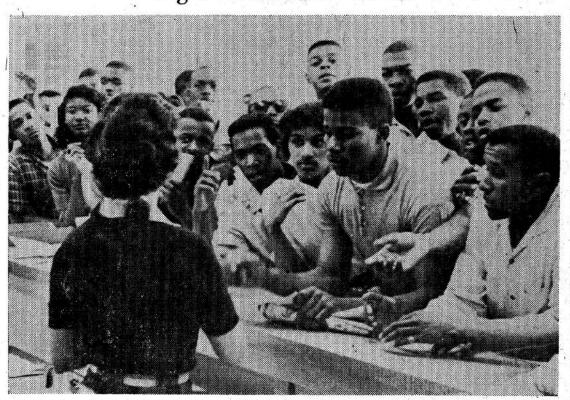
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Fight Classmates' Ouster



Hundreds of students at Southern University in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, lined up at registrar's office to ask for forms to withdraw from the school in protest over the expulsion of sixteen of their classmates. The sixteen were victimized for conducting lunch-counter sit-ins on March 30 in downtown Baton Rouge. Prior to their expulsion, the sixteen were jailed. This led to a protest demonstration on the steps of the state capitol by 5,000 Southern University students. Then, when the students involved in the sitdowns were suspended, the withdrawal movement began.

An army convoy has moved

spread that Negroes had planned

march on Fort Johannesburg

prison where many of their lead-

ers are held. More than 230

(Continued on Page 2)

A favorite joke of Southern

Sergeant Pharaoh?" "I'm a ser-

"Let my people go," the voice

Terror Fails to Halt 2-Party Hoax South African Revolt On Civil Rights

By M. L. Stafford

APRIL 6 - Despite desperate | 000 Africans demonstrated efforts by the Verwoerd govern- against the "passbook" laws ment to crush their heroic strug- one of the most despised measgle against apartheid, the South ures for enforcing apartheid -African working people continue and shouted "Our Country!" as ONE prominent union leader to fight for an end to the hated they thronged down the city speaking out forthrightly in racist system. And their battle streets. is gaining support nationally and internationally.

troops have surrounded workers' was killed and four were woundliving quarters, and the police, ed as police battled a crowd of assisted by "white citizens' de- about 1,000 workers who attackfense forces," have raided Afri- ed scabs returning from work in can homes, beating the residents the city. with rubber hoses and whips in an attempt to drive them back to work and thus to break the general strike movement.

Strikes have ebbed throughout the country. However, in the Capetown area 20,000 workers remained away from work for a second week.

Gunplay by the police has re- Found in Bulrushes, sulted in one more dead and thirty more persons seriously in- Pulls Bull's Leg sulted in one more dead and jured in the crackdowns on workers during the past week. The president of the Capetown students, involved in the sit-in Chamber of Industries has told campaign, concerns a police reporters, however, that he be- sergeant who answers the phone lieved the return to work by at a jail where a number of stusome strikers was dictated by dents are being held. The voice hunger rather than police bru- at the other end asks: "Are you

For four days, armed troops geant but my name isn't Pharand tanks have hemmed thous- aoh. What do you want?" the ands of workers and their fam- policeman asks. ilies in the "native quarters" in the township of Langa, without says. "Who is this? What's your food supplies, in an attempt to name?" the sergeant asks in exprevent any new march on the asperation. The voice replies: city of Capetown. Last week 30,- "Moses."

Scored by Quill

By Tom Kerry

It is refreshing in these times to hear the voice of at least favor of a new political course In Lamontville, a "native for the American labor movequarter" near the industrial and ment. Michael J. Quill, presi-Prime Minister Verwoerd's port city of Durban, one African dent of the AFL-CIO Transport Workers Union, devotes his fullpage column in the April issue of TWU Express to a condemnation of the two-party swindle and a call for the organization. of an independent labor party.

> Quill takes as the central point nto Johannesburg as rumors of his article the issue of the fight for civil rights. He is revolted by the nauseating spectacle of the Senate filibuster and the sham battle in Congress over the current "voting rights"

> > "The 3-ring circus going on in Washington for several weeks probing expedition as to whether or not we in the United States - all 170 million of us - should at this late date, in the year 1960, live up to the U.S. Constitution ratified in 1789, and augmented gardless of race, color or re-

ligious belief. "But of course," Quill adds, "up to now, these guarantees have not been extended to the majority of 18 million Negroes in this country....

"In the poll tax states where (Continued on Page 4)

Impressions of Cuba

By Joseph Hansen

HAVANA, April 3 - At a lunch counter near the Plaza Civica where Farrell Dobbs and I stopped for a sandwich yesterday, a Cuban youth, hearing me speak Spanish, struck up a conversation with us. He was curious to know our impressions and specially whether we had encountered any anti-American

We told him that our impression of the Cuban Revolution was very favorable and much younger in appearance that we had not yet run into a single expression of anti-American sentiment in all our roaming of Havana. In fact, we had found just the opposite: the greatest courteousness and friendliness.

"Yet the baseball clubs are afraid to come here," he said. "They seem to think Americans are being killed in the streets."

We laughed at that because the streets of Havana are as peaceable as can be imagined incomparably more so than in any city of the southern United States where a Negro youth can at any time get his skull cracked if he sits down at a lunch counter reserved for the master race.

Let me cite a few more instances of the same kind to driver, at first noncommittal, illustrate the general feeling warmed up when he discovered

headquarters of the July 26 ones at the bottom of the trouble mote than in Havana with its hour. Movement around the corner were the American monopolists

Farrell Dobbs, presidential nominee of the Socialist Workers party, and Joseph Hansen, editor of the Militant, are in Cuba to study at first hand the changes brought about by the revolution as well as to gain a better understanding of the policies of the new Cuban government.

from our hotel. It was early in the evening and not more than youth movement in the United colors were busy in the rather Fidel Castro hung on the wall.

The youth at the desk asked if he could help us and again the conversation shifted to our impressions. He talked somewhat excitedly and insisted, with an emphatic gesture toward the picture on the wall "Castro is no Communist. He is our friend."

The others joined in the conversation, a Negro girl saying with a most friendly smile, "We only want to live

In another instance, a taxi that we really talked the same

who had been bleeding Cuba. The 'bad stories about Cuba were due to them. They own the big newspapers and they buy up journalists to tell lies about Cuba. He hoped the American people thought differently; they should come to Cuba to see for themselves how much good the Revolution is doing.

under Batista. "In one single day," he said, "I saw three peoa dozen had gathered. They were ple shot by the police." He said than one would expect in a of-fact tone, that it shook us States. Girls and boys of all the details. "Now everything is peaceful. It is hard to underdimly lit place. A picture of stand why the United States is against our revolution."

Dobbs explained that there are two Americas. "The rich monopolists don't represent the feelings of the workers, those that have had experience in strike struggles.'

to believe this, but he felt un- March 29 with the granting of convinced. "The tourists have stopped coming."

At Vinales, a small town some cal 1100 of the Retail Clerks San Francisco Labor Council of experience with everyone we ment stores and improved night trance to the downtown store. talked with. There the impact and holiday premium pay. The of the State Department's anti- top wage for experienced clerks cludes a ten-cent increase in the

(Continued on Page 3)

By Lillian Kiezel Five thousand people picketed

various units of the National Association for the Advance-Youth Committee for Integra- North. tion, the protest picket lines were the most impressive demonstrations yet seen here in battle to smash Jim Crow practices at Southern lunch counters

5000 Picket

In New York

The largest demonstration was store, where the Youth Committee organized its fifth successful Saturday picket line. Other groups also picketed the same

Most of the 400 students who participated in the Herald Square picketing witnessed New York's first sit-in demonstration, which received international publicity and was featured in the press, on radio and TV.

At least forty youths sat down at one of the store's lunch counters. Many were high school students, a good number of them blocked all services at that

Police, who had earlier harassed youths distributing leaflets to prospective Woolworth customers, now threatened to arrest the sit-ins. Woolworth's management, however, declined to file charges.

The students gave the waitresses \$11.75 in tips which they collected among themselves. They felt the waitresses might suffer through

the unexpected loss of trade. Outside the store, the indoor Khrushchev declared, "We can fronting the world. However, he March 31 to bar Cuba from U.S. thusiasm among the picketers.

CORE representatives, however, refused to have anything peace treaty with both German to do with the sit-in. When Fred states." Mazelis, chairman of the Youth Committee, told the press that by the 15th Amendment on the action had been spontaneous, auer the Western countries will March 30, 1870. This amendment | CORE challenged the statement | sooner or later come to the same | devoted to a single theme - a | put him in a stronger bargaining guarantees the right to vote re- and Gordon Carey, CORE's field secretary, smeared the Youth Committee as an "obstructionist

red-baited the New York stu- had agreed on a joint communident group at a large Harlem rally. Although Southern students, speaking at the rally, had Strontium Level appealed for greater support from the North, Randolph said he opposed all picket lines organized by the Youth Commit-

torial. The Post OK'd picketing tural Research Council. but said that sitdowns in the North cease to be "non-violent protest." No violence occurred at level of strontium 90 in the the Herald Square sit-in.

The members of the New York had almost doubled after the Youth Committee for Integra- last big series of nuclear tests tion are redoubling their efforts in 1958. to make their next protest demonstration, Apr. 9, their biggest element created by nuclear ex-

The Sit-ins and Congress

Southern Rights Fighters

Win Nationwide Backing

The Negro students in the South have poured out of the class rooms to join the eighty Woolworth stores in march of world history. They have struck New York City and surrounding with such power at the decaying structure districts on April 2. Led by of white-supremacist rule that it will never recover from it. Their magnificent initiative, courage, discipline and inventiveness ment of Colored People, by the Congress of Racial Equality have inspired a broad movement of solid-(CORE) and by the New York arity among the masses of students in the

The youth of America are making civil-rights history; the two capitalist parsupport of the Negro students' ties in the Eighty-sixth Congress, meanwhile, are writing a civil-rights bill.

If ever there was an opportunity for at Woolworth's Herald Square legislators to prove that they truly represent the people, this is it. And if ever a legislature had the opportunity to enact a law in tune with the will of the people, this is it. What then are the two capitalist parties doing on civil rights? If they are not opening new pathways, are they at least redeeming old promises?

Note first what they have done about the sit-in movement. The chief of the Republican party, President Eisenhower, has been unable to make up his mind on whether the Negro student sit-in - he calls them lunch-counter "incidents" — are legitimate or not. The foremost spokes-Negroes. From 1 to 5 p.m., they man for the Democrats, ex-President Truman, took the occasion to unbare his racist soul when he declared March 24: "If anyone came into my store and tried to stop

By Alex Harte

business, I'd throw him out. The Negro should behave himself."

None of the assorted Democratic presidential contenders have taken issue with struggle in Marshall, Texas, one Truman or in any other way declared wire service noted that the Nethemselves in favor of the embattled Negro | gro demonstrations there were

In Congress, where the big Democratic days." This historic fact applies to the Southwide movement majority elected in 1958 was supposed to which is maintaining its unpreproduce a stronger civil-rights measure cedented mass challenge to the than that gutless wonder, the Civil Rights Jim Crow system despite ten Act of 1957, a "civil rights" bill acceptable weeks of wholesale jailings and to the Dixiecrats has now been agreed upon by all sides.

The only strong provision of the bill movement is also winning new calling for criminal penalties against vio- forces. The solidarity demonlators of any federal court order — is not strations have stirred more peodesigned to aid courts in enforcing civilissue since the 1930's. "Pickets rights decrees, if any, as much as to help marched yesterday in front of impose anti-labor injunctions. Thus, what was supposed to be a civil-rights bill has Woolworth stores throughout been turned into an anti-labor measure.

leaders of the labor movement continue to the April 3 New York. Times. support the capitalist politicians and the two-party system? And how can the past week's developments on the Communist party and the Socialist Party-Social Democratic Federation continue to steps aimed at linking the intedrag after the labor officials in this?

The Socialist Workers party, we be- ous cities; and the first endorselieve, is entirely correct in running its ment by a Southern trade-union independent socialist ticket in this year's elections. Only the SWP candidates will strations. wholeheartedly champion the civil-rights Kress put their lunch counters struggle against the bipartisan racists.

Cuban People

Woolworth Hit Coast to Coast

By Harry Ring

APRIL 6 - Reporting on the bitterly fought integration "the first since Reconstruction

As the inspiring battle continues, the Northern supporting the nation in protest against the chain's segregated lunch In the face of these facts, how can the counters in the South," reported

Among the highlights of the Southern front were an integration victory in Galveston; initial gration movements in the varibody of the sit-in demon-

In Galveston, Woolworth and yesterday on a service-for-all basis. Previously in Texas, lunch counters were integrated in San Antonio.

Meanwhile, Highlander Folk By De Gaulle on Deal Another Jab at School, in Monteagle, Tenn., played host to a conference of students from 16 Southern campuses in seven states.

South Carolina students, who have continued their sit-In an April 4 report on his visit | que which said that disarmament | The House Foreign Affairs ins despite some 300 arrests, to France, Soviet Premier was the most urgent issue con- Committee asked Congress reported to the Highlander conference that a South Caroguarantee peace in Europe by a added, they had not reached any technical aid. Cuba's annual allina Movement lotment has been \$350,000, an formed to link the activities of the rights fighters throughout the state. The conference proposed an exchange of school papers to inform demonstrating students of activities being carried on by other schools.

From North Carolina came the encouraging news that the State For weeks pressure against AFL-CIO had pledged the supfurther aid to Cuba has been port of its 35,000 members to the sit-in strikes. Delegates to the state AFL-CIO convention unanimously adopted a resolution expressing "approval of the efforts" of the students to win equal rights.

Described by the national AFL-CIO News, March 26, as one of the strongest-worded civil rights resolutions ever adopted by a labor organization in the South," the resolution pointed out that picket lines, sit-downs and boycotts were the established, legitimate weapons of the labor movement itself' and condemned police interference

with the student actions. The need to translate this resolution into action on a pressed by the revolution and Southwide basis is urgent. This the effort of "a heroic people to is underscored by the massive construct a more just, human, racist resistance to the maggenerous and . . . Christian nificent struggle waged by the (Continued on Page 4)

The amount of strontium 90 This week the sit-in action in Britain's milk increased was condemned as "misguided" about 40 per cent last year over moments our peoples have "artificial" by the New 1958, according to an April 3 fought together against their York Post in an April 4 edi- report by the British Agricul- common enemy. We know that

Strike Forces Woolworth

To Grant Clerks a Raise

being hit by nationwide picket courts for aid, and, as in the

A five-day strike against at each entrance and enjoining

iety chains in that city ended crippling plaintiff's business.'

conclusion we have."

Rises in Britain

Authority disclosed that the venge.'

ed, limiting pickets to two

Just before settlement of the

strike, about fifteen union of-

An English-speaking taxi driver told us how things were it so quietly, in such a mattermore than if he had gone into

> company's Jim Crow policies in coming. An hour after pickets the South, the San Francisco massed in front of the comstores were also picketed by pany's big downtown store, a union workers rebelling against sweeping injunction was grantsweat-shop wages. Woolworth and three other var- the union from "interrupting or

Our driver obviously wanted

As in the case of the Southern store level.

higher pay.

solution of the disarmament agreement on the issue of Gerinsignificant part of the \$4,038, question and by concluding a many. 500,000 foreign aid bill. Commit-The failure to win over De Gaulle to his plans certainly did | tee chairman, Rep. Thomas E. not spring from lack of trying on Morgan (D-Pa.) hopes Cuba's "And we are sure," he added, Khrushchev's part. His entire proscription will give "the Presi-"that despite the efforts of Adeneleven-day tour of France was dent [Eisenhower] flexibility and

Khrushchev Rebuffed Congress Aims

'revengeful" German militarism, position in this difficult situawhich had overrun France twice, tion." He went on to tell the Soviet people that he thought his trip to was preparing to do so again and France had been "rather successthe only way France could es-Last week, A. Philip Randolph ful" because he and De Gaulle cape this fate was through an building up in Congress. The anti-German alliance with the

> On his arrival in Paris, March 23, Khrushchev paid "homage to the heroic sons of France who had given their lives in the struggle against the German aggressors.

He added, "At the decisive ir. France you are aware of the On March 22, Atomic Energy presence of the threat of a re-

The next day he reiterated the bones of some British children German "menace" theme, declaring, "Whenever a threat has arisen to our countries it has always come from the same quart-Strontium 90 is a radioactive er and was directed against you and us. plosions. It is cancer breeding.

And so it went throughout his tour. In every public appearance he worked diligently to fan the flames of nationalist, anti-German sentiment among the French people. While Woolworth stores were sit-ins, Woolworth ran to the

Khrushchev undoubtedly sought in this way to check demonstrations protesting the South, found it quickly forth- American war preparations against the Soviet Union. These preparations call for building a united European military force, with special stress on a powerful West German army, Khrushchey and the other Kremlin leaders hepe Washington's plans can be defeated by raising the specter of Germany turning on its pres-

ent allies. Khrushchev's propaganda in Nine hundred members of Lo- ficials including members of the this respect is both delusory and 120 miles from Havana, where Union, AFL-CIO — 400 of them executive board and top Team- reactionary. First, it plays down we' went during the week to employed by Woolworth-walk- ster union leaders denounced the fact that World War III is visit co-operatives under con- ed out demanding the same the injunction as illegal and be- being prepared not in Bonn but struction, we had the same type wage scale as regular depart- gan picketing at the main en- in Washington. In the anti-Soviet drive Bonn is but an outpost; Washington is headquarters.

The settlement reportedly in-Second, the chances that the We walked into a section language. He told us that the Cuba campaign seems more re- at Woolworth's was \$1.521/2 an top wage bracket which would capitalists in America and West-(Continued on Page 2)

Cuban Revolution Impresses Brazilian

time in 12 years."

New York World-Telegram re-

ported March 18 that Rep. Wayne

Hays (D-Ohio), a member of the

House committee, had said that

if the State Department didn't

kill proposed "continuation of

the Cuban program, he'd vote

against foreign aid for the first

Janio Quadros, opposition candidate for the Brazilian presidency, visited Cuba last week and returned home deeply im-

Free-Shooting N.Y. Cops Kill a Negro Bystander

one more example of official dis- being arrested.) regard for Negro lives. At the | The two cops began chasing

the back.

According to the police ver-

BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 2 | had been loud and boisterous. -An innocent 17-year-old Ne- Then, they asserted, a second gro youth was killed by a white youth, Hayward Bovian, 19, cop in the predominantly Negro grabbed Carrillo's night stick Bedford-Stuyvesant community and began beating him with it. nere shortly after midnight to- (There have been a number of lay. Angered residents, long incidents in Bedford-Stuyvesant he target of police brutality, where citizens have intervened charged that the shooting was to halt the beating of someone

ime of the killing, patrol squads Bovian down the busy street, were brought from five precincts their guns going. One bullet to disperse an angry crowd of struck and immediately killed ,000 that had gathered at the Raymond Gannaway, who was on his way home from a visit A second youth, claimed to to his aunt. A second bullet be escaping arrest, was shot in struck down Bovian. The youth the cops originally sought to arrest disappeared.

Charged with felonious assion, Patrolmen Francis Car- sault, Bovian has been hospitalbring pay up to the department ern Europe will fall out among rillo and Paul McHugh had tried ized and no statement from him I to arrest a youth who, they said, has been made public.

South African Freedom Fight British Witch-hunt Movie Glorifies a Scab Drives Wedge in Ruling Class

By Frances James

pitated a sharp debate in the desias. country's parliament currently meeting in Capetown.

The opposition to the govern-Verwoerd has proposed a number of reforms that would eliparliament is so deep that a number of reporters in Capetown predict the fall of the Verwoerd government and with it the end of the Nationalist since 1948 have run directly party's dictatorship, which has counter to the needs of capitallasted since 1948.

Supporting the opposition in an attempt to institute reforms has served to sharpen the conare the United party, based on tradiction. British settlers; the Progres-

heimer, chairman of the power- manufacturing in the Union, indemonstrations ful Anglo-American Corpora- dustrial production now comes by the capitalist press about and strikes of the Negroes in tion which controls major secthe Union of South Africa dur- tions of mining and industry tional product. Eighty-five per and their "secret organization" ing recent weeks have preci- in the Union and in the Rho-

When capitalism moves into an area, it must perforce transform the social relations so as ment of the extreme racist Dr. to facilitate its own develop-Commodity production ment. and the buying and selling of minate the most brutal aspects labor power must sooner or of apartheid. The cleavage in later replace the more primitive economic relations.

Rhodesias and Nyasaland.

their labor-power pool.

social organization.

slave labor.

workers.

But, since the followers of

Dr. Verwoerd consider the

Africans to be innately semi-

health, industrial skills and

The racial laws of the Na-

tionalist government are

the rural "native reserves" and

to reduce the South African

working class to the status of

In order to prevent the de

velopment of an industrially

trained working class, whose

very existence would threaten

their political power, the Na-

tionalists resort to the importa-

tion of thousands of migrant

workers from Nyasaland, Moz-

ambigue, Bechuanaland, Basuto-

in a shortage of skilled workers

million potential industrial

Batches of "Criminals"

creating" laws, which permit

the "arrest" overnight of thou-

sands whenever more labor is

needed in agriculture, mining

In Northern Rhodesia and

nancially with concerns in the

Union - favor the "limited"

amilies in permanent urban de

In these areas, through which

the African "revolution of rising

expectations" is sweeping south-

ward, Negro self-government

has either been already granted

or is considered inevitable by

the Belgian and British im-

perialists. They are now striv-

ing to make the best political

deal possible with the freedom

movement in order to safeguard

their invested capital and main-

British imperialism in Africa.

"Doomsday Men"

The rigid stand of their gov-

ernment has already won for

But coming in the wake of the

heroic struggle the Africans

have already waged and the con-

cessions they have already

gained from the Verwoerd gov-

ernment, a change in regime in

South Africa might well spur

the freedom fighters to new

revolutionary accomplishments.

Antiunion Tax Ruling

ruled that if a "substantial

part" of a union's activity is

ber can deduct from his income

new regulation as discrimin-

atory and "administratively un-

The Treasury Department has

own hands.

tain economic control.

velopments.

or industry. Basically, the na-

makeshift labor methods.

The South African govern-

But the labor policies adopted by the Nationalist government ist development in the southern section of Africa, and the boom

The prosperity of southern sives, a group of liberals on the Africa can be gauged from the race question who broke away fact that the gross national from the United party last year; product of the Union of South church leaders of both the Africa and of the Federation of designed to prevent the work-Anglican' and Dutch Reform the Rhodesias and Nyasaland ers from settling in the indus-Churches; and leading industrial has increased during the last trial areas, to return them to and mining capitalists who dis- several years at a tempo greater like the economic consequences than in any other area outside of unmodified racism. Among of the Soviet-bloc countries.

Too Many Babies? -

Ever Hear of "Instant People"?

By Joseph Hansen

Tenth in a series of articles.

When the neo-Malthusians advocate sterilization of the poor, particularly the masses of India, China, Africa and by the fact that immigration of tween reporter Mallory and Latin America where the great majority happen to be colored, they prove themselves to be very short-sighted. To has been restricted by and large to those who support the Naend this "overpopulation" would do untold damage to the capitalist system. Marx noted this trenchantly:

"But if a surplus laboring population is a necessary product of accumulation or of the development of wealth on a capitalist basis, this surplus population becomes, conversely, the lever of capitalistic accumulation, nay, a condition of existence of the capitalist mode of production. It forms a disposable industrial reserve army, that belongs to capital guite as absolutely as if the latter had bred it at its

Marx follows this observation with a most illuminating description of the periodicity of the expansion of capital, its ups and downs, its sudden retreats and its sudden ex- tionalists have been trying to pansion, all of which hinge on the possibility of throwing build a modern capitalist counmasses of workers into the ranks of the unemployed and try by resorting to primitive then just as suddenly, when the opportunity arises, throwing them back into production. Anyone who recalls the the Congo, on the other hand, sudden shift in the United States from the widespread un- the mining interests - even employment of the thirties to the scramble for workers that | though usually associated fioccurred as the war industries moved into full production will appreciate the following passage from Marx:

"The mass of social wealth, overflowing with the advance of accumulation, and transformable into additional capital, thrusts itself frantically into old branches of production whose market suddenly expands, or into newly formed branches, such as railways, etc., the need for which grows out of the development of the old ones. In all such cases, there must be the possibility of throwing great masses of men suddenly on the decisive points without injury to the scale of production in other spheres. Overpopulation supplies these

To show how well the more thoughtful spokesmen of the capitalist class appreciated this function of overpopulation, Marx cites a statement by H. Merivale in 1841:

"Suppose that, on the occasion of some of these crises, the nation were to rouse itself to the effort of getting rid by emigration of some hundreds of thousands of superfluous arms, what would be the consequence? That, at the first returning demand for labor, there would be a deficiency. However rapid reproduction may be, it takes, at all events, the space of a generation to replace the loss of adult labor. Now, the profits of our manufacturers depend mainly on the power of making use of the prosperous moment when demand is brisk, and thus compensating themselves for the interval during which it is slack. This power is secured to them only by the command of machinery and of manual labor. They must have hands ready by them, they must be able to increase the activity of their operations when required, and to slacken it again, according to the state of the market, or they cannot possibly maintain the pre-eminence in the race of competition on which the wealth of the country is

Does that language sound a little musty, like it's from hest of mining and industrial the grave where the defenders of capitalism bury Marx a thousand times a year? Maybe you've got a point. Here's the modern shape of things as depicted in an advertisement that appeared in the New York press the first week of March 1960. In behalf of the Pennsylvania Power & Light efforts of the capitalist class to Company, the Madison Avenue hucksters printed a composite photograph of an eager-beaver, smiling worker stepping on a spoon held below a jar of instant coffee. They termination to take the counadded this attention-grabbing headline, "Ever Hear of 'Instant People'?" The advertisement continues:

"To the firm looking for a new plant site, 'Instant People' means an immediate source of skilled and semi-skilled labor and, in Central Eastern Pennsylvania, you'll find all the honest and conscientious manpower you want!

"Just as a starter, check the 'available labor list shown to the right for four communities in Central Eastern Pennsyl-

"It's only a sample of the experienced heavy industry men ... local people, not transients ... who can set your lathes turning and wheels spinning the day you flip the first switch! 'Add 'instant' shell buildings . . . they're brand-new, ready and waiting, at unbelievably low cost . . . to the picture and you can see Central Eastern Pennsylvania has everything to put your business in business, right in the 'Heart of the Market.' Let us show you why!"

Isn't it really more satisfying to let Marx show us why? Suppose we try to follow his analysis further as he probes deeper into what happens to the working population upon the widening of the ratio between constant and variable AFL-CIO has denounced the united socialist states of Europe.

(Next week: The Testimony of Lewis.)

In last week's article on the witch-hunt against the Socialist the latter is Harry Oppen- As a result of the growth of Labor League in Great Britain, we cited the lurid tales spread to one-quarter of the total na-"Trotskvist strike - fomentors" cent of the industrial outputknown simply as "The Club."

namely, tractors, bicycles, tex-The News Chronicle claims tiles, canned food - is sold to eredit for having sparked the other African countries, espewitch-hunt against militant uncially to the Federation of the ionism, though the type of fabrications it has peddled were in-The Union and the Federation vented long ago. have become closely linked eco-

More recently, News Chronicle nomically, and the huge mining has boasted that its "exposures" interests look upon the African supplied the inspiration for a population of the entire southmovie, "The Angry Silence," put ern section of the continent as out early this year by Boulting Brothers with a star cast. The film glorifies scabbing. Its message is that to be a scab is a mark of non-conformity. This savage and childlike, their makes violating picket lines the apartheid policies serve to latest thing, and everybody keep the labor force backward ought to do it. in terms of modern education, "The Angry Silence" is

about a "wildcat" skrike in a Midlands plant. A young lathe operator, played by Richard Attenborough, scabs on his shopmates. He is shunned by his fellow workers. Local "Teddies" (juvenile gangs) support the strike. "Tragic irony" is introduced when the factory management sacks the hero-scab in order to settle the strike quickly.

News Chronicle reporter Leslie Mallory, in an interview Feb. 9 with actor Attenborough and the movie's screen writer Bryan Forbes is full of praise. The movie deals with "one of the hottest issues of the moment," he land, etc. This policy has resulted says. It is a "sober examination - this time through the microeve of one worker and his —in a land of more than ten family" of "labor relations."

How "sober" may be judged The shortage is made worse from the following exchange bescreen writer Forbes. white mechanics from Europe

research on the activities of The cording to the Manchester right-wing is of appealing to tionalist party's a partheid Club to get material for this Guardian. However, this not un- what is best in youth. picture.

"I pointed out," says Mallory, ed by the Labor party leaders that The Club, the Trotskyist with trembling hands and with group behind some recent foreboding in their hearts. The ment has sought to compensate strikes, had not been known to pro-Laborite weekly, the New for the labor-power shortages go around burning people's produced by its policies by cars.' enacting a mass of "criminal" "M

"Maybe not," says Forbes. "But the point I'm trying to make is that if you countenance violence in one form, it'll break out eventually in another."

By the same token, it might be argued, if you twist the truth in one particular, you will wind up with a tissue of lies. But Mallory and Forbes are not discussing fine points of ethics. They're out to do a job on "The Club."

There is, by the way, good reason why the anti-union film Might they not be won over?" chooses a "wildcat" strike as education and industrial up- the setting for glorifying a scab. grading of the Africans as well This is part of the calculated as the settlement of workers' campaign to enlist the aid of the labor bureaucracy in cracking down on "industrial trouble-

Witch-hunting the Youth

The anti-Marxist witch-hunt operates in all areas of British life. But perhaps its real intent is nowhere so fully revealed as in the field of youth. Here the Socialist Labor League has been scoring some of its most significant successes, whereas the right-wing Labor party leadership has failed dismally.

In opening fire on the un-The failure of the Labor armed African demonstrators in Durban, Verwoerd's govern- inspire support from the ranks ment - whose support is of England's youth is notorious. largely made up of farmers of And the causes as well as the Dutch descent (the Afrikaners) cure for this have long been is defying the new policy of a subject of debate and concern distrust for the best qualities of granting concessions adopted by in all sections of the party.

mittee of the Labor party reenthusiasm for bold projects for solved "to have a really thorough | the betterment of humanity. look at the inadequacies of the A single episode will suffice to Forbes says: "I did a lot of party's youth organizations" ac- show how utterly incapable the

Salesman for the Newsletter, weekly publication of the

Socialist Labor League, at a construction site in England. The

Newsletter has given strong backing to construction workers,

who during the last eighteen months have engaged in several

At its March 22, 1959 meeting, brace new ideas, its fervent

the National Executive Com- striving for truth, its boundless

militant strikes.

important project was approach-

dances and treasure hunts."

Simple then drives the knife

"The principal 'peculiar dif-

ficulties' is that the Young

Socialists (youth section of the

Labor party) are not Socialists

and the infiltrating Trotsky-

ites are. These Trotskyites are

what the Young Socialists

would be if they dared, or if

they were logical, or if they

had ever been told about it.

To expose Young Socialists

to them is therefore about as

sensible as exposing a flock of

sheep to a wolf."

aborite leaders:

David Williams' Crime

In April 1959, the Sunday Dispatch reported, "A famous grammar school is investigating a Statesman, tells us why. "A Trotsky-ite 'cell' in its sixth party of the Left suffers from form." The story goes on to repeculiar difficulties in organiz- veal that a group of school boy ing young people: the Young "revolutionaries" led by 17-year-Conservatives do not have the old David Williams "will bo equivalent of infiltrating Com- asked to explain his conduct to munists or Trotskyites at their the headmaster." The boy's mother is quoted as

Peter Simple, columnist for saying, "His father is furious he Conservative Daily Tele-... He hasn't spoken to David graph, Feb. 3, 1960, needles the for days." The mother declares, "What are according to this paper, "I take these 'peculiar difficulties'? And a more lenient view and see Dawhy this terror of infiltrating vid's political opinions as I Trotskyites? If Trotskyites want would an attack of measles. He to filter, why not let them? will get over it."

This incident created a furor in the whole British press. Headlines read: "Trotsky 'Cell' in the Sixth Form," "School Boy Aids a Red Group," etc. The headmaster of the school tries to pass off the incident as

a boyish prank. The Leicester Evening Mail, March 27, 1959, says, "A Leicester headmaster laughed today when asked if national paper reports that a school boy had formed a 'Trotskyite cell' at the school were true. According to the headmaster the boy "attended one or two meetings of the Socialist Labor League.'

Simple's blade lays bare the The capitalist press, however, downright hostility of the Labor party's right wingers to the took a dim view of considering socialist program of their own David's conduct so lightly. With Johannesburg, Capetown and party's right-wing leadership to party. No wonder they cannot the national press bearing down educate the youth to socialism! on the incident, the schoolboy is The Labor party's right-wing badgered, bullied and high-presleadership, alien to all that is sured until he promises to stop revolutionary, can only manifest attending SLL meetings.

> The News Chronicle then re the youth — its capacity to em- ports, April 27: "'Horrified'

the Nationalists the designation (Continued from Page 1) "Verwoerd's Doomsday themselves are infinitely slim-Men." In London, the "replacement of Verwoerd at the be-

> Finally, it is a betrayal of socialism to fight the growing international unification of the capitalist class - expressed economically in Western Europe, for instance, by the Common Market Agreement through rousing old national

The working classes of France and Germany have suffered quite enough from socialists turning chauvinists. In World War I, the majority of "socialists" in both France and Germany helped recruit the workers in their respective countries for the imperialist slaughter. In World War II, the Socialist and Communist parties promoted anti-German chauvin-Hitler, who butchered German and French workers impartially.

The growing unity of the caplobbying then the union mem- italists today makes it easier for socialists to advocate internatax only that portion of his tional working class unity. In union dues which he can Europe, growing Franco-German "clearly establish" is attribut- accord at the top should be able to nonpolitical activity. The countered with the slogan of the

will unite among themselves the following: In his speeches in "grandeur," to crush their re-

Soviet-bloc countries and in or- Chancellor Adenauer's claim mer than that they will continue der to prepare for war against jointly to prepare for war against | the latter, a genuine socialist | sion to save Europe" from comprogram would hold out the munism, while on the other he prospect of eliminating the East-West division and the threat of war by bringing the entire continent under a single planned economy.

> nationalism against growing unity between the French and German capitalist classes has about as much socialism in it as the schemes periodically advanced in this country to destroy the power of the monopolists by breaking up the trusts into competing entities.

schemes of this sort which call for attempting to restore an earlier stage of capitalism. They adism under the pretext of fighting vocate that the power of big business be smashed through na-

Toasts French "Grandeur"

only to deepen the division be- France, Khrushchev on the one sistance.

that Germany has a "divine misoffered toasts to the "grandeur of France" - the megalomaniac phrase revived by De Gaulle. In the past, the bonapartist ravings about French "glory" and "grandeur" have disrupted the peace of Europe quite as much as the madman's cry, "Deutschland Ueber Alles," which Adenauer, echoing Hitler, utters from time to time.

ond atom bomb in the Sahara Desert while Khrushchev was

to French nationalism led him to praise De Gaulle again for hav ing offered "self-determination" to the French people. Two weeks must be prosecuted until military victory is attained. Seem-Indeed, whereas the capitalists | really are when one considers | army, drunk with delusions of

The boy is quoted as saying "From now on my activities wil be purely academic and I shall divorce myself from politics entirely." The Chronicle quotes him as saying, "Now that I find it [the SLL] is Communist-inspired I have no wish to be dentified with it in any way."

Enter Morgan Phillips, genera secretary of the Labor party Perhaps this dauntless leader of the working class will defend the boy from the red-baiters? No. Phillips treats the culprit a if he had caught him lifting his wallet. However, displaying a charitable and understanding nature, Phillips preaches that one mistake, especially by one so young, does not make the lac incorrigible.

"We are not the intolerant people some say we are. I have sneaking feeling my own son has read this Trotskyist propa ganda too.'

Warming up to the subject of his tolerant attitude, Phillips then reveals the real skeleton in his family closet. This receives a seven-column headline in the April 28, 1959, Daily Mail as follows: "My Rebel Daughterby Morgan Phillips." Underneath it is the text of the Labor party's secretary to the lad that had straved.

"I think I ought to tell you about Gwyneth, my daughter," says Phillips. "She was a rebel too. She was in the Fulham League of Youth, so rebellious t was expelled by the constituency Labor party. Without my perse the groups around the knowledge she organized unofficial meetings of the break- be touring the countryside urgaway youngsters in my home in my absence. And I am general books. secretary of the Labor party!

"It was six weeks before I found out and I only discovered that my house was 'rebel headquarters' when I could not find a chair to sit on outside the room where, said my wife, 'Gwyneth was having friends.

But the story has a happy ending: "Gwyneth is now a loyal doctor husband is prospective had violated the "passbook" laws Labor candidate against the on March 21, refused to plead. Chancellor of the Exchequer." Their spokesman said: "We, the Clearly, there is hope for David accused members of the Afri-Williams, too.

The Real Issue

This garish episode reveals more than just the Polonius-like ouffoonery of the Labor party's general secretary. The same party leaders, who regard youth's interest in the revolutionary Marxist doctrines as im- of both the Anglican and Dutch mature folly, want to expunge Reform Churches. Leading inthe socialist clause from the dustrialists have declared that party's constitution and become more "respectable" in the eyes of the lords and ladies of big government. business who rule England.

even their milder critics such as Richard H. S. Crossman, who bucked the right-wing's H-bomb policy.

The broad left-wing of the Labor party of which the Socialist Labor League is an integralpart is struggling to turn the helm of the party to the left and replace the Gaitskells and the Morgan Phillip's with a new and

evitalized leadership. Victory in this struggle is imperative if the British workers are to forge ahead on the socialst road and if the youth, with all their enthusiasm and courage, are to be won to the side of he working class.

South Africa

(Continued from Page 1) African, Indian and white opponents of segregation have already been arrested. Many other leaders of the African National Congress and of the Pan Africanist Congress have escaped police searches and gone underground to continue their work.

South African Minister of Justice Erasmus has refused say whether the young Pan-Africanist leader Philip Kgosana who led the 30,000 freedomfighters demonstration in Capetown has been arrested or not.

In Port Elizabeth, during the night of April 2, bonfires of "passbooks" flared up and police made few attempts to disfires. Negroes are reported to ing that all burn up their pass-

The government declared April 6 that suspension of prosecution for violating the "passbook" laws has been withdrawn. This had been a concession to the Africans following protests over the shootings March 21 and 22, when police admitted to having killed seventy people.

Sixty-five Africans who appeared in Johannesburg court abor party member, and her April 5 on a charge that they can community refuse to plead to the charge laid against us because we are under no obligation to obey a law which has been imposed on African people without their consent.'

Opposition to the Verwoerd government's murderous policies is growing among white clergy "consultation with all races must be undertaken" by the

The international boycott of They carry their hunger for re- South African goods has been spectability to the point of de- gaining increased support.

Advertisement

Advertisement

is it Dewey's Fault Johnny Can't Read?

John Dewey's theories of progressive education once enjoyed wide support among enlightened educators and parents. Yet there are only a few "progressive" schools in the country today. These are largely restricted to children of upper-income families and they practice little of Dewey's theories.

In recent years, progressive education has been made the scapegoat for all the failures of the educational system, particularly by those who charge that the schools are responsible for the U.S. "scientific lag" in the cold war.

In the second of two articles on Dewey's educational theories, William F. Warde discusses what was actually valid in Dewey's concepts and why his system failed to achieve realization on any significant scale. In the Spring issue of International Socialist Review. Send 35 cents

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Khrushchev Rebuffed tween Western Europe and the hand denounced as "Hitlerian'

the Soviet Union. interests by a coalition" has

been freely predicted. (See the New Statesman, April 1.) If a change of this nature takes place, it will represent the forestall through concessions the growth of the African workers and peasants' revolutionary detry and its wealth into their

Khrushchev's pitting of French

Genuine socialists don't fool around with trust-busting

In fact, it was in the name of the "grandeur of France" that De Gaulle exploded a sec-

still visiting France. Again, Khrushchev's appeals

tionalization of all basic indus- before this piece of flattery, De ries under workers' control and Gaulle had proclaimed in Algeria through the operation of these that the war against the Arab ndustries according to a plan national independence fighters One can gauge how reaction- ingly, the Algerian people are to ary Khrushchev's appeals to gain "self-determination" only French enmity of Germany if they first allow the French

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THE MILITANT

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Red-Baiting and Civil Rights

Red-baiting has long been a major weapon of anti-union employers and racists alike. During the thirties, for example, when modern unionism was being forged in the sitdown strikes and on the picket lines, the unions were subjected to red-baiting attack by the corporations, the kept press, the political stooges of big business and other strikebreaking agencies. The popular uprising of industrial workers against the dictatorship of the open-shop industrialists was represented as the work of "outside agitators" and "red conspirators."

Today the cry of "outside agitator" and "Communist troublemaker" is heard from South Africa to Texas. In South Africa the white-supremacists, mass murderers justify maintaining their rule by the whip, the club and the bullet as a defense of "free world democracy" against the "menace of Communism." The South African landlord and capitalist oppressors have fought the rising movement for freedom for many years with the aid of the notorious "Communist Conspiracy" Law.

In the American South — another bastion of the "free world" - the historic sitin movement of Negro students is under fierce attack by the white supremacists. The valiant young fighters in this movement are not only subjected to insults, jibes, threats, tear gas, fire hoses, vigilante mobs, mass arrests, expulsion from school and dismissal from jobs — they must also face the daily cry of the Dixiecrat press that they are the dupes of a "Communist conspiracy," witless creatures of a gang of "outside agitators."

Is CORE 'Communist'?

James Jackson Kilpatrick, publisher of the Richmond News Leader, appearing on the TV program "Open End" April 3, shown in the New York metropolitan area, sneeringly dismissed the idea that Negro students had started the sit-in demonstrations of their own volition. The sit-ins were instigated by "Communist outsiders," he insisted. When asked by a Negro student leader on the same TV program how he could prove this, Kilpatrick snapped: "Circumstantial evidence."

Here was his "evidence": (a) The NAACP has been "proven" to be heavily infiltrated by "Communists" and people who joined "Communist fronts." (b) The sit-in movement was organized by the Congress of Racial Equality in a "planned, well-oiled, carefully timed" move calculated to "embarrass the South" at the moment of the civil-rights debate in Congress. (c) The Congress of Racial Equality "more militant" organization tha the NAACP, therefore, (d) It was clear (at least to Kilpatrick) that CORE was even more "Communist-influenced" than the NAACP.

Who Ordered

Adlai Stevenson urged at a news conference in Caracas, Venezuela, April 4, "that Latin America take the initiative in disarmament and set the example for the rest of the world."

Why should Stevenson propose that Latin America take the initiative? If it's a good idea for Latin America why doesn't he urge it on the United States? After all, it is the U.S. and not Latin America that has been the initiator and driving force behind the armaments race. This country's arms budget comes to forty billion dollars

And how about the fact that the Soviet Union has taken the initiative by its proposal for complete and general disarmament? The Soviet Union also set an example in halting nuclear tests. If Stevenson is interested in initiative and example let him start by supporting the initiative and example of the USSR.

Latin American countries are spending over a billion dollars a year on armaments at the behest of Wall Street. They

> "Thank" Both Sides tempt to fix exclusive blame for the plight

> > party, he may not wish to admit it, but the house. record shows that the aged owe equal At the end of the afternoon, of soldiers and young women "thanks" to both parties for their plight. Joe took us to his apartment to going in and out. They were

The House Ways and Means Comthe Democrats have their biggest majority

QED: The sit-ins were instigated by the Communists.

Kilpatrick had another "circumstantial" proof that the sit-in demonstrations couldn't possibly have been initiated and organized by the Negro students themselves. "Negroes are intellectually inferior no one in Cuba, we had no letto whites," he said, implying that Negro youths could therefore never stand up to the powerful intellect of the white South- there." A worried relative had ern ruling class unless they were stampeded by "trouble makers."

In Marshall, Tex., where a sit-in written, "Be careful!" demonstration of Negro students lagainst lunch-counter segregation was broken up by police violence and fire hoses, a grand jury has been summoned by Judge Sam hotel, until we tearfully said Hall to investigate "possible outside influence." At the same time Dr. Doxey later, we had one wonderful ex-Wilkerson was summarily dismissed from his job as Professor of Education at Bishop College, an all-Negro school in Marshall.

Frame-up in Marshall

Now, Wilkerson is a former member of the Communist party. And though he says he was in one of the stores at the time of the demonstrations by sheer coincidence this flimsy alibi is not expected to deceive the keen minds on the grand jury. Clearly the link between the sit-ins and outside Communist agitators should be apparent to all - except perhaps to "intellectually inferior" people.

Racists use red-baiting to deflect the civil rights movement from its objectives the street, in the unions, in the and divide it against itself. Racists expect press rooms of newspapers, we were surrounded by 10 or 12 that when they red-bait, some of the would say, "We have nothing leaders of the civil-rights movement will start a witch-hunt within the movement we decided to hire a guide to itself in the hope that if only they get rid drive us around the city. Our instead of translating for us beof the "reds" they might be able to come guide's name was Joe. He was gan a speech of his own. Finally, to terms with the "more reasonable"

This, of course, is sheer folly. Tragic else we had to do with was so chine. Sarah was escorted to the experience has shown that the only result young. He started right in tell-proofreader's department. She of capitulation to red-baiting is to weaken, divide and demoralize the movement.

the Sleeping Car Porters Union, has again guide he was used to talking the officials worked at jobs durfallen into the red-baiting trap. He delivered an "anti-Communist" tirade against | we were interested in the revo- photograph he had gone to his the newspaper, Young Socialist, at a lution, not the tourist attractions. car to get. It showed Castro March 26 civil-rights rally in New York. In his red-baiting attack on the Young Socialist, a paper that has done so much to spur the movement of support among Northern students for the Southern Negro new low-cost housing that had about conditions and found out students' struggle, Randolph declared that been built since the revolution. about an unusual procedure he would prefer no picket demonstrations He also stopped to make us take which she was sure would inat all to united action with "Communists." | pnotographs of the new side troit.

This is exactly the kind of talk the huge yacht club which is now racists want to hear. This is their meat.

Once and for all, red-baiting should be open 24 hours a day. He made repudiated by all genuine fighters for civil a big point of the fact that the

Them to Arm?

have long been clamoring to use U.S. aid for economic rather than military build-up. If Washington, in its anxiety to offset the pressure of the Cuban revolution, is now willing to grant some concessions to Latin American countries on this question, what ror under Batista and how organ of the 26th of July Movefunction does Stevenson's urging of initia- crooked the gambling casinos ment - where we visited the tive for disarmament have? Isn't it a had been. He told us about the printshop and were warmly hypocritical way of concealing who it is honeymoon couples from the noticed as we had at Prensa that imposes colossal arms burdens on the U.S. and about the American Libre the complete equality bepeoples of the Western Hemisphere?

Furthermore, Stevenson is the head of haven by Batista. Fidel Castro ers on the job. Before going the Democratic party which has been try- had sent them all back, and now back to our hotel, we all had ing to outdo the Republicans in screaming honest shake. Yet they did not coffee shops. for bigger missile programs and more come. Why? nuclear bombs. So let Stevenson start with his own party on this program of urging initiative and setting examples.

Otherwise people might get the idea he is the kind of politician who says one thing in Latin America and another thing in the U.S. Just as some people suspected that dence. Joe knew the caretaker. in the 1956 presidential elections, Steven- Joe explained that this woman's at 6:30 in a drive-yourself car son said one thing to Northern labor and income had been cut by the govcivil-rights audiences and quite another ernment from \$12,000 per month ly, the tourist agency in New thing in the Dixiecrat South.

At an April 6 Senate hearing, James Carey, president of the International Union of Electrical Workers, charged that, with its refusal to adopt a health insurance plan for the aged, the Republican administration had made "a shameful surrender to the American Medical Association and to the insurance companies." He added that the aged "know full well whom to thank for their plight." Everett Dirksen, Senate Republican

leader, replied to Carey with such choice epithets as "stinking" and "insane."

Carey countered with the accusation that Dirksen lacked concern "for the aged people of this country and for the working people."

We certainly will agree with that. But we won't go along with Carey in his atof the aged on the Republicans and the

As a supporter of the Democratic

mittee, controlled by the Democrats, has pigeon-holed the bill sponsored by Rep. fought for the revolution. We Forand (D-R. I.) to provide a minimum of have nothing against the Amerifederal health insurance for the aged. can people; it is only the Ameri-Forand has been seeking 219 signatures on a discharge petition. Despite the fact that in the House since the 1930's - with 280 members he has yet to obtain anywhere near the needed number of signatures.

Three Americans on a Cuban Holiday

By Constance F. Weissman

Flying down to Cuba with only a dozen other passengers in the big airliner, I asked myself despondently what on earth was going to happen to three women from the United States. was meeting two friends in Havana who were coming from Detroit. They had never been out of the U.S. before, except to Canada.

I was afraid that they were expecting too much of my feeble Spanish. Furthermore, we knew ters of introduction, and had heard many dire warnings. "They don't want Americans sent me a clipping describing the murder of three women in Illinois. On the top she had

From the moment my two friends Sarah Lovell and Dorothy Breitman - came bursting into my room at the good-bye to Havana five days perience after another.

The first night, we walked around the city, exploring the central park, asking directions freely. In the park, there was an exhibition. We got in line, and found ourselves looking at photographs of the victims of the explosion of the boat in Havana harbor a few weeks ago.

When the announcer saw us, he began speaking in halting English over the loudspeaker. 'We have nothing against the American people. We love the American people. We do not like the U.S. government."

We were to hear this often during our stay. Nearly everyone we spoke to in Havana, on against the American people."

in his fifties, I should say, and we conveyed the purpose of our ing us how safe Cuba is for Amer-Yet, A. Philip Randolph, president of tion." I suppose because as a headquarters that evening, as all without drawing breath, we had | ing the day. a hard time convincing him that

> what we wanted to see he was to be a people's yacht club and the dispensaries for children mothers and children had to be clean to come to the dispensary This is part of the national effort to raise the standard of cul-

Why So Few Tourists

Joe simply couldn't understand why so few American tourists would come to Cuba. He told us stories about the tergangsters who had been given

He asked us the question we were to hear again and again: "Why are we called

woman who was not in resi- the nearest one to Havana. to \$6,000. She had had a nervous | York had advised against this. breakdown and gone to Spain They said it wouldn't be safe to recuperate.

with marvelous stained glass Spanish perfectly. windows, bathrooms with domed glass ceilings, floors and woodwork done in intricate and elaborate workmanship. In the garden, there was a miniature castle which was a children's play-

meet his family. They were very warm and cordial and they said. "We want you to know that we can government we are opposed

On the sidewalk outside a militia man was drilling some young women who worked there. boys and girls, Negro and white, aged about four to 12. They were marching and turning smartly. The soldier stopped to talk to us. He was very friendly. He ex-



foreground) in their mountain headquarters in Oreinte province before the overthrow of Batista. Today all workers. peasants and students have arms and receive military training to ward off a counter-revolutionary blow-

plained that all the children (as well as the adult population) drill as a precaution against anything like Batista ever happenng to the country again.

The next day, Sarah wanted o visit a newspaper and talk to ome of her fellow typographical vorkers, so Johnny — a 16-year old lad who had attached himself to us on a bus, where he these smiling people all of whom helped us with directions — offered to take us to Prensa Libre where his father was a writer.

We were ushered into the composing room and suddenly workers who left their machines and all started talking at once. The next day was Sunday, so Sarah waved her union card.

Johnny got very excited and afterwards we thought of him visit. Everyone began to smile as rather old because everyone and wanted to show us his mawanted to get information on ican tourists - "You don't have hours and wages and it was sugto worry about guns or revolu- gested that we all visit the union

One of the printers gave us a When he finally understood speaking to a huge crowd.

That evening, our new friends delighted. He had been in the from Prensa Libre met us at the anti-Batista underground. He typographical union headquarwas immensely proud of all the ters. Sarah asked questions photographs of the new side- terest her fellow-workers in De- latest incident came in for dis-

> ed freedom of the press, there are at least two reactionary papers that are so anti-Castro that at one time the workers refused to print them. So the device of "correction" was worked out. That is, the workers were allowed to insert a notice at the end of an article that the opinions printed therein are not those of the workers on the paper.

On leaving the union headquarters, we were driven to the newspaper Revolucion - the racketeers that used to prey on greeted by the workers. We tween Negro and white worka tourist could expect a really coffee together in one of the 3¢

Visit to a Co-operative

That afternoon, we had gained admittance to INRA, the National Institute of Agrarian Reform, On an impulse, Joe took us to and we had been told we could the mansion of a rich Cuban visit a co-operative at Matanzas.

So the next morning we left which we had rented. Incidentalfor three women to drive alone It was a museum of a house, out of the city unless they spoke

After a beautiful drive of seventy-five miles on a divided highway, through rich countryside, we pulled up at INRA capable, militant strike leaderheadquarters in Matanzas. This ship that tells the membership good things Castro had once was a concrete building at the entrance to the town, with lots how the rank and file must close a good sycophantic biography of rather curious about us, but laughingly agreed to be photographed with us.

We explained that we wanted to see Captain Suarez, the manager, and someone immediately began trying to locate him by telephone. Meantime, we were

Proudly they showed us a work project, where women from the countryside are being taught to sew on machines, and a nursery for children. Across the way, a huge modern school had just been opened. In spite of the language difficulties, we soon had an entourage of workers who wanted to show us everything.

Incidentally, I found that just as my Spanish improved 100 percent because of an overwhelming desire to communicate with were trying to make us feel welcome, so they put to use every word of English they could summon, and we all got along famously. They explained to us that there were no pictures of Castro in the offices because he would not allow his photograph to be displayed in official places.

Captain Suarez was finally located at the warehouse, where supplies are collected for the duced to two soldiers who were stores at the co-operatives. He manning a machine gun.

o-operative. Stopover at a Sugar Mill To our surprise, we stopped irst at a sugar mill. After a tour of the works, which looked trenendous, we tasted some of the light brown sugar before it was

> families live in small houses set around a square. Jobs in the sugar mill are skilled and are ery desirable. Next we were taken to another sugar mill, this time a huge one taken over by INRA.

put in the sacks. This mill is

privately owned and is consider-

ed small. The workers and their

he INRA office.

Jessie spoke English, Hector

lid not, but he had a lovely

paritone voice and as we tore

along (he was a wonderful

Our guides were so proud of the mill and of its being completely electrified that we were taken on an exhaustive tour. We rode up in an elevator to the top of the lofty building, then dispensary where the doctor was walked up several more flights in attendance four mornings a until we reached a ladder to the

Our guide from the mill, an INRA manager, would not let us go up until he went first. Apparently he scanned the sky carefully for planes. An American plane had been captured the night before quite near there. On the roof we were intro-

for us to go in a jeep to visit women who lived in the houses around the mill. They told us the Cuba Libre co-operative. Two of his administrative assist- that they were hoping that ants, as well as a soldier were women would be employed there soon. One woman told us that

As we drove rapidly towards her children were in high school Central Cuba, Jessie, one of the in Havana. administrators, explained to us We were driven next through hat this trip was a real treat a rice co-operative. The growing for him, since he had never of rice is in line with the govvisited a co-operative. Both he ernment's attempts to grow

and Hector, our driver, were other crops besides sugar. Then we sped on to Cuba working fifteen hours a day in Libre co-operative.

New Housing

Here we visited one of the lovely new concrete block houses driver) he sang. Ramon, the built for the workers in the cosoldier, had visited every co- operative, as well as one of the operative many times. In fact, old thatched huts which look so e worked on Sundays building picturesque on postcards, but the new houses at Cuba Libre which have mud floors and no plumbing or modern cooking appliances at all. As a new house is finished, a family is moved in

and their old shack demolished. We visited the store, chatted with the co-operative members, took photographs and then drove through what seemed like miles of potato fields. We got out at the vegetable garden, grown for the co-operative workers, and our guides showed us with pride the size of the onions, cabbages and a variety of other vegetables.

We knew how poor and desperate the farmers had been before the co-operatives were set up, and it was obvious that everyone was delighted with the new system. They were especially proud of the school and of a

It was dark when we started back to Matanzas. We all sang with Hector, humming the "26th of July Hymn" and some popular Mexican songs. We had all become friends, and when we got in our car to return to Havana, we felt very sad at leaving them. We drove back under a starry sky, feeling that it had been one of the most wonderful days of our lives.

Impressions of

(Continued from Page 1) newspapers; but that might have been a superficial impression, influenced as we

were by the somnolent sun, lush green of the fields; and fresh new buildings. It is in such quiet rural areas that the small private planes from Florida strike with their incendiary bombs, setting fire to the cane

Last night in a suburb of Havana where we had dinner with some newly made friends, the

Tad Szulc, correspondent of he New York Times, reported that the Catholic hierarchs in Cuba had drawn up a pastoral etter deploring Communist inplay, handling it as if it were a body.

The Havana newspapers checked with the heads of the Cuban Catholic Church. No such letter had been drawn up nor is one contemplated.

"How do you explain this?". one of the guests asked. "Isn't the New York Times supposed to be accurate?'

We explained that the Times does generally try to be accurate, the better to put over a monstrous departure from accuracy when political necessity, as this paper sees it, requires that kind of handling of the news. In addition its corresondents are not all equally re-

Another guest told us that the great majority of Catholic adherents in Cuba are solidly with the Revolution and the new government and that this partisanship is reflected in the hierarchy. The same holds for prosperity, the world situation the Protestants, particularly the the professional army, the rela-Seventh Day Adventists who are rather strong here.

Prepare for Worst

The Cuban government is taking a highly realistic attitude toward the sinister anti-Cuba which Castro analyzed point by campaign, mobilizing the entire point in his speech. population to prepare for the worst. In this it resembles a Aguero became a kind of leech what the company is up to and forces and prepare a militant consultation. defense against the projected attempt to smash the union. The clearest and most force-

ful expression of the government view was made by Prime Minister Dr. Fidel Castro March 28 in a four-hour speech carried over a nationwide TV and radio taken on a tour of the offices by hook-up. This has been a topic of discussion during the week wherever we have been. It is quite revealing to hear someone on a street corner or in a park forcefully making Castro's adroitness of the leadership. points, as if they were his own, The bulk of the speech is a this is the supreme proof."

listeners.

being fostered by the anti- ticle just to report this with the Cubans that the revolutionary necessary comments. leadership is coming apart at company because of "Commu-

Facts About Aguero

Castro, in response, told the true story of Aguero, and in doing so provided fresh insight into the political history of the July 26 Movement. The two met in student days when Aguero fluence in the government. The was already a well-known the rebels acted with exceptional Times gave this a front-page campus figure and Castro a "no-

> Castro backed him as a candidate for the presidency of the student youth organization. Later when Castro entered politics, he sought help from Aguero as an oppositionist against Ba-

tista. But political differences prevented them from ever becoming really close. Castro's line, which he persevered in without deviation, was that only a revolution could topple Batista. Aguero's line was to function within whatever of-

ficial opposition Batista permitted. When Castro was condemned to prison for an attempted uprising in 1953, Aguero defended him over the radio, and this won Castro's gratitude. In subsequent years, however, Aguero's say that we are not democrats to influence was demoralizing. He held that a revolution could not succeed, citing the economic tive quiescence of the masses, and the romantic, unrealistic, impractical course that Castro was following. Aguero com- this? Everybody knows it. mitted some acts that were very damaging to the revolutionaries,

Finally, after the revolution who sought to profit from the said about him, putting those in ranks, depend on their own Castro which he wrote without

Aguero's role proved to be divisive when divisiveness could only hurt the cause. His final accusations of "Communism" were timed to coincide with the anti-Cuba campaign.

The exposure is annihilating, but for one little acquainted with July 26 Movement, the great-

to a group of ten or fifteen careful analysis of the uses of red-baiting in the current cam-The speech is of the greatest paign to convert Cuba into "aninterest. One of its main pur- other Guatemala" or "another poses was to destroy the illusion | Spain." It would take an ar-

The same holds for Castro's the seams. The latest defector, documented presentation of Luis Contes Aguero, sought to what the aims of the revolution picture himself as one of Cas- were from the beginning and tro's most intimate friends, one how much has been accomof the leaders from the begin- plished. Slowness in carrying ning, who must now sadly part out some of the promises, Castro explained, is due to the desire nist infiltration" of the govern- to make a smooth transition with the least disruption. Among the promises still to be realized are industrialization and a

economy. The main axis of the speech is to arouse the greatest energy in the defense of the Revolution against the attack now under generosity. If an attack is launched on Cuba from abroad, no such generosity will be shown. The attackers will meet with the fiercest resistance in all history. "Let him who comes

make his will." A Democratic Revolution

Just to indicate the power with which Castro speaks, let ne translate a few paragraphs dealing with the accusation that Cuba is undemocratic:

"Are they going to impugn the democratic spirit of this Revolution? But who? Who is going to impugn the democratic spirit of this Revolution? Who? Trujillo? Somoza? The oligarchies and the camarillas who exploit the people there? doubt that/we are democrats? All right, I challenge those who give arms to the students, to the peasants, to the workers. (Applause.)

"I challenge them. Because the peasants, the workers, the students, the lowly sectors of the country are the majority. Is there anyone who doesn't know "But we gave the majority

something more than the vote; we gave them guns, guns as an absolute proof of their support, of their confidence, of how they interpret their in-

"I challenge those who call themselves democrats, who believe that we are not democrats, that they simply buy guns for the peasants, the workers, the employees, and the lowly of the country (applause) and to demonstrate that they are democrats and that they believe the majority supports them, that they give them guns.

"This is the supreme proof of democracy; to give guns to these lowly families, for then in truth the internal development of the we are equal, we are all democrats. When the people have est interest lies in what it re- guns, when a government gives veals about the firmness and guns to the people, this government is really democratic, and

have long since fortified ourselves against temporary upsets.

Dr. Uphaus Warns

Of the Danger to

I realize that in our latest appeal the issues were legalistic, to expose to public scorn and and that the profound questions obloquy people who have done of morality and Constitutional no wrong. It is still right to meet rights went untouched. The time will come, though, when the without interference to seek socourts will restore the Bill of lutions to the problems that have Rights to the people, but probably not until the people themselves wake up and realize that a precious heritage that has taken centuries to win is about to be lost. At the end of three-and-one-

half months the inner witness is for my freedom. still clear. In a world of relativities, compromise and opportun-

and the universe. "These rights," pline, "are not the gifts of gov-I was deeply disappointed to ernment, but the gifts of God. rule against us, but Mrs. Up- confer these rights, but to guarhaus and I, and many throughout antee them to all men alike and the country and in other lands, to protect all men in the fullest possible enjoyment of them."

Whatever judges or courts may say it is still morally wrong in free and voluntary assembly to do with our peace and secur-

Freedom of conscience should be right in every land. I feel sure that if I, a Christian, were in prison in China all the people in New Hampshire would clamor

Willard Uphaus (Dr. Uphaus is serving a one-

ism, it is good to feel solid moral | year "contempt" sentence for foundations under our feet. Our having refused to turn over to civil and religious liberties are the Attorney General of New inherent in the nature of man Hampshire the guest list of the World Fellowship Center of to quote my Methodist Disci- which he is director. The New Hampshire Supreme Court rejected his latest appeal for rehave the State Supreme Court Civil governments exist, not to versal of the sentence on March 31. — Editor.)

Protests Report On ILGWU Officer

I want to protest the Militant's uncritical reporting of Charles Zimmerman marching at the head of a picket line at Woolworth's in New York. He gives lip service to civil rights if he thinks he can get publicity from it. But I can tell you that as vice-president of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, he has never done anything for the Negro people except make a few speeches.

A New York Dressmaker

Strictly from Vote-Hunger

President Eisenhower was "happy," said congressional leaders April 5, with the pending "civil rights bill." Its chief enforcement provision, making it a crime to obstruct all types of court orders seemed to be fashioned not so much against denials of civil rights as against union activities. Coupled with this was a "referee voting plan" - under which, after protracted litigation, Federal court-appointed officials might enroll a few Negro voters in a few Southern election districts.

It was an open secret that the "civil rights" debate was a mock battle, elaborately staged by Democrats and Republicans through their respective leaders (Senators Lyndon Johnson and Everett Dirksen) so that everybody — Southern racists, Northern liberals and the Eisenhower Administration - could "make the record" in an election year. The final product would be swallowed painlessly (if with a public grimace) by the most rabid segregationist.

On March 24 the House passed a bill, and staging called for a scene shift back to the Senate. Leaders there had hinted they would maneuver around Senator Eastland's (D-Miss.) Judiciary Committee, bringing the House bill direct to the Senate floor. Instead they referred it to committee with instructions to send it back in five days. Let the committee amend the bill, they explained; the full Senate will restore it intact.

March 29 the committee adopted fifteen amendments to the House bill. The period for preserving voting records was shortened. The section on bombing was weakened. The section on schooling for service children was struck. And then occurred what Russell Baker in the March 30 New York Times called "one of the day's surprises." Administration leader Dirksen, reversing his previous position, moved to broaden the section on obstruction of court orders to include all court orders, including, of course, anti-labor ones. Baker speculated that this "clears the way for a stiff battle" by Senate liberals "to kill the entire section."

But the events proved otherwise. When the bill came on the Senate floor March 30 the "broadening" amendment passed by an overwhelming bipartisan vote: 68-20. Apparently, liberal ranks were sadly thinned. In a rush the Senate approved every Judiciary Committee amendment, with one exception, an attempt by Sen. Estes Kefauver (D-Tenn.) to further weaken the "referee plan." Senators Javits and Keating, both of New York, assured him, however, that Southern election officials would have ample opportunities to challenge prospective Negro voters under the plan as it stood.

Adoption of substantial amendments meant the bill must eventually return to the House. This was not the original "strategy," as announced. But, as Baker had already observed in the March 29 Times, "Senate leaders now reckon that the task of again freeing the bill from the [House] Rules Committee coalition of Southerners can be managed if the end product is weaker than the House bill."

Senators Johnson and Dirksen, linked in stern pursuit of that end product, now succeeded in doing what had hitherto seemed impossible (at least against a Southern filibuster) — namely curtailing Senate debate.

Northern liberals ostensibly seeking to "strengthen" the bill protested, as did a few Southerners attempting to mutilate it further. But protests from neither group carried conviction; they were "making the record." This phrase ran like a refrain through accounts of the debate: "designed largely to let the more fervid proponents of civil rights perfect their record" (Baker, March 24); "The Southerners . . . will be satisfied with fairly brief denunciations for the record" (Anthony Lewis in the April 4 New York Times); "giving the Southerners a last chance to perfect their records" (Baker, April 6).

"... The debate and voting ... has a sham quality," concluded Baker. Against the larger drama of the lunch-counter sitdowns in the South, Congress pursued its wretched little farce.

...Quill Hits Two-Party Hoax Intimidation on Jobs ized labor movement. Quill takes

Senator Eastland of Missis-

sippi, chairman of Senate Ju-

diciary Committee, is happy at

the way northern Democrats

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ed down "civil rights" bill to

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mation and industrial revolu-

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such a political party cannot

Of the vital need for the labor

party to remain independent,

Quill says: "It can be called the

What Course for 1960?

be built."

way with them."

(Continued from Page 1)

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Negroes are denied the right to vote, the poor white citizens who cannot pay the tax are also denied the vote. These people naturally do not belong to the upper-classes — they are the workers and farmers of the Southern states.

"And," Quill continues, "while the 3-ring circus whirls on in Washington, men and women of the South are being murdered. maimed, imprisoned and whipped because they dare conduct protest meetings, picket lines and sit-down strikes in lunch rooms and cafeterias demanding equal service for their American dollar."

People are asking, says Quill, what the leaders of the American labor movement are doing about the civil-rights scandal. 'As we go to press," he says, "our elected senators are still croaking over a watered-down measure of a Civil Rights Bill, and from all sides we hear the demand for organized labor's position, not only on the tactics of the present senate filibuster, but on the floggings, jailings, and the latest murders of 70 men, women and children of Capetown along with the wounding of hundreds of others."

Unheeded Protests

The labor movement has protested, says Quill, on a national and international level - but these protests go largely unheeded. "We in the American labor movement," he adds, "are being asked why we are not more effective in our demands upon the U.S. Senate for a Civil Rights Bill that would clear up once and for all this cancer of racism that has plagued us for so long now and over which the bitter Civil War was fought."

The answer? "Our members in the leadership of the labor movement point out to us that we are powerless to influence these American Senators despite the fact that many of them were elected by the labor vote."

The AFL-CIO Committee on Political Education (COPE) is doing the best it can, says Quill, but it is totally ineffective. "We are being asked daily," he con-"why do we go along and continue to support these senators in their work against the best interests of our country and our government?" There is no answer from the labor leadership. "Others in the leadership of the labor movement may have the answer to this question," he says, "but if they are in possession of this great secret they have not yet divulged it."

As for himself: "I have only one answer, and that is that a out ifs, ands, or buts!"

ness people or professionals. The dential election period. day is rapidly approaching when we cannot afford to suffer any longer as the tail to the kite of the Democratic Party which is land, Russell, Talmadge, Mc-Clellan, Byrd, Thurmond, and

the unmentionable Faubus. "Nor," he adds, "can we be Party of Goldwater, Dirksen, Williams and Mundt. They are all co-conspirators in this crime from the spurious issues the of the Militant now, we urge against the American people!"

To emphasize his point, Quill ing." adds: "We of labor should no more associate ourselves, with these parties than we should about religion but about the relative or neighbor. The gift with the crooks, gangsters and holier-than-thou politicians have not about the price of milk but sues of the day. as wedded to labor."

To the doubters and sceptics Quill says: "The building of a political party of working people in this country is not impossible. In this age of auto-

Dinner to Greet

Dr. Annette T. Rubinstein will

ling dinner, is \$1.50.

elections. What then is his al-

THE MILITANT

MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1960

til this new and more powerful instrument is forged together, we should do everything in our power at our trade union meetngs and at political discussions and at every level of labor conferences to convince our leaders that COPE, the political action of organized labor must be used as a stepping stone to an independent political party."

And, Quill concludes: "When that day comes, and not until that day, can we expect a full and complete Civil Rights Bill, embracing the whole of the American people, as their lawful heritage. For those who advocate a

break with the two-party fraud and the formation of an independent labor party there is little to quarrel with over Quill's presentation of the problem - with the exception of what to do now! To follow COPE in its lesser

evil politics would be to aid in perpetuating the labor-Democratic party coalition with all of its disastrous consequences for the working people. It would not help to advance the movement for a labor party but would hinder and retard it.

first party or the sixth party. but such a labor party should The Socialist Workers party be free of political entanglehas long advocated the formaments and political alliances tion of an independent labor with the two major parties party based on the trade unions which are now dragging the Their nominees in this election. good name of the American peo-Farrell Dobbs for president and ple and the good name of or-Myra Tanner Weiss for viceganized labor down the spillpresident, intend to campaign on this issue. Under the circumstances, the very best way to advance the movement for an independent labor party would What about 1960? We are now n the midst of a presidential be to call for a protest vote election campaign in which the against the two-party hoax by two-party monopoly is not seri-ously challenged by the organ-ballots for the SWP candidates.



By Karolyn Kerry, Business Manager

consin primary fight, the 1960 ers and civil servants." presidential election campaign I believe that Reston sums up

Well, the very best way I can suggest is to take advantage of union-busters in Washington national labor party must be our introductory offer of a six- and Wall Street, for academic built - a party of working peo- month subscription at the speple, organized and unorganized, cial election - campaign price which will treat the Negroes and of fifty cents. Beginning April other minority groups with 15 and extending over a period equality and dignity, and with- of three months until July 15, this offer to new subscribers will What should this labor party hold good. By taking advantage be like? "This American Labor now of our special campaign Party," says Quill, "should take offer, new subscribers will be into its folds liberals from every assured of receiving the Miliwalk of life be they small busi- tant throughout the 1960 presi-

To get back to the Wisconsin was struck by a recent report one of the candidates on a televiéwers to telephone their quesassociated with the Republican tions to the station. The questions revealed that the real is-Capehart, Case, Hickenlooper, sues with which the people are dents in the South. concerned are quite different

Judging by the "heat" de-|subjects in the East - but about veloped around the recent Wis- schools and more pay for teach-

s now well under way. How in one paragraph the best reaare workers, trade unionists, son why everyone interested in students, the Negro people and the real issues should subscribe other minorities, to cut through to the Militant. For it is prethe welter of confusion deliber- cisely the topics he cites as beately contrived by the capitalist ing on the minds of the quescandidates to fog the real is- tioners in Wisconsin - together ues confronting the American with equally pertinent problems of the struggle for civil rights. for defense of labor against the freedom and an end to the witch-hunt on campus — that the Militant deals with each week.

As we have done in previous elections, the Militant will be supporting the candidates of the Socialist Workers party, whose nominees in 1960 are Farrell Dobbs for president and Myra Tanner Weiss for vicepresident. Through our weekly reports of their campaign, you will become acquainted with primary for just a moment — I their background and qualifications as well as what they stand in the New York Times by their for. We believe you will enjoy reading about the forthtold about the experience of right way in which, for example, they defend the Cuban vision program who had invited revolution against Wall Street and the Republican and Democratic candidates, and about their support for the Negro stu-

If you are a regular reader candidates have been "debat- you to take advantage of our introductory offer to get an "Last night," says Reston, election campaign subscription 'the voters were asking not for a friend, fellow worker, question of the old people; not will be appreciated by anyone criminals that some of these about Benson but about Castro, seeking clarity on the real ispeddled to the American people about the cost of war and the | Clip the special introductory

possibility of disarmament; not blank published below and about Kennedy's pop or about send it to us right away. Don't the Pope — the two favorite delay — do it now!

a dim view of the possibility of forming a labor party for effective intervention in the 1960 Allows IUE to Gain ternative? "While we support Labor's political arm, COPE," he says, "un-

By C. Thomas

The AFL-CIO International Union of Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers won a union-representation election on March 25 in a heated contest with the independent United Electrical Workers at+

the Lynn, Massachusetts, 1950 the IUE won the election Everett and River Works plants, by 900 votes. In 1951 the marof General Electric Corporation. gin rose to 1,100 and increased The IUE squeaked through again in 1953 to 1,140. with a margin of 269 votes over UE with some 6,859 ballots cast. Carey, one of Reuther's chief The IUE received 3,444 votes to lieutenants in the AFL-CIO 3,175 for the UE, with 180 bal- The Carey leadership can de-

agent. This was the fourth representation election since 1950 when the CIO as a "communist domi-

the IUE won a majority after ning Item attributed the outthe UE was ousted in 1949 from nated" union. The 269 majority was lower than any of the preceding election contests. In

(Continued from Page 1)

oung rights fighters in Marshall, Texas. The first sit-ins occurred there

March 28. Police picked up, then local press with the screaming released 25 of the participants, headline: "U.S. Senator says students from Bishop and Wiley | UE Vote Would Endanger Jobs." colleges. The demonstrations were immediately renewed and police seized 38 more students. of a reproduction of a telegram More than 700 Negro youths from Senator Hubert Humphrey then marched on the county stigmatizing the UE as "comcourthouse to protest the ar- munist dominated" and stating: rests. They were met by fire- "As a member of the United men who turned powerful States Senate, I would question streams of water on them. About seriously the award of any sen-250 were arrested. Then 200 sitive defense contracts to were released, apparently for plants whose workers were lack of jail space, and promptly represented by an organization rejoined the demonstration whose record leaves doubt as to which was again attacked with their first allegiance."

Despite the assaults and jailings, new sit-ins were again organized in the face of an ugly mob of whites brought in from surrounding rural areas and the presence of Texas Rangers with snarling police dogs.

Yesterday a red-baiting tack was taken as a local grand jury opened an investigation of possible outside influences" in the demonstrations.

Meanwhile, students at Southern University in Louisiana pressed their fight to win reinstatement of 18 expelled for joining in Baton Rouge sit-ins. At one point 4,000 of the school's 5.400 students had requested withdrawal slips. Authorities claimed today that only 270 stu- ing that the "Pentagon security dents had "completed" the process of withdrawal. But many more had quit without completing the formalities.

In Greensboro, N. C., where the sit-in movement began Feb. IUE, a lurid pamphlet entitled, 1. the Woolworth company shut down its lunch counter inde- UE on Communism," depicting finitely after being hit by new sit-ins when a "cooling off" an American soldier killed in period ended with a Mayor's Korea. committee recommending that a portion of the seats at each lunch stops in their campaign of fear counter be set aside for inte- and smear to eke out a slim grated service. Both Woolworth majority. But the lesson of and Kress rejected even this the election is that their days compromise, as they have in are numbered unless they can several other cities, and the stu- provide effective leadership in dents continued their demand the fight against the corporafor integration without gim- tion. micks.

Meanwhile, new sit-ins and jailings occurred in Tallahassee, Fla., Memphis, Tenn., Charleston, S. C., and Birmingham, Ala. New victories included desegregation of the Greyhound Bus depot lunch counter in Nashville, Tenn., and the serving of food to demonstrators at Woolworth's and another store in Jefferson City, capital of "I'd throw-them-out" Harry Truman's home state of Missouri.

Militant on to a friend?

The IUE is headed by James lots challenged and 60 voting rive little comfort from the out-

NUMBER 15

no union. As the 180 challenged come of the election. The reballots could not affect the final sult indicates a growing disoutcome, the National Labor satisfaction with the Carey Relations Board designated the leadership, which has been un-IUE as the collective bargaining able to stem the mounting antiunion aggressiveness of the corporation. In commenting on the election, the Lynn Daily Evecome to the fact that:

"In the last analysis the IUE victory was credited to the uneasy feeling among many GE employees that the government might hesitate to award defense contracts to local plants if the UE represented the workers."

The Carey group deliberately fostered and played upon this fear. On March 24, one day prior to the election, they published a full page ad in the Humphrey Telegram

The text of the ad consisted

This was bolstered by a full page ad quoting Senator John F. Kennedy of Massachusetts testifying to the "loyalty" of the IUE leadership. A full page ad expressing support from the AFL-CIO and several smaller ads rounded out the election material in the Daily Evening Item. In addition to the dignitaries mentioned above, a special isuse of the IUE News contained statements from labor-baiter Senator John F. McClellan and Harry Truman,

lauding the IUE. The propaganda of fear was supplemented by the propaganda of smear. Reprints were distributed of articles by the gutter journalist, Victor Riesel, witch-hunting the UE and warnpeople" were disturbed about the possibility of the UE winning the election. Outdoing even the professional McCarthyites was a local product of the "The Shameful Record of the blood dripping on the grave of

The Carey group pulled all

Calendar Of Events

Hear Elinor Ferry discuss: "THE CATHOLIC VOTE IN THE UNITED STATES." Friday, April 15, 8:30 p.m. 116 Uni-Why not pass this copy of the versity Place. Auspices Militant Labor Forum.

Directory Local

BOSTON Boston Labor Forum, 295 Huntingon Ave., Room 200. CHICAGO

Socialist Workers Party, 777 W. Adams, DE 2-9736. CLEVELAND

Socialist Workers Party 10609 Superior Ave., Room 301, SW 1-1818. Open Thursday nights 8 to 10. DETROIT Eugene V. Debs Hall, 3737 Wood-

ward. TEmple 1-6135. LOS ANGELES Forum Hall and Modern Book Shop, 1702 E. 4th St. AN 9-1953 or WE 5-

MILWAUKEE 150 East Juneau Ave. --MINNEAPOLIS Socialist Workers Party. Box 5520.

Lake Street Station, Minneapolis, Minn.

Newark Labor Forum, Box 361, Newark, N. J. NEW YORK CITY

Militant Labor Forum, 116 Univer-sity Place, AL 5-7852. OAKLAND - BERKELEY P.O. Box 341, Berkeley 1, Calif.
PHILADELPHIA Militant Labor Forum and Socialist

Workers Party, 1303 W. Girard Ave. Lectures and discussions every Saturday, 8 P.M., followed by open house. Call PO 3-5820. SAN FRANCISCO

The Militant, 1145 Polk St., Rm. 4. Sat. 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. Phone PR 6-7296; if no answer, VA 4-2321. SEATTLE

1412-18th Avenue, EA 2-5554. Library, bookstore. ST. LOUIS For information phone MO 4-7194.

Notes in the News

STUMPS THE FLAG WAVERS-A growing number of scholars have rapped the widespread "loyalty-oath" requirement for teachers. But Dr. Jefferson Fordham, dean of the University of Pennsylvania law school, showed how witch-hunters can be tripped up by their own laws. He recently declined to deliver a series of guest lectures at the University of Colorado when he learned he would have to sign a state "loyalty" oath which requires, among other things, teaching respect for the flags of the United States and Colorado. Dr. Fordham advised Colorado authorities that if he took the oath he might be "swearing falsely" since he did not plan to mention either flag in his lectures.

POLISHING THE BRASS PAID OFF-The Martin Company, a leading missiles manufacturer, has shown much concern for the welfare of retired Pentagon brass hats. Sixty-two of them are on the company's payroll. Last month, Martin announced that in 1959 the company enjoyed an 8 per cent increase in sales and a 13 per cent hike in profits. This was the ninth consecutive year that Martin showed an increase in profits.

UNIONS SHOULD SPEAK UP FOR CUBA -In a letter to the Record, weekly newspaper of the Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union, Delizabeth Misas, a member of the union, wrote: "The Cuban people and their government are being attacked by the same enemies who obstruct the progress of American workers. Why can't our unions speak up for the Cuban workers? Would it not be beneficial for the welfare and the progress of our cause to send representatives to determine if accusations against Cuba are true or not? I believe that it is our duty as unionized workers to learn the truth about the Cuban situation."

RAILROAD WORKER FILES SUIT-Waddell B. Sells, a former employee of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad, filed a federal damage suit on March 25 for \$100,000 against the railroad and Local 353, International Brotherhood of Firemen and Oilers. Sells holds a license as a stationary engineer. He charged that, because he is a Negro, the company and union combined since 1937 to prevent him from obtaining the type of job he is qualified for. He was fired last October after working for the company for almost twenty-five years.

MAYBE IT WAS THE WAY HE PARTED HIS HAIR — According to the Illinois Division of the American Civil Liberties Union, a Chicago cop recently arrested a young industrial worker, Joseph Cholico, who, said the cop, had stared at him "peculiarly." Cholico was

booked on a disorderly conduct charge and held incommunicado overnight. The arrest slip was made out to indicate he was arrested in a tavern adjoining the restaurant. However, the tavern owner, who was listed as the complaining witness, denied ever having seen Cholico. The case was finally dismissed. The Illinois ACLU has previously documented instances of illegal arrest and detention by the Chicago police.

HUNGER STRIKE - Staff members at Harlem Hospital in New York, including internes and resident doctors, staged a two-day hunger strike to protest eating and living con- led by men of the ilk of East- ace columnist, James Reston. He ditions at the hospital. A spokesman for the 125 staff members said it really was a hunger strike because their wages were so low they couldn't afford to buy meals outside. He said that with payday coming up the boycott of the hospital dining room would be continued but the hunger strike would be ended.

CRAZY, MIXED-UP KIDS? - Bucknell University has temporarily dismissed three students who burned a 20-foot cross at a fraternity house whose membership includes three Negroes. A school spokesman said that the cross-burners, Robert Mize, Edgar Roberts and Gene Olgilvie, would be able to apply for readmission next term. The three explained their Klan-like action as "a childish release

"AMERICANIZATION" - The Voice of Israel, the Israeli government radio, has begun to carry spot commercial announcements. Harry Zindler, director of Voice of Israel, said there had been a public murmur of foreboding over this newest bit of "Americanization." He added, somewhat hastily, "This is not a bad word, you understand. It just has a certain

OUR FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM AT Dr. Rubinstein WORK - Wheat prices dropped 39 per cent in 1959 but the price of bread went up 42 per cent, according to Fred V. Heinkel, president of the Missouri Farmers Association.

BUG MAN BACK AT WORK - During the 1958 investigation of businessman Bernard Goldfine's gifts to presidential aide Sherman Adams, a hidden microphone was discovered in Goldfine's Washington hotel room. The eavesdropping device was traced to a room occupied by Baron Shacklette, chief investigator of the House Special Subcommittee on Legislative Oversight. Shacklette resigned under fire. But puses. apparently his special abilities were missed. He's now back in government service, this time as an investigator for a House committee at 6:30 p.m. Contribution, includlooking into the federal highway program.

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be welcomed home at an informal dinner given by a committee of friends, Friday, April 22, at the Weissman's, 325 East Seventeenth Street, New York City. Dr. Rubinstein will report on the "pulse of the country." She spoke to more than 60 liberal and radical audiences, coast to coast, in 30 cities and 18 cam-

There will be toasts to the occasion at 5:30 p.m. and dinner