Text of Khrushchev Speech on Stalin Crimes

Despot's Aide Claims "Fear" **Kept Him Silent**

speech by Nikita S. Khrushchev, specific stage the source of a First Secretary of the Commu- whole series of exceedingly serinist Party, Soviet Union, deliv- ous and grave perversions of ered at a secret session of the panty principles, of party depress and by the Stalinist Daily all as yet realize fully the prac-Worker. Previous reports indicate tical consequences resulting that the published version has from the cult of the individual, the Stalinists announce their intention of publishing it.

Comrades! In the report of the Central Committee of the party at the twentieth congress, in a gress of the Communist party of at the twentieth congress, in a gress of the Communist party of number of speeches by delegates the Soviet Union. to the congress, as also formerly during the plenary CC/CPSU Allow me first of all to remind you how severely the classics of Manier Variance Allow me first of all to remind you how severely the classics of Manier Variance Allow me first of all to remind you how severely the classics of Manier Variance Allow me first of all to remind you how severely the classics of the congress [Central Committee of the Comion] sessions, quite a lot has been said about the cult of the individual. In a letter to the German political worker. Wilhelm Di individual and about its harmful worker, Wilhelm Bloss, Marx

After Stalin's death the Central Committee of the party began to implement a policy of explaining (concisely and consistently that it is impermissible and foreign to the spirit of Marxism-Leninism to elevate one person, to transform him into a superman possessing supernatural characteristics akin to those of a god. Such a man supposedly knows everything, sees everything, thinks for everyone, can do anything, is infallible in his behavior.

Such a belief about a man, and specifically about Stalin, was cultivated among us for many

The objective of the present report is not a thorough evaluation of Stalin's life and activity. Concerning Stalin's merits an entirely sufficient number of books, pamphlets and studies had already been written in his lifetime. The role of Stalin in the preparation and execution of the Socialist revolution, in the civil war, and in the fight for the construction of socialism in our country is universally known. Everyone knows this well.

At the present we are concerned with a question which always stressed the role of the under lock and key. has immense importance for the people as the creator of history, [we are concerned] with how role of the party as a living and the cult of the person of Stalin creative organism, and also the has been gradually growing, the

Following is the text of the cult which became at a certain

son, the Central Committee of the party considers it absolutely necessary to make the mate-Comrades! In the report of the rial pertaining to this matter

sics of Marxism-Leninism destated:

national the numerous addresses from various countries which recognized my merits and which annoyed me. I did not even reply to them, except sometimes to rebuke their au-

Engels and I first joined the secret society of Communists thing making for superstitious worship of authority would be deleted from its statute. Lasdid quite the opposite."

Sometime later Engels wrote: Both Marx and I have always been against any public manifestation with regard to individuals, with the exception of cases when it had an important purpose; and we most strongly opposed such manifestations which during our lifetime concerned us person-

The great modesty of the genius of the revolution, Vladimir minutes of the Bolshevik con-Hyich Lenin, is known. Lenin had ference of March-April 1917 part party now and for the future — the directing and organizational

(Continued on page 3)

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THE MILITANT WORKING

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party's 20th Congress in Moscow, Feb. 24 and 25, 1956, as it appeared in the June 5 issue of the N. Y. Times. The text is accepted as authentic by the world press and by the Stalinist Daily process and by the Stalinist Daily tical consequences resulting tical consequences resu that the published version has been in the hands of Communist Party leaders throughout world for a number of weeks but not until it was released by the American State Department did the Stalinists announce their in the Stalinists announce their in the Control Committee of the individual, the great harm caused by the violation of the principle of collective direction of the party and because of the accumulation of immense and limitless power in the hands of one per the Control Committee of the individual, the great harm caused by the violation of the principle of collective direction of the party and because of the accumulation of immense and limitless power in the hands of one per the Control Committee of the individual, the great harm caused by the violation of the principle of collective direction of the party and because of the accumulation of immense and limitless power in the hands of one per the Control Committee of the individual, the great harm caused by the violation of the party and because of the accumulation of the party and because of the accumulation of immense and limitless power in the hands of one per the Control Committee of the individual, the great harm caused by the violation of the party and because of the accumulation of the party and the party

NEW YORK, N. Y., MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1956

On May 30, the Soviet maga-Because of my antipathy to zine, Questions of History, revealany cult of the individual, I ed that Stalin had stood in fundanever made public during the mental opposition to Lenin in existence of the [First] Inter- March-April 1917. The magazine revealed the long-suppressed account of how Stalin in the period immediately following the Czar's overthrow supported the Provisional Government headed by Miliukov and other capitalist politicians. Lenin's course at that time — as set forth first in letters to Pravda from Switzeron the condition that every- land, then presented at the Bolshevik conference in early April - was to give no support whatever to the capitalist government salle [Ferdinand Lassalle, Ger- but to win the masses for the man Socialist] subsequently creation of a workers' govern-

From the time of Stalin's rise to power, histories of the March 1917 period have been written and rewritten with the object of concealing Stalin's actual role and in order to make it appear that Stalin, on his own, was pursuing the same course as Lenin. On the way, historians were shot; memoirs suppressed, with their authors either jailed, shot or forced to rewrite their works; and the

The entire political biography of Stalin as published at his command is one giant flabrication. The most recent issue of Questions of History contains another article which debunks cherished claims made by Stalin to leadership in heroic struggles conducted by the Bolsheviks in the Caucasus in 1905. Conscientious biographers of Stalin - including Leon Trotsky - have already explained that Stalin simply appropriated credit for deeds performed by

TRUE PICTURE EMERGES

The revelation about Stalin's ole in 1917, however, smashes even the posthumous portrait of Stalin as the peerless revolutionary - who persevered as a Leninist until he succumbed to the 'cult of the individual." This portrait is retained in the Khrushchev speech made at the closed session of the 20th Congress.

With the Questions of History article, the world Stalinist movement is being given for the first time by their leaders something approaching the true political complexion of Stalin.

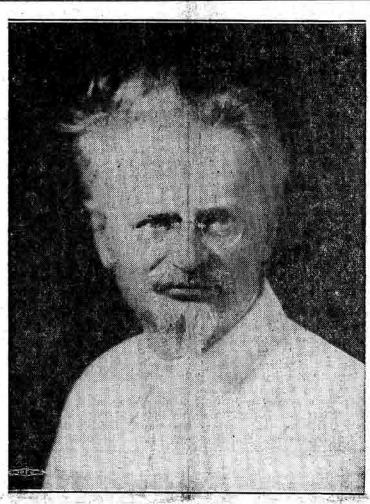
Upon Stalin and Kamenev's return from Siberian exile in late March 1917, they decisively rejected any notion that the Workers' and Soldiers' Councils (the Soviets) created by the revolutionary masses after the overthrow of the Czar, should take political power. A Soviet government was the program advanced by the worker sections of the Bolshevik Party in the factory district of Vyborg. It was also Lenin's program.

Stalin and Kamenev deemed too revolutionary even the policies of Molotov, Shlyapnikov and Zalutsky, who led the party up to the time of their return. And this trio was a long way from advocating power for the Soviets. Displacing Molotov from the editorship of the party paper, Pravda, Stalin and Kamenev gave open support to the capitalist government.

STALIN'S EVALUATION

At the party conference April 4-6, Stalin formulated the tasks of the working class in the revolution entirely along the line of Menshevism. "The power has been divided between two organs of which neither one possesses full

(continued on page 2)



LEON TROTSKY



STALIN

"Stalin will depart from the scene laden with all the crimes which he has committed - not only as the gravedigger of the Revolution but as the most sinister figure in the history of mankind." - Leon Trotsky, Oct. 16, 1937.

Thus the greatest frame-up trials in all history stand repudiated as lies from beginning to end. Khrushchev's speech vindicates completely Trotsky's denunciations of the Moscow speech are quotations from Trials. Also verified is the "Not | Guilty" verdict returned by the letter of Lenin's wife to Kameney, flamous Commission of Inquiry, by philosopher John Dewey, which sat in Mexico City as a count to hear evidence produced by Trotsky disproving the monstrous accusations in

'Confessions' Extorted By Horrible Physical **And Mental Tortures**

By George Lavan

The now-revealed text of Nikita S. Khrushchev's secret speech to the 20th Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union exposes Stalin's regime as the most brutal in all history and, 3

at the same time, serves to under- | repudiating their confessions and mine the rule of Khrushchev and writing to Stalin describing how the other leaders of the Kremlin bureaucracy who succeeded Stalin. tracted from them. All to no Well over half of the six-hour

speech deals with the terror and frame-up system Stalin used to destroy first the Trotskyists and then all other opposition in what had once been the democraticallyrun party of Lenin. To those, who for the past 20

years have defended the Moscow Trials with the argument, "They confessed their guilt, didn't they?" and to the puzzled, who wondered alloud, "Why did they confess?" Khrushchev at last and officially gave the true answer. "Confessions of guilt," he admitted, "were gained with the help of cruel and inhuman tortures."

specific cases of purge victims

these confessions had been exavail. They were shot.

In 1939 when the purge began to slacken somewhat, Stalin sent telegrams to all sections of the Communist Party down to low echelon unit leaders justifying and urging the use of physical touture on those under arrest.

Also cited is Stalin's threat to the head of the secret police during the preparation of the "Doctors' plot" frame-up: "If you do not obtain confessions from the doctors we will shorten you by a head." Then, "Stalin personally called the investigative judge, gave him instructions, advised him on which investigative methods should be used; these methods were simple - beat, beat, and, once again, beat!"

LENIN'S TESTAMENT

Among the important revelations contained in Khrushchev's Lenin's suppressed testament, and a letter of Lenin to Stalin all showing Lenin's deathbed struggle against the ruthless bureaucrat who was to usurp the leadership of the Communist Party and turn it from a revolutionary instrument of the working Khrushchev cited numerous class into its opposite - a

(Continued on page 2)

Myra Weiss on Tour **Explains Soviet Events**

SAN FRANCISCO, May 29 - Myra Tanner Weiss, Socialist Workers Party candidate for Vice-President, spoke to an overflow crowd of workers at party headquarters on "A New Stage in the 3-

cance for American Labor." Comrade Weiss took as her theme talk the recent revellations made at the 20th congress of the Russian Communist Party. "When Bulganin and Khrushchev started to reveal the crimes of Stalin they in reality only revealed what the

Russian workers already knew,"

she said. "What they still have to reveal," she added, "are the worst crimes, the crimes they shared in partnership with Stalin and those which they will have to commit on the morrow if they are to retain their power - that crime is the beheading of revolutions that would rid the world

of capitalism." In addition to her speech at SWP headquarters she talked to many militant workers and youth A large number of stidents listened to her at Sather Gate on

the University of California campus. They were very inof current events in the Sloviet Union. Many showed their appreciation by thanking Comrade Weiss after the meeting for "taking time out of a busy campaign schedule to come and talk

On a radio interveiw at Station KPFA Comrade Weiss dealt with the economic differences between the Soviet Union and the United States and the future of U.S.

Comrade Weiss was given time



MYRA TANNER WEISS

about the Montgomery, Alabama, situation and the SWP solution for the problems confronting the Negro people. At a press conference Comrade

Weiss scored the bi-partisan foreign policy of the two major parties and called for the formation of a labor party.

Workers Party vice-presidential candidate Myra Weiss, will speak at the Detroit Friday Night Socialist Forum. The meeting will be held at 3737 Woodward Ave., 2nd floor, at 8 p.m. Her subject will be: The New Events in the Soviet Union and Their Signif-

On Friday, June 15, Socialist to tell a Negro church gathering icance for the American Workers.

PUBLIC MEETINGS

"The Khrushchev Revelations"

LOS ANGELES

James P. Cannon

FOUNDER, AMERICAN TROTSKYIST MOVEMENT

Friday, June 15 — 8:15 P. M.

Channing Hall

2936 West 8th Street

"The Khrushchev Revelations"

NEW YORK

Murry Weiss

EDITOR, THE MILITANT

Friday, June 15 — 8:30 P. M.

Adelphi Hall

74 Fifth Ave. (near 14th St.)

Questions and Discussion

Auspices: Socialist Workers Party

Trotskyism Vindicated!

In his speech to the closed session of the 20th Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (see full available text in this issue) Nikita S. Khrushchev admits nothing less than the following:

(1) The Stalin regime was guilty of the mass murder of the whole generation of revolutionists who participated in the October 1917 revolution as comrades and co-workers of Lenin.

(2) It systematically perpetrated frame-ups, tortures, the extraction of false confessions and summary executions against countless thousands of innocent victims.

(3) It destroyed every vestige of workers' democracy; it destroyed all legal safeguards and replaced revolutionary law with the uncontrolled rule of the Secret Political Police under the direct supervision of Stalin.

(4) The Moscow Trials of the Thirties, beginning with the trials following the assassination of Kirov in 1934, were staged by Stalin's police machine and were

judicial frauds from beginning to end. (5) The charge that the Trotskyists were spies, wreckers and terrorists were sheer fabrications.

(6) In the test of World War II the regime of Stalin brought the Soviet Union to the brink of disaster and resulted in the needless slaughter of hundreds of thousands if not millions.

(7) Whole nations of minority peoples within the Soviet Union, who had won their national freedom through the October revolution, were either uprooted and transported to remote regions or

utterly destroyed. (8) It criminally ignored the severe crisis in agriculture and intervened only to lay new and unjust taxes on the working people who were already suffering great hardships.

(9) It nurtured a Stalin cult, devoting enormous efforts to build the myth of his genius and infallibility. It established a system of compulsory flattery, adulation and fantastic glorification.

(10) It systematically falsified history to suit the needs of the omnipotent dictator power," he said. "... The Soviet in his struggle against his political opis the revolutionary leader of the ponents and to further his own deifica-

(11) It brought the relations of the Soviet Union with other workers' states to disaster by treating these states as inferiors and trying to impose Stalin's bruta. rule upon them.

To millions of revolutionary workers throughout the world, who have been

cruelly deceived and misled by the Stalinist bureaucrats, one conclusion will insistently make its way: All these abomin able crimes against the revolution, admitted by Khrushchev, each and every one of them, were exposed, analyzed and fought by Leon Trotsky and the work Trotskyist movement from the momenthey made their appearance.

The disoriented, shocked and bewildered revolutionary workers in the Communist parties, will no longer accept the word of the bureaucrats as to what Trotskyism means; they will discover the great Russian Revolution; It's Signifitreasure of Marxist theory and politics that is to be found in the historic record of the struggle of Trotskyism against Stalinist reaction.

Khrushchev says that Stalin was politically right as against Trotsky. He also says that Stalin was dedicated to the interests of the working class and the revolution. But the Communist workers will hardly take Khrushchev's word for that. They will insist on probing the question of Stalinism to the very bottom.

The Communist workers in the factories will ask the question that Khrushchev studiously avoided in his entire six-hou. speech: what was the class essence, the social roots of the Stalin cult? What social force did it serve? They will ask the same question about Trotskyism: What class interests does Trotskyism represent, and how has it served these interests?

Despite all his prattle about Leninism, Khrushchev treats the question of the cult | terested in the Trotskyist analysis of the individual (the Stalinist murde machine) without applying the ABCs of Leninism, namely, that politics is the concentrated expression of the interests of economic classes and groups.

The secret of Khrushchev's inability to to us." provide a plausible explanation, as well as the reason for his reiterated declaration that in the fight against Trotskyism Stalin was politically right, lies in the fact that Khrushchev defends the same social

(Continued on page 7)

MOSCOW FRAME-UP TRIALS VII

The Whys and Wherefores of the Trials

[We publish herewith the concluding installment of Leon Trot-sky's speech at the hearing of the Preliminary Commission of Inquiry into the Charges Made Against Leon Trotsky in the Moscow Trials. The hearings took place April 10 to 17, 1937, at Coyoacan, Mexico. The final installment consists of Section XXI, entitled: "Why and Wherefore These Trials?"

The full text is available in a Pioneer Publishers pamphlet Stalin's Frame-Up System and the Moscow Trials. The Commission of Inquiry was an impartial body headed by Prof. John cracy, its courtier-theoreticians Dewey, the eminent philosopher and teacher of American liberalism. It included Carlo Tresca, outstanding leader of the anarchist essence of Marxism - "Trotmovement in the U.S. Otto Ruehle, who stood side-by-side in the Reichstag with Karl Liebknecht in fighting German imperialism in World War I, was another member. The Commission selected as its legal adviser John Finerty, of world-wide fame in the defense of Tom Mooney and Sacco and Vanzetti. The verdict of the Commission after nine months of thorough investigation in several countries was that the defendants in the Moscow Trials were "Not to the October Revolution, or to Guilty." A complete transcript of the hearings and the report of the Commission were published in two volumes: "The Case of Leon Trotsky and "Not Guilty."]

By Leon Trotsky

Frame-Ups Not Produte of Individual

ed to me in a conversation: "It for material comforts, apprehenis difficult for me to believe," sive for its positions, fearing the he said, "that you entered into masses, and mortally hating all an alliance with fascism; but it opposition. is equally difficult for me to bepolitical viewpoint.

element in history. Neither Sta- the Thermidorian lies. lin nor I find ourselves in our It is, consequently, a question present positions by accident not simply of the individual But we did not create these po- depravity of this or that person, sitions. Each of us is drawn but of the corruption lodged in into this drama as the repre- the position of a whole social sentative of definite ideas and group for whom lying has be-

principles. In their turn, the ideas and principles do not fall from the gained positions, this caste has aims - people grew too accus- incredible, but already in 1929 entirely and exclusively on the latter workers' quarters of the provin- friend, Goldman! Allow me to sky, but have profound social reeducated itself and simulta- tomed to them. It was neces- we were confronted with accu- moral authority of the Soviet on the world arena. Tomorrow cial Russian town of Nikolaiev express to all of you my warm take, not the psychological ab- demoralized. - its leaders. It but his concrete, historical per- man who best, most resolutely falsifications, accusations of a etc., in the Soviet press. However Stalin before the Russian work- port of the fascists. Echoes of ardent. sonality as leader of the Soviet and most ruthlessly expresses bureaucracy. One can understand its interests. Thus Stalin, who the acts of Stalin only by start- was once a revolutionist, became My exile from the USSR was ing from the conditions of exist- the leader of the Thermidorian

An American writer complain- tum, greedy for power, greedy

The position of a privileged lieve that Stalin carried out such bureaucracy in a society which horrible frame-ups." I can only that bureaucracy itself calls Sopity the author of this remark. cialist is not only contradictory It is, in fact, difficult to find a but also false. The more precisolution if one approaches the pitate the jump from the October question exclusively from an in-dividual psychological and not social falsehood — to the present situation, in which a caste I do not wish to deny by this of upstarts is forced to cover the importance of the individual up its social ulcers, the cruder

far as they were inevitably directed against its interests. From the time that I entered into opposition to the bureaubegan to call the revolutionary skyism." At the same time, the official conception of Leninism changed from year to year, becoming more and more adapted to the needs of the ruling caste. Books devoted to Party history, the theory of Leninism, were revised annually.

I have adduced an example from the literary activity of Stalin himself. In 1918 he wrote that the victory of the October insurrection was "principally and above all" assured by Trotsky's leadership. In 1924 Stalin wrote that Trotsky could not have played any special role in the October Revolution. To this tune the whole historiography was adjusted.

This signifies in practice that

The incessant Party purges and direct frame-ups.

venienced the bureaucracy, in so discontented workers were call-



LEON SEDOV

hundreds of young scholars and ed "Trotskyltes," but also al es, judges, not to speak of the mosphere of the country became poison of conventionalities, lies into the USSR.

straction of Stalin as a "man," raised upon its shoulders the tion. To bolster up the literary "preparation of railroad wrecks,"

legation that I had prepared an sented, nevertheless, the first with the aid of more and more States are preparing railroad a man who by virtue of his age your Commission. (Applause)

masses, more and more incon- and during these purges not only justify the repressions, it was sons. If the Soviet bureaucracy ests of Japan. We shall learn armor of the sympathy of broad, necessary to have framed ac- does not want revolutions and the day after tomorrow how the popular masses. the logic of the struggle drove tic judicial amalgams.

Why the Kremlin Fears Trotskyism

Since 1933, the idea of new terrible repressions, and outside revolutionary parties under the USSR with the aid of a gibanner of the Fourth Interna- gantic apparatus which, through tional has met with great suc- resources drawn from the labor cess in the Old and New Worlds. of the Soviet workers and peas-Only with difficulty can an out- ants, poisons world public opinside observer appreciate the real ion with the virus of lies, falsidimensions of this success. It fications and blackmail, Millions cannot be measured by member- of people throughout the world ship statistics alone. The gen- identify the October Revolution eral tendency of development is with the Thermidorian bureauof much greater importance.

spreading throughout all the sec- ary workers with the utterly tions of the Comintern, which at demoralized Comintern apparathe first historic shock will re- tus. sult in splits and debacles. If The first great breach in this Stalin fears the little Bulletin Tower of Babel will necessarily of the Opposition and punishes cause it to collapse entirely, and thousands of journalists were writers who honestly presented its introduction into the USSR bury beneath its debris the ausystematically trained in the historical facts or citations with death, it is not difficult thority of the Thermidorian spirit of falsification. Whoever which contradicted the latest of to understand what fright seizes chiefs. That is why it is for resisted was stifled. This applies ficial standardization. Novelists the bureaucracy at the possi- Stalin a life-and-death question in a still greater measure to the and artists were suject to the bility that news of the self-sac- to kill the Fourth International propagandists, functionar- same regime. The spiritual at- rificing work of the Fourth In- while it is still in embryo! ternational in the service of the examining magistrates of the completely impregnated with the working class many penetrate ing the Moscow trials, the Ex-

cusations. To give weight to the fears them, it cannot, at the Trotskyites in Mexico are pre- Ladies and gentlemen of the false accusations, it was neces- same time, openly renounce the paring measures for the restora- Commission! Already for five sary to reinforce them with revolutionary traditions without tion of Porfirio Diaz. You say years - I repeat, five years! more brutal repressions. Thus definitely undermining its pres- Diaz died a long time ago? The tige within the USSR. However, the obvious bankruptcy of the do not stop before such trifles, commission of inquiry. The day Stalin along the road of gigan- Comintern opens the way for a They stop before nothing - I received the telegram about new International. nothing at all.

many instances. cracy, the Soviet Union with Deep, internal fissures are Statin's clique, the revolution-

Now, as we are here examinecutive Committee of the Com-The moral authority of the intern, according to information leaders of the bureaucracy and, in the press, is sitting in Mos-Began with Theoretical Falsifications leaders of the bureaucracy and, in the press, is sitting in Mosabove all, of Stalin, rests in lower the strugabove all, of Stalin, rests in the strugclear, bright future of mankind, ary optimism which constitutes large measure upon the Tower gle against world Trotskyism. All the possibilities along this "armed insurrection." However, of Babel of slanders and falsi- The session of the Executive an industructible temper. This life. road were soon exhausted. The the accusation, launched against fications erected over a period Committee of the Comintern is faith in reason, in truth, in human come a vital political necessity. theoretical and historical falsi- me was not even published in of thirteen years. The moral au- not only a link in the long chain solidarity, which at the age of Commission! Mr. Attorney Fin-In the struggle for its newly fications no longer attained their the press. Today it may seem thority of the Comintern rests of the Moscow frame-ups, but eighteen I took with me into the erty! and you, my defender and roots. That is why one must neously reeducated - or rather, sary to give to bureaucratic re- sations against the Trotskyites bureaucracy. In its turn, the au- we shall hear about new mispression a more massive founda- of "sabotage," "espionage," thority of the Comintern as well deeds of the Trotskyites in Spain, fully and completely. It has be- does not bear a personal charas its support, is necessary for of their direct or indirect sup- come more mature, but not less acter. And allow me, in conclucriminal character were brought there was not a single trial inin. This Tower of Babel, which already been heard in this room. This the very fact of your Complete to the educator, philosophic there are accusations. This Tower of Babel, which already been heard in this room.

does it mean to the ruling clique fense of Trotsky? to spend twenty or fifty mil- I answered: Dragged into the lions of dollars more or less, light of day, the Stalinists are to sustain its authority and its not fearsome. On the contrary, power? These gentlemen buy I will welcome the most venemhuman consciences like sacks of ous questions from the Stalinpotatoes. We shall see this in ists; to break them down I have

can be bought. Otherwise hu- the necessary publicity to my manity would have rotted away replies. I knew in advance that a long time ago. Here, in the the GPU would bribe individual ketable public conscience. All moment that the conscience of those who thirst for purifica- the world cannot be bribed and tion of the social atmosphere that it will score, in this case will turn instinctively toward as well, one of its most splendid the Commission. In spite of in- victories.

- I have incessantly demanded Moscow creators of amalgams the creation of an international the creation of your sub-com-Politically and morally, it is mission was a great holiday in a question of life and death for my life. Some friends anxiousthem. Emissaries of the GPU ly asked me: Will not the Stalinare prowling in all countries of ists penetrate into the Commisthe Old and the New World, sion, as they at first penetrated They, do not lack money. What into the Committee for the De-

only to tell what actually hap-Fortunately, not everybody pened. The world press will give person of the Commission, we journalists and whole newspahave a precious cell of unmar- pers. But I did not doubt for one

Trotsky's Faith in Future Unshaken

successes or of failures, has not see a new and truly magnificent but, on the contrary, has given it the fundamental element of my - this faith I have preserved gratitude, which in this case

My exile from the USSR was officially motivated by the al-

Esteemed Commissioners! The | should have the right to remain experience of my life, in which cutside of the skirmishes in the there has been no lack either of political arena - in this fact I only not destroyed my faith in the reinforcement of the revolution-

> Ladies and gentlemen of the sion, to express my profound

Admits Moscow Trials Were Frame-Ups ... Hits Role of Stalin in 1917

Stalin was under bitter political who was prevented only by death for his removal. For decades these documents have been called Trotskyist fabrications by Stalinists in all countries. Now the First Party of the Soviet Union quotes them in his speech.

Khrushchev gives almost incredible examples of the brutality. cowardice, thinst for adulation, ignorance and stupidity of Stalin He tells how Stalin caused military and agricultural catastrophes. to the audience that he and his present partners opposed Stalin's bloody and disastrous policies For example, he recounts how Stalin's meddling in the battle of Kharkov cost the Red Army hundreds of thousands of casual-

"WE" AND "I"

"We," he says, had decided on a correct plan, "we" communicated to Stalin, Stalin rejected it, "I" telephoned and begged the highest military com- shot by them as "an agent of mander in Moscow to get Stalin to look at a map. No success. Then "I" telephoned Stallin but he would not speak to me but put | Stalin. Malenkov on the phone. "I" again asked to speak to Stalin. Stalin refused. "I" explained the disaster he started intriguing and building facing the army at Kharkov through Malenkov to Stalin. Revolution party of Lenin and Stalin insisted on the disastrous

position" is the same as all the program of the Revolution which most unions. other hinted-at opposition of culminated with the expulsion of Khrushchev. "We" and "I" follow Trotsky and the Left Opposition. Stalin's orders. "And what was To rise to the very top of the

soldiers."

from representing Lenin's pro- the best case for himself and his gram and continuing his work, partners, Khrushchev cannot adduce a single instance of opposiand personal attack from Lenin, tion to one of Stalin's acts. The most he produces are a few from waging an all-out campaign alleged cases where he now says he urged - but gingerly - a modification of Stalin's plans. He cannot adduce a single instance where he tried to build an opposi Secretary of the Communist tion to Stalin's regime of bloody tyranny, economic and military

It should be noted also that while Khrushchev tries to portray himself as having silently disagreed with Stalin's "excesses, his speech compromises most of the other leading figures in the He tries to give the impression bureaucracy as being in the closest relations with Stalin.

> Were these others to make similar speeches, it could well be turnabout. They could paint themselves up as secretly deploring Stalin's misrule and show Khrushchev and his coterie in the closest relations with Stalin, implementing the bloodshed, cultism and disastrous program.

For the indisputable fact is that the present "collective leadership" is (minus Beria, who was foreign intelligence service") no less than a coalition of the most successful, surviving favorites of

Some of them were cronies of Stalin from the first days when a personal machine in the post-Trotsky. Most of them earned their spurs and privileges in the campaign against the ideals and

(Continued from page 1)
the result (at Kharkov) of this?" bureaucracy they had to carry counter-revolutionary instrument of the bureaucracy against th

semiblance to the Bolisheviks who opposed tyrannical regimes, went to prison for their opposition and often gave their lives. Khrushchev and the others undoubtedly feared for their skins in the Soviet Union and the and their privileges because of Stalin's habit of purging even his and hoping, they tried to assure their safety and position by outdoing themselves in serving

speech, compelled by the new itself in the eyes of the masses from Stalin, at the very same time undermines the rule of the new regime. The answer to the for not only by its internal

By George Lavan

vention went on record as oppos-

ing or criticizing most of the

witch hunt. It called for repeal

of the Smith Act, the Internal

Security Act of 1950 and the

ern Democrats and Northern

witch hunters to invalidate by

legislation the Supreme Court's

nulling against state "sedition"

good and are expected of the

labor movement. Both the AFL

when it was introduced in Con-

signed by Roosevelt, their conven-

the Soviet workers, falsifying chev and Company can plead still not been made public in the Provisional more, they advocated fusion of of a bourgeois and petty-bourgeois These documents have long been cited by the Trotskyists as part of the evidence that, far and outdoor the part of the evidence that, far representing representations and represent representations and representation representation representation representations and representation repre Men of this caliber are no op- Soviet workers, who hate them word text released by the State positionists. They bear no re- and the bureaucracy which they Department. represent.

It took Khrushchev two days (Feb. 24-25) to deliver the speech. While rumors and a few details from it were allowed to circulate satellite countries, it was kept secret. An edited version was sent most faithful tools. But fearful to a limited section of the bureaucracy and to foreign Communist Parties. Coples were sent to Tito and the Communist Party of Yugoslavia. This is believed WHERE WAS KHRUSHCHEY? to be the source from which the This is why the Khrushchev U.S. State Department obtained it. The latter released an English regime's need to disassociate translation of it on June 4. The New York Times printed it in full the next day.

Its authenticity may be yourhed oft-asked question, "Where was evidence but by the fact that no Kihrushchev when Stalin was Soviet official or Communist doing these monstrous things?" | Party spokesman has challenged is known to all Soviet citizens. It. The Daily Worker printed ex-

Poison from the Skies

The Japanese Welfare Ministry reported, May 24, that due to recent heavy rainfall fruit and vegetables in central districts of Japan were radioactive. The agency warned the Japanese people against eating any. The amount of radioactivity was found to be five times the amount considered safe for human consumption, Poisonous rain contimues to fall on the country.

NEXT WEEK

Defense of Victims is Smith Act Test

In The Militant "Stalinism and Bolshevism" By Leon Trotsky

(Continued from page 1)

nevitably withdraw from us." the guiding principle of the basis of Lenin's line which had whole policy of the Mensheviks," won out in the Bolshevik party wrote Leon Trotsky in The His- over Stalin's and Kamenev's.

tory of the Russian Revolution commenting on Stalin's line, "In action this means blunting and weakening the movement of the masses in order not to frighten away the liberal allies." That is how Lenin appraised

Stalin's policy, for he stated he would rather split with anyone in the party than support the ment, Stalin and Kamenev dropped revolutionary opposition to ist "socialists" was organic to

is not to our advantage at present outbreak of the February Revoluto force events, hastening the tion, Trotsky - at the time a process of repelling the bourgeois | political refugee in New York layers, who will in the future outlined the same revolutionary course for the Russian workers "The idea that it is disad- soldiers and peasants as Lening antageous to hasten the with- On his return to Russia in May. drawal of the bourgeoisie from he immediately began collaborathe revolution, has always been tion with the Bolsheviks on the

RECORD OF HISTORY

The records show, however, that never throughout 1917 did Stalin correct his March position fundamentally. He simply wen' along with the decision.

After 1923 Stalin again set policy for the Bolshevik Party The politics of Stalinism were capitalist government and its not developments of Lenin's line. prosecution of imperialist war. They represented a return to At the same time that they were Stalin's own March policy. The backing the Provisional Govern- politics of class-collaboration with the capitalist liberals and reform-

the war, on the grounds that the | Stalin, Indeed, the very bureauup was alien to working class

revolution. Stalin was no longer applying his Menshevik course merely to Russia. His March line was enthroned by the Communist Parties in every country. Reviewing the March 1917 policy pursued by Stalin, Trotsky stated in his biography of Stalin, "Here readymade for us is the formula of future Stalinist policy in China (1924-1927), in Spain (1934-1939) as well as generally in all his

ill-starred 'popular fronts.'" In the Chinese Revolution of 1924-1927, the Stalinist course was to merge the Communist Party in the Kuomintang - the party headed by Chiang Kai-shek and the Chinese capitalist class. The formula was the Menshevik one of not alienating the capitalists from the revolution. The result was to leave the Chinese workers unprepared for wholesale slaughter by Chiang Kai-shek, when he came to terms with imperialism.

In Spain, subordination of the ndependent struggle of the masses to the policy of retaining a bourgeois-democratic republic instead of building a workers' and peasants' government led to the victory of Franco.

The March line on a world scale is the policy still pursued by the the capitalist status quo as Then as now the policies of Leninism and Stalinism are diametrically opposed.

Stalin's Frame-Up System and the **Moscow Trials**

By Leon Trotsky

The full text of Trotsky's masterful analysis of the Moscow Trials in his summation speech before the John Dewey Commission of Inquiry which investigated Stalin's frame-up charges. With an introduction by Joseph Hansen.

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tions passed resolutions stigmatiz- in the eating! The ACW's resolu- Act and all the other barbarisms, In, the closing hours of the ing it as anti-labor and anti-civil tion against the Smith Act of the witch hunt should not be 1941 when 18 Socialist Workers recent convention in Washington, liberties.

D. C., of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers a series of riodically renewed in the civil from the many previous civil mere words when these same under the same law. It also prepared resolutions were passed, liberties resolutions passed at liberties resolutions passed by this Those on civil liberties and for- succeeding conventions. So it has eign policy reflected the some- been with all the other features what freer atmosphere that preof the witch hunt: the McCarrar vails in this country since the Internal Security Act, the Humdecline of McCarthy and the phrey-Buttler Communist Control easing-off of the cold war. This Act, the "subversive" list, the "loyalty" purge, etc., etc. is a development noticeable in Sometimes these resolutions On civil liberties the ACW con-

were a little stronger or a little weaker. For example, in the early 1940's they were more strongly worded. At the height of the McCarthy "red" hysteria they reflected, in their more Communist Control Act; it also timid language, the intimidation declared against the current of the union bureaucracy by Mcmoves in Congress by the South- Carthyism.

While it is perfectly legitimate to examine such resolutions and note an improved tone, it is incorrect to gloss over their shortcomings and pretend that the test Such resolutions are all to the of a union bureaucracy's attitude toward civil liberties is in what the resolutions say in general. and the CIO, and practically al | This is precisely what the Staltheir internationals, went on inist newspaper, the Daily record against the Smith Act Worker, (June 3) does in its eulogistic account of the recent gress. After it was passed and ACW convention.

abstraction, basically no different union leaders to the skies for same union in the past.

The proof is that while it resolves against the Smith Act Party victims of the Smith Act. n words, the ACW lifts not one inger, nor utters one word, to Act. The key test of true opposition to the Smith Act is a fight of the facts and of the delinquency to defend those being persecuted of the ACW and other union and jailed under it.

VICTIMS NOT UNKNOWN The victims are not unknown to

the first, second and even third on, professional anti-Communist days later the FBI arrested sever men and women in Massachusetts for another such Smith Act trial. Court's ruling against the state to settle for mere lip servic subversive laws.

No, the proof of the pudding is organizations to fight the Smith liberties of all,

remains, a generality and an lulled by stories praising their Party and Minneapolis Teamsters leaders act as a roadblock to those endeavoring to rally unionists and liberals to defend the Communist

However, the Communist Party leadership and the Daily Worker defend the victims of the Smith writers, are not acting from ignorance. They are fully aware bureaucrats in the fight to defend witch-hunt victims. They are acting from policy - the policy they call coexistence. This means the ACW leadership. They are all trying to get back into alliance with the labor tops and the echelon leaders of the Communist Democratic politicians, as in the Party. While the convention was days before the cold war. Ir their campaigning to do this they for civil liberties. informers were testifying at the are abandoning all real opposithought-control trial of seven CP | tion to the bureaucrats within the leaders in Foley Square. A few unions and all real political opposition in their press.

It is short-sighted to say that since the current victims of th Three of these had just been freed Smith Act are CP members it is from indictments by the Supreme the privilege of the Daily Worker against the Smith Act by the Workers in the Amalgamated labor leaders. The Smith Act is a and other unions who want their threat to labor and the civi

The Militant pointed this out in leaders were being railroaded pointed out at the time that the Communist Parties - under Communist Party was betraying Khrushchev as under Stalin. The the working class because, while policy of peaceful coexistence in resolutions it was on record features the same subordination against the Smith Act, in deeds of the struggle of the working it was sabotaging the defense class to meager reforms within of the Minneapolis victims Recently the Communist Party Stalin proposed in March 1917. has admitted that its conduct during that first Smith Act prosecution was an "error."

Today the labor bureaucracy is doing almost the same thing the CP did then. It is on record in resolutions against the Smith Act, yet it abstains or opposes active defense of the victims. This too is a betrayal of labor's fight

The Smith Act and all the witch-hunt laws and procedures are a threat to labor itself. Failure of the unions to fight them to the utmost - and that means defending the victims can result in the same disaster that befell the Communist Party, which paid the price for not fighting the first prosecution by ending up the victim of subsequent prosecutions.

The Road to Peace

By James P. Cannon More timely than ever is Cannon's analysis of the Stalinist peace program and why it cannot stop World War III. He outlines Lenin's real views on this life and death question.

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Confirms Trotsky's Accusation That Stalin Organized Kirov Murder

(Continued from page 1)

Lenin at the same time merci- etc." pose a "hero" to the masses and to the people.

Lenin taught that the party's strength depends on its indissoluble unity with the masses, on the fact that behind the party follow the people - workers, peasants and intelligentsia. "Only he will win and retain the power," said Lenin, "who believes the people, who submerges himself in the fountain of the living creativeness of the peo-

Lenin spoke with pride about in it the wisdom, the honor, and the conscience of our epoch."

Lenin resolutely stood against ments: every attempt aimed at belittling or weakening the directing of party principles. "During the congresses," between "the Central pointed out Lenin, the principles of the party."

ly authoritative group."

Committee of the party was a ference with my private life and real expression of collective from tile invectives and threats. leadership of the party and of I have no doubt as to what will unyielding in matters of princi- Stalin sees fit to threaten me; right deviation had prevailed force his views upon his cohe patiently explained his opin- am a living person and my ant] etc. We would not now ions to others. Lenin always dili- nerves are strained to the utgently observed that the norms of party life were realized, that the party statute was enforced, that the party congresses and the plenary sessions of the Cen- 1922. After two and a half tral Committee took place at the proper intervals.

In addition to the great accomplishments of V. I. Lenin for the victory of the working class and of the working peasants, for the victory of our party and for the application of the ideas of scientific communism to life, his acute mind expressed itself also in this that he detected in Stalin in time those negative characteristics which resulted later in grave consequences.

STALIN CHARACTERIZED BY LENIN

Fearing the future fate of the party and of the Soviet nation, V. I. Lenin made a completely correct characterization of Stalin, pointing out that it was necessary to consider the question of transferring Stalin from the position of the Secretary General because of the fact that Stalin is excessively rude, that he does not have a proper attitude toward his comrades, that he is capricious and abuses his

power. In December, 1922, in a letter to the party congress Vladimir Ilvich wrote: "After taking over on these documents. They speak for political movements and follow him without using comthe position of Secretary General eloquently for themselves. Since groups hostile to the party had pulsion, but rather through the enemies of the revolution when Comrade Stalin accumulated in Stalin could behave in this manhis hands immeasurable power ner during Lenin's life, could and I am not certain whether he thus behave toward Nadezhda will be always able to use this Konstantinovna Krupskaya, whom power with the required care." the party knows well and

ment of tremendous importance, of Lenin and as an active fightknown in the party history as er for the cause of the party Lenin's "testament," was dis- since its creation, we can easily tributed among the delegates to imagine how Stalin treated oththe twentieth party congress. er people. These negative char-You have read it, and will un- acteristics of his developed doubtedly read it again more steadily and during the last than once. You might reflect on years acquired an absolutely Lenin's plain words, in which ex- insufferable character. Ilyich's anxiety concerning the STALIN'S ABUSE OF POWER party, the people, the state, and the future direction of party Lenin's anxiety was justified: in rists, against those party cadres arrests and deportations of against actual class enemies and

tacts among us Communists, be- Liyich. comes a defect which cannot be tolerated in one holding the po- of Stalin in regard to the direc-

moved from this position and by vinced that Lenin's fears were in a controversy be proven; this but inconvenient to Stalin. role of the Central Committee. which another man would be justified. The negative characterm made possible the usage of Marxism does not negate the selected for it; a man who, above teristics of Stalin, which, in the most cruel repression, vio- plementation of Lenin's plans role of the leaders of the work- all, would differ from Stalin in Lenin's time, were only incipient, lating all norms of revolutionary for the construction of social- extreme methods and mass re- Lenin considered it absolutely pants of the seventeenth coning class in directing the revolu- only one quality, namely, greater transformed themselves during legality, against anyone who in ism. This was an ideological pressions at a time when the necessary that the party discuss gress joined the party during the tionary liberation movement. | tolerance, greater loyalty, great- the last years into a grave abuse any way disagreed with Stalin, fight. Had Leninist principles revolution was already victori- at length all the basic matters years of conspiracy before the While ascribing great impor- er kindness and more consider- of power by Stalin, which caused against those who were only sus- been observed during the course ous, when the Soviet state was pertaining to internal and for- revolution and during the civil/ tance to the role of the leaders ate attitude toward the com- untold harm to our party. and organizers of the masses, rades, a less capricious temper,

lessly stigmatized every mani- This document of Lenin's was ter in order that we may precome the defects which caused Lenin serious anxiety.

TWO NEW DOCUMENTS

Comrades! The party congress should become acquainted with two new documents, which confirm Stalin's character as althe Bolshevik Communist party Lenin in his "testament." These the opinion of their party; he litical Bureau, and a personal "We believe in it, we see letter from Vladimir Ilyich Lenin to Stalin.

I will now read these docu-

Lev Borisovich!

Because of a short letter which role of the party in the structure I had written in words dictated of the Soviet state. He worked to me by Vladimir Ilyich by perout Bolshevik principles of party mission of the doctors, Stalin direction and norms of party allowed himself yesterday an unlife, stressing that the guiding usually rude outburst directed principle of party leadership is at me. This is not my first duty its collegiality, Already during to the party. During all these the pre-revolutionary years Lenin thirty years I have never heard called the Central Committee of from any comrade one word of the party a collective of leaders rudeness. The business of the and the guardian and interpreter party and of Ilyich are not less dear to me than to Stalin. I need at present the maximum of self-control. What one can and Committee guards and interprets what one cannot discuss with Hyich, I know better than any Underlining the role of the doctor, because I know what Central Committee of the party makes him nervous and what and its authority, Vladimir Ilyich does not; in any case, I know [Lenin] pointed out: "Our Cen- better than Stalin. I am turning tral Committee constituted itself to you and to Gregory [S. Zinoas a closely centralized and high- viev] as to much closer comrades of V. I. and I beg of you During Lenin's life the Central to protect me from rude interthe nation. Being a militant be the unanimous decision of the Marxist revolutionist, always Control Commission, with which 1928-1929 the political line of ple, Lenin never imposed by however, I have neither the among us, or orientation toward workers. He tried to convince; on this foolish quarrel. And I or toward the kulak [rich peas-

> N. Krupskaya Nadezhda Konstantinovna wrote this letter on Dec. 23, months, in March, 1923, Vladimir Ilyich Lenin sent Stalin the following letter:

To Comrade Stalin: Copies for: Kamenev and

Zinoviev. Dear Comrade Stalin!

Your permitted yourself a rude summons of my wife to the telephone and a rude reprimand of her. Despite the she agreed to forget what was Kamenev heard about it from her. I have no intention to forget so easily that which is being done against me, and I need not stress here that I consider as directed against against my wife. I ask you, fully whether you are agreeable to retracting your words and apologizing or whether you prefer the severance of relations between us.

(Commotion in the hall) Sincerely,

March 5 1923

Comrades! I will not comment This letter, a political docu- values highly as a loyal friend

ated in our midst and in con- ous admonitions of Vladimir

When we analyze the practice for the Leninist party line. sition of the Secretary General. tion of the party and of the

his concepts.

Stalin acted not through per- sures against the accused. suasion, explanation, and patient manding absolute submission to nocent persons, who in the past ber Revolution two members of Government. Here we see no wishis opinion. Whoever opposed had defended the party line, bethis concept or tried to prove his came victims. ready outlined by Vladimir Ilyich viewpoint, and the correctness of his position was doomed to to those persons who in their against Lenin's plan for an Lately, especially after the as the leader and teacher of the documents are a letter from Na- removal from the leading collectime had opposed the party line, armed uprising. In addition, on unmasking of the [Lavrenti P.] began increasingly to abuse his people; he called for the presendezhda Konstantinovna Krup- tive and to subsequent moral there were often no sufficiently tation of all the most important skaya [Lenin's wife] to [Lev and physical annihilation. This serious reasons for their psysi- Menshevik newspaper Novaya mittee looked into a series of questions before the opinion of Borisovich] Kamenev, who was was especially true during the cal annihilation. The formula knowledgeable workers, before at that time head of the Po- period following the seventeenth "enemy of the people" was speparty congress, when many cifically introduced for the purprominent party leaders and pose of annihilating such inrank-and-file party workers, dividuals, honest and dedicated to the It is a cause of communism, fell victim to Stalin's despotism.

We must affirm that the party ists and bourgeois nationalists. ly all the enemies of Leninism. of which the party became he induced them to follow him. strengthened and tempered. Here Stalin played a positive role.

The party led a great political ideological struggle against those in its own ranks who proposed anti-Leninist theses, who represented a political line hos tile to the party and to the cause of socialism. This was a stubborn and a difficult fight but a necessary one, because the political line of both the Trotskyite-Zinovievite bloc and of the Bukharinites [followers of Nikolai I. Bukharin] led actually toward the restoration of capitalism and capitulation to the world bour-

Let us consider for a moment what would have happened if in strength nor the time to waste "cottondress industrialization," we would not have the collective farms, we would find ourselves disarmed and weak in a capi talist encirclement.

It was for this reason that the party led an inexorable ideological fight and explained to all party members and to the nonparty masses the harm and the danger of the anti-Leninist proposals of the Trotskyite opposition and the rightist opportunists. And this great work of cilable Lenin was with the ideoexplaining the party line bore logical enemies of Marxism, with fruit; both the Trotskyites and those who deviated from the corthe rightist opportunists were rect party line. At the same fact that she told you that politically isolated; the over- time, however, Lenin, as is eviwhelming party majority sup- dent from the given document, said, nevertheless Zinoviev and ported the Leninist line and the in his practice of directing the party was able to awaken and party demanded the most intiorganize the working masses to mate party contact with people apply the Leninist party line who had shown indecision or and to build socialism.

even during the progress of the possible to return to the party me that which is being done furious ideological fight against path. Lenin advised that such the Trotskyites, the Zinovievites, people should be patiently edutherefore, that you weigh care- the Bukharinites and others, cated without the application of extreme repressive measures extreme methods. were not used against them. The fight was on ideological grounds. people was evident in his work But some years later when so- with cadres. directed against them began.

REPRESSIVE POLICY

ites, Zinovievites, Bukharinites, laws. long since politically defeated by Arbitrary behavior by one the most extreme methods party in the work of the Soviets, As later events have proven, against many honest Commuted arbitrariness in others. Mass such methods, however, only position of the party, and other studied by the Presidium of the the first period after Lenin's who had borne the heavy load many thousands of people, exe- not against those who blunder, Vladimir Ilyich said: "Stalin is death Stalin still paid attention of the Civil War and the first cution without trial and without who err, and whom it was posexcessively rude, and this de- to his [Lenin's] advice, but later and most difficult years of in- normal investigation created sible to lead through ideological fect, which can be freely toler- he began to disregard the seri- dustrialization and collectiviza- conditions of insecurity, fear influence, and even retain in the tion, who actively fought against and even desperation. the Trotskyites and the rightists

We have to consider seriously those who had bad reputations. devotion to principles been skill- ing classes were already liquiand analyze correctly this mat- This concept "enemy of the fully combined with a keen and dated and Socialist relations festation of the cult of the in- made known to the delegates clude any possibility of a repeti- possibility of any kind of ideo- had they not been repelled and of national economy, when our dividual, inexorably combated at the thirteenth party congress, tion in any form whatever of logical fight or the making of wasted, but rather drawn to our party was politically consolithe foreign-to-Marxism views who discussed the question of what took place during the life one's views known on this or side, we certainly would not dated and had strengthened itself about a "hero" and a "crowd" transferring Stalin from the po- of Stalin, who absolutely did not that issue, even those of a prac- have had such a brutal violation both numerically and ideologicaland countered all efforts to op- sition of Secretary General. The tolerate collegiality in leadership tical character. In the main, of revolutionary legality and ly. It is clear that here Stalin delegates declared themselves in and in work, and who practiced and in actuality, the only proof many thousands of people would showed in a whole series of cases favor of retaining Stalin in this brutal violence, not only toward of guilt used, against all norms not have fallen victim of the his intolerance, his brutality and post, hoping that he would heed everything which opposed him, of current legal science, was the method of terror. Extraordinary his abuse of power. Instead of the critical remarks of Vladimir but also toward that which "confession" of the accused him- methods would then have been proving his political correctness Ilyich and would be able to over- seemed to his capricious and self; and, as subsequent probing resorted to only against those and mobilizing the masses, he despotic character, contrary to proved, "confessions" were acquired through physical pres-

> This led to glaring violations cooperation with people, but by of revolutionary legality, and to facts. imposing his concepts and de- the fact that many entirely in-

It is a fact that many perhad fought a serious fight during his life. Some of these against the Trotskyites, right- persons had made errors during very near future. Lenin's life, but despite this, and that it disarmed ideological- Lenin benefited by their work, he corrected them and he did This ideological fight was car- everything possible to retain ried on successfully as a result them in the ranks of the party; Zinoviev revealed the decision of important party and government

> LENIN DIRECTIVE QUOTED

In this connection the deleshould familiarize themselves Kamenev's expulsion from the harm this caused to the interests with an unpublished note by V.I. party. Lenin directed to the Central Committee's Political Bureau in October, 1920. Outlining the duties of the Control Commission, letarian conscience.'

viet or party career. An ef- and certainly not their shooting. from the very nature of our fort should be made to quiet them, to explain the matter to them in a way used among comrades, to find for them (avoiding the method of issuing orders), a task for which they are psychologically fitted. Advice and rules relating to this matter are to be formulated by the Central Committee's Organizational Bureau,

Everyone knows how irrecon temporary nonconformity with Worth noting is the fact that the party line, but whom it was

Lenin's wisdom in dealing with

cialism in our country was An entirely different relationfundamentally constructed, when ship with people characterized method would not have been the exploiting classes were gen- Stalin. Lenin's traits - patient erally liquidated, when the So- work with people; stubborn and viet social structure had radical- painstaking education of them; ly changed, when the social basis the ability to induce people to violently contracted, when the ideological influence on them of this was actually necessary? No, ideological opponents of the the whole collective - were en- no one can say this. Vladimir party were long since defeated tirely foreign to Stalin. He [Sta- llyich demanded uncompromising politically, then the repression lin] discarded the Leninist meth- dealings with the enemies of the od of convincing and educating: revolution and of the working he abandoned the method of class and when necessary readministrative violence, mass re- ods.

This, of course, did not con-

Our party fought for the im- a civil war.

pected of hostile intent, against of this fight, had the party's strengthened, when the exploitpeople" actually eliminated the solicitous concern for people, were rooted solidly in all phases Soviet system.

We must assert that, in regard Zinoviev, declared themselves so alarmed V. I. Lenin. Oct. 18 they published in the Beria gang, the Central Com-Zhizn a statement declaring that matters fabricated by this gang. cially evident during the last preparations for an uprising and ture of brutal willfulness con- a normal situation when thirteen thus disclosed to the enemy the Stalin, using his unlimited power, gresses, years during which our sons who were later annihilated decision of the Central Commit- allowed himself many abuses, as enemies of the party and the tee to stage the uprising, and acting in the name of the Cen- rienced so many important people had worked with Lenin that the uprising had been or- tral Committee, not asking for events? These events demanded ganized to take place within the the opinion of the Committee categorically that the party

the Central Committee of their matters. party on the armed uprising to CULT OF THE INDIVIDUAL [M.] Rodzyanko and [Alexander F.] Kerensky. * * * " He put gates to the party congress the question of Zinoviev's and first of all show everyone what during all the years of the pa-

However, after the Great Socialist October Revolution, as is known, Zinoviev and Kamenev and significance in the direc-Lenin wrote that the commission Lenin put them in positions in ment of workers and peasants; should be transformed into a which they carried out most re- he saw in this the chief preconreal "organ of party and pro- sponsible party tasks and par- dition for a successful building As a special duty of the the leading party and Soviet or- ing to the great responsibility Control Commission there is gans. It is known that Zinoviev of the Bolshevik party, as a rul-recommended a deep, individ and Kamenev committed a numing party in the Soviet state, ualized relationship with, and ber of other serious errors dur- Lenin called for the most meticsometimes even a type of ing Lenin's life. In his "testa- ulous observance of all norms therapy for, the representa- ment" Lenin warned that "Zino- of party life; he called for the tives of the so-called opposi- viev's and Kamenev's October realization of the principles of tion, those who have experi- episode was, of course, not an collegiality in the direction of enced a psychological crisis accident." But Lenin did not the party and the state. because of failure in their So- pose the question of their arrest Collegiality of leadership flows

THE TROTSKYITE ISSUE

after a sufficiently long historthe fight with the Trotskyites tions, are subject to the same with complete calm and can ana- rules; in addition, all adminislyze this matter with sufficient trative members, all directing traced to bourgeois society. are recallable." Part of them belonged to the It is known that Lenin himparty intelligentsia and a cer- self offered an example of the

who in their time joined the decided it without asking for candidates elected at the seven-Trotskyites; however, these same advice and approval of the maindividuals took an active part jority of the Central Committee in the workers' movement before members or of the members of viks). the revolution, during the Social- the Central Committee's Politiist October Revolution itself, and cal Bureau. also in the consolidation of the victory of this greatest of revolutions. Many of them broke Lenin considered it necessary with Trotskyism and returned to regularly to convoke congresses, Leninist positions. Was it necessary to annihilate such people? We are deeply convinced that tee at which all the most imhad Lenin lived such an extreme used against many of them.

Such are only a few historical facts. But can it be said that Lenin did not decide to use even the most severe means against ideological struggle for that of sorted ruthlessly to such meth-

It was precisely during this pressions, and terror. He acted You need only recall V. I. raging, the eighth party con- has presented to the Central period (1935-1937-1938) that the on an increasingly larger scale Lenin's fight with the Socialist gress convened, adopted a new Committee Presidium lengthy practice of mass repression and more stubbornly through Revolutionary organizers of the through the Government appara- punitive organs, at the same anti-Soviet uprising, with the tus was born, first against the time often violating all existing counter-revolutionary kulaks in tionship with the peasant mass- against the delegates to the sevenemies of Leninism - Trotsky- norms of morality and of Soviet 1918 and with others, when es, the organization of the Red enteenth party congress and Lenin without hesitation used the party, and subsequently also person encouraged and permit- against the enemies. Lenin used

tribute toward unity of the only in the most necessary cases, Stalin originated the concept party ranks and of all strata of when the exploiting classes were "enemy of the people." This term working people, but, on the con- still in existence and were vigor- tion called, "About Party Uni- arrested and shot (mostly in of any possibility that their Because of this, I propose that country, when we pause to con- automatically rendered it unnectrary, brought about annihila- ously opposing the revolution, ty." the comrades consider the meth- sider everything which Stalin essary that the ideological er- tion and the expulsion from the when the struggle for survival od by which Stalin would be re- perpetrated, we must be con- rors of a man or men engaged party of workers who were loyal was decidedly assuming the gresses were convened regularly; What was the composition of

Stalin, on the other hand, used people who had in fact commit- often chose the path of represted criminal acts against the sion and physical annihilation, not only against actual enemies, Let us recall some historical but also against individuals who had not committed any crimes In the days before the Octo- against the party and the Soviet the Central Committee of the dom but only a demonstration of Bolshevik party, Kamenev and the brutal force which had once

the Bolsheviks were making This revealed a very ugly picthat they considered it adven- nected with the incorrect beturistic. Kamenev and Zinoviev havior of Stalin. As facts prove, members nor even of the mem-This was treason against the bers of the Central Committee's party and against the revolu- Political Bureau; often he did tion. In this connection V. I. not inform them about his per-Lenin wrote: "Kameney and sonal decisions concerning very

Considering the question of the before the Central Committee cult of an individual we must

of our party. Vladimir Ilyich Lenin had always stressed the party's role were given leading positions, tion of the Socialist governticipated actively in the work of of socialism in our country. Point-

party, a party built on the principles of democratic centralism. 'This means," said Lenin, "that Or let us take the example all party matters are accomof the Trotskyites. At present, plished by all party members, directly or through representaical period, we can speak about tives, who without any excepobjectivity. After all, around collegia, all holders of party po-Trotsky were people whose ori- sitions are elective, they must gin cannot by any means be account for their activities and

tain part were recruited from most careful observance of these principles. There was no matter We can name many individuals so important that Lenin himself

In the most difficult period for our party and our country, party conferences, and plenary sessions of the Central Commitportant questions were discussed cialist legality which resulted in and where resolutions, carefully worked out by the collective leaders, were approved.

YEAR OF INTERVENTION

We can recall, for an example, the year 1918 when the country was threatened by the attack of the imperialistic interventionists. In this situation the seventh and often, no longer able to bear party congress was convened in barbaric tortures, they charged order to discuss a vitally important matter which could not be investigative judges-falsifiers) postponed, the matter of peace. With all kinds of grave and un-In 1919, while the Civil War was likely crimes. The commission party program and decided such and documented materials perimportant matters as the rela- taining to mass repressions Army, the leading role of the against members of the Central the correction of the social com- gress. These materials have been matters.

In 1920 the ninth party congress was convened, which laid down guiding principles pertain-

During Lenin's life party con- hall.)

party and government. Lenin addressed to the party voting members). congress as the highest party organ his last articles, letters ceivable that a congress so comand remarks. During the period between congresses the Central Committee of the party, acting as the most authoritative leading of the party. The only reason collective, meticulously observed why 70 per cent of Central Comthe principles of the party and carried out its policy. So it was during Lenin's life.

LENIN'S RECORD IS NOTED

Were our party's holy Leninist principles observed after the death of Vladimir Ilyich?

Whereas during the first few years after Lenin's death party congresses and Central Committee plenums took place more or less regularly, later, when Stalin power, these principles were brutally violated. This was espefifteen years of his life. Was it years elapsed between the eighteenth and nineteenth party conparty and our country had expeshould have passed resolutions pertaining to the country's defense during the Patriotic War [World War II] and to peacetime construction after the war. Even after the end of the war a congress was not convened for more than seven years.

Central Committee plenums were hardly ever called. It should be sufficient to mention that triotic war not a single Central Committee plenum took place. It is true that there was an attempt to call a Central Committee plenum in October 1941, when Central Committee members from the whole country were called to Moscow. They of the plenum, but in vain. Stalin did not even want to meet and to talk to the Central Committee members. This fact shows the first months of the war and the party cadres. how haughtily and disdainfully he treated the Central Commit-

the party and its Central Com- the Central Committee or the mittee became fully evident after party. While he still reckoned the seventeenth party congress, with the opinion of the collective which took place in 1934.

INJUSTICES INVESTIGATED

Having at its disposal numerous data showing brutal willfulness toward party cadres, the Central Committee had created a party commission under the control of the Central Committee's Presidium; it was charged with investigating what made possible the mass repressions ion Communist party (Bolshe-

The commission has become acquainted with a large quantity of materials in the N. K. V. D. [secret police] archives and with other documents and has established many facts pertaining to the fabrication of cases against Communists, to false accusations, to glaring abuses of Sothe death of innocent people. It became apparent that many party, Government and economic activists who were branded in 1937-38 as "enemies," were actually never enemies, spies, wreckers, etc., but were always honest Communists.

They were only so stigmatized themselves (at the order of the Committee elected at that con-Central Committee.

98 OF 139 EXECUTED

It was determined that of the ing to the party's work in the 139 members and candidates of against Socialist legality. Dursphere of economic construction. the party's Central Committee ing many of the fabricated court Lenin used severe methods In 1921, the tenth party congress who were elected at the sevenaccepted Lenin's New Economic teenth congress, ninety-eight with "the preparation" of ter-Policy and the historical resolu- persons, i.e., 70 per cent, were roristic acts; this deprived them 1937-38). (Indignation in the cases might be re-examined,

sharpest forms, even including always, when a radical turn in the delegates to the seventeenth the development of the party congress? It is known that 80 and the country took place, per cent of the voting particieign policy and to questions war; this means before 1921. By bearing on the development of social origin the basic mass of the delegates to the congress. It is very characteristic that were workers (60 per cent of the

For this reason, it was inconposed would have elected a Central Committee, a majority of whom would prove to be enemies. mittee members and candidates elected at the seventeenth con-, gress were branded as enemies of the party and of the people was because honest Communists were slandered, accusations against them were fabricated, and revolutionary legality was gravely undermined.

The same fate met not only the Central Committee members but also the majority of the delegates to the seventeenth party congress. Of 1,966 delegates with either voting or advisory rights, 1,108 persons were arrested on charges of antirevolutionary crimes, i.e., decidedly more than a majority. This very fact shows how absurd, wild and contrary to common sense were the charges of counter - revolutionary crimes made, as we now see, against a 4 ma ority of participants at the sev ateenth party congress: (Indignation in the hall.)

We should recall that the seventeenth party congress is historically known as the Congress of Victors. Delegates to the congress were active participants in the building of our Socialist state; many of them suffered and fought for party interests during the pre-revolutionary years in the conspiracy. 3 and at the civil war fronts; they fought their enemies valiantly and often nervelesslylooked into the face of death. How then can we believe that " such people could prove to be "two-faced" and had joined the camps of the enemies of socialism during the era after the political liquidation of Zinovievwaited two days for the opening ites, Trotskyites and rightists and after the great accomplishments of Socialist construction? This was the result of the abuse of power by Stalin, who how demoralized Stalin was in began to use mass terror against

What is the reason that mass repressions against activists increased more and more after the In practice Stalin ignored the seventeenth party congress? It norms of party life and trampled was because at that time Stalin on the Leninist principle of col- had so elevated himself above the party and above the nation Stalin's willfulness vis-a-vis that he ceased to consider either before the seventeenth congress, after the complete political liquidation of the Trotskyites, Zinovievites and Bukharinites, when as a result of that fight and Socialist victories the party achieved unity, Stalin ceased to an ever greater degree to consider the members of the party's Central Committee and even the members of the Political Bureau. Stalin thought that now he against the majority of the Cen- could decide all things alone and tral Committee members and all he needed were statisticians; he treated all others in such a teenth congress of the All-Un- way that they could only listen to and praise him.

THE KIROV PURGES

After the criminal murder of Sergei M. Kirov, mass repressions and brutal acts of violation of Socialist legality began. On the evening of Dec. 1, 1934, on Stalin's initiative (without the approval of the Political Bureau, which was passed two days later, casually) the secretary of the Presidium of the Central Executive Committee, Abel S. Yenukidze, signed the following directive:

1. Investigative agencies are directed to speed up the cases of those accused of the preparation or execution of acts of

2. Judicial organs are directed not to hold up the execution of death sentences pertaining to crimes of this category in order to consider the possibility of pardon, be-q cause the Presidium of the Central Executive Committee of the U. S. S. R. does not consider as possible the receiving of petitions of this

3. The organs of the Commissariat of Internal Affairs are directed to execute the death sentences against criminals of the above-mentioned category immediately after

the passage of sentences. This directive became the basis for mass acts of abuse cases the accused were charged

tivity.

... Text of Khrushchev's Speech

(Continued from page 3) tions against them.

It must be asserted that to this day the circumstances sur- most important victory over such a general assembly of rerounding Kirov's murder hide many things which are inex- structed [Felix E.] Dzherzhinplicable and mysterious and sky to stop mass terror and tral Committee member or candemand a most careful examin- abolish the death penalty. Lenin ation. There are reasons for justified this important report the suspicion that the killer of at the session of the All-Union Kirov, [Leonid V.] Nikolayev, was assisted by someone from among the people whose duty it was to protect the person of Kirov. A month and a half before the killing, Nikolayev was arrested on the ground of suspicious behavior, but he was released and not even searched.

It is an unusually suspicious circumstance that when the Chekist [secret police member] assigned to protect Kirov was being brought for an interrogation, on Dec. 2, 1934, he was killed in a car "accident" in which no other occupants of the car were harmed. After the murder of Kirov, top functionaries of the Leningrad N.K.V.D. were given very light sentences, but in 1937 they were shot. We can assume that they were shot in order to cover the traces of the organizers of Kirov's killing.

Mass repressions grew tremendously from the end of 1936 after a telegram from Stalin and [Andrei A.] Zhdanov, dated from Sochi Sept. 25, 1936, was addressed to [Lazar M.] Kaganovich, [Vyacheslav M.] Molotov and other members of the Political Bureau. The content of the telegram was as follows:

"We deem it absolutely necessary and urgent that Com-Affairs. [Henryk G.] Yagoda has definitely proved himself use of extraordinary mass ter-to be incapable of unmasking ror. the Trotskyite-Zinovievite bloc. The O. G. P. U. is four years behind in this matter. This is sentatives of the N. K. V. D." Strictly speaking we should

This Stalinist formulation that

the "N. K. V. D. [term used in- STALIN'S COURSE terchangeably with O. G. P. U.] QUESTIONED is four years behind" in applying mass repression and that there is a necessity for "catchthere is a necessity for "catching up" with the neglected work directly pushed the N. K. V. D. tioned the rightness of the established course regarding mass reliable. workers on the path of mass arrests and executions

We should state that this formulation was also forced on most ably expressed the s the February-March plenary ses- doubts. He said: sion of the Central Committee of the All-Union Communist party (Bolsheviks) in 1937. The plenary resolution approved it on the basis of Yezhov's report, "Lessons flowing from the harmful activity, diversion and espionage of the Japanese-German-Trotskvite agents," stating:

"The Plenum of the Central Committee of the All-Union Communist party (Bolsheviks) considers that all facts revealed during the investigation into the matter of an anti-Soviet Trotskvite center and of its followers in the provinces show that the People's Commissariat of Internal Affairs has fallen behind at least four years in the attempt to unmask these most inexora ble enemies of the people." The mass repressions at this

time were made under the slogan of a fight against the Trotskyites. Did the Trotskyites at this time actually constitute such a danger to our party and to the Soviet state? We should recall that in 1927 on the eve of the fifteenth party congress only about 4,000 votes were cast for the Trotskyite-Zinovievite opposition, while there were 724,-000 for the party line. During tors building socialism. It is gans together with conscience-

JUSTIFICATION FOR TERROR

Stalin's report at the February-March Central Committee Plenum in 1937, "Deficiencies of party work and methods for the liquidation of the Trotskyites Stalin asserted that both his-

violence is necessitated by the candidate, and against a mem-

even when they stated before classes, and this referred to the mission, "it is necessary to call the court that their "confes- era when the exploiting classes a Central Committee Plenum and sions" were secured by force, existed and were powerful. As to invite to the Plenum all Cenand when, in a convincing man- soon as the nation's political tral Committee candidate memner, they disproved the accusa- situation had improved, when in bers and all members of the January, 1920, the Red Army Party Control Commission"; only took Rostov and thus won a if two-thirds of the members of [Anton I.] Denikin, Lenin in- sponsible party leaders find it Central Executive Committee Feb. 2, 1920.

"We were forced to use terror because of the terror practiced by the Entente, when strong world powers threw their hordes against us, not avoiding any type of conduct. We would not have lasted two days had we not answered these attempts of officers and White Guardists in a merciless fashion; this meant the use of terror, but this was forced upon us by the terrorist methods of the Entente.

"But as soon as we attained a decisive victory, even before the end of the war, immediately after taking Rostov, we gave up the use of the death penalty and thus proved that we intend to execute our own program in the manner that we promised. We say that the application of violence flows out of the decision to smother the exploiters, the big landowners and the capitalists; as soon as this was accomplished we gave up the use of all extraordinary methods. We have proved this in practice." Stalin deviated from these

clear and plain precepts of Lenin. Stalin put the party and the N. K. V. D. up to the use of rade [Nikolai I.] Yezhov be mass terror when the exploiting nominated to the post of Peo- classes had been liquidated in ple's Commissar for Internal our country and when there were no serious reasons for the

This terror was actually directed not at the remnants of the defeated exploiting classes noted by all party workers and but against the honest workers by the majority of the repre- of the party and of the Soviet state; against them were made lying, slanderous and absurd acstress that Stalin did not meet contenting 'two-facedwith and therefore could not ness," "espionage," "sabotage," know the opinion of party work- preparation of fictitious "plots,"

At the February-March Cencombatting "two-facedness." Comrade [Pavel P.] Postyshev

"I have philosophized that the

severe years of fighting have passed, party members who have lost their backbones have broken down or have joined the camp of the enemy: healthy elements have fought for the party. These were the years of industrialization and it possible that after this severe era had passed Karpov and people like him would find themselves in the camp of the enemy. [Karpov was a worker in the Ukrainian Central Committee whom Postyshev knew well.] And now, accord ing to the testimony, it appears that Karpov was recruited in 1934 by the Trotskyites. I per-1934 an honest party member unrelenting fight against enemies for the party and for socialism, would now be in the the difficult years and then, in

Using Stalin's formulation, the ten years that passed be- namely that the closer we are to tween the fifteenth party con- socialism the more enemies we gress and the February-March will have, and using the resolu-Central Committee Plenum, Trot- tion of the February-March Censkyism was completely disarm- tral Committee Plenum passed ed; many former Trotskyites on the basis of Yezhov's report had changed their former views -the provocateurs who had inand worked in the various sec- filtrated the state security orclear that in the situation of less careerists began to protect Socialist victory there was no with the party name the mass basis for mass terror in the terror against party cadres, cadres of the Soviet state and the ordinary Soviet citizens. It should suffice to say that the number of arrests based on charges of counter-revolutionary crimes had grown ten times between 1936 and 1937.

is an odd thing." (Movement

in the hall).

It is known that brutal willfulness was practiced against and other two-facers," contained leading party workers. The paran attempt at theoretical jus- ty statute, approved at the sevtification of the mass terror pol- enteenth party congress, was icy under the pretext that as we based on Leninist principles exmarch forward toward socialism pressed at the tenth party conclass war must allegedly sharpen. gress. It stated that to apply in extreme method such as extory and Lenin taught him this. clusion from the party against Actually, Lenin taught that a Central Committee member. the application of revolutionary against a Central Committee

resistance of the exploiting ber of the Party Control Comnecessary, only then can a Cendidate be expelled.

ILLEGAL OUSTERS CHARGED

The majority of the Central Committee members and candidates elected at the seventeenth congress and arrested in 1937-1938 were expelled from the party illegally through the brutal abuse of the party statute; because the question of their expulsion was never studied at the Central Committee Plenum.

Now when the cases of some of these so-called "spies" and "saboteurs" were examined it was found that all their cases were fabricated. Confessions of guilt of many arrested and charged with enemy activity were gained with the help of cruel and inhuman tortures.

At the same time Stalin, as we have been informed by members of the Political Bureau of that time, did not show them the statements of many accused political activists when they retracted their confessions before the military tribunal and asked for an objective examination of their cases. There were many such declarations, and Stalin doubtlessly knew of them.

The Central Committee considers it absolutely necessary to inform the congress of many such fabricated "cases" against the members of the party's Central Committee elected at the seventeenth party congress. An example of vile provoca-

tion, of odious falsification and of criminal violation of revolutionary legality is the case of the former candidate for the Central Committee Political Bureau, one of the most eminent workers of the party and of the Soviet Government, Comrade Robert I. Eikhe, who was a party member since 1905, (Commotion in the hall.) Comrade Eikhe was arrested

April 29, 1938 on the basis of slanderous materials, without the sanction of the prosecutor of the U. S. S. R., which was finally received fifteen months after the arrest.

pressions under the pretext of legality and was accompanied Political Bureau candidate, Comparty standing of the witness Eikhe was forced under torture to sign ahead of time a pared by the investigative judges, in which he and several other eminent party workers were accused of anti-Soviet ac-

tivity. On Oct. 1, 1939, Eikhe sent his declaration to Stalin in which he categorically denied his guilt and asked for an examination collectivization. I never thought of his case. In the declaration he wrote:

"There is no more bitter misery than to sit in the jail of a government for which I have always fought."

SECOND DECLARATION CITED

A second declaration of Eikhe has been preserved which he sent to Stalin Oct. 27, 1939. In sonally do not believe that in it he cited facts very convincingly and countered the slanderous who had trod the long road of accusations made against him now that Eikhe's case was fab- ment's cost until your death." arguing that this provocatory accusation was on the one hand the work of real Trotskyites camp of the enemies. I do not whose arrests he had sanctioned believe it. . . I cannot imagine as First Secretary of the West how it would be possible to Siberian Krai Party Committee travel with the party during and who conspired to take revenge on him, and, on the other 1934, join the Trotskyites. It hand, the result of the base falsification of materials by the investigative judges. Eikhe wrote in his declaration:

On Oct. 25 of this year I was informed that the investi- zutak: gation in my case has been concluded and I was given access to the materials of this investigation. Had I been guilty of only one-hundredth of the crimes with which I am charged, I would not have dared to send you this preexecution declaration; however, I have not been guilty of even one of the things with which I am charged and my heart is clean of even the shadow of baseness. I have never in my life told you a word of falsehood and now, finding my two feet in the grave, I am also not lying. My whole case is a typical example of provocation, slander and violation of the elementary basis of revolutionary legal-

"The confessions which were made part of my file are not only absurd but contain some slander toward the Central Committee of the All-Union (Bolshe-Communist party viks) and toward the Council

of People's Commissars besuggestion.

guilt against the party and (Indignation in the hall.) against you. This is my con-Nikolayev - and especially habilitated posthumously.

remainder is my reconstruc- N. K. V. D. tion of NKVD materials from During the examination in cidents.

"I am asking and begging my case and this not for the wound itself around many peryou or the party. I know that

important declaration was worth this center. . . . an examination by the Central "The case of the Leningrad

On Feb. 2, 1940, Eikhe was role. brought before the court. Here protocol of his confession pre- he did not confess any guilt and said as follows:

"In all the so-called confessions of mine there is not one letter written by me with the anything. The N. K. V. D. will exception of my signatures prepare for you a ready outline under the protocols which were for every branch of the center; forced from me. I have made my confession under pressure fully and to remember well all from the investigative judge who from the time of my arrest tormented me. After that will be ready in four-five Stalin, and that without his or- important political implications voke the initiation of military sense. The most important During all this time you will be thing for me is to tell the court, the party and Stalin that I am not guilty. I have never been guilty of any future will depend on how the conspiracy. I will die believing trial goes and on its results. If in the truth of party policy you begin to lie and to testify as I have believed in it during falsely, blame yourself. If you my whole life."

On Feb. 4 Eikhe was shot. It ricated; he has been posthumously rehabilitated.

Comrade [Yan E.] Rudzutak, (Movement in the hall.) candidate member of the Politiin a Czarist hard-labor camp, from him. The protocol of the session of the Collegium of the Supreme Military Court contains the following statement by Rud-

"The only plea which he places before the court is that the Central Committee of the All-Union Communist party (Bolsheviks) be informed that there is in the N.K.V.D. an as yet not liquidated center which is craftily manufacturing cases, which forces innocent persons to confess; there is not opportunity to prove one's nonparticipation in crimes to which the confessions of various persons testify. The investigative methods are such that they force people to lie and to slander entirely innocent persons in addition to those who already stand accused.

He asks the court that he be allowed to inform the Central

was ignored, despite the fact a mass scale were applied which ed? The confessions of the ar- through the armed might of the that Rudzutak was in his time were based on nothing tangible cause correct resolutions of the chief of the Central Control and which resulted in heavy judges accepted these "confes- heroic people, is ascribed in this the Central Committee of the Commission, which was called cadre losses to the party. All-Union Communist party into being in accordance with The vicious practice was con (Bolsheviks) and of the Coun- Lenin's concept for the purpose doned of having the N. K. V. D. cil of People's Commissars of fighting for party unity. In prepare lists of persons whose which were not made on my this manner fell the chief of this cases were under the jurisdicinitiative and without my par- highly authoritative party organ, tion of the Military Collegium ticipation are presented as hos- a victim of brutal willfulness: he and whose sentences were pretile acts of counter-revolution- was not even called before the pared in advance. Yezhov would ary organizations made at my Central Committee's Political send these lists to Stalin per- judgment, taking away of his Bureau because Stalin did not sonally for his approval of the I am now alluding to the want to talk to him. Sentence proposed punishment. In 1937most disgraceful part of my was pronounced on him in twen- 1938, 383 such lists containing life and to my really grave ty minutes and he was shot. the names of many thousands of

ary activity. . . The case is lished that the accusation against lists. as follows: not being able to Rudzutak was false and that it CASES NOW BEING suffer the tortures to which I was based on slanderous matewas submitted by Ushakov and rials. Rudzutak has been re-

broken ribs have not properly tured various fictitious "antimended and have caused me Soviet centers" and "blocs" with less and falsified. Suffice it to the Central Committees of selves. But these positive stategreat pain — I have been forct the help of provocatory methods say that from 1954 to the prest republic Communist parties, to ments were not based in all ed to accuse myself and others. is seen from the confession of ent time the Military Collegium the Peoples Commissars of In-"The majority of my confes- Comrade Rozenblum, party mem- of the Supreme Court has re- ternal Affairs and to the heads would actually guarantee the imsion has been suggested or ber since 1906, who was arrested habilitated 7,679 persons, many of N. K. V. D. organizations. dictated by Ushakov, and the in 1937 by the Leningrad of whom were rehabilitated post- This telegram stated:

Western Siberia for which I 1955 of the Komarov case, Roassumed all responsibility. If zenblum revealed the following some part of the story which fact: When Rozenblum was ar-Ushakov fabricated and which rested in 1937 he was subject-I signed did not properly hang ed to terrible torture, during together, I was forced to sign which he was ordered to confess shother variation. The same false information concerning litical condition of the party, thing was done to Rukhimo- himself and other persons. He created a situation of uncer who was at first desig- was then brought to the office tainty, contributed to the nated as a member of the re- of Leonid Zakovsky, who offered spreading of unhealthy suspiserve net and whose name him freedom on condition that was removed without he make before the court a false telling me anything about it; confession fabricated in 1937 by the same was also done with the N.K.V.D. concerning "sabothe leader of the reserve net, tage, espionage, and diversion supposedly created by Buk-harin in 1935. At first I wrote grad." (Movement in the hall.) my name in, and then I was With umbelievable cynicism Zainstructed to insert Mezhlauk. kovsky told about the vile "me-There were other similar in- dianism" for the crafty creation of fabricated "anti-Soviet plots." "In order to illustrate it to

you that you again examine me," stated Rozenblum, "Zakovsky gave me several possible purpose of sparing me but in variants of the organization of order to unmask the vile prov- this center and of its branches. ocation which like a snake After he detailed the organization, Zakovsky told me that the sons in a great degree due to N. K. V. D. would prepare the my meanness and criminal case of this center, remarking slander. I have never betrayed that the trial would be public. "Before the court were to be It would appear that such an members from the branches of

an examination by the Central Committee. This, however, was center has to be built solidly these questions: Could Yezhov tion of innocent people. Investigation of Eikhe's case not done and the declaration was and for this reason witnesses have arrested Kosior, for in- Not long ago, only several was made in a manner, which transmitted to Beria while the are needed. Social origin (of was made in a manner, which transmitted to Beria while the are needed. Social origin (of most brutally violated Soviet terrible maltreatment of the course, in the past) and the political Bureau candidate, Comparison of the witness will play more than a small

N.K.V.D. INSTRUCTIONS QUOTED

"You, yourself," said Zakovsky, "will not need to invent ures? you will have to study it carequestions and answers which the court might ask. This case preparing yourself so that you will not compromise the investigation and yourself. Your manage to endure it, you will save your head and we will feed has been definitely established and clothe you at the govern-This is the kind of vile things which were then practiced.

cal Bureau, member of the party falsification of cases practiced these cases. Stalin not only since 1905, who spent ten years in the provinces. The N.K.V.D. agreed to, but on his own initiaheadquarters of the Sverdlovsk tive, issued arrest orders. We ceiving detailed instructions completely retracted in court Oblast "discovered" the so-called must say this so that the dele- from Beria. We must say that the confession which was forced "Ural uprising staff" - an or- gates to the congress can clearly at the Central Committee Pregan of the bloc of rightists, undertake and themselves assess Trotskyites, Socialist Revolu- this and draw the proper conclutionaries, church leaders-whose sions. chief supposedly was the Secretary of the Sverdlovsk Oblast Party Committee and member without reckoning with any methods of physical pressure of the Central Committee, All- norms of party and Soviet legal- against the arrested were in Union Communist party (Bol- ity. Stalin was a very distrust- practice executed. sheviks), Kabakov, who had ful man, sickly suspicious; we

been a party member since 1914. knew this from our work with show that all norms of correct The investigative materials of him. He could look at a man party solution of problems were that time show that in almost and say: "Why are your eyes invalidated and everything was all krais, oblasts and republics so shifty today," or "Why are dependent upon the willfulness there supposedly existed "right- you turning so much today and of one man. ist Trotskyite, espionage-terror avoiding to look me directly in and diversionary-sabotage or- the eyes?" The sickly suspicion STALIN'S ROLE IN WAR ganizations and centers" and created in him a general disthat the heads of such organ- trust even toward eminent party izations as a rule-for no known reason — were first secretaries of oblast or republic Communist party committee or Central Committees. (Movement in the hall.)

Many thousands of honest and and choked a person morally innocent Communists have died and physically. A situation was as a result of this monstrous created were one could not ex-Committee of the All-Union faisification of such "cases," as press one's own will. Communist party (Bolshe- a result of the fact that all When Stalin said that one or of a strategic plan prepared by viks) about all this in writing. kinds of slanderous "confes- another should be arrested, it Stalin long before, used the tac-He assures the court that he sions" were accepted, and as a was necessary to accept on tics of so-called "active defense," personally had never any evil result of the practice of forc- faith that he was an "enemy of i. e., tactics which, as we know,

always agreed with the party ner were fabricated the "cases" state security, outdid itself in Using such tactics the Soviet policy pertaining to all spheres against eminent party and state proving the guilt of the arrested Army, supposedly, thanks only of economic and cultural ac- workers - Kosior, Chubar, and the truth of materials which to Stalin's genius, turned to the Postyshev, Kosaryev, and others. it falsified.

This declaration of Rudzutak In those years repressions on

party, Soviet, Komsomol, Army After careful examination of and economic workers were sent fession of counter-revolution- the case in 1955 it was estab- to Stalin. He approved these

REVIEWED

humously.

Mass arrests of party, Soviet, economic and military workers caused tremendous harm to our country and to the cause of Socialist advancement.

Mass repressions had a negative influence on the moral-pocion, and sowed distrust among Communists. All sorts of slanderers and careerists were ac-Resolutions of the January

Plenum of the Central Committee. All-Union Communist party (Bolsheviks), in 1938 brought some measure of improvement to the party organizations. However, widespread repression also existed in 1938.

Only because our party has at its disposal such great moralpolitical strength was it possible for it to survive the difficult events in 1937-1938 and to educate new cadres. There is, however, no doubt that our march forward toward socialism and toward the preparation of the I perish because of vile and brought four or five members been much more successful were mean work of the enemies of of this center: Chudov, Ugarov, it not for the tremendous loss the name of the Central Comthe party and of the people, Smorodin, Pozern, Shaposhniko- in the cadres suffered as a re- mittee of the All-Union Com- armed units with the intent of

BLAME PLACED ON STALIN

ders and his sanction Yezhov could not have done this. We have examined the cases

and have rehabilitated Kosior, Rudzutak, Postyshev, Kosaryev and others. For what causes were they arrested and sentenced? The review of evidence shows that there was no reason for this. They, like many others, were arrested without the prosecutor's knowledge.

In such a situation there is no need for any sanction, for what tive judge, had to make them sort of a sanction could there be when Stalin decided everything? Even more widely was the He was the chief prosecutor in

workers whom he had known led to serious consequences durfor years. Everywhere and in everything he saw "enemies," "two-facers" and "spies." Possessing unlimited power,

he indulged in great willfulness

rested, and the investigative Land of the Soviets, through our Only in one way - because of Stalin. application of physical methods of pressuring him, tortures, bringing him to a state of unconsciousness, deprivation of his human dignity. In this manner were "confessions" acquired.

TORTURE DEFENDED BY STALIN

When the wave of mass arrests began to recede in 1939, and the leaders of territorial of using methods of physical then for every blow of the en-emy we will answer with three cases pressure on the arrested, Stalin by the first one — who utilizthe way in which the former are being reviewed now and a dispatched a coded telegram enemy on his soil and we will be the knowledge that my N. K. V. D. workers manufacture great part of them are being Jan. 20, 1939, to the committee with without much harm to our voided because they were base- secretaries of oblasts and krais, win without much harm to our-"The Central Committee of DISPUTED

the All-Union Communist party (Bolsheviks) explains (Bolsheviks). It is known that all bourgeois intelligence services use methods of physical influence against the represensheviks) considers that physi- near the Soviet borders. cal pressure should still be used obligatorily, as an exfiable and appropriate."

fate of such eminent party fig- brain of a bird, and morally com- him." could be drawn.

The question arises whether a man with such an intellect could tion of this sort concerning the alone make the investigation in threat of German armed invasion a manner to prove the guilt of of Soviet territory was coming." people such as Kosior and others. in also from our own military No, he could not have done it and diplomatic sources; however, without proper directives. At because the leadership was conthe Central Committee Presid- ditioned against such informa-in ium session he told us: "I was tion, such data were dispatched" told that Kosior and Chubar were people's enemies and for this reason, I, as an investigaconfess that they are enemies." (Indignation in the hall.) He could do this only through

long tortures, which he did, residium session he cynically declared: "I thought that I was executing the orders of the Facts prove that many abuses party." In this manner Stalin's were made on Stalin's orders orders concerning the use of These and many other facts

The power accumulated in the hands of one person, Stalin, ing the Great Patriotic War. When we look at many of our

novels, films and historical stated: "scientific studies," the role of Stalin in the Patriotic War appears to be entirely improbable. Stalin had foreseen everything. The Soviet Army, on the basis designs in regard to the policy ing accusations against oneself the people." Meanwhile, Beria's allowed the Germans to come up of our party because he had and others. In the same man-

offensive and subdued the en-And what proofs were offer- emy. The epic victory gained sions." And how is it possible type of novel, film and "scienthat a person confesses to crimes tific study" as being completely which he has not committed? due to the strategic genius of

We have to analyze this matter carefully because it has a tremendous significance not only from the historical, but especially from the political, educational and practical point of

What are the facts of this matter?

Before the war our press and all our political - educational work was characterized by its bragging tone: when an enemy party organizations began to violates the holy Soviet soil, accuse the N. K. V. D. workers then for every blow of the enmunity of our borders.

STALIN'S EXCUSE

During the war and after the that the application of meth- war Stalin put forward the thesis ods of physical pressure in that the tragedy which our na-N. K. V. D. practice is per- tion experienced in the first part missible from 1937 on in ac- of the war was the result of hecordance with permission of "unexpected" attack of there the Central Committee of the Germans against the Sovieton All-Union Communist party Union. But, Comrades, this is completely untrue.

As soon as Hitler came to power in Germany he assigned to himself the task of liquidat-11:3 tatives of the Socialist prole- ing communism. The Fascists in tariat and that they use them were saying this openly; they in their most scandalous forms, did not hide their plans. To at-"The question arises as to tain this aggressive end all sorts... why the Socialist intelligence of pacts and blocs were created, service should be more hu- such as the famous Berlin-Rome-in manitarian against the mad Tokyo Axis. Many facts from ... agents of the bourgeoisie, the pre-war period clearly against the deadly enemies of showed that Hitler was going the working class and of the all out to begin a war against collective farm workers. The the Soviet state and that he had Central Committee of the All- concentrated larged armed units; Union Communist party (Bol- together with armored unitsy

Documents which have now been published show that by ception applicable to known April 3, 1941 [Sir Winston] and obstinate enemies of the Churchill, through his Ambaspeople, as a method both justi- sador to the U. S. S. R. [Sir Stafford] Cripps, personally 19 Thus, Stalin had sanctioned in warned Stalin that the Germans of had begun regrouping their b who fabricated the provoca- va [Chudov's wife] and others, sult of the baseless and false munist party (Bolsheviks) the attacking the Soviet Union. It together with two or three mass repressions in 1937-1938. most brutal violation of Socialist is self-evident that Churchill did We are justly accusing Ye-legality, torture and oppression, not do this at all because of his zhov for the degenerate practices which led as we have seen to friendly feeling toward the Soviet nation.

He had in this his own imperialistic goals-to bring Gerof opinions or a Political Bureau mittee Presidium session and strengthen the position of the decision concerning this? No, interrogated the investigative British Empire. Just the same, there was not, as there was none judge Rodos, who in his time Churchill affirmed in his writregarding other cases of this investigated and interrogated ings that he sought to "warn" type. Could Yezhov have decided Kosior, Chubar and Kosaryev. Stalin and call his attention to such important matters as the He is a vile person, with the the danger which threatened

pletely degenerate. And it was Churchill stressed this rethis man who was deciding the peatedly in his dispatches of fate of prominent party workers; April 18 and in the following he was making judgments also days. However, Stalin took no No, it would be a display of concerning the politics in these heed of these warnings. What is naivete to consider this the work matters, because having estab- more, Stalin ordered that no of Yezhov alone. It is clear that lished their "crime," he provided credence be given to information" these matters were decided by therewith materials from which of this sort, in order not to prooperations.

We must assert that informawith fear and assessed with reservation.

Thus, for instance, information '." sent from Berlin May 6, 1941 by the Soviet military attaché, Capt. Vorontsov, stated:

"Soviet citizen Bozer . . . communicated to the deputy naval attache that according to a statement of a certain German officer from Hitler's Headquarters, Germany is preparing to invade the U.S.S.R. May 14 through Finland, the Baltic countries and Latvia. At the same time Moscow and Leningrad will be heavily raided and paratroopers landed in border cities."

In his report of May 22, 1941, the deputy military attaché in Berlin, Khlopov, communicated that " . . . the attack of the German army is reportedly scheduled for June 15, but it is possible that it may begin in the first days of June.'

WARNING FROM LONDON RECALLED

A cable from our London Embassy dated June 18, 1941.

"As of now Cripps is deeply ... convinced of the inevitability ar of armed conflict between Germany and the U. S. S. R. which will begin not later than the middle of June. According to Cripps, the Germans have presently concentrated 12 147 divisions (including air

(Continued on page 5)

. . Text of Khrushchev's Speech

(Continued from page 4)

the Soviet borders grave warnings, the necessary on the night of June 22 at 3 and to prevent it from being this warning was ignored. caught unawares.

Did we have time and the the Soviet Army with every-thing that it needed. This is proven by the fact that although | ficant historical moment? during the war we lost almost half of our industry and important industrial and food production areas as the result of enemy occupation of the Ukraine, hours and days the enemy had Northern Caucasus and other destroyed in our border regions western parts of the country, a large part of our air force, that time would have threatened the Soviet nation was still able artillery and other equipment; our army with fatal conseto organize the production of he annihilated large numbers of miliary equipment in the east- our military cadres and disern parts of the country, install organized our military leaderthere equipment taken from the ship; consequently we could not Western industrial areas, and to supply our armed forces with ing deep into the country. everything which was necessary to destroy the enemy.

Had our industry been mobilized properly and in time to sup-

the war. But mass production of almost completely liquidated. all this was not organized and as a matter of fact we started to modernize our military equipment only on the eve of the war. As a result, at the time of the enemy's invasion of the Soviet quantities either of old machinery which was no longer used for armament production or of new machinery which we had planned to introduce into armament pro-

The situation with anti-aircraft artillery was especially bad: we did not organize the production of anti-tank ammunition. Many fortified regions had proven to be indefensible as soon as they were attacked, because the old arms had been withdrawn and new ones were not yet available there.

RIFLES FOR ARMY LACKING

At the outbreak of the war we

us arms." Malenkov answered me: cannot send you arms. We are sending all our rifles to Leningrad and you have to arm yourselves." (Movement in the hall.) Such was the armament situ- fatherland.

In this connection we cannot forget, for instance, the following fact. Shortly before the invasion of the Soviet Union by the Hitlerite army, Kirponos, who was Chief of the Kiev Special Military District (he was later killed at the front) wrote to Stalin that the German Armies were at the Bug River, were preparing for an attack and in the very near future would probably start their ofponos proposed that a strong defense be organized, that 300,000 when some members of the Politpersons be evacuated from the ical Bureau visited him and told strong points be organized there: certain steps immediately to imanti-tank ditches, trenches for prove the situation at the front. the soldiers, etc.

sition with the assertion, that land in the first period of the this would be a provocation, that war was largely due to the faulty no preparatory defensive work methods of directing the nation fury! How could it be admitted leaders, leaders of Soviet culshould be undertaken at the and the party by Stalin himself. tht he, Stalin, had not been borders, that the Germans were not to be given any pretext for about the moment when the war and a genius cannot help but be the initiation of military action began, which led to serious dis- right! Everyone can err, but against us. Thus, our borders organization of our army and Stalin considered that he never place of work generously gave were insufficiently prepared to repel the enemy.

actually invaded Soviet territory Stalin demonstrated, interfering take, large or small, despite the and military operations began, Moscow issued the order that caused our army serious damage. takes in the matter of theory Stalin, despite evident facts, thought that the war had not reason for the Germans to begin

GERMAN'S INFORMATION IGNORED

Despite these particularly fensive against the Soviet Union personnel losses.

As you see, everything was capabilities for such prepara- army commanders, declarations tions? Yes, we had the time of deserters from the enemy and dipabilities. Our industry army, and even the open hostilwas already so developed that ity of the enemy. Is this an can corroborate what I will tell it was capable of fully supplying | example of the alertness of the you. chief of the party and of the KHARKOV USED AS state at this particularly signi-

And what were the results of was that already in the first

beginning of the war, followed of our army. Stalin's annihilation of many ply the army with the necessary military commanders and polimateriel, our wartime losses ical workers during 1937-41 bewould have been decidedly cause of his suspiciousness and smaller, Such mobilization had through slanderous accusations. not been, however, started in During these years repressions time. And already in the first were instituted against certain days of the war it became evident that our army was badly ning literally at the company armed, that we did not have and battalion commander level enough artillery, tanks and and extending to the higher miliplanes to throw the enemy back. tary centers. During this time Soviet science and technology the cadre of leaders who had produced excellent models of gained military experience in tanks and artillery pieces before Spain and in the Far East was

The policy of large-scale repressions against the military planned operations on a globe. cadres led also to undermined (Animation in the hall.) Yes military discipline, because for comrades, he used to take the several years officers of all globe and trace the frontline land we did not have sufficient ranks and even soldiers in the on it. party and Komsomol cells were I said to Comrade Vasilevsky: taught to "unmask" their su- "Show him the situation on a periors as hidden enemies. map; in the present situation we natural that this caused a nega- which was planned. The old demilitary discipline in the first good of the cause." war period.

ably loyal to the party and to cerning this matter because the HISTORICAL FILMS that those of them who managed arguments on the subject of to survive despite severe tor- this operation, tures to which they were subfatherland.

did not even have sufficient rades as Rokossovsky (who, as to speak personally to Stalin. numbers of rifles to arm the you know, had been jailed), Gor- Stallin informed me through mobilized manpower. I recall batov, Meretskov (who is a dele- Malenkov that I should speak that in those days I telephoned gate at the present congress), with Malenkov. to Comrade Malenkov from Kiev Podlas (he was an excellent com- I stated for the second time and told him: "People have vol- mander who perished at the that I wished to inform Stalin unteered for the new army and front), and many, many others. personally about the grave situdemand arms. You must send However, many such command- ation which had arisen for us at ers perished in camps and jails the front. But Stalin did not and the army saw then no more. consider it convenient to raise ginning of the war and which Malenkov, although he was only was the great threat to our a few steps from the telephone.

STALIN'S DESPAIR RECOUNTED

It would be incorrect to forget end. In one of his speeches in Lenin created we have lost for-

After this Stalin for a long ment in the hall.) time actually did not direct the turned to active leadership only

Therefore the threatening dan-Moscow answered this propo- ger which hung over our father-

brought us severe losses. Even erred, that he was always right. after the war began the nerv-When the Fascist armies had ousness and hysteria which with actual military operations, fact that he made not a few mis-

understanding of the real situayet started, that this was only a tion that was developing at the shall probably have to re-evaluate provocative action on the part front. That was natural because many wartime military operaof several undisciplined sections during the whole Patriotic War tions and to present them in of the German army, and that he never visited any section of their true light. our reaction might serve as a the front or any liberated city except for one short ride on the sisted without knowing the es-Mozhaisk Highway during a sence of the conduct of battle

The following fact is also of fantasies of all sorts and so the offensive. known. On the eye of the inva- many printings. Simultaneoussion of the territory of the ly, Stalin was interfering with ready by the end of 1941 instead various economic and cultural against party cadres. Soviet Union by the Hitlerite operations and issuing orders of great operational maneuvers sectors; many women partici-

ations in the Headquarters of the Southwestern front and who

ILLUSTRATION

jective was to encircle Kharkov, one but himself. quences if this operation were continued.

We communicated this to Stalin, stating that the situaprevent the enemy from marchtional plans so that the enemy Very grievous consequences, would be prevented from liquiespecially in reference to the dating a sizable concentration

Contrary to common sense, Stalin rejected our suggestion and issued the order to continue the operation aimed at the encirclement of Kharkov, despite the fact that at this time many

I telephoned to Vasilevsky and begged him:

"Alexander Mikhailovich, take oped."

We should note that Stalin

(Movement in the hall.) It is cannot continue the operation tive influence on the state of cision must be changed for the

Vasilevsky replied saying that And, as you know, we had be- Stalin had already studied this fore the war excellent military problem and that he, Vasilevsky, in the hall.) cadres which were unquestion- would not see Stalin further conthe fatherland. Suffice it to say latter did not want to hear any DISCREDITED

Malenkov that I was calling I have here in mind such com- from the front and that I wanted

All this brought about the the phone and again stated that situation that existed at the be- I should speak to him through After "listening" in this manner to our plea Stalin said, "Let

everything remain as it is!" And what was the result of that after the first severe dis this? The worst that we had exaster and the defeats at the front pected. The Germans surrounded Stalin thought that this was the our army concentrations and consequently we lost hundreds of those days he said: "All that thousands of our soldiers. This is Stalin's military "genius;" this is what it cost us. (Move-

On one occasion after the war, military operations and ceased during a meeting of Stalin with fensive. In this connection Kir- to do anything whatever. He re- members of the Political Bureau, Anastas Ivanovich Mikoyan mentioned that Khruschev must have been right when he teleborder areas and that several him that it was necessary to take phoned concerning the Kharkov operation and that it was unfortunate that this suggestion had not been accepted.

FURY OF STALIN IS CITED

You should have seen Stalin's However, we speak not only right! He is after all a "genius,"

anyone that he made any mis-Stalin was very far from an and in his practical activity. After the Party Congress we

The tactics on which Stalin instabilized situation at the front. operations cost us much blood To this incident were dedi- until we succeeded in stopping our Soviet women who bore on of the people and liquidated? cated many literary works full the opponent and going over to their backs the heavy load of

The military know that al-

front favorable to us.

fact that after our great victory smashed him. over the enemy which cost us so much, Stalin began to down-When there developed an ex- who contributed so much to the ceptional serious situation for victory over the enemy, because this carefree attitude, this dis-our army in 1942 in the Kharkov Stalin excluded every possibility region, we had correctly decided that services rendered at the region, we had correctly decided that services rendered at the to drop an operation, whose ob- front should be credited to any-

Stalin was very much interested in the assessment of Comrade Zhukov as a military leader. He asked me often for my opinion of Zhukov. I told him then, time; he is a good general and a good military leader."

After the war Stalin began to plause.) tell all kinds of nonsense about MINORITIES WERE EXILED Zhukov; among others the following, "You praised Zhukov, but he does not deserve it. It is said that before each operation at the front Zhukov used to behave as follows: he used to take a handful of earth, smell it and say, 'We can begin the attack.' or the opposite, 'the planned operation cannot be carried out',' I stated at that time, "Comrade Stalin, I do not know who invented this, but it is not true."

self invented these things for the policy of the Soviet State. We purpose of minimizing the role refer to the mass deportations and military talents of Marshal

energetically popularized himself as a great leader. In various ways he tried to inculcate in the people the version that all victories gained by the Soviet nation during the great patriotic daring and genius of Stalin and of no one else. Exactly like Kuzma Kryuchkov [a famous] put one dress on seven persons at the same time. (Animation period, at the end of December,

for instance, our historical and deported and the Chechen-After my talk with Vasilevsky military films and some literary Ingush Autonomous Republic jected in the prisons, have from I telephoned to Stalin at his creations; they make us feel was liquidated. In April, 1944, the first war days shown them- villa. But Stalin did not answer sick. Their true objective is the all Balkars were deported to selves real patriots and heroical- the telephone and Malenkov was propagation of the theme of faraway places from the terri- These resolutions were made disappear." This pertained, alas, not only ly fought for the glory of the at the receiver. I told Comrade praising Stalin as a military tory of the Kabardino-Balkar without prior discussion with the genius. Let us recall the film, Autonomous Republic and the Stalin acts; he issues orders in Kabardinian Autonomous Rethe hall in which there are many public. empty chairs and only one man approached him and reports something to him-that is Poskrebyshev, his loyal shield-

bearer. (Laughter in the hall.) And where is the military command? Where is the Political Bureau? Where is the Government? What are they doing and with what are they engaged? There is nothing about them in the film. Stalin acts for everybody; he does not reckon with anyone; he asks no one for advice. Everything is shown to the nation in this false light. Why? In order to surround Stalin with glory, contrary to the facts and contrary to historical truth.

The question arises: And film; with Stalin in, no room was great sacrifices and tremendous left for them.

whole, the Soviet Government, The party came out of the war our heroic army, its talented even more united: in the fire of leaders and brave soldiers, the the war party cadres were temthe ones who assured the victory conditions nobody could have in the great patriotic war. even thought of the possibility of (Tempestuous and prolonged ap- some plot in the party. plause.)

The Central Committee members, ministers, our economic ture, directors of territorial party and Soviet organizations, fabricated. Those who innocentengineers, and technicianseveryone of them in his own of his strength and knowledge He never acknowledged to toward ensuring victory over the

> Exceptional heroism was shown stood very close to Stalin. It long since been liquidated, which, by our hard core-surrounded by is sufficient to mention that in pre-revolutionary Georgia, inglory is our whole working class, Stalin made Voznesensky first cluded 78 per cent of the populaour collective farm peasantry, deputy to the Chairman of the tion. the Soviet intelligentsia, who under the leadership of party or sov was elected Secretary of the ing the situation in their repubganizations overcame untold Central Committee, The very lic with the hard situation of hardships and, bearing the hard- fact that Stelin entrusted Kuz- the working masses in Turkey; ships of war, devoted all their netsov with the supervision of be aspiring to join Turkey? In strength to the cause of the de- the state security organs shows 1955 Georgia produced eighteen fense of the fatherland.

Great and brave deeds during production work in the factories, grad Affair" also is the result 1950 census, 65 per cent of beaten. Present at this congress on the collective farms, and in

nihilation of the enemy.

force and service units) along that the German armies had section of the front and which demanded incessant frontal at the Soviet soldiers, of our com- not have happened. received orders to start the of- could not help but result in huge tacks and the capture of one vil- manders and political workers We must state that after the lage after another. Because of of all ranks; after the loss of a war the situation became even I will allow myself in this con- this we paid with great losses considerable part of the army more complicated. Stalin became steps were not taken to prepare o'clock. Stalin was informed nection to bring out one charac- until our generals, on whose in the first war months they did even more capricious, irritable the country properly for defense about this immediately, but even teristic fact that illustrates how shoulders rested the whole weight not lose their heads and were and brutal; in particular his Stalin directed operations at the of conducting the war, succeed able to reorganize during the suspicion grew. His persecution fronts. There is present at this ed in changing the situation and progress of combat; they cre- mania reached unbelievable di-As you see, everything was congress Marshal Bagramyan, shifting to flexible maneuver ated and toughened during the mensions. Many workers were who was once the Chief of Oper- operations, which immediately progress of the war a strong becoming enemies before his very brought serious changes at the and heroic army and not only eyes. After the war Stalin sepastood off pressure of the strong rated himself from the collective All the more shameful was the and cunning enemy but also even more. Everything was de-

The magnificent and heroic deeds of hundreds of millions of thing. grade many of the commanders people of the East and of the This unbelievable suspicion (Thunderous applause)

Comrades. let us reach for

some other facts. The Soviet Union is justly considered as a model of a multi-national state because we have in practice assured the equality and friendship of all nations which live in our great fatherland.

All the more monstrous are the acts whose initiator was Stalin and which are rude violations of the basic Leninist It is possible that Stalin him- principles of the nationality from their native place of whole nations, together with all In this connection Stalin very without any exception; this deportation action was not dictated by any military considerations.

Thus, already at the end of 1943, when there occurred a war were due to the courage, permanent break-through at the fronts of the great patriotic war benefiting the Soviet Union, a decision was taken and executed Cossack who performed heroic concerning the deportation of feats against the Germans], he all the Karachai from the lands 1943, the same lot befell the whole population of the Kalmyk

Autonomous Republic. In March, 1944, all the Che-In the same vein, let us take, chen and Ingush peoples were "The Fall of Berlin." Here only republic itself was renamed the

The Ukrainians avoided meet-

hall.) Not only a Marxist-Leninist people, Communists and Komsopersons or groups of persons.

After the conclusion of the shoulders rested the burden of stressed with pride the magniefforts. The country experienced Not Stalin, but the party as a a period of political enthusiasm.

> THE LENINGRAD AFFAIR And it was precisely at this time that the so-called "Leningrad Affair" was born. As we have now proven, this case was ly lost their lives included Comrades Voznesensky, Kuznetsov, Rodionov, Popkov, and others.

Council of Ministers and Kuznetthe trust he enjoyed.

Facts prove that the "Lenin-

triotic war at the fronts; our tee and in the Central Committingher learning, which have confessions from the doctors we brave youth contributed im- tee Political Bureau, affairs of about 39,000 students, this is will shorten you by a head. measurably at the front and at this nature would have been ex- eight times more than in Tur- (Tumult in the hall.) home to the defense of the So- amined there in accordance with key (for each 1,000 inhabitants). viet fatherland and to the an- party practice, and all pertinent The prosperity of the working facts assessed; as a result such people has grown tremendously crossed our border and stated tion the real situation at a given trating behind his back, Stalin Immortal are the services of an affair as well as others would in Georgia under Soviet rule.

> cided by him alone without any consideration for anyone or any-

West during the fight against was cleverly taken advantage of the threat of Fascist subjuga by the abject provocateur and tion which loomed before us will vile enemy, Beria, who had murlive centuries and millenia in the dered thousands of Communists memory of thankful humanity, and loyal Soviet people. The elevation of Voznesensky and Kuz-The main role and the main netsov allarmed Beria. As we credit for the victorious ending have now proven, it had been of the war belongs to our Com- precisely Beria who had "sugmunist party, to the armed gested" to Stalin the fabrication forces of the Soviet Union, and by him and by his confidents of "I have known Zhukov for a long to the tens of millions of Soviet materials in the form of declarapeople raised by the party, tions and anonymous letters, and (Thunderous and prolonged ap- in the form of various rumors and talks.

The party's Central Committee has examined this so-called "Leningrad Affair"; persons who innocently suffered are now rehabilitated and honor has been restored to the glorious Leningrad party organization. Abakumov and others who had fabricated this affair were brought before a court; their trial took place in Leningrad and they received what they deserved.

The question arises: Why is it that we see the truth of this affair only now, and why did we not do something earlier, during Stalin's life, in order to prevent the loss of innocent lives? It was because Stalin personally supervised the "Leningrad Affair," and the majority of the Political cow, I was invited to visit Stalin Bureau members did not, at that time, know all of the circumstances in these matters, and could not therefore intervene.

MINGRELIAN 'PLOT' CITED When Stalin received certain materials from Beria and Albakumov, without examining these slanderous materials, he ordered an investigation of the "affair" on which they lived. In the same of Voznesensky and Kuznetsov. With this their fate was sealed, the case of the Mingrelian nationalist organization, which supposedly existed in Georgia. As is known, resolutions by the Central Committee, Communist party of the Soviet Union, were made concerning this case in November 1951 and in March 1952. Political Bureau.

them. They made serious accu- his little finger but everything sations against many loyal Com- else that he could shake, Tito sy's statement? No. because munist. On the basis of falsi- did not fall. Why? The reason Stalin believed in Beria, and ing this fate only because there fied documents it was proven was that, in this case of dis- when Stalin believed in anyone were too many of them and that there existed in Georgia a lagreement with the Yugoslav there was no place to which to supposedly nationalistic organi- comrades, Tito had behind him deport them. Otherwise, he zation whose objective was the a state and a people who had would have deported them also. liquidation of the Soviet power gone through a severe school of (Laughter and animation in the in that republic with the help of fighting for liberty and inde- have met the same fate as Kaimperialist powers.

In this connection, a number but also no man of common of responsible party and Soviet sense can grasp how it is pos- workers were arrested in Geor- nia for greatness led. He had Snegov made at the party's Censible to make whole nations re- gia. As was later proven, this completely lost consciousness of tral Committee is interesting sponsible for inimical activity, was a slander directed against reality; he demonstrated his sus- (parenthetically speaking, he including women, children, old the Georgian party organization. picion and haughtiness not only was also rehabilitated not long

mols, to use mass repression at times manifestations of local U. S. S. R., but in relation to prison camps). In his declaraagainst them, and to expose bourgeois nationalism in Georgia whole parties and nations. them to misery and suffering for as in several other republics. the hostile acts of individual The question arises: Could it be the case of Yugoslavia and have possible that in the period dur- found a proper solution which is ing which the resolutions rewhere are the military on whose patriotic war the Soviet Nation ferred to above were made, nationalist tendencies grew so the war? They are not in the ficent victories gained through much that there was a danger of Georgia's leaving the Soviet mocracies and by all progressive Union and joining Turkey? (Animation in the hall, laugh-

This is, of course, nonsense. It is impossible to imagine how whole Soviet nation—these are pered and hardened. Under such such assumptions could enter strengthening peace in the whole anyone's mind. Everyone knows how Georgia has developed economically and culturally under Soviet rule.

PROGRESS IN GEORGIA NOTED

Industrial production of the Georgian Republic is twentyseven times greater than it was before the revolution. Many new industries have arisen in Georgia that did not exist there before As is known, Voznesensky and the revolution: iron smelting, an Kuznetsov were talented and oil industry, a machine construceminent leaders. Once they tion industry, etc. Illiteracy has

Could the Georgians, compartimes as much steel a person as How did it happen that these Turkey. Georgia produces nine the war were accomplished by persons were branded as enemies times as much electrical energy a person as Turkey.

of willfulness Stalin exercised Turkey's total population are as a delegate is the Former he knew Beria well and for that Had a normal situation existed per cent are illiterate. Georgia rade Ignatiev. Stalin told him

It is clear that as the economy and culture develop, and as the Socialist consciousness of the working masses in Georgia grows, the source from which bourgeois nationalism draws its strength evaporates.

As it developed, there was no nationalistic organization ir Georgia. Thousands of innocent persons fell victim of willfulness and lawlessness. All of this happened under the "genial" leadership of Stalin, "the great son of the Georgian nation," as Georgians liked to refer to Stalin. (Animation in the hall.)

The willfulness of showed itself not only in decisions concerning the internal life of the country but also in the international relations of the Soviet Union. The July Plenum of the Cen-

tral Committee studied in detail the reasons for the development

of conflict with Yugoslavia. It lin played here. The "Yugoslav Affair' contained no problems end. that could not have been solved through party discussions among

There was no significant basis for the development of this "affair," it was completely possible to have prevented the rupture of relations with that country. This does not mean, however, that the Yugoslav leaders did not make mistakes or did not have shortcomings. But these mistakes and shortcomings were magnified in a monstrous manner by Stalin, which resulted in a break of relations with a friendly country.

I recall the first days when the conflict between the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia began artifically to be blown up. Once, when I came from Kiev to Moswho, pointing to the copy of a letter lately sent to Tito, asked me, "Have you read this?"

FALL OF TITO PLEDGED BY STALIN

Not waiting for my reply he answered: "I will shake my little finger-and there will be no more Tito. He will fall."

We have dearly paid for this "shaking of the little finger." This statement reflected Stalin's Instructive in the same way is mania for greatness, but he acted just that way: "I will shake my little finger-and there will be no Kosior"; "I will shake my IS NOTED little finger once more and Postyshev and Chubar will be no more": "I will shake my little finger again-and Voznesensky. Kuznetsov and many others will

But this did not happen to No matter how much or cluded when Kaminsky Stalin had personally dictated how little Stalin shook, not only pendence, a people which gave minsky. support to its leaders.

You see to what Stalin's ma-

We have carefully examined approved by the peoples of the Soviet Union and of Yugoslavia as well as by the working masses of all the people's de humanity The liquidation of the abnormal relationship with Yugoslavia was done in the interest of the whole camp of socialism, in the interest of world.

Let us also recall the "Affair of the Doctor Plotters." (Animation in the hall.) Actually there was no "affair" outside of the declaration of the woman doctor Timashuk, who was probably influenced or ordered by some one (after all, she was an unofficial collaborator of the organs of state security) to write of the Organizational Bureau of Stalin a letter in which she de- the Central Committee, Allclared that doctors were apply- Union Communist party (Bolsheing supposedly improper methods of medical treatment.

doctor-plotters in the Soviet Un- of them I alone am alive. ion. He issued orders to arrest | "During this session J. V. Stalin. a group of eminent Soviet medi- made a motion at the end of his cal specialists. He personally speech concerning the organizaissued advice on the conduct of tion of the Secretariat of the the investigation and the meth- Trans-Caucasian Krai Commitod of interrogation of the ar- tee composed of the following: rested persons. .

STALIN THREAT RECALLED

Vinogradov, should be put in name was mentioned as a can-According to the available chains, another one should be didate for a party position). illiterate, and of the women, 80 Minister of State Security, Com- reason refused categorically to army a certain German citizen that did not take into considera- flanking the opponent and pene- pated directly in the great pa- in the party's Central Commit- has nineteen institutions of curtly, "If you do not obtain

Stalin personally called the investigative judge, gave him

instructions, advised him on which investigative methods hould be used; these methods vere simple—beat beat and. once again, beat,

Shortly after the doctors were arrested we members of the Political Bureau received protools from the doctors; confesions of guilt. After distributing hese protocols Stalin told us, You are blind like young kitens; what will happen without ne? The country will perish because you do not know how to 'ecognize enemies."

The case was so presented hat no one could verify the 'acts on which the investigation was based. There was no possinility of trying to verify facts y contacting those who had made the confessions of guilt.

We felt, however, that the ase of the arrested doctors was questionable. We knew some of these people personally because they had once treated us. When we examined this "case" after was a shameful role which Sta- Stalin's death, we found it to be fabricated from beginning to

This ignominous "case" was set up by Stalin; he did not, however, have the time in which to bring it to an end (as he conceived that end), and for this reason-the doctors are still alive. Now all have been rehabilitated. They are working in the same places they were working before: they treat top individuals, not excluding members of the Government; they have our full confidence; and they execute their duties honestly, as they did be-

In organizing the various dirty and shameful cases, a very base role was played by the rabid enemy of our party, an agent of a foreign intelligence service -Beria, who had stolen into Stalin's confidence. In what way could this provocateur gain such a position in the party and in the state, so as to become the First Deputy Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Soviet Union and a member of the Central Committee Political Bureau? It has now been established that this villain had climbed up the Government ladder over an untold number of

Were there any signs that Beria was an enemy of the party? Yes, there were.

KAMINSKY SLAYING

Already in 1937, at a Central Committee Plenum, former People's Commissar of Health, Kaminsky, said that Beria worked for the Mussavat intelligence service. But the Central Committee Plenum had barely conrested and then shot.

Had Stalin examined Kamin or anything, then no one could say anything that was contrary to his opinion; anyone who would dare to express opposition would

There were other signs also. The declaration which Comrade We know that there have been in relation to individuals in the ago, after seventeen years in tion Snegov writes:

"In connection with the propheed rehabilitation of the former Central Committee member, Kartvelishvili-Lavrentiev, I have entrusted to the hands of the representative of the Committee of State Security a detailed deposition concerning Beria's role in the disposition of the Kartvelishvili case and concerning the criminal motives by which Beria was guided.

ANOTHER CASE RECALLED

"In my opinion it is indispensable to recall an important fact pertaining to this case and to communicate it to the Central Committee, because I did not consider it as proper to include in the investigation documents.

"On Oct. 30, 1931, at the session viks), Kartvelishvili, Secretary of the Trans-Caucasian Krai Such a letter was sufficient Committee, made a report. All for Stalin to reach an immedi- members of the Executive of the ate conclusion that there are Krai Committee were present;

First Secretary Kartvelishvili; Second Secretary Beria (it was then for the first time in the He said the academician, party's history that Beria's

"Kartvelishvili answered that

(Continued on page 6)

... Text of Khrushchev's Speech

work together with him. Stalin proposed then that this matter be left open and that it be solved in the process of the work itself. Two days later a decision was arrived at that Beria would receive the party post and that Kartvelishyili would be deported from the Trans-Caucasus."

This fact can be confirmed by Comrades Mikoyan and Kaganovich, who were present at that session.

The long unfriendly relations between Kurtvelshvili and Beria were widely known. They date back to the time when Comrade party's Central Committee short-Sergo [Ordzhonikidze] was active in the Trans-Caucasus; Kartvelishvili was the closest assistant of Sergo. The unfriendto fabricate a "case" against was shot. Kartvelishvili.

It is a characteristic thing that in this "case" Kartvelishvili act against Beria.

delegates to the congress have support. read this document. I wish to activity. They were shot withthe execution.

'OLD COMMUNIST' IS QUOTED

Here is what the old Communist, Comrade Kedrov, wrote Central Committee Comrade Andreyev through

fortovsky prison. Let my cry the heavens. of horror reach your ears; do not remain deaf; take me unhelp remove the nightmare of ples of the loathsome adulation phy of Stalin": der your protection; please interrogations and show that this is all a mistake.

"I suffer innocently. Please believe me. Time will testify sonally and some of them were to the truth. I am not an agent - provocateur of the Tsarist Okhrana; I am not a am also not guilty of any other crimes against the party and the Government. I am an pld Bolshevik, free of any for almost forty years in the ed in Stalin's own hand: ranks of the party for the good and the prosperity of the nation.

"Today I, a 62-year-old man, am being threatened by the investigative judges with more severe, cruel and degrading methods of physical pressure. They [the judges] are no longer capable of becoming aware of their error and of recognizing that their handling of my case is illegal and inpermissible. They try to justify their actions by picturing me as a hardened and raving enemy and are demanding increased repressions. But let the party know that I am innocent and that there is nothing which can turn a loyal son of the party into an enemy, even right up to his last dying breath.

"But I have no way out. I cannot divert from myself the hastily approaching new and powerful blows.

"Everything, however, has its limits. My torture has reached the extreme. My health is broken, my strength and my energy are waning, the end is drawing near. To die in a Soviet prison, branded as a vile traitor to the fatherland -what can be more monstrous by Vladimir Ilyich Lenin. for an honest man. And how monstrous all this is! Unsurpassed bitterness and pain

No! No! This will not happen; this cannot be-I cry. Neither the party, nor the read: Soviet Government, nor the People's Commissar, L. P. Beria, will permit this cruel irreparable injustice. I am firmly certain that given a quiet, objective examination. without any foul rantings, without any anger and without the fearful tortures, it would be easy to prove the baselessness of the charges. I believe deeply that truth and justice will triumph. I believe.

I believe." The old Bolshevik, Comrade Kedrov, was found innocent by the Military Collegium. But despite this, he was shot at Beria's order. (Indignation in the hall.)

SUICIDE OF ORDZHONIKIDZE

Ommited portion of list as found in "A Short Biography," by Joseph Stalin, Mose over Foreign Languages Publishing of Comrade Ordzhonistige of Stalin, Molotov, Kalinin, Moloto family of Comrade Ordzhonikidze. Why? Because Ordzhonikidze had tried to prevent Beria from realizing his shame- ers."

ful plans. Beria had cleared from his way all persons who could possibly interfere with

Ordzhonikidze was always an opponent of Beria, which he told Stalin. Instead of examining this affair and taking appropriate steps. Stalin allowed the liquidation of Ordzhonikedze's prother and brought Ordzhonikidze himself to such a state he was forced to shoot himself. (Indignation in the hall.) Such was Beria.

Beria was unmasked by the ly after Stalin's death. As a result of the particularly detailed legal proceedings it was established that Beria had commitly relationship impelled Beria ted monstrous crimes and Beria

The question arises why Beria, who had liquidated tens of thousands of party and Soviet workwas charged with a terroristic ers, was not unmasked during Stalin's life? He was not un-The indictment in the Beria masked earlier because he had case contains a discussion of utilized very skillfully Stalin's his crimes. Some things should, weaknesses; feeding him with however, be recalled, especially suspicions, he assisted Stalin in since it is possible that not all everything and acted with his

recall Beria's bestial disposition dividual acquired such monstrous his role as a strategist but in of the cases of Kedrov, Golubiev, size chiefly because Stalin him- the role of an author-editor, one and Golubiev's adopted mother, self, using all conceivable meth- of the main creators of his self-Baturina, persons who wished to ods, supported the glorification adulatory biography. inform the Central Committee of his own person. This is sup Such, comrades, are the facts. concerning Beria's treacherous ported by numerous facts. One We should rather say shameful of the most characteristic ex- facts. out any trial and the sentence amples of Stalin's self-glorifica- And one additional fact from was passed ex-post facto, after tion and of his lack of even elementary modesty is the edi- Stalin, As it is known, "The Short tion of his "Short Biography," Course of the History of the Allwhich was published in 1948.

the most dissolute flattery, an Commission of the Party Cenexample of making a man into a tral Committee. godhead, of transforming him into an infall lile saint, "the great-(Comrade Andreyev was then est leader," "sublime strategist a Central Committee Secretary): of all times and nations." Finally "I am calling to you for help no other words could be found from a gloomy cell of the Le with which to lift Stalin up to of the individual and was written

> BOOK EDITED BY STALIN We need not give here examfilling this book. All we need to add is that they all were approved and edited by Stalin per-

added in his own handwriting to the draft text of the book. What did Stalin consider esspy; I am not a member of an sential to write into this book? anti-Soviet organization of Did he want to cool the ardor which I am being accused on of his flatterers who were comthe basis of denunciations. I posing his "Short Biography." No! He marked the very places where he thought that the praise of his services was insufficient.

Here are some examples characterizing Stalin's activity, add-"In this fight against the skeptics and capitulators, the Trotskyites, Zinovievites, Bukharinites and Kamenevites, there was definitely welded together, after Lenin's death, that leading core of the party . .* that upheld the great banner of Lenin, rallied the party behind Lenin's behests,

and brought the Soviet people into the broad road of industrializing the country and collectivising the rural economy. The leader of this core and the guiding force of the party and the state was Comrade

Thus writes Stalin himself! Then he adds:

"Although he performed his task of leader of the party and the people with consummate skill and enjoyed the unreserved support of the entire Soviet people, Stalin never allowed his work to be marred by the slightest hint of vanity, conceit or self-adulation."

Where and when could a leader so praise himself? Is this worthy outlined by Lenin? This book this is slander of Lenin. (Proof a leader of the Marxist-Leninist type? No. Precisely against this did Marx and Engels take ports. Everything without the such a strong position. This also smallest exception is tied to his was always sharply condemned name.

In the draft text of his book appeared the following sentence: "Stalin is the Lenin of today." This sentence appeared to Stalin to be too weak, so in his own for amazement. Can a Marxisthandwriting he changed it to Leninist thus write about him-

"Stalin is the worthy continuer of Lenin's work, or, as it is said Or let us take the matter of in our party, Stalin is the Lenin the Stalin prizes. (Movement in of today." You see how well it the hall.) Not even the Czars is said, not by the nation but created prizes which they named by Stalin himself.

It is possible to give many STALIN PRAISED IN such self-praising appraisals ANTHEM written into the draft text of that book in Stalin's hand. Especially generously does he endow himself with praises pertaining to his military genius, to his talent for strategy.

I will cite one more insertion made by Stalin concerning the theme of the Stalinist military genius. He writes:

"The advanced Soviet science Ommitted portion of list as found in "A the whole educational directionrov, Yaroslavsky, Mikoyan, Andreyev, Shvernik Zhdanov, Shkiryatov and oth-

sive, of the co-operation of all (Loud, prolonged applause.) services and arms in modern warfare, of the role of big tank masses and air forces in modern war, and of the artillery as the most formidable various stages of the war Stalin's genius found the correct solution that took account of all the circumstance of the situation." (Movement in the hall.)

And further, writes Stalin: "Stalin's military mastership was displayed both in defense and offense. Comrade Stalin's genius enabled him to divine the enemy's plans and defeat them. The battles in which Comrade Stalin directed the Soviet armies are brilliant examples of operational mili-

tary skill." In this manner was Stalin praised as a strategist. Who Comrades: The cult of the in- did this? Stalin himself, not in

the same "Short Biography" of Union Communist Party (Bol-This book is an expression of sheviks)" was written by a

CULT OF THE INDIVIDUAL USED

This book, parenthetically, was also permeated with the cult by a designated group of authors. This fact was reflected in the following formulation on the proof copy of the "Short Biogra-

A commission of the Central Committee, all-Union Commuthe direction of Comrade Stalin and with his most active personal participation, has prepared a "Short Course of the History of the All-Union Communist party (Bolsheviks)." But even this phrase did not

satisfy Stalin: the following sentence replaced it in the final

Communist Party (Bolshe- preciated. viks), Short Course," written KHRUSHCHEV CALL by Comrade Stalin and approved by a commission of the Central Committee, All-Union Communist party (Bolsheviks). Add anything more? (Animation in the hall.)

As you see, a surprising metamorphosis changed the work created by a group into a book written by Stalin. It is not necessary to state how and why this metamorphosis took place.

A pertinent question comes to our mind: If Stalin is the author of this book, why did he need to praise the person of historical period of our glorious Communist party solely into an action of "the Stalin genius?"

Did this book properly reflect the efforts of the party in the Socialist transformation of the country, in the construction of Socialist society, in the indussteps taken by the party which speaks principally about Stalin, longed applause.) about his speeches, about his re-

And when Stalin himself asserts that he himself wrote the "Short Course of the History of the All-Union Communist Party (Bolsheviks)," this calls at least self, praising his own person to the heavens?

after themselves.

Stalin recognized as the best a text of the national anthem of the Soviet Union which contains not a word about the Communist party; it contains, however, the following unprecedented praise of Stalin:

"Stalin brought us up in loyalty to the people. He inspired us to great toil and acts."

In these lines of the anthem is false optimism and deceit.

of war received further de- ty. We should add for your velopment at Comrade Stalin's information that the Presidium hands. Comrade Stalin elabo- of the Central Committee has alrated the theory of the per- ready passed a resolution con- read their speeches. All this pro- Can we deny this? In my opin- are you actually?" manently operating factors cerning the composition of a that decide the issue of wars, new text of the anthem, which the party and Soviet work and in this manner only by those of active defense and the laws will reflect the role of the of bureaucratizing the whole ap- who are blinded and hopelessly Stalin, a Bolshevik." of counter-offensive and offen- people, and the role of the party, paratus,

were named after him? Was it without his knowledge that of the armed services. At the Stalin monuments were erected in the whole country - these selves even a little in the na-"memorials to the living?"

he huge statue which is being many films so pictured collecbuilt there, and that on a site tive farm life that the tables of this area had lived since the ally so. in his biography that "* * * he ways close to the people; he did not allow in himself * * * or self-adoration?"

At the same time Stalin gave proofs of his lack of respect for Lenin's memory. It is not a coyears ago to build a Palace of a village was in January, 1928, mir Ilyich, this palace was not built, its construction was always postponed, and the project allowed to lapse.

We cannot forget to recall the Soviet Government resolution of situation on the land was a dif-Aug. 14, 1925 concerning "the ficult one and that the situation founding of Lenin prizes for of cattle breeding and meat educational work." This resolu- production was especially bad. tion was published in the press, a commission was formed which but until this day there are no Lenin prizes. This, too, should be nist Party (Bolsheviks), under corrected. (Tumultuous, prolonged applause).

During Stalin's life, thanks to known methods which I have mentioned, and quoting facts, for instance, from the "Short Biography" of Stalin-all events were explained as if Lenin played version of the "Short Biogra- lution. In many films and in posed then to raise the prices hy":

In 1938 appeared the book, "History of the All-Union "History of the All-Union"

In 1938 appeared the book, of Lenin was incorrectly presented and inadmissably defined the development of cattle

Stalin loved to see the film 1919," in which he was shown the taxes paid by the Kolkhozes HAILED on the steps of an armored train and by the Kolkhoz workers and where he was practically should be raised by 40,000,000. vanquishing the foe with his own | 000 rubles. According to him the salbre. Let Kliment Yefremovich peasants are well-off and the find the necessary courage and sell only one more chicken to write the truth about Stalin; pay his tax in full. after all, he knows how Stalin and the party. Even his grandapplause.)

In speaking about the events of the October Revolution and the Government. about the Civil War, the impression was created that Stalin trialization and collectivization always played the main role, as Of course not. of the country, and also other if everywhere and always Stalin had suggested to Lenin what to undeviatingly traveled the path do and how to do it. However, Stalin said anything, it meant it

> the truth when I say that 99 percent of the persons present here how it should be. When he exheard and knew very little about Stalin before the year 1924, while Lenin was known to all; his wisdom. he was known to the whole party, to whole nation, from the children up to the graybeards. (Tumultuous, prolonged ap-

revised, so that history, litera-

belittling of the role of the Par- which was new, feared their own spread during Stalin's life and many others.

initiative in their work. often without considering the could it be? Stalin headed the rade Postvshev. concrete situation. This went so party and the country for far that party workers, even thirty years and many victories expressed his dissatisfaction with finish off the old members of

during the smallest sessions, were gained during his lifetime. Postyshev and asked him, "What duced the danger of formalizing ion, the question can be asked

Stalin's reluctance to con-And was it without Stalin's sider life's realities and the fact do not understand the essence for Stalin; later it was consider to the Central Committee Preknowledge that many of the that he was not aware of the largest enterprises and towns real state of affairs in the provinces can be illustrated by his direction of agriculture. All those who interested them-

tional situation saw the difficult It is a fact that Stalin himself situation in agriculture, but had signed on July 2, 1951, a Stalin never even noted it. Did resolution of the U. S. S. R. we tell Stalin about this? Yes, Council of Ministers concerning we told him, but he did not sup-Canal of an impressive monun never traveled anywhere, did not ment to Stalin. On Sept. 4 of meet city and collective farm the same year he issued an order workers; he did not know the making thirty-three tons of actual situation in the provinces. copper available for the con- He knew the country and agristruction of this impressive culture only from films and these films had dressed up Anyone who has visited the and beautified the existing Stalingrad area must have seen situation in agriculture. And

which hardly any people free were bending from the weight quent. Huge sums were spent to of turkeys and geese. Evidently build it at a time when people Stalin thought that it was actuwar in huts. Consider yourself, Vladimir Ilyich Lenin looked was Stalin right when he wrote at life differently. He was al-

used to receive peasant dele- state. even a shadow of conceit, pride, gates, and often spoke at factory gatherings; he used to visit villages and talk with the peasants. Stalin separated himself from the people and never went any-

incidence that, despite the deci- where. This lasted tens of sion taken, more than thirty years. The last time he visited Soviets as a monument to Vladi- when he visited Siberia in connection with grain deliveries. How then could he have known the situation in the provinces? And when he was once told during a discussion that our

was charged with the preparation of a resolution called, "Means toward further development of animal breeding in Kolkhozes and Sovkhozes."

worked out this project. Of course, our proposals of that time did not contain all possibilities, but we did charter ways in which animal breeding only a secondary role, even dury on the Kolkhozes and Sovkhozes ing the October Socialist Revo- would be raised. We had probreeding. But our project was

1953 was laid aside entirely. What is more, while reviewing 'The Unforgettable Year of this project Stalin proposed that

Imagine what this meant. had fought. It will be difficult Certainly 40,000,000,000 rubles for Comrade Voroshilov to un- is a sum which the Kolkhoz dertake this, but it would be workers did not realize for all good if he did it. Everyone will the products which they sold to developments of the economy and approve of it, both the people the Government. In 1952, for in- of culture. (Applause.) stance, the Kolhozes and the sons will thank him. (Prolonged Kolkhoz workers received 26,-280,000.000 rubles for all their Political Bureau of the Central products delivered and sold to

Did Stalin's position then rest on data of any sort whatever?

In such cases facts figures did not interest him. If was so-after all, he was a "genius" and a genius does not I will probably not sin against need to count, he only needs to look and can immediately tell presses his opinion, everyone has to repeat it and to admire

WISDOM OF TAX QUESTIONED

All this has to be thoroughly raise the agricultural tax by 40,-000,000,000 rubles? None, absoture, and the fine arts properly lutely none, because the pro- mittee at the head, started on picion, Stalin toyed also with the the great deeds of our Commu- tual assessment of the situation ist industrialization of the coun- that Voroshilov was an English nist party and of the Soviet but on the fantastic ideas of a try, agricultural collectivization agent. (Laughter in the hall.) people—the creative people. (Ap- person divorced from reality. and the cultural revolution. We are currently beginning Comrades! The cult of the in- slowly to work our way out of dividual has caused the em- a difficult agricultural situaployment of faulty principles tion. The speeches of the delein party work and in economic gates to the Twentieth Congress activity. It brought about rude pleased us all. We are glad that riolation of internal party and many delegates deliver speeches. Soviet democracy, sterile ad- that there are conditions for the ministration, deviations of all fulfillment of the Sixth Fivesorts, covering up of shortcom- Year Plan for animal hus- dispensable. ings and varnishing of reality. bandry, not during the period Our nation gave birth to many of five years, but within two to

Leninism, a clear debasing and over-cautiousness, feared all individual which was so wide-

shadows and began to show less if we speak about the many nynotized by the cult of the individual, only by those who sidered to show a lack of respect selection of twenty-five persons of the revolution and of the So- ered a harmful act and conse- sidium, was aimed at the reviet state, only by those who quently resulted in Postyshev's moval of the old Political Budo not understand, in a Leninist annihilation and branding with- reau members and the bringing manner, the role of the party out any reason as a "people's in of less experienced persons so and of the nation in the development of the Soviet society.

and by the poor peasantry with Bulganin. Once when we two nihilation of the old Political the partial support of middleclass peasants. It was attained "It has happened sometimes that a cover for all shameful acts of the erection on the Volga-Don port us. Why? Because Stalin by the people under the leader a man goes to Stalin on his invi- Stalin, acts which we are now ship of the Bolshevik party. tation as a friend. And when he considering. Lenin's great service consisted sits with Stalin, he does not of the fact that he created a know where he will be sent next, peat errors of the past, the Cenmilitant party of the working home or to jail." class, but he was armed with Marxist understanding of the put every member of the Politilaws of social development and cal Bureau in a very difficult that Stalin was excessively exwith the science of proletarian situation. And when we also con- tolled. However, in the past victory in the fight with capi- sider the fact that in the last Stalin doubtlessly performed talism, and he steeled this party years of the Central Committee great services to the party, to in the crucible of revolutionary plenary session were not con- the working class and to the instruggle of the masses of the vened and that the sessions of ternational workers' movement. people. During this fight the the Political Bureau occurred party consistently defended the only occasionally, from time to by the fact that all this that we nterests of the people, became time, then we will understand its experienced leader, and led how difficult it was for any during Stalin's life under his the working masses to power, to member of the Political Bureau the creation of the first Socialist to take a stand against one or rence; here Stalin was convinced

words of Lenin that the Soviet and shortcomings in the pracstate is strong because of the tices of leadership.

tional work of the party, to the Political Bureau member, Com- boring people, of the interest of many provincial organizations, rade Voznesensky, who fell vicand to the self-sacrificing work tim to Stalin's repressions, is of our great nation. These vic- known to all. It is a characteristories are the result of the great tic thing that the decision to redrive and activity of the nation move him from the Political Buand of the party as a whole; reau was never discussed but the party; of the working massthey are not at all the fruit of was reached in a devious fash- es, in the name of the defense of the leadership of Stalin, as the ion. In the same way came the situation was pictured during decision concerning the removal individual.

If we are to consider this matter of Marxists and as Leninists, then we have to state unequivocally that the leadership practice which came into being during the last years of Stalin's life became a serious obstacle in the path of Soviet social development.

Stalin often failed for months to take up some unusually important problems concerning the life of the party and of the state whose solution could not be postponed. During Stalin's leadership our peaceful relations with other nations were often threatened, because one-man decisions could cause, and often did cause, great complications.

SOVIET PROGRESS

In the last years, when we managed to free ourselves of the harmful practice of the cult of the individual and took several [Voroshilov], our dear friend, Kolkhoz worker would need to proper steps in the sphere of internal and external policies. everyone saw how activity grew before their very eyes, how the creative activity of the broad working masses developed, how favorably all this acted upon the

Some comrades may ask us: Where were the members of the Committee? Why did they not assert themselves against the cult of the individual in time? And why is this being done only now?

First of all we have to consider the fact that the members of the Political Bureau viewed these matters in a different way at different times. Initially, many of them backed Stalin as one of the strongest Marxists and his logic, his strength and his will greatly influenced the cadres and party work. It is known that Stalin, after

Lenin's death, especially during the first years, actively fought mitted it, but always showed his for Leninism against the ene-But how much wisdom was mies of Leninist theory and contained in the proposal to against those who deviated. VOROSHILOV UNDER Beginning with Leninist theory, SUSPICION the party, with its Central Com-

At that time Stalin gained special tapping device was ingreat popularity, sympathy and stalled in his home to listen to of the individual. We cannot let support. The party had to fight what was said there. Indignathose who attempted to lead the tion in the hall.) country away from the correct Leninist path; it had to fight had also separated one other Trotskyites, Zinovievites and man from the work of the Politrightists, and the bourgeois ical Bureau-Andrei Andreyenationalists. This fight was in- vich Andreyev. This was one of give ammunition to the enemy; Later, however, Stalin, abus- fulness.

ing his power more and more, flatterers and specialists in three years. We are certain that began to fight eminent party tral Committee Plenum after the the commitments of the new and Government leaders and to Nineteenth Party Congress when We should also not forget Five-Year Plan will be accom- use terroristic methods against Stalin, in his talk at the plenum,

In one of his speeches Stalin Postyshev answered clearly.

"I am a Bolshevik, Comrade new ones.

This assertion was at first conenemy."

In the situation which then The Socialist revolution was prevailed I have talked often attained by the working class with Nikolai Aleksandrovich also a design for the future anwere traveling in a car, he said: Bureau members and in this way

It is clear that such conditions another injust or improper pro-

awareness of the masses that As we have already shown, history is created by the millions many decisions were taken and tens of millions of people. either by one person or in a Our historical victories were roundabout way, without collecattained thanks to the organiza- tive discussions. The sad fate of class, of the interest of the lathe period of the cult of the of Kuznetsov and Rodionov from their posts.

The importance of the Central Committee's Political Bureau disorganized by the creation "quintets," "sextets," called "septets" and "novenaries." Here the Political Bureau of Oct. 3,

Stalin's Proposal: "1. The Political Bureau Commission for Foreign Aftion and domestic policy.

"2. The Sextet is to add to its roster the Chairman of the State Commission of Economic Planning of the U. S. S. R., Comrade Voznesensky, and is to be known as a Septet.

"Signed: Secretary of the Central Committee, J. Stalin." What a terminology of a card player! (Laughter in the hall.) It is clear that the creation within the Political Bureau of this type of commissions-"quintets." 'sextets," "septets," and "novenaries,"-was against the principle of collective leadership. The result of this was that some members of the Political Bureau were in this way kent away from participation in reaching the most important state matters.

One of the oldest members of our party, Kliment Yefremovich Voroshilov, found himself in an almost impossible situation. For several years he was actually deprived of the right of particpation in Political Bureau sessions. Stalin forbade him to attend the Political Bureau sessions and to receive documents. When the Political Bureau was in session and Comrade Voroshilov heard about it, he telephoned each time and asked whether he would be allowed to attend. Sometimes Stalin perdissatisfaction.

Because of his extreme susreflect V. I. Lenin's role and posal was not based on an ac- a great scale the work of Social- absurd and ridiculous suspicion It's true, an English agent. A

By unilaterial decision Stalin the most unbridled acts of will-

Let us consider the first Cen-Rudzutak, Eike, Postyshev and our party were guilty of some draw the proper conclusions conbaseless charges. It is not ex-

Attempts to oppose ground-cluded that had Stalin remained negative phenomena generated less suspicions and charges re- at the helm for another several Take, for instance, party and by this cult which is so alien to sulted in the opponent falling months, Comrades Molotov and Soviet resolutions. They were the spirit of Marxism-Leninism, victim of the repression. This Mikoyan would probably have prepared in a routine manner, various persons may ask: How characterized the fall of Com not delivered any speeches at this congress.

Stalin evidently had plans to the Political Bureau. He often stated that Political Bureau members should be replaced by

His proposal, after the Nineteenth Congress concerning the that these would extol him in all sorts of ways.

We can assume that this was

Comrades! In order not to retral Committee has declared itself resolutely against the cult of the individual. We consider

This question is complicated have just discussed was done leadership and with his concurthat this was necessary for the You remember well the wise cedure, against serious errors defense of the interests of the working classes against the plotting of the enemies and against the attack of the imperialist

camp. He saw this from the position of the interest of the working the victory of socialism and communism. We cannot say that these were the deeds of a giddy despot. He considered that this should be done in the interest of the revolution's gains. In this lies the whole tragedy!

THE NAMING OF TOWNS Comrades! Lenin had often stressed that modesty is an abwas reduced and its work was solutely integral part of a real Bolshevik. Lenin himself was the within the Political Bureau of living personification of the various commissions—the so- greatest modesty. We cannot say that we have been following this Leninist example in all respects. s, for instance, a resolution of It is enough to point out that many towns, factories and industrial enterprises, Kolkozes' and Sovkhozes. Soviet institutions and cultural institutions have been referred to by us with fairs ("Sextet") is to concern a title-if I may express it soitself in the future, in addition of private property of the names to foreign affairs, also with of these or those government or matters of internal construc- party leaders who were still active and in good health. Many of us participated in the action of assigning our names to various towns, districts, factories and kolkhozes. We must correct this. (Applause.)

But this should be done calmly and slowly. The Central Committee will discuss this matter and consider it carefully to prevent errors and excesses. I can remember how the Ukraine learned about Kosior's arrest. The Kiev radio used to start its programs thus: "This is Radio (in the name of) Kosior." When one day the programs began without naming Kosior, everyone was quite certain that something had happened to Kosior, that he probably had been ar-

Thus, if today we begin to remove the signs everywhere and to change names, people will think, that these comrades in whose honor the given enterprises, kolkhozes or cities are named, also met some bad fate and that they have also been arrested. (Animation in the hall.)

rested.

How is the authority and the importance of this or that leader judged? On the basis of how many towns, industrial enterprises and factories, kholkozes and sovkhozes carry his name. Is it not about time that we eliminate this "private property" and "nationalize" the factories, the industrial enterprises, the kolkhozes and the Sovkhozes? (Laughter, applause, voices: "That is right.") This will benefit our cause. After all the cult of the individual is manifested also in this way.

We should in all seriousness consider the question of the cult this matter get out of the party, especially not to the press. It is for this reason that we are considering it here at a closed Congress session. We should know the limits: we should not we should not wash our dirty linen before their eyes. I think that the delegates to the Congress will understand and assess properly all these proposals.

PARTY POLICY PROPOSED Comrades: We must abolish the cult of the individual deci-

sively, once and for all; we must (Continued on page 8)

The United Automobile Work-

The Jone 1956, issue of the

UAW's paper, describes the his-

toric milestones of the rise of

the UAW as interpreted by its

cial" history misrepresents cer-

tain important phases of the un-

ion's development and omits

The struggles that shaped the

basic character of the UAW and

distinguished it for many years

date back not to 1936 but to

distorted fashion, in this offi-

cial version of the union's his-

gle in the South is producing

lip-service to civil rights but

forces in their own party. And it

Stevensons right inside the labor

movement, even among labor

leaders who have been counted as

Take Ford Local 600 of the

United Auto Workers, for ex-

ample. In his new blook, "Ne-

Guerin writes that since its

supied a high place among

American trade unions for it

record of harmonious race rela

tions and of bringing Negroes

Relatively speaking, that's true

lthough if Negroes share in the

local leadership it's not because

anyone "brought" them there but

because they represent about a

quarter of the membership and

ought for and won positions of

But even in Local 600 the new

tage in the Negro struggle him

produced tensions, conflicts and

livisions between those who mean

siness on civil rights and those

ho don't want to do any mor

The big Ford Rouge plant and

ocal 600 are both situated in

Delarborn, and the mayor o

word "vicious" is often overused

in radical papers, but there really

pard. He is the most victious racist

olding any public office in the

Vorth, a genuine countempart of

come more outspoken lately. The

has been hailed by segregation-

Hubbard not only declared that

he is "for complete segregation

one million per cent on all levels,"

but he also boasted gleefully that

Dearborn is lily-white, thanks to

his policy of preventing Negroes

The General Council of Local

Like other northern racists who

s no other word to describe Hub-

A RABID RACIST

on the March," Daniel

progressive on this issue.

formation Local 600

into the leadership.

eadership.

CORRECTION IN DATE

UAW Past Tailored to Fit Reuther's Needs

scription \$8 per year \$1.50 for 6 months. Foreign: \$4.50 per year; \$2.25 for 6 conthe. Canadian: \$3.50 per year; \$1.75 for 6 months. Bundle Orders: 5 or more copies 6c each in U.S., 7c each in foreign countries.

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"Entered as second class matter March 7, 1944 at the

Monday, June 11, 1956

... Trotskyism Vindicated

(Continued from page 1)

interests that Stalin did: the interests of the bureaucratic caste that rules the Soviet

In tracing the struggle between Trotskyism and Stalinism, from its point of origin in the Soviet Union to its worldwide development, Communist workers seeking the truth will find that the rise of a privileged bureaucracy in the Soviet Union was the social foundation for the formation of the Stalinist faction in the Communist Party of the USSR.

Lenin was keenly aware of this rising bureaucracy in the Soviet government and in the party. A study of the available documents will show that in the last period of his life he proposed a collaboration with Trotsky to open fire against the bureaucratic menace: in particular, at its main representative — Joseph Stalin.

Thus, already in 1922-23 Stalin was, in Lenin's eyes, the personification of the growing bureaucratic caste. To Lenin it was a question of life or death for the Soviet Republic whether the proletarian base of the party would succeed in controlling and eventually destroying the bureaucratic tendencies, or, whether the bureaucracy would become uncontrolled and destroy the party and place the revolution itself in jeopardy.

Issue of Party Democracy

In his last Testament, Lenin, worried about the rapid growth of Stalin's bureaucratic clique power, called for the removal of Stalin from his post as General Secretary of the party. At the same time he was preparing to come out at the 12th party congress in open struggle against Stalin's bureaucratic and chauvinist conduct in relation to the national question.

With Lenin's death Trotsky continued the struggle against the Stalinist bureaucratic formation. A deep factional struggle developed and the first issue of the faction struggle was party democracy.

Khrushchev continues to falsify history when he claims that the Trotskyist left opposition was defeated by "ideological means." The facts show otherwise. From the beginning the Stalinist faction employed the method of economic pressure, including the expulsion and firing of Communist workers adhering to the opposition, frame-ups and amalgams, including the "uncovering" of "secret plots" with agents of the White Guards and the class enemy. The first steps were minor when compared to the wholesale murder and terror later employed but they were unmistakable as a symptom of bureaucratic degeneration.

Who was politically right in the early struggle over the issue of party democracy? The Trotskyist Left Opposition, which warned that the party was being strangled in the grip of a bureaucratic parasitic growth on the body of the first workers' state in history? Or Stalin, who was busy advancing the faction on which the bureaucratic caste had fixed its hopes? Who was politically right in that fight? Let the Communist workers judge in the light of history.

Trotsky and Industrialization

Khrushchev also lies when he credits Stalin with leadership in the struggle to industrialize the Soviet Union and declares the Trotskyist political line would have prevented the economic successes of the workers state. Everything is exactly in reverse as far as the facts are concerned.

It was Trotsky and the Left-Opposition that proposed the first five-year plan and a campaign for collectivization of agriculture. The faction of Stalin, which at that time leaned for social support on the wealthy peasantry (Kulaks) and the pettybusinessmen (Nepmen), opposed Trotsky's concept of industrialization as "utopian." The Stalinists ridiculed in particular Trotsky's proposal for the Dniepestroy dam. The opposition was derided as "superindustrializers" and were accused of "underestimating the peasantry."

The Central Struggle

But events bore out the correctness of the Left Opposition's viewpoint. Even after Stalin succeeded in expelling the proletarian wing of the party headed by Trotsky, he was forced to adopt the industrialization program of the opposition. However, in the hands of the bureaucracy industrialization was now to be carried out at the cost of terrible sacrifices of the working class. Untold waste resulted from the caprice, ignorance, preoccupation with feathering their own nests, sloth and mismanagement of the bureaucratic regime.

Read Khrushchev's description of how Stalin directed the war and you get an inkling of how the drive for industrializa-

tion and collectivization was conducted. A' the great progress that took place wa despite Stalin and Stalinism and attests t the enormous social power unleashed b the socialist revolution in October 1917.

The central struggle between Stalinisr. and Trotskyism was over the question o "socialism in one country." In this newly discovered theory the bureaucratic cast found the expression of its hatred for the traditions of the October revolution. This tradition oppressed them. It cast a crue light on their petty scramble for materia privilege and power. "Socialism in one country" meant the abandonment of the perspective of international socialist revolution which to the bureaucracy was a diversion from the main issue - the present leadership. This "offistrengthening of their own power, prestige and revenues.

The practical consequences of the new national, conservative, bureaucratic regime in the Soviet Union for the fate of the world revolution was incalculable. Stalinism strangled the independence and innerdemocratic life of the Communist parties in all countries. Stalin used his powerful apparatus to destroy these parties as viable revolutionary instruments of the proletariat in the capitalist countries. Pliant functionaries, ready to carry out the orders of the Stalinist power in the Kremlin, replaced genuine revolutionary

Moreover, Stalin used the Communist parties as pawns in his diplomatic maneuvers with imperialism. Khrushchev told only part of the story when he described Stalin's self-evaluation as a genius military strategist and the terrible consequences in terms of workers' lives. Stalin played with revolutions in the same way, sacrificing the proletariat of Spain for example to the completely illusory advantages of diplomatic arrangements with the capital ist "democracies," who were also content to watch the Spanish proletariat drown in a fascist bloodbath.

Who Fought for Leninism

The bitter consequences of the theory of socialism in one country are spelled out in the terrible defeats of the working class in one revolutionary situation after another. In all these events the Trotskyists fought for a revolutionary Leninist policy. Ford Local Debates Civil Rights exposing the blunders and betrayals of Stalinism. In this way and in this way only could the future reconstitution of the political repercussions all over world vanguard revolutionary party be the country. It has exposed the by one of President Carl Stelprepared.

Communist workers and youth seeking to prepare themselves for revolutionary events will find no other arsenal of Marxist strategy and tactics than the works of is uncovering a number of Adlai The statement spoke of Trotsky during the epoch of Stalinist reac-

The struggle continues in every country to this very day. The basic policies of the Communist parties were shaped by the rule of Stalinism. Under Stalinism the class struggle doctrine of Marx and Lenin has been perverted and distorted into its opposite. Here in the U.S. we witness the debasement of Leninism in the spectacle of the Communist Party leaders trying to pass off their support of the Democratic Party - in the name of Lenin.

Politics of Stalinism

The politics of the Stalinist bureaucrac in the Soviet union is the politics of class collaboration. The bureaucracy, like every petty-bourgeois formation, wishes to mediate between the basic class forces and maintain its position at the summit of Soviet society. As long as it can maintain its parasitic position it will declare the "irrevocable triumph of socialism" has been achieved in the Soviet Union and it will call for peaceful coexistence with capitalism in the rest of the world.

But the march of world revolutionary forces are stronger than these aspirationof the bureaucracy. The power of social revolution and colonial revolt has been mounting since World War II. The new world situation has already put capitalisn at an enormous disadvantage. The reverb erations of this process within the Sovie' Union are to be found precisely in the frantic moves of the bureaucracy to destroy the Stalin cult and yield concession as "extremist," Hubbard has be- as stated by Walter Renther when after concession to the Soviet workers.

The Soviet workers emerged from the war feeling a new confidence and power. They are aware of the world upsurge against capitalism. They are showing in many ways that they will not tolerate the ists everywhere. bureaucracy in the Soviet union for long They are opening a new stage in the Russian revolution. This new stage must culminate in a political revolution against the Stalinist regime which will provide a new and irresistible impetus to the world socialist revolution.

How the UAW Was Built



A scene during one of the historic UAW sitdown strikes in 1937. During this turbulent period workers in the auto and other basic industries won recognition for their new industrial unions by the militant new strategy of occupying the plants until their demands were met.

minated in a six-day pitched battle between the Toledo workers and the National Guard.

AUTO-LITE STRIKE

The Auto-Lite strike was being strangled by a no-picketing 1934. These two vital years of injunction when the leaders of raise wages. This union victory in return for a one month con-1934 and 1935 are referred to the Lucas County (Toledo) Un- helped pave the way for the tract, Lewis coldly rejected this only incidentally, and then in employed League, Sam Pollock great GM strike of 1936-37. and Ted Selander, advised the judge in writing that they intended to picket the plant in Reuther and his lieutenants defiance of his ban. Both unem-

Most of the present-day UAW the Toledo Chevrolet plant. The the craft union despots with the leaders, including President Wal-workers, led by Trotskyists, formation in November, 1935, ter Reuther, were not associated struck on April 1, 1935. The with these early battles. They rank-and-file strike leaders

band. A statement was prepared

The Militant has called the

that's a mild way of putting it.

alleged anti-American statement

purportedly" made by Hubbard

and reaffirmed its traditional sup-

port of traditional civil rights

proposals regardless of who may

oppose them, "whether it be Sen-

ator Eastland, Mayor Hubbard or

As weak as dishwater, the

statement even added: "However

we will not get into the luxury

of personal arguments with those

who, as is their right, differ with

us on this matter, since personal

inguments will not establish civil

nights. Civil rights can only be

established firmly by the enact-

ment, and emforcement of the

proper laws and the education of

the people of this nation to accept

and conform to such laws," etc.

But Negro and white millitants

the local don't think their dif-

ferences with Hubbard are a

personal argument," and they

know the local has adopted

hundred statements much stronge

than this one on civil rights

developments in the South. Pres-

sure began to grow for a stronge

ployment Practices Committee

drew up a stronger report or

General Council meeting or

"It is our firm belief," said the

FEP report, "that an issue can

away from it, or by taking s

hands off' policy." It propose

that Hubbard "should be answered

he said, There is no room in the

The committee added a "solemn

warning" to the leaders and mem-

bens of the local: "There is no

longer a middle ground; you are

either for the Constitt ition of the

Unfited States or for Jim Crow

Now is the time for Local 600

as in the past, to take a clear

concise, clean-out position and to

. Hubbard must go.'

never be resolved by running

Dearborn is Orville Hubbard. The Hubbard and presented it to the

are emboldened by the growing bluntly and straightforwardly by

attacks on the Negro movement | Local 600. . . The issue is clear

Montgomery Advertiser; as part Democratic Party for Eastland

of its campaign to "justify" Jim and labor'; we in Local 600 say

Crow in the South, got Hubbard There is no room in Dearborn

to grant it an interview which for both Hubbard and Local 600

600 voted unanimously to au- throw its full weight on the side

May 13.

stand, and the local's Flair Em-

NOT PERSONAL DISPUTE

ex-Governor Talmadge."

liberal Democrats like Adlai lato's aides and adopted by the

refuse to fight the segregationist statement "shockingly mild," and

Stevenson as fakers who give executive board in April.

"has oc-

Nevertheless, for the first time in its history, GM was made a public stipulation, an- L. nouncing that the corporation downers publicly and when would meet with a union committee, rehire all strikers and Flint strikers leave the plant

FIGHT FOR DEMOCRACY

In 1935, the auto workers also began the fight to establish the try to conceal from today's mem- ployed leaders were associated kind of internal union structure tells about him leading a conbership the fact that the UAW with the American Workers Par- necessary to advance the cause tingent of 500 from his amalwaged its founding battles large- ty, which was soon to merge of industrial unionism. At the ly under the leadership of radi- with the Trotskylsts to form 1935 convention, a great battle cals, including the Trotskyists, what was to become the Socialist for union democracy took place, Stalinists and Socialists. The Workers Party. Their defiance in which the delegates sought union was built in fierce strug- of the injunction rallied tens of to oust Francis Dillon who had tionist AFL bureaucracy and that won a signed contract and by William Green. They were the infant union's internal dem- the first great victory in the forced to beat a temporary reocracy helped assure its victory auto industry.

All officialdom.

Auto unionization spread to cone for them to overthrow

The same kind of report, if it

was directed against Eastland,

would surely pass unanimously in

the General Council. But Hub-

bard is closer than Eastland;

opening a real fight against hir

would take more than resolutions

and talk: and the leadership o

tions of civil rights in general, is

This became plain when Stel-

lato urged the Council to reject

the FEP Committee's report. But

it took a lot of doing, and he had

to bring considerable pressure to

bear to get a slight majority.

The vote was 67 against the

report to 57 for it; even two of

the officers disregarded Stellato's

The breach in the General Coun-

Local 600, despite its reaffirm

not at all eager to engage in

fight with Hubbard.

SHY OF FIGHT

single event at the April 1936 place Martin as president. convention was the political acparty and exposed the anticonservative leadership of the CIO intervened with a plea to the right to hold union office. the delegates to support Roosevelt. The labor party resolution was finally adopted, but with inclusion of a hotty-debated amendment to support Roosevelt

THE SITDOWN

When the GM strike broke out lines. month after the Nov. 1936 elections, Roosevelt not only did nothing to aid the strikers, he actually tried to stab them in the back.

The GM strike was a rank and file uprising. During this strike the sitdown tactic reached its most effective peak. The stronghold of the strikers was forced to recognize a union. It in Flint. CIO President John

Lewis backed the Roosevelt proposed that the outrageous proposition.

The first reference to Walter Reuther in Edward Levinson's book. Labor on the March, describing the rise of the CIO, gamated West Side local in Detroit to aid the Flint strikers.

Following the GM victory, the UAW consolidated its forces in other leading companies, gle against the class-collabora- thousands to a titanic battle been appointed their president such as Chrysler. In April 1941 the union toppled Ford with a tremendous strike.

INTERNAL UNION FIGHT

This period also was marked by growth of an unprincipled factional struggle for power The present UAW leaders among the top UAW leaders. did not come on to the national sought to extend the strike, but want to give credit for the Reuther displayed real talent scene until after the UAW was the ArL officials blocked its founding of the union and its for the slipperiest kind of footestablished as an international spread. Francis Dillon, William subsequent victories, at least in work in internal union fights. Green's personal representative, part, to their Democratic Party In 1937, he was lined up with Two outstanding strikes, both; by threatening to yank the un- hero, Franklin D. Roosevelt. But the so-called Unity Caucus along centered in Toledo, laid the foun- ion's charter, finally forced the it was the moral and material with the Stalinists. Homer Mardetion stones of the UAW. First strikers to accept a settlement aid extended by the CIO, headed tin, then UAW president, tried was the epic Toledo Auto-Lite without an actual signed con- by John L. Lewis, which gave to maintain dictatorial power the impetus for the expansion by red-baiting attacks on union

another union bureaucrat who

attempts to befog issues when

members stand up to vote against

him. But even as a vote of con-

fidence in the Stellato leadership

it was not impressive because his

majority was the smallest he has

received on any major issue in

Stellato got his majority, and

Hubbard must be breathing easier.

But that doesn't end the issue

The FEP Committee was com-

pletely correct when it said this

is an issue you can't evade. Adla

Stevenson is learning that. And

the labor leaders are going to

learn it too. Either you fight Jim

Crow or you lend it assistance,

passively or actively. There is no

middle ground, and those who try

Local 600 for several years.

1936-7. The April 1936 UAW Reuther himself, then a member, convention successfully defied of the Socialist Party. In 1939, Dillon and elected its own top Martin defected to the AFL, officers. Several months later The overwhelming majority of the UAW formally affiliated the auto workers renewed their pledge of loyalty to the CIO, Perhaps the most significant and elected R. J. Thomas to re-

At the UAW's 1941 convention resolution adopted by the tion, it was Reuther who introdelegates. This resolution called duced an amendment to the unfor the formation of a labor ion constitution that for the first time deprived members of their labor actions of the Roosevelt union rights on the grounds of, administration. The politically political belief. The Reuther amendment denied "communists

The official account of this period curiously omits Roose-velt's breaking of the North American Aviation strike in June 1941. The UAW leaders, including Keuther, covered up. for Roosevelt when he sent fed A eral troops to smash the picket-

With U. S. entry into World War II, the entire top UAW leadership, from Reuther through the Stalinists, combined to impose the no-strike pledge the wage freeze and the speedup on the workers. By the time of the union's 1944 convention the autob workers were in open revolt? against the no-strike pledge. It's took the combined leadership five days to hammer down thes ranks and narrowly defeat a! resolution calling for the scrap-it ping of the no-strike pledge. Reuther's tricky maneuvers help-s ed defeat the resolution by a slim margin.

REUTHER ELECTED

Reuther moved to rehabilitate) his damaged reputation by taking leadership of the post-war GM strike, which his factionala opponents and the Stalinists opposed. As a result of the "oneat-a-time" policy the strike stretched out for 113 days but ended in victory. The UAW convention in March 1946, while the GM strike was still on, elected Reuther to the union presi-

From this point on, Reuther moved ruthlessly to consolidate his machine control, weaken the constitutional provisions for union democracy and stifle the militancy of the rank and file. In 1950, Reuther signed his notorious five-year GM pact. Hardly was the ink dry, when Truman's "police action" in Korea began and prices shot up. By 1953, the UAW had to invoke the principle of the "living agreement" in order to break the chains of the five-year con-

bers, including Ford Local 600, advocated the program of the 30hour week at 40 hours pay. Reuther had attacked this program at the 1953 convention as "communist" and put over his so-called Guaranteed Annual Wage plan. The new three-year GM contract contained a GAW plan only "in principle," providing for a maximum of six months unemployment insurance supplements, averaging between seven

and eight dollars a week. With the contract less than a vear old, the auto corporations this spring started mass layoffs. But those fired before May 2 will receive no supplemental benefits at all. About 90 percent of those now laid off are not covered and funds are available for about a months payment for those covered.

Reuther's demagogy and fine sounding "plans" enabled him to rise to the top of the UAW. But his radicalism is in the long, dead past. He now whoops it up for capitalism and is working with might and main to corral votes for the Democrats. He red-baits more fiercely than Homer Martin red-baited him in the Thirties.

But the facts of life are teaching the auto workers many vital lessons. Their great founding tradition of union democracy and militancy will be recalled and inspire them anew. As they showed the way during the heroic rise of CIO industrial unionism, they have the opportunity to lead in the next great forward step of American labor by carrying through the project posed at their convention 20 years ago - the building of labor's own political party.

to stand on it will be swept aside with the contempt they merit. UAW Local Rejects

Non-'Red' Oath

cil was so wide that Stellato fel-Members of Local 424, United compelled in the next issue of Auto Workers in Buffalo, recently Pord Facts to defend himself defeated a resolution that would His administration, he said have required officers, committeedoesn't have to apologize for its men and convention delegates to stand on civil rights; its original sign that they did not belong to statement, he claimed, was "forth groups on the Attorney-General's right": he said he had opposed subversive list. According to the the FEP report as an "unneces-May 19 Labor's Daily, the local sary and unwarranted attack or was smeared as CP infiltrated in the officers and membership" by the John F. Noto Smith Act trial allegedly inferring that they were and officers capitulated to the running away" from the issue witch-hunt pressure.

A One-Year Subscription to THE MILITANT Only \$3 declared. Anyhow, that's what he 116 University Pl. N. Y. 3, N. Y

CHICAGO

"This was not a vote for or

against civil rights — it was e

vote of confidence in the local

administration and its policy," he

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NO MIDDLE GROUND

A Workers State?

YES: Myra Tanner Weiss. Vice Presidential Candidate, Socialist Workers Party NO: Sidney Lens, Trade-Union Official and Author

An important item in the highly organized white supremacist campaign to maintain and extend Jim Crow in the United States is the plan to outlaw the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

The action of Alabama's Attorney General John Patterson on June 1st in obtaining a court injunction to stop "further activity" by the NAACP in that state was only one in a whole series of legislative. judicial and administrative steps by southern states to ban the organization.

In some states the NAACP has already been labeled subversive, and its members barred from holding public office. In others, legislation is either being enacted or proposed to require registration of members with state police agencies, or to legalize other forms of persecution and penalization of those who support its program.

These measures aim to destroy the most authoritative national organization through which colored people in this country attempt to utilize the so-called democratic processes in order to win equal rights. The NAACP should have the support of every defender of civil liberties in its struggle to maintain its legality.

The charge against the NAACP by the southern reactionaries is that the organization is subversive, that it aims to overthrow their "way of life," that it advocates illegal actions (opposition to segregation laws), that it "foments racial strife."

In the past, when the NAACP has been called subversive, some of the leaders of the organization have grabbed at an unprincipled defense formula: They have accepted the witch hunters premise that unorthodox or anti-capitalist political views are subversive. They held it permissible to restrict the civil liberties of persons and organizations that hold sucl views; but protested with righteous indignation that the NAACP is completely loyal to the American way of life - the capitalist system - and therefore should not be attacked as subversive.

That was wrong on many counts, bu there are three that are particularly per tinent to the present situation. First, civi liberties, as many of us in the NAACI have said repeatedly, are indivisible. By granting the government the right to restrict civil rights for those with unpopular economic or political views NAACP leaders have weakened their case against the "right" of state governments to restrict the civil rights of those with unpopular social views.

Second, by accepting the validity of the arbitrary federal and state subversive lists instead of fighting them, NAACP leaders failed to teach their members how to fight the present attack.

Third, by accepting the limitation on freedom of political opinions, associations and aims imposed by the subversive lists, NAACP leaders sold out the right of Negroes, as well as others, to hold radical

In the South, today, opposition to segregation is subversive, radical, and, from the viewpoint of the ruling class, foments racial strife. The right to hold radical ing arrangement is economically views on integration, to support associations to foster them, the attempt to abolish (or change) existing institutions by political action - these are precisely the rights the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People must

The NAACP must take a forthright stand on these issues, saying "if this be subversion, make the most of it!"

Maritime Hiring Halls

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3 - The Taft-Hartley act is about to claim another victim — the West Coast maritime hiring hall. Ever since the bloody waterfront battles of 1934 West Coast seamen have been dispatched to ships from their own hiring halls on the basis of how long they were out of work. Now all this is threatened.

Unfair labor practices charges have been filed against the Sailors Union of the Pacific in five separate regional offices of the National Labor Relations Board. The charges directly attack hiring procedures which have been in effect for over 20 years. At present only members can register for jobs in the union hiring hall. This procedure is specifically banned by the Taft-Hartley Act.

Precedent for the present drive to break the West Coast hiring halls was established when maritime unions on the East Coast bowed to the Taft-Hartley provisions and opened their halls to non-union seamen. The East Coast unions revised their hiring practices to conform with Taft-Hartley. They allowed non-union mento register for jobs but set up a system of priorities based on "seniority" which in effect barred most non-members from shipping. However this rule also has an adverse affect on the newer members of the union by establishing a sort of job trust for older members, and opened the door for all the old abuses that used to

exist in the fink hall days. The principle that the man longest out of work was bus company's petition to disconentitled to the first job available is no tinue the runs along two routes. longer in force.

The present NLRB cases arose directly from the long, bitter fight, between the now defunct National Union of Marine within the framework of segrega-Cooks and Stewards and Harry Lunde- tion, taking applications for Neberg's Sailors Union of the Pacific for jurisdiction over the stewards department on West Coast ships. Last year Lundeberg was able to win a rigged NLRB election and drive the NUMCS out of business.

Immediately after winning the election. Ed Tunner, International Representative for the Seafarers International Union, stewards department, announced that former members of the NUMCS would b allowed to use the hiring facilities of his union. Apparently he has not lived up to his promise because it is members of the should be, for a thought should defunct union who filed the NLRB unfair be examined no matter from what labor charges.

If the NLRB charges are sustained against the West Coast Sailors, and that in our movement, a practive which seems likely, it will be one more defeat for is to a great extent not only a the rank and file seamen in their struggle to maintain equal shipping rights. Any breach in the rotary system spells doom for job equality for rank and file seamen. Trotskyites, racists, White Citizen A Taft-Hartley victory over the hiring hall Councils and McCarthy. makes it fairly simple for the union bureaucracy, in league with the shipping companies, to practice favoritism and keep union militants off the ships.

.. Text of Khrushchev's Speech

tical and practical work. It is necessary for this pur-

First, in a Bolshevik manner to condemn and to eradicate the necessary that in the immediate the individual has to be comcult of the individual as alien to future we compile a serious textsonant with the principles of which will be edited in accordparty leadership and the norms of party life, and to fight inexorably all attempts at bringing back this practice in one form or another.

To return to and actually practice in all our ideological work the most important theses of Marxist - Leninist science about the people as the creator of history and as the creator of all matically and consistently the material and spiritual good of work done by the party's Central humanity, about the decisive Committee during the last years, role of the Marxist party in the a work characterized by minute revolutionary fight for the trans- observation in all party organiformation of society, about the zations, from the bottom to the victory of communism.

forced to do much work to examine critically from the Marx- of collective leadership, characist-Leninist viewpoint and to terized by the observation of the

NEXT WEEK

In The Militant "Stalinism and Bolshevism"

By Leon Trotsky

sphere of history, philosophy, economy and of other sciences, book of the history of our party

ance with scientific Marxist obtory of Soviet society, a book pertaining to the events of the civil war and the great patriotic

LENINIST PRINCIPLES HAILED

Secondly, to continue systetop, of the Leninist principles of In this connection we will be party leadership, characterized, above all, by the main principle correct the widely spread er- norms of party life described in the statutes of our party, and finally, characterized by the

> Thirdly, to restore completely the Leninist principles of Soviet Socialist democracy, expressed (Tumultuous, in the Constitution of the Soviet plause ending in ovation. All Union, to fight willfulness of in- rise.)

wide practice of criticism and

| roneous views connected with the | dividuals abusing their power cerning both ideological-theore- cult of the individual in the The evil caused by acts violating revolutionary Socialist legality which have accumulated during as well as in the literature and a long time as a result of the the fine arts. It is especially negative influence of the cult of pletely corrected. Comrades! The twentieth con-

gress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union has manifested jectivism, a textbook of the his- with a new strength the unshakable unity of our party, its cohesiveness around the Central Committee, its resolute will to accomplish the great task of building communism. (Tumultuous applause.) And the fact that we present in all their ramifications the basic problems of overcoming the cult of the individual which is alien to Marxism-Leninism, as well as the problem of liquidating its burdensome consequences, is an evidence of the great moral and political strength of our Party. (Pro-

longed applause.) We are absolutely certain that our party, armed with the historical resolutions of the twentieth congress, will lead the Soviet people along the Leninist path to new successes, to new victories. (Tumultuous, prolonged applause.)

Long live the victorious banner of our party-Leninism!

VOLUME XX

Bus Boycott Solid in Florida; 6-Month Alabama Fight Firm

By Henry Gitano

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., June 6 - A disciplined boycott by this city's 14,400 Negroes has halted the buses and donations and returned. \$690 was unified the Negro people her in a powerful struggle for

when two Negro co-eds of Florida A & M University were arrested May 26 after demanding a refund of their fare rather than bow to segregation by vacating their seats. The following night a cross was burnt in front of their home. Thus, Tallahassee is reinforcing the 6-month bus battle of Montgomery, Ala., where I attended an inspiring mass meeting two nights ago. A local cab driver said: "It's remarkable. It looks like my people grew up over-

THREE DEMANDS

Tallahassee's Inter-Civic Council, set up to lead the protest, released the following proposals yesterday:

1. "Since the present bus seatunsound, humiliating, arbitrary, inequitable, inconvenient and morally unjustifiable; all bus passengers shall have the right about newly-arrived men leading passenger. Many walked. to sit wherever they choose on any bus or buses.

2. "Since people of all races, by their patronage contribute to the support of the bus company, people of all races shall have an opportunity to work for the bus company in various capacities. . .

3. "That all bus drivers be constantly reminded of their never-ending obligations to render courteous service and equitable treatment to all passengers, re-

gardless of race, creed, or color." minutes to unanimously reject these proposals and accept the But concessions by the city commission were printed in the local Sunday afternoon press. They included "first come, first served"

I almost started by saying

quarter it comes.

realized how unimportant that

I think that reader N. J. (May

24) continues a harmful practice

manifestation of, but also a

reason for many of the errors and

Reader N. J. lumps together

How about thinking rather than

parroting old phrases? Is reader

N. J. really convinced that the

Trotskyites are equal to the other

three groups, the worst in Amer-

ican life? It might interest him

that the Independent Socialist

"Monthly Review" (no enemy of

CP, Socialist Party, Socialist

Labor Party and Socialist Work-

ers Party (the Trotskyites, that

is) as the "four socialist parties."

Perhaps it is not exactly so, but

It is this kind of irresponsible

phrase-mongering, insensitive so-

called "hard and smart" tactics

which obscured many of the

truths from us. I myself see the

Trotskyites as a sectarian and

rather divorced from life emo-

tional group, but I need not con-

tinue to attack them as the worst

it is much closer to the truth

that N. J.'s tactics.

shortcomings now discussed.

The protest was touched off gro drivers and a policy of MEETING'S REPLY

> Civic Council mass meeting of more than a thousand Rev. C. K. Steele, Council president, announced that the council had received no copy of the city commission's statement. He added that "we know what we want and they know what we want." This

was greeted with wild applause.

A motion was made from the

Last Sunday night at an Inter-

floor that this demand means: When you pay your fare, you can sit anywhere you want. A vote was taken. "All those in favor, aye" - the walls fairly shook. The council announced there would be no settlement behind

closed doors. All decisions would be made through mass meetings. Rev. K. S. Dupont, council vice-president, told the mass this struggle. "If I'd been here 50 years and hadn't done anything about it, I'd be ashamed. Methuselah lived a thousand years waiting to die, without doing anybody any good."

POLICE INTIMIDATION

Rev. Steele reported being arrested for speeding and passing a stop sign while driving a vehicle in the car pool set up by the boycotters. He pleaded not guilty and expressed the hope that some of his friends would show up with him. He assured everyone that Rev. Damon would be there, since he'd been arrested by this same cop three times in one day. Rev. Steele declared that this illegal ntimidation will be challenged and urged everyone to register as part of the battle for first-class citizenship.

all, singing, got up by sections, walked past the front, made their collected while hymns were sung.

THE MILITANT

CAR POOL ORGANIZED

The Inter-Civic transportation committee is headed by Dan Speed, whose grocery store serves as dispatching center for the car pool from 6 AM to 10 PM. The telephone is the nerve center. Drivers, those needing rides, reporters, attorneys, leaders of the movement, maintain contact. Through the glass window can be seen the volunteer drivers workers, pastors, housewives, students. From 6 to 8:30 AM there are 27 pick-up stations with 43 registered cars. Most of those in the car pool

organize themselves right in their neighborhoods. Speed estinates that 200 cars not registered with him operate as pick-up vehicles. They follow the regular

The local radio reported the boycott 100% effective. I observed bus after bus empty, with meeting of slighting remarks an occasional one carrying a lone

On Monday, June 4, the bus company petitioned the city commission to abandon the two runs in the Negro community because most of the "patrons on said routes have voluntarily ceased to use the bus service."

In Montgomery, like in Tallahassee, there is no more fear On June 4 Montgomery's Holt Street Baptist Church was packed. Brave men and women were jammed into the hall, entrances. stairways, outside the windows, and in the basement. Dr. Martin Luther King, president of the Montgomeny Improvement Association, announced that this was six-month anniversary celebration. "We've gone a long, long way, and we've got a long, long way to go to get our first-class citizenship. Nothing will stop us." 'Nothing, Lord, nothing," An offering was taken up, and the mass response.

thousand voices.

"This is not a drama with one actor, but with more than 50,000 Our cups have run over." actors. On the 5th of December we marched forth and we marched well," said Dr. King. He paid tribute to courageous Rosa Parks who started the protest. "There's a point beyond which human endurance can go. Rosa Parks was the spark that lit the flames. These flames have spread to Tallahassee." There was a thunderous appliause at mention of Tallahassee.

REGULAR NEWSLETTER

The publication of a regular newsletter with factual accounts of the current MIA situation was announced, beginning next week.

An offering was taken up. The chair chanted: "Just a little talk with Jesus makes it right all right. Don't expect to get the journey over, until I reach m; home." The assembly picked up the chant, section after section got up and walked around the hall singing with gusto, their bodies swaying to the beat, giving their cash with eagerness and

These meetings have been held veekly. After the June 4 meeting ended, everyone was hongry for news from Tallahassee. They were no longer alone in what Dr. King described to me as "the Negroes confidence in his own canacities: something he himself used to doubt. The idea of the MIA will spread, for the Negro has prover that he can unite and organize to gain his self-respect."

"OUR CUPS RUN OVER"

Later, in Tallahassee, I talked with Civic Council President, the Rev. C. K. Steele. He is a compact powerhouse. He drives for the car pool, handles the phone at the dispatcher's office, meets the

"Injunctions against our strug- press, negotiates, and takes care gle can't stop us. They can't of whatever else has to be done. enjoin the forces of justice," said He told me that the protest was Rev. King. "No Lord, no they a "crystallization of feeling on can't," was the reply from a the part of the people who are tired of being pushed around, humilitated and treated unjustly.

> When the Florida A & M students left their mass meeting, 2,300 strong, and stopped the first bus May 28, the protest was afoot and spread. The boycott was a reality before the ICC came into being. The splendid discipline Rev. Steele attributes to "the long years of suffering in silence. Now the Negro feels a sense of dignity in his own worth. He's sacrificing for something meaningful. While struggling we have great symeathy for our white brothers. We feel that they too are the victims of prejudice which has degraded both the butcher and

RANKS FORCE ISSUE

butchered."

Rev. Steele related that some of those whom the white citizen considers Negro leaders were afraid that nobody would respond to the mass meetings. Some thought too much was asked, even proposing demands confined to segregated bus system. "It was the sentiment of the ranks as expressed in the two mass meet-

ings, which returned the struggle on its true course. The people know better than anyone else what they want." Son of a retired coal miner with 40 years in West Virginia pits, Rev. Steele has come up the hard way. He stressed how this move-

ment had given a meaning to life o the mass, who in turn have given life to this movement. Rev. Steele said there was an urgent need for four station wagons and

The treasurer of the ICC is Rev. J. Metz Rollins. In his late twenties, tall and lean, he talked about the Inter-Racial Council that was proposed last week by some Negro leaders to promote better understanding between races. Rev. Rollins commented that it wouldn't work within the framework of segregation and anyway he wanted to give the tottering prejudiced set-up its final push. He observed that there was a wide gap between the elected officials of the ICC and the non-elected "leaders."

THE FIGHT AHEAD

"The old school leaders operate on the level of personal protest, little personal favors such as a few Negro cops. A happy relationship is established on the basis of a quiescent Negro. The miracle of the boycott is that it awakens feelings among ordinary Negroes; they realize that they don't have to take it anymore."

"The legal front is not enough. Anything they give you, they can also take away. Genuine victories have to come from the very oottom," said Rev. Rollins, "The May 17 decision hasn't affected my life too much. There's still a colored water fountain I have to use in the department store. The boycott reveals a willingness to pay for getting freedom."

Brooklyn

in the 1956 Elections'

FARRELL DOBBS - So-

guished Scholar and Edu-

Sec. of the Jefferson School CLIFFORD T. McAVOY -Flormer ALP Candidate for Governor and Mayor

1638 Pitkin Avenue Donation 50c. Auspices: Brooklyn Compass Club

Los Angeles Public Meeting

The Algerian Struggle for Freedom and the Crisis in France"

Fri., June 22 - 8:15 P.M. 1702 East Fourth Street

- Murry Weis

Public Meeting

"Working Class Policy

cialist Workers Party Presidential Candidate W. E. B. DU BOIS - Distin-

DAVID GOLDWAY - Exec.

Sunday, June 24 - 8 P. M. Sunrise Manor

Speaker: David Dreiser

Refreshments

Weiss' Reply

I should like to comment on your May 30 letter to the Daily Worker and invite you to reply,

either in the columns of the Militant or in any other way. By the time this is published every member of the Communist Party will know that the kind of accusations N. J. hurled at the Trotskyists, to which you took B., honestly say that you have such vigorous exception, are a pack of lies based on the monstrous frame-ups and blood purges organized by the Stallin regime. With the publication of Khrushchev's speech, each and

It is clear from your letter that you rejected these lies even be that time was the threat of Hitler explanation for the German of the hand."

[We publish herewith a letter | public. Like so many others in the | came aquainted with Trotsky's | that Trotsky was wrong which appeared in the Daily ranks of the Communist Party struggle for a united front of against Stalin on the crucial ques Worker May 30 and a reply by you probably doubted that the action between the German Com- tion of Germany? And didn't the Moscow Trials were anything but munist Party and the Social policy of Stalin lead to a frame-ups, but you were told that Democratic Party through the cataclysmic defeat which opened "I the Soviet Union it was necessary a Union Square demonstration. am not a Trotskyite, but. . ." then to remain silent.

Letter to Reader of Daily Worker

Now you are told by Khrush- pamphlet, Germany: What Next? chev that Stalin's crimes brought I became convinced that his posithe Soviet Union to the brink of tion was correct and of vital imdisaster in World War II. Ask portance to the international yourself: Wasn't Trotsky right in Communist movement. exposing and fighting these crimes every step of the way even that the German Communist though he paid for it with his Party launch a struggle for the pick-axe assassin?

now arguing as follows: The framed, tortwred and annihilated And on the basis of the frameups in the Soviet Union the Communist Panty in the U.S. as elsewhere slandered and framed the laborated with the FBI and the Department of Justice in pressing ours, let's admit) speaks of the for the prosecution of the Trotskyists in the first Smith Act Trials in Minneapolis, 1941. All this was wrong. But, they conclude, this does not prove the Trotskyists were politically night.

OPEN STRUGGLE

Very well. We Trotskyists never asked that our position be accepted on our say so. Only bureaucrats armed with economic and material power can compel 'agreement." The Marxists have always relied on the open struggle of tendencies within the labor movement and the test of events to prove the correctness of their

But it is precisely the open struggle of political tendencies that was prevented by the Stalinist bureaucracy. That was the function of the frame-up and the blood purge; to silence the opposition and outlaw its ideas. Have the members of the Communist Party ever had the opportunity to seriously study the basic posi-Opposition led by Trotsky in the Soviet Union? Can you, Comrade read the works of the Trotskvist movement and formed your judgement on that basis?

GERMAN EXPERIENCE

I remember my own experience every lie told by the Stalinists with Trotskyism as a member of against Trotskyism is blown sky the Young Communist League ir, 1932. The great issue before the fore Khrushchev's speech became taking power in Germany. I beddebacle, Can anyone today say

After studying Trotsky' As against Trotsky's proposal

life at the hands of a Stalinist united front of action with the Social Democratic Party and thus Some Stalinist spokesmen are block Hitler's road to power, Stalin's theory of "social fascism' Trotskyists, it is true, were and "united front from below" was promulgated by the CP. by the thousands. This was wrong. Stalin's theory declared that "fascism and Social Democracy were twins" and that as a matter of fact the Social Democrats were the main danger in Germany. Trotskyists. The CP even col- This seemed to me to be sheer nsanity that would surely lead to the ruin of the German revolution. You must remember that in those days we young Communists lived in the hope that Germany would accomplish the socialist revolution and break the imperialist encirclement of the Soviet

> I attempted to bring my con victions to my comrades in the youth movement and as a result statement condemning Trotsky as a counter-revolutionist or be expelled. I refused to write such a statement and was expelled.

The important thing, however is that the Stalinists never allowed a free discussion of Trotsky's proposal for applying the Leninist tactic of the united front in Germany. The ideas of the opposition were proscribed as representing the "vanguard world counter - revolution." No ruinous policy remained in effect.

In the light of this single tragic episode in the history of the struggle between Trotskyism and Stalinism, I wonder how you can lightly dismiss the Trotskyists as "sectarian and rather divorced from life." Wouldn't it be more in order to study the respective positions of Stalinism and Trotskvism in such an event as the defeat of the German working class by Hitler? And isn't such a study particularly

the way for World War II? REVIEW THE HISTORY

I cite the German question only as an example. It seems to me that it is the duty of all serious revolutionists to review, this time with Trotsky's works before them, the historic struggle that split the world communist movement and trace this struggle through the test of major world events since then.

In his speech, Khrushchev admits that many crimes were committed against the Trotskyists. But he asserts that Trotskyism was politically wrong and was defeated by ideological means before Stalin's terror This is a falsehood from begining to end as can be proven by irreflutable documented evidence From the very beginning Stalin waged the struggle against the Trotskyist opposition with the methods of bureaucratic terror, frame-ups and amalgams. The Left Opposition was defeated, not by ideological struggle but by the rise of a privileged bureaucratic caste riding the wave of reaction to the October revolution and profiting from the demoralization brought by the early defeats of the revolution in

and-file Communist workers to take his word for the fact that Trotskyism was politically wrong Why should the workers believe Khrushchev? Yesterday he said the Trotskyists were spies and traitors, agents of Hitler and the Mikado, or when diplomatic expediency required, they were agents of British and American mperialism. Today he admits all this was false and that thousands discussion was permitted. Stalin's were murdered in the name of this falsehood. Why accept Khnushchev's version of Trotskyism today? Isn't it better to take the advice of Lenin who said:

Kihmushichev wants the rank-

Europe and Asia.

"It is necessary that every member of the Party should study calmly and with the greatest objectivity first the substance of the differences of opinion, and then the development of the struggles within the Party. Neither the one nor the other can both sides are published. He necessary in view of the fact that | who takes somebody's word for it to this day the Stalinists have is a hopeless idiot, who can be world Communist movement at never offered any kind of serious disposed of with a simple gesture