Vol. XXIII — No. 15

NEW YORK, N.Y., MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1959

Price 10c

Secrecy Excuse Covers Atomic Dollar Handouts Labor Must Aid Jobless

Many people now realize that the Atomic Energy Commission uses "military secrecy" as a pretext to conceal, misrepresent or minimize the extent of nuclear-test

fallout and the danger it represents to humanity. But this isn't ed to permit plutonium from the only field in which the AEC being made in large quantities censors are at work.

"The best kept secret of the does not concern itself with power companies' game." military matters, fallout or the effect of atomic radiation," says Robert Spivack in the March 27 New York Post.

The AEC's top secret, Spivack reports, hushes up multi-billion dollar handouts to big business. Spivack cites Senator Clinton P. Anderson (D-N.M.), Chairman of the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy, whom he recently interviewed, as his authority.

Anderson charges, for instance, that the AEC has refus-

Reporter Tries To Crack Vital Security Area

Legal action by a newspaperman is threatening to breach vital area of American national security. Vance Trimble, news editor of the Scripps-Howard Newspaper Alliance, filed suit in federal court April 1 to compel Congress to make its payroll records public.

because it can produce cheap electric power. He "feels the

He also charges that the 'heat" produced by the plutonium reactor at the AEC installation in Hanford, Wash., is "being wasted by dumping it in the river" rather than being utilized for production of elec-

says, because the utilities companies haven't yet figured out how to control the power for their own purposes or how to sell it at their own prices.

While Anderson doesn't tell the full story of the AEC giveaway program, he cites a few figures that indicate the extent to which the Treasury is being fleeced. " . . . the question of peacetime use of the atom is a matter of preventing more than \$16 billion spent on atomic research from being turned over to predatory private utilities companies, the power lobby."

Anderson cites how, on AEC recommendation, an agreement was recently made with British interests for purchasing plutonium at a so-called "weapons' price of \$30 a gram instead of Congressmen are permitted the non-weapons price of \$14. secretaries and "assistants" at a gram. This wasn't done for salaries ranging up to \$16,300 the sake of the British. It a year. A recent crop of news- seems that the Detroit Edison paper exposes again confirmed Company will be producing that most of these offices are plutonium at a new installation held by the lawmakers' wives, and the idea is to establish a children and political cronies. precedent for it to receive \$30

such practices. Apparently he talking about ... \$175,000,000 doesn't realize that he is jeop- of excess costs." The AEC, howardizing the security of the ever, isn't talking at all. "Mil-

The Hunger They Face **Bolivian Tin Mines**

"It is a question of the stomach," declared Victor 2,000 men. Their real reason and of the black man. "We ary principles . . . there exists falo in 1956 after the Defense Urquidi, 28-year old Bolivian tin miner. "We are not going appears to be concern about the to let the government unfreeze prices at our company

stores." Urquidi is one of 8,700 miners working the Siglo some do," Urquidi explained. "I Veinte mine in Catavi - the don't do this for my kids." crease in commissary prices.

Continued attempts of Presi- ness.' dent Hernan Siles Zuazo to de- There are always deaths due American and French capitalprive the starving miners of to accidents in the run-down ists worried. Toure states: "We 40% commissary price discounts mine. "Not long ago thirteen are infinitely jealous of our form of the union matters little to have a pass when demanded ly recognized as intended to force seen here in many years," we gather for such meetings in have been stymied by militant men were killed in this section sovereignty and the power we at the moment. What does mat- by the police. strike action. The April 2 strike in the elevator shaft," continuforced Siles to retreat again ed Urquidi. "On pay day chil-Fearing "riots" against the na- dren come up and ask for a few tionalized Patino Mining Cor- pesos. 'Go ask your father,' the poration, the government order-ed the stores to continue selling the child will say." at previous subsidized prices Urquidi told the reporter of until negotiations with the union were settled.

Onis, N.Y. Times correspondent 12,000 pesos [\$1] a day. At home Massachusetts officials April 3. says, represented "a challenge we have had two bottles of as Washington."

TEA AND COCA LEAVES

he was not impressed with gov- for last month." ernment arguments that Comi-"Look." he said, "I've got four tion and despair. children and a wife at home I have all day is this tea."

been out once with mine sick- Pres. Sekou Toure's firm stand dominated his thoughts.

bol (the government's mining ed up by 40 fellow workers who Sacco and Vanzetti's innocence amples, of the personal courage source of wonder to them. corporation) was running at a were present at the intrview. It deficit of \$10 million annually. Is a gauge of posterity's verdict and the refusal to abandon be-

Atomic Energy Commission AEC is playing the electric

tric power.

This is done, the Senator

WEAPONS COST MORE

By Flora Carpenter can country that won independence from France last September, made front-page news last week. Two Polish ships loaded with arms and military vehicles from Czechoslovakia tied up at

about the possibility that the itary secrecy," you know. European Communists may succeed in establishing a base of

> extend throughout West Africa." They gave as their "good" reason that the shipment of arms was unusually large for the present size of Guina forces, which are said to number only bauxite deposits and alumina name of all unjustly enslaved that of the dispossessed . . production plants held by French and American interests.

Guinea has received diploagainst imperialism that has COLONIALISM MUST GO

Police jeep was overturned and set on fire during demonstrations in Leopoldville last

January, in which Congolese demanded an end to Belgian imperialist rule. During the

demonstrations, police and paratroopers killed 89 Negroes and wounded 100 others. Stores

Smear West African Republic

owned by whites were sacked and looted, but no whites were killed.

Fight for Freedom in Congo

Toure gained political experi- ism will of necessity have to ence in the French General disappear." Confederation of Labor, the State Department officials Parti Democratique de Guinea. meets weekly to make key deoperation in Guinea that would

> trols the government. shall lead our revolution in the in Africa one small class -

of colonization which have sub- should seek inspiration in the denied. jugated the black man, modi- capitalist system to solve our matic recognition from the East fied his original ways, reduced problems." largest in Bolivia. On April 2 The miners are also victims European countries and sub- and sometimes destroyed his the tin miners walked out, the of silicosis, a lung disease. "I stantial economic aid. But so possibilities of development, second time this year, and dem-onstrated against a scheduled in-Urquidi, "and have already It is not such aid, so much as

hold to control our destiny." | ter is to create conditions for Guinea, the small West Afri- In Africa today these are im- this unity. Independence is a mensely popular sentiments forerunner of unity . . We tended into private industry. among the oppressed millions have to re-create Africa in its seeking freedom from imperial- true dimensions, and all the curity risks" on the basis of ist domination. frontiers imposed by colonial-

Trimble said his court action is intended to determine if Congress has the right to maintain "a veil of secrecy" over talking about peanuts. We are touch procedures. We are touch procedures and the capitalist press began shoutain to form his own group. His touched off fire works in Pentagon circles, and the capitalist press began shoutain to form his own group. His touched off fire works in Pentagon circles, and the capitalist press began shoutain to form his own group. His touched off fire works in Pentagon circles, and the capitalist press began shoutain "a veil of secrecy" over talking about peanuts. We are touched off fire works in Pentagon circles, and the capitalist press began shoutain "a veil of secrecy" over talking about peanuts. We are touched off fire works in Pentagon circles, and the capitalist press began shoutain to form his own group. His touched off fire works in Pentagon circles, and the capitalist press began shoutain to form his own group. His touched off fire works in Pentagon circles, and the capitalist press began shoutain the capitalist press began shoutain about peanuts. We are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts. We are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts. We are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts. We are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts. We are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts are talking about peanuts. We are talking about peanuts are talki in the way he has organized his but it is certainly not a Combut it is cer were reported to be "worried It has a political bureau which munist-dominated government." cisions. Under this bureau are leading question on the sub- clearance chiefly on the basis ident Frondizi's "austerity" pro-

committees. This apparatus con- capitalism: "It is evident that "communist." certain Marxist conceptions suit Toure's outlook appears to ex- African conditions, but it is no

ARMY OF "CRIMINALS"

some 1,250,000 Africans are terest," although it did not re- machine guns. A tank sprayed meetings "in our home towns." prosecuted each year under the tract its allegations against him colored water on demonstrators One unemployed auto worker racist government of South or offer compensation for his to pick them out for victimiza- at the conference remarked: He sees a unified Africa: "The lation of the curfew and failure The reinstatement was general- most imposing concentration of get our chance to speak when

High Court Considers 'Screening'

By Harry Ring

A top executive of a Maryand engineering company was fired from his job after Navy officials ruled him a "security risk." The evidence officially cited against him included the secret testimony of an unnamed friend that the executive's former wife had used a bed board "to keep the common touch."

The justices of the Supreme Court reportedly smiled when they heard that this kind of 'evidence" from faceless informers is used by government boards to screen workers out of their jobs. Under the federal security program, however, it can appen to any of three million workers in private plants holding government contracts. On March 31 and April 1 the high court heard arguments on the constitutionality of the screening program and the use of anonymous stool pigeons to carry it

The security program permits government bureaucrats to fire anyone they think might be associated with an organization arbitrarily branded "subversive" by the Attorney General. The program was first applied to federal employes and then ex-Its victims are stamped "se-"hearings" in which they arenot permitted to confront their and fire hoses on demonstrating were later seated in the balaccusers and where they are Buenos Aires workers April 3. cony. prove otherwise.

The "bed board" case just heard by the Supreme Court is that of William L. Greene, for-Marxist - minded government, mer vice president and general Congressional building in de- Everyone was permitted to manager of the Engineering and fiance of a police ban. Research Corporation of River-Sekou Toure responded to a dale, Md. He lost his security various district committees and ject by firmly speaking a good of secret allegations that his for- gram of putting the burden of below them about 4,000 village word for Marxism and hitting mer wife, Jean Greene, was a inflation on the backs of the

The other case argued before the court was that of Charles internal union affairs. Since tend far beyond tiny Guinea. less evident that Africa will A. Taylor, who was fired from He speaks of the fate of Africa have to find its own revolution- the Bell Aircraft plant in Buf-Department ruled that he had bers and replaced them by aponce held membership in the pointees. . . by decades, even centuries, and it is unthinkable that we Communist Party, a charge he

(Continued on Page 2)

In Unemployment To take the sting out of the AFL-CIO jobless rally, the

The Truth About

387,000 Drop

Eisenhower administration announced a 387,000 drop in unemployment for last month. But, according to the Labor Dept., 4,362,000 are still out of work, next to the highest March figure since the end of World War II. Last March was higher due to the recession.

More than 1,500,000 have been out of work for at least 15 weeks and the number of "long-term" unemployed is growing. A good part of the present job increase is "artificial," due to stepped-up steel output in anticipation of a strike next summer.

Finally, every seventh Negro worker and every tenth auto worker is unemployed. "We are by no means out of the woods," admitted a Labor Dept. spokesman.

Turn Guns on Union Rally in **Buenos Aires**

Massed police and army forces turned guns, tear gas presumed guilty until they can Unions including dock, metal. The delegates were subjected

> Demonstrators protested Presworkers and demanded an end to government interference in last January's general strike, the government has ousted union officials in wholesale num-

According to the police, 144 3. The Defense Department sud- hours. The demonstration was responsibility." denly reinstated his clearance finally dispersed by 2,000 cops Official figures reveal that on Dec. 31 "in the national in- backed by marines armed with to hold "Meet the Unemployed" Africa for such offenses as vio- two years of unemployment, tion and arrest. It was "the "Today we listened, I hope we reported one correspondent.

Promise To Start Action

By Tom Kerry

WASHINGTON, April 8-An estimated 7,000 delegates packed the National Guard Armory here today at the AFL-CIO Unemployment Conference called to inifiate a movement to "Get America Back to Work." It was the first timid step taken on a national scale by the AFL-CIO tops to provide union leadership to the struggle for adequate unemployment compensation and jobs.

Recognition of the historic importance of the gathering was implicit in the extensive press, radio and television coverage. Attendance was severely restricted by the AFL-CIO heads. Only 15 cities in the east and midwest were invited to participate. Quotas were fixed for each union. Admittance was confined to those carrying official credentials issued by the national AFL-CIO.

As a result less than onethird were actually unemployed. Most of the former AFL craft union delegations were almost exclusively officials, stewards, etc. The biggest contingents of unemployed came from the mass production industries, auto providing the largest. An estimated 1,000 arrived without "official" credentials. Such protest followed refusal to admit them, that they

and construction workers had to more than five hours of unspeak-except the unemployed.

A resolution committing the AFL-CIO to take action on behalf of the unemployed was the most important result of the conference. "We in the labor unions," the resolution states "must wage the fight for the jobless of America. Many of them are our brothers and sisters in the labor movement. Those who are not union members have no one else to turn to. No one else will fight for them. We, the delegates to this workers were arrested and at AFL-CIO Unemployment Con-The Supreme Court agreed to least 17 injured in a pitched ference in Washington, D.C., review the Taylor case last Dec. battle that lasted for several accept that challenge and that

> The resolution asks all unions 'our home town.'

That nosts Massachusetts

By George Lavan

tions is lying [International clear the names of the two fate of these two Italian-born belong to obscure, foreign-born train or bus. Monetary Fund made this anarchists executed in 1927 on radicals an element of America's workingmen ("a good shoemaker The tin miners made clear in charge.] We haven't even re- a frame-up charge of robbery literary heritage. an interview with de Onis that ceived half our sugar rations and murder. The fact that all,

where I share one room with conditions the International The 32-year-old Sacco-Van- them created by the liberals hostility to the bill, to the libertarian viewpoint. Only one another family of five. I come Monetary Fund, acting in be- zetti case was brought into the and literary people rarely de- spokesmen for it, and to the could be considered as repre- many other anarchists, had ternational Labor Defense, into the mine at 6 in the morn- half of American financiers, re- Bay State's political arena this picts them as working-class memory of "those anarchist senting the working class - vowed to defend themselves which in those pre-Stalinist ing and leave at 4. In here all fuses to grant \$26 million in year when State Representative militants and political agitators. baştards," as Judge Webster and he himself emphasized that against kidnapping by federal days made a principle of de-American aid unless the Boliv- Alexander J. Cella of Medford As with Eugene V. Debs, the Thayer, who presided at their he was appearing in his pri- agents. These agents, under the fending all working-class politi-He pointed to another miner ian government ends its food introduced a bill for posthu- picture drawn is that of saintly trial, once described them. who was adding a dry green subsidies to the miners. Thus it mous pardons. Precedent was a individuals, whose anti-capital- The spectators who filled the union of which he is an official. witch-hunter, J. Edgar Hoover, The ILD publicized the facts of coca leaf to a wad in the corner deliberately provoked the strife similar bill passed several years ist ideas and work may be dis- hearing chamber were, with a In his plea for the exoneration were violating wholesale the the frame-up throughout the of his mouth. Coca leaves con- between the miners and the ago exonerating residents of missed as those of harmless few exceptions, partisans of the legal rights of radicals, particu- world. International protests tain alkaloids, including cocaine. Siles regime in the hope that it Salem burned at the stake for visionaries. Their legal murder bill. They demonstrated their "subversives" and atheists) he larly those of foreign birth. were able to delay the execu-They are chewed to help numb will lead to restoration of pri- witchcraft in the Massachusetts is attributed not to class in- support of spokesmen for it and carefully established that he Sacco and Vanzetti had before tions for seven years, and to hunger pangs. "That is what vate ownership in the mines. | Colony's early years.

long considered the Sacco-Van- men. The ghosts of Nicola Sacco zetti case a dead issue. But This liberal-literary wing of "leave Massachusetts safely" showed their sensitivity to the rant or hearing for eight weeks the shameless conditions under and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, work- through the decades the case Sacco and Vanzetti's defenders after his harsh characterizations witch-hunt atmosphere which in the offices of the Bureau of which the miners must subsist: ing-class martyrs legally lynch- and the memory of the two men has been most impressed by the of the judge, prosecuting attor- still hangs like smog over this Investigation on Park Row, New Urquidi's statement, Juan de "For this work I make less than ed 32 years ago, arose to haunt has been kept alive by radical personal dignity, high-minded ney and governor who sent country. This resulted in a dis- York City. Salsedo refused to That was the day the Massa- defenders of civil liberties. In power of expression displayed deaths. This same legislator, im- were pleading. that has brought the Bolivian milk this year and we haven't chusetts Legislative Judiciary each generation of students by the victims during their plying that such an audience For example, the impression 14 stories to the pavement. Government to the brink of had meat in two weeks. Any- Committee grudgingly held a many are influenced by the seven-year ordeal in the shadow could not be from Massachusetts, conveyed was that Sacco and Suicide, the federal agents crisis and sent tremors as far body who says miners are black- public hearing in the State books, poems and plays which of the electric chair. That such then asked the witness whether Vanzetti had been victims pri- claimed; murder, cried Salsedo's

> save one, of those testifying at scious workers, Sacco and Van- mal education, speaking broken that among the effects of a de- was much more important was occurred some months previous-That is Urquidi's story back- the 14-hour hearing proclaimed zetti stand as inspiring ex- English, has always been a ceased juror in the case he had the officially inspired "anti- ly. At the trial their radical on one of America's most in- liefs even in the face of the built their political careers on witnesses disproportionately Palmer Raid days of 1920. They Coldbloodedly ignoring these famous political frame-up trials. hangmen. But the image of red-baiting, demonstrated their represented the liberal, civil- were carrying guns.

For socialists and class-con- Vanzetti put it) with little for- ponent was a lawyer who said is beyond dispute. But what holdup and murder, that had

justice as much as to blind hissed a legislator who voiced himself was an active anti-Com-them the fate of their fellow-

Massachusetts officials have chance and the "stupidity" of surprise that one of the out-of-munist and a good Catholic. Italian radical, Andrea Salsedo. state witnesses felt he could Indeed, almost all the witnesses He had been held without warworking-class groups and by ness, humane attitudes and Sacco and Vanzetti to their torted version of the case they turn informer and finally his marketing their commissary ra- House in Boston on a bill to have made the personalities and "nobility" of character should he had brought it with him by marily of anti-Italian prejudice. comrades.

vate capacity and not for the direction of the then fledgling cal prisoners, come to their aid.

That anti-foreigner feeling was

body came hurtling down the

Sacco and Vanzetti's posses-Eleven witnesses testified in widespread and was a factor in sion of weapons caused the poand a poor fish peddler," as favor of the bill. (The one op- their frame-up and execution lice to frame them for a payroll found a paper stating that the Red" prejudice of the period. views and the fact that they

> They would have been quickly and quietly railroaded to the This was because they, like electric chair had not the In-

(Continued on Page 4)

The uprising in Tibet against

Chinese suzerainty is the revolt

of a feudal ruling class against

social change. Chinese coloniza-

ation of Tibet, development of

measures — these precipitated

the two-year-old rebellion, the

was marked by fighting in Ti-

flight to India of Tibet's su-

Careful analysts in the capi-

talist press discount the charge

of "forced communization." Thus

Tillman Durdin; best informed

of the New York Times' staff

of Far Eastern correspondents,

writes on April 5 that ". . . no

revolutionary social or political

changes have been openly de-

creed since 1956. But the steady

Chinese opposition to the in-

fluence of the ruling ecclesiasti-

cal elite has, nevertheless, had

the effect of subverting the old

Citing "Communist educa-

agreement the Chinese began

to undermine the position of

the Lamas [monks]," plus Chi-

nese colonies, airstrips, roads

and enterprises, Durdin con-

religious aristocracy that for

power in virtual isolation from

What is this system? It has

often been depicted - espec-

"almost dreamlike country."

over a system of government

fact, nothing of the kind.

the rest of the world."

of children through

"despite their 1951

society.'

preme ruler, the Dalai Lama.

It Took Socialists To Stir Up Berkeley

MARCH 29 - Berkeley, just across the bay from here, is ordinarily a tranquil community of some 140,000 people whose own doings are shadowed by activities on the giant campus of the University of California. The city elections that come and go stimulate little interest. Not since the ear of Eugene V. Debs when a local socialist became mayor has there been anything like a meaningful political contest. Until the present election that is.

This campaign was transformed overnight through the vigorous initiative of the local socialist coalition known as United Socialist Action. Organized several months ago on a Bay Area basis the Berkeley election was the first opportunity it had to demonstrate its foot-

Challenging the nonofficial but nevertheless very real ghetto boundaries profitably maintained by the Berkeley Real Estate Board against the city's large (25%) non-Caucasian minority, the USA sponsored a bill modeled on New York's Isaacs-Sharkey-Brown housing ordinance. The bill would make it a crime to refuse to rent or sell housing accommodations to anyone because of race or national origin with cost of legal proceedings to be paid by the city. And the USA entered its candidate for the Council, Marion Syrek, a printing tradesman, to give the Democratic and Republican contenders a run for their money on this

That the USA had touched a very sensitive nerve became immediately evident. The Real Estate Board and Democratic and Republican politicians reacted explosively. A white Berkeley Citizens Council collected a war chest and bought space in the local paper and on local billboards, seeking to arouse prejudice and fear among the voters.

Berkeley has long enjoyed a reputation for cosmopolitanism and liberalism. The various liberal and radical currents are well represented. The initiative of the USA was welcomed by some of these, condemned by others, and the campaign became the center of a controversy that reached into every corner of Berkeley's political life as well as other parts of the Bay Area.

The arguments of the liberal and radical opponents of the USA-sponsored measure range the way from the legal quibbles of the NAACP regional office to claims that the bill doesn't go far enough and that therefore radicals should abstain until semething comes along that meets their standard of approval.

Actually however the debate over the measure reflects two opposed conceptions of how the minority and labor movement should conduct the fight for their needs and aims.

Among those rank and file voters who are keenly aware of the humiliating pattern of discrimination there is no doubt as to what to do. They welcome an organized attempt to curb this evil and scorn the argument of the NAACP lawyers and others who counsel patience while the world waits for progressive legislation out of Washington and Sacramento. The wait has been long. Not until the USA made its challenge was the issue even publicly acknowledged in Berkeley. Virtually every NAACP activist encountered during this fight has declared himself for the measure in defrance of the NAACP leadership.

The Communist Party made its opposition clear through its newspaper, the People's World, and the activity of its shadowy front group known as the Independent Voters of California. But they ran into trouble here. A freewheeling apparatus purporting to speak for the IVC tried hard to get the USA group to drop the anti-discriminatory measure on the grounds that it endangered some progressive proposals or other now before the Sacramento legislative body. Thy lost on this. They were further frustrated when their stand was repudiated by the one unit of their organization

The USA campaign story got front-page treatment in the local capitalist press and coverage in the local Negro labor and college press. The People's World ignored the news until the racist campaigners attempted to associate the paper with the USA. This brought most recent phase of which an immediate rejoinder from the editors, who tried to distinguish their opposition from what bet's capital, Lhasa, and the they called the "out and out opposition" of

The attitude of the Socialist Party -Social Democratic Federation was mixed. The new Shachtmanite recruits reacted much as did the Stalinist leadership. They, too, cited the "danger" to progressive legislation. However other members of the SP-SDF were unresponsive to this argument and saw in the issue an opportunity to put some meaning into their own election campaign. Their candidate gave forthright support to the measure. In return the USA offered him conditional support in the race. The USA also sought by this to indicate that it would back any socialist willing to enter an electoral contest on at least a minimum socialist platform against candidates of the capitalist parties.

In contrast to the pulling and hauling and dismay shown by their liberal and radical elders, a very active student organization known as "Slate" responded with admirable directness. They dismissed the superficial arguments against Proposition "C" and joined the fight to make it law. But no sooner did they start to work than they ran into opposition and hostility from the University administration. This centered in the office of the Dean of Students. Dean Stone, a candidate for the Berkeley City Council, issued an edict that student organizations could not become involved in issues outside the campus. "Do As I Say, Not As I Do" was the motto of this aspirant for

This started a new controversy overshadowing the anti-discrimination issue. Slate now has a first-class fight on its hands. At stake is its continued existence as a recognized student organization. I dare say that upon the next ceremonial occasion when Dean Stone utters those banalities deploring the conformism and silence of this generation he will be met with a Berkeley version of the Bronx

All in all the campaign in Berkeley has offered instructive lessons in capitalist politics and the behavior of liberal capitalist politicians. Come to think of it the fight is the most lively and significant course in political science that this university town has had in a long time even though it is not listed in the university catalogue and the only credit given is not recognized by the professors.

I would say that the most instructive item was the behavior of the white liberal political leaders who have expressed themselves in the past with deep passion and conviction on the outrageous conduct of Gov. Faubus and the outrageous color bar in South Africa. They give generously, I am sure, to NAACP and Urban League financial drives. Their convictions get stronger in direct ratio to the distance of the issue from their immediate material interests and concerns.

Another instructive bit was the wriggling radicals influenced by the CP and the SP-SDF line. The thought of having to take a public stand at variance with the strategy of the NAACP and the so called "friends" of labor and minorities in the capitol brought them close to panic. They can dress it up any bates. They do no work. Their ence, since the main oppressor ficial policy as follows: "Be-betan hands, although the Chinway they want but that's all it was at bottom monasteries are supported by of the Hungarian people was cause conditions in Tibet are ese army, about 300,000 strong, and anybody with half an eye in this area contributions from the nobility the Soviet bureaucracy. But

could see it. Win or lose, the energetic campaigners of the USA deserve a big hand. They fought dition to monks and nobles, the Hungarian uprising. The work- teen-point agreement reached duced at least until after the courageously against many odds, were not intimidated and demonstrated capacities that promise well for the future of this movement

(East Bay) known to hold meetings. in the Bay Area.

(Continued from Page 1) avoid a legal test of the in- contention of FBI head J. Edgar

famous security program. is stripped of all constitutional won't work," he declared. rights. Throughout two years of hearings and appeals he was faceless informer system, Rauh Why is this different?" was a paid FBI stool pigeon.

Taylor, informed the court that the court seemed particularly the hearing board, which hand- interested in this aspect of the eral accord with those of his ed down the "guilty" verdict, argumentation." itself heard but one of the six witnesses on whose word Taylor was blacklisted.

POLICE STATE CONCEPT

Advertisement

to protect the U.S. "intelligence justice." The alternative to not screeners are so crassly illegal system it was necessary to deny producing an accuser, suggested that the New York Times on

| said this concept was solely the | the accused.

In addition to hitting at the I have a right to confront him. 250 strokes and imprisonment gime is bureaucratic (and al-

of the six people who testified industry security program was Greene, gave this sample of the and have their eyes put out." unable to confront a single one argued that the entire privateagainst him. Solicitor General unconstitutional in that it was kind of "charges" security pro-Ji Lee Rankin now admits that not authorized by any federal gram victims are supposed to ment that members of the rulfive of the six were "casual in- statute or even by a Presiden- prove themselves innocent of: formants," i.e., neighbors and tial order. Under questioning gossips. The sixth presumably by the justices, the U.S: attorneys admitted that this was Joseph L. Rauh, attorney for the case. According to the press,

The justices also gave no evidence of sympathy for the government assertion that the cloak ed 'fellow traveler' arguments, of secrecy around informants was apparently influenced by was necessary even if it meant Jean's 'wild theories,' etc." The government argued that "in an individual case an in-

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Who Is Ahead?

Has the Soviet Union forged ahead of the United States in the cold war? What is the meaning of the achievements on both sides in the contest over satellites, moon probes and artificial planets?

If you are interested in learning about the earthly economic realities behind the spectacular moves into outer space, read what Arne Swabeck has to say in the spring issue of the International Socialist Review. Send 35 cents for a copy.

International Socialist Review

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Justice Earl Warren asked: Hoover. "The court cannot let "If my neighbor accuses me of the dalai lama. Jechong was The Taylor case illustrates America's chief policeman de- anything else but this, and blinded and subsequently died how the victim in these cases cide that the Bill of Rights they're going to put me in jail in prison. Two other leaders of most of mankind has left far or deprive me of my livelihood,

"Many apparently reliable wit-

nesses have testified that during the period of the subject's first marriage his personal political sympathies were in genwife, in that he was sympathetic toward Russia, followed the Communist Party 'line,' present-

The methods of the "security" the right of confrontation. Rauh Justice Frankfurter, is to clear April 3 was moved to declare editorially:

> ". . . the principle that an accused person is considered guilty until proved innocent and that he need not be confronted with his accusers is an intolerable heresy. . . . The Department of Justice, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation, possesses no right, legal or otherwise, to run contrary to the Bill of Rights or of the common law. Nor would it be proper or safe

bureau such rights." And an April 6 Wall Street to list it as part of China's out- Most of the Tibetans' griev-Journal editorial asked: "For er territories. However, because ances against Peking center who is to say that, if to refuse of Tibet's forbidding geography around alleged attacks by the a man the opportunity to face (it is located in mountain re- Chinese CP on Tibetan religious his accusers is accepted as the gions whose plateaus rise from and social customs in violation prerogative of classified Govern- 12,000 to 16,000 feet above sea of the 1951 autonomy agreement, the virulent doctrine of level) and because of its own ment. The Mao regime is also the unidentified witness will not weakness, the Chinese govern- being blamed for this elsewhere spread through our whole so- ment did not try to reestablish in Asia. Thus the president of actual military control.



Tibet's Feudal Rulers Rebel Against China

Before Tibet Disturbed "Peaceful Coexistence"

Chinese Premier Chou En-lai (left, holding bouquet) at 1955 Bandung Conference of Asian and African nations. Next to him is former Indonesian Premier Sastroamidjojo. Spokesmen of "neutralist" powers such as India are now citing Chou's commitments at Bandung on "peaceful coexistence" to whip up sentiment against People's Republic of China because of its current involvement in Tibetan strife.

31 issue.)

ficials - still exists." (Last year, | dira Ghandi (Nehru's daughter), | duction of social-reform meacludes, "The handwriting on the Hsinhua, official Chinese news told a correspondent of the sures curtailing feudal privilwall must have been clear to agency, reported that the Dalai Christian Science Monitor of eges. the Tibetans and their landed Lama was prevailed on to carry her distress that "all that is through a modest reform in good in the Tibetan way of charge that the Chinese nationcenturies has held the reins of this regard - namely, to abol- life was being destroyed. She alized the land and closed down ish "Ula" for government office feels that while Tibetan feud- many monasteries, that they workers and for students.)

The Encyclopedia Britannica, 1945 'edition, says, "The noially in connection with recent bility of Tibet are wealthy by comparison with their fellowevents - as "Shangri-la," a gentle and peace-loving society subjects. For instance on the of harmony and brotherhood of Pa-lha estates there are at least man. Marquis Childs calls it an 1,400 farms, as well as 13 grazing grounds, each of the latter (April 7 N.Y. Post.) It is, in supporting 15 to 20 families of graziers. The tenantry pay rent "The Dalai Lama presides in service, grain and cash."

The population breakdown in that is dominated at all levels 1955 was approximately as folby nobility and clergy," writes lows: agricultural workers 600,-Joseph P. Lash in the April 2 000; herdsmen 200,000; monks N.Y. Post. "There are about 150 150,000 (15% of the population); aristocratic families in Tibet then nobility, merchants, arti-. . Ownership of land . . . is sans and beggars totaling 50,000. monopolized by the monasteries (These figures were cited by and nobles. Ula - a feudal ob- Lash from "an English newsligation to provide free trans- paperman of Communist leanportation and other unpaid ser- ings whom Peking allowed to strength around the Lhasa revices to nobles, monks and of- visit Tibet in 1955.")

"Dreamlike" System

will return.

military arm of the state.

High Court Considers fore the Chinese established cratic parasitic caste. That is control.) "In April 1947 the ex- why in the 1956 conflict, social regent Jechong was arrested by progress was on the Hungarian the regent of the dalai lama on side. the charge of plotting against the revolt were sentenced to for life; it was also ordered If this is the kind of punishing group mete out to one another, one wonders how they treat the peasants?

All in all, Tibetan society resembles feudal Europe during does "Shangri-la."

The religious orders — head-ed by the Dalai Lama, the "god-tention that the revolt of the king" of the sect — wield po- Tibetan feudal class is an Cials in Tibet reported after a En-Lai promised the Dalai litical power. There is also a "Asian Hungary." In Hungary fact-finding study "that Tibet Lama that Chinese troops would spiritual head, the Panchen an industrial working class Lama, whom the Chinese CP fought for socialist democracyhave now elevated to head of the most advanced form of sostate, though keeping open the cial organization that mankind terest of communism itself." possibility that the Dalai Lama can attain in this epoch. The revolutionaries, it is true, also Most of the monks are celi- demanded national independ- 1957, Mao Tse-tung stated of- ernment vested mainly in Ti--which means, ultimately, by that wasn't what determined have not yet been carried out to the Dalai Lama that no Comthe labor of the peasants. In ad- the progressive character of the there. According to the seven- munist reforms would be introwarrior-tribes function as the ers led the revolt. They rejected any idea of returning to Government and the local gov- year plan in 1962. Finally, Tibet A sample of the customs in capitalist or landlord rule. They ernment of Tibet, reform of the this "dreamlike country" ap- sought to advance further on social system must eventually was exempted from the propears in the Encyclopedia Bri- the road to socialism by elimtannica Year Book for 1948 (be- inating the misrule of a bureau- not be impatient; when this up "rural people's communes."

In Tibet, the landlords and monks lead the revolt in order to preserve a social order that behind. Although the Mao rethough this undoubtedly affect-Carl W. Berueffy, attorney for that they should be fettered ed Chinese dealings with Tibet adversely), the Chinese Communist Party defends social relations that are progressive not only in comparison with feudalism but with capitalism as well. Unquestionably, in the present conflict, the Chinese governthe dark ages far more than it ment fights on the side of so-

17-Point Agreement

Chinese control over Tibet | In 1950, following the victory dates from the eighteenth cen- over Chiang Kai-shek, the Mao tury, China establishing "suz- regime sent an armed force to tion an army in the country.

the Chinese revolution of that before had been a party to the year, the Tibetans ousted the dispute between the Dalai Lama Peking representatives, but the and the Chinese government to give the department and the Chinese continued to claim su- agreed to Chinese suzerainty zerainty over the country and over Tibet.

'-a loose form of dom- bring Tibet once more under ination. The Dalai Lama con- Chinese control. In 1951, after tinued to exercise authority overcoming armed resistance. over internal affairs, but China the People's Republic of China regulated Tibet's foreign rela-signed a 17-point agreement tions and was entitled to sta- with representatives of the Dalai Lama whereby Chinese Britain and Czarist Russia suzerainty was reestablished recognized Chinese suzerainty Under this pact, the Dalai Lama over Tibet through the Anglo- was to exercise control over Russian agreement of 1907. domestic affairs as of old, while (Both countries had first in- Peking would supervise foreign trigued in Lhasa to push the affairs. Premier Nehru's govern-Chinese out.) In 1911, following ment in India, which the year

the Indian Congress Party, In-

Communist Party on Feb. 27, tually withdrawn and the govnot ripe, democratic reforms remained. A promise was made between the Central People's expiration of the current fivebe carried out. But we should gram adopted last year to set Asia Reacts to Events Apparently, the Chinese CP weakens their solidarity with leaders pursued a contradictory the Chinese revolution. A popucourse in Tibet. Officially, they lar uprising of the peasants, on

adhered to the agreement main- the other hand, would have taining the status quo. But ac- given the Chinese an incontrocounts in the Chinese press tell vertible argument - one that of social reforms being enacted working people throughout Asia and of Tibetans being involved would readily accept-namely, in Communist Party activities. that China was supporting the As a result, the feudal ruling revolutionary side in a Tibetan group felt itself "subverted" civil war. and saw "the handwriting on the wall." The Tibetan peasants, cannot point to such a develophowever, were evidently not yet ready to rebel against the the Dalai Lama did not escape Dalai Lama, the nobles and the of his own free will but was monks. (This does not necessarily mean that the peasants he wrote letters to Chinese ofsupport the feudal order in this ficials telling them that he "was conflict, either.) The anti-Chin- making every possible effort to ese revolt thus has the appearance of an all-national move- actionary clique." In short, the

This sows confusion among the Asian masses about the true nature of the conflict and

ment, while, correspondingly,

the Chinese appear to be array-

ed against the entire Tibetan

population.

Celebrate May Day

New Yorkers! Celebrate May Day with the Young Socialist Alliance and the Socialist Workers Party.

Hear Martha Curti on Youth in a Changing World," and Tom Kerry on "The Struggle for a Socialist America." Tim Wohlforth, editor of the Young Socialist,

will chair. Friday, May 1, at 8:00 p.m., at the Militant Labor Forum, 116 University Place. Proceeds will go to the Young Socialist.

conduct since he reached India. however, indicates that the CCP's account is true. He is seeking asylum there, although according to an April 7 Reuters dispatch Premier Nehru "will discuss with him the possibility of a return to Tibet." (While Nehru is not averse to using the Tibet issue against the Indian Communist Party, he does not want to jeopardize India's treaty of friendship with Peking over the matter.)

The fact that the Chinese vere forced to fight off a feudal rebellion before the class antagonisms in Tibetan society could explode the old order from within has given every reactionary in Asia, including, of course, Chiang Kai-shek, a field day for anti-Communist agitation. Those who are hotting it up most are religious leadersespecially among the Buddhist monks in Burma-who have a long record of stirring up what is known in Asia as "communalist" riots (pitting one religious or national grouping against another.) The New York Times in an April 5 editorial advises Washington that political mileage might be made by now posing as the champion of Buddhism in Asia.

That won't solve any of the problems of the Asian masses, however. And despite confusion over the issue of Tibet, the working people throughout Asia will still base themselves on the experiences of the Chinese people. These prove that only through socialist revolution can the Asian people free themselves from imperialist exploitation and begin climbing out of age-old economic backwardness.

In addition the Tibetans

erty of anyone who resisted

ing the period of the Second

Five-Year Plan, and we can

In 1957 also, Premier Chou

from the rest of Tibet. That

But the Chinese CP leaders

ment. Instead, they claim that

kidnapped. They also claim that

deal with the actions of the re-

CP leaders contend, the Dalai

Lama is still on their side, and

they are abiding by the 1951

Nothing in the Dalai Lama's

agreement.

alism must disappear, the Dalai tried to impose forcible collec-

Lama is the right man to lead tivization of agriculture, and

his country to progress." (March that they confiscated the prop-

We have already seen what their rule. The Tibetans also

the specific grievances are - dispute the right of the Chinese Chinese education of the young eventually to detach the east-

undermining lama instruction; colonization of 500,000 Chinese ern (Chamdo) area from the

with their different-and more rest of Tibet in order to turn

Armed Tibetan resistance to will be done can only be de-

the Chinese began among the cided when the great majority

Khamba tribesmen in Eastern of the people of Tibet and their

Tibet as early as 1954 and broke leading public figures consider

out again in 1956. During the it practicable. It has now been

same period, an underground decided not to proceed with

resistance movement gained democratic reform in Tibet dur-

These developments led the only decide whether it will be

CP to abandon social reforms. done in the period of the Third

According to Ajit K. Das, in re- Five-Year Plan in the light of

viewing the history of the con- the situation obtaining at that

was not fit for immediate com- be withdrawn from Eastern

munization and a go-slow policy Tibet where the insurrection

would be necessary in the in- was in progress and gradually

In his report to the Chinese year Chinese officials were ac-

progressive-way of life; intro-lit into a separate province.

CP Abandons Reforms

flict in the April 3 Christian time.'

Science Monitor, Chinese offi-

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THE MILITANT

Editor: DANIEL ROBERTS

Business Manager: KAROLYN KERRY

Published weekly by the Militant Publishing Assn., 116 University Pl., N.Y. 3, N.Y. Phone: CH 3-2140. Signed articles by contributors do not necessarily represent the Militant's policies. These are expressed in editorials

Vol. XXIII - No. 15 Monday, April 13, 1959

War in 90 Minutes

In 90 minutes World War III may begin. It may be started by Gen. Thomas S. Powers. Never heard of him? We've got news for you. You may NEVER hear of him. You may be one of the first victims in a nuclear contest you didn't even know had started.

This information is not a fantasy out of science fiction. It happens to be reality. Gen. Thomas S. Powers himself told a House Appropriations subcommittee in February that the power to plunge America into World War III rests in the hands of two men. He is one of them. The golf-playing President is the other.

The congressmen, who abdicated their power to declare war when Truman took America into the Korean conflict, listened like sheep as the general described how he can send his entire fleet, loaded with . H-bombs, streaking toward previously selected targets. They did not even gulp as they heard this possible executioner of the human race say that after the fleet is on its way the golf-playing President has 90 minutes to decide if the fleet should continue toward its destination — or if it should return home.

"I can launch this force if there is an emergency. Nobody but the people in the SAC would know I sent it out . . . This gives the civilian decision-making machinery a gift of . . . at least an hour and a half . . . to make its decision.'

That was what Gen. Powers said. That was what the congressmen heard. That was the testimony - highly censored

naturally - which the press reported April 6.

The general, who can throw America into an intercontinental H-bomb contest 90 minutes after he finishes his coffee, assured the committee that there was no need for them to worry. If he sends his bomb-laden planes out, all will return to their bases after a stipulated time - "unless they get an additional instruction from me, which is passed on in a secure, foolproof and safe way." The additional instructions don't go out unless the President gives his approval. It's like a check that requires a counter-signature before the bank will cash it.

As chief of the Strategic Air Command, Gen. Powers can, of course, order the fleet on its way any time a possible "attack" warning is flashed on an intricate system of radar screens.

Sometimes a radar screen "sees" things that really aren't there, the General conceded. But "you must assume" that what it detects is real "and act ac-

only a squadron of geese? Or static in an electrical component? The General didn't

But sleep well tonight. You have the ening. Three months after the turn over to the small cane meeting the workers asked that bankers, for, according to Bargeneral's word that the whole setup is fall of Wall Street's puppet, planters all lands now cultivat- the president and general man- rons, "wooing the public" has foolproof. The power to start World War Batista, the government of Fidel ed simply for domestic cane ager of the road be fired. Even been given high priority, and III is in safe hands. Gen. Powers and Pres. Castro is carrying through land and invest profits from export- though they were both newly- offices that "used to be forbid-Eisenhower will pull the pin only if they are convinced that those blips on the radar screen are real.

The Ruling on Double Jeopardy

Since the period of McCarthyism, liberals - and some radicals, too - have felt that the Supreme Court is genuinely concerned about upholding constitutional rights. The 1954 school desegregation decision and a number of pro-civil liberties rulings since then are seen as cases in point.

Those holding this view will generally concede that the high court has been less than forthright even in its favorable stands. It failed, for instance, to implement effectively the desegregation decision. Its civil liberties rulings have been based on technicalities that skirt the basic constitutional issues involved.

The court now appears to have inverted its mood. The hesitation about defending constitutional rights have been reflected in important majority decisions. Two of these involve restrictions on the safeguards provided by the Bill of Rights.

The first came last November when the court upheld the most obvious kind of subterfuge for circumventing the school desegregation decisions — the Alabama school placement law. Then on March 30, the court struck a cruel blow at the Bill of Rights by ruling that a person can be prosecuted twice for the same offense. The court's stand is a flat contradiction to the Fifth Amendment which states: ". . . nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life and limb . . ."

Hoping to allay public apprehension about this reactionary ruling, Attorney General William P. Rogers asserted April 25: "After a state prosecution there should be no federal prosecution for the same act or acts unless the reasons are compelling."

It can be assumed that when the government does engage in double- jeopardy prosecutions it will be for "compelling"

A sober appraisal of what the ruling means was given by Justice Hugo L. Black in his strongly worded dissent. The decisions, he said, "cause me to fear that in an important number of cases it can and it will - happen here despite the Bill ing class base and a socialist adequate indemnification." of Rights."

Black added: "Inevitably, the victims of such prosecutions will be the poor and the weak in our society, individuals without friends in high places who can influence prosecutors not to try them again. The power to try a second time will be used, as have all similar procedures, to make scapegoats of helpless, political, religious or radical minorities and those who differ, who do not conform, and who resist tyranny."

Six of the nine justices voted for the double-jeopardy decisions. How fundamentally the minority of the court may differ from the majority on this question is debatable. But they proved incapable Figueres said that Latin Amerof stopping the six reactionaries. It should now be quite plain that the defense of the Bill of Rights lies with those who have the major stake in its preservation — the Salvador, secretary-general of U.S. State Department in the organized movements of the working class the Confederation of Cuban cold war. and the Negro people.

The Case for Federal Standards

An effective case for uniform federal unemployment compensation standards is made in the March issue of Labor's Economic Outlook, published by the AFL-CIO.

The publication points out that under varying state regulations the standards have deteriorated badly since the program started. Most states began paying unemployment compensation in 1938 and 1939. Originally it was not thought of as a relief handout but as recognition of the right of a jobless worker to a fixed portion of the wages he should be making.

Since then jobless payments have lagged far behind both prices and wages and employers now argue that benefit increases should only reflect higher prices — that a 1959 compensation check should not buy any more than a 1939 one did.

The Economic Review replies: "But a standard of living appropriate today: medical care, housing and transportation that once were luxuries are now necessities. Getting a layoff slip should not mean a transfer to the 1930's."

Big business, through control of the two major parties, has prevented unemployment compensation from keeping up with the times. In 1958, jobless pay made up for less than one-fourth of wages lost. The typical maximum benefit was 44% of the weekly wage as compared to 65% in 1939. At that time 35 states provided compensation equal to 60% or more of average pay. Today there isn't a single state in that bracket. Twenty years ago only one state in the union paid less than 49% of the average weekly wage. Last year 44 states were paying under that amount.

The duration of payments has also lagged far behind the steadily lengthening friend, a bad democrat and a vestment by both Americans periods of unemployment. In 1958, two bad revolutionist." The Times out of five jobless - a total of three million - exhausted their benefits before getting back to work.

Meanwhile the employers' cost for financing the program has been reduced to the point where, as a cost of business, Costa Rica was not a revolution, whipping boy and Batista is gone financing the program has been reduced it is one-third of what it was in 1939. The since it had not touched any now. Castro diverts the Cuban Collectivization tax base has been rigidly held to the first \$3,000 of an employe's wages even though these are now around \$4,500. A further for this was that Senor Figcost reduction is achieved by the rebate system which determines an employer's tax by the volume of claims from his employes. This practice has led to increased general restrictions on eligibility and a sharp rise in the number of denials of in-

dividual claims. To improve this situation by establishing uniform federal standards for compensation, the AFL-CIO urges passage of the Karsten-Machrowicz bill. This would private, and distribute it among increase payments to a minimum of half landless rural folk." the claimant's pay and a maximum of two-thirds of the average wage in each state. A uniform maximum of 39 weeks would be set. Other improvements include new limitations on eligibility restrictions and provisions for coverage of all workers the revolution is to be a suc-

in smaller companies. Labor's Economic Review is published at the AFL-CIO Building, Washington 6,



"If you see any with strontium-90 throw them away; I forgot my glasses."

American Capitalists Worried Suppose it takes not 90 but 91 minutes to discover that what the screen "sees" is Over Castro's Course in Cuba

By Alex Harte

reform, turning toward induscollision with the old propertied classes and their middleclass supporters, granting concessions to the working class and calling upon it for support, and, at the same time, maintaining an outspoken anti-Yankee-imperialist position.

These developments have given rise to the deepest apprehension in the U.S. capitalist press. With the visit of Fidel Castro and his closest advisors to the has been thrown on the "disturbing" continuation of the Cuban revolution and the inter- sidered to be poorly utilized

The Castro government is far program. Nor has it closed the door to making a deal with U.S. imperialism. It is obviously jockeying between the contravague middle-class reform program of the July 26 movement.

The whole situation was illuminated by the violent reac-Workers. He jumped to his feet and replied to Figueres, "We who today are oppressing us."

April 4 that Salvador was supsaid, "Dr. Castro angrily declared that Cuba would be neu-United States and the Soviet Union." He also said, "that "knowledgeable" American 'created interest' and had not broken up any big estates. Dr. Castro charged that the reason

ueres was a big landowner." Castro's attack on the failure of Figueres to lead an agrarian revolution in Costa Rica is understandable against the background of the events in Cuba reported in detail in the April Wall Street Journal: "Mr. program also is stirring up a good deal of concern here. The idea is to take land, public and

Interrelated with the land reform is a measure calculated to spur industrialization and relieve Cuba of her almost exclusive dependence on the sugar crop. "We must industrialize if cess," Castro said, according to the March 30 Times.

center of work during the en- out of a cabinet meeting to ad- under way. The parliament de- the many African leaders ar- wages.

tire year and not just for the dress railroad workers in Haing sugar in new industries that trialization, coming into sharper will utilize derivatives of cane fired them on the spot." and sugar." Another Times dispatch April

reports: "The new agrarian reform is receiving considerable support and the proposed reclamation of the vast Cienega De Zapata swamp is applauded. The breaking up of the vast undeveloped estates has long been considered by most economists as necessary for the economy of Cuba. Nevertheless the statement by the Cuban U.S. this week, the spotlight premier that after these are expropriated the next lands to be distributed will be those conrelation of its anti-imperialist and low in productivity has disand social revolutionary ten- turbed owners of large cane and tobacco plantations and cattle ranches. So far there has from having acquired a work- been no talk of prompt and

The whole land reform and industrialization program is threatened by the sharp decline in the world price of sugar dictory class pressures at home from a high of close to seven and abroad. This, however, is cents in 1957 to 2.91 cents a not enough to reassure Ameri- pound last week. Cuba depends imperialism has Cuba by the tionary process that is driving throat because it can arbitrarily celona and other cities. Groups his government far beyond the either maintain or relax its limits on the amount of Cuban sugar it will import. Castro is demanding an increase in the tonnage of sugar Cuba will be tion to a pro-American speech allowed to export to the U.S. made by Jose Figueres, former this year. He is also asking for president of Costa Rica, while U.S. financial aid to Cuban he was in Havana recently. economy. Undoubtedly the U.S. negotiators will attempt to use ica should be on the side of the this situation as a club to force United States in case of war the Castro delegation to promwith Russia. This declaration ise to half their revolutionary was sharply attacked by David measures and line up with the

The Wall Street Journal carefully assembles the different cannot be with the Americans views about the Castro regime among Cuban capitalist and The New York Times reports American business circles in Cuba. One view is that Castro ported by Castro who spoke at is "naively" becoming a capthe same meeting. Castro at- tive of the "communists," and tacked Figueres as "a bad that his policies "discourage inand Cubans.

Another, more widespread view is that Castro "really isn't tral in any war between the a radical, he's alert to Communist danger." The WSJ cites a people from their own problem by attacking the U.S.

But it is Castro's economic measures, not so much his popronouncements, that litical U.S. businessmen, the worry Wall Street Journal says. "Consider Cuba's new rent law that went into effect yesterday (April 1). The law cuts in half all rents below \$100, rents in the \$100-200 bracket are trim-Castro's momentous land reform med 40% and those over \$200 are slashed 30%." The WSJ quotes an executive in the sugar industry: "What Castro's done to property values in Cuba is incredible. He's ruined them. We could have borrowed \$5 still a patchwork of "20 million million to \$10 million on our narrow strips," which make the property a few months ago. To-

we asked for a loan." 'Most disquieting to the capitalists is the appeal Castro is among the workers and the owned. "He told sugar mill owners concessions he has made to

ports: "Premier Castro has as- piped-in music." sured the workers they will be All that's missing is a shelf given wages and better work- of free samples and some of the ing conditions immediately. He customers are taking care of recently ordered a raise of 20 that. In fact amateur bank rob- is responsible, they turn to per cent in the wages of the bers are sticking them up from more rational means, such as omnibus workers in the govern- coast to coast. ment-owned company and in the private companies which ladies, who threaten to throw ing the power of labor, getting have been taken over by the acid in the teller's face unless their own kind elected to ofrevolutionary government. Also he fills the shopping bag, to fice and studying the advanthe minimum wages of govern- capitalist-minded nine-year olds tages of socialism. Group initiment employes has been upped who coolly order the man at ative is the American Way, too. to \$85 from \$60."

The American Way of Life

Do It Yourself

The American Way of getting out of a tough situation is through individual initiative. The popularity of this laudable virtue seems to be rising along with the rise in some areas the problem of a couple of hundred—or else. unemployment. For example, in+

rustling together a meal is once more being met in a lone-hand greatest popularity among way. Or to put it in frontier language, cattle thieves are riding again. A rancher near America's best advertising Prior, Okla., recently reported brains for irresistible consumer a \$5,000 loss in one night. Charles A. Stewart, secretary

of the Texas and Southwestern Cattle Raisers Association, is of the opinion that there are "more cattle being rustled now than back in 1877 when our association was formed . . . But unlike the old days, it is the one, two, or half a dozen steers stolen in a pickup truck or the calf stuck in the trunk of a car that gives us the most The Wall Street Journal

"Curiously, too, much otes: rustling is taking place on the fringes of big cities, leading officials to theorize that city folk with home freezers or out of a ob are getting into the trade,

Lovely to the touch as they may find fatted calves grazing in the suburbs, city folk seem to be more intrigued by what three months of the sugar crop. vana who were threatening to they can rustle at banks. Part The Cuban revolution is deep- He said the big owners must strike," WSJ reports. "At the of the credit belongs to the appointed Castro men, Fidel ding and silent now gleam with glass and aluminum paneling living. The N.Y. Times April 5 re- and echo to the strains of

the window to hand them down

Supermarkets have won the those with a do-it-yourself outlook. Packages devised by appeal are displayed on open shelves. The owners hospitably urge customers to use the market's shopping baskets and help themselves. Small wonder that jobless workers, instead of visiting museums, prefer to wander through the aisles of a supermarket enjoying the exhibits and friendly atmosphere.

A civil liberties paper recently published a letter arguing that it is difficult to prove a crime if such a connoisseur of grocery shelves succumbs to invitation. What storeowners do. therefore, is seek to entrap the customer into confessing "theft" in the presence of witnesses. But this, argues the letter writer, is a violation of their civil

SCANDALIZED

Defenders of moral values and storeowners filed a scandalized protest and the editor agreed that a civil liberties issue cannot be found in the mat-

The increase in such ingenious ways of responding to unemployment does point to a more basic issue, however-the

people, denied that Many right, at first mistakenly think you can solve the problem by vourself. As it becomes more widely recognized that society organizing demonstrations, put-These range from amiable old ting heat on Congress, mobiliz-- Louis Ritz

Headlines in Other Lands

Sticker Campaign **Needles Franco**

the Franco regime in Spain is borers. demonstrated by a sticker campaign being conducted by a Catholic opposition movement. on walls and buildings in Barsuch as this, which formerly Soviet Sale of Wheat supported Franco, are now calling for retoration of the To Japan Alarms monarchy or even a republic anything but the current

Working-class opposition to munists. The worsening economic con-

fore that Spanish workers and tralia. farmers had long been among the most poverty-stricken in Europe. The current economic ing making Don Juan, the Spain, while himself withdrawfrom the exercise of power).

Hungary, Rumania Step Up Farm

Hungary has begun a new campaign of farm collectivization. This apparently marks an end to the "voluntary principle" in the formation of .collective farms which the Kadar regime has officially proclaimed ever since it put down the revolution of 1956. The new program will utilize both agitation and money incentives to lessen peasant opposition collectivization.

Hungary has one of the poorest records of all the East European countries in farm collectivization. Its farmland is use of modern farm machinery day a banker would laugh if impossible. At the end of 1958 state farms in Hungary occupied 13% of arable land, collective farms 13.5%, and the remaking for popular support maining 73.5% was privately

Also in Rumania a drive to that each mill must become a their demands. "Fidel rushed limit private landownership is Brussels. Kasavubu was among ing prices and holding down

creed at the end of March that rested by the Belgians. He had lands for sharecropping, rent- ed for "inciting unrest." Growing disaffection with ing or tilling with hired la-

families can till. The excess the Belgian colonialists had atwill be taken by the state and tempted to force him to either the kulaks reimbursed for it

Washington Officials

Officials of the U.S. State and Agriculture Departments the U.S.-supported fascist gov- are flustered by a recent Soviet ernment has been signalized by shipment of wheat to Japan. greater activity on the part of Though not large (only 77,000 socialists, anarchists and com- bushels or less than a shipload) it is the first postwar shipment to a market which dition in Spain derives from has been the exclusive property the U.S. recession, but even be- of the U.S., Canada and Aus- Senate in Philippines

Disposal of surplus farm commodities (the stockpile is now rising beyond \$9 billion) deterioration is giving body to is a major economic headache the political discontent. It is for the U.S. Both Canada and reported that, under these cir- Australia shout "dumping" cumstances, Franco is consider- when the U.S. tries to sell wheat abroad at cut-rate prices. Count of Barcelona, King of Now there is the threat of Soviet farm commodities coming from the limelight (but not peting in the world market. The USSR has recently made similar small wheat shipments to France and indirectly to West Germany.

In 1956 with its bumper crop and the tilling of new lands in Siberia, Soviet wheat exports (mostly to the East European countries in its orbit) rose to 158 million bushels. This is the highest figure since Czarist days when Russia was one of the world's great wheat exporters and annually shipped about 165 million bushels.

Though Soviet exports have dropped somewhat since the bumper-harvest year of 1956, the USSR is now definitely considered a potential rival by the great wheat-exporting capitalist countries - the U.S Canada and Australia.

Kidnapped in Congo; Released in Belgium

Joseph Kasavubu, African

kulaks (rich peasants) would consistently fought for immedino longer be able to use their ate independence and was jail-

The kidnapping of Kasavubu and his release in Brussels Kulaks will be left only as was surrounded in mystery. much land as they and their But it has become clear that agree to the "reforms" following the uprising, or stay out of politics. Apparently Kasavubu has refused to do either.

Technically he is "free" to find his way back to the Congo, but news reporters admit that it is doubtful that he could get passage on commercial planes.

Kasavubu is a leading figure in the Abako, African Congo organization with 700,000 members out of a population of 13 million.

Scores Handling of U.S. Army Crimes

A majority of 15 of the 23 members of the Philippines Senate are backing a resolution that may spike U.S. plans to maintain military bases in the islands. The resolution calls for the Philippines to make the final decision on whether a U.S. soldier is on "duty" if he commits a crime.

This issue has figured in the struggle against U.S. bases from Japan to Iceland.

A previous agreement allows authorities of the Philippines to try U.S. soldiers only if the crime is committed while they are off duty. The joker is that the U.S. army decides whether the soldier is off duty or not.

The resolution, which comes as a bombshell in the midst of negotiations between the U.S. and the Philippines government on this question, is said to reflect strong sentiment favoring ousting the U.S. army completely.

Paris Busmen Strike On March 24 bus conductors

and maintenance machinists staged a 24-hour strike demonstration for higher wages. Paris was without two-thirds of its burgomaster in the Belgian 2,000 buses as a result. The one-Congo, who was arrested in day strike was but one in a Leopoldville during the anti-series of walkouts staged by imperialist demonstration in French workers that week in January, has been released protest against the deGaulle with two of his followers in government's policy of inflatvited to represent labor's view-

point in opposition to Edward

Carey did all right on sev-

eral points. "What is the eco-

nomic freedom by which NAM

justifies the necessity of reces-

sion?" he asked. "Was it the

garbage cans in the depression

He called on management to

tion" through "lower prices and

fits of automation. "Let's get

back to the real radicals like

Henry Ford - men who really

did believe in free enterprise

and were willing to share with

If I recall my history cor-

C. F.

Minneapolis

rectly, it took something like a

of the 1930s?"

sociation of Manufacturers.

New York Maher, public relations vice

Jobless Statistics In Great Depression Editor:

The article on the history of the 30-hour week bill in the April 6 Militant cited a figure freedom of people to grub in of 20 million jobless in 1933 and 12 million in 1935. This would give the impression that the Roosevelt administration had cut unemployment by 40% in "share the benefit of automathese two years.

The figure of 20 million un- shorter working hours without employed for 1933 is, I believe, reduced pay." inaccurate, although the writer of the article may have cited figures used in the heat of senatorial debate at that time. The official figures from reliable sources which I have been able to check are as follows: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, an average of 12,634,000 unemployed during 1933; the AFL, 13,271,000. According to a later study by the CIO, the number for 1933 was 12,643,000.

All three sources give the as between ten and eleven recognition from this billion-

Carey Defines A "Real Radical"

Enclosed is a \$5 donation for your outstanding work and for the honor of receiving the Mili-At a forum sponsored by the tant each week. Words can't express how I look forward each week for the Militant. dent of the International Union J. J. O.

Columbus, Ohio

Have to Get It president of the National As-

Thanks!

I've been receiving your wonderful paper through some generous subscriber and I sure appreciate it. I get the National Guardian and didn't intend to subscribe to any other paper because I just couldn't find the time to read it. But after reading a little more of your paper each time I've come to the conclusion I have to get it.

Minnesota

Independent News But he offered an odd defini-Favored: But Not tion of the "real radicals" when he came to the problem of how Splinter Differences workers are to win the bene-

anyway let him rest now.

J. R. K. Greensburg, Pa

"That's the Law"

- By Lillian Kiezel

"That's the law!" This cruel phrase was heard by thousands of New York jobless last week. Employment office clerks could say little else to those who argued: "Why me?" or "Why am I being penalized?" when they were told that they were not eligible for 13 additional weeks unemployment benefits under the new

In hard-hit Buffalo, where 12% of the work force is unemployed, hundreds came to collect checks that weren't there.

John T. Chester, 45-year-old production control clerk at Buffalo's Bell Aircraft plant, got his twenty-sixth and last regular state check. A. H. Raskin of the N.Y. Times said that Chester "protested loudly when he learned that he could not get a nickel under the extended program."

William Bursee, a 31-year-old steamfitter and veteran of World War II signed for his eighth emergency check. He was "staggered when the clerk told him he would not get the five more checks he would have received under the Federal law."

Another example is Mrs. Morris Cohn, a food administrator, who would have received her regular check last week instead of this

week if she had not been ill. "This brought her to the terminal date just too late to be eligible for another thirteen weeks of insur-

Signed by Gov. Nelson Rockefeller, the bill became law April 6. It callously cuts off from extended unemployment benefits workers who happen to fall into certain categories.

Each week from now on, new thousands whose regular 26-week unemployment benefits become exhausted will be excluded. An indeterminate number who would be eligible for payments under the federal bill signed by Eisenhower April 1 (extends continued benefits through June) will get nothing because their "benefit year" is up.

Another indeterminate number are reaching the end of their extended benefits and have no hope either of finding a job or of getting a further extension of benefits. Even Korean war veterans who do not now qualify for continued benefits will be excluded

"That's the law." And under capitalism, naturally, people must fit the law, not the law the people - especially if they're unemployed.

Notes in the News

WORK-DAYS LOST IN 1958 - The AFL-CIO estimates that of the four major causes of lost work-days last year, strikes caused 23 million; work accidents, 55 million; illness and injury, 544 million; and unemployment, 1.118 million. Employers and their spokesmen like to harp on what strikes cost the country in lost production, but from these figures it is clear that in 1958 unemployment cost more than 48 times as much as strikes.

SEGREGATED BLOOD - Gov. Faubus of Arkansas signed a law April 4 requiring blood from Negro donors to be labeled as such. He said there was a chance white persons would get diseased Negro blood in transfusions. He said nothing about a law requiring antitoxins from horse's blood and vaccines from calf's blood and monkey's blood to be labeled as such, or hormones and other extracts from stockyard animals - probably because there is no risk of mismatching these in types like the Governor.

STUDENTS DEMONSTRATE LEARNING - Efforts of banks to recruit cheap student labor have not been cheered at Harvard. When notices were posted on a bulletin board listing part-time jobs at \$1 an hour, the students scribbled, "Absurd," "Nonsense."

WILL U.S. RISK PING PONG IN PE-KING? - When a reporter asked whether passports would be issued to Americans wishing to participate in the next world championship ping pong matches at Peking in 1961, Lincoln White, State Department press chief, replied: "The question does not now arise. We received no applications for passports." In view of the gravity of the matter, White added that his answer should not be interpreted as indicating any change in the policy of prohibiting travel by United States citizens to the People's Republic of China.

GARAGE PAYS OFF - Rep. Iris Faircloth Blitch, Democratic Congresswoman from Georgia, doesn't have a front porch like Randall S. Harmon, Democrat of Indiana, which she can rent to the government, but she does have a garage. She equipped it with wood panelling, red drapes and a fireplace. As landlord this entitles her, in line with congressional privileges, to collect \$100 a month from the U.S. Treasury for this convenient office space in her driveway.

NO NUCLEAR COVERAGE - European insurance companies are protecting themselves from the threat of nuclear war. In house insurance policies they now include the following paragraph: "Excluded from the guarantees against damage are those (disasters) due to effects direct or indirect of explosions, of heat

or radiations coming from a transmutation of the nucleus and/or radioactivity. . ." Countries became the symbol of workingwhere insurance companies have in this way class struggle against capitalist banned nuclear war include Austria, Belgium, exploitation. Denmark, Finland, France, West Germany, Norway, Luxembourg, Sweden, and Switzer-

NEED LOUDER SIRENS? - New York- that their class solidarity transers have become so accustomed to the 716 cends all national boundaries. ear-splitting air-raid sirens, which have been tested regularly in the city since the end of movement for the eight-hour World War II, that they no longer pay much day soon became converted into attention to them. At the last test, Robert E. a symbol of the working-class Condon, Director of Civil Defense, appealed struggle for socialism. May Day to the public to "listen to the signals and became the occasion for the admemorize their meanings." The public had vanced workers to demonstrate better hurry up and listen, for money to op- their irreconcilable hostility to erate the sirens seems to be running low. On imperialist war, colonial op-April 1 Mayor Wagner said that the defense budget has been reduced from a high of \$3,-598,200 in 1951-1952 to \$1,384,395 last year, and the current budget is still lower. He explained: 'The reductions over the years were possible through a continual re-evaluation of program requirements in the light of changes in planning assumptions: from TNT bombs to atomic bombs, from atomic bombs to hydrogen bombs, and ultimately from hydrogen bombs to thermonuclear missiles."

PROTECTED SLUMLORDS - Some 18,-500 landlords were brought into New York courts last year for failing to keep their preperty in repair. Only 14,300 paid fines. And total fines amounted to only \$220,000 or an average fine of around \$15.40. That's about what a landlord might get for illegal parking orgy. In recent years various while collecting rents.

"INCREDULOUS COMMENT" — After accusing Chief Magistrate John M. Murtagh of parlaying a report she had made on prostitution into a book "Cast the First Stone," Correction Commissioner Anna M. Kross decided to back down! Her accusations over a New York radio brought hot denials and a countercharge from Murtagh. He accused the Commissioner of being "naive." Mrs. Kross said that "if Murtagh wants to call me naive that's his affair." As for the "statement" that "he stole my stuff," it was simply an "incredulous comment - like 'he stole my stuff?' - because it was such a silly suggestion. After all, my report was a matter of public record. . ."

GROCER TAKES MORE, TOO — According in what has come to be ingroom Mrs. Ivy Baker Priest, Treasurer of the known as the "left." Their ard da Silva. Sun., April 19, after the 1957 meeting in which United States, the \$20 bill has been the "united" May Day rallies were 7:30 p.m. Ballroom of the Hotel the various radical and socialist greatest gainer in circulation in the past 15 exclusive affairs, despite occa- Manhattan Towers, Broadway tendencies would be representyears. Asked if this was due to inflation, she sional window dressing, tailored at 76th St. Auspices United In- ed. Further, that no one was replied, "I guess so. Or people just have more to fit the prevailing "party dependent-Socialist Committee. going to be taken in by the

THE MILITANT

MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1959 VOLUME XXIII

... Two Ghosts

(Continued from Page 1) move the conscience of most of mankind

But they were not strong enough to force U.S. capitalism to relinquish its victims. The issues were drawn and the American ruling class had decided as an arrogant demonstration of anti-communist might to execute these innocent men

Although many fine and true things were said at the recent hearing in Massachusetts, the above all-important aspect was sadly neglected. Indeed, the hearing itself was an ironic commentary on the subsequent development of many of the liberal spokesmen since, the giant movement to save the two "subversives" in the 1920's.

Momentarily returning to this struggle of their younger days were, for example, Michael A. Musmano and Morris Ernst. Pennsylvania Supreme Court Judge Musmano, who drew the I am a registered socialist wrath of Massachusetts legislaand take the Militant but for tors by his denunciation of its weekly independent news. I Judge Webster Thayer, has in do not care for other socialist the last decade built his own others the benefits of their matter - know the principles political career on red-baiting and am not interested at all in and witch-hunting which for Trotskyism, Stalinism, Lenin-cynical viciousness surpasses ism and all the splinter dif- that displayed 32 years ago by ferences. USSR and China are Judge Thayer. Another witness number of unemployed in 1935 small revolution to win union doing well now and even Stal- Morris Ernst, once a leading in was no devil as painted, and civil libertarian, is today a legal and publicity advisor of the brutal Dominican dictator and a paid whitewasher of Trujillo's kidnap-murder of Jesus de

The passage or defeat of the oill to pardon Sacco and Vanzetti cannot alter the facts of their case nor their memory. Nor could it memorialize their lives. As with other great figures of the workers' struggle, their only fitting monument will be a classless world — without exploitation and with true liberty for all.

WHY VAUDEVILLE DIED

America's head policeman, J. Variety Clubs International as 'Humanitarian of the Year." The selection seems to have been influenced by the section of the show business organization that killed vaudeville with phosphates a day is operated in factory space, the report committee's recent witch-hunt-paper, Narodnia Volya (People's by two men. In another shop, noted.



Soviet Premier Khrushchev (left) congratulated on speech in East Germany by Walter Ulbricht, president of German Democratic Republic. At Leipzig on March 7. Khrushchev told a Communist All-German Workers Conference that German reunification "would be unrealistic today." The time is not ripe, he said, for a united socialist

Automation Hits Clerks Candy Men, Too

A Soviet roller bearing plant cut down its processing and assembling operations from 45 days to three days Board of Governors; Robert witch hunt, Hiss served a priswith the introduction of automation. That's one of the facts reported April 3 in a

United Nations study on auto-, a single worker supervises the

work by several dozen clerks. In Sweden, introduction of

The UN group found that in 63%.

France an automated shop

mation made by a British-So- production of 600 tons of plastic material. At the Renault The report tells of a bank in auto plant, automated machin-Stuttgart, West Germany, where ing of cylinder blocks eliminseveral electronic computers do ated eight out of every nine a bookkeeping job that pre-viously required three months this operation. The survey found that 12

American industries, ranging automated boring and drilling from chocolate refining to rail operations jumped production traffic, have expanded produc-Edgar Hoover, was chosen by of sewing machine units from tion and reduced their labor 30 a day per worker to 150 a force with automation. The av-

Conversion to automation alturning out 25 tons of super- so means a substantial saving House Un-American Activities Detroit Bulgarian language

Socialists Find Public Response **Encouraging**

APRIL 5-Socialist Workers Party candidates in three municipal elections wound up their campaign this week. All reported wider audiences and greater interest to their socialist program than in recent previous elections.

In Minneapolis, the Socialist Workers nominee for Mayor was Workers nominee for Mayor was William Curran, a member of For New Curb the Sheet Metal Workers Union and a delegate to the Central On Passports his campaign came last week with a three-hour appearance on the popular local radio program, Night Beat. For two solid hours members of the radio audience phoned in questions to Curran on his stand on war, unemployment and socialism.

In Detroit and Highland Park, Mich., five Socialist Workers candidates for state educational offices were heard at university symposiums and meetings of union locals and civic groups. The SWP nominees were: Evelyn Sell for Regent of the University of Michigan; Rita Shaw and Harriet Talan one in the absence of authorizfor the Wayne State University ing legislation. A target of the Himmel for Superintendent of on term on a perjury charge Public Instruction and Larry involving claims of Soviet es-Dolinski for the Highland Park pionage Board of Education.

Peter Buch, Socialist Workers endorsed candidate for the Los Angeles Board of Education was heard at numerous election gatherings, including nine well attended local Democratic club meetings where his socialist program was heard with much interest and sympathy.

A graduate student at UCLA Buch centered a major part of erage drop in employment was his campaign around the issue of academic freedom and sought to help rally opposition to the

Pave Ground

NUMBER 15

APRIL 8 - The State Department and the House Un-American Activities Committee appear to be combining forces to secure legislative reversal of last June's Supreme Court decision barring the denial of passports for political beliefs.

At a press conference yesterday that had the earmarks of careful staging, State Department press officer Lincoln White announced that a passport was being issued to Alger Hiss because the department had "no authority" to refuse

Meanwhile, the House committee is preparing a hearing April 21-23 to pave the ground for restrictive passport legislation. Among those subpoenaed are West Coast longshore union leader Harry Bridges, who recently travelled abroad, and William Patterson, business manager of the Worker.

Yesterday, Clark Foreman, director of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, said a summons to the hearing prevented a trip abroad by Mocho Michoff, business manager of a

CP Leaders Didn't Want a United May Day

By Tom Kerry

Second Socialist International established May Day as an international workers holiday, it

For many years thereafter, millions of workers in all capitalist countries would down tools on May Day to demonstrate

What had started out as a pression and wage slavery. This tradition has become firmly imhedded in the consciousness of the advanced workers despite all attempts to distort or emasculate it.

Repeated and persistent atempts have been made to pervert the international working class character of May Day. In this, the birthplace of May Day, the boss class sought very early to undermine the international class solidarity of the American workers by establishing Labor Day as an official holiday. Hitler perverted May Day by transforming it into a nationalist war veterans organizations and businessmen's groups have profaned May Day by staging 'loyalty day" parades and patriotic rallies. To no avail—the tradition persists.

The American trade - union eaders have done their share in weaning the workers away from the militant May Day tradition. A tradition which has only by the radical left wing tion 50 cents. and socialist movement, dispersed and fragmented as it is.

For a number of years, prior to and immediately following

from below."

Khrushchev revelations in Feb- in the CP. ruary 1956, followed by the ficial spokesman for the CP at following year—1959. a united rally held in New York City on May Day 1957. The unreconstructed fundamentalists, however, held their own rival May Day meeting with Benjamin Davis the same evening in the Bronx.

McAVOY'S ROLE

At the united May Day rally in 1957, Clifford T. McAvoy

Calendar Of Events

MILWAUKEE

Building. Auspices Socialist regular edition. Workers Party.

NEW YORK

'Africa in Revolt - The Road Ahead," Fri., April 17, 8:30 p.m. at the Militant Labor Forum. peen kept alive in recent years 116 University Place. Contribu-

RUBINSTEIN RECEPTION Reception for Dr. Annette T. Rubinstein at conclusion of her the last war, the Communist national tour. Speakers include Party occupied a dominant po- John T. McManus, Eve Mer-

Working-class political oppon-, served as chairman. It was that May Day, in this day and by a desire to see a " The celebration of May Day ents were systematically ex- largely on his initiative that age and in this country is com- Union Square," the United Inas a workers holiday originated in the struggle for the eighthour day in this country. The celebration of May Day as a workers holiday originated in the struggle for the eighthour day in this country. The celebration of May Day are systematically explained in this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In the meeting was organized in this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In the meeting was organized. In this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In this country is compared to the meeting was organized. In this country is compared to the meeting was organized. movement for the shorter work and controlled by the CP, in sion, the "first joint May Day petrate a hoax. day spread rapidly throughout what was essentially a variation meeting in almost 30 years," the world. When, in 1894, the of the Stalinist "united front and expressed the hope that it at the conference spoke in the have urged that the would become a precedent for same vein. They pointed out broaden its representation by With the advent of the cold similar and larger gatherings war and witch-hunt a process in the years to come. A hope began which culminated in a that was to be deferred by the mass exodus from the CP. The outcome of the power struggle

In 1958 the fundamentalists Hungarian revolution in Octo- celebrated their "victory" over ber, temporarily shattered the the opposition at a "united" party's monolithic character. A May Day meeting held under section of the CP leadership the auspicies of the Worker. pressed for a change in policy The May 11 issue of the Workand attitude toward opponent er deplored the fact that the groups and tendencies in the 1958 May Day meetings "were radical and socialist movement. not of a united front nature." Evidence of change was mani- The implication was that they fest by the appearance of an of- would try and do better the

In its issue of March 1, 1959, the Worker carried a short news item announcing that a group of "rank-and-file trade unionists," had "set up the Trade Union Committee, 1959 May Day Celebration," and were calling a conference to which "all interested groups and Meany on down could subindividuals" were invited.

As an interested individual this writer attended the confer- group of rank-and-file-union which it carried through the ence. So that there would be no mistake as to what the con- being offered such pap-and for complete variance with the ference really represented each a May Day demonstration no policy of exclusion practiced by person upon entering the meet- less. ing hall was handed a leaflet advertising the courses being presented by the CP-sponsored "Faculty of Social Science." This was followed by the dis-James E. Boulton will speak tribution to each person in the on the "Proxmire Rebellion," hall of a special edition of the Sun., April 19, 8:00 p.m. at Worker, following which every-150 East Juneau Ave., Stacy one was given a copy of the

After a few introductory remarks by the chairman-elect. Louis Weinstock, the floor was Frances James will speak on thrown open for discussion. Several speakers urged a Union Square May Day celebration, expressing dissatisfaction with the 1958 CP rally which they characterized as dismal and wholly lacking in the May Day spirit.

URGES UNITED RALLY

This writer urged a genuine united May Day rally patterned "rank - and - file" masquerade; 6 P.M. daily except Sundays.

were determined to carry opposed the unconditional enthrough their transparent de- dorsement. ception. To prove how truly broad and all-inclusive the dorsement wrong on at least two rally would be, everyone was counts: invited to "endorse" and "support" their program, their dem- coalition formed for the puronstration and their speakers.

A leaflet subsequently circulated by the group is deliber- and against the candidates of ately designed to further the the Democratic and Republican masquerade. To the uninitiated parties. As such it came under it would appear as though the scurrilous attack from the "Trade Union Committee" rep- Communist Party for opposing resented bona fide union groups. the line of coalition with the The program is a rehash of the Democrats - a line that is imofficial AFL-CIO stand togeth- plicit in the May Day program er with meaningless generalities. Everyone from George Committee." scribe to the "program" without exclusion, upon which the batting an eyelash. Any genuine

Nevertheless, some people called "rank-and-file trade un-

'Trade Union Committee" May Other trade-union militants Day celebration. True, they how absurd they would feel including spokesmen of other trying to pass off the "Trade socialist tendencies but they Union Committee" as merely a did not make their endorsegroup of simple "rank-and-file" ment conditional on the actrade unionists out to organize ceptance of such a request. a May Day demonstration in Spokesmen of the Socialist Union Square. But the diehards Workers Party on the UISC

The SWP considers the en-

(1) The USIC is an electoral pose of participating in election campaigns independent of of the so-called "Trade Union

(2) The policy of non-USIC was founded and upon militants would be outraged at electoral action of 1958, is at the Communist Party in the sohave been taken in. Motivated ion May Day affair.

Local Directory

BOSTON Boston Labor Forum, 295 Huntington Ave., Room 200. cussion, 8 P.M.

CHICAGO Socialist Workers Party, 777 W. Adams, DE 2-9736. CLEVELAND Socialist Workers Party 10609 Su-

perior Ave., Room 301, SW 1-1818. Open Friday nights 7 to 9.
DETROIT Eugene V. Debs Hall, 3737 Wood-

vard. TEmple 1-6135. LOS ANGELES Forum Hall and Modern Book Shop, 1702 E. 4th St. AN 9-4953 or AN 3-1533. Book Shop open Mon. 7-9 P.M.; Wed. 8-10 P.M.; Sat. 12-5 P.M.

MILWAUKEE 150 East Juneau Ave. MINNEAPOLIS Workers Party, 322 Hen-

Newark Labor Forum, Box 361, Newark, N. J. NEW YORK CITY

ity Place, AL 5-7852. OAKLAND - BERKELEY

Militant Labor Forum, 116 Univer-

P.O. Box 341, Berkeley 1, Calif. PHILADELPHIA & Militant Labor Forum and Socialist

Workers Party, 1303 W. Girard Ave.

Lectures and discussions every Satur-

day, 8 P.M., followed by open house, Call PO 3-5820. SAN FRANCISCO The Militant; 1145 Polk St., Rm. 4.

Sat. 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. Phone PR 6-7296; if no answer, VA 4-2321. SEATTLE

1412-18th Avenue, EA 2-5554. Lirary, bookstore.

ST. LOUIS