound Algerian notes. The plates were confiscated.

\$2,500,000 DAMAGE AND 6 DEAD IS TOLL IN CALIFORNIA FIRE

MONTEREY, Cal., Sept. 15.—The one of the most terrible fires in California, and popular beach resort, today was under virtually martial law as a great fire which already has burned for 24 hours, has taken \$2,500,000 in property damage and 6 lives.

Military authorities at the Presidio took charge of the situation when after a fourth great explosion, the oil fire, started by a bolt of lightning, which has been raging for 24 hours, spread into New Monterey and burned six homes.

Soldiers who have been on the fire line since early yesterday, and civilians terrified by the explosion of erecting dikes across all streets and other possible channels through which the burning oil liberated by exploding on the rocks, are being kept out of the town.

"The whole population of the town spent the night on the hills fringing the bay, fearful that another gas-like explosion might blow a fire-rain upon the town and destroy it."

MACDONALD IS HARD PUT TO EXPLAIN GFT

"Endowed" Auto Keeping Mac's Tongue Busy

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The repeated attempts of Ramsey MacDonald, socialist premier of Great Britain, to explain away the gift of \$150,000, the Daimler car from Sir Alexander Grant, millionaire bleuch manufacturer and member of the Tory party, appear to make matters worse instead of better. Close friends of the premier advised MacDonald to keep his mouth shut and give the confounded thing a chance to die. But there is hardly a billboard in the city that does not carry a headline celebrating the arrival of the detail connected with the troublesome kit.

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G. O. P. Senator Main Speaker at Machinist Meet

(Continued from Page 1.)
 Women's Auxiliary of the machinist union, stated that the women have organized a new labor union.

After the favorable impression that is usually created by the speech of a woman, Dennis' address to the revolutionary who was recently subjected to a severe drubbing in his race for the legislature in the republican primaries, was met with opposition from the Detroit local. This is more of a symptom of Dennis' willingness to be beaten into line by the reactionaries than it is a sign of the collaboration standards of the infamous Baltimore & Ohio "get-together" plan.

Millionaire Couzens Speaks.
 Johnston then took the chair. He immediately introduced the million-aire sensation from Michigan, James H. Couzens, who spoke on the subject of labor legislation. The report of the resolution committee, which is in charge of all the resolutions proposed by the meeting delegates and locals and the right wing, will begin this afternoon. It is expected that a number of resolutions will be taken up. After the chief issues before the convention, to be emphasized by the militant bloc in the power struggle, will be the amalgamation of the organization of the unorganized and the question of independent political action, which will come up for action. A hot battle is expected on the subjects of the B. & O. plan and amalgamation of the metal trades unions, due to the reactionary position of the officialdom on the subject.

An indication of the attitude of intolerance towards the militants and any form of trade unionism, was shown in the news boy of the DAILY WORKER was summarily ordered to leave the convention hall.

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ARREST DETROIT BOYS FOR FIGHTING WAR DAY, THEN TURN THEM LOOSE

(Special to the DAILY WORKER.)
DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15.—Twenty members of the Young Workers' League were arrested by the police as they were handing out the anti-Militarism day leaflets published by the Workers Party and the Young Workers' League.

The police swooped down upon the workers as they were distributing leaflets from door to door. These stalwart upholders of law and order, with their revolvers holstered, demanded to see the leaflets and found nothing seditious until one of them discovered the name of Trotsky. They tried to convince the youth to the station where they were given a lecture by the sergeant who tried to convince them that they should spend their time to better advantage and suggested that one of these comrades, a Norwegian by birth, should be arrested. But after the examination to determine whether he could afford to let them loose without any great danger to our society, bootleggers, grafters and oil scoundrels, the sergeant asked whether they were against the ultra-rightist revolution. He was answered in the negative, he said: "You better not, I am a German myself."

The workers were then released and will of course, continue to carry their fight against militarism and spend the message of Communism to the workers in Detroit.

CHANG'S TROOPS MOVING SOUTH ON NIPPON RAILROAD

Tokio Fighting U. S. On Chinese Policy
PEKING, Sept. 15.—The troops of General Chang, war lord of Manchuria, are moving south over the Japanese South Manchurian railway. Tokio declares this is merely a matter of logistics and has no political significance. Nevertheless, it is significant that the United States and Britain are reported to be supporting Wu Pei Fu and that the French support the Chinese Chang forces with armored cars.

Japs Against Fu.
 Japanese papers give considerable publicity to news articles hostile to Wu Pei Fu. Headlines suggesting that the ousting of Wu Pei Fu is necessary to the peace and stability of China are common in the Tokio press.

Wu has not made a real start yet, but once he does, the fat will be in the fire and a first rate civil war will be on, involving the whole of China.

U. S. Fascist Elements Meet in Gathering of the American Legion

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

TODAY, the American Legion, organization of Fascist elements gathered from among veterans of the recent world war, opens its Sixth Convention in St. Paul, Minnesota.

Reports say that St. Paul is ablaze with color. Every business house has been decorated. The Legionnaires have been given the freedom of the city.

It was only three short months ago that the June 17th Convention of the National Farmer-Labor forces gathered in the same city. There was no blaze of flags on the main streets. The business houses were not decorated.

Instead the newspapers were openly hostile, even the so-called "labor" sheet, the Minnesota Star. At one point it was threatened to drive the convention from the Municipal Auditorium, thru the use of the police, if not the militia. It was even voted about that the farmers and workers, striving to build a class party of their own, would be driven from the city or thrown in jail.

But the farmer-labor forces were striving to make progress for labor. They were planning to build a liberating Workers' Power. They were seeking emancipation from war-breeding, hate-creating capitalism. For that reason the forces of capitalism fought them.

Capitalism opposes progress. It worships those who fight its wars. That is why it is showering its hospitality on the American Legion meeting in St. Paul.

Morrow Krum, in the Chicago Tribune, today, tells of the invasion of St. Paul by the friends of the Fascist, Charles Dawson, republican political candidate. It reads like the reports in thumbnail form, of the hysterical American press, in telling of the German invasion of Belgium in the early days of the war in 1914. Morrow Krum says:

"It may be reported frankly that St. Paul has been a bit apprehensive of the Yanks' convention. Things have been said. Parents are being urged to keep their children away from the convention, the young women operators have hoped they would be permitted to go home early.

"This night before the opening of the convention is a bit different from that at the Kansas City and New Orleans meetings. There are no six o'clocks in the local hotels at present. If cups have been flowing, there is little evidence of it."

But the gathering of the Fascist Legions is just starting. There is plenty of time yet. Drunken mobs of the friends of Vice-President Candidate Dawes will yet parade the streets, committing the many crimes that only drunken, cowardly mobs can be guilty of. The craven defenders of things as they are always turn in mobs, whether they wear the hood and cloak of the Ku Klux Klan, or the badge of the American Legion.

The cups will be filled to overflowing. The dice games will run 24 hours a day in all hotel lobbies. Communists will be denounced in speeches and resolutions on the convention floor. The women and girls of the working class, on the streets, will be insulted and worse, as they have been in previous years in the cities where the Legionnaires have set steady met. Soviet Russia will be scourged in varied denunciations with the slanders that super-pay-triots always call to their aid in the absence of facts.

The annual report of these American Fascisti proudly proclaims that, "We have been unrelenting in our campaign against revolutionary radicalism."

Some so-called "labor leaders" may be expected to precipitate themselves into this mess of capitalist hoodlums, in order to give a "labor" atmosphere to this annual bacchanal.

"Make George L. Berry, head of the Printing Pressmen's Union, is an annual attendant at these affairs. He has even tried to win the job of leading the organization. He had the Legion support in his drive for the vice-presidential nomination in the democratic convention at New York City. But his democratic affiliations, and his endorsement of the Davis-Bryan ticket will not prevent him from hob-nobbing with Mr. Dawes.

Sam Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has also been a regular visitor at these affairs. He has come to own the government of the city.

The American Legion is not a rank file organization. It has some Henry Dubs rank and files, but it is officer-controlled. It is run from the top. It is with this sabre-rattling, goose-stepping soldier officialdom that Gompers would link up the American Federation of Labor.

It is well for the workers, as the American Legion gathers, to remember the denunciation of this organization, in resolutions adopted at the Second General Conference of the Trade Union Educational League. The Legion is denounced as having engaged, since its formation, in opposing strike movements, and various other anti-labor activities. It is shown to have given abundant evidence of hostility to the aims of trade unionism, and of loyalty to the big employing interests which finance it so liberally.

It will be remembered that last year the American Legion invited Benito Mussolini, the bloody Fascist dictator of Italy, to give the opening address at its convention. But Mussolini was too busy fighting to his tottering power at home.

Mothers may fear for their daughters in St. Paul, during the days ahead, that a result of that city is that they will be invited to join the Legion. That is an imminent danger.

But a broader menace faces the whole working class. Labor's growing power confronts a standing threat from the great robber interests as long as this Fascist menace exists. Labor can best fight this menace now by making war upon any effort to ally the American Federation of Labor with the American Legion.

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"As for LaFollette he says he will 'hust' the trusts. You New Jersey workers know very well that the Standard Oil company of New Jersey is stronger and wealthier than ever. It is more unscrupulous toward its workers than at any time in its history. You know that the Standard Oil was to be broken up by the Sherman anti-trust law. A law proposed by Sherman, the former friend of LaFollette. Now LaFollette stands with LaFollette at this late day proposes, can be enforced.

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 "Neither LaFollette's middle-class business men nor by his labor class followers, as long as capitalism continues or as long as Wall Street continues to own the government in Washington. The Workers Party stands like a rock against this whole capitalist combination. Coolidge, Hoover, La Follette, we want Communism; the abolition of the capitalist system; the organization of Soviets and the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat."

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6,000 WORKERS FACE THE LORDS OF STEEL TRUST Fight Against Tyranny in Battle to Finish

By W. J. WHITE. (Special to The Daily Worker) FARELL, Pa., Sept. 15.—In one of the most beautiful farming communities in the industrial part of western Pennsylvania, in a hamlet of some 1,500 souls, one of those historic battles of the working class is being fought. Two workers have already been convicted; but the defense has remained firm, with the result that the outlook for ultimate victory is much improved.

Late in January of this year, the Pennsylvania Penn. raised the local headquarters of the Workers Party South Slavic branch, conducting a good many dollars worth of radical and non-radical propaganda which the Farrell Communists will never be reimbursed. The notorious Federal dick, Lennon, was called in from Pittsburgh to examine the literature for "radicalism."

Raid Workers' Homes. That was not all. Farrell is a steel town and in the town of a few days later the police raided the homes of 13 workers, with warrants charging "sedition against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania." The police were unable to locate all of the 13 and arrested the following: Tony Kovacovich, Andy Kovacovich, John Kadavich, Andy Marich, (all members of the Workers Party) and John Sarich and Andy Dugan (not Party members).

Free Speech Not for Communists. Andy and Tony Kovacovich were tried before a Jury of Mercer County farmers last May. The power of the Steel Trust was everywhere manifest; but the scene was so gross that not one scintilla of evidence of conspiracy was brought out, the two Communists were declared guilty of no crime and the case was dropped.

Develop Centralized Party. "With the elimination of the factional struggle, it became possible to begin the work of organizing groups, which had existed inside and outside the party, into a solid, centralized party.

The united front was the basis of general policy of the Workers Party of America. The party succeeded in ending the special forms which the united front must assume in order to be effective in adjusting these tactics to American conditions.

The first great campaign of the party was the struggle for the support of the Communists who were arrested at the illegal Communist Party convention in Bridgeport, Michigan. The party succeeded in organizing Labor Defense Councils in all the large cities and industrial centers, which called for Communist support.

A second very important activity of the party was the fight against the exceptional laws, which the "American government" had enacted to restrict the foreign-born workers of America who comprise the lowest strata of the proletariat in the Workers Party. We only political party which concerned itself with the struggle, and the Council for the Defense of the Foreign-born movement, which was organized by the party, have developed into organizations that embrace several hundred thousand workers.

In the Trade Union U. S. L. the party developed its activity in the Trade Union Educational League, which is the trade union movement, international of Labor Unions. This league, which is under the leadership of the Communists, is active in the fight against the "American government." The principal campaign carried on in the Trade Union field was the campaign for the amalgamation of the craft unions into industrial unions, and the propaganda for the Farmer-Labor Party. The labor aristocracy of the United States, the Gompers clique, fighting the Communists most bitterly and not a Trade Union convention goes by at which the Workers Party has not been brought up. It is evident from the American Federation of Labor, that the trade union movement, which is the principal point of conflict within the Trade Union Movement.

Hold Young Wreckers. LOANSPORT, Pa., Sept. 15.—Joining authorities here today have juvenile John Davis, 12, and Louis Boodish, 9, following their confession they attempted to wreck a Pennsylvania railroad trolley by placing heavy car knuckle on the rails.

Workers Party in Action Discusses United States

From "From the Fourth to the Fifth Congress, Russia in the Executive Committee of the Communist International," Pages 74-80. "Since the Fourth Congress the Communist movement in the United States has made great progress. The Fourth Congress was obliged to discuss the question as to whether the American Communist should abandon the illegal party and concentrate its Communist activities in the Workers Party. The question, however, will take up the question of how the Workers Party can carry out complicated maneuvers within the mass movements of the workers and farmers.

"The fears expressed by the comrades who considered a separate illegal party independent for Communist activity in the United States were dispelled at the congress. Even before the decision of the congress, reached the American comrades the problem was being cleared up in America so that at the Second Congress of the Communist International, which took place on December 25, 1922, it was possible to give the answer that the conflict raging within the ranks of the Communist Party in the United States, between those who favored the illegal organizations and those of the open party, would shortly disappear.

"The first great campaign of the Communist Party, which assembled directly after the convention of the Workers Party, adopted a resolution which called for the formation of a legal party. The convention of the Communist Party, which took place April 17, 1923, dissolved the illegal Communist Party.

Party Bill Young Here. "The Workers Party is a young party, without revolutionary traditions, but in the arduous question in the question of the relations between the workers and the farmer class it has found a correct revolutionary orientation. The Party has set up an agricultural section, has organized factories, has adopted exploited sections of the farmers who are going bankrupt, founded a paper for the farmers and issued the slogan 'Workers and Farmers govern with great success. The Party still some opposition in the Workers Party to the work among the farmers, but the party is taking democratic traditions will be consolidated. The Party is taking its ranks only the really Communist, which are the out of the 2,500 members of the Party, not less than 85 per cent are industrial workers. The non-Communist farmers, who want to fight against imperialism, finance, capital, and the bourgeoisie, are being organized by the Workers Party into the Farmer-Labor Party.

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which it has conducted a great campaign, is the question of the Farmer-Labor Party. The question of the form of the united front in America centers around the Labor Party and the Farmer-Labor Party. The world war, the consequences of the great strongly centralized government power, the brutal interference of the government in the labor disputes, the great agricultural crisis which is driving millions of farmers from their farms, has thrown up a strong mass movement which may split the non-capitalist class into two great historical bourgeois parties. This great new movement is flowing in two channels. One is the so-called Third Party movement, which will be composed of classes whose interests clash with those of the class of big capitalists, i.e., the town petty bourgeoisie with the industrial workers, the rich farmers with the exploited tenants. The other movement is flowing in the direction of a class party of the industrial workers, the rich farmers, the Workers Party takes part in the second—the class party; on the other hand, the Socialist Party, which is the party of the exploited workers, is affiliated with the petty-bourgeois Third Party.

"This complicated situation and the necessity of a united front movement, in many ways novel, mass movement, has caused differences of opinion in our American Party, and the industrial workers, the rich farmers in the Farmer-Labor movement will be submitted to the Fifth Congress for decision.

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Farmer-Labor Party and immediately said: "In the Federated Farmer-Labor movement, it is not a small portion of the militant workers and farmers. The united front of all proletarian and farmers' parties and the Communist Party, the demand of the hour. The Communists must spare no effort to bring this about. This is all that is necessary to win the presidential elections of 1924. Delegates representing 600,000 exploited workers and farmers took part in the inaugural convention of the Federated Farmer-Labor Party, but until now the Party was unable to organize this great mass in its own organization. The allied workers and farmer organizations have only 190,000 members. That is only a beginning but it is a great achievement for the Communist Party, which has only 25,000 members. The Workers Party now has two important tasks in the Farmer-Labor movement. (1) To attend the June 17 Congress of the class party of the workers and exploited farmers, and there unite the greatest possible number of workers and farmers. (2) To endeavor to crystallize a Communist mass party out of all these mass movements."

"Since the Fourth Congress the Communist movement in the United States has made great progress. The Fourth Congress was obliged to discuss the question as to whether the American Communist should abandon the illegal party and concentrate its Communist activities in the Workers Party. The question, however, will take up the question of how the Workers Party can carry out complicated maneuvers within the mass movements of the workers and farmers.

"The fears expressed by the comrades who considered a separate illegal party independent for Communist activity in the United States were dispelled at the congress. Even before the decision of the congress, reached the American comrades the problem was being cleared up in America so that at the Second Congress of the Communist International, which took place on December 25, 1922, it was possible to give the answer that the conflict raging within the ranks of the Communist Party in the United States, between those who favored the illegal organizations and those of the open party, would shortly disappear.

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RUSSIAN SHEETS IN CHICAGO HAS OWN LIE FACTORY

Takes Its Dope Right Out of the Sky

By M. A. SKROMNY. Not being satisfied with the reprinting manufactured "news" about Soviet Russia, which comes from Berlin, Huga, and points west, the local Chicago Russian counter-revolutionary sheet, Russky Vestnik, went into manufacturing business on its readers.

A few days ago the readers of this yellow sheet were informed with a big four-cent headline about the "split." It was just a trick borrowed from the big yellow newspapers. Under the headline about the split were the usual attacks, insinuations and lies.

Couldn't they get the facts? Of course they could! But the facts tell the Communist Party of America that the Workers Party is growing stronger every day. Five thousand new members joined the party during the last month. The campaign has just been started. The first time in the history of the United States, the Communists participate in the presidential election. This alone is sufficient proof of the growth of the party, and those who care, can see it. But the kang of the white-guard "split" has had about the same effect. They care about it to slander Soviet Russia, to slander the Communists.

Keep For Counter-Revolutionaries. In another article in the same sheet they tried to show that the "split" was in Soviet Russia. "Save the political prisoners!" Do they give the facts as to why they are in the prison? Do they tell about the murders of Volodarsky, Uritsky, the attempt to murder Lenin, the bombs thrown at the sessions of the Communist Party, the thousands of Communists and non-party workers executed by the white-guards and anarchists? Oh, they don't care. They don't bother about such trifling matters.

Tries To Talk For Labor. In still another article this sheet attempts to talk in the name of labor. They say that the school in Chicago, during the last summer months there wasn't much activity in the school. As usual there were some deficits. Presently the activities are again beginning, as it was already reported in the DAILY WORKER last week. But the local counter-revolutionary sheet, that knows everything that is going on in Soviet Russia, does not know it and therefore proposes a "conference of all" to talk over the matter of taking over the building of the Workers School, for the use of everybody.

The czarist diplomats abroad took hold of the Russian government over and refused to form them over to the Soviet authorities. This sheet proposes to do something like that with the Soviet School. The building of the school is at present the head of the counter-revolutionary sheet. The doors of the school are wide open for every labor organization, but not for "everybody," as this sheet wants it. There is no room for the counter-revolutionary organizations, for the czarist generals, for the white-guard emigrants.

Workers Reject Brass Buttons. This is what the brass button sheet says. This is what the brass button sheet says. This is what the brass button sheet says. This is what the brass button sheet says. This is what the brass button sheet says.

They are interested in "everybody." But the Russian workers are not! They don't give a damn for the brass buttons and gold epaulets of the czarist colonies and generals, and they are going to keep that gang out in the cold. The counter-revolutionary sheet is a mark and cry, may fret and lie, it won't help any!

NOTICE! CLEVELAND READERS! THE DAILY WORKER is sold daily at Schroeder's News Stand on E. Superior, opposite the Post Office.

THE POWER COLUMN

Twice every week—this column uncovers to your view the motives, the hidden motives, for the industry and "inflation" of every reader—and especially the DAILY WORKER agents and committees—are tried and proven guilty—accomplishments to drive the DAILY WORKER to further conquests.

Here is POWER—the power of brain and effort of men and women of the working class who not only believe—but ACT!

TELLING the truth is sometimes a difficult thing to do. Especially when we must admit that in a Communist Party of so many splendid successes some units have fallen woefully in the campaign for building the DAILY WORKER. But they have—in a most sorry fashion. That is, SOME have.

Others have been a joy to the Party and the DAILY WORKER. Many units have risen to the occasion in a fashion that shows clearly why the DAILY WORKER has in reality become "The National Labor Daily." Among these are the South Slavic Branch No. 17 of Detroit: They have sent in 17 subscriptions totaling \$55.50. Among these have six 3 month subs, nine 6 month subs and two for one year. This is the record for ONE Branch. Regarding this splendid performance Comrade Edger Owens, writes: "Now read that and weep. The 17 subs above the dashes are due to the splendid efforts of our South Slavic Branch, and I indicate what can be done if our membership will set about in real earnest to build up the sub list of the DAILY WORKER. Put your most eloquent spokesman on the job and let him write a booster story for our South Slavic Branch."

The writer of this column has found the "eloquent spokesman"—in Comrade Owens. And the accomplishment speaks for itself in such glowing terms that even real eloquence does not do full justice to these comrades. Here is ACTION—and results for our branches to envy. But the story does not end here. The following day's mail brings this letter from the Daily Worker agent of South Slavic Branch No. 17: "We have sent 25 copies of the DAILY WORKER everyday for selling in our colony. Fraternally yours, JOE KRAINA."

No more simply this brief note. These comrades are actually TOO BUSY TO WRITE. "Happy ending to the story of the South Slavic branch of Detroit—if we were not dealing with a Communist branch. So we must change our ending somewhat to conform with facts. The day following, the branch agent DOUBLED his order for a period of two weeks to cover a Croatian connection."

As we uncover some of the POWER that drives the DAILY WORKER, the following letter arrives to make this issue of the POWER COLUMN completely a South Slavic Edition: "West Alts, Wisconsin. "Dear Comrades: Enclosed you will find a check for \$14.00 which is for the following purpose. Our branch has made a collection among the members and the money collected is for subscriptions to the following names: The DAILY WORKER followed by a letter in which they should be urged to subscribe to OUR paper. We think we will get some of them if not all. Please notify us how long you can send them the DAILY WORKER for one year. S. POPOVICH, Secy So. Slavic Br. No. 63 of West Alts."

Words won't do justice to these accomplishments of our South Slavic comrades. But at this point—other Party units we repeat with Communist approval: "NOW READ THAT AND WEEP!" "WALT CARMON, Circulation Manager.

NEW YORK CITY PARTY ACTIVITIES OPEN AIR MEETINGS. Wednesday, Sept. 17. Norfolk and Grand St.—H. M. Wintsky 15th St. and 5th Ave.—J. C. Coddin, J. Mack, A. Chervak, 115th St. and Madison Avenue—J. S. Prospect and Fox St.—Joe Padgug and D. J. Jankovic. Thursday, Sept. 18. Houston and Clinton St.—H. M. Wintsky 78th St. and Avenue A.—C. Brodsky, 150th St. and 5th Ave.—M. Hartman, D. Jankovic, 150th St. and 5th Ave.—Wm. Weintraub, 150th St. and 5th Ave.—R. Grecht, and Jewish speaker.

Bakeries Unfair to Union Labor Cannot Get Ads in Yearbook (Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Protests by the state organization of bakery workers are responsible for the cancellation of unfair bread advertisements that have hitherto appeared in the yearbook of the New York State Federation of Labor. The ads were obtained from the United Bakers Corporation, the Certified Bread concern and the Fresh Bread Baking Co. All of them unfair to union bakers. The money paid for these ads was refunded to the concerns with the promise that the yearbook only union bakers will be allowed to advertise in the yearbook.

RUBBER STAMPS AND SEALS IN ENGLISH AND IN ALL LANGUAGES. INK, PADS, STAMPS, RUBBER TYPE, ETC. NOBLER STAMP & SEAL CO. 73 W. Van Buren St. Phone Wabash 6580 CHICAGO MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FULFILLED

WORKERS' STRAW VOTE

THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

The workers employed in the shop of _____ have taken a straw vote on the presidential candidates, and the vote was as follows:

W.M. Z. FOSTER votes: LAFOLLETTE votes: Workers Party No Party DAVIS votes: COOLIDGE votes: Democratic Party Republican Party

I certify that this report is correct:

Name: _____ Address: _____

The Weir of Labor Industry & Agriculture

RUSSIAN MISSION IN DENMARK HITS HIGH TRADE SPOT

Soviets Beat U. S. for First Place

(Special to Daily Worker.)
MOSCOW, Sept. 15.—During its existence for nearly one year in Denmark, the apparatus of the Soviet Trade Mission has been greatly consolidated, and today it stands on a footing states Mr. Hays, potential representative and trade representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics at Copenhagen. This organization, he says, consists of several departments, export, import, transport, financial and special coordinating.

Soviets Take First Place

The first period of the Mission's work was mainly devoted to a thorough study of the market and the restoration of the former commercial bonds. The Soviet exports consisted chiefly of cereals and fodder, the operations in this branch being quite successful. In addition, Rumania and France were ousted as importing countries and over 18 million pounds of the above mentioned Soviet produce (mostly oil cakes) were disposed of in the Danish market. This result considerably surpassed the original plan.

It may thus be safely advanced that on the whole Soviet-Danish trade has progressed fairly rapidly during this last year or so, and the business bonds have been considerably strengthened between the official and public Danish circles and thru the Soviet Trade Mission—the state and co-operative economic organization of the Union of Soviet Republics.

Case is Dismissed.
DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 15.—An indictment against City Manager C. E. Carr, charging violation of an Iowa statute which forbids city managers from participating in a municipal election, has been automatically dismissed following the filing of a demurrer by Carr. The court held the law unconstitutional.

NO USE TRYING TO TEACH U. S. RULERS DIPLOMATIC MANNERS: PULLED BONER IN RUSS DISPUTE

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PEKING (By Mail).—In a conversation he had with a representative of the Russian ambassador, the DAILY WORKER had the following statement made to him.

The note which was returned to Mr. Yoshizawa by Mr. Karakhan was written by the former at the request of the American minister. Mr. Karakhan has no doubt that if Mr. Yoshizawa, who is now engaged in negotiations with the government of the Union, had the right to refuse he would have declined to undertake the ungrateful task of representing American interests before the Soviet Government.

The idiosyncrasy of the American diplomacy has up till now been forcing and urging us today to act foolishly and incorrectly vis-a-vis the government of the Union. In this respect American diplomacy differs widely from the American people which is endowed with common sense favorably distinguishing them even from other nations. As American diplomacy, it is so afraid and has such a hatred of the Soviet Union that in an official document presented to the Soviet government, it does not even refrain from discourteous remarks.

Absolutely No Use.
It would be an ungrateful task to teach good manners and politeness to a government that is so proud and so American government, it being, however, not so much a question of politeness or courtesy as one of bitter hatred.

The "disastrous" records in New York have dared to mock at our friend, Locatelli, should be punished without mercy." In the comment of the editors, "What rebels would not undertake here, a handful of rascals in New York have done with impunity. That they will receive the same treatment from the American authorities that they would receive here is our only hope."

"Il Popolo" is edited by Araldo, brother of Mussolini. It is a matter of general knowledge that Araldo cannot write his name.

Yes, Barnum Was Right.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Wm. H. Johnston of the Machinists, in charge of raising funds for the LaPollette "Whore" campaign, is promoting a "LaPollette Army" of a possible enrollment of 500,000 persons, to "pull every doorbell in the country" to solicit dollars and votes for the movement.

Killed in Tokio Smash.
TOKIO, Sept. 15.—Eleven persons were killed and fifty injured today when an express train from Shingoeski struck a landslide caused by rains near Hiroshima. The train overturned and several cars collapsed.

LOCAL CALLS FOR CLOSER UNITY IN AMALGAMATED

Demand Wage Slices for Over-Paid Officials

(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Calling upon the officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers to take various steps towards solidifying the strength of the union, local 54, of the A. C. W. U. at its last meeting passed the following resolution:

Whereas, in the capitalist system the employers have a united front against the working class in order to oppress and exploit the workers; and
Whereas, it is very easy for them to accomplish this purpose when the workers are divided among various crafts and are very often fighting each other; and
Whereas, such division also exists in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, which hinders the progress of the union; and
Whereas, the officials and their officials spend an enormous amount of money of our organization needlessly; and
Whereas, the financial situation of the New York organization, especially, is in very bad shape, therefore, be it resolved that we demand:

1.—That the necessary steps be taken immediately for uniting all the New York Joint Boards into one Joint Board.
2.—That the Joint Board, Board of Directors and the General Office, do everything in their power to immediately accomplish such a uniting of the consolidation movement of the industry as the actual merchants which get into the papers.
"It is known," says Wootton, "that the number of captive mines (owned by consumer) has increased greatly. The aggregate of their output is that of the approaching 200,000,000 tons, more than one-third of the annual production. Before the end of the year it is predicted enough mines will have been acquired to supply the entire bituminous industry. Normal requirements will be furnished by the coal mines. The less efficient mines will be held in reserve to be called into production to supply peak periods of demand."

3.—That the wages of each of the employees of Joint Board, Business Agents, Clerks, Managers and their assistants be reduced by \$10.00 weekly.
A. C. W. of A. Local 54, Chairman, J. Buivydys, Secretary, J. Massilie.

Clothing Workers in Angel City to Conduct Big Drive

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 15.—Workers in the men's clothing industry in this city are preparing for a large-scale organization campaign to completely unite the industry. Local 278 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, have been carrying on a stubborn struggle against the efforts of the employers to divide the union by discriminations, and by flooding the market with unorganized and unrepresented goods. They have succeeded in obtaining the assistance of the national organization, which is sending Frank Rosenblum to Los Angeles for the contemplated organization drive.

Also it is well known that the left wing militants are among the foremost fighters for the organization of the Los Angeles market, and that Rosenberg, general organizer and executive board member of the A. C. W. U. is one of the conservative right wingers, yet the entire organization in Los Angeles is determined that this organization drive shall not be interrupted by any efforts at showing the left wing workers out of the most energetic and sincere cooperation that is being offered Rosenberg in the drive by all elements. It is felt, should result in making the Wraga a great success.

Judge Is Widened Itself.
DANVILLE, Va., Sept. 15.—If Paul Harman is able to find papers which show that he purchased the automobile found in his possession in November, before the end of two weeks, a five-year sentence of three months in jail imposed for the crime will be revoked and he will be allowed his freedom. This was the ruling of Judge Lindley who heard the case.

Vote Communist This Time!

UNCLE WIGGLY'S TRICKS
Yes! Yes! I'm voting! Not so loud!
Don't you hear Uncle Wiggly's voice?
Git 'em!
Git 'em!
Git 'em!

REPUBLICANS URGE BUYING COAL TO MAKE MINERS THINK THAT ALL IS PROSPERITY AND CAL IS O. K.

(Federated Press Industrial Editor)
By LELAND OLDS

"For Gawd's sake! Buy some coal and give those darned union miners some temporary work until after election," appears to be the word passed out to the big industries by the republican national committee, to judge from the report of Paul Wootton, Washington correspondent of Coal Age. Wootton says both old parties fear that unless employment can be increased in the union fields many coal miners will fall to vote the old party tickets. So the republicans are giving the big industrialists a tip to increase Coolidge's chances of success by buying coal for storage at this time.

How About Wage Cut?
When the party politicians first tackled this problem, says Wootton, they figured the way to get the union miners started to accept a reduction in the union scale sufficient to compete with the nonunion fields. When told that the miners would increase employment because a cut in wages would result in a corresponding cut in the nonunion fields they turned to the idea that early buying of coal would help the party and could be advocated as good business. It is even intimated, according to Wootton, that some of the big buyers of coal would be glad to give away the coal to the miners to avoid congestion later was not entirely the unbiased advice of a nonpartisan secretary of commerce.

Buying Bargain Mines.
In an earlier article Wootton called attention to the rate at which the stronger coal companies, public utilities and manufacturing interests are quietly buying up high-cost mines at bargain prices. This silent annexation is likely to prove an important part of the consolidation movement of the industry as the actual merchants which get into the papers.

Thomas F. McMahon, president of the union, says an organization campaign is now being conducted in the coal fields against the cut which is in the Globe, Social and Nurse mills; at Pawtucket, in Tamarack mills Nos. 1 and 2 and in the Jencks Amers mill, in the Manville mill at Manville and in the mills at Gastonia, North Carolina. President Gompers of the A. F. of L. and Michael O'Donnell, president of the Massachusetts Federation of Labor, have also pledged assistance.

Foster's Pamphlet On Russia in 1924 Issued by T. U. E. L.

Russia in 1924, Wm. Z. Foster's account of his recent visit to Russia, is being issued as a pamphlet by the Trade Union Educational League, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago. "Living conditions are still difficult," Foster says in his summary of the Russian situation. "The most important fact is that they are a tremendous improvement over the frightful conditions which prevailed a few years ago. It is this improvement which shows the progress of the Russian revolution to success and which encourages the workers to still greater efforts. Bad off as the workers still are, they have to do it to think back to the civil war, famine, plague and starvation that marked the early stages of their death struggles with capitalism, and then their present evils seem light in comparison. The Russian revolution unquestionably still has many great battles to fight. But the revolution will live and as it establishes and fortifies itself, it will be an ever greater stimulus and inspiration for the international working class."

Beauty Workers' Union Formed.
NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—A movement to organize a union for manicurists has been started today when five men and women working in beauty parlors applied to the National Beauty Workers' Union for incorporation papers under the name of the Independent Beauty Workers of New York, Inc. The petition stated that they intended to admit manicurists, hair weavers, and hair dressers to membership. Later application will be made for membership in the American Federation of Labor.

Herriet Patted on Back.
RAMONA, Pa., Sept. 15.—With President DuRoiereque presiding in the French cabinet today met and approved Premier Herriet's program of the Geneva league of nations' meeting including his speeches.

AMBASSADOR OF SOVIET TO CHINA IN REPLY TO JAP

Karakhan Hits Back at U. S. Position

(Rosta News.)
PEKING.—The following note having been handed by the Japanese Minister, Mr. Yoshizawa, to Mr. Karakhan, under date of August 10, 1924:

"With reference to my note of August 10, 1924, on the subject of the Russian League, I have the honor to inform Your Excellency that I am assured by my American Colleague to notify you that his action in acquiescing in the understanding embodied in the note of August 10, 1924, in no wise constitutes or implies recognition on the part of the government of the United States of the regime known as the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

"I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Mr. Ambassador, the assurance of my highest consideration. (Signed) K. Yoshizawa."

—The Soviet ambassador forwarded his reply as follows:

"August 19, 1924.
"Mr. Minister: "I have the honor to inform Your Excellency that I do not consider possible to accept the note under date of August 10, 1924, which you refer to at the request of the American Minister.

"I really regret very much that you could not decline this American note, but since when Japan herself engaged in negotiations whose object is to restore normal relations between the government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the government of Japan, I hope, however, that if and when the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics recognizes the government of Japan, while Japan recognizes the government of the Union—this will not be interpreted in the sense that the government of the Union will have recognized the bourgeois capitalist regime of Japan, nor will it be taken to mean the recognition by the Union of the socialist regime of the dictatorship of the proletariat. I may likewise express the hope that the negotiations we are carrying on with you at present are being conducted not between two regimes, but between the governments of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and of Japan. This understanding may make it easier for your Excellency to have time to explain to your American Colleague the limits of courtesy beyond which his fear might lead him.

"I should like to add for the information of Your Excellency, the American Colleague and, for that matter, of your other Colleague in London, that in the fact that the American Minister, to formulate their anxiety, that there does not exist in international law and practice a method of restoration of diplomatic relations between two governments by way of returning to one of them a legal belonging to the latter government and situated in the capital of a third power by the other of those two governments, which has been done and without the consent of the real owner has in its hands the keys from the buildings of such a legation.

"Herewith I beg to return the above-mentioned note of August 18, 1924.

"I avail of this opportunity to renew to You, Mr. Minister, the assurances of my highest consideration. (Signed) L. Karakhan."

EARN YOUR COMMUNIST MERIT STAMP BY GETTING A NEW MEMBER FOR THE PARTY AND ANOTHER FOR THE DAILY WORKER.

Young woman or man to share cozy apartment. Convenient to L and Bus. Opposite Park—Reasonable rent. Call Jacobson, Dearborn 3861.

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A VERY ATTRACTIVE DRESS FOR THE GROWING GIRL. A DAINTY NIGHT "DRESS."



4879. Check gingham and linen are here combined. This is also a good model for plain suiting and wool crepe, or striped and plain crepe or voile. The sleeve may be short as in the large view, or finished with the "shaped" long pattern. The Pattern is cut in sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year size requires 1 1/2 yards of plain material and 3 1/2 yards of checked material. Made of one material will require 3 1/2 yards. Material will be required 32 inches wide.

Patterns mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UPTO-DATE SPRING & SUMMER 1924 BOOK OF FASHIONS. Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. NOTICE TO PATTERNS BUYERS: THE DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished with the latest styles from the manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by mail and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. Patterns on hand. Delivery of book of fashions on date of mailing the order. Do not assume if you see patterns in

PITTSBURGH, PA. DR. RASNICK DENTIST

4879. Check gingham and linen are here combined. This is also a good model for plain suiting and wool crepe, or striped and plain crepe or voile. The sleeve may be short as in the large view, or finished with the "shaped" long pattern. The Pattern is cut in sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year size requires 1 1/2 yards of plain material and 3 1/2 yards of checked material. Made of one material will require 3 1/2 yards. Material will be required 32 inches wide.

