

Indep.-Socialist Ticket Rejects CP Ultimatum

By Harry Ring

NEW YORK, Aug. 18 — All five candidates of the United Independent-Socialist ticket in New York have flatly rejected a Communist Party proposal that all of them except Corliss Lamont, nominee for U.S. Senator, withdraw from the race. The candidates' stand was made known by John T. McManus, candidate for Governor in an Aug. 16 speech at a weekend encampment organized by the Independent-Socialist Campaign Committee at Wingdale-on-the-Lake.

Sharply assailing the Communist Party's opposition to the united campaign against the two capitalist parties, McManus delivered the following statement to the meeting:

"In the Worker of Aug. 10, William Albertson, New York State Secretary of the Communist Party, stated that if the Independent-Socialist candidates should refuse to withdraw their full ticket, the Communist Party will give only 'conditional support' to the candidacy of Dr. Corliss Lamont for United States Senator.

"Speaking for myself and the other state-wide candidates, Dr. Rubinstein, Scott Gray and Captain Mulzac, we reject this proposal with no ifs, ands or buts — and I can report to you

that Dr. Lamont telephoned me immediately on learning of the Communist Party proposal, expressing the hope none of us would give the proposal serious consideration.

"The same issue of the Worker which carried Mr. Albertson's article rejected two advertisements which our committee submitted, one inviting people to the Wingdale weekend and another — most important at the time — urging readers of the Worker to join us in a petition mobilization all over New York City last Wednesday evening.

"I draw your attention to the ambivalent position of the Communist Party which professes to support Dr. Lamont's candidacy while preventing CP members from helping in getting petition signatures for his candidacy."

Explaining to the meeting that the needs of the petition drive demanded an unequivocal answer to the CP leaders, McManus said, "Anyone who thought we would take this gambit from the Communist

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John T. McManus (left) and Scott K. Gray, Jr., candidates respectively for Governor and attorney General of New York state on the Independent-Socialist ticket.

NY Big Party Bosses Pick Rockefeller and Harriman

NEW YORK — Ex-GOP National Chairman Leonard P. Hall's withdrawal from the race makes it a certainty that Nelson A. Rockefeller will be the candidate of the Republican Party for governor. His Democratic opponent will be the incumbent, Governor Averill Harriman.

Thus New York's voters will once more be presented with the old tweedledee-tweedledum choice by the two major parties. In this case the similarity of the two candidates is even closer than usual. Both Rockefeller and Harriman are fabulously rich financiers and industrialists. Both are identified with the "liberal" wings of their parties.

The liberalism of Governor Harriman is well measured by his signing last April of the extension for another year of the "Security Risk" law which subjects New York state employees to screening for their political views. Harriman approved this thought-control measure over the protests of leading civil-liberties groups.

Neither candidate has opposed the H-Bomb armament drive or U.S. military intervention in the Middle East. Harriman has expressed his position on atomic arms by supporting Thomas K. Finletter, former Secretary of the Air Force for the Democratic nomination for Senator from New York. Finletter is one of the foremost proponents of atomic arms buildup. He was the principal sponsor of Dr. Edward Teller, the notorious "Father of the H-Bomb."

As Governor of New York Harriman recently appointed Myles J. Lane chairman of a four-member crime investigating committee. One of Lane's first acts in his new post was to jail two witnesses before his committee who invoked the Fifth Amendment. Lane was formerly an associate of Roy Cohn on the prosecuting or railroading of the Rosenbergs to the electric chair and Morton Sobell to Alcatraz.

Rockefeller, in association with General Lucius Clay, Henry Luce of the Time-Life Fortune empire, John W. Gardner of Carnegie Corp., Dr. Edward Teller and others, last January issued the Rockefeller report which, together with the secret Gaither report, called for even more intensive atomic

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Dulles Seeks UN Cover For Oil Rule in Mideast

U.S.-British Occupation Too Raw for Assembly; Plan UN 'Police' Instead

By Myra Tanner Weiss

AUG. 20 — Secretary of State Dulles and the U.S. delegation to the United Nations have not dared to present Eisenhower's much-touted six-point Mideast program

for a vote in the UN General Assembly. The reason is that the U.S. would be unable to muster the required two-thirds vote which it once could gather with relative ease.

Not even Eisenhower's offer of an economic bribe was accepted by those whom it was supposed to tempt. Eisenhower's proposal for a regional development institution was officially ignored in Cairo. The Egyptian press treated it with contempt. For example, Al Shaab declared, "The Middle East peoples categorically refuse to discuss any plan for economic development," or anything else, until the United Nations "does its duty by ordering immediate evacuation of foreign forces from the area."

VAGUE COMPROMISE
The best that Dulles and the U.S. delegation now hope to get out of the UN Assembly is passage of the Norwegian resolution asking UN Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold to trot back to the Mideast for more negotiations. This resolution is "vague to the point of virtual meaninglessness," as William R. Frye put it in the Christian Science Monitor, Aug. 19.

But it is also vague enough for the U.S. and Britain to do pretty much as they please, with Hammarskjold's assent, about withdrawing their occupation troops. Three nations of the Asian-African bloc, India, Ceylon and Indonesia, dissatisfied with the Norwegian "compromise," proposed a resolution calling for the "complete withdrawal" of U.S. and British troops "at an early date." The U.S. delegation rushed around frantically to pressure this compromise out of the way.

According to one source quoted in today's N.Y. Times, Dulles contended that India's resolution "would call for the withdrawal of U.S. forces from 35 countries, not merely Lebanon." However, the text of India's resolution is not that sweeping. Moreover, as is customary with UN resolutions it is full of loopholes. For example, "at an early date" is very indefinite.

The U.S. delegation suffered a big setback with a split in the once-docile Latin-American bloc. Some of these delegates fear to concede U.S. imperialism the "right" to send troops into a country on the request of an official whose term is ending or a government

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Steel Union On Strike At Timken

Nine thousand workers in three plants of the Timken Roller Bearing Company in Ohio have been on strike since July 23. The plants are located at Canton, Columbus and Zanesville, Ohio. They are under contract to the AFL-CIO United Steel Workers.

The workers of the Timken Corporation were forced to strike when the company refused to negotiate changes in pension benefits that would bring Timken standards up to the level of the rest of the steel industry.

This issue is of particular importance to Timken employees because the company has made many technological improvements, with the result that hundreds of employees have been permanently laid off. Workers with as many as 30 years seniority have been laid off with little hope of ever being rehired. The company plans to spend another \$51 million on automation and other improvements and hundreds of more layoffs are in prospect. It is to protect the pension benefits of these workers that the union is striking.

PROVOKED STRIKE

The company arrogantly refused the union's offer to extend the contract while negotiations on the pension provisions continued. Instead management prepared for a strike by removing all processed material from its unionized plants. Some plants of this notorious open shop corporation are still unorganized.

Management of the Timken Company is taking the lead in pushing a Right to Work law in Ohio. Of the first 415 petitions circulated in Stark County, where Canton is located, 400 were being pushed by the Timken forces.

In a resolution backing the Timken strikers the Executive Board of the Steelworkers International declared, "It is our belief that the Timken Roller Bearing Company wishes not only to break the local unions in its plants, but also to use this strike as a springboard to mount a nationwide offensive against our union and all organized labor . . ."



House Witch-Hunters Open Anti-Negro Attack

After meeting unprecedented defiance and opposition to its racist, witch-hunting expedition in Atlanta, the House Un-American Activities Committee has moved on to Los Angeles. There, beginning Sept. 2, it hopes to avenge its Southern fiasco. The largest number of Negroes ever subpoenaed at one time have been ordered before a committee inquisition at the Federal Building.

Among those already subpoenaed are nine Negroes, each of whom has fought segregation. The California Eagle in its Aug. 14 editorial titled "Mighty Poor Sleuths" states: "Whenever it has convened in the South, the Committee has done a hatchet job on every white advocate of civil rights it could lay its hands on. We don't think that these Dixie Congressmen lay aside their racist beliefs just because they wander north of the Mason and Dixon line."

The Los Angeles Tribune in its Aug. 15 editorial: "Un-American Committee Get Lost, Permanently," states: "It is the sheerest buffoonery that a legislative body should go about the country investigating a remote, threadbare, and not defined threat to the security of this country when the real and massive danger of anarchy from racists looms over the entire land . . . We join the committee of southerners who 'shook their heads as one and told the committee to 'go home,' adding a profounder injunction

to the ill-conceived body, to 'Get lost,' permanently." In full page newspaper advertisements, the Citizens Committee to Preserve American Freedoms, has alerted the public and called a mass protest rally. The ads declare: "Apparently the Un-American Committee doesn't think segregation and lynchings are Un-American. To date they haven't lifted a finger in defense of the Constitutional rights of Negroes in the South or anywhere else. But they have tried to frighten and call names of every person — Negro and white — who dares speak out for school integration."

Though the Un-American inquisitors deal some vicious blows in Atlanta — it smeared and fingered, for the White Citizens Councils and KKK, Southern whites who are for integration and cited Carl Braden and Frank Wilkinson for contempt — it nevertheless reached California badly limping. Two hundred Southern Negro leaders, in an unprecedented action, wrote an open letter denouncing the hearings. Among the signers were E. D. Nixon, a leader of the Montgomery bus boycott, Rev. C. K. Steele, leader of the Tallahassee bus boycott, and Rev. Shuttlesworth, leader of integration efforts in Birmingham.

"We are acutely aware," the letter stated, "of a shocking amount of un-American activities in our Southern states. To cite only a few examples, there are the bombings of the homes, schools and houses of worship of not only colored persons, but also of our Jewish citizens . . . There is nothing in the record of the House Committee that it will investigate these things. On the contrary, all of its activities suggest that it is much more interested in harassing and labelling as 'subversive' any citizen who is inclined to be liberal or an independent thinker."

A Scoundrel's Last Refuge

Negroes in Birmingham have forced county authorities to admit that legally there is no Jim Crow barrier to civil service jobs. Led by Rev. Fred L. Shuttlesworth, groups of Negroes are applying for municipal jobs. Four have taken the tests to join the city's lily-white police force.

Birmingham's racist Police Commissioner, Eugene C. Connor, invoking the crisis in the Mideast, told the press: "It is disturbing to see the Rev. Mr. Shuttlesworth starting his harassment again. With war with Russia threatening us and American soldiers exposed in foreign lands, this is a poor time for agitation at home by anyone who claims to be loyal to America."

Japanese Protests Against H-Bomb Mount

By Gordon Bailey

Opposition to atomic testing is continuing to mount in Japan as fallout from nuclear tests endangers seamen and contaminates its exports, such as the tea recently impounded in New York because it contained strontium 90.

So strong is the pressure against further nuclear bomb testing that even pro-American Premier Kishi has been forced to act. On August 6 the Japanese government announced that it was withdrawing in protest from the oceanic surveys for the International Geophysical year until the United States stopped nuclear tests in the Pacific. This decision was made after two Japanese ships, the Satsuma and Takuyo were contaminated by radioactive fallout from the U.S. atomic tests on July 14. The ships

were engaged in oceanographic surveys well outside the announced danger zones. While the 111 men of the crews seem to have escaped immediate injury, the results of months of study of ocean currents have been ruined because of the extreme decontamination measures the ships had to take.

A-BOMB A CRIME
The thirteenth anniversary of the U.S. bombing of Hiroshima was marked in that city by Mayor Tadao Watanabe calling the act "a crime committed against mankind." He said, "we shall view the use of any nuclear weapons, by whatever nation, for whatever purpose, as a crime against humanity."

The Japanese people oppose nuclear testing by all nations. However, since the Soviet Union has announced it has suspended tests, Japanese protests are directed at the British

and American governments who are still contaminating the atmosphere with radioactivity.

Addressing 6,000 Japanese and foreign delegates to the Fourth International Conference against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs and for Disarmament, Mosaburo Suzuki, Chairman of the Japanese Socialist Party, accused the United States of trying to dominate the world with nuclear weapons.

Meanwhile the Japanese workers are taking direct action to prevent their own capitalist government from joining the nuclear arms race. When ten Swiss-made rocket missiles and a launcher arrived in Yokohama, dockworkers refused to unload them on orders of the Yokohama Longshoremen's Union. Although these are not nuclear weapons and the government claims they are wanted only for research purposes, the unionists suspect a step toward atomic armament. Both the Socialist and Communist Parties are giving full support to the Longshoremen's boycott.

United Socialist Ticket in Wash.

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Meanwhile agreement has been reached between East-West scientists on means of detecting nuclear explosions. With this technical agreement achieved, the U.S. will be under greater international pressure than ever to negotiate a ban on all further tests.

Underlining the Japanese people's concern over the nuclear arms race is the finding of Dr. Susumu Watanabe of Hiroshima University that in Hiroshima, 13 years after the atom-bombing, there are twice as many victims of leukemia, or blood cancer, as in the rest of Japan. To the estimated 220,000 dead in that first atomic raid must be added those now dying of lingering radiation. These facts give particular urgency to the Japanese people's plea for an immediate end to atomic testing.

