

WORLDWIDE INDEPENDENCE

N. Y. PRINTERS INSISTING ON SIX-HOUR DAY

Shorter Hours Solution For Wide Unemployment

By H. M. WICKS.
(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK CITY, Mar. 28.—The greatest unemployment in the printing industry since the crisis of 1907 was the motivating force that caused the adoption of the present demands of Big Six (Typographical Union No. 6).

Gradual Slowing-Up.

When the new scale of hours and wages was presented to the newspaper publishers in December the industrial depression had just become acute for months there had been a gradual slowing up of orders in the commercial and book end of the industry causing a steady increase of unemployment and short-time work.

The falling out of commercial and newspaper advertising has the large dailies. In other periods of crises the smaller newspapers of New York suffered severely and on many occasions were close to bankruptcy. Taking advantage of the panic feeling prevailing the ranks of these so-called "independent" newspaper owners, the representative of the House of Morgan, Mr. Frank Munsey, began a campaign of newspaper buying and consolidation, with the result that the unemployment, already a serious problem in the job branch of Typographical Union No. 6, was accentuated by sending into the ranks of unemployed of those displaced thru newspaper amalgamations.

Printing an Industrial Barometer.

Old heads in the printing and publishing game know that the printing industry is one of the surest barometers of industry. The great corporations place most of their printing orders in the city of New York. Chicago does a great deal of work for the western trunk line railroads. In both cities there has been a marked decline of railroad work. Especially have the railroads curtailed their summer advertising. This advertising has dropped by over one hundred per cent since last year.

Automobile catalogues are fewer and far less elaborate than in the other years since the war. Textile establishments have cut their orders, with the result that the mill order books are all cutting their orders. This is significant as it reveals the fact that the capitalists know we are in a period of crisis, also newspapers are not saying anything about it. In the last crisis the printing industry was not hit until toward the close of the period for the reason that every railroad in the United States had to revise all its tariffs after passing from governmental control to private hands again.

Today, however, the printing industry, as in the past, is a true barometer of industrial prosperity. Shorter Hours a Solution.

Reducing the hours of labor from eight to six will absorb part of the unemployed. In New York, with the inauguration of a five-day week it would practically solve the question temporarily. Bookbinders, who fact the militants in Big Six got together and waged a staunch fight for shorter hours with the result that the demand for the six-hour day was incorporated in the new scale presented to the employers on the newspapers.

In face of unemployment in the industry and a period of acute industrial depression, striking in the entire country many trade unions are telling the leaders of Big Six that this is a poor time to strike.

The time to strike is now, just before the rush of Easter advertising by the department stores and specialty shops. This is the best of the year, until the beginning of holiday advertising, when the great newspapers can make the most profit and by striking now can bring the newspaper owners to their knees.

Injunction Harry Told To Beat It For Cal's Sake

THE TRIBUNE GOES TO WAR



26 Strikers Smile at Sullivan's Sentences; All Still Free While Injunction Verdict Is Appealed

Twenty-six garment strikers smiled as Judge "Denise" Sullivan sentenced them on charges of contempt of court for violating the injunction he granted his friends the garment bosses.

All the cases are being appealed by defense attorneys Peter Sissman and William Cunnea and not one of the girls and men Sullivan so gladly sentenced is in prison or has paid a cent of fine.

Three 50-Day Sentences.

Fifty-day sentences were given Louis Sokoloff, John Gottlieb and Morris Kravis, each of whom was also fined the sum of \$100.

A ten-day sentence was imposed on another devoted striker, Marion Brodsky, who also received a \$500 fine. Minnie Seidel was sentenced to five days in prison and \$150 fine.

Other Labor Fighters Fined.

All the others were fined, as follows: Clara Gabin, \$125; Ida Seloff, \$175; Minnie Sugarman, \$125; Celia Factor, \$125; Valentina Pleski, \$125; Emma Deering, \$150; Margaret Welch, \$150; Charles F. Muller, \$200; Mrs. Pengras, \$100; David Krua, \$150; Sarah Horowitz, \$125; Yetta Roseman, \$125; Rose Stone, \$125; Anna Feldman, \$125; Fannie Ross, \$125; Isadore Disher, \$200; Mary Hourwitz, \$125; Esther Monart, \$125; and Sessia Fishman, \$125; Eugenia Schlacter, \$100.

Mrs. Schlacter is a widow with four children. She is striking and fighting for the union shop so that she may get more food into the mouths of her little ones.

Evelyn Bornfeld and Clara Cacklen were brought into Sullivan's court on attachments for contempt of court late in the afternoon. They will be arraigned Tuesday.

Hold Strikers Twelve Hours.

The three garment strikers who were arrested and held for more than 12 hours and finally charged with conspiracy and assault by the police of State's Attorney Robert E. Crowe, were arraigned in Shakespeare Ave. police court yesterday.

(Continued on page 2.)

\$35,000 PRICE FOR FEDERAL JUDGE'S JOB

D. of J. Probers Get Latest Quotations on Judiciary

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Mar. 28.—Former representative J. Van Vechten Olcott, of New York, today told the senate committee investigating the Department of Justice that Wayne Wilson, a member of the National Republican Club, two years ago offered to secure his appointment as a federal judge for \$35,000.

Olcott said he rejected the offer and felt that it was his duty to inform the committee of the incident.

So far as he knew, Olcott said, Wilson had not represented anyone in the Department of Justice.

Olcott is a republican. He served two terms in congress, 1904-1908, from the Fifteenth New York District.

"When this man came to me and told me that name was prominently mentioned for a place on the bench I was naturally flattered," said Olcott.

"Little Money Necessary."

"After we talked the matter over, he said, 'I know a little money will be necessary.'"

"I told him that I was highly appreciative of the honor but I could not understand putting up any money."

"What amount did he mention?"

"He said that I should pay \$10,000 when my name was sent to the senate and \$25,000 when I was confirmed."

"I said 'let's forget it.'"

"I believe with the National Surety Company replied Olcott.

"We expressed regret at the naming of this man but the committee must have him," Brookhart said.

"Wayne Wilson was the man," Olcott stated.

"Did he represent anyone else?" asked Senator Jones.

Represented "The Boys."

"He said he was representing 'the boys.'"

"Did he mention the names of the boys?"

"No."

Did he name Howard Manning?

"No."

"Was he prominently identified with politics in New York?"

"He was a member of the National Republican Club. I never heard of his holding office. He called to see me shortly after the introduction of a bill in Congress to increase the number of federal district judges. Olcott was then excused."

Kentucky's Liquor Has Kentucky Son In Troubled Mess

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Representative John W. Langley, Kentucky, indicted on a conspiracy charge in connection with liquor withdrawal, appeared in court today to plead and give bond for his trial.

At the same time Langley's colleagues in the house are considering the bill.

Langley was indicted with five others, including: William F. West, Lancaster, Ky., former deputy commissioner of internal revenue.

Russell M. Blackett, Ben L. Moses, Harry Satter, all of Pittsburgh.

Sidney Reiter, New York.

The indictments resulted from a grand jury investigation into charges in the house are considering a grand jury which recently indicted Col. Charles E. Forbes, former head of the veterans' bureau, and Paul.

SOUL OF TRAIN BANDIT JENNINGS REVOLTS AT ACTS OF POLITICIANS

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The maddest and kindest "wild-up" profession has fallen upon evil days, says Al Jennings, once king of the outlaws.

The former train robber, fresh from his appearance before the senate all committee, showed his finger nails bitterly in the atmosphere of the capital today while he accused the masters of "honest" American business.

"There's in my day we got moral men," said Al, as he fingered an angry look of Irish red hair. "They believed in the bible, God Almighty and the mastery of a six-shooter to settle any argument."

"But if they did knock occasionally a shot of red eye, they waited until their working hours. Those boys know that hooch and hold-ups didn't mix."

"That of course, is all changed now," he continued. "I'm not only the only kind of bandit in this age and a goodly lot of Oklahoma killers wouldn't wipe his feet on the pelt of the law, the crooked politician and, second, the high school seppie."

"The old time robber usually was forced into a life of crime. Perhaps a heavy shooting had put him outside the pelt of the law. He robbed to live," he said.

"The juvenile criminal of today isn't a poor cow-puncher. He knows he's done wrong. He goes into the penitentiary because of the excitement, because he knows that the only crime today is getting caught."

"Then comes dope and liquor to spur on his courage. With his 'saw' to snuff, he's ready to go. Without it, he is a cringing, cowardly rat. The man who has all mail trains single handed tonight, I don't understand putting up any money."

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LOUCHEUR, BIG STEEL KING, IN FRENCH CABINET

Next Step May Be Dictatorship

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PARIS, March 28.—Louis Loucheur, wealthiest of French industrialists, accepted the important post of Minister of Commerce and Posts and Telegraph, in the new Poincare cabinet. The presence of the steel baron in the French government was commented on widely today. It was noted that Loucheur is the author of the famous declaration that France would never pay the debt owed to the United States.

Owes \$4,000,000,000.

France owes the United States around four billion dollars. A large part of this loan was used by France to pay the cost of raising up big military establishments in Poland and other European countries under France's tutelage.

Poincare is completely revising his cabinet. His resignation is now considered in many quarters as a ruse to get rid of some of the deadwood in the cabinet and to lay the groundwork for a new establishment of a dictatorship. It is freely stated here that Morgan has granted the loan that saved the franc and the Poincare government, secured the proceeds of the payment of the one thousand million dollars must be allowed to be paid to the whims of a parliament.

New Cabinet.

With three posts yet to be filled the cabinet is as follows: Premier and foreign affairs, Poincare; colonies, Faucher; war, Doumergue; works, Le Troquer; interior, Doumergue; liberated regions, Maris; justice, Maris; education, Jouveval; labor, Vincent; commerce and agriculture, Loucheur.

"But you will see at once that the committee is investigating your personal conduct and hence you have become an interested party and the (Continued on page 2.)

LONDON MAY WALK IN DARK; STRIKES GROW

Electrical Workers in Threat to Quit

(Special to The Daily Worker)
LONDON, March 28.—The threatened strike of the subway motormen called in sympathy with the tram and bus drivers may bring about the downfall of the MacDonald government or the establishment of a temporary dictatorship, unless a last minute effort to avert the blow is successful.

To make matters still worse for Mr. MacDonald and his right honorable associates, the city electrical workers threaten to plunge London in darkness to aid their fellow workers who are on strike. The British workers are certainly showing a fine spirit of solidarity.

The possibility that the infamous DORA or Defense of the Realm Act may be again resurrected for use against the strikers by the labor government has filled the British working class with anger.

Coupled with that is the offer of the British Faciliti and other White Guard organizations to assist the government.

The sympathy strike is scheduled for midnight and MacDonald summoned opposing parties in the transportation dispute to the ministry of labor early today for a desperate seventh hour effort to avert the threatened walkout.

Such a strike would completely paralyze London's transportation and its consequence might result in the fall of the government.

The crisis is considered the most serious MacDonald yet has faced.

Fearing the strike of all-day workers inevitable, big business firms today converted all available space into bedrooms to accommodate employees who will have to sleep near their jobs.

In consequence London's shops were swamped with demands for oil and screened lamps and fuel.

PICKETS! Turn Back the Scabs Monday Morning

There must be a double force of pickets Monday morning to turn back the scabs the bosses will try to get over Saturday and Sunday.

Last Monday the same thing happened but the pickets were out in force and turned the scabs away.

Scores of scabs who came up in yellow cabs and in the private cars of the bosses, with "sluggers" on guard, were met by pickets and turned away.

DAILY WORKER men, who were out on the line, saw the pickets work. They saw the success the pickets had.

Pickets were arrested, of course. Pickets were roughed up, of course. Drunken policemen and sluggers as they were said to do, but the pickets kept up their fight. Whenever they saw a prospective scab coming they went up to her and told her that a strike was on and that she must keep away.

Strikes are won on the picket line. They are won by defying the police and "Denise" Sullivan's injunctions.

STRIKES ARE WON BY KEEPING THE SCABS AWAY.

Seventy-eight garment bosses have already been compelled to surrender to the pickets of Chicago.

ON TO THE PICKET LINE MONDAY TO keep away the scabs and win.

On all other days Three Cents per Copy.

Published Daily except Sunday by THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO., 1640 N. Halsted St., Chicago, Illinois.

CANTIED TO RED BAITER HARRY BY CAL

Refusal To Submit His Files Brings Ouster

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Mar. 28.—At the request of President Coolidge, Attorney General Daugherty today resigned from the cabinet. The resignation was announced from the White House where Daugherty's letter according to the President's demands was given out.

"The resignation of Attorney General Daugherty will not halt the senate investigation of his administration of the Department of Justice," Senator Wheeler said when told of Daugherty's resignation.

Daugherty's letter follows: "Since my conference with you, I hereby acknowledge receipt of your letter of March 27 by the hand of your secretary, requesting my resignation as attorney general of the United States."

"Solely out of deference and in compliance therewith I hereby tender my resignation. While you do not state when you desire my resignation to become effective I must respectfully request it become effective forthwith."

"Yours very truly,
"H. M. Daugherty,
attorney general."

The president's letter to Daugherty follows:

"My Dear Mr. Attorney General: "Since my conference with you, I have examined the proposed reply you suggest making to the demand that you furnish the committee investigating the Department of Justice with your yearly reports. My department is to litigation and to the bread of investigation."

"You represent to me and to the committee in your letter that it would not be compatible with the public interests to comply with the demand and conclude your letter with a statement that I approve, east position. Certainly I approve the well established principle of a department which has such an intimate relation to the administration of justice."

"But you will readily perceive that I am unable to form an independent personal opinion and so I should be compelled to follow the usual practice in such cases and rely upon your advice as attorney general and head of the department of justice."

Conflict of Interests.

"But you will see at once that the committee is investigating your personal conduct and hence you have become an interested party and the (Continued on page 2.)

28 MORE MINERS' LIVES IS TOLL OF GOAL TRUST IN W. VA.

(Special to The Daily Worker)
CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 28th.—Twenty-eight miners here succumbed and believed to have been killed in a gas explosion of the Yukon-Poconah Coal Company Mine, according to a telegram received here today.

The telegram, granted by R. M. Lamb, chief of the West Virginia Bureau of Mines. The mining chief made preparations to go to the scene of the accident.

WELCH, W. Va., March 28.—Bodies of 13 of the 28 miners involved in the mine of the Yukon-Poconah Coal Company at Yukon, McDowell County, were recovered this afternoon. It is believed the remaining 15 have also been recovered. The rescue car was being rushed to the scene from Nemora.

Today's Housing Article Appears on Page Four of this Section

WHY HIS CALLED AND WALSH IS MUCH PAINED

Subpoenaing Solon's Brother Brings Fight on Sponsor

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Mar. 28.—A partisan break has developed in the senate oil investigating committee and is causing threats of an attempt to oust Senator Selden P. Spencer, Missouri republican. Democrats threaten to carry their fight against Spencer to the floor of the senate.

They charge the newest republican member of the investigating committee with "not getting anything" on Senator Walsh, chief of democrats and leading prosecutor.

Conferees of democratic members of the committee have been held two methods of proceeding against Spencer have been discussed.

Two Methods Proposed.

- 1.—Presentation of a motion in the senate asking his removal from the committee.
- 2.—A directly opposite policy of giving him every leeway.

At least two ways they say will bring his resignation before the senate in speech.

The Missouri senator was appointed to the vacancy of Chairman Lenoxx a little more than a week ago. He immediately aroused Walsh with his manner of questioning witnesses and Walsh openly charged him with "biting words in the mouths of witnesses."

In a turbulent session of the Senate Oil Committee today, Senator Walsh, Montana, chairman, and Senator Selden Spencer, Republican, Missouri, a member of the committee, subpoenaed John Walsh, his brother, "to give malicious suppositions upon him."

John Walsh denied that he had any connection with either the Sinclair or DeRosey oil companies or any company connected with the lease made up by Albert B. Fall.

The sharp conflict between Spencer and Walsh further widened the breach between the two senators. Democratic members of the committee will have their say.

When the committee met today Chairman Lenoxx read a letter from Will Hayes denying he ever received \$25,000 from John Walsh in connection with a "deal" at the republican convention as charged by Albert B. Fall.

Walsh announced his brother John was present and ready to testify but Spencer said it was not ready to examine him.

"Yes, it is my brother to clear up the matter immediately," Senator Walsh said. "My brother has been under investigation for more than two months by persons determined to discredit these hearings because of that he is under suspicion."

Walsh said he was a lawyer, born in Wisconsin.

"Do you represent the Mutual Oil Company?" Spencer asked.

"What oil companies do you represent?"

"Strictly Speaking."

"Strictly speaking I represent no oil company. I do, however, represent a holding company, known as the American Republics Corporation of which J. S. Collins is president. It holds oil stocks. I am counsel and a member of the board."

"Does the company have any interest in oil leases in Wyoming and California?"

"No."

"What oil companies does the holding company hold stock in?"

"About 15 to 16 companies."

Walsh said he also represented several development companies which have not yet begun operations.

"You never have been engaged in the oil business in any way?" asked Spencer.

"No, sir."

"You never have visited the office of the secretary of the interior in regard to oil matters?"

"No, sir."

In excusing Walsh, Spencer asked him to keep in touch with him.

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Cal and Sinclair With Backs To Wall, Defy Attack On Grafting

By LAURENCE TODD
Special Correspondent of The Federated Press
WASHINGTON, Mar. 28.—The Senate has proceeded not only to seek the criminal indictment of Harry Sinclair for his refusal to testify before the oil investigation committee, but also to launch an investigation suggesting to the house the impeachment of C. I. Cal, collector of customs at Albany, N. Y.

Cal keeps Cook Chase.

Chase refused to testify on the ground that he answered the incriminate him, yet after this confession of criminal status by Cal, Cook Chase failed to immediately order his dismissal. When Senator Hiram Johnson demanded Chase resign his federal job, Minority Leader Johnson replied that no resignation would be permitted to protect an offending official.

The testimony which the committee expected to get from Chase related to the trip which he made to see Price McKinley at Cleveland, when Fall begged McKinley to secure himself by testifying that he was not in a position to give evidence.

Discussing this affair on the senate floor, Senator Hill declared that the inquiry into the \$100,000 bill to Fall was later framed up at a conference in Atlantic City. Hill was the impeachment of Chase which was suggested by the committee in its report to Senator Walsh and adopted, to go on a roll call.

Hires A. P. Man.

Sinclair has reached into the office of his public man, as attorney

Dump Harry for Cal's Sake

(Continued from page 1.)
no committee wants papers he should not be a party to the investigation of your personal conduct of the department. Assuming that the request of the committee to produce the papers is a legitimate one, it is the duty of the individual to do so. It is in the view of the fact that the inquiry into the matter would be the duty of the committee and not of the individual. It is the duty of the committee to investigate the matter and not of the individual. It is the duty of the committee to investigate the matter and not of the individual.

ment of charges against him, no matter how malicious or groundless, he is in a position to defend his responsible position and sacrifice his honor for the sake of the public interest. No man in any official position is safe and the most honorable way to get out of a jam is to confess and admit the charges against him.

The Indignant Daugherty.

"I cannot accept the nomination, Mr. President, that you request for my resignation is also most untimely. It comes at a time when truth is being falsified from the public mind, even though we have not yet had an opportunity to place upon the witness stand before the senate committee a signed affidavit in my defense or in explanation or rebuttal of the wholehearted cooperation of the department."

Pressure for Resignation.

The ouster of the attorney general came with dramatic suddenness after words of appreciation as to how long President Coolidge would resist the demands that he put him out. Many of Coolidge's intimate friends and numerous republican leaders in the senate have now taken sides and are insisting to act for the good of the party.

By indirect methods were employed to indicate to Daugherty that he should place the president if he got out.

But Daugherty remained adamant. He would leave, he said, only if guilty of misconduct in office were proved against him or if Daugherty personally demanded it.

Antounging Disclosures.

Meanwhile, the senate committee investigating his conduct of the Department of Justice began hearings which to date have developed the most extraordinary and sensational stories in the history of the department—the inter-change of huge sums of money for mysterious purposes—into the hands of Harry Daugherty or his friends of his.

The resignation was brought about by the senate committee on Justice by President Coolidge, requesting that attorney general Daugherty be relieved of his duties. His resignation was replied to today with a request by Daugherty that the resignation be effective immediately.

Solicitor general James M. Beck will become acting attorney general, according to statute, until a successor to Daugherty is appointed by the president.

MEMPHIS, March 28.—The resignation of attorney general Harry M. Daugherty, which was announced by President Coolidge today, has caused a great deal of speculation as to the cause of his resignation.

It is believed that the resignation was prompted by a request from the president that Daugherty resign his office as a condition of his return to the United States.

Daugherty's resignation was accepted by President Coolidge today.

The resignation was effective immediately.

NEAR PANIC AMONG MASTER GROOMS WHEN DAUGHERTY IS DUMPED

NEW YORK, March 28.—Feigning indifference to the announcement of President Coolidge's request for Attorney General Daugherty's resignation and the latter's immediate stepping down from the office, today, the whole stock market had a rather than otherwise affected by the resignation. The market advanced to levels which brought necessary developments which brought necessary developments which brought necessary developments.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty, in a letter to President Coolidge today, announced that he had resigned his office. The resignation was accepted by the president and will take effect immediately.

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26 STRIKERS IN COURT SMILE AT DENNIE'S EDICTS

Garment Strike Writ
Sentence Is Appealed
(Continued from page 1)
The state supreme court case continued till April 17. The three strikers had been arrested Thursday morning and the union had their attorney take out a writ of habeas corpus. Before the writ was returnable the state's attorney's men came into court and said that the men had been booked. It was apparent yesterday that the state's attorney's office did not want to have a preliminary hearing because the strikers would be charged against them.

Eight other strikers have been indicted on charges of obstruction. They were charged with plotting mischief and conspiracy to do an act which would interfere with labor in the hands of the union lawyers. The men are charged with being in the employ of the union and Temple at 175 W. Adams St. The state's attorney's men after trial in which all of the strikers were charged with obstruction. The strikers were charged with obstruction.

Fourteen strikers were discharged in the state supreme court after a trial in which the case was called. The strikers were charged with obstruction. The strikers were charged with obstruction.

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Impeach Coolidge! Let Him Follow Daugherty!

Henry M. Daugherty is out.
The president's attorney general that corrupt American capitalism ever aimed has been forced to resign. But he is only one of the great army of grafters in high places. He is only a cog in the whole rotten capitalist political machine.

The DAILY WORKER has fought incessantly for the ouster of Daugherty. It fought Daugherty because Daugherty was a corrupt attorney general. The DAILY WORKER demanded that Daugherty was a blow intended for the decadent social system that produced the Harding regime, the most vicious and debased in all American history that gave us Coolidge, the Strikebreaker President, that spawned the democratic labor-baiter, Attorney General J. Mitchell Palmer, succeeded by the republican, Daugherty, who did the dirty work of the big business interests when he raided the convention of the Communist Party in Michigan, and when he fought the railroad strikers, hitting alike at the political and the industrial organizations of the workers.

The capitalist press will again begin to cry "Enough!" It will use the ouster of Daugherty as an excuse to call off the dog in Washington. It will try to cover up the graft in the nation's capitol—to counteract the stench that fills everywhere.

But the DAILY WORKER will fight on. It will continue to demand resignation in capitalist government, to reveal the real nature of big business rule.

We repeat: "Impeach the Strikebreaker President, Cal Coolidge!"
The same money that bought Harding's nomination and election in 1920, bought the nomination and election of Cal Coolidge as vice president.

If the Harding administration was corrupt, Coolidge was a part of that administration.

Coolidge knew of the bribery, not only in the peddling of oil leases, but in all the branches of government. And he remained silent.

It was Coolidge who sent his private telegrams to "Eddie" McLean, the capitalist editor, and the goat, Fall, at Palm Beach, Florida. Coolidge, even if he sits in a chair, is just as guilty as the hungry receiver of the check-raft.

If impeachment proceedings are not brought against Cal Coolidge, who has led on Daugherty to the very last, then the ouster of Daugherty means nothing.

COOLIDGE MUST BE IMPEACHED. HE MUST BE DRIVEN FROM OFFICE.

And the workers and farmers of the United States must organize NOW, must close their ranks everywhere there they will be able to take the greatest possible advantage of his going.

Famous Three Year
Pact Means Nothing
To Big Coal Barons

KANSAS CITY, March 28.—Demand for 90 cent wages of forty southwestern coal miners and employees was presented by mine operators to union representatives in a joint conference here today.

At a preliminary meeting before the joint conference the mine owners decided that reduction in expenses is necessary if the mines are to continue to operate, and voted to reduce wages.

The present contract expires April 17.

Hiram Reaches Tape
Ahead of Cautious
"Cal" in S. Dakota

PIERRE, S. D., March 28.—With Hiram Johnson the victor on the face of unofficial returns, managers of the mine owners were pleased to see Hiram Johnson today message the president for permission to send a receipt.

It was one of the closest votes in a presidential preference in many years.

Robots Will Murder
Each Other in Next
War; Exit Heroes

COPENHAGEN, March 28.—Mechanical soldiers, directed by wireless rays, will fight the next war, if the claims of Niels Aszen, Norwegian scientist and inventor, prove true.

Aszen claims to have invented a soldier automaton which can fire 2,000 rounds a minute, thus virtually doing away with human "can-non fodder."

The invention has been offered to the Danish government.

Patient Demands
High Fee for
Doctor's Attention

The "anesthetic kiss" was introduced today with the slogan of \$100,000 by Mrs. Evelyn Sigman, 23, of Hingham, N. Y.

While undergoing examination in the physician's office, Mrs. Sigman was kissed by her doctor under an anesthetic and performed his ocular operation, the kiss charged.

Look God Two Seconds
LOUÏSE GROVE, Mar. 28.
"If thy right hand offend thee, cut it off. If thy left hand offend thee, cut it off. Both shall be saved, but thou shalt not enter into the kingdom of heaven."
With the faith of a crusader Groves had been working day and night with a hatchet until he had almost severed it.

PITTSBURGH COAL DIGGERS DEMAND DOLLA FREEDOM

Vote Repeal of Flynn
Anti-Sedition Law

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PITTSBURGH, March 28.—The Pittsburgh miners passed resolutions for the repeal of the Flynn anti-sedition law. The law was passed by Congress in 1918 and is a relic of the World War era. The miners demand its repeal because it is a threat to their freedom of expression.

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SEND ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS TO
1640 N. Halsted Street, Chicago, Illinois

SCANDAL HAS MEXICO ON ITS EARS

ON Mon Tried to Split Southern Republic

By BERTRAM H. WOLFE
The Mexican government is making a serious effort to split the Southern Republic...

The result is a series of exposures no less sensational than those in Washington and involving prominent Mexicans and in part the same figures that have been out-scooped in the U. S. A.

Why were these professional flatters so anxious to snuff the Mexican oil and rubber industry? They were able to use (as they have) the state department of the United States to exact a bribe and nullify article 27 of the Mexican constitution.

Another telegram from Thompson bears read in part:
'I have been advised definitely that Company (the government of the United States) will immediately give approval (recognition) to Thompson (Palmer) if he will take land that we can immediately there after secure from the company all manner of facilities at boundary and zone thereafter secure approval.'

Trachtenberg Tour

Alexander Trachtenberg has just ended his tour of Connecticut, speaking at large meetings at Bridgeport, Waterbury and New Haven.

In Waterbury, the "brass town" uniformed police and police not in uniform attended the meeting in considerable numbers.

Trachtenberg is a very cautious man and believes in preparation. A little personal contact with the police, however, brought out the welcome information that the police were not to be present at the meeting.

Scott Nearing Burs
Free Speech Feters
On Stamford, Conn.
The Scott Nearing meeting at Stamford, Conn., ended the reign of suppression in this city and it is believed to have been the first of its kind.

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California Supreme Court Rebukes Judge For Prejudiced Trial
SACRAMENTO, Calif., March 28. The California supreme court today rebuked a judge for a prejudiced trial in a case involving a criminal judgment.

FARMER-LABOR UNITY HOLDS IN MINNESOTA

Non-Partisan League Will Co-operate
(Special to The Daily Worker)
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 28. Contrary to statements circulated in this city, the Non-Partisan League of Minnesota has not broken with the Farmers, Labor, Non-Partisan League of the U. S. A.

The non-partisan league will hold on to its paper, the Minnesota Leader. The plan under which the league will work with the federation is set forth as follows:
1.—The federation will concentrate in cities and towns and unorganize in rural areas.

Oranges Rotting In Florida Orchards
Thru Dealers' Greed
(Special to The Daily Worker)
DADD CITY, March 28.—Whole sale dealers of Florida oranges, who are rotting in the groves, got together to discuss the situation.

California Cattle Kings Fattening Off Hoof-Mouth Disease
(Special to The Daily Worker)
SACRAMENTO, Calif., March 28. Quarantine headquarters for the foot and mouth disease which has been afflicting California cattle has secured several large cattle owners of the state of having indemnity allowed their herds to become infected so that they could be killed and the owners could get paid by the state and federal governments for all cattle so indemnified.

IMPEACH COOLIDGE!
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Downstairs at National Office.

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We Bake Our Own Pies
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Ohio Non-Union Mine Conditions Related By Correspondent

A letter describing the bitter non-union conditions in the mines near 60 miles south of Cleveland, Ohio, is published in the DAILY WORKER from John J. McNamara, a union miner there. The Waiford Coal and Iron Company, McNamara, who are working only on non-part time basis are getting \$4.00, \$5.00 for outside work, \$6.00 and \$8.00 for outside work and \$7.50 for inside work, with leaders paid 75 cents per ton, besides pay for dead work.

United States Seeks World Control
At another successful monthly meeting of the U. S. E. L. at North-West Hall, Leland Olds, of the Federal Reserve Bank, figures and statistics the growing power of American world leadership and the increasing unemployment.

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JOB SHORTAGE GROWING, SAYS LELAND OLDS

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COR. HOYNE AVE. CHICAGO, ILL.
DR. 1452 S. TRUMBULL AVE.
PHONE ROCKWELL 0050

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why there is no Revolution in Germany
why there is hunger and despair in Germany
how Russia is slowly building herself up
the contrast between the two most talked of Countries in Europe

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INTERNATIONAL MASS MEETING
MONSTER RALLY
DEMAND FREEDOM FOR THE PHILIPPINES!
OUT WITH GENERAL WOOD!
SPEAKERS:
Honorable Pedro Gervara, Resident Commissioner of the Philippines to the United States.
Manuel Roxas, Speaker of the Philippine Congress.
Scott-Nearing, President Lecturer and Author of "The Road to Nowhere"
J. Lovestone, Director, Research Department, Workers Party of America and member of the Editorial Staff "The Daily Worker".
Wednesday, April 2nd, at 8 P. M.
WEBSTER HALL, 119 East 11th Street
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Amplous Local Greater New York, Workers Party of America.

THE DAILY WORKER

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J. LOUIS ENGELHART, Editor

WILLIAM F. FULTON, Business Manager
MORITZ J. LOEB, Business Manager

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Advertising rates on application

"Ancient History"—But the Workers Never Forget

The Chicago Tribune and the Union Trust Company wonder why the DAILY WORKER cannot consider their school land lease deal "ancient history" and let it go at that. They feel that the workers ought to forget.

When the Tribune put over its 99-year school lease deal in 1880, it no doubt hoped the workers would forget it. It showed its brazen indifference to public protest when, in 1895, it had its lawyer, president of the school board, wipe out the 10-year revaluation clause.

Both the Tribune and the Union Trust Company are rich and powerful. But 99 years is a long time and many things are more likely to happen before the 99th anniversary than years ahead are not yet "ancient history." They contain many days of retribution for the plunderers of the mass present poorly organized masses.

The Union Trust Company now has the school land lease to the property at the corner of Dearborn and W. Madison Streets, which it calls the "heart of the business center of Chicago." It is able to put up a big fight for its robber's loot.

It has on its board of directors: William R. Abbott, president of the Illinois Telephone Co. a leading telephone company; Richmond Dean, vice-president of the Pullman Co., the sleeping car business; E. H. Holden, president of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad; Marvin Heibel, Jr., vice-president of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad; George E. Mearns, president of the Armour Grain Co., part of the big food trust; George A. Ranney, vice-president and treasurer, International Harvester Co.; George G. Thorp, vice-president of the Illinois Steel Co.

These in addition to a lot of smaller fry. What a power facing the workers and farmers in this one financial institution: a phone magnate, heads of powerful railroads, of the food trust, of the farm implement trust, and the steel trust.

They feel secure, no doubt, in regarding their past crimes, including the plundering of the Chicago school children's land lease as "ancient history."

But the day of the workers and farmers is coming. The day of the oppressed are organizing politically and industrially as never before. The crimes of the present masters will never become "ancient history." An enraged people will demand retribution for the criminals of today active for every crime committed.

THE WORKERS NEVER FORGET!

Hiram's "Victory"

In a contest marked by a most shameful squandering of money and purchase of influence, Hiram Johnson has nosed out Carl Coolidge in the republican primaries of South Dakota.

The contest was close all the way thru and was the best proof of the fact that the republican membership is not so far from the conservatism of Coolidge and the "progressivism" of Johnson. The very fact that the race was within the republican party shows that they are both reactionaries of essentially the same stripe.

Hiram Johnson cannot afford to celebrate the South Dakota victory with too much pomp and satisfaction. This state was the one place where he centered his heavy artillery. Here Wrigley spearmined-chewing gum dollars, not pennies or nickels, flowed freely. There was a bitter anti-administration fight between Coolidge and Johnson. The former was the republican machine of the governor at the disposal of the Johnson forces. Yet the California senator won only by a scratch.

The best evidence of the collapse of the Johnson candidacy is afforded by the decision of Wrigley, the millionaire backer and chief supporter of the Californian's aspirations, to stop financing him. Wrigley is jumping on the Coolidge bandwagon. This does the hopes of Johnson. Without plenty of money, capitalist politics cannot be played successfully. Apparently there is a reformation of lines in the republican party, with all shades of big capitalist opinion staking everything on Coolidge in order to beat back the assault on the organization and the fundamental class interests involved. The other day, William Randolph Hearst, who was a loud-mouthed backer of Hiram Johnson all the time, came out with a song of praise and hearty indorsement for Coolidge. Now Wrigley, another Johnson angel, jumps into the openly reactionary fold. These are the signs of a decisive fight in which Johnson, attempting to pose as a middle of the road, stands no chance.

May Day in Europe

Not since the masses of France and Germany demonstrated in an ugly mood on May 1st, 1920, has the European political powder magazine been in such danger of explosion. Soon national elections will be held in Germany. All observers are agreed that the parties of the extreme right and the extreme left will make heavy gains. The French Democratic Party will play the middle role but serving as the kept handmaid of the reactionaries in their dirtiest work against the famished German proletariat, is losing ground rapidly. The main event of the European, European politico-economic situation of the inevitable sharpening of the class conflict in Germany ensuing from such a parliamentary situation is inestimable.

The French elections have been deliberately put off until the German results are known. French imperialists will then use the growth of Right and Left strength as a club over the heads of the alarm of new, serious dangers to France will be sounded to mislead the workers. The bogus of Junkerism and Bolshevism will be raised in all viciousness to stampede the masses in support of Poincare and the iron and steel interests organized in the Comité des Forges.

But the French masses cannot be misled so easily now. The workers, poor peasants, ex-soldiers and even some sections of the lower middle classes, are enraged at the Morgan loan and its terms binding the French government to the policy to American finance monopoly. The hundred million dollar loan is a drop of relief in the sea of financial and political troubles in which the imperialist French government now flounders. The new law on the drawing in the Dawes Commission. The German industrialists are showing signs of restiveness with its prospective terms. Poincare is having the time of his life in his reorganization and immediate acceptance of the task of forming a new cabinet are only straws showing which way the wind is blowing. A storm of serious dimensions is threatening to overthrow his present precarious hold on the government.

Under these circumstances the Communist Party of France is bound to make considerable headway. With Communist France and Germany the European volcano is soon bound to rock the continent to its very foundations. May Day in Europe, 1924, deserves most careful watching by the workers of the world.

The Poison of Pacifism

The appearance of a young pacifist, Brent Dow Allinson, at the Northwestern University in behalf of an anti-war movement making rapid headway amongst the students of the country has aroused the ire of the "best citizens" of Chicago and its fashionable suburbs. The Tribune and the Hearst Herald and Examiner, supposedly actuated by the common desire to "scotch" pacifism, have hurled attacks and malignant diatribes, these saffron journals of the exploiters have denounced pacifism as a danger primarily because of its pernicious effect on the plastic mind of the youth.

Let us analyze a bit this poison in pacifism. It is the opposition of the young students to force, to internal wars in itself a poisonous doctrine and a threat to the nation. Would the Tribune have the working masses believe this as the cardinal truth of the controversy? If so, would the Tribune indorse the opposite policy of general strikes for the workers and children of the world? Would the Hearst sheet applaud the use of force by striking coal miners in defense against attacks by hired armed thugs of the operators and the children of the bosses who are coldblooded? Would not our morally indignant Tribune and Examiner then engage in denunciation of the force employed by the workmen in self-defense far more vigorous than the denunciation now resorted to by the pacifists of the capitalist recourse to hellish destruction of the lives of the workers and farmers in support of the imperialist interests of our bosses?

No one will be fooled by the cries of the capitalist press about the "poison" in the pacifist propaganda against militarism and particularly regarding the opposition to supporting this or any other employing class government in its decimation of hundreds of thousands of workmen in order to defend billions of dollars of capitalist profits and investments. Wars, force, armed struggle are all sacred and moral to the capitalists, their newspapers and churches when employed in behalf of the interests of the exploiting class. Wars, force, armed struggles are unholly and "poisonous to the mind of youth" when employed against the capitalist class. Non-resistance and pacifist doctrine is most holy to the bosses when workmen are on strike and are terrorized by gunmen in and out of uniform; when bankrupt farmers are being driven off their land at the point of the gun by sheriff serving the banking interests. Capitalist class interests are the sole criterion of holiness and morality to the Tribune and Hearst.

The poison in pacifism, in so far as the capitalist class is concerned, lies in the fact that it may develop, sooner or later, under certain conditions, into the sound revolutionary doctrine of the workers organized against the fight capitalist wars and into the proletarian desire of fighting the only war in which the workers of the world should engage—the war against capitalist imperialist wars and capitalism.

Chicago Has Made No Effort In Twenty Years to Clean Up its Ghettoes and Slums

No effort has been made by the city to clean up Chicago's slums and ghettoes in the twenty-four years intervening between the disclosures by the City Homes Association in 1900 of deplorable housing conditions and the present time.

Charles Ball, who has been a chief in the sanitary department of the city Department of Health for over a decade, told the DAILY WORKER yesterday that all the evil conditions described in the first extensive survey of housing conditions in this city, still remain, intensified by increasing population and proportionally higher rents.

"For the past twenty-five years," said Mr. Ball, "Chicago has ignored the fast growing slums. She has been content to let the private interests control the housing of her citizens. Private interests have cared nothing for the welfare of the people as a whole. The city government has stood by and been entirely adequate, and the Department of Health hasn't enough men to enforce those we do have."

Many Problems Await Attention. "There are many housing problems," said Mr. Ball, "which are awaiting attention." It is hardly put in a Department of Health, and similar statements are made by building contractors prior to the fact that many of the buildings constructed for two or more families. Coupled with these are the fact that many of the buildings are also many crowded areas with front and rear tenements under conditions many of which could and should be remedied.

Look in any year report of the Chicago Department of Health and you will find similar statements are still "awaiting attention," and that the number of sanitary and building inspections are not being made in the situation." Compare this state of affairs with the report of the Board of Health of almost any European city. Liverpool Department of Health reported that in one year 2342 new apartment houses were erected and 386 were destroyed or razed to the ground.

These statistics in Chicago are considered by housing experts to be the most serious in the world, more so than the report of the City Homes Association mentioned above, and a survey of the "Cost of Living in American Towns" committee report in 1924, which was admitted to Parliament records, and recently made a United States general survey.

Chicago Noted For Slums. The statistics reported on Chicago show that conditions have not been improved in this century. On the contrary, they have deteriorated to get worse until now Chicago has an unenviable reputation for its slums and tenements. The town of millionaire packers and meat markets, the city of the congested district, Chicago is also known as a city that cares little for the health and welfare of her working citizens. People are too busy making money at all costs to care for the health and spiritual view of the housing situation.

"The building of houses for sale is done almost entirely by private speculation," the British experts point out. "In the past a large proportion of the houses in Chicago, particularly in the poorer districts, have been erected with little regard for the health and sanitary regulations, and in large areas conditions exist today which call for immediate action on the part of the health authorities. Statistics reveal appalling conditions of housing: great overcrowding, and acute destitution."

"An inspection made for the purpose of this report of the district described in the report of the City Homes Association in 1900, show that no general improvement has taken place in housing conditions, and that in some respects they are getting worse."

The crowding together of these several stories tenements would of itself be sufficient to injure the health of the inmates, but when war-stops and stables are found in the rear, as often happens, the evil is published. Moreover, a large proportion of the frame buildings, which were but flimsily constructed at the outset, are now old and in a neglected condition.

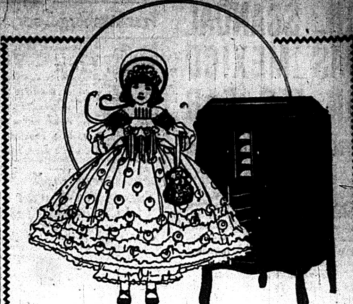
Buildings Erected For Profit. "Most of these buildings were erected without any provision against damp, a defect which is all the more serious in Chicago owing to the marshy soil, and the frequent pouring heavy rains the streets are flooded."

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Given by the Russian Conference Friends of Soviet Russia and Workers Friendly SUNDAY, MARCH 30TH, 1924 At Schoenherr's Hall, Ashland and Milwaukee Aves. with appearance of C. ANTEG, wonder violinist SERGE BOWENSKI, baritone of Moscow Opera J. REIFF, pianist NINA OBRASZTOWA, soprano, Chicago Civic Opera AND MANY OTHERS.

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