

THE DAILY WORKER
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FARMERS' GOVERNMENT
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Workers' Farmers' Demand:
The Labor Party
Organization
The Land for the Workers
The Right to Work
Protection of the Foreign-Born
Recognition of Soviet Russia

Class Party Spokesmen in Historic Gathering

FARM-LABOR FORCES MEET IN ST. PAUL

Big Demand Is For the May 30th Conference

(Special to The Daily Worker)
ST. PAUL, Minn., Mar. 9.—Representatives of the Farmer-Labor Party movement from all over the United States are gathering here to formulate definite plans for a national Farmer-Labor Party convention in which the Farmer-Labor movement will be crystallized.

The conference which begins Monday is a continuation of the November 1923 conference in this city at which plans were made for a national convention on May 30th. Since that time new events have created a situation which required re-indorsement of the plan to hold the convention on that date.

Expect Good Attendance.
The organizations which are expected to be represented in the conference are the Farmer-Labor Parties of Washington, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, The Progressive Party of Nebraska, The Minnesota Farmer-Labor Party, The Federated Farmer-Labor Party, The Committee of 48 and the old Farmer-Labor Party. The Buffalo Labor Party will also have a representative present showing the extension of the Farmer-Labor movement.

Some suggestions have been made that the date of the May 30th Convention be changed to May 20th. Advance information received from representatives of the organizations which will participate in the conference indicate that there is very little support for this proposal. Practically all the state Farmer-Labor Parties stand firmly for the original date because the two old party actions of the old party conventions have relation to their attempt to form a National Farmer-Labor Party which will embrace all the existing organizations.

Minnesota Organizations Meet.
On March 12, following the conference of the organizations participating in the May 30th convention, the Farmer-Labor Federation of Minnesota will hold its trade union and farmer organizations which are expected to be a deciding factor in the work of the Minnesota Farmer-Labor Party.

Under the Minnesota laws party organization is entirely decided by voters in accordance with the provisions of the law. The Farmer-Labor Federation is an organization with the legal Farmer-Labor Party which is the directive force in the party.

Select State Convention Delegates.
With the conference here next week representing practically every group in the United States which stands for the organization of a Farmer-Labor party on a national wide scale the decision made will unquestionably be of historic importance. All things point to the May 30 in which these groups will build a party which will benefit the two old capitalists, fighting against the County groups of the Minnesota Farmer-Labor Party met last Saturday to select delegates for a national convention to be held at St. Cloud, Friday, March 14.



JAILED!

What Is Chicago Labor's Answer?

No Postponement of May 30th Convention Is Sentiment as Farmer-Labor Delegates Meet

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 9.—A canvass of the delegations here from the states where Farmer-Labor parties are organized and functioning shows unanimous sentiment for the May 30th conference. From Washington comes Wm. Bouck, national chairman of the Federated Farmer-Labor party and head of the Progressive Farmers organization in his own state. John C. Kennedy of the Washington State Farmer-Labor party, from Montana, Charles Taylor, editor of Producers News, and Budden from Nebraska, J. Beebe and W. H. Green from South Dakota, Tom Ayres and Alice Lorraine Daily and from North Dakota, Dad Walker and H. R. Martinson. New York is represented by Campbell, of the Buffalo Labor Party. Joseph Manley is here for the Federated Farmer-Labor party. These men and women speak for the Farmer-Labor organizations in their respective states and every one of them has come pledged to work and fight against postponement of the May 30th convention. A panorama of the north western agricultural area and the conditions obtaining there is contained in the statements given by these militants in outlining their position on May 30 as against July 4th.

They feel that they cannot agree to further delay and express the wish of their state organizations, H. R. Martinson, for instance, secretary of the Farmer-Labor Party of North Dakota, president of the Fargo Trades and Labor Council, states that a year ago the railway unions in this territory stricken condition of unions and farmers the complete organization of North Dakota would be an easy accomplishment. "We are forced to delay organization we are now solidly behind the fact correspondence until the cows come home and the hens begin to lay," said Martinson.

On record for a farmer-labor party in North Dakota is the editor, in a letter which Dad Walker has brought to this conference and which reads as follows: "Judging from the developments that are coming out of the investigations I do not know but what the time is ripe for such a movement and with good chances for success in the coming election."

Numerous influential farmers now state officials have endorsed the Farmer-Labor party and promised to organize their counties, according to Martinson and Walker. "We can absolutely count on eighty thousand votes for a farmer-labor program and candidates, which is enough to put us in the position of the second party in the state at least," said Dad Walker.

The same story of lack of finance is told by Tom Ayres, who tells of a meeting of a hundred farmers recently which he addressed and who emptied their pockets for organization work.

GLENN YOUNG AGAIN BRINGS WAR TO HERRIN

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MARION, Ill., March 9.—Klan and anti-union organizations narrowly avoided a clash here today when eight auto loads of Knights of the Flaming Circle dispersed without making their threatened attack on Glenn Young and his Klan Klan dry forces.

Half of the state troops stationed at Herring were sent here when it was reported that members of the "Circle" were planning to war upon Young and returned to Marion last night.

Several hundred klansmen with four machine guns mounted guard through the night, barricading a garage where Young sought refuge when news of his attack reached him. Word that the "Circle" was coming was sent from Carbondale near here.

New Discovery May Revolutionize War and Transportation
NEW YORK, March 9.—Transmission of power without wires—discovery that may revolutionize transportation and war—was announced by Professor Nikola Tesla, radio scientist, according to a published story here today.

With his discovery Professor Tesla declared it is possible to transmit power for the operation of ships and aircraft great distances with less loss than on relatively short metal circuits.

NEWS SINCLAIR, DOHNEY ROLE TO BE SHOWN

McLean Tries To Shield "Principal" Coolidge

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, March 9.—That the oil robbers, who looted the Teapot Dome and Naval Reserve No. 1, were responsible for the recent civil war in Mexico, the latest headline to be thrown into the political kettle in Washington.

The senate committee investigating the Department of Justice expects to prove that L. Dohney, Harry F. Sinclair and Albert B. Fall were involved in the recent Mexican counter-revolution and had helped to finance the attempt to overthrow the Obregon government because the latter refused to turn over the oil wells of Mexico to the oil barons as Fall, Denby and Coolidge did in Washington.

That Senator Wheeler of Montana, who is conducting the investigation of the Department of Justice will have the aid of former members of the Department of Justice in running down the relations of the D. of J. with the Teapot grafters, was stated today. Their identity has not yet been revealed.

The denial of Senator Curtis that he was the "principal" mentioned in the White House-Palm Beach telegraph correspondence as stated by J. A. Bennett, editor of the Washington Post, throws the quest back again to the White House and into the office of Calvin Coolidge.

The Public Lands Committee is still wrestling with the McLean "code names." Bennett identified Fall as "Apples," but Bennett claims he is some other kind of fruit. McLean kept a rich orchard!

Senator Curtis of Kansas, republican whip of the senate, advised President Coolidge to get rid of Attorney General Daugherty on the grounds of Daugherty's ill health. J. A. Bennett, editor of the Washington Post, today testified before the senate oil committee.

Senator Curtis told me that the president had asked him for some advice about the new duties imposed on him," Bennett said. "Curtis said he advised him to get rid of a certain cabinet officer. It was Attorney General Daugherty. He did not hold the president that Daugherty was in (Continued on page 2)

Mayor Dever Thinks All's Well in Strike of Garment Workers in Spite of Arrests and Injunctions

Mayor William E. Dever, of Chicago, doesn't know what is happening in the strike of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union against the rapacity of Chicago's garment bosses.

He doesn't know that the police, both the city police and those working out of office of State's Attorney Robert E. Crowe, have been used on the side of the garment bosses and against the garment strikers, trying to better their conditions.

He made these declarations to THE DAILY WORKER on Sunday afternoon, saying that he expected to see the members of the Citizens' Committee investigating the brutalities of the strike, at his office on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

So far as I know there has been nothing wrong with the handling of the strike by the city police," he said. "I have not seen anything to the contrary. I have asked for a report. This in spite of the fact that a sub-committee of four, of the Mayor's Committee of Public Safety, the Federation of Labor called on Mayor Dever, at his office, on Friday afternoon and protested against the alliance of the city police with the forces of State's Attorney Crowe from the north side.

To all of the questions put to him about the strike, Mayor Dever declared he could make no reply, because he didn't know anything about the strike, he had heard no complaint against the police. This also in spite of the fact that the daily press has been full of stories of arrests of strikers while the courts have been granting injunctions against the workers, and the forces of private detective agencies have been massed against them.

The Mayor and the Strikers.
Mayor Dever was spending the Sunday afternoon comfortably at his home, 3901 Kenmore avenue, in the fashionable North Shore district when reached on the phone by the DAILY WORKER. He was not averse to talking. But it was difficult to discuss the strike with him, since he very conveniently didn't know anything worth while about it. He was not concerned, apparently, with a struggle that concerned tens of thousands of needle workers in the city of which he is the chief executive.

It was on this same Sunday afternoon that the strikers were preparing for another week of struggle, in the more than foot of rain, a new snow storm hit the city. They were getting ready to face the clubs of private detectives, allied with city and county police forces, on the streets of Chicago. The struggle for victory that means a little more of the necessities of life for them and their families.

While Mayor Dever has in his ignorance two committees, the "Committee of 15" of the Chicago Federation of Labor and the "Citizens' Committee" announced that they were going ahead more strenuously than ever to get all the facts of the strike, not only before the mayor, but also before the workers of the whole city.

Will Tell Mayor.
"If Mayor Dever does not know the facts about the police brutality in the strike he will be informed when the citizens' committee sees him," said Alex Elson, an investigator who has been working with the committee. "The Citizens' Committee," headed by Walter E. Cox, executive secretary of the Chicago Church Federation, has made a careful investigation and has a long list of brutal acts and unwarranted arrests which it will (Continued on page 2)

BIG-DISASTER HITS MINERS IN UTAH PIT

No Hope Held Out For 183 Coal Diggers

(Special to The Daily Worker)
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, March 9.—One hundred and eighty-three men are believed to have suffocated in the Utah Fuel Mine No. 2 at Castle Gate, Utah, as the result of an explosion that occurred in the mine here.

The reports state that 183 men entered the mine Saturday. No word has yet been received as to whether any of the supposed entombed men have been able to make their way to safety.

One of the rescuers sent down was killed and bursts of deadly gas hamper the work, a black dump fills the mine. All hope for the escape of the men is lost.

Another battalion of the army of labor has fallen. The great capitalists know no limits and only a few men like this bring to the attention of the workers of the United States the dangerous conditions under which the miners toil to roll up millions for their masters.

Most of the miners were married and have families. The scenes around the mine are infernal. Frankly we are sure like this brings to the way to the pit are held back by guards.

The first explosion occurred between 8:15 and 8:30. It was violent. Two more blasts followed in quick succession.

The rescuers are working frantically.

Soviet Republic Is Recognized by the Greek Government

ATHENS, March 9th.—The Greek government recognized the Soviet government yesterday. The agreement was made and signed in Rome and accords full diplomatic recognition without any conditions. The signatories to the agreement, were, on the Soviet side, Comrade Ausgan and M. Canelopoulos, the Greek ambassador to Germany.

Over Weeks' Protest.
WASHINGTON, March 9.—Opposed by Secretary of War Weeks, the bill providing for an elected governor in Porto Rico has been favorably reported by the House committee on Porto affairs. Weeks protested that "the time is not yet arrived" for the Porto Ricans to be entrusted with this power.

Where Will the Teapot Scandal Stop?

The committee investigating the Department of Justice and Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty has given an international turn to the scandal of the Teapot Oil Scandal. Mr. Daugherty is to be called upon to explain the part played by him and his agents in the last Mexican "revolution." It is a scandal of the most serious nature.

Everybody is asking: Where will the Teapot scandal stop? When will it end? From the President down every capitalist politician has gotten his feet in the oil. The Cabinet is soaked in the scandal of the last scandal. Washington observers now expect the disclosure of the last scandal as a new First when Congress is expected to adjourn.

What do all these events mean to the working and farming classes of our country? Will the Teapot scandal be the end of the workers' and farmers' movement?

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AS V. R. FARMER-LABOR PARTY FIGHT Big Campaign for a Class Party Planned

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party is asking forty thousand readers to sign the petition...

The Workers Party believes that every reader of its publications is interested in creating a mass political party...

"This presidential year offers the greatest opportunity to build a class movement of the farmers and workers against capitalism...

"The farmers are in revolt against the conditions which have driven millions of them from the land...

"Each person receiving the letter is asked to circulate a subscription list and raise at least \$5.00 for the movement...

"Mobs Raid Negroes, Workers Party and California I. W. W." (By The Federal Press)

TRIBUNE FALSEHOODS EXPOSED CONVICT 5 MORE IN DRIVE AGAINST LABOR GRaftING

The five members of the upholders of the Tribune's labor-grafting campaign are named in this article...

The only fear of a libel suit that would tear away some of the money it loves more than anything else in the world...

Day by day it slanders the working class at home and abroad. It has wanted upholders, the garment strikers, the building trades, the terra miners and the Russian work-governments...

The Tribune is only one of several thousand capitalist newspapers that consider the workers their enemy...

Let these rays do their "leila" on the news stands. THE DAILY WORKER.

Jobs and Meat Go Hand in Hand, Figures Show Workers Carnivorous Last Year

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Did you eat 16 per cent more meat in 1922 than you did in 1921?

The average person in the United States consumed that much more business food in 1922 and 14 pounds in 1921.

Beef 571 614 622
Veal 1.0 1.0 1.0
Mutton, Lamb 5.2 5.2 5.2
Pork 72.9 72.9 72.9

Such a consumption by people of the United States accounts for the enormous business done by Armour & Co. during 1922.

Underworld Stuggers Not the Only Bad Eggs in Windy City

Almost dizzy from chasing hard gangs in Chicago's double-murder mystery, police today were asked to take the trail of an additional 144,000 bad eggs.

WELSH ENGLISH STATE REPORTS LABOR SURPLUS Wage Decreases Follow Unemployment

The ordinary textbook on political economy tries to prove that interest in the revival for saving. The experience of American life indicates quite clearly that interest is a method by which one man can enable him to live upon the labor of his fellows.

The general character of the depression is shown by the fact that decreased employment was reported by 23 of the 35 industries and by 12 out of the 15 cities reporting.

Decreases in employment to the extent of 24 per cent in the automobile industry, 10 per cent in the manufacture of stationery, and 10 per cent in the printing and publishing of newspapers are also worthy of note.

Public Representatives Made the Trouble (By The Federal Press)

The demand of the 16 standard railroad labor boards and the 10 standard railroad labor board and the return to direct mediation and voluntary arbitration between railroads and their employees...

Millionaires Will Boycott O'Neil Play with Negro Actor (Special to The Daily Worker)

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Radio Barge May Banish Troubles of Bankrupt Farmers

Eighty Years of It BANK HAS GROWN MAY TIMES Loans to Labor, Are Finance Feature

Nineteen-twenty-four brings the Amalgamated Textile Savings Bank to the end of 17 months of successful operation with a total deposit of \$2,715,591.19.

The commercial and savings department, receiving on the first day of business, July 1, 1922, approximately 1,000 accounts with a total of \$250,000 more have than 10,000 deposits with a total of \$2,715,591.19.

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Washington, March 9.—The radio broadcasting station of the Sears-Roebuck department store, scheduled to open April 1, will be in charge of Edger J. Hill, director of the station.

Australasian Flivver Factory Will Be Opened by Henry F. Sweeney, New South Wales

Free Embalming Fluid May Be Next Step to Post-War Heroes

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BRITISH DOCKERS LEAD OFFENSIVE OF ISLAND LABOR

Ashleigh Tells About Militant Dockers

NOTE—This is the first of a series of descriptive articles on the great British dock strike. The DAILY WORKER'S own correspondent—Charles Ashleigh—has written a series of articles on the strike, and is now in London, where he is the first completely nation-wide conflict in which they have engaged. All previous strikes have been of a local nature, confined to one or more ports, but never has there been a strike of the dock workers of Britain, from the largest to the smallest. This begins a new chapter in solidarity.

I went today for a walk in the great dock neighborhood, and it was like a Sunday or other holiday. A lovely man was to be seen on the waterfront. Here and there, groups in the long vista of miles of docks, you would see a group of half a dozen strikers, embracing, endeavoring to cope with the accumulation of goods which lie upon the wharves. But most of the docks were completely dead.

There was one exception to this, however. And that was the wharf of the National Amalgamated Stevedores' Union, an organization of which I was a member only in London, a small union whose members were known to me when I was in London. It was swollen after the unofficial strike of last year. The members of this union remained at work, and rather, were ordered to remain at work for many days. They were ordered to the order. Many of them signed up their cards in their union area over to the other union, the Frappant and General Workers' Union. On the other hand, some of the men remained at work. Now, even though it is a strike for, last year, the union ordered its men to come out with the rest. So the strike is a solidarity prevail.

Nearly 100,000 men are on strike. From all parts of the country come reports of the firm attitude of the men. There is a great satisfaction among both leaders and rank-and-file militants at the success of the movement.

At the Dock Gate. The dockers are on strike for two things a day increase in wages, and the guaranteed work. This last means the deceleration of the work. The method at the British docks is that, in the early morning, before each shift, the dockers stand in their crews, and the dock is open, and the foreman steps out. He then selects one by one, the men whom he requires, and the rest go home. In the case of the dockers, it is never sure of employment. When a ship has been discharged or loaded, he does not know when he will get his next job. This necessity is one of the worst features of the industry. The workers, besides the increase in pay, also wish to stabilize their employment. They demand that a fund be created, by which each dockster may be guaranteed a fixed minimum weekly wage.

Two Dollars a Week. Owing to the ingenious system, jobs described, there are about 50,000 dockers in the country who average about three days work a week, but earning under two pounds weekly—a miserable wage, which, in the case of a married man with children, is less than he would receive as unemployed pay from the authorities. It is against these degrading conditions that the dockers are now fighting.

In 1921, when the employers started their offensive, the dockers were forced to retreat. The retreat went on until they had lost three series of wage reductions, six shillings a day.

Now, at last, the retreat has stopped. The dockers are desperate. They are striking for the bare necessities of existence—and they are determined to win.

The port employers' organization, a reply to the men's demand, stated that they could not afford to pay the two shillings daily. They offered the shilling, and to submit the matter to arbitration. This, the men refused.

But, could the employers afford to pay the two shillings? Let us look into the facts, and see what truth there is in the pitiful wall of the

Zinoviev's Speech to Leningrad Communists

NOTE—Today THE DAILY WORKER publishes the first in a series of articles on the speech on the situation within the Russian Communist Party to a meeting of party members in Leningrad. Zinoviev was the speaker at the meeting, and is chairman of the Third International.

ZINOVIEV SAYS: COMMUNISM is the present time the Central of the Party is engaged with the discussion of those same questions which have been dealt with publicly. The Central has formed a comprehensive commission, participated in by some members of the political bureau, for dealing with this question. This commission began work within the next few days, and we are firmly convinced that within the next few days the Central will lay before the whole Party a definite and unanimously accepted resolution containing proposals towards the solution of the whole of the burning questions which have been recently debated in the press.

Perhaps, comrades, I really acted somewhat rashly when I said: "New Tasks of Our Party" to the article which I wrote as subject for discussion at the meeting. Now being pointed out that these are not the only questions which have never been answered, and that the title of my article does not, therefore, perfectly accurate, I should like to state that I am writing on the topical tasks now set our Party whether they be old or new tasks.

NEP—Necessary Chapter. At the present time we are faced with a number of issues. Let us see whether they are really so poverty-stricken that we cannot afford the two shillings.

If we take the reports of the capitalists themselves, we see that the number of unemployed workers for one year only, are 38 million pounds, or \$12,844,164. In the year 1922, the number of unemployed workers was 42,000,000. In the year 1922, the number of unemployed workers was 42,000,000. In the year 1922, the number of unemployed workers was 42,000,000.

And so, after taking company after company, we find that the number of unemployed workers is 42,000,000. In the year 1922, the number of unemployed workers was 42,000,000. In the year 1922, the number of unemployed workers was 42,000,000.

Beginning of Offensive. The great significance of this strike is that it is not a new attack of the employers in a new standards of the longshoremen. In this case, the workers are on the defensive. They have launched their offensive. This strike must be in their own interest, for their own improvement conditions.

And that is the vital importance of this strike. It is the first offensive move of the British workers. It is the first offensive move of the British workers. It is the first offensive move of the British workers.

The chamber's agent reports on senators as follows: "Senators who voted for the bill who are candidates for re-election are: H. C. Curran, Ben. Lantz, Monte, Bailey, Dunlap, Wood, Swift, N. E. Smith and Gray. Holders of patents who supported the bill are: Boyd, Carlson, Eastman, MacFetters, Mason, Reed and Wright."

"The ten who voted against the measure and are candidates for re-election are: Van Lent, Schulte, Dally, Hanson, Hamilton, Cuthbert, Tom, Torrey, Telford, Stone and Kesinger."

Spain's Dictator IS NOT AFRAID OF WOMEN'S VOTES

Dissoves Barcelona Regional Commune

Wagner's Misery Hit Response Chord in Hearts of Hearers

ALFRED V. FRANKENSTEIN. Selections from Richard Wagner's love tragedy, "Tristan and Isolde," were played last night by the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, concert at Orchestra Hall on March 7 and 8.

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SOLIE BANK TO AID FARMERS CO-OPERATIVES

Charvontz' Notes Are Stabilizing Currency

Polikushka A wonderful film on the story by LEO TOLSTOI. Produced by the MOSCOW ART THEATRE

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