Youngstown CIO Backs Kutcher's Civil Rights Rally

By Shirley Clark

FEB. 27 — A civil liberties rally, sponsored by the Kutcher Civil Rights Committee, is being mobilized by united labor, Negro and civil liberties forces in Youngs-

town Ohio. Scheduled to be held? job be restored to him finally for Freedom." after nearly eight years of struggle. Kutcher was fired from his job with the Veterans Administration for his openly proclaimed membership in the Socialist Civil Liberties Rally. The KCRC Workers Party.

In addition to James Kutcher, the now famous legless veteran, Al Shipka, President of the Mahoning County CIO Council, will speak on "Labor's Stake in the Bill of Rights." Professor E. B. Smith, representing the Amer-



JAMES KUTCHER

on Friday, March 9, at 8 P. M. ican Civil Liberties Union, will at the YMCA, Central Branch, speak on "Civil Liberties — Which the Rally promises to be a Way?" And Nate Lee, an active vigorous demonstration for the civil rights leader in Ohio, will growing demand that Kutcher's speak on "The Negro's Struggle

CALLING FOR SUPPORT

The CIO Council has asked all its affiliated locals to support the is planning to distribute announcements to about 20 of the union locals. The ACLU and an interracial committee are also mailing the Rally program to their mem-

Students on the campus of Youngstown College have shown a great deal of interest in the call for the Civil Liberties Rally. Notices have been posted on all campus bulletin boards. The Youth Council of the NAACP at the University is especially active n advertising the coming meet-

The four speakers and the four subjects on which they will talk is a dramatic demonstration of the growing unity that is developing in the fight for freedom in America. The labor movement is aced with vicious anti-labor legislation and union-busting attempts by powerful companies; the Negro movement is faced with the gigantic job of liberating the Negro people forever from Jim Crow; the youth is faced with a regimented future and threats to academic freedom; and Kutcher represents minority political paries that have been faced with the Big Business attempt to legislate and witch hunt all organized poitical opposition out of existence.

The Youngstown Civil Liberties Rally offers the workers and youth in that area the chance to give a united answer to the unionousters, the segregators and the witch hunters. In the long and neroic struggle of James Kutcher for his rights under the constitution, the forces are gathering that, united, will restore the civil liberties of all who are denied

THEMILITANT WEEKLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

NEW YORK, N. Y., MONDAY, MARCH 5, 1956

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Labor Officials Remain Silent On One-Hour Work Stoppage

Stevenson Needs **A History Lesson**

cording to Adlai Stevenson, leading Democratic presidential aspirant in his Feb. 7 Los Angeles remarks, the "habits and traditions" of Southern segregation are "older than the Republic." Stevenson opposed use of Federal troops to enforce school desegregation. pleading that these allegedly old traditions not be "upset" and be changed only "gradually." Stevenson was either ignorant of or chose to hide the real facts about Jim Crow. He buried the record of the Reconstruction Period following the Civil War. During Reconstruction, the Negroes achieved full political equality. The former slaves and the poor white workers and farmers united to elect legislatures which brought substantial progress to the South - notably the public school system (on an integrated basis). Between 1869 and 1876, when Reconstruction ended, 16 Negroes served in the U.S. Congress from Southern states, including two in the Senate (representing Mississippi). Afterwards, Jim Crow was established by force and violence by Southern propertied interests supported by Northern Big Business. It was not victorious until the turn of the century.

ALABAMA NEGRO LEADERS INDICTED IN BUS BOYCOTT



Seven leaders of the Montgomery, Ala., bus boycott surrender to cops after indictment under state law originally aimed against 1921 coal miners' strikes. All told, 115 indictments were returned against participants in the 12-week-old Negro boycott of the city's Jim Crow bus lines. Defendants are (l. to r.): Rev. R. D. Abernathy, Rev. Gardner (not indicted), Rufus Lewis, Rev. Leroy R. Bennett, Rev. W. F. Alford, Rev. J. H. Cherry, Rev. H. H. Herbert and Eli Judkins. They face sentences of six-months in jail and \$1,000 fines. All were released in \$300 bond per

Open Letter to Civil Rights Assembly in Washington

To the delegates at the Civil Rights Assembly gathered in Washington, D. C., March 4-6. Greetings! mittee to investigate the matter!

This conference, representing the major organizations of the working people, Negro and white, is the most important gathering in the United States today. Some of you may know that we strongly urged the broadening of the conference to include mass delegations from every local union, Negro and minority organization in the country. We felt that a greater representation from the rank and file of the Negro and labor movements would have a stronger affect on the government and Congress. We thought Dr. T. R. M. Howard's ringing call for a million Americans to come to

needs of the times. The officials of the Leadership Conference on Civil Rights thought otherwise. Nevertheless, the conference as it is now constituted, representing as it does the NAACP, the AFL-CIO, a number of the most important international unions and a large number of fraternal, religious, veteran and civil rights organizations, is without doubt the voice of tens of millions of Americans who are determined to wage a united and effective fight to end the abomination of Jim Crow.

Washington to speak to the "deaf ear" of

the powers-that-be was in tune with the

The express purpose of the Assembly is to influence this session of the 84th Congress to enact effective civil rights legislation. It is also the purpose of all the organizations in the conference to demand the enforcement of the constitutional rights of the Negro people by the federal government.

Neither the Congress nor the federal government, nor the two Big Business parties that run them, will be easily moved in this direction.

On the eve of the Assembly for Civil Rights the President, representing the Republican administration of the federal government, finally awoke to the urgency of the civil rights issue and proposed that the Congress set up a bipartisan com-

And the representative of the majority party of Congress, presidential-aspirant Adlai Stevenson, author of the infamous statement, "we must be careful not to upset the habits and traditions of the South," proposed - that the President use his powerful office to take some decisive

What action? The same action proposed by the governor of Alabama - a meeting of "moderate," "gradualist" leaders of both races in the South to curb the "extremists" of both sides!

The "extremists" Stevenson refers to among the Negroes are the bus boycotters to discuss plans for the "Deliver- of the people," from the names of Montgomery, Miss Lucy of Tuscaloosa ance Day" demonstration. "We of Leon Trotsky and their son, and Representative Adam Clayton Powell in Congress. In other words — everyone act" Powell said. and anyone who wants to act to implement by Powell gathered momentum up trials, Trotsky's widow the Supreme Court decision on desegrega- across the country," reported the demanded in a telegram that the tion is an "extremist."

That's where the leading spokesman of organizations in the major cities fore international public opinion." the Democratic party stands in this national crisis on civil rights. He has made is the one ingredient essential Trotsky had wired the Kremlin it crystal clear that as president he would for the full success of the demondo no more than Eisenhower to enforce stration - the full weight of the Constitution, the Bill of Rights and the Supreme Court decision in the South. And he has made it equally clear that he extend this support imposes sharp has no intention of calling on the leaders limitations on the movement. The of his party in Congress to break their 80-year do-nothing record on civil rights.

The Civil Rights Assembly is thus faced with the task of projecting a program and a plan of action that will bring to bear the full power of the organized movement it represents to move Congress and the Administration into action despite the determined opposition of the two Big Business parties.

There are four urgent tasks confronting the conference:

(1) Organization of a national demonstration to rally support behind the civil (Continued on page 3)

March 28 Set As Day For Protest Against **Montgomery Arrests**

By Harry Ring

Reflecting the anger of millions in America at the mass arrests of leaders of the Montgomery anti-Jim Crow bus boycott movement, a drive has been initiated by top Negro religious leaders for an March 28 "National Deliverance proposal for a national day of

Day" of prayer and protest. A meeting of the Interdenominational Ministers Meeting of a radio interview, Powell made Greater New York announced an ambiguous statement to the Feb. 24 that if the campaign is effect that the proposed demonsuccessful "on this day, no Negro man, woman or child shall work or attend school from 2 to 3 P.M.

"Instead, they shall pray at church or at home for deliverance from persecution and for the salvation of all humans afflicted with racial prejudice."

SUPPORT FOR BOYCOTT

Adam Clayton Powell, Democratic Congressman from New York and pastor of the Abbysinian Baptist Church, who chaired the meeting, said the group planned to enlist white support for the one hour prayer-protest and for the mass rallies to be held that night throughout the country. In his original announcement Mr. Powell said efforts would be made to rent Madison Square Garden for the New York rally. He later announced that the meeting Clear His Name would be held at Manhattan

Negro officials of the clothing. laundry and sleeping car porters the Soviet Communist Party last unions met Saturday with Powell

Feb. 26 N. Y. Times as church Kremlin restore their names "bepledged their support to the The wire was dated Feb. 22. movement. However, still lacking support of the national AFL-CIO. The failure thus far of the problem was posed the way by Negro worker in a large New Jersey auto plant, "The Negroes in my department have been talking about the stoppage for several days now. They want to support it but they all raise the problem that if the union doesn't back them, how can they risk knocking off the job?"

In the meantime pressure from conservative church leaders has apparently succeeded in sowing measure of confusion and indecision among the initiators of the movement. On Sanday the president of the National Baptist Convention asserted in Miami that while he supported the

prayer he was opposed to a work stoppage. The following night, in stration was not actually a work stoppage - where people could get off from work, they should. At the same time he pointed out that President Jackson was speaking solely as an individual and that his opinion was not binding on the Baptist church. He went on to report that he received expressions of support from virtually every bishop of the church and particularly from the church's youth section. The tenor of Powell's remarks strongly in-(Continued on page 3)

Trotsky's Widow **Demands Kremlin**

FEB. 29 - Natalia Trotsky called on the 20th Congress of implied disavowal made by Con-"The demonstration suggested gress speakers of Stalinist frame-

Several days earlier Natalia requesting information about her other son, Sergei Sedov, who was arrested in 1937 and disappeared. She said she had indirect inleaders of the union movement to formation he was sent to a concentration camp and believed it possible he had been released.

> Stalin pursued the revolutionary leader Trotsky and his family in a savage vendetta. Trotsky's daughter, Nina, denied medical care, died of tuberculosis in Moscow in 1928. Her sister Zinaida was driven by persecution of her father and herself to take her own life in Berlin in 1933. Their brother, Sergei, who shunned politics and contented himself with the life of a scientific worker, was arrested, accused of poisoning workers wholesale.

Trotsky's younger son, Leon Sedov, his friend and co-worker. died suddenly in a Paris hospital on Feb. 15, 1938, under suspicious circumstances pointing to the GPU, as Stalin's secret police was then named. The French police, under GPU pressure refused to investigate. Trotsky, himself, was murdered by a special assassin detailed to the job by Stalin. Natalia Trotsky, too, came close came widespread up to the 19th she and her husband were the Congress, brought considerable objects of a machine gun attack on their bedroom led by David Siqueiros, a well-known Stalinist. Bullets narrowly missed the



NATALIA TROTSKY

Police Assault Picket at Republic Strike



ground outside the Republic Aviation Corp. plant in Farmingdale, L. I. The use of violence to break strikes is becoming increasingly frequent as Big Business develops its union-busting plans. The International Association of Machinists, representing the Republic strikers sent wires of protest to Governor Harriman against the police brutality and wholesale arrests of pickets.

By William Bundy

Feb. 27 - The newly industrialized suburban area of Long mands in 1956. Island, N.Y., is once again the scene of a highly militant strike. Production was halted last week at Republic Aviation's four plants, the largest single industrial complex in the area. The strike by 12,000 of Republic's 19,000 employees was called Feb. 19 by International Association of Machinists Lodge 1987 after the breakdown of negotiations on a wage re-opening clause in a

one-year-old, three-year contract. Republic operates entirely on government contracts producing jet aircraft and guided missiles.

Justin Ostor, Lodge 1987 president, said when he announced refusal of the company's fivecent-an-hour offer: "The company made more than \$14,500,000 net profits in 1955. It is the highest profit ever earned by profit is due directly to the increased productivity of our

age \$1.97 per hour. Their fight which pushed through the line. ers remain solid.

The problems in making the hausted." strike effective and the spirit the famous Sperry strike in the public plants, like Sperry, are loaded with unorganized "supervisory, engineering, and office personnel" whom the company can use on production jobs when the organized workers are out on strike.

On Feb. 20 Republic opened the gates to a "back-to-work movement." The 7,000 employees not included in the IAM barwith discharge if they did not report to work, according to union sources.

Very early in the morning, some salaried workers entered the main plant near Farmingdale. By 6 A.M., however, sev-

for a 19c increase is one of the The picket line remained solid first major wage-increase de- however, and the 70 cops on the scene were described as "ex-

Company guards and superof the strikers is reminiscent of visors inside the plant prepared bedding and food supplies and a same area last April. The Re- few company officials were airlifted over the gates by helifice personnel who would not the company insisted that it was going to open the plant "to anyone who wants to work."

Successful mass picketing continued for the rest of the week. The pickets had their own docgaining unit were threatened tors in a medical trailer on the caste, the tyrant's very name, scene. Over 80 pickets have been arrested and released on \$300 bond. A court injunction, issued Feb. 24, limited pickets to about ten per gate.

since the injunction, several cratic caste stood only to lose the company. This increased eral hundred pickets massed at thousand supervisory, engineer- by remaining identified with the main gate and persuaded ing and office personnel enter- him. most of the others to remain ed the plant, but "less than a Stalin's heritage left his sucworkers in the last year. They outside. By the end of the day's dozen" production workers have cessors with no solutions for the are not being offered their fair picketing, 58 strikers had been responded to the back-to-work multiple, complex economic and share of the profits they have arrested, including the lodge call. The company admits that political problems they have to president, and about twenty production has so far not been cope with at home, within the Republic's workers now aver- pickets had been injured by cars resumed. The ranks of the strik- Soviet bloc, in relation to the

Why Kremlin Repudiated By M. Stein and J. G. Wright | lation to the imperialists. On | of the Communists and of all | Presidium, declared: "The theory The Kremlin bureaucracy came the contrary, Stalin and his the toilers, the Central Com- and practice of the cult of the

be used for production work, but years ago, not to pay homage to their leader and teacher but to repudiate the dead tyrant publicly. They did so because Stalin had outlived his usefulness to the bureaucracy. From an asset to the bureaucratic his criminal record and bloody reign had turned into an intolerable liability. Stalin's rule had become so universally hated and Today, the second work day Soviet masses that the bureau-

word to say for Stalin. This is the floor without grovelling before the "beloved leader."

THE CULT OF STALIN

Khrushchev, the main reportthen proceeded to launch an at- February 15, 1956). tack on the cult of Stalin, without mentioning him by name. The key passage in his report the individual," etc., without

to the 20th Congress of the Rus- heritage remain the biggest ob- mittee has taken measures to individual, alien to the spirit to death in Mexico when a few passes for supervisory and of sian Communist Party, the first stacle Khrushchev & company explain widely the Marxist-Len- of Marxism-Leninism, which besince Stalin died almost three have to surmount. At the 20th inist concept of the role of the Congress the bureaucrats un- individual in history. The Cenloaded Stalin in order to free tral Committee has resolutely their hands in trying to adjust condemned as alien to the spirit themselves to their new condi- of Marxism-Leninism the cult This theory and practice betions and tasks. Not a single of the individual, which con-Russian delegate had a good verts this or that leader into a

hero and miracle worker and in sharp contrast to the 19th which, at the same time, be-Congress when none dared take littles the role of the party and of the popular masses, and recreative efforts. The spread of mized the role of the collective er, mentioned Stalin's name leadership in the party and led once - to take note in passing at times to serious shortcomthat he had meanwhile died. He ings in our work." (Izvestia,

Key speakers, following Khrushchev, repudiated the "cult of mentioning Stalin's name. Sus-"In the struggle to promote in lov, member of Khrushchev's "neutralist" countries and in re- every way the creative activity secretariat and of the Party

damage to party work, organizationally as well as ideologically. littled the role of the popular couple. masses and the role of the party; minimized the collective leadership; undermined internal party democracy; stifled the activity, initiative and self-action of parsults in the lowering of their ty members; led to uncontrolled rule, irresponsibility and even the cult of the individual mini- arbitrariness in the work of certain individuals; obstructed the unfoldment of criticism and selfcriticism; and engendered onesided and at times even wrong decisions." (Pravda, September

> CONGRESS OF VICTORS" Mikoyan, First Deputy Prenier, mentioned Stalin by name (Continued on page 2)

In Dalton, Georgia

The maximum strength of the working people of the blunt instrument of destruction, Improperly used, for narrow and predict, and with potentialities automation engineering and South will be achieved when Negro and white are united and the worker's talent and skill selfish purposes, they can create under the same banner. Then this mighty force will shake will continue to merit reward in off the dead hand of the past and topple the anti-union racists from miserable living conditions and

denominations.

theory.

The Church of God of the Union

Assembly, however, was unique.

Before it, all sects had bitterly

denounced unions or had preached

of the Union Assembly was

unequivocally pro-union. More-

in most of its congregations, it

It is indicative of the growth

of pro-labor sentiment in the

ters. Its main strength lies in the

of its thirty-five churches are

It appears that its pro-unionism

was more of a passive force be-

fore West arrived to edit the

Southerner. Members followed the

tenets laid down by the church's

founder, 76-year-old Rev. Charlie

Pratt, that to cross a picket line

was to sin and that members

should join unions where they

existed. But with the advent of

The Southerner, Church of God

members were plunged into the

midst of a union organizing drive

with the newspaper as the active

West was born and raised on a

nountain farm in the region, his

heritage was that of the anti-

slavery, and later Populist, white

farmers of the South. To this he

added by luck and by hard work a

formal education including uni-

versity degrees. For over twenty

years he has been working with

every movement in the South that

gave any promise of bringing

about social changes. At the same

time he achieved a reputation as

In 1948 West supported the

Wallace Progressive Party. He

minister in the Congregational

Church after his graduation from

Not only was the whole South

fertile field for such a pro-labor

paper — as the militant strikes

in railroad, telephone, sugar refin-

strate — but Dalton itself was

ripe for unionism. Dalton is the

world capital of the tuffted tex-

tile industry," as its Chamber of

Commerce boasts. This tufted tex-

tile or chenille industry was 100%

open shop and paid the absolute

legal minimum of 75 cents an

Here then were the ingredients

as the CIO Textile Workers

Union entered the scene - for a

challenge to the mill owners of

Dalton. Here also was a news-

paper that could voice the pro-

gressive aspirations of workers

throughout the South. The lines

Who the enemy would be was

no secret - the mill owners, their

hirelings, the white-supremacist

Talmadge machine, the official

opinion-molders of the South, the

newspapers and radio, etc. The

significance of the battle in

Dalton would be shown by the

forces mobilized in other parts

of the South and by the Northern

labor - haters called down to

[First of a series.]

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of battle would soon be drawn.

FERTILE FIELD

his beloved Southland.

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IT'S A SIN TO SCAB

their seats of power. In the meantime it is necessary to realize that this unity of the South's working people on class lines has not yet been reached that is why a great Southern union organization drive holds such promise. Today the Negro people of the South and the white workers are on the move, but for the most part in separate movements. Happilly the direction of these movements is such that their future convergence is forseeable. Moreover, there are militants in both movements who, seeing the necessity of unity, are heroically working for it at no small personal risk and sacrifice.

South that in the war and post-These articles then will deal war years what had been a very with a chapter of the movement small sect among hundreds began of the poor white people of the South - a movement comsiderable property in Dallton, plementary to the glorious history currently being made by the Southern Negro. mountain region of North Georgia

THE SOUTHERNER

. At the beginning of 1955 a new newspaper was started in Dalton, Georgia. It was called The Southerner and was edited by Donald West, a native of the area. The paper attracted immediate attention from the labor movement and all those interested in the changing South. It had a militantly pro-labor and anti-racist line. It didn't talk down to its audience - the poor white workers and farmers - but approached them on the level of their thinking and

That it was a legitimate and indigenous voice of the Southern white workers was witnessed by the fact that all its contributors were native Southerners, many of them mill workers. It rapidly gained a large local circulation and, even more significant, a considerable circulation throughout the whole South.

The Southerner was the product of the joining of forces of the Church of God of the Union Assembly and of Don West. The religious sect, which has grown and prospered in the past decade, provided the print shop and a talented poet, writing not about vided the unpaid services of a an esoteric inner world but about talented literary man and a the poor whites and Negroes of crosading spirit.

CLASS BASIS OF CHURCH

For many decades in the South was elected a state official of the there has been a movement of party at the cost of his job on a workers out of the major church college faculty. When he bucked denominations. Coming down from the policy of the Communist from the mountains, the mill per ple first go to the churches their parents belonged to - usually elements becoming socially and gate was beaten. religiously dominant in the congregations. Moreover, the better education party fiasco, West neither left the

and the growing sophistication of South nor gave up the battle. He the socially dominant element in had long been sympathetic to the the old churches reflects itself pro-labor religious sect that was in the kind of sermons preached, more intellectualized ministers, etc. All of this has served to persuaded the church to hold a estrange the poor and uneducated precedent - breaking unsegregated mill workers (and other poor peo- rally for Wallace in Dalton. ple of the South) from these

By the thousands they have been withdrawing from the established religions and forming their to-earth social doctrine of the own sects. Here they practice the uminhibited old-time religion and about three years ago. Early last have a more homogeneous and year he gave up farming to hence more congenial social launch its newspaper, The Southatmosphere.

While the upper-class elements of the South looked with disdain on these "Holy Roller" sects, they never opposed them because they were useful to the mill-owners in keeping the workers sober and honest and keeping their minds ing, etc., were shortly to demonon heaven rather than on their

Book - A - Month Plan

February and March Selection

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AMISTAD

By William A. Owens Published at \$4.00 Special February price

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Battle to Organize Automation for Profit

the fairyland of the world to and hungry . . ." come. For the expanding, dysuch things as unions. Indeed, in the past period mill owners have come to contribute to these sects as they long had to the major

the greatest thrill on earth!" This conclusion of the National Association of Manufacturers raving of a press agent. The that pie-in-the-sky made them unnecessary. The Church of God spokesmen of Big Business, has embarked on a campaign to over, while it was not inter-racial "sell" the American people on automation. "Automation." claims, "will solve all our probdid preach against racism in ems if you just bear with us while we put it into effect."

Every major publication has carried this theme. For example, William M. Freeman in the New York Times of Jan. 3, 1955, to grow. The church acquired conmakes a sober-sounding appraisal: "In the automatic factory, Georgia, which is its headquarthe entire manufacturing process must be engineered to automatic controls all the way from Tennessee-Kentucky where most the raw material to the consumer, to the end of freeing workers from drudgery, monotony, and fatigue, of reducing worker hazards, of opening the avenue to ing jobs . . .'

THE CRY OF ALARM

The reason for the campaign economists who fear that auto- on throughout human history. mation might revive the misery which . . . the depression of the nomic selection.' 30's will seem a pleasant joke."

many years the realization in magical key to creation, not a of an economy of abundance. significance of which we cannot it into their plants. Courses in

To find a way to meet the namic economy of America, the growing threat the unions put But it contended that "both orsky is indeed the limit . . . Just up a sustained campaign for a going along for the ride will be government inquiry into automation and its effects. They demanded adequate legislation to avoid the dangers. As a result in its pamphlet "Calling All the Senate-House Subcommittee Jobs," is not just the lyrical on the Economic Report held hearings in Washington, Oct. 15, NAM, along with all other 1955. Union leaders, technical experts and industrial representatives testified.

> CONGRESSIONAL INQUIRY At this hearing Walter Reuther, UAW president, asked: "What should be done to help the worker who will be displaced from his job or the worker who will find his highly specialized skill has been taken over by a machine? Will automation mean the creation of whole new communities in some areas. while others are turned into

ghost towns?" Industry representatives denied that automation meant a Second Industrial Revolution. Speaking for the NAM, Marmore important and better pay- committee: "Automation is a comparatively new word, and to many people it has become a scare word. Yet it is not essentially different from the prois that cries of alarm have come cess of improving methods of from the unions, scientists and production which has been going

"It would be idle to contend," of the working class that result- he continued, "that automation ed from the Industrial Revolu- will not bring about major tion of the 1800's. Professor changes in the economy . . . but Norbert Weiner of Massachus- I can assure you with complete etts Institute of Technology, one confidence that they will not be of the pioneer scientists in the so numerous or widespread or so theory of automation, coined the condensed in time as to consti-"Second Industrial Revo- tute a social or human problem ution." He warned in his book, of even a minor nature." The The Human Use of Human Be-central point of his testimony ings: "It is perfecetly clear that was: "Automation will clearly be this will produce an unemploy- a blessing to the nation if it is ment situation, in comparison to allowed to grow by natural eco-

This point was repeated by The unions correctly pointed every industrial spokesman and out that, while they did not op- endorsed by Secretary of Labor pose progress, workers should James P. Mitchell. In its report not bear the brunt of these new on Dec. 11, 1955, the Senatechanges. The 1953 resolution of House Subcommittee accepted the United Auto Workers Con- the same view, making, how-

"We are clearly on the thres-

we cannot fully appreciate," it automation economics are now a social and economic night- conceded, adding that "many in- part of college curricula. Each mare in which men walk idle dividuals will suffer personal, mental and physical hardships a flurry of news articles. as the adjustments go forward." ganized labor and management are aware of and intent upon seeing that these human elements are not disregarded." The sub-committee was gratified by "the extent to which enlightened management is already aware of and accepting responsibility to the whole of American inin this respect." The conclusion clearly followed: "At this stage of the investigation, no specific broad-gauge economic legislation appears to be called for."

NO COMPLETE DATA

The full extent to which au- their jobs. tomation has progressed has not been published. As William Freeman admits in the Jan. 3 Times. Can the capitalists go through house for information on how behind a security veil, since it and institute a new economy of is not disclosed because the pro- however, shows that this "fairyducers of civilian goods - auto- land of the world to come," is mobiles, tractors, machine parts just a campaign of ballyhoo deand the like - are moving too signed to permit Big Business to shall G. Munce told the sub- rapidly to pay attention to ques-

Most experts in the field expect the period of greatest change in automation to take

By Robert Chester

"The future is a door stand"The future is a door stan studying the problem, weighing America of man's age-old dream hold of an industrial age, the the pros and cons of introducing new development is greeted by

> The Research Institute America polled 1,000 companies toward the end of 1953 on their plans to introduce automation. Seventeen and one-half per cent indicated their intention of using it as soon as possible while another 17% expected to use it by 1964. Translate these findings dustry and the impact can well be imagined.

No wonder a radio poll in Detroit found that the greatest fear of workers, outside of the question of atomic war, was what automation would do to

The perspective of automatic production poses two questions: "There is no central clearing with such a ten-year program of automating their plants? And machines are taking over . . . if they can, will they transform Some of the progress is hidden the country's productive system concerns defense matters. More abundance? An examination, grapple with some immediate problems - problems that directly affect the jobs and livelihood of the workers.

[First of a Series]

"AUTOMATION STRIKE"

The strike of 55,000 Westinghouse workers, now in its fifth month, is recognized as the nation's first automation strikes. The key issue of the strike has close bearing on the Corporation's plans to automate its plants. Should the Corporation win the strike it could proceed with automation in complete disregard of the effect on wage standards and

All talk of the "benefits" of automation to the working class is exposed as a fraud in this ruthless attempt of the company to smash the unions.

Westinghouse makes it perfeetly clear that the bosses will do everything in their power to recover complete dictatorial power over the labor force in order to develop automation exclusively for increasing profits - regardless of the cost to the worker. A survey by U.S. News and

World Report shows that most of the Westinghouse workers are living on meager subsistance and are going into debt rather than give in to Westinghouse tyranny. Despite these hardhips the workers maintain their fight with ranks

I Like Miss Lucy

By Harriet Talan

Autherine Lucy is a young woman, raised in humble circumstances. All her life she has had to contend with a heavy handicap - the pattern of Jim Crow discrimination

that compels most Negroes, es-3pecially in the South, to work | What she displayed was not harder and fight harder than merely physical courage, but whites to achieve equal status, moral heroism and true devotion recognition and rewards. Her to principle. aspirations are modest-all she wants to be is a librarian. Adlai Stevenson was born

among the rich, favored by cir- life was in danger, he chose to cumstance and given the best issue a number of statements on education that 20th century cap- the West Coast truckling to the italist society could supply. Life prejudices of Jim Crow and the was easy on him; all kinds of honors have been heaped on him at the coming Democratic conand he lacks none of the ma- vention. If elected President, he terial things our society has to said, he would refuse to use the offer. His ambition is far-reach- full powers of that office to ing-he wants to be president of the most powerful country in the in the South to abide by the

Yet if I had a young brother or sister, or if I were asked by high school student whose example he or she should take as a model-Autherine Lucy's or Adlai Stevenson's — I wouldn't hesitate for a minute. My choice is Miss Lucy. I choose Miss Lucy rather

than Adlai Stevenson as a model for the country's youth not out of a bias against politics or politicians, but because the differences between what she does in pursuit of her career (librarian) and what he does in pursuit of his (President) all reflect credit on her-and discredit on him.

Miss Lucy has courage of the highest order. She dares to chaljected the suggestion that she stand her ground in Alabama. And she stood it valiantly thrown by "the defenders of the opinion and pressures of "the best people in the South," against what authorities say was a nearlynching, averted only by the difference of a few minutes. And if she is not facing the mob today, it is not because she ran school) yielded to the mob. versity. - Ed.1

Adlai Stevenson, on the other hand, ran away morally. At the very moment that Miss Lucy's delegates who will represent it compel the foes of integration laws and court rulings of the land. Even worse, he pleaded with his fellow-Democrats and the Republicans for a gentleman's agreement to remove civil rights from consideration as an issue in the 1956 election campaign. No wonder that Gov. Griffin of Georgia, who is opposed to letting white and colored football players on the same field, hailed Stevenson's remarks and congratulated him on having strengthened his position in the South" (which, of course, was the intention of the remarks).

Adlai Stevenson would rather be President than offend the white supremacist forces he has been courting since 1952. All Autherine Lucy asks is the right to go to a university where she can acquire the same kind of enge prejudice in the place training to be a librarian that it is strongest. She re- is freely granted to white citizens. Stevenson offers an exmove to Detroit, where anti- ample of squalid expediency, Negro pressures are not so viru- Miss Lucy an example of inspirlent or open, and decided to ing integrity. If American youth are to uphold the best traditions of this country and if they are against vegetables and bricks to help make this a better world to live in, they will shun the ex-Southern womanhood," against ample of Stevenson and honor the example of Miss Lucy - by emulating it, as well as they can, wherever they can.

[This article is reprinted from the March issue of The Wayne Socialist, 590 W. Ferry, Detroit away, but because the university 2, Mich. (15c. per copy). The authorities (who think she isn't author is chairman of the Young good enough to go to their Socialist Club at Wayne Uni-

Kremlin Rulers' Repudiation of Stalin

Party organizer in Atlanta he got a taste of typical Stalinist double- economic analysis of the postdealing and slander. Support for war imperialist world, contained Baptist or Methodist. But in the towns class differentiation has him in the ranks, however, was in Stalin's last work, "Economic such that the Stalinist effort to Problems of USSR." Mikoyan led to the more prosperous kick him out as convention dele- dated the "abnormalities and distortions" of Stalin's rule and Unlike many Southern liberals the "flourishing" of the "cult left high and dry by the Wallace of the individual" twenty years back, under Stalin, or the year 1934. This was the year of the 17th Party Congress, the so-called "Congress of the Victors," at making headway in his native which the bureaucracy prostrated itself before Stalin's "genius." corner of Georgia. In 1948 he had and deified him. This was also the year of the Kirov assassination and the start of the monstrous Though he had been ordained a blood purges.

Mikoyan and other speakers called for new textbooks that Vanderbilt University, the downwill rewrite party and Soviet history in harmony with the re-Church of God led him to join it the individual," and so forth.

In disowning Stalin the Kremlin bureaucracy pursues immediate practical aims to serve its needs and interests, just as it did in elevating Stalin and manufacturing the Stalin myth. The difference between the regime under Stalin and under his successors is to be found in the different tasks of the bureaucracy in the period when Lenin died as against the period when Stalin died. When Lenin died, the Soviet

working class, small numerically to begin with, emerged weakened and exhausted by the years of the first World War, and the years of the Civil War during which the flower of the revolutionary vanguard had fallen on the battlefields. The countryside was ravaged, industry was ruined, the young Soviet Republic was isolated and blockaded by the imperialists. The German revolution of 1923 was defeated, other defeats followed. Out of these conditions of backwardness and isolation at home and revolutionary defeats abroad, the bureaucracy arose and led a

counter-revolution. GANGSTERISM

power could not have entrenched itself without employing gangster methods. Their job was to destroy physically the entire revolutionary generations who carried out the 1917 Russian revolution; they had to annihilate the Bolshevik party and the Communist International; they

other mass organizations. They could not have usurped power without first despoiling the people of the political conquests of was the ideal leader of these political gangsters.

But for Stalin's successors gangster methods do not suffice. They straddle a Soviet industry which is second only to that of the U.S. The Soviet proletariat numbering over 48 million in 1955 is likewise today the second largest in the world. The expansion of this working class, especially in the postwar years, no longer takes place through the recruitment of peasants and conscription of the rural youth as was the case in Stalin's heypudiation of Stalin, "the cult of day. In the recent years the bulk of the accretions to the labor force come from the urban centers. Young workers constitute the majority in the is very high.

The Soviet working class has grown markedly in experience number of workers trained on the jobs, acquiring higher skills, new trades, etc. has averaged 16 8 million.

The cultural levels and demands of the workers have risen. Comparative improvements in their living conditions have whetted the mass appetite for more substantial gains. Improvements in material conditions of the workers do not reconcile them with the regime, but on the contrary prepare the conditions for sharp collisions.

THE REVOLUTION SPREADS And last but not least, the Soviet workers have gained in confidence. Coupled with the victory in World War II, in which many of them took part at the fronts, the rise of revolutionary China and the extension of So-The bureaucracy grasping for viet economic forms over the Eastern half of Europe have dissipated the old moods of isolation and fears of imperialist encirclement.

> What was Stalin's heritage to his successors in the face of this new Soviet working class? It was the heritage of a series of bloody purges, with a new

once — as the author of a false organs of workers' democracy, Jewish physicians"). At home reduction in pay. The lowest class, was destroyed under the Stalin is rehabilitated repercusfarm crisis was unfolding "It is necessary to note," said Khrushchev at the 20th Congress, "that . . . in the first three to four years of the Fifth the Russian revolution. Stalin Five-Year Plan [that is, from 1951 to 1954] we had virtually no growth of the production of grain and of industrial crops." The farm crisis was finally resolved by Stalin's successors toward the end of 1955 by a series of emergency measures and concessions to the peasantry. This means that the relations between the workers and Stalin's successors were sharpened by food scarcities precisely at a time when the tyrant's death

> material gains and political re-Within 100 days of Stalin's death came the uprising of the East German workers on June 17, 1953, followed by the Vorkuta labor camp General Strike plants. Thus the specific weight on July 20, 1953. At the same of the youth in Soviet industry time the East European workers were in ferment (strikes and demonstrations in Czechoslovakia and elsewhere). The specter and skills. In recent years the of political revolution henceforward haunted the bureaucracy.

had aroused the mass hopes for

They then sought to unload to 17 out of every hundred. This on Beria, the most hated and new layer now numbers about feared of their colleagues, reregime. In purging the secret poers of "Soviet legality." They workers from entering the political arena and to consolidate to make. the ranks of the bureauracy around the "collective leader-

This did not suffice. By the 20th Congress the bureaucracy the top Kremlin Chiefs, handhad to disclaim Stalin, as well. picked by Stalin personally. For By dumping Stalin they hope to them every condemnation of parade as the restorers of Len- Stalin carries with it a conin's methods and traditions.

Soviet toilers. The workday on record. Saturdays and on days precedtries." Miners have been prom- years after Lenin died. ised a 6-hour day; and so have the young workers 16 to 18 years during which the Bolshevik

(Continued from page 1) | the masses, to destroy all of the | lin's last days ("the case of the | will be carried out without any | spirer of the Soviet working | Each time another victim of

The pension system is to be revised. The lowest categories will receive bigger pensions. Universal free education is to be restored in the second-grade schools. Khrushchev also promised "in the near future" to introduce "free hot lunches" to school children of the poorer

All this was topped off by a promise to ease the housing shortage by doubling the amount of construction in the course of the Sixth Five-Year Plan.

These material concessions were accompanied by new pledges to "strengthen Socialist legality." The long-promised revision of the labor code is to be effected. "Innocent people" who had been falsely convicted "have been rehabilitated" and "a number of other questionable cases have been checked up by the Central Committee," Khrushchev reported. Here the bureaucracy is anticipating and seeking to head off the demand for a public review of all the purges and frame-up trials.

RELUCTANT BUREAUCRATS

these material, legal and political concessions to the Soviet sponsibility for the crimes of the masses out of the goodness of cal prisoners in the summer of its heart. Especially the repudia- 1953. lice, they sought to appease the tion of Stalin. It marks the first masses by appearing as restor- major political concession imposed by mass pressure upon thereby hoped to prevent the Stalin's successors. And it was the most difficult one for them

Stalin's record, the party and Soviet history under him, are the record and history of the bureaucracy itself, especially of demnation of themselves as ac-Coupled with the repudiation complices, voluntary or cowardly. of Stalin they offered a number Each repudiation poses pointof material concessions to the blank a review of their own

That is why Stalin's successors ing holidays is to be reduced by cannot permit any repudiation two hours "in the nearest fu- other than the one they are able ture." Beginning with 1957 the to limit, regulate and control. 7-hour day is to be gradually That is why Stalin's successors introduced, with an 8-hour day did not repudiate but on the conand 5-day week in "some indus- trary reaffirmed the first ten

These were the decisive years had to crush the resistance of one in preparation during Sta- of age. This reduction in hours party, as the organizer and in-

Trotskyism. These were the years of bureaucratic selection raise the basic issues: Why Staland consolidation. By his point- inism? What about the struggle ed attack on the Trotskvists "and others as the most malignant position under Trotsky against enemies of the people, champions of the restoration of capitalism," Khrushchev tried to fix rigid and inviolable limits to the repudiation of Stalin's past. However, for the USSR calls for the repolitical concessions by a totali- view of "all political trials," tarian regime set in motion pro- staged by the Soviet bureaucracy, cesses which have a logic of

of the true version of the 1917 | importance and validity of this revolution, the years of the Civil War and the years of the Stalinist counter-revolution. The Khrushchev version of party and Soviet history will not satisfy them. But this revised version will only whet the appetite for the truth among the rising generations of young workers who are most ambitious to advance toward the free socialist society but who run up at every step against the bureaucratic rule. The Soviet youth has already demonstrated its ability to advance new forces for organizing the mass struggle against the The bureaucracy did not make bureaucracy. It was the Leninist Youth that headed the Vorkuta General Strike of 250,000 politi-

sions follow inside the Sovie Union. Each repudiation tends to waged by the Russian Left Opthe usurping bureaucracy with Stalin at the head? One of the central slogans of

Trotsky's Transitional Program "in the light of complete publicity and controversial openness The older generations of the and integrity." Life itself is now Soviet workers will be reminded bringing to the fore the political slogan. [First of a series.]

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. Civil Rights Assembly

rights fighters in Montgomery and Tuscaloosa, Alabama, and to protest the continued wave of terror against the Negro people in Mississippi and throughout the South.

A group of Negro church leaders headed by Rep. Powell have called a national day of prayer and protest for March 28. The press reported that the call included an appeal for a one-hour work stoppage, from 2 to 3 P.M. of that day. Subsequently the call for a work stoppage has been clouded in confusion and conflicting reports.

The Civil Rights Assembly is in the position to clear up this question and issue a unified appeal to the working people of the United States to down tools for one hour on March 28 and back the civil rights fighters in the South with a gigantic demonstration.

Union Officials

In our opinion the chief responsibility for carrying through such an action belongs to the trade union leaders. The Negro people are already carrying the brunt of the fight. The fighters for freedom in Montgomery have inspired the whole country with their invincible spirit of solidarity. Miss Autherine Lucy has faced lynch mobs in Tuscaloosa and said: "They have stoned me and injured me but not discouraged me."

Surely the officials of the labor movement are obligated to do more than approve such fine spirit. Isn't it time that they took the initiative, or at least responded to the splendid initiative of the Negro church leaders, and called on every unionist in the country to demonstrate on March 28 their support of the courageous fighters for freedom in the South?

Send Troops to Miss.

(2) Demand of the federal government that it immediately send troops to Mississippi and anywhere else in the South where the white supremacist rulers openly and violently defy the U.S. Constitution and Supreme Court decision. All the "gradualist" objections that have been levelled against this demand by the Administration. Stevenson, Kefauver and Harriman, ignore the fact that there is nothing gradual about the reign of terror against the Negroes in the South; there is nothing gradual about the defiance of the Supreme Court decision on desegregation by the White Citizens Councils and the Eastland gang; there is nothing gradual about the bomb terror, economic pressure and mass arrests in Montgomery; there was nothing gradual about the lynch mob that howled for Miss Lucy's blood; there was nothing gradual about the Mississippi lynch-murders of 14-year-old Emmett Till, Lamar Smith, Rev. George E. Lee and the Georgia murder of Dr. Thomas H. Brewer.

The only thing that is "gradual" in the civil rights struggle, is action by the federal government to enforce the constitutional rights of the Negro people. That is so gradual that no motion is visible.

The Big Business Administration and the two capitalist parties are always ready to finance or send troops to crush the independence movements of the colonial people in Asia or Africa. But against their class brothers - the white-supremacist, Jim Crow dictators in the South — they suddenly manifest the most tender and "reasonable" attitude. In this sphere infinite

What a monstrous fraud! The only tenderness or concern the Big Business rulers have is for their pocketbooks. Do their cronies in political power hesitate to summon the troops when it is a matter of helping a corporation break a strike? Isn't the full power of the law used to send people to jail for "conspiring to advocate" political ideas that have been proscribed? Even traffic violators are treated to swift justice. Only when it is a matter of defending the rights of ordinary working people, particularly those belonging to minority groups, do the gentlemen begin to blather about "reason and light" instead of enforcing the law.

Organize the South

patience prevails.

(3) The unionization of the South is perhaps the most basic question confronting the conference. The mass boycott movement in Montgomery, in the "birthplace of the Confederacy," is a fact of monumental significance. It proves once and for all that the Negro people of the South, are more than ready to organize, maintain discipline and solidarity, develor a courageous and skillful leadership, hold firm in the face of all kinds of pressure and close their ranks after each blow from the enemy. In other words, Montgomery

shows that a decisive section of the working class of the South is ripe for union organization.

What is needed is a bold, all-out organization drive, backed with the full resources of the powerful American labor movement, and above all based on a policy of 100% integration. There can be no compromise on the issue of integration in the Southern unionization drive. Let there be no mistake about this. A segregated South is an open-shop South; a union South is a desegregated South.

Alabama Unions

Alarming news has come from Alabama concerning the policy of local labor officials in the civil rights crisis (see story on this union constitution and split the page). The press reports of the comments organization - bring them up on of these local officials reveal that the pressure of the White Citizens Councils on them is great. It exceeds the counterpressure of the national labor movement.

This is a result of the prolonged delay of the union movement in correcting its policy of temporizing with and buckling to Jim Crow in the South. This policy spells sure death for the projected drive to or- deliver the Southern locals into ganize the South. The policy must be the hands of the White Citizens fundamentally changed. To follow Stevenson's "gradualism" in the union field would be a betrayal of the great promise union- group of "nameless" union leadism holds out for the revolution against ers in Tuscaloosa, Alabama, Jim Crow that is seething in the South.

If the unions step in with an unambiguous policy of integrated, fullydemocratic union organization, the whole the men told the reporter. "We They are incapable of leading plants going South. civil rights struggle will take a leap forward. The problem of defense against the the Southern telephone, railroad and sugar strikes last winter, plus the kind of workboycott of Jim Crow buses, would take the unions were thrown behind the asked by a motorist if she were of Montgomery to thwart the ers who have organized the Montgomery care of the cowardly terrorists who shoot movement doubts and indecision tired of walking during the present attack and score a major from ambush and murder children.

Powell Amendment

(4) Support of the Powell amendment to the school aid bill is the very minimum Negroes of Montgomery who racists have to reckon with and that must be demanded of every Congressman who claims to stand for civil rights. The Powell amendment has also become the acid test for every official leader of the labor movement. The position of AFL-CIO President George Meany is inex- in the fact that the hundred-odd be, "What are you doing to help cusable. Are we to stand silently and watch the boycott the boycott the boycott the boycott the boycott and deel a system off it must get behind the boycott and deel a system off it must get behind the boycott and deel a system of the federal government finance the racist leaders who openly defy the decision of the adopted in 1921 to smash a strike Supreme Court?

The argument that the Powell amendment will "hurt education" would be laughable if it weren't tragic. This argument presumes that Jim Crow schools can educate children to anything but a perpetuation of the hideous barbarism of a master-race system. The mothers of Negro children in Hillsboro, Ohio, have answered the indispensable key to the this false argument in advance. For months they walked together with their children on a picket line to protest Jim Crow schools in the morning - in the afternoons they carried on the education of their children through co-operative efforts in homes. Doesn't this single act of principled determination to fight Jim Crow without quarter cut through all the talk about "not hurting education"?

Democrats Betray

The Powell amendment is the only available method of making a serious push to been arrested by local police on prevail on this Congress to pass a civil trumped-up charges. Some have rights measure. It will not be easy to win. been fired from their jobs for Let us remember that on the first day of the opening session of the 84th Congress, the entire liberal wing of the Democratic party in the Senate betrayed its promise to make a fight on Senate Rule 22, a fight which could have destroyed Southern filibustering and opened the door to the roomed overnight on the basis of urgently needed civil rights legislation.

will need the utmost unity and determina- a first-come, first-seated bus artion in exerting pressure on Congress to rangement within the framework pass the Powell amendment.

We have expressed our opinion on the urgent questions before the civil rights to abuse by white bus drivers and movement in the hope that provision has the hiring of Negro drivers for been made for discussion and considera- predominantly Negro routes. tion of all points of view at the conference. objectives the movement has disorderly assembly by soliciting, Too often high officials and invited since deepened. In a suit filed by or advocating, or urging or endignitaries monopolize the time of these five Montgomery Negroes in the couraging disobedience to any conferences with endless orations. Since U.S. District Court Feb. 1 the the climate of the times is changing in the United States in many vital fields, is it tion is challenged. any more than fair too suggest that changes are in order in the matter of con- meet that challenge by a camference organization? Shouldn't the opin- paign of frame-up and persecuion of delegates who come thousands of Fred D. Gray, will not succeed miles and have first-hand field experience The challenge is not merely legal in the struggle be consulted on the big questions of policy? We earnestly hope of a deep change in consciusive, a great awakening, among the Nethat such will be the case this time.

Union Movement Faces Hour of Decision

The leadership of the American labor movement is on the spot. Last week 94 Birmingham, Alabama, steelworkers sent a telegram to George Meany, president of the 15-million member AFL-CIO, threatening to split the union if it continues to back its constitutional provisions for racial

President Meany, according to Labor's Daily, "forwarded the steelworkers' message to David McDonald, president of the AFL-OIO Steelworkers Union without comment."

McDonald is "investigating" the matter before deciding what to

OBVIOUS ANSWER

To rank and file steelworkers in Ohio last week, the answer seemed obvious: do the same thing you would do in the case of anyone else who threatened to violate the charges and kick them out if they stick to their anti-union position. Anything less will split the union.

Failure to act decisively in the face of this threat from the right would be surrender of one of the founding principles of industrial organization - unity based on equality of workers regardless of "race, creed or color." It would Councils, without a struggle.

Last Sunday's N. Y. Times reported an interview with a which provides a vivid picture of the dilemma of compromisers. "We always had good relations

between the races here," one of frightened.

GEORGE MEANY presided over recent AFL-CIO Executive Council meeting in Miami, Fla. The council did not resolve problem of jurisdictional disputes that is blocking start of Southern organizing drive. Livingston, AFL-CIO director of organization presented report that his field staff is just marking time. Meanwhile, rival union bureaucrats fight for dues-take before the workers have even joined the unions.

have worked together in the shop and in the union and have worked out a system of segregation that is fair to all concerned."

But "the Autherine Lucy case, by arousing racial passions, threatens both this system and the union leaders who have worked to create it, they said." My emphasis, J.S.]

Now these little men have reached a point in American history which demands that labor leaders take a stand - for or against segregation. They are

segregation because they base themselves on an unprincipled compromise with segregation which, despite their wishful thinking, is neither fair nor satisfac tory to the Negro workers.

On the other hand, they fear domination by the White Citizens Council elements because they recognize that "In the South, where such a large percentage of the labor force is Negro, that would be the virtual end of the mportance of organized labor."

NEGROES DEMAND JUSTICE But union leaders will be forced o take a stand on segregation. Their compromises are now being attacked from both sides. The Negro workers are also speaking

Last weekend, for example, it lacksonville, Florida, where the State Federation of Labor was meeting to discuss plans for merger of the AFL-CIO state bodies, a letter was received from Robert W. Saunders, NAACP Field Secretary.

In the key paragraph of the letter he wrote: ". . . And we remind you that our association is prepared to aid in the education of Negroes to the acceptance of unionization. However, we are as equally prepared to resist the attempts of organized labor to by-pass the Negro in its efforts to bring about better living conditions for those who must labor to exist.'

Unions face the hour of decision and it's time for the rank and file to move in to save their organizations. If the Northern workers don't speak up and stop the union-busting attack of the agents of the White Citizens Councils, Southern labor will be atomized. Then we'll see a veritable stampede of runaway Racists Want NAACP On "Subversive" List

The Tampa Bulletin, Florida Negro weekly, published a letter in its Feb. 25 issue which is of such significance as an expression of the attitude of Southern Negro leaders toward labor that we reprint it in full below:

February 14, 1956 Mr. Frank Roche, President Florida Federation of Labor 1657 N. W. 17th Avenue Miami, Florida

Dear Mr. Roche: Greetings,

It is my understanding that representatives of Labor in Florida will soon meet for the purpose of discussing the proposed merger of the American Federation of Labor and the Congress of Industrial Organization in this state.

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and the Florida State Conference of Branches are praying for the success of these meetings. But we cannot sit idly by without mentioning the part that Negro Labor in Florida can play in the success of organized labor in the state. We therefore are requesting that in your discussions, you follow the wishes and mandates of the national organization and its leaders in assuring that Negroes will partake of the full and unlimited benefits which are to be derived from the fruits of your future

progress and the protection of their rights as members.

We call upon you and the negotiating representatives to adhere to the principles of non-segregation and the factors which allow a man to advance on the basis of merit and qualification rather than race. And we remind you that our association is prepared to aid in the education of Negroes to the acceptance of unionization. However, we are as equally prepared to resist the attempts of organized labor to by-pass the Negro in its efforts to bring about better living conditions for those who must labor to exist. We call upon you to do everything possible to ban racial segregation from your unions and to insist that discrimination because of race shall be vanquished from all areas of employment.

In your debates, you are again reminded that every line uttered by those who are responsible for the ultimate ends for which you meet will be carefully analyzed by thousands. It is hoped that you will not bow to the dictates of prejudice and race hate in denying to your Negro brother the right to work, live, and progress on the same plane as you will allow for men of other

> Fraternally yours, Robert W. Saunders Field Secretary, NAACP

terrorists would be solved. The kind of workers who manned the picket lines in . . One-Hour Stoppage

would be put aside.

LABOR'S DUTY IS CLEAR

the AFL-CIO has a deep obligation to rally behind the heroic the boycotters was based on a our backs?" state "anti-conspiracy" statute The issue of Birmingham, Ala., coal miners.

The steady movement of "runaway" shops to the South has developed an increased consciousness in the ranks of the union movement that labor cannot the South is inescapable. And the Negro people of the South are success of the union drive.

The Negro people of the entire South are today fully determined to wipe out segregation. The movement in Montgomery, where a community of almost 50,000 Negroes are now highly organized in the Montgomery Improvement Association, is the most advanced expression of that objective.

For 86 days they have maintained a 100% effective boycott of the bus system. They have done so in the face of heavy odds. The homes of two of their leaders have been bombed. Scores have their support of the boycott. The fact that more than 100 of their ranks now face fine and imprisonment has only served to boost their militant spirit even higher

MOVEMENT DEEPENS

The boycott movement musha completely minimum demand, Under these conditions the Conference not to abolish segregation, but to correct its worst abuses, to win of the segregated bus system. This system already exists in other Allabama counties. In addition they have demanded a halt

Starting with these minimum constitutionality of the Alabama segregaton laws in transporta-

The attempt of the racists to it is above all a manifestation of a deep change in consciusness,

There can be no question that time. Now my feet are tired, and blows to the boycott movement.

my soul is resting." have stood firm in the face of they are people whom the union would also be a terrible blow to each new racist attack levelled movement must also reckon with against them. The unity of in- if it hopes to organized the terest between the Montgomery South. Deeds, not words alone, civil-rights fighters and all of count with them. Their response labor is dramatically symbolized to union appeals will certainly

squarely. With labor solidly they will never recover.

Jet magazine Jan. 26 reported | behind them, there are excellent dicates that if the full weight of the following: An aged woman, prospects for the Negro people month-old stay-off-the-bus cam- victory. But if that support is not paign in Montgomery, Ala.: "My forthcoming, the white supremasoul has been tired for a long cists may succeed in dealing new

> A defeat in Montgomery would These are people whom the be a sharp setback for the civil rights movement everywhere. It the union organizing drive in the South. The open shop system would get a new lease on life.

'Don't Bow to Dictates union movement that labor cannot endure half organized and half open-shop. The need to organize the South is inescapable. And the

The chief propaganda argument of Southern racists against the rising mass movement of Negroes fighting for

and Communists." The chief target so far is the National Asso-Colored People. A Feb. 23 NAACP press release lists the following actions of white su-Association.

enacted a bill permitting a county board of education to cancel the contract of any teacher who favors desegregation or belongs to an organization favoring desegregation. In January, Georgia Attorney General Eugene Cook asked the state legislature to investigate the NAACP for "possible subversive influences."

BARRING NAACP MEMBERS A bill introduced in the South Carolina legislature, Jan. 10, specifies that no person could NAACP and the movement Over 600 farmers in all were arreceive a teacher's certificate against segregation demands a rested and crammed into jails of unemployment. Prolonged unwithout signing a non-member- fundamental attack on the very ship affidavit concerning the Communist Party and the listing. NAACP. Other bills would bar NAACP members from all state, county and municipal jobs.

The Mississippi House of Rep-25, described by Rep. Karl Wiesenberg as "affecting only the NAACP," making it a crime to " . . . incite a riot, breach of the peace, public disturbance, or State of Mississippi."

The North Carolina Attorney failing to "register" in the state.

The latest action is a resolution passed last week by the

Labor cannot afford a defeat in Montgomery. For the sake of its own future survival and progress

arbitrary listing by a govern-

od in compiling his "subversive"

ists by this sort of "defence."

idea of arbitrary "subversive"

Stalin's frame-up charges.

116 University Place

munist Party of the Soviet Union.

STALIN'S FRAME-UP SYSTEM

THE MOSCOW TRIALS

By LEON TROTSKY

The full text of Trotsky's masterful analysis of the

Moscow Trials in his summation speech before the

John Dewey Commission of Inquiry which investigated

An introduction by Joseph Hansen which brings the

record of Stalin's frame-up system up-to-date and

Must reading for a fuller understanding of the back-

ground of the events at the 20th congress of the Com-

PIONEER PUBLISHERS

includes an analysis of trials in Eastern Europe.

Wilkins lends credence to the

against the NAACP.

equality is that "the trouble is caused by outside agitators

asking the U.S. Attorney Genciation for the Advancement of eral to put the NAACP on its "subversive" list. NAACP executive secretary Roy Wilkins replied to this atpremacist politicians against the tack by saying: "If the NAACP were a Communist-front organization it would long ago have The Alabama legislature has been placed" on the list. He

resentatives passed a bill, Jan. law . . . and non-conformance with the established traditions and customs and usages of the

THE CAROLINAS

General announced, Feb. 17, that he will "insist" to the courts that the Association be fined for

South Carolina State Legislature

CIVIL LIBERTIES IN THAI- of Khartoum, neighboring City of AND have been "severely im- Kosti, in protest against the

ned, Feb. 21, by "one of the ernment of death." country's strong men, Gen. Phao Sriyanond, Chief of Police." Premier Pibul Songgram "ex- PEACE? "Public opinion polls plained parades and other activities' might 'cause public unrest.'" The crackdown started with the threatens the peace; the number arrest of eight hunger strikers who hold the Soviet Union guilty and five others in front of the movement and deal a crushing teen," reports Alden, "had been blow to the racists from which protesting against the system whereby 51% of the country's Parliament is appointed, rather MINISTER, Johannes G. Strijthan elected." Simultaneously dom, enlarged the legislature in the police arrested National As- order to get a two-thirds masemblyman Thep Jotinuchit and jority for a revision of the coneleven others at the Bangkok stitution excluding Africans of airport on their return from a "mixed blood" from the polls. visit to the People's Republic of With this faked majority the China on the charge of violating white-supremacist bill was pass-Thailand's anti-Communist Act. ed. In the same act the legisla-The newspapers were warned ture limited the power of the "not to publish news of Com- courts to rulings on minor legismunist China as this, too, might lative matters in order to prebe a violation of the Anti-Com- vent future collisions with jumunist Act." According to Alden's Feb. 23 dispatch several fifty white women wearing black newspaper editors resigned to roses in mourning for the conavoid arrest. Alden also reports, stitution. 'Many Thais believed that it is the United States that is re-

Attorney used the identical meth- feet, was opened, 194 were found teen farmers and three police-Actually the interests of the men were killed during the week. wave. On Feb. 28 over 2,000 people marched through the streets

New York 3, N. Y.

sponsible for the abolition of

their civil rights."

paired" according to N.Y. Times brutal murder of the farmers. correspondent Robert Alden in Demonstrators shouted, "Down a Feb. 22 Bangkok dispatch, with the government of feudal-All public gatherings were ban- ism," and, "Down with the gov-

World Events

WHO THREATENS THE that 'demonstrations, in India show an amazing number of persons who believe that it is the United States that is extremely small." (Thomas J.

SOUTH AFRICA'S PRIME dicial powers. In the gallery were

A NEHRUIST VIEW of economic aid to Asia was expressed in the January issue of Jana, a magazine published in Ceylon, ATROCITY IN SUDAN, Po- reflecting the opinion of the thereby supports the thesis that lice locked up 281 farmers of "neutralist" Asian capitalists. Kohti, Feb. 21, after they had Jana comments upon the visit ment appointee constitutes proof demonstrated against confisca- of Khrushchev and Bulganin to of "subversiveness." This is just tion of their crops. The next day India and Burma last Novemwhat the racists want. The U.S. when the single cell, 65 by 20- ber and December as follows: "The West and particularly dead from suffocation. The America which has given much list as the racists are using farmers battled police when they aid to India and other Southattempted to confiscate their east Asian countries, has not crops withheld in support of quite been able to supply India methods of the red-baiting rac- their land reform demands. Fif- with technical equipment and know-how. And this is the most important form of aid which India needs now to solve the problem as temperatures soared in a heat employment could undermine democratic society . . . If employment is not provided, there is bound to arise unrest and insecurity from within, a threat from the local Communist Party and by the knowledge that both Russia and China have solved this problem of unemployment ... It is not only the volume of aid which is of importance but the type of aid which these countries need. The Russians have offered assistance in order to enable India and Burma to industrialize and for industrialization the Americans have not been able to provide much, though of course a large vol-

ume of assistance has been given to Asian agriculture and famine relief. It is in an industrial sector that economic and technical assistance is most needed. and it is in this particular sector that the Russians have offered their help."

It was Lucio Flowers, aged 54, the white proprietor of a department store in the Negro district who fired the shots. The police said Flowers was a "sick man" and whisked him out of the state to a hospital where he was reportedly treated under police custody.

Both men, Dr. Brewer and Flowers, were witnesses to the arrest of a Negro man. Dr. Brewer was indignant at the brutality displayed by the police who handcuffed and beat their prisoner. Dr. Brewer pressed for an investigation of the brutality. Flowers testified for the cops.

Flowers claimed that when Brewer visited his office, he laid his medical bag on the table and reached for his pocket. He feared violence and in "self-protection" fired the seven deadly slugs.

What really happened may never be known for justice is never meted out to Negroes by the racists in power. Long before the shooting occurred, however, a pattern of violence existed that was unmistakable. Dr. Brewer had signed a petition against a segregated golf course. He and others who had signed were bothered with anonymous threats of

The reaction of the Negro community in Columbus, Ga., to the murder is extremely revealing.

"Still reeling from the shock of the . . . Brewer slaying, Negro leaders in this town [Columbus, Ga.] are voicing increasing bitterness over the federal government's refusal to back up its Supreme Court edicts on integration," reports the Feb. 25 Pittsburgh Courier.

One local leader, who refused to be

quoted by name, told the Courier, "The white folks are desperate. They are resort-

are leaving it up to us poor devils to be maimed and killed. The government ought to back up their edict or else back down in shame before the eyes of the world. There is a definite move on to remove all Negro leadership, by hook or crook. Dr. Brewer's death is simply a part of the whole picture in the South."

Another leader said, "I don't think it is a wise thing for colored people in places of responsibility to do a whole lot of talking. The federal government is not doing anything to back up the Supreme Court edict. They are leaving us to die as victims of Charles E. Wilson, that he was the white people."

The president of the Columbus Branch draftees with disloyalty disof the NAACP commented, "I may be next charges for alleged pre-induction to be shot down."

The Negro and labor movement of the North have the duty to demand protection vice would not be stigmatized. for the embattled opponents of segregation in the South. Civil rights are guaranteed by the Constitution and must be enforced with the power of the federal government. 4, 1955, when Rowland Watts Anything less makes a hollow mockery of and Eugene Landy focused pubdemocracy. If the government sent fed- lic attention on the Pentagon's eral troops into the South to restrain the Watts, basing himself on 110 lynch-arm of the White Citizens Council, cases, issued a two-volume rethe Negro people would put an immediate port on "The Draftee and Interend to the terror perpetrated against them.

If the Negro and labor movements fail to force the federal government to protect | whose thinking, activities, assothe elementary civil rights of the Amer- ciations or kin were not in abican people, the terror will grow. It will solute conformity with military claim many more victims. If the government only wants to appear democratic, if the law of the land is to be left a dead mother had once been a Comletter, then both Democrats and Repub- munist. Following Landy's well licans should be thrown out of office and the direct representatives of labor and the Negro peoples who have a genuine concern for freedom should be put in their place.

Survey of Oil Industry

By David Miller

1955. 384 pp. \$5.00. In his latest book, Empire of Oil, Harvey O'Connor has added another volume to an already distinguished list of great value to every student of American society.

THE EMPIRE OF OIL, by Harvey O'Con-

nor. Monthly Review Press, New York,

This new work is a project of encyclopedic scope, covering such diverse aspects of oil as the role of cooperatives and independents, the oil unions, Mexican nationalizations, as well as the central traditional problems such as price monopoly, concentration, reserves and the

role of government in fostering monopoly. Despite the wide coverage of the field, the book does not suffer from any superficiality of treatment. O'Connor's simple, direct style and evident erudition in all facets of the industry result in a presentation chock-full of selected, critical documentation in every area that is touched. In this respect he builds upon the classical works in this field, most particularly the famous Technical National Economic Committee studies of the 1930's, and brings them up

Several recent public issues involving oil are illuminated by O'Connor's statistics. The furious debate in government and industry circles during the past few months on restricting oil imports to 10% of U.S. consumption (they run approximately 15% today, and are climbing steadily) reflects very demonstrably a factional dispute between the "independents," based exclusively upon domestic oil production, and the giants of the industry who are so ed that the armed forces had heavily involved in the far cheaper foreign clarified their Nov. 16 directive oil. In this context, the over-riding position of Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) tary's general counsel, Mansfield Sprague. According to Hennings, was demonstrated anew when the com- the military would stop giving Harmon's character and effici- the point, the Board recessed to the full term (including six tion. Screening potential draftees promise that seems to have emerged, con- security-risk discharges to per- ency ratings were excellent, but consider the issue, then closed years of reserve time) of your before instead of after induction; ceded much to the independents, but exempted Standard's Venezuelan oil from these restrictions.

Similarly the Natural Gas bill, until last week at the focus of political maneuvering, seems to have been more vital to the independent domestic producers since the central issue was the price of gas at the point where it enters the monopoly-owned pipe

thesis on the oil industry. His frame of reference is that shared by all socialists. Consequently, the book is not written as an academic dissertation, but rather as a propaganda manual, in the very best sense of that term. Socialists can be nothing but grateful for a useful job, well done.

Notes from the News

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY is "in peril because its leaders in Congress have abandoned its liberal principles," says the Americans for Democratic Action in an editorial in the March issue of the ADA World. The editorial says Democratic Congressional leaders were guilty of "shortsighted subservience to the interests of conservatism, racism, and oil." The ADA warns that Eisenhower's veto of the gas-gouge bill (passed by congress with a Democratic majority) and the "growing tempest" over civil rights "have brought into focus the perilous state of the Democratic

BOMBING OF THE FLORIDA home of Mable Norris Reese, a white newspaper editor who has attacked Sheriff Willis McCall for his tactics against Negroes, occurred in Tavares on Feb. 21 and 23. Mrs. Reese asid she was not a "pro-integrationist, but favored a clam, sane approach to the problem," according to the Feb. 26 N. Y. Post. She appeared before a grand jury investigating commutation of the death sentence of Walter L. Irvin, victim of a phony rape charge in Groveland, Fla., in 1949. In 1951 Sheriff McCall attempted to nullify a U.S. Supreme court-ordered new trial for Irvin and another victim, Samuel Shepard by shooting both these handcuffed prisoners while in transport. McCall left both for dead, but Irvin survived to receive the commuted

GEORGE MEANY AND NAM executive committee chairman Charles Sligh Jr. met in Washington. Feb. 23, to discuss Meany's proposal for a "non-aggression pact" between the AFL-CIO and the NAM. They got nowhere, agreeing only that further talks would serve no purpose.

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI, was showered with copies of the Federal Constitution dropped from an airplane, Feb. 22. The plane was chartered by

Chicago Negro disc jockey Al Benson, a native of Mississippi. When told the booklets attracted places in the city and the counlittle attention, he said: "That's the trouble; the Constitution has attracted little attention in Mississippi."

THE COAST GUARD BLACKLIST of dock workers is being backed by International Longshoremen's Association president Capt. W. V. Bradley. The CG abandoned its port-wide check (allowing only men who had passed its arbitrary "clearance" to work) in 1954 because of lack of will be the possession of a manpower. The Bi-State Waterfront Commission privileged few? which now controls dock hiring in the Port of New York considered adoption of a regulation requiring CG clearances before registration, but withheld such action because of a U.S. Court of Appeals decision in San Francisco last October that the CG screening system was unconstitu- Editor: tional. Instead, the hated anti-labor police agency used its own blacklist against longshore strike the Cleveland Plain Dealer which leaders. The ILA rank and file walked off the docks last fall in a political strike protesting the Can you make any use of it? If Commission's Gestapo methods, and the ILA not, please return it to me. Ferleadership was forced to go along. The East Coast was tied up for eight days before the ILA leaders accepted on Sept. 14 a face - saving proposal for a "citizen's commission" to mediate the dispute between the union and the Bi-State Commission (which makes no secret of the fact | Editor: that it wants the ILA swept from the docks). The "citizen's commission" fell apart a few days later. In an attempt to outdo the Waterfront Life" do not appear to have Commission in witch hunting, Bradley sent out much intellectual depth. Or is notices, Feb. 24, asking all ILA locals to oust it that this devotion is a strategy any members who can't get CG clearance. The in political semantics, motivated New York Shipping Association picked up the by the American possessing ball and proposed a conference of the shipowners, classes who have fear of change? the Bi-State Waterfront Commission and the ILA to devise an effective program for barring "subversives." The ILA bureaucrats would be itself denotes movement and as to say that America's devel- anyone who has worked on conoutvoted on such a body by the employers and therefore change. Everything in oping classless society precludes their police agency.

THE MILITANT

VOLUME XX MONDAY, MARCH 5, 1956

wnite folks are desperate. They are resorting to organized violence from the very top, U.S. Senators, on down — even if it means defying the U.S. Army. . . They

By Henry Gitano

On Jan. 30 deputy general Army was unable to contradict counsel of the Army, Lewis him. Harmon, currently a law mothers of eight Fort Dix sol
Berry, said that all he knew student at Howard University, honorable discharges after honorable service as draftees.

Three weeks ago Senator Thomas C. Hennings wrote to Defense Department Secretary, 'shocked", to find the Army pursuing its old policy of branding ideas or associations despite 'assurances" by Wilson that those performing honorable ser-

The origin of Henning's 'shock" can be traced to Aug. witch hunt against enlisted men. nal Security." It exposed the Army's blacklisting through security-notation discharges of men brass' standards. Eugene Landy was turned down for a naval reserve commission because his publicized case, a string of guilt-

by-kinship "risks" came to light. Beginning Nov. 17, 1955, the Army's persecution of draftees came under attack by the Senate's subcommittee on Constitutional Rights under the chairmanship of Hennings.

Secretary of Defense Charles E. Wilson announced, Nov. 18. 1955, that under a Nov. 16 directhe security regulations were being revised to eliminate some abuses. With the modified thought-control machinery, suspected "security-risks" would be investigated before instead of after induction. If found unsuitable a draftee would be rejected

Hennings on Jan. 28 announce through a letter from the milicharges would be reviewed. Men ly on their service record.

diers got nowhere when they about the Hennings' reforms was answered every question about went to Washington yesterday what he read in the papers. Hen- himself but refused to answer to protest "security" hearings nings' interpretation of Sprague's scheduled for their men. The letter appeared to Berry as only soldiers have been engaged in a one man's interpretation. At ong legal struggle to prevent Fort Jay the Judge Advocate's Harmon's suit which challenged the Army from giving them dis- office of the First Army said that the Army's right to brand him despite news reports since Nov. 16, it has no new directives on for honorable service. Judge handling "security" cases and Youngdahl claimed that it is the was operating under the old Army's business to determine

> Wilson stating: "The Committee tion to review them. vas shocked to learn that the did learn . . . that the new Defense Department policy has not been implemented in new army regulations."

The Fort Dix Eight had been summoned before Army field boards to show cause why they should be retained in the Army. The draftees were notified late last summer of allegations dealing with membership, kinship, reading habits, signing of petitions, writing of letters to congressmen and participation in strikes during their civilian lives.

Threatened with undesirable discharges, they filed a suit against their commanding general asserting their right either to remain in the armed forces or to honorable discharges. Judge David N. Edelstein in New York's Federal District Court denied a government motion to dismiss the suit on Nov. 22, 1955. But on Jan. 3 he also denied the request of the Fort Dix soldiers for an injunction to prevent the Army from discharging them before a ruling on the loyalty program could be made.

On Jan. 30 the eight enlisted men asked the Supreme Court to halt Army proceedings that might result in their getting dishonorable discharges before the appeal for an injunction against the Army could be argued in the lower courts.

THE HARMON CASE

The Army resumed its houndng of the eight Fort Dix privates which shocked Hennings, sons with honorable service, Pre- he was discharged from the the hearing. vious less-than-honorable dis- Army in June 1954 as "either disloyal or subversive." Harmon drafted after a security check claimed he never joined anything Situation Normal All Fouled Up. branding means. Armed Forces extending it to all potential would get discharges based sole- except the NAACP and the But behind the dilly-dallying is Talk, published for the informa- draftees, not merely those in-

queries about others.

Youngdahl on Jan. 24 dismissed with an undesirable discharge the type of discharge given and Hennings then sent a letter to that civilian courts lack jurisdic-

Early in January, Federal Army is actively pushing pro- Judge Sidney Sugarman in New ceedings to bring about the se- York, refused to restrain the curity risk discharges of eight Army from proceeding against a soldiers at Fort Dix, N. J., on client of lawyer David Shapiro the basis of allegations of pre- who faces an undesirable disservice activities . . . The staff charge from the reserves. Judge Sugarman held that no court could help him until he had exhausted Army channels.

Judge Sugarman's opinion that no court could help a draftee till he had completed the Army's judicial process, together with Judge Youngdahl's opinion that the court cannot help Harmon once the Army is finished with him, emboldened the military to hurriedly proceed against the Fort Dix Eight.

Meanwhile Wilson, Feb. 1, reaffirmed his new policy. "Certainly," he said "no one can take the position that a man should be convicted for what he did before he came into the service.' Wilson was not familiar enough with pending cases to discuss them, "but all I can say is the nen will be treated fairly."

THE NEXT DAY

Just one day after Wilson's policy was reaffirmed, the Army Discharge Review Board in Washington heard Paul Milvy's ease. Milvy was given an "undesirable discharge" on July 13, 1954, after five months Army duty. He is asking for an honprivileges on his past associaions at the time of his induction. At Fort Monmouth's Signal Corps Center Milvy was given 'excellent" ratings as an army student. Yet, when suddenly diswas listed as "unsatisfactory."

The Army's current "security" program is obviously SNAFU -Abyssinian Baptist Church. The an undeviating drive to secure tion of Army personnel, in deal-ducted.

Striker Arrested

NUMBER 10



Republic Aviation Corporation striker, Lou Tempera, is led away by cops, one of many arrested in clashes between pickets and scabs outside the company's Farmingdale, L. I. plant, Some 19,000 International Association of Machinists members are on strike at four Republic plants. (See story on

Code of Military Justice, gives the armed services the specific power to court-martial for "seditious conduct" while in the discharge." Testimonial letters service. The "security" program is not needed to punish and dis- just me who is suffering. My orable discharge. Milvy availed charge for misconduct or dis- wife and my child must be dehimself of the constitutional loyalty. It has another objective.

THE REAL PURPOSE

The military's "security" program exercises "political and social control over every young man subject to the Selective Ser- promised by Wilson have so far charged his efficiency rating vice law from the dawn of his mature understanding until he even if these reforms are ultim-Milvy's attorney Albert Col- approaches 30. Through the lows, thought the Review Board threat of an 'undesirable' dis- brass they will not eliminate the the day after a decision was hadn't head about Wilson's charge, it says 'Conform, not injustices done to the youth. In reached on John Henry Harmon. statement. When Colloms raised only in active service but for fact it will extend the persecudeveloping maturity,' Watts Report points out.

construction slides off, it may be

too late to learn in college that

it is necessary to increase pro-

Here we have, graphically

portrayed, the result of the la-

bor leaders' desire to get into

the act. Nice and cosy! We find

them lined up with the boss

press in defending the capital-

ist system and whooping it up

for "more productivity" from an-

American working class which

already suffers the most intense

exploitation and speed-up of any

I may be a little late in sending

n my renewal, but I assure you

that I am no less interested in

Chicago

working class in the world.

Best Wishes

ductivity to hold customers.

absolute unquestioning conform- | ing with the importance of an ity within a regimented nation. | honorable discharge, says: "Pro-Article 94 of the Uniform spective civilian employers are very likely to give some other job applicant the nod if you show them the 'wrong' kind of reinforce this point: "It isn't prived of many things just because I can't hold onto a job once people find out about my discharge.

The reforms in Army proces dure advocated by Hennings and been ignored by the Army. But ately forced upon the military as the would merely transfer the black listing from the discharge page The military realize what their pers to the draft cards, thereby

Our Readers Take the Floor

Students working hard to cheat their way through to graduating marks (at high school at least) learning the least they could. Now that has become part of the 'good old days!' The increase in the school population has outraced the production of teachers. and the school-factories are inadequate for even production of the semi-literate school children of a few years back. In some try, the kids come in two shifts. Despite the great demand for teachers, they haven't been unionized, and many find that industry is better paying and less demanding. Granted that the situation might have been exaggerated, are we headed for a new Dark Ages, where knowledge

Baltimore

Word Juggling

Herewith is copy of a letter to I do not expect the P.D. to print. vently yours,

Joseph Manlet Cleveland (The letter to the Plain Dealer

ollows - Ed.) Those patriotic worshippers of

a so-called "American Way of

There is nothing fixed about American life. The word, "Way," American life constantly has a class revolution here.

their economic interests. No the profit system on the backs cause of the growth of the dosun of American life will never stand still. Earnestly yours,

Joseph Manlet

Fakery

The American boss press is carrying on an intensified advertising campaign on the virtues of capitalism and the evils of socialism. Obviously the fact that hundreds of millions of people throughout the world are rejecting capitalism and taking the road to socialist freedom has people will catch the "red virus."

After spending millions to for increasing "productivity." destroy Marxism, the name of Karl Marx figures more prompapers and every day we are scientific socialist teachings.

we have a "new" capitalism here dant goods.

in much the same way that Joe the working day into the process Doakes trades his '56 car for a of production. '57 model. They even go so far

semantic invention can ever in- of the workers, it's another mat- it-yourself cult. He chidingly hibit American progress. The ter. The class collaborationist states that if the rate of new theories of Reuther, Meany and other labor sages have led to their rejection of the 30-for-40 demand, in the past, and recent statements to the effect that there is no class struggle on the American scene. Now the press eveals a spectacle of added infamies by the labor statesmen.

The president of the local mion at the Minneapolis-Honeywell Corp. provides a gem which in effect said, "Anyone who stands in the way of the Company's making a profit has no place in our local." He then goes on to reveal a "sweetheart' them worried that the American agreement that points up union collaboration with the company To top it all, the president of

a Kansas City local of the Int'l nently than ever in the news- Brotherhood of Electrical Workers wants to awaken the conoffered new refutations of his sciences of his members. An editorial cites the "novel offer of We read editorials on "peoples this building trades union to capitalism" where it is argued pay tuition for its members who that a large percentage of the wish to study loafing and its American people own the means prevention at a University." This of production. The "old" capital- offer was accompanied by a ism in the days of Marx, we are statement from the union presitold, operated on a small volume dent that "productivity" in the and large profit margin. Now construction industry is low. He accused his men of dogging it in America which in contrast at work and described some prooperates on a large volume and jects as "more like a convalessmall profit margin. Workers cent home than a construction benefit, the editorials say, from job." This piecard misleads when increased output through higher he talks of "productivity." What wages and cheaper, more abun- he means in workman's language spells speed-up, what Marx The "old" capitalism has been called "the higgling incorporatraded in for the "new" model tion of all possible minutes of

> The frightful speed-up, for struction, means running up ladders and hustling like mad to

O'Connor does not present any new A New Dark Ages? changed during all history. In It is not my purpose here to get the structure built. In com- your publication than heretoffore. recent times changes have been dwell on the economic quackery mentary, the editor, although In fact, I am more interested than deep and rapid. What only has developed by the editors and approving the reason for the of- ever, standing, as I do, for I used to think that education not changed is the psychology columnists in their defense of fer of the college course on how desegregation, restoration of Kutin Baltimore was in a bad way. of our patriotic political buc- the capitalist system, but when to fight loafing, attacks the pro- cher's job and a just economic caneers. They are motivated by the labor fakers try to uphold hibitive cost of union labor as a system for all. With best wishes R. A. C.

Akron, Ohio

Detroit Fri. Night Socialist Forum

TWO EYEWITNESS REPORTS

1. The Bus Boycott Movement in Montgomery, Ala. 2, The Civil Rights Mobilization in Washington, D. C. Friday, March 9, at 8 P. M.

The 20th Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union Friday, March 16, at 8 P. M.

At 3000 Grand River, Rm. 207 Donation 25c. Free for Unemployed

A Timely Pamphlet The Suppressed Testament Of Lenin

Including Leon Trotsky's article

On Lenin's Testament

Here is the full text of Lenin's testament in which he gave his "last advice on how to reorganize the party leadership" and proposed to remove Stalin from his post as General Secretary of the party. This document, and Trotsky's analysis of it, is now of wide interest in view of the latest development in the Soviet Union.

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