Peril of Nuclear War Is Issue in Far East

The American people must clearly understand exactly what is at stake in the Quemoy-Matsu affair.

It is not whether Nixon is "firm" or Kennedy is "yielding." It is not whether American arms should go into action five or eighty miles off the China coast. It is not presidential candidates agree on these questions is far more basic and fearful than their minor differences.

without consulting either Congress or the American people.

Here is the background of this Far East situation. On Jan. 25, 1955 Congress passed a resolution which surrendered its powers of declaring war to the President and authorized him to use armed force to hold Formosa, the Pescadores Islands and "related positions." Later Eisenhower declared that the Quemoys "have increasingly become related to the defense of Formosa." Nixon and Kennedy both say they agree with this stand.

But any armed conflict with the People's Republic of China over Quemoy, Matsu, Formosa (Taiwan) and the Pescadores can speedily flare into a third world war. The People's Republic has a defensive alliance with the USSR. Neither government seeks war in the Far East. But if the U.S. launches its rockets in that area, Peking might, in self-defense, call upon the Soviet government to fulfill its agreement. In 1958, Moscow warned Washington that an attack on China would be considered an attack on the Soviet Union.

There is no effective defense against nuclear bombs. According to latest estimates, 60 million Americans would be killed on the first day of atomic war.

That is what Nixon and Kennedy are really dealing with in their debates over Far East military moves. The offshore islands - including Formosa in this category are being made the basis for offhand commitments which involve the lives of every person in this country.

Offshore Islands Belong to China

These islands do not belong to the U.S. but to China. Yet the U.S. has been using its Seventh Fleet and its military aid to Chiang Kai-shek to prevent their restoration to the People's Republic. This is impermissible interference in the internal affairs of another country.

In 1958 Secretary Dulles made Chiang promise not to attempt a mainland invasion in return for a U.S. pledge to prop him up on Formosa. How much this promise is worth can be gauged from the fact that Chiang boasted Oct. 9 that his army will be able to seize the Chinese mainland "within three or five years at most." Are we to be H-bombed for the delusions of a decayed and rejected dictator who serves the strategic plans of the Pentagon in the Far East?

Such a life and death question ought to be submitted to a referendum of the American people themselves. In 1958 the White House mail ran five to one against retaining Quemoy and Matsu. If the issues at stake are clearly posed, we believe the American people would vote against nuclear war in the Far East. Like the Chinese people and the Russian people, they want peace. This can best be promoted by withdrawing the Seventh Fleet and all further aid to Chiang and recognizing the government in Peking as the real government of China.

The Nov. 8 election provides the American people with the opportunity to protest the suicidal foreign policies of Nixon and Kennedy. They can do so by casting their ballot Doing?" in the Oct. 8 issue of Committee, Scott K. Gray, can- and does not plan an organized for Farrell Dobbs and Myra Tanner Weiss, the Socialist the Nation, the following sen-Workers party candidates.

"I Wish That I Had A Million to Give"

By Tom Kerry

Organizational Secretary, Socialist Workers Party

The response to our direct

most gratifying are the small

sums received from the old-

the struggle for many years.

Their letters indicate the youth-

ful spirit that animates their

unflagging interest in the pro-

gress of the fight for a socialist

One old-timer writes: "I'm

glad the boys are waking up.

81 on August 15.

Only two more weeks to go in | the Socialist Workers party's \$12,000 Socialist Fund drive. (See scoreboard on page 2.)

The first branch to meet its quota in full and ahead of time is Chicago. Other branches will have to hurry to make the deadline of November 1.

'Unprecedented Labor Pact'

-By Joyce Cowley -

Exaggerated headlines are so the Utah campaign to put Dobbs common, it may be difficult to and Weiss on the ballot and believe that the one quoted now circulating our election maabove is an understatement. A terial to get out a big socialist vote, writes: "Wish I had a milweek ago olive pickers on the Hedrich-Church Ranch went lion to contribute to our cause out on strike. The strike has but mailing out a thousand of just been settled by granting these election leaflets keeps me the union demand (for \$1.25 a empty in the pocket. But here's a dollar to help." This cam-

After reaching an agreement with the union, Henry Hedrich, paigner is 90! one of the two owners, said that he thinks a well-conducted union is a good thing.

"I think many errors have been made," he said, "by tak- in to help get our campaign lit- sored by the Committee for a ing advantage of cheap wages." Hedrich added that union picketing had been "quiet and reach. Old, young or middle armament. peaceful" and the union or- aged, it's the spirit that counts understanding.'

As I read this I grew increasingly confused and check-Story of the Week. The our socialist message to the charged that subcommittee

Chronicle report continued: American people. Send your added the demand that all the ers Party, 116 University Place, (Continued on Page 4) | New York 3, N.Y.

"very friendly and and the one and two and fivedollar contributions mount up. If you have not already done ed carefully to make sure it so, sit down today and send us was not some columnist's Tall that contribution to help bring

THE MILITARY

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even whether Republicans or Democrats are more implacable in their refusal to grant recognition to the legitimate government of China. The extent to which both presidential candidates agree on these questions is far more. Captures Cuban Government of China. The extent to which both presidential candidates agree on these questions is far more. The terrible truth is that both Kennedy and Nixon, are committing this country to nuclear war over distant territory which does not belong to the U.S. And whoever becomes President will be able to carry out this policy without consulting either Congress or the American people without consulting either Congress or the American people. In Vacaders from Florida Base

They Thought It Would Be Easy to Capture Havana



Part of the invasion force in the Escambray mountains that sought to overthrow the Castro government. This picture, taken before they were captured, was featured in the counter-revolutionary press as part of a recruiting campaign. The caption used in Bohemia Libre read in part: "During August and September, the raids of the insurgents became more continuous. As a result the despot launched an offensive Sept. 8 with his fanatical militia . . . But the sagacity of the guerrillas has enabled them to chalk up more than one resounding victory: at the end of last month they were reported attacking with success various points in the vicinity of Cienfuegos." The New Leader said they might have "time to dig Castro's grave." They didn't have time.

By Joseph Hansen Campaign Manager

tence appears:

"The Teamsters — with their chip - on - the - shoulder confidence and their monumental hatred of the Democratic Presidential candidate (some Teamster officials plan to vote for Farrell Dobbs, the Socialist Workers Party candidate) - will display the kind of energy the AFL-CIO needs." Energy in getting out

the vote that is.

timers who have been active in ganizer and most honest high say. official the union ever had. But | "The majority of those who itiate a labor party.

(Continued on Page 2)

SWP Election News Leading Independents Vote Socialist! Campaigning Endorse SWP Ticket Four prominent participants in the 1958 Independent-Socialist party campaign in New York have in New York hav

William A. Price, campaign cobinstein, candidate for Lieuten- shown in its ability to withant-Governor.

Their letter states that a group has been discussing the fore offer the people of New role that independents and un- York an opportunity to cast a affiliated socialists might play in the 1960 elections. "In terms of specific candidacies it was the consensus that a positive expression for peace and on other issues could best be found on We don't know just how to a national level through supmail appeal for contributions take those remarks in parenthe- port of the Socialist Workers York. continues to be heartening. The ses. Farrell Dobbs has a tre-party candidates, Farrell Dobbs outside New York "to associate mendous reputation among old- for President and Myra Tanner themselves with this statement time Teamsters as the best or- Weiss for Vice-President," they

> Czar Tobin threw him out for participated in the meetings' advocating, among other things, also felt that the two candidates that the union should help in of the Peoples Rights party, Are some of the Teamsters New York's 21st CD and Mrs. officials, beset and bedeviled by Mildred McAdory Edelman for antilabor legislation like the State Assembly in the 13th AD

dependents and unaffiliated so- State Democratic party which cialists to support the Socialist challenged the nominating peticandidates in tions of three partie 1960. They are Elinor Ferry, ever, the Peoples Rights party In an article "What Is Labor member of the Administrative has been ruled off the ballot didate for Attorney-General, write-in campaign. . . The effectiveness of the SWP ordinator, and Annette T. Ru- petition campaign effort "was

Arnold Johnson for Congress in

president. Colorado: (presidential elec-

(presidential electors, ballot designation, "Farmer Labor.")

Michigan: (presidential electors). Vote for Frank Lovell for U.S. senator; Robert Himmel for governor; Evelyn Sell for lieutenant governor; Larry Dolinski for secretary of state; Rita Shaw for attorney general; Harriet Talan for state treasurer; Edith Gbur for auditor general.

Minnesota: (presidential electors.) Vote for Carl Feingold for U.S. senator.

Montana: (presidential elec-

New Jersey: (presidential electors). Vote for Gladys Grauer for U.S. senator. New York: (presidential elec-

North Dakota: (presidential

electors.) Pennsylvania: (presidential electors, ballot designation, "Workers Party"). Vote for Morris Chertov for state treasurer; Arthur Felberbaum for

auditor general. Utah: (presidential electors ballot designation, "Socialist Workers and Farmers Party"). Washington: (presidential elec-

tors). Vote for Jack Wright for governor. Wisconsin: (presidential elec-

Write-in votes for Farrell Dobbs and Myra Tanner Weiss

Also, in Illinois write in Howard Mayhew, Socialist Workers candidate for U.S. senator. In Los Angeles write in Erroll Banks, Socialist Workers candi- next night and by shooting BB date in the 23rd Congressional

At N.Y. SANE Rally chased caught.

NEW YORK - Dr. Linus NEW YORK — Dr. Linus An emergency protest rally, Pauling, internationally known chaired by a local leader of the and leading proponent of a nucratic Federation, was called on clear-test ban, will speak on Oct. 10 following these inci-Nations Day Rally here spon-sored by the Greater New York to participate in a joint defense

Sweeping Nationalization Law Answers Plot of State Dept.

By Joseph Hansen

OCT. 19 — A desperate attempt, inspired by the State Department, to overthrow the Cuban government by force and violence, ended in defeat last week as counter-revolutionary invaders, rounded up by armed peasants, were sentenced in court for their criminal acts.

The revolutionary regime answered the stepped-up drive of the State Department for a blood bath in Cuba by nationalizing industry, transportation, commerce and banking "down to the nails in their shoes," as Castro had warned. In addition, all housing was taken over. New farreaching reforms were announced, including acknowledgment of "the right of every family to a decent living."

Premier Castro declared that the Cuban revolution had reached a major turning point, completing the first great stage that began in 1953 with the declaration of aims of the July 26 Movement. A new stage of the revolution is now opening, the Premier said, of qualitatively different

The attempt of counter-revolutionary forces to shoot their way to Havana after secret landings on Cuban beaches was fomented by the State Department. It is part of Eisenhower's "get tough" policy which both Kennedy and Nixon support as candidates of big business. The aim is to crush the Cuban revolution. Evidence for this comes from highly authoritative sources.

"The policy now is to try to bring about the overthrow of the Castro regime from within." This is a statement made more than a month before the invasion, in the August issue of the Hispanic American Report, a Stanford University publication, by Herbert L. Matthews, the well-known editorial writer of the New York Times.

"The important thing," declared Matthews, who is in position to know, "is that the United States Government and American public opinion are convinced that the Cuban regime is either Communist or exactly following Communist policies, and that the United States cannot tolerate a Communist regime in the Western Hemisphere. This is the fateful decision made in June, 1960. It was partly a political decision (in the broad sense of the word) by the Eisenhower Administration, and partly the result of almost intolerable pressures on the State Department from Congress which was, in turn, reflecting public opinion as moulded by the American mass communication media. American policy today, as in the case of Guatemala in 1953-1954, is directed toward the overthrow of the Castro regime in Cuba. As things look now, there can be no turning back

In other words, the State Department has set out to duplicate in its own way and at its own pace what Moscow did with the Hungarian revolution in 1956. If the State Department has its way, Cuba will become the Hungary of the Western Hemisphere.

You Don't Buy These in a Hardware Store

One band of 27 counter-revolutionaries embarked from Miami, Florida, and landed near Moa on Oct. 4. They carried American arms and wore American uniforms issued during World War II. Another band of 102, captured in the Escambray mountains, had received equipment by parachute from planes evidently based in Florida. Here is a partial inventory of the arms carried by the two bands when they were overwhelmed by government forces:

24 M-2 carbines.

12 M-3 machine guns.

10 Browning automatic rifles. (Continued on Page 3)

Protest Racists Assaults On Los Angeles Students

In the name of the Ku Klux | will continue, and somebody Klan and the White American might get killed." Citizens Council, hooligans Negro candidate for Congress in the 23rd District.

The vandals followed up this attack with a bomb-scare the guns at the Vitelloni coffee house where the Young Socialist Alliance was holding a meet-Dr. Pauling to Speak ing in support of the Revolution. Two youths were chased from the scene but not

Nobel Prize-winning scientist Socialist Party-Social Demoworld disarmament at a United dents. Referring to the appeal Committee for a Sane Nuclear of free speech and free elections, Bill Hathaway, head of the The meeting will be held in Students for Dobbs and Weiss, the Grand Ballroom of the declared: "We must stop this Hotel Commodore, Monday, Oct. vandalism cooperatively, and not just shut up about it, or it

The meeting called on city heaved a brick through the authorities "to launch an allwindows of the Students for out investigation into the origins Dobbs and Weiss headquarters and activities of these criminal near Los Angeles City College. forces that threaten the rights The windows bore large pic- of all Americans to speak and tures of the SWP presidential assemble freely and peaceably." candidates and of Erroll Banks, A second protest rally is scheduled for Oct. 18.



ERROLL BANKS

Here's a buck to help out. I'm 3000 Cheer Dr. Pauling Another old-timer, active in At Chicago SANE Rally By Dorothy Mack

tion here tonight in his first trialists. public appearance since he succontribute but many have that capacity and hundreds were buck or two that they can send turned away at the rally sponerature into the hands of the Sane Nuclear Policy and other largest number of people we can organizations striving for dis-

> Dr. Pauling, who had refused to give the Senate committee the names of individuals who helped him gather the signatures of 11,000 scientists for an abolition of the committee. He Pauling declared.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15 - Dr. assailed the pro-war policies of discontent over this lack of Linus Pauling received an ova- munitions-profiteering indus-

cessfully defied the witch-hunt- Republicans and Democrats on ing Senate Internal Security peace, the Nobel prize-winning We know that none of our Subcommittee. The 3,000-seat chemist said it would take a supporters have a million to Orchestra Hall was filled to microscope to discern the difference between them.

Dr. Pauling also spoke out in defense of Henry Abrams, a leading figure in the New York SANE chapter who was expelled by its national chairman, Norman Cousins, after a red-baiting attack by Senator Dodd.

"Henry Abrams has children anti-bomb petition, called for right to fight for peace," Dr.

Other speakers at the rally from working for peace. He also authority on atomic radiation. | DR. ANNETTE T. RUBINSTEIN 24 at 8 p.m.

Discussing the stand of the

and grandchildren. He has a

chairman Senator Dodd included Norman Cousins, Nor-"When union organizers contribution to: Socialist Work- (D.-Conn.) was using his post man Thomas, TV star Steve Alto prevent American citizens len and Dr. Jack Shubert, noted

stand the challenges to its petitions and it will therevote that can be counted."

Seek Signatures

The four are seeking signatures for a public statement depossible protest vote in New They also urge others so it will have national mean-

Their enclosed statement poses the question: will you stay at home November 8?

"As election day approaches. Americans are becoming increasingly aware that no effective political choice can be made by voting for either of the two major parties.

"Both Republican and Democratic parties represent a bi-partisan coalition whose policies threaten the cause of peace in a world where survival itself is at stake. . . .

"The intention of a growing number of Americans to 'sit out' this election is a mark of the are urged in all other states. "But to stay at home on elec-

(Continued on Page 4)



What Did Khrushchev Achieve We Can Build a World of Peace and Plenty With His Visit to New York?

- By William F. Warde -

Now that the tumult and shouting have subsided, what did Premier Khrushchev accomplish during his 25-day stay in New York?

The Oct. 13 New York Times makes a sweeping judgment. Khrushchev, "exits, emptyhanded." His visit was a total failure. This conclusion is undoubtedly consoling to its readers. But it suffers from self-delusion.

The editorial tries to substantiate its appraisal by itemizing and tabulating all the votes in the General Assembly where the Soviet position failed to carry and Washington prevailed. This merely proves, however, that the U.S. still manages to control the UN as it has from its foundation.

More significant is the mounting evidence that this grip is beginning to weaken. This was best shown in the vote on the key issue of admitting the People's Republic of China to the UN. The U.S. opposition to considering this matter lost five votes over last year and for the first time in ten years did not have the support of a majority of the members. It appears only a question of time before Mao Tse-tung as well as Khrushchev will come to Manhattan.

Vote on China

Just as the Soviet Premier departed, Sen. Kennedy pointed out in his debate with Vice President Nixon that: "in the votes at the United Nations, particularly the vote dealing with Red China last Saturday, we received the support on the position that we had taken of only two African countries-one, Liberia, which has been tied to us for more than a century, and the other, Union of South Africa, which is not a popular country in Africa. Every other African country either abstained or voted against us. More countries voted against us in Asia on this issue than voted with us.'

In his speech at the UN, President Eisenhower complained about those who sought to use the General Assembly for propaganda purposes. That is mainly what the Soviet Premier had in view in arranging the spectacular attendance at this session. The spokesmen for every member nation took the occasion to get the widest audience for their views and pro-

In this propaganda competition in New York, as in the Olympic games in Rome, the Soviet delegation rolled up more points than its U.S. opponent.

Khrushchev aimed to outflank Washington and win support from the uncommitted and colonial countries on two major issues: the question of war or peace and the problem of colonialism. His repeated reminders of the U-2 incident and emphasis upon the Soviet proposal for complete and general disarmament made it plainer to many people that the responsibility for maintaining the cold war and blocking disarmament rested with Washington and not Moscow. Nixon did not damage the Soviet case by saying that the provocative espionage flights were fully justified and would go on.

The Soviet delegation succeeded in getting unanimous Assembly approval to take up its anticolonial declaration in plenary session. The U.S. and Great Britain, who wanted the matter shunted to the Political Committee, had to yield in the face of defeat by Asian, African and Soviet-bloc members. This setback to the U.S. was another sign of the sympathy for the Soviet stand against colonialism among the newly independent nations. The support from such leaders as Castro, Nkrumah and Toure induced Sen. Kennedy to bewail the growing loss of prestige by the U.S.

Washington's standing in Asia, Africa and Latin America worsens despite the fact that the head of the Soviet bureaucracy is highly vulnerable on the issue of protecting the independence of small nations. Taunted over the Soviet domination of its own nationalities and the East European countries, Khrushchev retorted that the constitution of the USSR gives all its constituent peoples the right of secession. He failed to say what would happen to any individual or body in the Ukraine or elsewhere that tried to agitate for the exercise of that right. And Soviet troops and tanks were sent to supposedly sovereign Hungary when it announced withdrawal from the Warsaw Pact.

Whatever happens in the debates or commissions, no progress in abolishing armaments or colonialism can be expected from this UN rich families even if this means session. When Nixon and Kennedy are bent on disregarding the most elemenincreasing the military budget and arguing with tary needs of the rest of the each other on where they will go to war in the population. Far East, even the resumption of talks inside or outside the UN can hardly result in action.

the resolution condemning colonialism, the U.S. the international industrial sysdemonstrates its real attitude by using UN tem and dislocate it so that it forces to defend the uranium profits of the functions at extremely low Rockefellers in the Congo and taking direct ac- levels of efficiency. tion against the Cubans who want not only political but economic freedom from imperial-

If the Soviet positions, through the trans- downs as in the case of depresmission of Khrushchev's speeches, gained great- sion or war. er support from the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America than were recorded in the Gen- bringing its full powers to bear eral Assembly votes, the premier's words also on the problem of stepping up received a response within the United States, productivity. Instead science is however much the State Department tried to diverted into suicidal projects disparage his visit and restrict his activities. such as the development of the Khrushchev's two appearances during the last most potent ways of destrucyear have made him a familiar figure to the tion and slaughter. American public and shattered the propaganda image of the terrible ogre. What he has to say to overcome these obstacles. The has made an impression on many people, even first big step is to replace the if it is not wholly agreed with, and has helped rule of the capitalists by the rule reduce the cold-war hypnosis.

Not an Agency for Peace

The misfortune is that Khrushchev's basic course strengthens the illusion that the UN can satisfy the universal urge for an end to the cold war, disarmament and peace. His proposals for changing the leading personnel, administrative setup and procedures of the UN arise from the vain attempt to make the UN what it is incapable of becoming: an impartial agency for arbitrating the conflicts between the imperialist powers and the rest of the world, for effecting disarmament and achieving world peace.

Castro, Khrushchev and Nkrumah have, each in his own way, shown at this session how the UN can serve as a sounding board for driving home some plain truths about imperialism. But the role of the UN in the Congo shows that it primarily exists to promote the interests of the imperialist powers.

That is the source of the crisis in the UN which has been aggravated rather than diminished at this session. At one point Khrushchev announced that, if sufficiently provoked, the Soviet Union would be forced to withdraw. Washington, for its part, uses or ignores the UN to suit its purposes. For example, while the UN fiddles, the State Department clamps a ban on exports to Cuba, an act of hostility which not only bypasses the UN but even violates the statutes of the Organization of American States against economic aggression.

broadcast tonight over KWY.

man from Newsweek, a woman

editor of a weekly suburban

newspaper and two news com-

mentators from KWY as well

as by newspaper reporters from

the floor. They threw a lot of

loaded questions at him but I

Jan Mello. She did a fine story.

"Yesterday here in Detroit

was almost a duplication except

that Farrell also had a two-

hour meeting at Wayne Univer-

sity which was very good in-

deed. About 60 students and

"In the morning we had a

wo-hour press conference at-

tended by all the radio and TV

people from the big stations

(about four TV shots during the

day and evening and several

radio taped interviews.) A man

many very serious questions.

"Then another meeting.

Campaigning for Socialism

Kennedy-Landrum-Griffin law, ation of people who are inter- went to the Cleveland Press now saying, "He told us so"?

Almost three weeks after Farrell Dobbs' telecast over WABC, each mail delivery is still packed with letters from all over the country commenting on the speech. The percentage of favorable letters continues to be extraordinar-

business parties are said to find day in Cleveland. But first our it rugged campaigning for the arrival two days ago. There was presidency. That's with millions a reception of about 40 people of dollars backing them, big re- where we stayed. We went to search staffs and batteries of bed about three but some of the speech writers, plus fleets of gang stayed until five. automobiles and private planes, not to mention the facilities of public meeting. the country's radio and TV net-

How the socialists manage to radio commentator over the put up such a good showing on leading Negro radio station. She the few dollars at their disposal loves controversial subjects and must be quite a mystery to the she certainly got one there. She capitalist political bosses who said in her next morning broadmeasure everything with the cast, 'It would seem from the

Socialists run their campaigns said yesterday made many of mostly on sheer nerve, energy you think, and that is good.'

(Continued from Page 1) and the self-sacrificing co-oper-Club for a panel discussion for ested in the truth and in building a better world than this one where we live in the shadow of Farrell was interviewed by a the H-bomb. This is well reflected in the following note we received from Marvel, the wife of Farrell Dobbs, who is accompanying the Socialist Workers presidential candidate on his nationwide tour:

"This is a most wonderful experience. Monday of this week The candidates of the two big- is a good example — our last say more than good.

"Then Sunday there was

"But Monday! We started at 10 a.m. with a very fine woman responses that what Mr. Dobbs

Times so watch for it."

Our apologies to the campaigners all over the country for not getting in more news from your area. We need a much bigger paper! But keep sending in your reports. If they do nothing else they inspire us to redouble our efforts here in New York. And next week we'll try to report some of the successes you've been chalking up in campaigning for socialism.

Landlord's Delight

bracket.

We think that world poverty and unemployment can be ended through the collective effort The industries of the entire

earth (and that includes agriculture) should be run in accordance with an overall plan that meets scientific standards. The aim of the plan should be to feed, clothe and house humanity as comfortably as possible.

A number of obstacles stand n the way of carrying out this proposal. The chief obstacles

of mankind.

(1) In the capitalist countries dustry is found, the main aim

(2) National boundaries stand as artificial barriers to great-And, no matter how its delegates vote on er production. They cut across

(3) The chaos of capitalism compounds the inefficiency, at times leading to complete break-

(4) Science is barred from

The objective of socialism is of the working people through Workers and Farmers govern-

tries; again in China.

The fact that planned economy could demonstrate its superiority even under the handicaps of backward, povertystricken countries and bureaucratic mismanagement is all the more telling.

countries and with the added advantage of working-class dethose already established.

Defend Minorities

militant unionists.

her things to defend the

its own rights.

can report he handled them in America has two great tradihis usual manner - which is to "Then we went to the Plain Dealer for an interview with the eading woman feature writer,

> Not like the brazen giant of Greek fame.

from land to land;

and that your party is a result of a split between Stalin and Trotsky? J. F. Hazel Park, Mich. Military Bases

might.

I am a bit confused as to what the basic platform of the Socialist Workers party is and I am also confused by Mr. Dobbs' ideas as to how we should give up our military bases over the world to show that we want peace. I don't think you can just say we must be first (ahead of Russia) to give up our military bases because if Russia doesn't follow suit then we are in danger of being destroyed by Russian military

Communist party of the U.S.

Buffalo, N.Y

To better visualize the feelngs of the Soviet people, suppose the situations were reversed. Suppose the Soviet Union had 300 bases in Mexico, Canada, the Hawaiian Islands, Bermuda, and the Dominican Republic - all armed with nuclear weapons, all pointed at States!

How would we feel? We would like to see those bases dismantled wouldn't we? And wouldn't we breathe easier and feel that there was some substance to professions of peaceful intentions if those military bases were given up?

So why doesn't the Pentagon give up these 300 military

The ordinary answer is that if America's great traditions bethe USSR didn't follow suit, then we would be in danger of fore the reactionaries began being destroyed by Russian milipassing exclusion acts, deportatary might. How can the USSR follow suit

ures that Hitler would have apwhen it doesn't hold 300 military bases in Mexico, Canada, The other great tradition we should bear in mind, if we really the Hawaiians, Bermuda and the Dominican Republic? stand for America's long-range

Even from the strictly miliinterests, is the revolutionary ary viewpoint of the Pentagon, the usefulness of the 300 bases abroad is coming increasingly nto question. They have been outmoded by intercontinental missiles the way the trenches of World War I were outmoded by the tanks and planes of World

The much bigger question today is what to do about nuclear weapons. Once these start bathing our planet in radioactive fallout, the United States will most certainly be destroyed. And there won't be much comfort in the thought that the rest of civilization will be destroyed, too, Where are these two great traditions kept alive today in along with the human race itself in all likelihood. America? Nowhere but in the

Isn't it high time that Amerthose who are beginning to ica took the initiative in avoid-

One way of doing that is by Of what use are the some 300 relinquishing all bases abroad. strengthened, union militancy is military bases the United States A good one to begin with would be Guantanamo which was Spokesmen of the Pentagon seized when American troops contend that they will prove occupied Cuba at the turn of the useful in case of war with the century.

The leadership that founded Soviet Union and that for the the Socialist Workers party received its training in militant But what is the effect on the socialism in the days of Eugene many minorities have mingled Soviet people and the Soviet V. Debs and Daniel De Leon. and fused. Let us recall the fine government of these bases sur- James P. Cannon, the party's inscription at the base of the rounding their country — not to National Chairman, for instance, speak of the stockpiles of nu- was a well-known organizer in clear weapons held by the Pen- the Industrial Workers of the World under Vincent St. John Isn't such a bellicose threat to and William D. Haywood. These the security of the Soviet Union leaders, in turn, were inspired bound to inspire fear and a race by such figures as Albert Parfor effective counter measures? sons, the Haymarket martyr.

> Advertisement Advertisement

Various Questions About SWP's Stand

Among the letters received in response to Farrell Dobbs' telecast over WABC, we selected for discussion this week two containing a variety of questions:

Do you profess just to ap-

Don't you believe that

Why should we give up our

Do you propose to make

the United States a neutralist

Is it true that you were

once closely linked with the

A mighty woman with a torch,

Is the imprisoned lightning,

Mother of Exiles. From her

Glows world-wide welcome:

The air-bridged harbor that

Keep, ancient lands, your

With silent lips. "Give me

Your huddled masses yearning

The wretched refuse of your

Send these, the homeless,

lift my lamp beside the

That at least was one of

tion laws and witch-hunt meas-

The teachings and the deeds

of the men and women who

organized and led the revolu-

tion of 1776 that won Amer-

ican sovereignty should be

studied - not just praised-

as the leaders of freedom

struggles throughout the

world are studying them to-

The same holds true of the

ried their struggle through to a

finish even at the cost of their

socialist movement and among

are not yet fully aware of it.

lives in the Civil War.

storied pomp!" cries she

your fired, your poor,

her mild eyes command

twin cities frame.

to breathe free,

teeming shore.

golden door."

proved.

tradition.

day.

tagon!

tempest-tost to me,

heritage?

nation?

naval bases?

whose flame

and her name

beacon hand

World Poverty What is your solution for vorld poverty and unem-

where the bulk of modern inoloyment? of production is to furnish profpeal to MINORITY peoples its for a handful of excessively and that's all? America's great tradition lies in its Anglo-Saxon heritage and not in its MINORITY

The power of planned economy to increase productivity is not a matter of speculation. It has been proved; first in the case of the Soviet Union and the East European coun-

In industrially advanced mocracy, planned economy will reveal truly titantic capacities. Even more dynamic powers will be tapped when the planned economies of the advanced ccuntries are integrated with

The Socialist Workers party addresses its appeal to all the working people, but especially stout-hearted men and women who fought for decades for the abolition of slavery - and car-

It appeals to them, among rights of the minority group-

In defending the rights of the minorities, the majority defends

For example, in coming to the aid of the Negro people in their struggle for full equality, unions | think like socialists even if they | ing that possibility? are strengthened in many ways. Solidarity among all races is increased, the power of the rul- holds inside other countries? ing class is weakened by its incapacity to create dissension and

tions worth bearing in mind in present they are needed as a this connection. It has always "deterrent" to "attack." been a "melting pot" in which Statue of Liberty:

With conquering limbs astride

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Here at our sea-washed, sunset gates shall stand

TOO MANY BABIES? by Joseph Hansen. Is "The Population Explosion" a menace to mankind

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the Socialist Workers party is a native American movement.

But this tradition was never basic conception of the Socialist Workers party, like its predecessors, is that the socialist moveand practice available in all countries.

Thus when the Russian workers and peasants overthrew Czarism and took power in October 1917 under the leadership of Lenin and Trotsky, the revolutionary socialists in the United States did not hesitate to learn what they could from the Russians.

James P. Cannon become one of the founders of the Communist party of the United States and was one of its top leaders in the twenties. That was when the Communist party was highly respected among militant workers everywhere for its honesty, its crusading spirit, its internal freedom and democratic regime.

When Stalin usurped power in the Soviet Union, his baleful influence fell on the American Communist party along with all the other Communist parties and it began to degenerate.

Trotsky fought this degeneration. In the United States, Cannon and a number of others backed his program since it was the same one they had fought target cities in the United for to the best of their understanding in all their previous years in the socialist movement The Stalinist leadership, at that ime under Jay Lovestone, expelled them.

For five years they fought these bureaucratic explusions. As it became clear that it was hopeless to continue the attempt to reform the Communist party, they turned to the job of starting from the beginning again — building a new revolutionary socialist party. By then the label "Trotskyists" had stuck to them, which they did not

mind, since Trotskyism is present-day Marxism.

In 1934 they joined forces with the American Workers party which had been organized narrowly nationalist. In fact the by A. J. Muste. The new organization was named the Workers party.

Within two years the new orment is truly international, free ganization joined the Socialist to draw from the best thought party which had invited in all revolutionary forces under the guarantee of freedom of expression for all tendencies. A rather large left-wing tendency in the Socialist party then joined forces with the former members of the Workers party.

On this development, the right wing in the Socialist party became afraid of losing the majority to the left wing. A faction fight ensued and the right wing expelled the left wing. The latter grouping then organized the Socialist Workers party in

For more about the views of the Socialist Workers party and its origin, see "The History of American Trotskyism" and "The Struggle to Build a Proletarian Party" by James P. Cannon and "The Socialist Workers Party-What It Is and What It Stands -Joseph Hansen

On Cuba

RURAL CUBA, by Lowry Nelson. 285 pp. \$3.50. Published in 1950, this still remains one of the best surveys of social conditions in the Cuban countryside under the Batista dictatorship. Highly recommended for background reading on the Cuban Revolution.

CUBA — Anatomy of a Revolution, by Leo Huberman and Paul M. Sweezy. 176 pp. \$3.50. A thought-provoking report by the editors of the Monthly Review after a first-hand study of the accomplishments of the new Cuban government.

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What Did Trotsky Really Say and Do?

The fall International Socialist Review, just published, is a special issue devoted to the ideas and achievements of the eminent Marxist, Leon Trotsky, on the twentieth anniversary of his assassination in Mexico in

The leading article by James P. Cannon deals with Trotsky's observations on the United States and his important contributions to the American socialist movement during his lifetime.

An article by Murry Weiss on the status of world Trotskyism twenty years after his death sets forth the relevance of his ideas to the major problems of world politics today. William F. Warde writes on Trotsky's philosophy. Send 35 cents for a copy.

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Ciry	Quota	Paid	Perceni .
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San Diego	200	175	88
New York	3,325	2,723	82
Detroit	470	365	78
Boston	300	220	73
Allentown	85	59	69
Seattle	375	259	69
Twin Cities	950	600	63
Milwaukee	225	138	61
Connecticut	75	40	53
Los Angeles .	3,450	1,633	47
Cleveland	485	220	45
Newark	200	90	45
San Francisco	325	117	36
Berkeley-Oakland	325	100	31
Philadelphia	300	92	31
Pittsburgh	10	3	30
St. Louis	75	15	20
Denver	50	0,	0
General	175	219	125
	Marie	To the second	
Total through	610.000	60 000	
Oct. 18	\$12,000	\$7.668	64

from the New York Times Detroit office was also there and is doing a piece for next Sunday's We watched for it and it turned out to be quite objec-

In the first five months of this year, New York officials ordered the eviction of 3,232 families so that landlords could remodel or rebuild into a higher rent

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Monday, October 24, 1960

The Right to Free Elections

With brazen indifference to public opinion, the New York State Democratic machine has moved to bar all minority tickets from the state's ballot and to restrict the voter's choices to the two major

The Democrats failed in their attempt to disqualify the Socialist Workers presidential ticket. But they won a state Supreme Court ruling reversing the *Secretary of State's decision to certify the Socialist Labor party for the ballot.

The SLP has appealed. If the Appeals Court denies the Socialist Labor party its right to a place on the ballot, it will be striking a severe blow at freedom of elec-

A New York City judge has already delivered that kind of a blow when he upheld Tammany Hall in its challenge to the nominating petitions of the People's Rights party which had designated Communist party leaders Arnold Johnson and Mildred McAdory Edelman as candidates for Congress and the State Assembly.

The Democrats won their court rulings against the Socialist Labor party and the People's Rights party on the basis of an election law rigged against minority

Every person concerned with upholding the right of free elections should back the SLP in its appeal and should urge the next session of the State Legislature to drastically revise the electoral law so as to eliminate the unfair restrictions on independent candidates.

A "Luxury" Kennedy Can't Afford

We reprint below the column, "All Around Town Hall," from the Oct. 13 issue of the Sun, a newspaper published in Hamburg, N.Y. The author reveals with unusual frankness the real attitude of the Democratic party toward the democratic process. It is the same authoritarian attitude that led the Democrats and Republicans to change the equal-time law so as to deprive minority parties of free time over radio and TV and to assure themselves a virtual monopoly of the air:

Third Party Gadflies: Followers of the political drama being enacted on the regional, state and national stage may have overlooked a lesser one-act play now going on at Albany, but which could spell important overtones depending upon its outcome. Two weeks ago the chairman of the legal commission of the New York State Democratic Committee challenged the independent nominating petitions for state presidential electors of two minor parties, in an attempt to bar them from the November

With a nip-and-tuck campaign to be fought at every level with the Republicans, some may wonder why the Democrats get seemingly sidetracked to question the right of insignificant third parties to place their candidates in the presidential race. Most voters only shake their heads when they find an obscure candidate. under a strange label, and tend to lump socialists and prohibitionists with vegetarians and other "crackpot" elements who dabble in politics. Or do they?

The campaign planners for the Kennedy forces are taking no chances. They are not interested in third party laments that they are making it virtually impossible for their candidates to get a place on the ballot, thus monopolizing the election machinery for themselves. Their object is not to silence a "protest vote" or the right of every American to vote as they

They Remember '48: No good politician will deny that this is not a basic right. But he would be a poor politician indeed if he allowed a gadfly party to remain on the ballot when by doing so it might cost him the election. And that is the prospect the Democrats face in New York every presidential year, and why they pour out all their legal resources to keep the ballot a two party affair. Both parties have their "lefts" and "rights," but in no state is the Left more of a practical electoral consideration than New York and the party is, of course, the Democrats. Its left wing formed the old American Labor party in 1936 which demonstrated its vote-gathering abilities for three FDR elections before folding up in the limbo of lost parties in 1954 (after they failed by 3,000 votes to get the necessary 50,000 in a gubernatorial contest to have permanent ballot status). That year Averell Harriman won by a scant 11,000 plurality.

But Democrats really remember 1948, when the ALP backed Henry Wallace and rolled up a half million votes in the state. Truman would have carried New York with the ALP endorsement but the Left deserted the party that year in droves. The ALP pooped out politically after that (only 64,000 in the state voted for its presidential candidate in 1952) and with its demise many returned to its ranks, as unwanted (except on election day) as they were unenthusi-

Too Close for Chances: Two years ago the same crowd of lefties and political "progressives" formed another party and ran the scion of one of New York's wealthy families for U.S. Senator. They missed the 50,000 mark again but proved their point; they could be trouble to the Democrats in an election year, given the expression of a ballot protest vote. This year third party-itus is plaguing them again, though no party spokesman would ever admit it, and

The fact is, as both Mr. Kennedy said in Buffalo a few weeks ago, and as Mr. Nixon may well repeat in his appearance Sunday, he who carries New York carries the election. And the race is close, too close for the Democrats to allow the luxury of a couple of third parties siphoning off several thousand would-be Kennedy votes because of their desire to register a

That's why Monroe Goldwater, top legal wag of the Democrats in Albany, is doing his He called these counter-revolubest to see that two microscopic socialist splint er parties do not get on the ballot. Because to a potential 50,000-vote block in the state this year's Nixon-Kennedy choice is a Tweedledum-Tweedledee affair, and many of them might vote for an obscure socialist if the "protest' luxury was afforded them.

Trial of Trotskyists in Holland

The world-famous French author Jean-Paul Sartre has issued a statement, also signed by writers Simone de Beauvoir and Jorge Amado, protesting the arrest in Holland of Michel Raptis (Pablo) and Sal Santen, Trotskyist leaders in Europe, for aiding the cause of the Algerian revolu-

Their prosecution is part of the repressions against supporters of the Algerian freedom fighters highlighted in France today by the trial of Professor Jeanson's "network" and the indictment and blacklisting of the signers of the declaration of the 121 French artists and intellectuals who uphold conscientious objection to serving in the armed forces.

Says Sartre: "Once more colonialism has struck at militants fighting for freedom of the Algerian people. This time the Red Hand, a Fascist organization, in the service of the 'ultras' and connected with the main political policy of the western world, has organized a Machiavellian provocation in order to bring about the arrest of Sal Santen and Michel Raptis, leaders of the Fourth International, who were developing in Holland an intensive campaign of solidarity with free Algeria.

"Free men in the world must protest against such attempts which involve a danger to the freedom of all. These men, true to their revolutionary beliefs, are now paying by losing their freedom and the right and duty to struggle incessantly against colonialism.

"In spite of differences with the political conceptions of these militants and with their organization, i.e. The Trotskyist Fourth International, what is at stake is the safeguarding of human dignity, of the builds up the counter-revoluright of men to struggle for their ideals, of tionary forces and rains ecothe right of the Algerian people to count on active help by all Left militants.

'Therefore we appeal to intellectuals, to workers' leaders, and to students to organize a great wave of protest addressed to channels of information into the Dutch leaders and to unmask fully this sewers, reeking with lies about infamous colonialist provocation."

The trial of Comrades Raptis and Santen will be held in Holland within the next several weeks. Noted individuals and progressive organizations in this country are being asked to join Sartre, de Beauvoir, real state of affairs can be ment announced Oct. 14 the Claude Bourdet, British Labor M. P. John Baird and many other socialist and labor leaders in Europe, Latin America and Asia who have already protested this act of injustice. SWP presidential candidate Farrell Dobbs this week sent a telegram of progress. We see very little Oct. 14 nationalizations brought protest to the judge in the Santen-Raptis

Protests should be sent to the lawyer for the defense: Mr. Brans, Weteringshans 90, Amsterdam, Holland for transmission to the judge.

Rigged Debate

Among other things, the televised "great debates" between Kennedy and Nixon were supposed to air the "differences" between them on foreign policy.

But on Oct. 19, New York Times writer C. L. Sulzberger reported that Kennedy had told him: "There is no partisan divis-

ion or party label on foreign policy or national security. On these matters, there is no serious argument among most intel- the beaches or have weekends ligent people."

Kennedy said that if elected he would means. invite key Republicans like Henry Cabot Lodge to join his administration.

Cuban Government Captures Invaders

(Continued from Page 1) 2 tripod machine guns, 30

l. anti-aircraft machine gun, 50 caliber.

2 bazookas. 96 M-2 magazines. 150 Browning magazines.

24 M-3 magazines. 1,920 cartridges, caliber 30.06, in Garand clips. 20,340 cartridges, caliber 30.06, loose.

5,000 cartridges, caliber 30.06, in feed belts. 10,800 cartridges, M-1 30 caliber carbine.

12 shells for 75 mm. cannon. 30 shells for 57 mm. can-

30 shells for 1-53 bazooka. 1 box containing 30 hand grenades and 10 cans of powder.

In addition to such arms, the bands had radios, medicine, nylon hammocks, knives, cart-

Two Americans, Robert Otis Fuller and Allen Dale Thompson, were captured with the band that landed near Moa. Two other Americans, Richard A. Pecoraro and Anthony Zarba were captured with the Escambray band.

Fuller, Thompson and Zarba were among the group that received the death penalty. Pecoraro got 20 years.

Fuller testified in court that the arms were obtained from U.S. armories and that the expedition was organized in Miami with the tolerance of government authorities. Thompson refused to take the

and the financial inducements counter-revolutionary bands as chez testified that a training ban government. The handling camp for mercenaries is run in of the case of Anthony Zarba Miami by one Marisol Alba without any interference from the U.S. government.

partment is timing its counter-Miami expedition was either just on the verge of leaving was already on the high seas Sept. 30 when the State Department "advised" all American pelling reasons" for going there.

The press noted at the time that a warning like that had not been given since Eisenhower landed American troops in Lebanon.

In an article "Trouble Inside Cuba" in the Oct. 17 New Leader, a magazine which generally reflects State Department policies, Daniel James boasted that the counter-revolutionaries "holed up" in the Escambray mountains "are receiving a regular flow of arms and ammunition from outside Cuba." tionaries "new rebels" who are out to probe a "basic weakness' in the Cuban Army; namely 'that it has not yet proved itself in guerrilla warfare. . . .'

"The new rebels," he continued, "are training feverishly for that purpose in two camps operating outside Cuba. Their location is a secret, naturally, but the best guess is that they are somewhere in Central America. The number of men training runs into the thousands."

and the entire capitalist press "money involved."

Joaquin Membribe, displaying U.S. cartridge belts, identified by the counter-revolutionary magazine Bohemia Libre as commander of the first band to reach the Escambray mountains in Cuba last May. Listed as having been displaced as "supreme chief" by Sinesia Walsh Rios (bearded figure in photo on page 1), who was later captured, tried, and given the death penalty.

Other members of the band without exception in the U.S estified that they joined up be- sought to picture the sentencing cause they were unemployed of American members of the were attractive. Rivera San- a crime committed by the Cuwas typical.

"Cuba Executes Yank," the New York Mirror screamed, as How carefully the State De- if Zarba were an ordinary tourist. The New York Times had revolutionary operations can be its own genteel twist: "Cuban udged from the fact that the Courts Doom a Bostonian and 12." Presumably Zarba was a Back Bay Brahmin who abwith its load of heavy arms or sentmindedly strayed into the Escambray mountains.

Zarba was a former employee of one of the sugar companies. ravelers to stay away from His ex-wife gave this impres-Cuba "unless there are com- sion of what he was up to in an interview with Leo Egan which was carried by UP:

> "They were planning on going over there and starting guerrilla warfare for some time," she said. "I don't know what they were planning this time except that they wanted to overthrow the Cuban government, I guess."

"I'm very sorry it all happened and he's been talking about it for two and a half years, about two years, saying that if he succeeds in all this, he'd make a lot of money," she said.

"If not, it was a good try." "I mean he had a lot of friends involved - Cubans that he felt sorry for and that he wanted to help them, but still it was mostly money involved so he knew what he was doing."

There are a few Americans with that kind of mentality. The radio and TV networks robbery and murder for the ed the tremendous mass-demon-

"Havana Is Much Safer than New York"

While the State Department | the Armed Forces, and in in nomic and diplomatic blows at the tiny country which Wall: Street bled so long, the shapers of public opinion in the United States have turned the main

important for everyone concerned about truth and justice and elementary fair play to do his best to counteract this stream of filth. An idea of the gathered from the following admission by Herbert L. Matthews. same source cited earlier:

about it, really, in the American press. . . . The peasants are getting a break for the first time, and if they have complaints it is from what economists call the paradox of rising expectations. Schools, hospitals, roads, workers' and -peasants' housing are being built at a remarkable pace. For the first time proper attention is being paid to public health in such matters as digging wells and providing shoes for poor children. For the first time ordinary people of Cuba can go to and vacations within their

"For the first time there has

dustry so far as it is controlled. "Despite the impression given in the United States, Cuba has been remarkably orderly, and Havana, as I said before, is a much safer city to be in than New York." This admission is all the more

impressive because of the venomous twist which the New York It has become extraordinarily Times has for months been giving to its editorials on Cuba and to its handling of the news from the beleaguered island.

It was against this background that the Cuban govern- Liberal Democrats, the Social-"forced expropriation" of 382 more businesses, of which only It is taken from the 20 were owned by Americans. The government had already "In many ways the revolu- nationalized almost \$1 billion of tion has been making good American-held property. The the total of government-owned property to \$3 billion.

The Havana reporter of the Wall Street Journal observed in somewhat stifled tones: "There still are 350 to 400 Americanowned companies here worth nearly \$200 million. But their future is clearly limited."

United Press International began its Havana report like a funeral dirge: "The Cuban government abandoned the capitalistic system of free enterprise today by nationalizing 382 more businesses, worth billions of dollars, thus bringing all industry under state control."

The list included every sugar been relatively complete hon- mill not already in government

the railway system, 61 textile For instance, a renter in a nity is \$150 a month. A land-factories, 13 department stores, building constructed before 1940 lord who now draws \$150 a 16 rice mills, eight packing, bottling and canning plants, 18 ply houses, one lamp factory, two oil and fats plants, 47 grocery supply houses, 11 coffee roasters, two chocolate factories and three drug supply houses and pharmacies.

The massive takeover was qualitatively different from everything that has preceded except the recent nationalization of American-held property. Much was provisional in the previous steps, involving "intervention"; that is the institution of government control over management. The Oct. 14 step was not provisional, but outright nationalization.

The purpose, clearly stated, was to establish a planned economy. In its opening paragraphs the law declares that the full economic development of the nation can be achieved "only through adequate planning of the economy, the progressive rationalization and increase of production and national control of the basic industries of the country."

Government monopoly of foreign trade, another main re- cated here. quisite for a planned economy, vas established some time ago. The only foreign-held banks

left in Cuba are the Royal Bank of Canada and the Bank of Nova Scotia. They are needed in tional exchange.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., F. W. Woolworth Co., Goodrich Rubber and Coca Cola were not nationalized. In Cuba these are principally outlet houses.

Among the corporations affected by the latest step were Procter & Gamble, Colgate, Hershey, Bacardi, Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Sherwin Williams Paint, Du Pont Chemicals, Swift & Co. Wilson, and Johnson Drugs,

On Saturday, Oct. 15, the day following this sweeping revolutionary measure, the government announced an "Urban Reform Law." This transfers all dwellings held by landlords to the government. The step was made so that tenants can become owners of the homes and apartments where they are now living by "amortizing" the estimated cost of the homes. They do this by continuing to pay the same rent they do now, but to the government instead of the former landlord. In various periods of time payment of the rent brings them ownership of

becomes the owner by paying month in rent will continue to his rent for another five years. distilleries, one brewery, three If it was constructed in 1950, he ernment the rest of his life. And soap and perfume plants, four gets it by paying rent for an- he will not have to worry about paint factories, seven paper sup- other ten years. A 1956 home goes to the renter in 16 years; a 1960 home, in 20 years.

The government said it regretted that renters could not be made owners of their homes at once. Free homes for all who need them is an eventual goal of the Cuban revolution. For the present, rents paid to the government will be used to step up the housing program.

Rents, it should be observed. are quite reasonable today in Cuba, since one of the first acts downfall of Batista was to slash them as much as one half.

As compensation to small indemnities. The basic indem- at the beginning of the game.

receive that sum from the govjanitorial service, keeping up the building, arguing with the tenants or collecting the rent.

A landlord now, receiving \$200 will get \$175. If he gets \$250, he will receive \$200. The maximum that any landlord can get, however, is \$600 a month.

Premier Castro appeared on a nationwide TV hookup the same day to explain these historic developments.

He was scheduled to pitch the first ball at a baseball game but he was delayed two hours by of the new government after the running overtime on his remarks. The fans didn't seem to mind. Castro kidded them about occasionally staying for "extra landlords, the Cuban govern- innings" and said they could put ment guaranteed them lifetime these extra innings for a change

Castro Draws Balance Sheet

In a rather informal way-as | press interview — Castro drew balance sheet of the revoluion. The transcript takes five full pages of fine print in Revothan the bare gist can be indi- the defense of that revolution

The Cuban revolutionists betransactions involving interna cada ("History Will Absolve must be fought. Me") to indicate precisely what that program was.

The point has now been reached in the Cuban Revolution, he said, where it can truly be said that this program has tralist countries are natural been carried out as promised. "I believe that these two days have been two historic days, since they mark the fulfillment of the Moncada program which was the document that guided the conduct of the Revolutionary Government and the document that guides, or the principles that guide the conduct of the Revolutionary Government ght now."

A new great stage of the Cuban revolution now opens, Castro declared. In this stage the tasks are different than before. On the domestic side the major revolutionary chores have been accomplished and it would teous standard of living were it not for American imperialism. "They" are preoccupied

with a revolution 90 miles in the world.

away; but "we are preoccupied with an imperialist country 90 miles from our

revolution."

Since the American monoplucion, the newspaper of the olists have clearly set their goal July 26 Movement, so no more to smash the Cuban Revolution. becomes of primary importance, This occurs on two fields; at gan in 1953 with a program of home, where mercenary invadpolitical, economic and social re- ers must be resisted and ecoform. Castro quoted sections of nomic blows counteracted, and his speech before the court after abroad, where the imperialist the famous raid on Fort Mon- aim of isolating the revolution

> The Cuban Revolution might have been crushed already were it not for the aid made possible by the existence of the Soviet countries. In addition the neuallies.

Some of the most interesting remarks dealt with the connection between the Cuban Revolution and the great French and Russian Revolutions, how certain great laws seem to guide such social upheavals, and how consciousness of these laws developed.

He said that the Cuban revolutionists had learned much from the actual struggle. "There is no better university than the revolutionary process itself."

Castro observed that the Moncada program had now been superseded in some respects and he dwelt extensively on the be relatively simple to move full bright perspectives facing the speed ahead to achieve a boun- Cuban Revolution despite the enormous difficulty a small country faces in standing up to the strongest imperialist power

In Other Lands

Ikeda Blamed in Killing of Socialist

Japanese Labor Spurs Fight on Washington's Ally

The conflict over the U.S. military treaty which has convulsed Japan since January has been raised to a new pitch with They are not generally pictured the assassination on Oct. 12 of as heroes and martyrs if they the Socialist party chairman, join up with gangsters and lose Inejiro Asanuma, by a 17-year their lives in attempting armed old student. Asanuma had headstrations against the hated treaty which renewed the American privileges of maintaining troops and military bases in Japan.

> Although these protests failed to prevent ratification, they the U.S. military treaty. forced President Eisenhower to call off his projected visit and State Department led to the resignation of Premier Kishi's government. His successor, Hayota Ikeda, took office on the promise of elections in which the treaty would be the main issue. These are slated to be held on or about Nov. 20.

> The Socialist leader was stabbed to death at a joint election ed civil war going on there. rally on good election practices of the three major parties, the ist party and the Democratic Socialists, held in Tokyo before 3,000 spectators and a nationwide television audience. His assassin was the son of an Army colonel and a member of the Greater Japan Patriotic party, a militarist-fascist outfit.

The U.S. treaty is not only wanted by big business and banking interests but welcomed by the secret military-fascist societies which serve them. These societies organized a series of political assassinations in the 1930's which gave rise to the military dictatorship which plunged Japan into the Second World War. Now the Pentagon's drive to remilitarize Japan in preparation for a Third World War has emboldened these ultrareactionary gangsters and unleashed them in a murderous campaign against the treaty op-

The majority of the Japanese people are against the treaty esty in government, civil service, hands, all Cuban-owned banks, which they view as a means for

entangling them in new wars | tralist" and initiated negotiand strengthening the fascistic ations with the Pathet Lao have staged massive demonstramanding the resignation of Premier Ikeda who is blamed for failing to curb the ultra-nationalist violence.

The trade unions have couthe economic demands of the workers are intertwined with the election campaign to rescind

Losing Out in Laos Civil War

overthrew its puppet regime in of government from the admin-Laos, the U.S. has been losing istrative capital of Vientiane to ground fast in the three-corner- the royal capital in Luang Pra-

elements within the country. movement in the North aiming The General Council of the Jap- at ending their six-year fight anese Trade Unions, the Zenga- and bringing their representakuren students organization, the tives into the government. Pateachers union, the Socialist thet Lao is a nationalist moveparty and other organizations ment with a strong peasant base. It fought on the side of tions throughout Japan protest- the Vietminh against Frenching the assassination and de-Imperialism during the revolutionary war in Vietnam.

The new government has given a warm welcome to the Soviet ambassador, Its delegation this week endorsed a propled their rallies with a drive for posal put forward by Cambodia general wage increases. Thus asking the UN to set up a buffer zone in Southeast Asia

Disturbed by these developments, the State Department sent a special diplomatic mission to Laos, consisting of Assistant Secretary of State Parsons and Assistant Secretary of Defense Irwin. They have been vainly trying to persuade Premier Phouma to break off talks with Since the Aug. 9 coup which the Pathet Lao, move the seat bang, and come to terms with The new cabinet of Premier the counter-revolution led by Phouma declared itself . "neu-Rightist General Nosovan.

Just Published

THE TRUTH **ABOUT CUBA**

By Joseph Hansen

"The Cuban revolution is an event of major significance in North as well as South America . . . The rise in fear among the reactionary property-holding classes is registered in the preoccupation of the capitalist press and the State Department over the 'menace' that has appeared on the tiny island in the Caribbean. In contrast, the rise in hope among the workers and peasants throughout Latin America is visible in constant tradeunion resolutions and popular demonstrations in support of Cuba." Joseph Hansen, editor of the Militant, tells the story of that revolution in this informative new pamphlet previously serialized in the Militant. 25 cents per copy.

PIONEER PUBLISHERS

116 University Place, New York 3, N.Y.

How Much?

can families." According to the April 1959 American Socialist, "the richest 70% in 1949 and 61% in 1922."

In the September 1955 Ameri can Socialist: "6.4% of the adult population owned corporate stock. . . . 1% of the nation's First Vote Was families holding two thirds of all the stock."

In the March 27 issue of the Congressional Record, Senator Editor: Fulbright says: ". . . less than 1% of all American families own over four fifths of the publicly paign Fund. Also send me a subheld stock.

Who's right?

A. R. K. Baltimore

(The figure cited in our editorial was reported in the July-August issue of the AFL-CIO's Economic Trends and Outlook. It is based on a June 1960 report of the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan. Its estimates are for the year 1960. This report also notes that "Less than two per cent of all Editor: families have stockholdings worth more than \$25,000."

survey of the National Bureau making ends meet.

of Economic Research by Robert J. Lampman entitled, "Changes I heard a soapbox orator at the in the Share of Wealth Held by Top Wealth-Holders - 1922-1956." Lampman reports that the top one per cent of the population owned 76% of the corpor-

The University of Michigan figure is a breakdown of the number of shares of stock held The Lampman figure appears to one per cent of the American be based on the distribution of people owned 90% of all corpor- the total value of stock held. ation stock in 1953 compared to The different criteria used in the two surveys might be the main reason for the differences in the results. — Ed.)

For E. V. Debs

Enclosed is a contribution of \$20 to the Dobbs-Weiss Camscription to the Militant and send samples of your campaign literature to the enclosed 15

My first vote was for E. V. Debs. I wish our vote is greater than the vote of our martyr was.

Ramsey, N.J

A Soapbox Speech That Got Results

waking up. Here's a buck to The figures cited by A. R. K. help out. I'm 81, run a one-man seem to coincide with the 1959 shop, and have a hard time

I've been a socialist ever since age of 12 or 14. I always voted socialist until the powers that be took us off the ballot here in

Send me some circulars and I'll do my best to put them where thy'll do the most good.

Business is bad here and prospects for it getting better are slim. This is a steel town and hundreds of men are laid off.

Enclosed you will find the names of some of my friends. Most of them are hard to crack,

> F. E. B. Massillon

Doesn't Have A Million

them think.

Editor: Wish I had a million to contribute to our cause, but mailing out a thousand leaflets keeps me empty in pocket. But here's a dollar to help.

I've inserted an ad in our local paper inviting both saint and sinner to join in a free discussion forum. Also have written David O. McKay, president of the Mormon Church, a scorcher for giving Nixon his blessings. Myra Tanner Weiss, being a former resident of Utah, can tell what affect his voice has in such I'm so glad the boys are matters.

In life's passing, glory to Castro and his kind.

A. C. Gregerson Filmore, Utah

The Means to Lasting Peace

Following her appearance, Sept. 23, at Brown University in Providence, R.I., Myra Tanner Weiss, Socialist Workers candidate for Vice-president, received letters from several students there. We print the text of one of these letters below.

Dear Mrs. Weiss,

It is two in the morning but I am unable to sleep. I am unable to sleep because of the alarm aroused in me recently, largely by your address and discussion at this university, concerning the economic, social, and political state of this nation. Much of what you said I recognized as things I had said or thought, though with less knowledge and understanding behind them. I hope you will bear with me as I repeat some of those ideas and concepts which have been a revelation to me, though you have recognized them for a long time.

Suddenly, or finally, I have realized that disarmament is and virtually must be impossible within our present economic system. Ever since my "intellectual birth" I have been a pacifist, and like so many pacifists, and nonpacifists alike, I have been devoted to the idea that universal and complete disarmament is the only means to genuine and lasting peace. Never, however, had I seriously considered the economic system as having particular relevance to the issue of disarmament. Perhaps this was a result of my aloof idealism and inexperience, as well as the now obvious omission of that particular idea from my education!

The implications of this realization-are indeed vast. Certainly it is imperative that man cease war; we all have little trouble accepting this. But isn't it absurd to think that we can forever avoid war by continuing to build and stockpile its instruments of mass death and destruction? War by accident becomes a terrifying probability! Almost everyone believes that neither the Soviet Union nor the United States is going to start war, so why continue wallowing in the delusion that we can continue - to arm and at the same time continue to avert -war! Such a cynical plot can only end in the destruction of all of us

I can clearly see that if disarmament were to be agreed upon, even if to be done over an extended period, it would create serious unemployment (this being on the verge of "serious" at the present increasing level) and result finally in the depression of the entire economy. This may be the death of capitalism, the point at which socialism is established, and if so, fine. But the question immediately becomes, can we even agree to disarm under the present system? Not if the selfish business interests which control the "free press" and every form of mass media communication continue to follow their own economic interest, the increase of the arms sales price unexplained! race, and there is little to suggest that they will sacrifice this dear interest!

What, then, must be done? Nixon and Kennedy both valiantly proclaim "world peace" to be the major issue in the election in order to exploit the people's desire for peace, but neither can divorce himself from the economic interests which demand "greater defense to halt the growing threat of Communism." The issue becomes, as you say, Mrs. Weiss, capitalism vs socialism. Though peace and plenty remain our ultimate goals, in order to achieve these things capitalism must be replaced with an economy capable of prospering in a world at peace.

The immediate problem of public acceptance now arises. First, how do you get the public to realize that their fond dream of disarmament is impossible within our present economy? And second, how do you get the people to accept socialist principles, against which they have been so thoroughly conditioned, as a sound solution to this present dilemma? Unless the American people can be effectively shown that the continuation of capitalism is the threat to peace, and that socialism is its greatest guarantee, we shall never have socialism.

Mrs. Weiss, I want to conclude in the only fitting manner, and that is in paying my personal tribute to you. Your address showed a degree of intelligence, insight, and understanding which is totally missing from the common stream of political thought. But it took more than these to reply to the question concerning your loyalty to the United States, "I am loyal only to humanity, not to national governments ed drugs. Many of these minor or tyrants. I believe that humanity and humanity alone is worth fighting for and believing in." This demonstrates a human love and a vital courage rare in America today. I am proud to chrome that Detroit loads on its stand beside you in the struggle to establish cars to make buyers think they peace and insure plenty for all mankind. I would be grateful if you would send me literature which would be helpful and informing.

A Brown University Student

Notes in the News

NOT A MUMBLING WORD - Eleven Negro college students were arrested at the Memphis, Tenn., airport Sept. 21 just as Democratic presidential aspirant John Kennedy stepped down from his plane. Walking to his car, Kennedy passed other students who held aloft signs reading, "S.O.S." and "Help." When he arrived in Memphis there were more signs, "We are jailed every day." But, the Memphis World, a Negro weekly, reported, "to the Negroes who came to hear his stand . . . not a mumbling word was mentioned on civil rights."

THOSE CUBAN BASEBALL FANS-During the world series, one Havana barbershop posted a cardboard sign stating, "Pittsburgh Si, Yankees No."

ACLU HITS BIRTH CONTROL BAN-The American Civil Liberties Union has petitioned the Supreme Court to void Connecticut statutes which forbid persons to use and physicians to dispense information about contraceptives. The

ACLU filed a friend-of-the-court brief in the case of two Connecticut women who are challenging the statutes. According to medical testimony, one woman has already born three malformed children, The other suffers from ailments which "almost inevitably" would cause her death if she become pregnant.

GOLD BRICKS NEXT? - Dispensing with the gold-watch tradition, a west coast firm is now awarding gold telephones to 30-year employees.

THEY'LL TRY HIM LATER - A man tentatively identified as Ronald Mitchell was killed in Brooklyn Oct. 13 by a policeman's bullet in the back of the head. The cop was pursuing him after he allegedly tried to steal a six-pound beef roast, worth \$5.34, from a market. Patrolman David Nudelman said he fired after he saw the suspect reaching toward his pocket for a gun. No gun was found on the

IF YOU'RE 17 AND DON'T WANT TO estimates that the odds are ten to one that a qualified 18-year-old will be drafted unless he is married and has at least one child.

ARE YOU OUT OF WORK? - If so, you may not realize how lucky you are. The October Monthly Letter of the First National City Bank points out: "Leisure .\. . has undeniable values and often is employed in productive ways - odd jobs around the house, studying for personal advancement, or participating in community projects." The Letter takes a rounded view of the unemployment problem, conceding that it's "generally true that labor resources are most efficiently employed in organized groups in the pursuit of wage or salary

PILL PUSHERS—The use of "detail" men by drug firms to plug their products with doctors sometimes adds as much as 33 per cent to the cost of drugs. Yet the Oct. 4 New York Times reported that drug firms are now expanding their army of "detail" men. The paper estimates there are currently 15,000 such salesmen and that the annual cost of maintaining them in the field totals \$225,000,000.

THOUGHT. FOR THE WEEK - "While right to picket, the definition of spring, the ranchers said a unwe have no experience of actual nuclear war, we have given its nature intensive study. Cur- how to determine the prevailing up by irresponsible organizers. a basic reform of American rent evidence indicates that a prepared nation rate which is paid to Mexican Now, only a few months later, health care is another good reacan live through a nuclear war frightful though nationals. While lawyers argue olive pickers have won the first son why Farrell Dobbs and such a war may be." - General Lyman Lemnitzer, Chairman Armed Forces Joint Chiefs taken direct action. Rather ing agricultural workers in the your support and vote in the than meet union demands for 25 history of California.

THE MILITANT

VOLUME XXIV

Rx. for America's Health: A Socialized-Medicine Plan

The National Health Ser-

vice, established by the La-

bor Government in Britain in

1946, makes health services

of every kind and of the high-

est possible quality available

to everyone who needs them:

tion use the service. The

great majority of specialists,

about 98 per cent of the gen-

eral practitioners and almost

all dentists and druggists

All forms of hospital care

and treatment are provided,

for in-patients as well as out-

patients, in every kind of

hospital, in maternity homes,

tuberculosis sanatoria, infec-

tious disease units, institu-

tions for the chronic sick, con-

valescent homes and rehabili-

tation centers. Mental care is

Under the Labor govern-

most forms of cancer, arthritis,

asthma, respiratory infections,

genital disorders, skin diseases

occur more frequently among

poorer sections. Even heart dis-

get poorer medical attention

nesses that can easily be pre-

dren of poor people.

er income groups.

service.

take part.

included.

By Theodore Edwards

The rulers of America spend over \$40 billion a year for war, preparing to destroy all of humanity, but they absolutely refuse to spend more than pocket change for health services. The but your literature should make U.S. Department of Agriculture spends more money each year nvestigating the prevention of plant and animal diseases than the U.S. Public Health Service spends for research on such human illnesses as cancer, arthritis, heart disease or nervous disorders.

The annual federal expenditure for basic medical research amounts to something like three-thousandths of one per cent of the total budget, a few million dollars a year! For the rest, medical research depends on public charity through foundations such as the "March of Dimes."

Only one-fifth of the total an nual income of all the medical foundations is devoted to reearch, a little over \$100 million a year. In case you have been wondering why medical progress is so slow in combating cancer, arthritis, heart disease, or any number of at present incurable diseases, these statistics provide the clue to the answer.

Quite a Gap

As for the drug companies they would have us believe that the cause for the outrageously high cost of drugs is the research behind the pills. However, the president of the Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association testified at the Kefauver hearings that only \$1 out of \$9 received is used for research. This leaves a disparity of 1600 per cent between cost of production and

Rear Admiral Knickerbocker, at the same hearings, told that the U.S. government saved \$2 million on purchases in Italy, paying 8 cents a pill for the antibiotic Tetracycline for which the American drug manufacturers wanted 17 cents. This is the same pill that retails to the suffering American public for 50 cents a pill. This price has been artificially maintained for the last nine years, in spite of lowered production costs and increased sales.

Unfortunately, the majority of the American people cannot afford to go to Italy to buy 10 pills for 80 cents. Instead they have to plunk down \$5 for the same pills at the corner druggist.

As a result, the drug manufacturers are among the super-profiteers with the highest rates of profit. Smith, Kline & French and Parke, Davis Co. with a 16 to 20 per cent profit on sales are right up there with DuPont and Standard

Research by the drug companies consists mainly of putting new wrinkles on establishinnovations are no improvements at all but only sales gim- illness. micks, similar to the tons of are new models.

Go Where Money Is

Physicians, dentists and other jor disease strikes. What is

(Continued from Page 1)

charges have been imposed for eyeglasses, dentures, and similar items. No prescription, however, costs more than 14 cents. The total amount spent on health is about the same as is

ment all services were free.

Since the Conservatives took

office in 1951, certain small

The patient is free to choose his own doctor and dentist and to change to another if spent on education, about 31/2 he wishes to do so. Doctors per cent of the total national may accept private patients resources. Total annual exwhile participating in the penditures by the national government amount to ap-All but a very small perproximately \$2 billion. centage of the British popula-

How the National Health Plan

Operates in Great Britain

According to a Committee on General Practice report in 1954: "The advent of the Health Service has not harmed the relationship between doctors and their patients; there may even have been some improvement as a result of the removal of the bar to treatment which lack of money imposed, and of increased cooperation among doctors."

In addition, there are special free services for school children and industrial workers. Visitors to the country are welcome to free treatment for illness or accidents.

groups that have a higher rate and the healthy rather than the union that doesn't need help of illness. Accidents and chronic sick. The insurance companies from the national on a local ailments of all types, such as are no fools. They know what most doctors seem to have forgotten: Poverty and most diseases go hand in hand!

Insurance-Plan Abuses

ease, usually conceived of as The social effect of the volunan affliction of the wealthy, octary insurance plans has been to curs at higher rates among lowaccentuate rather than to ameiorate the weaknesses and de-Like bees around the honey ficiencies of American competijar, physicians and specialists tive medicine. Apart from the of all types cluster in the rich minor forms of cheating — such sections of our cities. The lower as unnecessary hospitalization income brackets, i.e., the mabecause it is covered by insurjority of people, have fewer ance while home care is not doctors available and less money the indemnities paid by insurto spend on medical care, They doctor fees by that amount plus as a protest in the final tally. and consequently have higher whatever the doctor can extort death rates at earlier ages than from the patient. A \$100 operathe rich. Tuberculosis and pneution becomes a \$200 operation, monia and other infectious illwith the doctor collecting \$150 from insurance and an extra \$50 vented, result in strikingly highfrom the patient.

er death rates among the chil-This form of abuse has become so widespread, as has the From a purely humanitarian performance of unnecessary but point of view, the greater oc- insurance-covered surgery and currence of fatal disease under hospitalization, that the larger An awakened socialist conscinditions of poverty heightens the need for medical care. How- over or are contemplating preever, private fee-for-service paid group-practice clinics to the fight on the crucial issues medicine is attuned not to hu- stop these outrages that continuman need but to the ability to ally push insurance rates into revolution of our times demands pay. This becomes especially the blue sky.

clear during hospitalization. The In a press conference at the tions to problems raised by aukind and volume of care obtainrecent United Steelworkers coned varies in direct ratio to the vention, John Tamayko, directamount of dollars available not or of the union's insurance deon the seriousness or amount of partment, pointed out that studies have shown that under In spite of the multiplicity of medical plans with group-pracvoluntary health insurance pro- tice clinics and doctors on salgrams that have sprung up in ary, steel workers have fewer the last few years, the majority operations, stay in hospitals of American families continue to shorter periods, and have more

face financial ruin when a ma- of the services they need. The helter-skelter system of medical personnel concentrate more, the private insurance American medical practice on that layer of the population plans cover the higher income needs to be reformed into a rathat has the most money to groups rather than the lower, tional and systematically plan-Such a service should consist of salaried medical personnel working in a network of hospigovernment, with services dispensed on the basis of need and not of ability to pay and with appropriate national subsidies for basic research.

The United States is the only remaining major country in the world that still depends primarily on private medical care, permitting health needs to be thwarted by price-gouging private profiteers.

The official medical organization, the American Medical Society, has consistently opposed any and all improvements of medical care ever suggested, presidential race in favor of a employed by the union to pick planned, or put into effect. This on a hard-luck farmer who had guild of medieval minds has The next sentence shook me three crop failures in a row. fought cooperative clinics, group practice, state health boards, is being ostracized by some breakers, escorted through public health services, health inranchers, while others are curs- picket lines at the neighboring surance, and cheap polio shots. No one in either the Demo-

Strike Continues At GE Despite Local's Defection

The strike by the International Union of Electrical Workers against the General Electric Corporation suffered a blow on Oct. 17 when the 9,000-member Local 301 in

Schenectady, N.Y., the union's largest local, broke ranks and strike four days late. Mass returned to work on the company's terms. Meanwhile, a meeting of the

125-member IUE conference

board in New York on Oct.

18, voted to continue the strike and to give its nego-

tiating team a free hand to sign a new contract and call off the walkout if an acceptable offer was presented by Sunday, Oct. 23. In Schenectady, members of

the local were ordered back to members from other areas. work - under an extension of cost-of-living escalator clause by Leo Jandreau, Local 301 business agent. A meeting on members voted to authorize officers to act independently of ican labor rests. the national union.

Jandreau told the meeting 'I know you all want to go back to work and I say that when we go back strong and united. Local 301 will not be a sacrificial lamb for the national inal since it is the lower income | North rather than the South, | union. We'll be a strong local level.'

> IUE locals which had originally that members of the Internavoted to recommend that the tional Association of Longnational union not call the shoremen (AFL-CIO) would restrike. It subsequently voted to fuse to handle GE shipments go along with the national de- on any dock picketed by the cision, however, joining the IUE.

picketing by local members kept the key plant tightly closed for a few days. Then, in the face of an injunction being sought by GE, militant mass picketing was abandoned.

NUMBER 38

Unprecedented

The great bulk of the local's membership returned to work in response to Jandreau's order, crossing small picket lines manned by IUE officials and

The action of the Schenecthe old contract minus the tady local is probably unprecedented in the history of the postwar labor movement and marks a serious break in the Oct. 12, attended by about 3,000 traditions of union solidarity on which the strength of Amer-

The IUE Conference Board adopted a resolution branding Jandreau as one whose name belongs among "the great betrayers in history-Judas, Benedict Arnold, Quisling." At a meeting of 2,000 IUE

shop stewards from the Greater New York City area, held Oct. 17 to mobilize support for the Local 301 was one of several GE strike, it was announced

Independents . Leading

(Continued from Page 1) tion day or to boycott the top of the ticket is an ineffective protest. Such 'votes' can not ance plans have served to pad be counted and will not show up

"We, the undersigned independents and unaffiliated socialists in New York State, believe there is a way, however, not only to protest, but to cast a positive vote that can be counted on issues the major parties would put out of reach. "We feel also that socialism

belongs in the electoral debate. ousness on the part of the American people can only aid of the day and the scientific the discussion of socialist solutomation, atomic energy, and by Friday, Oct. 28, 8:30 p.m. Conthe enormous increase in our productive energies. Workers who are permanent victims of technological unemployment will, for instance, only find answers in a planned economy.

"New York is one of the twelve states where the Socialist Workers party has successfully placed candidates on the ballot. This party's socialist Workers party and Bogdan program calls for a foreign Denitch, executive committee policy of peace including the member, Berkeley Socialist spend. This is all the more crim- whites rather than Negroes, the ned national health service. drawal of all troops from forof the Cuban revolution, with- eration. Friday, Nov. 4, 8 p.m. eign soil, total disarmament, Chestnut St. (Off University permanent halt to nuclear weatals and clinics, financed by the of A and H-Bomb stockpiles, an SDF. pons tests and the dismantling cents. Ausp., SWP and SPend to conscription, peaceful relations with the Soviet Union. "The Socialist Workers

party candidates, Farrell Dobbs for President and Myra Tanner Weiss for Vice-President, have also stood uncompromisingly for civil rights, civil liberties, for labor's rights and for basic socialist change," their state-

such prominent independents outside New York as Vincent Hallinan, of California, 1952 Progressive Party presidential candidate; Rev. William T. Baird, Perry Cartwright, Nellie DeSchaef, Charles Hamilton, John Hamilton, Rev. Joseph P. King, and James Nash, Sr. of

Calendar Of Events

NEWARK Farrell Dobbs, Socialist Work-

ers candidate for president, speaks on "A Socialist Program for Peace, Jobs and Equality." tinental Ballroom, Rm. 8, 982 Broad St. Contrib., 50 cents. Ausp., Socialist Workers party and Young Socialist Alliance.

BAY AREA DEBATE — "What Road to Socialism in America?" Participants: Art Sharon, Chairman, Northern California Socialist recognition of China, support Party-Social Democratic Fed-Finnish Brotherhood Hall. 1970 Ave.) Berkeley. Contrib., 50

NEW YORK

"Radical Parties and the Election" - An analysis of the stands taken by the Communist party, Socialist Labor party, Socialist Workers party and Socialist Party-Social Democratic Federation. Speaker, Harry Ring, staff writer, The Militant. Friday, Oct. 28, 8:30 p.m. 116 University Place (Off Union Sq.) The SWP national ticket has Contrib. 50 cents. Ausp. Dobbspreviously been endorsed by Weiss Campaign Committee.

Directory Local

BOSTON Boston Labor Forum, 295 Huntingon Ave., Room 200.

CHICAGO Socialist Workers Party, 302 South Canal St., Room 210. WE 9-5044.

CLEVELAND Socialist Workers Party, 5511 Euclid ve., Room 203. DETROIT

Eugene V. Debs Hall, 3737 Woodward. TEmple 1-6135. LOS ANGELES Forum Hall and Modern Book Shop,

1702 E. 4th St. AN 9-4953 or WE 5-MILWAUKEE 150 East Juneau Ave. MINNEAPOLIS Socialist Workers Party and Labor

NEWARK Newark Labor Forum. Box 361, Newark, N. J. NEW YORK CITY Militant Labor Forum, 116 University

OAKLAND - BERKELEY P.O. Box 341, Berkeley 1, Calif. PHILADELPHIA

Place, AL 5-7852.

Militant Labor Forum and Socialist Workers Party, 1303 W. Girard Ave. Lectures and discussions every Saturday, 8 P.M., followed by open house. Call PO 3-5820. SAN FRANCISCO

The Militant, 1145 Polk St., Room 4. Sat. 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. Phone PR 6-7296; if no answer, VA 4-2321. SEATTLE

1412-18th Avenue, EA 5-0191. Library, bookstore. ST. LOUIS

SEE THE WORLD — The Defense Department agreed. They also advanced ically seated on his tractor and money to several prospective plowing under 200 tons of topickers who were ready to join matoes, restored my equilithe union but did not have the brium and brought me all the required \$2."

... Unprecedented Pact

a strange feeling of unreality As soon as word of the Hedand I wondered if I could be rich-Church agreement was re-

labor candidate. ing and threatening him. They have not been appeased by Hedrich's apologetic explanation that he has had three crop failures in the last three years and could not afford to lose this crop, too.

The growers have gone to

wrong, after all, about an ir- ceived, the Council of Califor-

They have genuine cause for Hedrich-Church settlement, but around the issue of the union's pickers went on strike this a bonafide labor dispute, and ion shop was a fantasy cooked

cents a box for tomatoes, he has ranch's pickers be union mem- destroyed his crop. A picture bers, Hedrich and Church of Rancher Jack Perry, heroway back to the old, familiar Right here I was gripped by world of capitalist lunacy.

reconcilable conflict of classes. nia Growers called an emer Perhaps as I turned the next gency meeting to cope with page of my paper, I would dis- the new union threat. They cover that Nixon and Kennedy have issued a statement that it had both withdrawn from the is typical of blackjack tactics out of my daydream. Hedrich They also insist that strike-Wilken Ranch by Sheriff's deputies, are making even more money than union workers at the Hedrich-Church Ranch.

cratic or Republican parties has shown the slightest willingness to buck the AMA in proposing a fundamental reform. Both concern, and it is not only the parties united to defeat the Forunexpected friendliness of the and bill which at least would have provided a little medical court, where battles are raging union recognition. When cherry aid to a few of the older people. The forthright position of the candidates of the Socialist

Workers party in favor of such and appeal, one rancher has union shop agreement cover- Myra Tanner Weiss deserve Book Store, 704 Hennepin Ave., Hall 240. FEderal 2-7781.