Spellman's Letters

— See Page 4 —

THE MILITANT

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

VOL. VII—No. 42

NEW YORK, N. Y., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1943



PRICE: FIVE CENTS

Soviet Advances Auto Workers Fight 'Sacrifice' Cast Shadow On Policies But Support Roosevelt Moscow Parley

Despite Mutual Fear of Revolution, Allies And Stalin Can't Agree On European Setup

By Felix Morrow

After a brief lull, the Red Army offensive last week took on new momentum. Bridgeheads were thrown across the Dnieper — a move which could have been undertaken only with the expectation of launching a drive across the Dnieper which, if at all comparable to the last one, would bring the Red forces to the Soviet frontiers of 1940.

What will the Soviet Union do then? That is the question hanging over the preparations for the coming U. S.-British-Soviet conference in Moscow.

The full scope of the differences facing the conference was indicated last week by the N. Y. Times. An Oct. 10 editorial referred to "the different approach to the European problem by the Western allies on the one hand and Russia on the other," and the "lack of an understanding between the Western allies and Russia on a common European policy.'

This formulation is quite correct. The basic issue is not piecemeal differences over Poland, Yugoslavia, Rumania, the Baltic area, etc., but involves the European continent as a whole.

But the Times is tendentious in formulating the difference as one between the "democracies" who are interested in "winning the war first" and Soviet-supported forces who "are as much interested in fighting for 'the revolution' as for a common victory."

Were that actually the issue, ing to the right." the capitalists could hope to Another Congressman, John M. achieve nothing at all at the Mos- Coffee of Washington, likewise cow conference. For there can be sought to reassure his colleagues no common ground between the proponents of a capitalist Europe | Sept. 24 St. Louis Post-Dispatch. | and the proponents of the Euro- | This editorial stated: pean socialist revolution.

BASIS FOR AGREEMENT

ord last week by Representatives | position." Rankin and Sabath underlined

the Trotsky commissars," "has London. torn down the streamer that Trotsky placed across the gates of Moscow that 'religion is the opium of the people," and intro- clique that he heads are not the duced capitalist-type military dis- same thing as the Soviet Union. cipline "instead of every man | That, too, is understood by Roosegreeting his superior officer mere- velt and Churchill. They know ly as 'comrade,' " Rankin conclud- that Stalin's dictatorial regime arms. ed that the Kremlin has no revo- rests on the nationalized property lutionary designs on Europe. Si- created by the October revolution. milar conclusions were drawn by Sabath quoting Rickenbacker's

Prepare Supreme Court Appeal

Among the important questions which the U.S. Supreme Court will consider in its present session is the petition of the 18 defendants in the Minneapolis labor trial asking the highest court to review the recent Circuit Court decision upholding the convictions and to pass on the constitutionality of the Smith "Gag" Act under which the defendants are the first to be convicted. Attorney Albert Goldman for

the defendants and attorney Osmund K. Fraenkel of the American Civil Liberties Union are now preparing this petition which will be filed within the next two weeks with the Supreme Court. A national campaign to publicize the issues involved and raise the necessary funds for the appeal has been launched by the Civil Rights Defense Committee.

report that the USSR was "mov-

by citing an editorial from the

"The Post-Dispatch learns on very high authority that Stalin against the Nazi troops who were treachery." definitely does not want a bolshe- outside the city. The Moscow conference is pos- vist Germany after the war. This sible precisely because Washing- is because he fears that once Gerton and London understand that many turned Communist, [it] therefore called on the command-Stalin does not want a socialist would try, as did Trotsky, to start er of the Turin garrison, [Badocapitalist allies. Speeches and in- ment that might reduce Stalin's

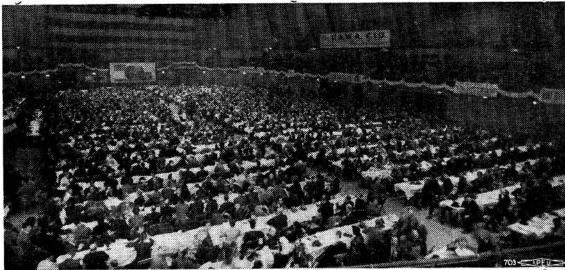
The central fact that Stalin which they knew were advancing fears the German and European on Turin. Rankin on Oct. 4 assured Con- revolution is indubitable and wellgress that "Russia has abolished understood in Washington and

THE BASIC CONFLICT

But Stalin and the bureaucratic ments.

(Continued on page 3)

Biggest Union at Work in Convention Convention Defeats Incentive Pay Plan; Officers Win Renewal No-Strike Pledge



This official convention picture of the eighth annual gathering of the United Automobile, Aircraft and Farm Implement Workers Union, CIO, shows the 2,000 odd union delegates transacting the business of the world's largest and most aggressive labor union at Buffalo's huge Memorial Auditorium. The UAW is past the million mark and still growing.

Italian Generals Turned Workers Over To Nazis

city, declared the city surrender-

the Nazi army had not even

He also agreed to maintain in-

ternal order in the Milan area-

act as police agent for the Nazis.

Two days later, continued resist-

ance of the workers forced the

Nazis to take over the task them-

(See Editorial, page 4: "Who

reached the outskirts of the city.

Workers Demanded Arms, Badoglio's General Made Promises, But Betrayed Them BoardHears

How Badoglio's officers, asked for arms by the Italian workers for use against the Nazis, deliberately betrayed the workers

Postal Plea and turned them over to the Nazis, has now been authoritatively told by Libera Stampa, Italian-language anti-fascist newspaper of Lugano (Switzerland.)

In a report from Turin, the Oct. 1 Libera Stampa describes what happened in that city •

doglio regime:

"The workers through their leaders suspended work in the

"But they needed arms. Representatives of the Turin workers in other cities. part of German armored troops ported Sept. 12.

"The workers' representatives workers and soldiers who had dom, assumed full responsibility for wiped out the Nazi forces in the the distribution of arms to their organized supporters, promising ed to the Nazis at a time when not to give them to suspicious ele-

"General Adamirossi courteously asked them to be patient during the few hours necessary for transportation and delivery of the

"However, a tragic betrayal was being prepared: the workers' selves. leaders were handed over to the Germans who had arrived in the Defends Italy?")

For Pardon

pardon will be heard before the Minnesota State Board of Parwhen the workers learned that meantime. The time which Gen- dons on Oct. 13 instead of Oct. the armistice had been declared eral Adamirossi had demanded 11 as previously reported, owing between the Allies and the Ba- for the delivery of the arms was to the large number of cases the used by him to conclude an agree- board must review, the Civil ment with the Germans for the Rights Defense Committee an-"General Adamirossi apparent- tary-treasurer of Minneapolis big factories. . .to assume. . . ly has already paid with his life, Motor Transport Workers Local the armed defense of their city" at the hand of a worker, for this 544, is now serving five years imprisonment on trumped-up charg-Earlier reports told of similar es of "embezzlement" of union betrayals by Badoglio's officers funds. It is expected that representatives of three national civil In Bergamo, workers who de- liberties organizations, the Amermanded arms "were told by the ican Civil Liberties Union, the revolution any more than do his a world-wide Communist move- glio's appointee] General Adami- military commander that only a Workers Defense League, and the rossi, and asked for arms to re- few outmoded rifles were avail- Civil Rights Defense Committee, sertions in the Congressional Rec- stature and perhaps threaten his pel an eventual attack on the able." the Associated Press re- will appear before the Board of Pardons together with the Min-In Milan General Ruggiero, nesota attorney retained by the frightened by the success of the CRDC, to plead for Postal's free-

> Petitions bearing over 5,000 signatures already gathered in support of Postal were forwarded to the board on Oct. 8 by the Twin City branch of the WDL. Buick Local 6, UAW-CIO of Melrose Park, Ill. sent a strongly worded telegram stating that its 10,000 aircraft workers "have taken a stand foursquare in support of the freedom of Kelly Postal." In a resolution addressed to

(Continued on page 2)

For six days the convention was sidetracked into a discussion of secondary issues. Two whole days were consumed by the top leadership in a bitter unprincipled clique fight for posts. Only late in the final session were the delegates at last given the opportunity to discuss the basic issues that concern them. the Little Steel formula, the War Labor Board and the no-strike pledge. The fundamental iden-

Delegates Disgusted With Unprincipled Struggle of Addes and

By Art Preis

convention of the CIO United Automobile, Aircraft and Agricultural Imple-

ment Workers Union concluded their seven days of deliberation at the huge

Memorial Auditorium here this afternoon in an atmosphere of weariness, apa-

BUFFALO, Oct. 10.-The 2,000-odd delegates to the eighth annual

Reuther Factions, Reject Bid of Both for Sole Union Control

tity of policy and program abstained from voting, reluctant of the Reuther-Leonard either to support the no-strike and the Addes-Frankensteen - Stalinist factions entire international leadership and the government. was glaringly revealed in

thy and disgust with the top union leadership.

the last hours of the convention when both cliques comtions" the no-strike pledge.

he resolution contained a hypo-"frequently and flagrantly taken advantage of labor's voluntary no-strike commitment" and made the futile gesture that "in those bargaining in good faith" the International Executive Board "shall operation of such plants."

DELEGATES DISSATISFIED

The tremendous dissatisfaction apathetic response to the im- Long Island Brewster Aero-Chairman Victor Reuther.

raised in favor of the resolution. The only spontaneous response from the floor came when Delegate Emil Mazey, of Briggs Local 212, Detroit, received considerable applause at the con- flected obvious misgivings. No clusion of a strong plea to cheers were raised when the norescind the no-strike pledge.

taken, hundreds of delegates resolution or to put themselves on the spot in opposition to the

REUTHER'S DOUBLE-CROSS

Many delegates, who had bined to pass a resolution to mistakenly believed that Walter "reaffirm without any qualifica- Reuther was going to support a "conditional" form of the no-As an obvious sop to the dis-strike pledge, were left in comsatisfaction of the UAW ranks, plete bewilderment. They had hoped for introduction of a resolucritical protest of the anti-labor tion which would enable the policies of the War Labor Board workers to support the no-strike and the corporations which have pledge "in general," but leave a loop-hole for rescinding it in individual plants where management "refuses to bargain in good faith." But Reuther left these plants where management is not trusting militants holding the

In the actual voting about 600 in order to insure continuous hands were raised in favor of the production demand government no-strike pledge, but a surprisingly strong block of about it. Following the hand vote, endorsed.

The resolution failed to answer representatives of powerful locals, the question uppermost in many including Flint Buick Local 599, vention failed to put forward a delegates minds of what the work- Flint Chevrolet Local 659, and stronger and more aggressive ers should do if the government Lansing Olds Local 652 informed fight on the no-strike issue was refused to take over such plants, the convention that they were due in part to their inability to or took some over and operated recording the unanimous vote of force the issue before the conventhem to protect the interests of their delegations against the no- tion until the very last moment, strike resolution.

The overwhelming bulk of the of the convention delegates was delegations from Toledo Local 12, home in weariness and disgust, highlighted by the completely fourth largest in the country, passioned patriotic pleas for nautical Local 365, one of the possible. adoption of the no-strike resolu- ten largest, and other sizable tion by President R. J. Thomas, locals such as Detroit Briggs Secretary-Treasurer George F. Local 212, Chicago Buick Local 6 adequate leadership and organiza-Addes and Resolutions Committee and Buffalo Bell Aircraft Local tion among the genuine militants. 501 also voted against reaffirming | Pinning their hopes on the "pro-Not a rank and file voice was the no-strike pledge.

MILITANTS OUT ON LIMB

The convention's continued support of the no-strike pledge was unenthusiastic, reluctant and restrike resolution carried this time When the actual vote was as is typical in UAW conven-

UAW-CIO Commit-

tee Backs Postal

Plea BUFFALO, Oct. 10 - A resolution in support of Kelly Postal and calling for his release from prison was reported out favorably by the UAW convention resolutions com

Although this resolution, with others that the convention had insufficient time to act upon, was not finally adopted at the convention itself, it was referred to the incoming International Executive Board which is almost certain to adopt it upon the resolutions committee's recommendation.

The resolution is similar to the one passed several months ago by the Michigan State CIO convention.

00 votes were openly cast against tions when popular positions ar

when many of the rank and file delegates had already left for and most of the remainder were anxious to adjourn as quickly as

The fundamental reason for this failure, however, was the lack of gressive" Reuther, who merely accepted their votes for office but cynically repudiated them on the basic issues, the militants found themselves left out on a limb after the convention elections were

Above all, the fight on the no-

(Continued on page 2)

Open Letter to the Members of the Young Communist League

By the Editors of THE MILITANT

Dear Comrades:

We address those among you who consider yourselves communists: you who defend the Soviet Union because it is the first workers' state and the first step toward the world revolution.

We know that there are others in the YCL who joined because the YCL no longer requires as a condition for membership support to the principle of a future socialist society. As Max Weiss reported in the September Communist, "in actual fact a substantial part of the membership of the YCL today is not socialist in its belief or outlook." We are not talking to members

Tomorrow, when events reveal to the full the real game of the "democracies" in this war, most of those so-called YCL'ers, recruited not to communism but to the banner of Roosevelt, Churchill & Co., will desert your organization and turn up in the camp of the enemies of socialism and the Soviet Union.

Your convention meets under a leadership which is going even further in the direction of the jingoes. The very name "Communist" is to be wiped out of your organization, and the last vestiges of lip-service to Marxism expunged from your pro-

What class is aided by this policy of your leadership? Only the capitalist class. The working class is only miseducated and disoriented by the vile spectacle of "communists" proclaiming the virtues of "democratic" capitalism: "pledging to protect and defend the Constitution," "safeguarding the American home and family," "educating in the spirit of our democratic ideals," etc. - these jingo ideas constitute the program dictated to you.

This program is based on the perspective of long-term collaboration between the "democracies" and the Soviet Union. Yet events already are giving the lie to the anti-Marxist assertion that the workers' state which emerged from the October revolution can live indefinitely in brotherly collaboration with the great capitalist powers.

The U.S. Army's Special Training Program for military government and occupation work includes instruction which characterized the Soviet Union as the enemy of tomorrow. The Oct. 10 Daily Worker blames this fact on the "army instructors" involved. But can you believe for one moment that this anti-Soviet indoctrination of the U.S. Army comes from any source other than the highest circles of the U.S. government? Do you not realize that such a system of education in the army could be instituted only with the consent of the War Department - and of the White House, yes, of the same Roosevelt whom Browder continues to hail as "our" commander-in-chief?

According to the September Communist, one of the main tasks of your convention was "to speed the opening of the Second Front." But before your convention opens, it has become clear that the main purpose of an Anglo-U. S. front in western Europe would be to "beat the Reds to Berlin." The "democracies" were well content to let the Soviet Union bleed itself white while in the battle against the Nazis. Only now, when the Red Army is nearing the borders of Germany and other capitalist states, do the capitalist spokesmen speed preparations for the second front. Their

main aim is to checkmate the Red Army and to take the place of the Nazis as the oppressors of the peoples of Europe.

Already the capitalist press is discreetly preparing its readers to expect nothing from the U. S.-British-Soviet conference in Moscow. Washington is playing a waiting game with the Kremlin until a gigantic U. S.-British army is firmly established on the European continent. Then Washington will talk - and everything it will say will be in deadly opposition to the interests of the Soviet Union and the European proletariat.

Your leaders are blinding you to this inevitable development. They are preaching collaboration with the "democratic" capitalist gang and covering up the existence of the fundamental antagonism between the Soviet Union and the "democratic" capi-

You want a socialist world. Can it come through supporting the "democrats" who put Darlan and Giraud in office, who back Franco in Spain, Salazar in Portugal, Badoglio in Italy, Vargas in Brazil, Britain's totalitarian rule of India, etc., etc.? Can socialism be furthered by Browder's strikebreaking condemnation of militancy in the factories and the Communist Party's support of "incentive pay" - the new name for the old fink piecework

Why do Stalin and his bureaucratic caste hand down such a reactionary policy? It is because this degenerate bureaucracy is concerned with its own bureaucratic privileges - interests dif-

ferent from and alien to those of the masses of the Soviet Union. For the Soviet Union is a great labor organization which has fallen into the hands of a bureaucratic clique, much as even the best trade union, under adverse conditions, falls into the hands of bureaucrats. These adverse conditions, in the case of the USSR, were the defeats of the workers revolutions in western Europe and the consequent isolation of the Soviet Union amid capi-

Just as all bureaucrats fear the revival of militant activity in the labor movement as a whole, so does Stalin fear successful proletarian revolutions in western Europe. For those revolutions, freeing the Soviet masses from the fear of imperialist invasion, would inspire the Soviet proletariat to revive the Soviets which Stalin destroyed - to recreate the Soviet democracy of the days of Lenin and Trotsky. The Kremlin bureaucracy would be displaced by the democratic rule of the Soviets. The great revolution would then move forward again after the long reaction. Rather than let that happen, Stalin seeks one deal after another with the capitalist powers. That is the fundamental source of the reactionary policy which is foisted upon you, and which benefits neither the Soviet Union nor the American and world working

We stand for the original program of Lenin and Trotsky the program of world revolution. That program is represented today on a world scale by the Fourth International, in America by the Socialist Workers Party. You have been told many lies about the Trotskyists. It is time, however, for you to find out for yourselves. Study our program. Read our press. In comradely discussion, we know that we can convince you that ours is the road - the only road - for the defense of the Soviet Union and the struggle for world socialism.

TRADE UNION Auto Workers Convention Report (Continued from page 1) strike resolution revealed and unqualified and unqualified

By Marvel Scholl

around of the drivers' demands least, it is not illegal yet. for wage increases and vacations.

The strike began in St. Louis and spread rapidly. Millions of dent of the UAW-CIO, recently Employer representatives from argued in the Texas Supreme the fifty-eight companies involved report they expect local truck drivers to join the strike unless a settlement is reached very soon. lower court.

"wave of illness" struck WLB decision granting the Sheffield and Borden milk companies other-day delivery system which will throw out of jobs several hundred drivers.

epidemic of illness, tying up the parties. delivery of New York evening papers in Queens, Brooklyn, and Long Island.

no sweat."

class, and its inherent militancy. unions.

3,200 over - the - road drivers, Despite the Smith-Connally antimembers of the International strike law, and Roosevelt's "sanc-Brotherhood of Teamsters, AFL, tions" decree, the workers find their aspirations—their continued gaining." from St. Louis, Memphis, Nash- numerous ways to fight for their alliance with Roosevelt. ville, Atlanta, Birmingham, Mo- demands. And there is absolutely bile and New Orleans early last nothing illegal about workers getweek began walking out in pro- ting sick—even when large groups of their political position. They steen, contained a different final That explains why at the last spoke in opposition to the resolutest against the WLB's run- of them all get sick at once. At

The case of R. J. Thomas, presipounds of freight are now chok- arrested in Texas for violating the ing the docks all over the south. anti-labor Manford Act, will be

> Thomas was sentenced to three days in jail and fined \$100 by a

> The Manford Act makes it mandent of Texas for one year.

the right to institute an every- ford Act require all unions to workers remain diametrically op- resolution against the other but file statements of income and expense once a year, prohibit the struggle against the employers, REUTHER "DELIGHTED" issuing of "work permits," limit Members of the Newspaper and the amount of initiation fees and their class struggle against us Mail Delivery Drivers Union (in- dues, and forbid the contribution

Not long ago, it will be remem- Connally Act was passed, 1,319 of the war!" Anderson gave no bered, an official of the Coal Op- strike notices have been filed, 201 erators Association complained in of these were later withdrawn, the press at the amount of ab- and 54 strike ballots were consenteeism among the coal miners ducted by the NLRB with the and said that the miners were ap- voting heavily favoring strike acplying the slogan: "no contract, tions. Four "legal" strikes have of the militants by his pre-con- powers of the President and not been conducted, one by a District These incidents show the won- 50, UMW union, one by an indederful ingenuity of the working pendent union, and two by AFL

Ship Workers Needs Sharply Posed By Treachery of Union Bureaucrats

President John Green put the | mands, grievances, etc., to govfollowing question to the dele- ernment agencies, which are begates of the ninth annual CIO ing staffed with men "acceptable" held in New York City in Sep-

DENIED INCREASE

Green and the top union leadership, however, assured the convention that the union could solve and begin a struggle to regain its problems by continued support of the "War Labor Board machinery," and of President Roosevelt, "the consistent fighter for the basic rights of labor."

an open letter to President Roose Worker of Aug. 27, 1943:

to its traditional enemies. We der that there might be no impediment to production for victory. Now we want to know whether used to destroy us." Yet Green as-

Green further declared in his open letter: "Labor is concerned also by the men you have chosen to head the administration's agencies of the Government. Gradually, all the liberal and progressive individuals who have stood for the New Deal during the trying years of our struggle to overcome

Court Oct. 23.

datory to secure a license before 4,000 AFL milk drivers in New soliciting union members. And to York City last week following a get a license one must be a resi-Other provisions of the Man-

dependent) also were hit with an of any union funds to political

Worker, Sept. 24, 1943.)

that they are truly mentally pliance with rulings of the WLB. bankrupt and unfit to lead the The breach has been made, and shipyard workers.

In his opening remarks to the convention, Green, who made the Roosevelt. That is why they must principle defense of the union try to shove Roosevelt's program administration, boasted of the advances in wages and working con- the throats of the shippard workditions which the union had won. But he forgot to mention that all these advances had been won before Pearl Harbor, when the union was not hogtied by the no-strike policy. Since then a 15% wage increase to which the shipyard workers were entitled under the contract rising cost of living clause has been cut to 8% in 1942. taken the role of policemen Roosevelt personally assured the against the union rank and file. shipyard Union at this time that he would hold down the cost of no confidence or trust in the living. The union's modest de- Green-Van Gelder leadership. mand of a 9% general wage in- They must tackle the job of formcrease in 1943, in face of the offi- ing a new leadership out of the cially admitted 18% increase in ranks of the most militant stew- have a route which they follow we have gone over the top. Our the cost of living, was flatly re- ards and rank and file fighters. each week in the Negro district, goal was 100.

DOUBLE TALK

Yet this same John Green wrote velt printed in the Shipyard

"Recent developments have caused us much concern. In order to give its all-out support to the war effort, labor bared its chest voluntarily gave up our strongest economic weapon, the right to strike - for the duration, in orthat voluntary sacrifice will be sured the convention that the union was getting an even break from the War Labor Board.

the injustices of untrammeled a review of James Burnham's Spain. 'free enterprise' have been replaced by men 'acceptable' to re-

Unofficial figures reported last

Shipyard Workers Convention to reaction. Green who called Roosevelt in tember: "If we cannot find some his convention report "the conother way to win our demands sistent fighter for the basic rights than to cease production of war of labor and of the common peomaterial (strike), it simply means | ple" made another flip-flop from we are mentally bankrupt and un- his opinion one month ago. This worthy of leading great masses is what he had to say to Roosevelt of American citizens." (Shipyard at that time: "Now as a consequence of the enactment of the An examination of the "other Smith-Connally Act, comes your way" that Green, Van Gelder and executive order which provides Co. have found and practiced to sanctions and penalties against win the demands of the union, individual workers and labor proves beyond a shadow of doubt unions in order to implement com-

> reaction follows progressively!" | and file. Green and the top union bu- TWO RESOLUTIONS reaucracy have tied their fate to of wage and labor freezing down

UNION POLICEMEN

The recent contract negotiations brought the hot breath of the rank and file on the necks of these bureaucrats. After this convention of the union, Green and the other fakers have openly

The shipyard workers can place

jected by the War Labor Board. They must break with the coward- which covers a section of approxly and treacherous program of imately two miles long, and each Green and his fellow bureaucrats house is covered. the right to strike, must launch the fight for wage increases to results are quite good. Usually | mark the opening of our new ofmeet the rising cost of living and five or six comrades go out on must regain the independence of a Sunday morning with copies of their union.

Timely Subjects In October F. I.

The October 1943 issue of the tant has been proven many times. monthly magazine Fourth Inter- One of the comrades encountered national, just published, features a colored woman who didn't apan analysis by the editors of the pear interested. However, when U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals decision upholding the convictions | Socialist Workers Party, she hurof the 18 defendants in the Min- ried to get her nickel to purchase

neapolis Smith "Gag" Act case. John G. Wright, noted commentator on Soviet affairs, discusses "Soviet Life in Wartime" as reflected in the pages of the Moscow press. On the basis of an authoritative statement by one of Churchill's Tory colleagues, John Adamson in "Post-War Preview" discloses what British im- est, both in the pamphlets writperialist policy holds in store for

Other articles in this new issue include "Letters on the Spanish Revolution" by Leon Trotsky; well as articles on Italy and "The Machiavellians" by Joseph Hansen entitled "A Shamefaced ternational sell for 20 cents; year- Carries full stock of Pioneer Pub-Apologist for Fascism"; a sum- ly subscription, \$2. Order from lishers Pamphlets; also other U.S. Green is thus telling the ship- mary of "The Progress of Infla- Business Manager, 116 University and foreign Marxist Literature. yard workers to send their de- tion" by William F. Warde, as Place, New York 3, N. Y.

tradiction, the majority of the of labor." delegates at this convention could

his talk against the no-strike dent Thomas: pledge. Mazey declared emphaticposed. We have given up our in favor of both resolutions?" but the employers have not ceased during the war."

Turning to John Anderson, Stalinist whip from Local 155, Mazev issued a direct challenge: "Yes, Brother Anderson, the week show that since the Smith- class struggle does go on in spite

MAZEY'S FALSE TACTICS

that there exist serious "dif- all profits by employers." ferences" between Reuther and on program with the Addes- UNITY MANEUVER Frankensteen-Stalinist clique.

Mazey's organization bloc with Reuther's caucus served to give "left" cover to Reuther and helped conceal for a time Reuther's reactionary position. The militants were thus diverted from their real task of organizing their own group on their own independent program.

In reality, Reuther's game to win support on the basis of cooking up "principled differences" with the Addes-Frankensteen-Stalinist crowd was exploded when the reactionaries and Stalinists accepted Reuther's quibbling, meaningless "differences" and in each step, further retreat to joined with him to fight the rank

being done there:

Two resolutions were reported out on the no-strike pledge by the ist minority resolution contained

The Militant agent in St. Paul

"St. Paul has had considerable

"From time to time a 'Tag Day'

one or two pamphlets, such as

'Negroes in the Post-War World'

and 'Your Standard of Living.'

In about two hours, 100 pamph-

"That these sales, in a great

many cases, are due to the con-

sistent distribution of The Mili-

the comrade mentioned that the

pamphlet was published by the

the pamphlet. In many cases, peo-

ple have shown interest when

they learned of the connection be-

tween The Militant and the

"Although this district is not

entirely Negro, we find that the

best sales are made to Negroes.

and they evince the most inter-

ten specifically with regard to

the Negro problem, and also

Individual copies of Fourth In-

'Your Standard of Living.'"

pamphlet.

lets or so are sold.

ent us the following information wound-up their one-month sub-

which shows the excellent work scription campaign with a total

success with its regular Militant 28 subs. This concludes our four-

distribution. Two of the comrades week drive on subscriptions and

is held in this neighborhood and our campaign. The party will also

of 139 subs:

dro leading."

quest from Scotland:

version of this trial."

more, and in the clearest fashion, but voiced a few complaints in militancy, are not yet prepared to over the plants where manage- were anxious to prevent any and the leadership were prin-

dered and disoriented by this con- dates and pro-capitalist "friends majority resolution.

No sooner had Victor Reuther only yield reluctantly to the flag- | finished his speech demonstrating That some of the leading mili- majority and minority resolutions, fundamental fact, is clear from Anderson, rose and asked Presi-

Victor Reuther expressed 'delight" at this unexpected support for the majority resolution. He offered to accept the mair "difference" in the Stalinist resolution and to incorporate it into his majority resolution.

Addes jumped up declaring his willingness to support the combined resolution if the section about plants being taken over by For Pardon Yet Mazey himself contributed the government had a "safeguard" not a little to the disorientation that it be done under "the war vention and convention tactics. under the Smith-Connally Act. Mazey has worked to line up the and with full guarantees of all militants behind Reuther's caucus. bargaining rights of workers in He has given them false ideas the plants and with elimination of

Reuther and the Stalinists were the rest of the leadership. He has happy to agree to this inclusion, blurred over the fact that poli- and thus the entire leadership tical principles are decisive and united, resolved their phony difthat Reuther and his caucus lead- ferences and together forced the ers are in fundamental agreement passage of the no-strike pledge.

An identical unity maneuver took place on the question of endorsing a fourth term for Roosevelt. The pro-Roosevelt resolutions were introduced on Thursday convention on record behind discussed.

The Reuther majority on the resolutions committee reported out a resolution which proposed "qualified" endorsement of a fourth term for Roosevelt. These "qualifications," like those in the no-strike resolution, were simply verbal and largely meaningless concessions to the rank and file dissatisfaction with the Roosevelt anti-labor policies.

The Addes-Frankensteen-Stalin-

San Francisco has officially

"Enclosed find money order for

"The winning team will be

given their prizes at a party next

Sunday night which is being held

in celebration of the success of

fice which we have been working

on for the past few weeks and it

Our Los Angeles agent writes:

"Enclosed is \$17 to cover the at-

tached subs to The Militant and

Fourth International. The sub

contest is coming along fine, a

little over half-way, with San Pe-

We received the following re-

"As I am very interested in the

Minneapolis Trial of 1941, could

you send me the copies of The

Militant in which was printed the

Buy 'The Militant'

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NEWSSTAND

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is now a real headquarters."

The minority resolution, spon- labor party advocates might have ment. They are dissatisfied and dissored by the Stalinists with the the opportunity to open up a gruntled with the consequences support of Addes and Franken- fundamental political discussion discussion occured, when Mazey know that this position has left proposal urging the UAW to moment before anyone could ob- tion. He was repeatedly intertheir hands tied in the face of the substitute for the strike weapon, tain the floor on the resolutions, rupted by the heckling and booing government - employer onslaught "labor's most powerful weapon Victor Reuther declared that he and that their union is unable to of political action," by which they was "very happy" to announce use its tremendous power in meant active campaigning for that the minority had withdrawn defense of their interests. Bewil- Roosevelt administration candilits resolution in favor of the

NO ENTHUSIASM

The discussion on this resolulater, revealed hardly an iota of tants, like Emil Mazey, grasp this than the Stalinist floor leader, enthusiasm for Roosevelt. As a matter of fact, the mention of ROOSEVELT RESPONSIBLE Roosevelt's name brought little "How can a delegate like response, in contrast with conventions.

The entire executive board, spoke in favor of this resolution. the bill itself." It was clear, from the floor

BoardHears Postal Plea

(Continued from page 1)

Governor Thye, 17 members of the executive board of United Furniture Workers of America, CIO, Local 415, Grand Rapids, Mich. declared that the charge of embezzlement was a frame-up "instigated by Daniel J. Tobin, president of AFL Teamsters in retaliation for the leading role played by Postal in the struggle of Local 544 against the dictatorial policies of Tobin." Similar letters and resolutions were sent this week by the Utility Workers Organizing Committee Local 104 Saginaw, Mich., Boilermakers Local 104, Seattle, Wash., United to the Postal Pardon Fund are with the purpose of getting the Diego, Cal., International Long-Roosevelt before the no-strike or Union Local 29, San Diego, Cal., Workers Organizing Committee

nola of San Francisco. California.

With so little difference in chief emphasis in their minds on convention ought to take a strong have been disposed of we folks that the auto workers, despite the "whereases." The resolution principle between the two resolu- the "conditional" character of the position to do away with com- can vote more intelligently." their traditional and continued urged the government to take tions, the leaders of both factions resolution, while the Stalinists pany-unionism policies on polihurdle the principle obstacle to ment refused "fair collective bar- strong rank and file debate dur- cipally concerned with the positive building now for a real labor pussy-footing business. I want ing which anti-Roosevelt, pro- aspect of the fourth term endorse-

> The only lively feature of the of a small number of delegates, led chiefly by the Stalinists.

Mazey stated that the delegates opportunity of seeing what the Roosevelt. administration is going to do with waving appeals of the leadership. the "difference" between the tion, as on the no-strike resolution the basic problems facing the crats succeeded in preventing the workers.'

correctly that Roosevelt could not handful of votes in opposition, ally: "Despite the war, the in- myself get the floor who wants the tremendously enthusiastic be absolved from responsibility ended the political discussion. terests of the employers and the to speak not in favor of one demonstrations aroused by Roose- for such anti-labor acts as the velt's name at all previous UAW Smith-Connally Law, and that dent on the Smith-Connally bill including Reuther and Thomas was ten times more vicious than

> asked, "Who appointed the War noon, the third day. Labor Board?" On criticism of the rationing program and the DECIDE ISSUES FIRST manpower policies, he asked, Who appointed the people to the afternoon session, delegate Murrationing program? Who appoint- phy of Briggs Local 212 ined McNutt, the Hoosier Hitler, as troduced a motion that the electhe Director of the Manpower tion of officers take place only Commission? Each and every one after the resolutions on incentive of those appointments was made pay, no-strike and the fourth by the President of the United term had been acted upon, and

> some of the chairman of the position on these question. This agencies, we ought to raise hell motion was amended to include with the person who is making all the executive board members the appointments and who has as well. worked out these policies. We've Labor Board.

It is interesting and important to note that Mazey's correct attack on Roosevelt was not well

Furnture Workers Local 577, San Columbia River District Council No. 5, Lumber and Sawmill Workshoremen and Warehousemen's ers Union, Portland, Ore; Utility labor party questions could be and the Accion Democrata Espa- Local 104, Saginaw, Mich., United Furniture Workers Local "Here is a case in which not one 415, Grand Rapids, Mich., Mechman's fate is alone involved, but anics Educational Society Local also the integrity of the democra- 6. Detroit. Mich., United Electritic process in the labor move- cal, Radio and Machine Workers ment," wrote Clinton J. Taft, Di- Local 301, Schenectady, N. Y. rector of the ACLU in Southern | UAW-CIO Lincoln Local 900, Detroit, Mich, and Accion Democra-Among this week's contributors ta Espanola, San Francisco, Cal.

tical action and we should start party, and we won't be part of

FOR LABOR PARTY

The favorable response to the they stand." labor party proposal established that the delegates made a distinction between supporting a labor party and breaking with Roosevelt. They are beginning to see should not act on the question of in the labor party, an alternative the fourth term until the next to the boss parties. But they still convention "after we have an believe it is necessary to support

Unfortunately, the top bureauconvention from discussing the specific question of the labor party The "qualified" endorsement re-In his speech, Mazey charged solution, which passed with only a

Just prior to the debate on incentive pay, occurred one of the "the veto message of the Presi- rank and file upsurges which have characterized every UAW convention. The rules called for election of officers on the fourth day He pointed to the convention's of the convention. None of the criticism of the War Labor Board basic issues had come before the and Little Steel formula, and delegates by Wednesday after-

At the start of the Wednesday after all the candidates for of-"Instead of raising hell with ficers' posts had stated their

Despite the protests of Thomas got the Little Steel formula. He and other officers that this would dictated the policy of the War take a great deal of time, Murphy

In Detroit, Mich.

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Delegate Lacey of Local 235 stated: "We are tired of this everybody to take a stand, those who are responsible for the policies of our union. I want them to come out and tell us just where

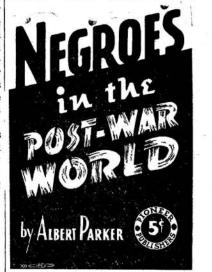
The Reuther caucus leaders, who understood that they held the popular position on the incentive pay question, were all for this procedure at this juncture. The next day, however, they were just as anxious as the Addes-Frankensteen clique to get on with the elections before the no-strike issue could get on the floor. They supported a motion to hold the elections of the top officers before the no-strike resolution and War Labor Board resolutions could be discussed.

INCENTIVE PAY

Incentive pay was the only issue on which Reuther felt he could safely adopt an unequivocal position. On this issue, the Addes-Frankensteen caucus leaders were slick enough to blur the lines of difference by introducing a resolution which differed from Heuther's local unions to introduce incentive pay systems if they desired.

The Addes - Frankensteen spokesmen demagogically at-

(Continued on page 3)



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Negro Struggle

By Albert Parker

Why Roosevelt Keeps Mum.

in all parts of the country, asked war is over?" for their views on this question by the Pittsburgh Courier, an- statement by Roosevelt would swered as follows:

83.4% said Yes. 11.2% said No. 5.4% were uncertain.

Leaving aside for the moment the many interesting questions about Negro opinion raised by this survey, this fact looms above everything else: More than four out of every five Negroes believe that Roosevelt is not doing what he can to prevent further attacks on the Negro people and their rights. In other words, they are dissatisfied with the administration's attitude toward the Negroes and their problems.

This feeling of dissatisfaction is, of course, more than justified by the facts. The Negro people understand that the administration could take a number of steps which would at least make it more difficult for the enemies of the Negroes to carry on their obnoxious activities.

They know, for example, that Roosevelt could throw the weight of his administration behind the anti-poll tax bill. They know that his support could do a lot to bring about the adoption of a federal anti-lynch bill. They know that to the Negro people. he has the power to institute prosecutions against the "white supremacy" - Ku Klux Klan hoodlum elements who played a leading part in the anti-Negro terror in Detroit and other cities. They know that he can give the Fair Employment Practices Committee the power to enforce anti- plugged nickel anyhow. Jim Crow regulations for industry. They know that he has Negro servicemen.

take any of these measures, what Roosevelt or any other a feeble general statement on capitalist government says or the question once or twice a year, does not say. Whatever they say, public expression of his disap- tially the same-anti-Negro. And proval of the Detroit violence - they have to be the samethen the Negro people know that whether carried out by a hypopart of the fault for the present critical Roosevelt or a maker of and their knowledge is reflected because the preservation of not only in their answer to polls capitalism in this period is inbut also in their readiness to separably linked to the preservaconduct independent struggles tion of Jim Crow and the double

stantially the following:

equality in wartime because that Jim Crow, anti-capitalist strugtoo raises disputes at a time when gle.

"Do you believe race tensions | everyone should be concentrating would be allayed if President on the war. Why can't people Roosevelt spoke frankly to the forget issues like this at the nation?" A wide range of Negroes present time and wait until the

The actual effect of a frank therefore be to lend support to are. Roosevelt does not approve he tolerates them. He does not rights, but his policies stand in the way of its success. A frank statement of what he thinks would not improve present conditions at all.

creasing assaults on Negro rights? Wouldn't that affect conditions to some extent? The answer is: Yes, but not much. It could not have much of a bene-

ficial effect so long as Roosevelt government's own Jim Crow policies. Granted that Rooseveltside chats he would deliver could to show that they are only doing all times. what the government itself does

demand of Roosevelt is not so much frank speeches or strong delay. They believed that the instatements as more action. And centive plan vote assured them of like charity, this action should victory in the elections as well. begin at home. If he doesn't take They were due for a rude sursuch action, then all the speeches prise. in the world won't be worth a

the authority, as commander-in- to keep their eyes on the ball and didate for secretary-treasurer chief of the armed forces, to not permit themselves to be against the incumbent Addes order the end of segregation of diverted from the main tasks was defeated by the narrow facing them. In the final analysis margin of 71 votes. It was ob-And when Roosevelt refuses to it does not make much difference when he confines himself to politician at the head of the when he balks at even giving a their policies will be substansituation belongs on his shoulders, noble speeches such as Willkieexploitation of the Negro masses The job facing the fighters

What would happen if Roose- against Jim Crow is the organizavelt were to speak "frankly" on tion and education of their forces this question? If he were to speak for an uncompromising struggle and say what he really thinks, to replace capitalism with socialthen of course race tensions ism, the only kind of system would not be allayed at all. For under which the Negro people what he would say would be sub- will ever attain equality in this country. We are interested in the "I don't wish to be bothered by reasons why Roosevelt maintains this question at all. I don't like silence on the questions directly to have lynch mobs attacking the affecting 13 million people not Negroes in wartime because it because we expect him to act difdiverts attention and energy ferently, but because an explanabetter used in winning the war. tion of his attitude helps to dispel by 345 votes. But these hopes Stalinist, Hodges Mason, of Local Similarly I don't like to have the illusions among the Negro masses were precipitately dashed the 208. Other Negro delegates just Negro people fighting to obtain and to win them over to the anti-

PIONEER PARAGRAPHS

WE DEFEND THE SOVIET UNION AND THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

By James P. Cannon

The Russian question is no lite-|revolution has proved for all time rary exercise to be taken up or the superiority of nationalized cast aside according to the mood property and planned economy of the moment, The Russian question has been and remains the question of the revolution. The Russian Bolsheviks on November 7, 1917, once and for all, took the question of the workers' revolution out of the realm of abstraction and gave it flesh and blood

It was said once of a book -I think it was Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" - "who touches this sense it can also be said, "Who touches a revolution." Therefore, with it.

The October revolution put socialism on the order of the day throughout the world. It revived of the war. The Russian revolution showed in practice, by ex- attack of imperialism or internal ample, how the workers' revolu- attempts at capitalist restoration. tion is to be made. It revealed in life the role of the party. It Struggle for a Proletarian Parshowed in life what kind of a par- ty," 1943, 320 pages, cloth \$2.00; ty the workers must have. By its paper \$1.50. Order from Pioneer been following a reactionary line that had occured in certain plants. victory, and its reorganization of Publishers, 116 University Place, in the past two years and acting The resolution pledged the the social system, the Russian New York 3, N. Y.)

over capitalist private property, and planless competition and anarchy in production. The question of the Russian

revolution - and the Soviet state which is its creation - has drawn a sharp dividing line through the labor movement of all countries for 22 years. The attitude taken toward the Soviet Union throughout all these years has been the decisive criterion separating the genuine revolutionary tendency book, touches a man." In the same from all shades and degrees of waverers, backsliders and capitutouches the Russian question, lators to the pressure of the bourgeois world - the Mensheviks. be serious about it. Don't play Social Democrats, Anarchists and Syndicalists, Centrists, Stalin-

Our position on the Russian question is programmatic. In and shaped and developed the brief: The theoretical analysis revolutionary labor movement of a degenerated Workers' State. the world out of the bloody chaos | The political conclusion - unconditional defense against external

(From Pages 211-213, "The

Auto Workers Convention Fights 'Sacrifice' Program received from the convention an law and in fact of the rights of contract negotiations for wage inunmistakably sharp warning, all minority groups to fully par- creases sufficient to restore the

democracy" and "local autonomy," while hypocritically denying that breadth margin. they supported the idea of incentive pay.

The Stalinist delegates howresorting to incentive pay.

REUTHER EVADES

chaos in the plants."

Richard Gosser of Toledo Local porter of Reuther. 12, described their own bitter expermitted the continuation of the perience with the incentive pay Addes and Frankensteen, counter- tions, one on the War Labor third of the dollar assessment the

still has a good deal of prestige factional lines, voted overwhelm- Department, but specifying that ing and the price rollback, were and influence over the general ingly against incentive pay in any the director should be a Negro population, no speeches or fire- form prohibited its extension to and that he should be elected by seriously alter the present situa- ternational officials and represen- ditional member of the executive tion if the reactionaries were able tatives to vigorously oppose it at board with a vote equal to the Flushed with victory on this

issue, the Reuther forces were What the Negro people must more than anxious to go ahead with the elections without further

director of the UAW Ford De-The Negro militants must learn partment, the Reuther canvious that the delegates saw no fundamental difference between Addes and Leonard, despite their pay issue.

Complete confusion prevailed in

who opposed the no-strike pledge, huge Toledo Local 12 vote went the Stalinist proposal. against Addes, a "hometown boy."

ther vice-presiedncy. The "smartguys" couldn't figure it out.

But the answer was simple. The majority of the delegates voted in such a fashion as to DELEGATE PROTESTS prevent either clique from gainand Reuther.

OUTCOME OF ELECTIONS

y delegate MacDonnell of Detroit gogy of this move." Murray Body Local 2, who Sheffield received a great ovanominated Frankensteen for vice- tion from the convention. being on one side." The final outcome of the elec-

tions for officers and board lution. members was—an almost equal cliques, with the identical officers back and forth with each wind that blows, was re-elected presibalance of power on the board.

could gain much consolation from day morning by a strong resoluthe elections. Their bids for out- tion, supported by both factions, right control were frustrated. which denounced every form of Addes once had the reputation anti-Negro manifestation in the as a cover for the Stalinists. He UAW to "fight for protection in

MINORITIES DEPT.

ever, actually tried to prove that militant Negro workers at the the elimination of discrimination pression of the rank and file abiincentive pay could be a pretty convention, particularly from the in the armed forces and all other lity to take control whenever the good thing for the auto workers, Ford local, the Stalinist-influenced government agencies." The reso- issues were clear to them, in spite comes out on top. It may be arholding out the lure of higher minority of the resolutions commaintaining conditions as they pay. They challenged Reuther to mittee reported out a resolution state how he proposed to get aimed at securing an extra of lynch attacks on Negroes, but higher wages for the workers Stalinist-Addes addition to the under the Little Steel formula board. The Reuther majority had approve of the fight for Negro and no-strike . policy without introduced a resolution to set up a Minorities Department in order to organize and aid the work of the International in combatting his views. Reuther, of course, evaded the racial discrimination, educating challenge of the Stalinists because the members against anti-Negro who were roundly booed, expresshe did not intend to support any prejudices, securing equal rights ed opposition to the inclusion But suppose that Roosevelt, aggressive labor struggle. He and proper conditions for women of the p h r a s e "social" in without avail for the delegates despite what he thinks, were to argued instead that incentive pay workers, etc. The resolution the resolution. A number of to vote more dues for a "postissue some strong statements would result in decreased produc- provided for the appointment of white delegates took the floor war fund." But the delegates, ever against lynch violence and the in- tion and "disorganization and a director of the department by to give vigorous endorsement to suspicious of the leadership and Most of the rank and file Reuther caucus hoped by this vote was cast for the resolution, are immediately required for the delegates, and several of the manuever to win the appointment with only a sprinkling of hands functioning of the International, members, particularly of Walter Hardin, a Negro sup- against.

The Stalinists, supported by The delegates, breaking all for the setting up of a Minorities and the other on the cost of livnew plants and directed the in- the convention to serve as an adaverage vote of all the board members. The Addes - Stalinist group had in mind securing the election of a Stalinist Negro delegate to the board.

The Stalinists tried to hold up the elections on Friday by insisting that this resolution be acted upon before the election of poard members. They were voted In a roll-call vote that took down. The delegates understood to win Negro support for Frankensteen before the elections.

UGLY SITUATION

On Saturday night, the convention was thrust into one of the bitterest and ugliest situations in UAW convention history.

opposing stands on the incentive whip, introduced the minority tinued to place reliance on the resolution. But sensing that it Roosevelt government and the would not pass in its original employer-dominated War Labor form, he announced the deletion Board to protect labor's interests. of the section specifying that the It reflected nevertheless the exthe minds of the delegates as to director should be a Negro, and treme resentment of the auto and the issues—because there were changed the proposed voting aircraft workers to the wage no genuine differences, only strength for this new executive freeze and the other WLB policooked-up ones. Militant delegates board member to but one vote.

The discussion on the resolution REJECT DUES INCREASE like those from the Flint Buick even in this revised form led to local, cast block votes for Addes, a very embittered debate. Many because they were fed up with delegates with Jim Crow pre-Reuther's policies as General judices regarded it as an extreme Motors Department Director. provocation. Many more delegates, Leonard secured only a slim who supported absolutely the majority of the tremendous Ford principle of social, political and lelegation votes although as Ford economic equality for the Negroes, Department Director he was sup- were forced into a position of opposed to have had the Ford votes position by the patently factional "in the bag." The bulk of the and unprincipled motivations of

Negro delegates, desiring quite The Reuther hopes soared once correctly to see a Negro elected nore the next morning, when to the International Board, were Reuther defeated Frankensteen heatedly aroused. They were given for one of the vice-president posts leadership principally by the same afternoon, when Franken- as vigorously opposed the resolusteen defeated Leonard for the tion, charging that such a provi- They fear that with a more fasion was in itself a form of vorable relationship of forces that they wanted "no favors."

Horace Sheffield, Negro deleing decisive control of the board. gate of Ford Local 600, denounc-They shifted their votes back and ed the maneuver, declaring: "This forth sufficiently to put Reuther resolution has been sent in by tween the capitalist world and irresistable strength, on the eson the board to watch Addes and those who have no interest in a the workers' state continues to as- tablishment of a labor party. Frankensteen, and Addes and real meeting of the minorities sert itself. Stalin fears the "demo- Roosevelt will fulfill none of the Frankensteen to watch Thomas problem. I submit that the Negroes in this convention have schemes for seizing control of laid down in its "qualified" enbeen made the victims of political demagogy. We don't want favors. Their feelings were expressed I resent the low political dema-

president against Leonard. Local | A minority of backward dele-2 had cast a block vote for gates with varying degrees of Jim Reuther against Frankensteen in Crow prejudice, combined first the morning. But MacDonnell with the Reuther supporters to stated in the afternoon: "our local defeat the Stalinist resolution. union wants a good democratic They then blocked with the Staunion in this International, and linists, and other delegates genwe don't want all top officers uinely disgusted with the maneuvering and demagogy of both factions, to defeat the majority reso-

Unfortunately, no delegate rose to expose the demagogy of both division of power between the two factions by asking why neither retained. Thomas, who is sup- group had put a Negro candidate, posed to be a "neutral" and shifts or candidates, on their regular slate of candidates.

The defeat of both resolutions produced a very unfavorable imdent by acclamation to hold the pression on the many Negro delegates. This impression was only None of the re-elected officers partially compensated for Sunfor being a progressive. He has UAW, including the "hate strikes"

tempted to represent themselves Last year he was the most popular ticipate in our social, political and relationship between wages and as the defenders of "union officer on the board. This year he industrial life." It provided for the cost of living, with an escalaretained his office by a hair- the disciplining by the Interna- tor clause to provide for automational Union of all participants tic wage increases if prices conor instigators of "hate strikes." tinue to rise."

It demanded that the Federal gov-To win the support of the many ernment set an example "through lution further provided that "ade- of the heavy pressure from the gued that it is necessary to conquate Negro representation be top officers. employed in all departments of the International Union."

any delegate who did not subscribe executive board members except to the resolution to "have the Gosser of Toledo, to increase dues guts" to take the floor and state through a 50 cents additional

Several backward delegates, the International President. The the resolution. An overwhelming unwilling to give more funds than

In the closing hours of the coned with a resolution also calling Board and Little Steel formula, hastily discussed and adopted.

KEY RESOLUTIONS

The first resolution demanded that the President and the govnate Roosevelt's "Hold the Line" next convention in October 1944 wage-freezing order and "scrap was rejected, because it was arthe Little Steel formula." It also gued the leaders and members called for "an immediate rollback should be active in the presidenof prices, or general wage increase" to restore wages to the 1944. purchasing power in May 1942; industry-wide agreements provid- turned with a proposal to hold ing equal pay for equal work in all plants throughout the country; a post-war "labor security several hours, Richard T. Leonard, that this was a political maneuver fund" to be provided by the corporations for unemployed and partially-employed workers. It de- fore the elections might result in manded direct negotiations be- a big shift in the political sentithe right, if agreement is reached, support of Roosevelt to building to make a final settlement without WLB interference.

Nat Canley a leading Stalinist of the resolution was that it con-

The resolution on cost of living bers. and price rollback, expressed dis- The present leaders - agents "is not immediately put into ef-

Soviet Advances Cast Shadow On **Moscow Parley**

(Continued from page 1)

revolution.

the fundamental antagonism becratic" imperialists and their conditions which the convention Europe. He wants neither the rev- dorsement of the fourth term. olution nor Anglo-U. S. rulership The present leadership which their own hands-and that means, by the auto workers with proin the end, revolution,

turbs Washington and London.

The most hopeful sign at the convention was the repeated ex- in the functioning of the capitalist

Just as they did last year, the delegates by almost unanimous For once, President Thomas vote rejected a constitutional protook a position." He challenged posal, backed by all officers and monthly assessment.

CONVENTION DATE

Addes and Thomas pleaded overwhelmingly repudiated the plea. When one delegate even provention, two important resolu- posed to return to the locals one-International is permitted to levy during the year, Thomas aroused the mirth of the delegates by declaring that "he wanted to take a position on this question," and frantically besought the convention not to take "this little" away.

Earlier in the convention, a constitutional amendment to hold the tial campaign during October

The resolutions committee rethe convention in November 1944. after the presidential elections. The obvious motive for this proposal was the fear on the part of the leaders that a convention bety. The delegates, however, saw The fundamental shortcoming through this and set the date for

> INNATE MILITANCY Despite the feeling of frustra-

tion and dissatisfaction with which very many of the delegates left the convention, one could not help but get a strong impression of the innate militancy, democratic character and dynamic qualities of this tremendous union of over 1,000,000 mem-

appointment at the failure of the of the Roosevelt administration administration to carry out its and the war machine - continue price rollback promise. The reso- to hold leadership only because lution stated that if this program the auto workers have not yet been able to resolve the contradicfect, demand shall be made in all tion between their desire to fight militantly in defense of their interests as workers and their continued support, though in an ever But price ceilings and rationing that such will be the case, the more reluctant fashion, of Rooserelt and boss-class politics. The Thomas - Reuther - Addes -

ately maneuvered throughout the ty question off the floor, although the Michigan CIO convention, repesenting 700,000 auto workers, had recently passed a resolution favoring immediate formation of patronage and segregation, and after Hitler's collapse, the Soviet an independent labor party, and masses will wrest the power from though a number of resolutions It is only by means of subsidies workers, with the monopolists the Stalinist usurpers and turn it favoring such a step were sent back into the service of world by local unions to the convention.

But before the next convention Even while Stalin still rules, rolls around, the auto workers may be insisting, with perhaps

over Europe. Yet the only sure keeps the UAW tied to the antiway to prevent Anglo-U.S. rule labor Roosevelt administration is by encouraging the European stands on very shakey ground. masses to take their fate into All the top factions are viewed found distrust and disrespect. This is Stalin's insoluble con- They are accepted so far only betradiction. The answer to it re- cause a more vigorous, militant mains an enigma to him, for there and class-conscious leadership has is no choice other than revolution not yet emerged to challenge or capitalist control of Europe. them. To help develop such a This is what underlines the "rid- leadership is the essential duty of dle of the Kremlin" which so dis- every class-conscious militant in the UAW.

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Milk Drivers Get Lesson On Effects Of Monopoly

By M. Morrison -

York milk companies in order to monopolists. conserve gas and rubber furnishes an excellent example of how, system under war conditions, serve gas and rubber, but it still remains that the milk companies are the gainers from that neceslosers. The milk companies would have had a hard time to get rid of almost a thousand drivers were it not for the fact that war con-In peace time, as well as during

adopted for the purpose of maks war conditions that bring out so clearly the hold which monopoly capitalism has upon the economic life of the nation.

When Congress, during Roosevelt's first administration, enacted the National Recovery Act, it war. The American Legion passwas done for the purpose of help- ed quite a few resolutions in faing a prostrated industry to re- vor of that principle. When war cover. Its effect was to place Big actually came the drafting of Business in a more advantageous wealth was entirely forgotten. position as against the small busi-Admitting that the chief pur-

ose of the Roosevelt administranevertheless, remains a fact that the capitalist system function monopoly capitalism has been the most effectively. chief beneficiary of all the war measures taken with reference to industry.

And it could not be otherwise.

Could any administration, basing prevent monopoly capitalism from getting complete control of the war economy? When the navy requires huge warships it cannot tween management and labor with ment of the auto workers from get them by calling upon cockroach business men to build them. their own independent labor par- When the army needs tanks and planes it cannot call upon twoby-four manufacturers to prothe convention in September 1944. duce them. Naturally the men at the head of the army and navy and the dollar-a-year men do not go out of their way to help small malevolent intention plays a very to Big Business is that the real hands.

to set ceiling prices on commodities it need not be assumed that it was done with the purpose of benefiting the monopolists at the expense of the little business men. It was done with the idea of avoiding inflation which carries grave dangers to the capitalist system. have brought economic death to many a small business man. And it must be remembered

able to war contracts. The army the only reliable guarantee of is over. their getting material from patriotic Big Business is patriotic

hold down prices to a slower rate erful than ever before.

The order of the War Labor of increase. And it can be taken Board providing for the discharge for granted that the real benefiof hundreds of drivers by the New ciaries of subsidies will be the

Some time ago Harold Ickes made the charge that if there was monopoly capitalism invariably anything wrong with the war efblamed and not the New Dealers. He thereby merely brought out into the open what every informsity and the workers are the ed person knew. His purpose in making the charge was to relieve the New Dealers of responsibility but he also made clear that an administration priding itself on ditions enable the government to its alleged hostility to monopoly step in and use its power on their capitalism had to submit to the representatives of monopoly in order to get cooperation for progovernmental measures ducing war material. The lesson is there for everybody to read ng the capitalist system function, and see: where industry is under omehow or other, turn out to the the control of monopoly, a govbenefit of the monopolists. But it ernment accepting that control is helpless to cope with the monopoly and, to get its cooperation, must feed it with profits.

Prior to the war there was a good deal of talk about drafting wealth as well as men for this The capitalist system does not function effectively by the drafting of wealth and no capitalist administration would attempt to ion is to win the war and not to pass any such measure at a time penefit monopoly capitalism, it, of war when it is anxious to have

> Representatives of the middle class and top trade union bureaucrats are pleading for different dollar-a-year men or for their complete elimination. Thus do they expect to change a situation where Big Business is waxing fatter and fatter at the expense of ittle business and the working masses. To them it is only a question of changing the officials in Washington. They close their eyes to the real reason: the very existence of monopoly capitalism. To prevent Big Business from

atilizing the war for increasing its profits and for getting a strangle hold on the economic life business. Undoubtedly there is a of the nation there is and can be lot of conscious steering away of only one effective measure: to do orders from little business. But away with its ownership of the big war industries. Militant worksmall role in the process. What ers must fight every measure such determines the giving of orders as the one which compels hundreds of drivers to be laid off, capacity to produce is in its thus increasing the profits of the companies. But they must go to When the decision was made the root of the whole question and demand the nationalization of industry and its operation under workers' control.

It can be said that it will still be necessary with nationalized industry to save gas and rubber and hence to lay off drivers in the milk industry. Assuming even workers will be sure that the companies will not make additional profits out of the necessity to Frankensteen leadership deliber- that price ceilings are not applic- save rubber and gas and that they convention to keep the labor par- and navy people understand that their regular jobs when the war

To permit monopoly capitalism to continue the ownership of industry is to guarantee that all Effective price freezing has of the burdens of the war will be thus far been limited to wages. placed on the shoulders of the that the government can expect to coming out richer and more pow-

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116 UNIVERSITY PLACE NEW YORK 3, N. Y.

THE MILITANT

Published in the interests of the Working People

VOL. VII-No. 42 - Saturday, Oct. 16, 1943

Published Weekly by

THE MILITANT PUBLISHING ASS'N at 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y. Telephone: ALgonquin 4-8547 FARRELL DOBBS, Editor

THE MILITANT follows the policy of permitting its contributors to present their own views in signed articles. These views therefore do not necessarily represent the policies of THE MILI-TANT which are expressed in its editorials.

Subscriptions: \$2.00 per year; \$1.00 for 6 months. Foreign: \$3.00 per year, \$1.50 for 6 months. Bundle orders: 3 cents per copy in the United States; 4 cents per copy in all foreign countries. Single copies: 5 cents.

> Application for entry as second-class matter is pending.



To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of e v e r y class-conscious worker.

- LEON TROTSKY

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- the Trade Unions.
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- The defense of the Soviet Union against imperialist attack.

Who Defends Italy?

On page 1 of this week's issue we publish the authoritative story from Libera Stampa of Lugano describing how Badoglio's officers betrayed the workers of Turin to the Nazis. There is a profoundly important lesson to be drawn from this and similar occurrences in other cities of Italy.

The workers who tried to get arms and resist the Nazis were moved by a profoundly correct instinct. They were right in sensing that they could not depend on Badoglio's officers to drive out the Nazi invader; they were right in feeling that they had to arm and fight as an organized working class

Where they - more accurately, their leaders made their mistake was in depending on Badoglio's officer caste to arm the workers. They should have been forewarned that the reactionary officer caste would do anything rather than permit the creation of an armed working class. Amid the revolutionary ferment in Italy, the armed workers would have inevitably gone on, not merely to fight against the Nazis, but also to fight for an Italy which would be forever free of the monarchy and of capitalist exploitation. Rather than let that happen, Badoglio and his officers PREFERRED to betray the industrial cities to the Nazis.

What happened in northern Italy is only the latest instance of the fact that the exploiting class always betrays its "own" country to the foreign enemy rather than let the masses take over the country. The ruling class does not defend the nation but only the private property, privileges and profits of the exploiters. After the October revolution, the Russian capitalists and landlords fought in the capitalist armies of intervention against their own former fatherland. In the Spanish civil war, the bourgeoisie called in Mussolini and Hitler against their own people. After the French army cracked, Petain capitulated to Hitler rather than permit the masses to organize themselves for struggle against the Nazis. One could cite many other examples from the last hundred years. Official patriotism is a mask for the exploiters; they throw it off and help the foreign enemy whenever it

serves their interests. Nor was the Italian officer caste the only "United Nations" force which considered the Italian working class as an enemy. As the Italian-Amer-

ican liberal historian, Gaetano Salvemini, has just

"America sent bombers to bomb the people of Milan, Genoa, Turin in August to smash the revolution. There were demonstrations in the streets, but instead of bombing the Brenner Pass, America bombed the Italians. Badoglio's soldiers wouldn't shoot Italian demonstrators. So we sent bombers —American Liberators." (PM, Oct. 10.)

Against the masses, the exploiters of both war camps will unite when they feel it necessary. That is the lesson of Italy.

Spellman's Letters

Colliers magazine prints in its current issue the letters of Archbishop Spellman to his father. This is the same Spellman who acted as unofficial envoy of President Roosevelt to the Vatican and as general errand boy around Europe and the various war fronts for the State Department.

Here is what Spellman has to say about Spain. He met Franco and according to him this fascist butcher "is a very sincere, serious and intelligent man." The Archbishop is also sure that this fascist swine was "a man loyal to his God, devoted to his country's welfare and definitely willing to sacrifice himself in any capacity and to any extent for

Spellman makes no bones of the fact that he is heart and soul in favor of the State Department's policy of propping up the crumbling Franco dictatorship. "Spain's attitude toward the United States," he writes, "has improved immeasurably. . .This change of feeling was at least partially due to the fact that America sent petroleum and cotton to Spain, and both products are vitally needed by the Spaniards. . . Thus, by improving our country's relations with Spain, Dr. Hayes (fascist-loving U. S. ambassador to Spain) fulfills the mission of an ambassador. Some criticize this policy as appeasement. The inexorable implication is that appeasement is something inherently evil, and that an expedient thing cannot be a good thing."

Spellman's support of the clerical-reactionary Franco dictatorship is of course not surprising. He is part and parcel of the Catholic hierarchy that is trying to rebuild the whole of Europe along the reactionary lines of the Franco dictatorship. The Pope himself waxes lyrical when he discusses the bloody Franco regime. The Osservatore Romano, official organ of the Vatican writes that the Franco government is a "model state."

But why does Roosevelt choose a Spellman as his personal envoy? Why does Roosevelt make an alliance with the Vatican, the world center of obscurantism and reaction? Only people who cherish illusions or who consciously seek to spread confusion are surprised. The program of Roosevelt and the State Department is the same rotten reactionary program as the program of Spellman and the Vatican. That is why Spellman's letters tell us so much about Roosevelt's real policies. That is why Roosevelt chooses Spellman as his personal envoy and concludes an alliance with the Vatican. Birds of a feather flock together.

"By the repeal of the Chinese exclusion laws we can correct a historic mistake and silence the distorted Japanese propaganda. . . The Chinese quota would. . . be only about 100 immigrants a year. . . While it would give the Chinese a preferred status over certain other Oriental people, their great contribution to the cause of decency and freedom entitles them to such preference. . . Action by the Congress now will be an earnest of our purpose to apply the policy of the good neighbor to our relations with other peoples." (Excerpts from Roosevelt's Oct. 11 message to Congress on the Chinese exclusion laws.)

There are almost 500,000,000 Chinese in Asia, They will be greatly impressed by Roosevelt's generous offer to let 100 of them enter the U.S. each year. They will also feel highly honored by their "preferred status" over "certain other Oriental people" who, together with the Chinese, comprise half the world

Post-War Jobs

A great many workers do not believe that after the present world blood bath there will be "freedom from want" as promised by Roosevelt in the Atlantic Charter. They correctly expect that capitalism after the war, like capitalism before and during the war, will continue to bring fabulous wealth to America's Sixty Families, while the mass of the population lives in privation and misery.

In a recent Gallup poll, 58% of those interviewed expressed the opinion that the greatest post-war problem will be to get a job and find economic security. If in a general cross section of the population 58% believe that unemployment will be the major post-war problem, then an even bigger percentage of the workers must hold this same view.

There is far less inclination to accept as good coin the propaganda of Big Business in this war than was the case in 1917-18. Reports of conversations on the job, speeches at union meetings and conventions, the militant fight of the coal miners and the widespread mass support of the minersall these and similar manifestations attest to the workers' distrust of Big Business and their growing realization of the need to fight in defense of their economic interests.

The workers went through a decade of mass unemployment before the war production began. Now that they are employed in the war industries, the government is driving down their standard of living by freezing wages while prices shoot upwards. And once the war production ends, capitalism can only plunge them back into mass unemployment.

Politically the workers still support Roosevelt, but their economic position drives them into an ever sharper clash with the capitalist class which Roosevelt represents. The end result of this contradiction can only be the mass radicalization of the American workers.

Sidelights Of Auto **Workers Convention**

By Harry Frankel

ganization of ex-servicemen. After and keep it in the locals. pointing out that "the Manufac-Geiger went on to say:

in it and we can have a veterans' they were. organization that will be a union organization and not one for the other industries to play with."

attitude of the International Executive Board on the Little Steel formula, stated that: "the complete Board is opposed to the Little Steel formula.'

One of the alternate delegates in the gallery muttered disgustedly: "Opposed... opposed! What are what counts!"

Nat Ganley, Stalinist whip from Local 155 got his usual razzing at the convention. The delegates have developed a duck-like "quack quack" which is a perfect imitation of Ganley's voice, and they used it to good effect every time he got up to speak. Ganley earned in advance. every bit of razzing he got. It was obvious to nine-tenths of the convention that he led the most

After the unsuccessful attempt of the leadership to ram a dues increase down the throats of the delegates, Secretary-Treasurer Addes approached the microphone for the attempts of the leader- formula.—Chrysler Gun Plant. ship to raise wage-rates for the auto-workers.

President Thomas speak on the the first thing they did was find whole political bunch."

The author's intent is to por-

tray the psychological changes

going on behind the battlelines

during the course of the struggle.

On the Soviet side of the line,

Mr. Hughes tries to disclose the

cause a fifth columnist, a Colonel

Soviet society.

guerrilla bands.

BUFFALO, Oct. 10 - The question of a raise in dues. They a new name for it. 'Piece work' farsightedness of many of the defeated every proposal to go is so universally hated, that the delegates to the auto workers above the traditional buck a Stalinists use the term "incentive convention was illustrated by the month and even proposed an pay." But by the time the conspeech of delegate Geiger from amendment to take one-third of vention got into a discussion of Flint Buick Local 599 on the the present dollar a year assess- the issue, even that term was resolution dealing with the or- ment away from the international discredited, and some of the

turers Association today is trying took a fit. He got the mike and using a new term: "increased pay to give the American Legion fifty made an agitated speech, ending for increased output." million dollars for the purpose of up: "I beg of this convention, at organizing the returned veterans," the very least, to vote down the "I would like to see this resolu- on his knees that time. But still boloney. tion defeated here today and sent the delegates were only goodback to the committee so they naturedly cuffing him a bit, and can bring one out with some teeth they let things stand the way

big shots in the automobile and date for the next convention one they get on their grievances. He of the delegates objected to a said in the course of the discussuggestion to hold the convention sion on piece work. "You have R. J. Thomas, in reporting the during one of the summer months no agency whereby you can defend on the ground that "any part of yourselves today." the month of August . . . is the very worst season for hay fever

ported: "The 'MILITANT,' at you and says, "WHAT ARE as usual, and contains its usual IT?" Fifth Column poison." As usual, The Militant was read with interest by hundreds of delegates. and as usual, it called every turn

The leaders of both the Addes and the Reuther caucuses did their reactionary wing at the conven- level best to stall the main issues, but the auto locals had their number. On Friday morning, the convention received the following telegram:

Detroit, Mich., Oct. - R. J. Thomas, CIO Convention, Buffalo. other side of the fence as they -Object to discussion of 2nd and wisecracked: "A good try, front. Discuss equalization of anyhow." He couldn't say as much wages instead and kill Little Steel

When the Stalinists decided to The delegates wouldn't even let system to the union movement, like to see them clean out the

RETREAT FROM ROSTOV by | The actual job of killing the their love of Mother Russia.

Paul Hughes. Random House, fifth columnist falls, symbolically, An historical novel must have

resents the average Soviet citi- must not run counter to what we

to one Kaaron Terenski, who rep-

The first hint that German in- zen. At the beginning of the novel, know about the society it de-

vincibility was a destructible le- she is simultaneously engaged in scribes. You would never grasp

gend came when the armies of debating the virtues of two dif- from Mr. Hughes' version of So-

Von Kliest were sent reeling back | ferent hair-styles and in plunging | viet society that the corrupt and

not Soviet. Her love is for the

Russian earth and never enter-

tains thoughts of the Russian

Once Kaaron has eliminated the

fifth columnist, the doom of the

Nazis is predestined, even though

tached to the organ. The organist

Since Mr. Hughes' characters

from Rostov in November 1941 into a love affair with a young

by the aroused masses of that So- musician. Inspired by her love

viet city and Red Army forces. for Tchaikowsky's music, the Don

This first disaster for the Ger- river, and the Rostov cathedral,

mans and initial success of the she undergoes a transformation

Soviet Union serves as back- from an idler into a patriot. Her

ground for "Retreat from Ro- patriotism is of things Russian

secret of Soviet resistance in they fight their way into the city.

terms of personal motivation. Every window holds a sniper,

Had the author succeeded in every building is mined; food and

grasping the social forces that water are poisoned. Bloody re-

fire the resistance of the Soviet prisals by the Germans fail to

worker and peasant, his novel halt the resistance of Rostov. Life

would have had first rate impor- becomes unendurable for the Ger-

tance. Unfortunately, Mr. Hughes | mans. The final blow to their mo-

has squandered his modest talents rale is the killing of a group of

by accepting a completely false Nazi officers inside the Rostov

version of Soviet resistance and cathedral by machine guns at-

To begin with, he depicts the turns out to be the musician who

Blazonny, is radioing vital mili- are symbolic types, his interpret-

tary information to the Nazis. ation of Soviet events is clear.

Blazonny barely escaped the The original Soviet defeats were

purge of the Red Army staffs, caused by traitors like Blazonny

and is ready to serve the enemy and the indifference of the gen-

because promotion has been de- eral population represented by

nied him since that time. The job Kaaron and the young musician.

of tracking down this traitor is However, inspired by the bravery

in the hands of two "heroic" GPU of the two GPU agents-Stalin's

agents, Boris Guidenny and Pa- emissaries—the citizens of Rostov

pushka, who also lead peasant arise and fight. Their motive for tion.

battle of Rostov as being lost be- has been courting Kaaron.

speakers for piece work such as That's where Thomas really Vice-President Frankensteen were

But the delegates to the UAW convention work by the old adage: amendment. . ." He was really No matter how you slice it, it's

McHatton of Local 174 expressed the indignation of many of the delegates to the conven-During the discussion on the tion at the government runaround

"We have gone to all the agencies. We have been down to the Regional Board in Detroit. We sympathize with this dele- They sent it to Washington. It gate, but then, think of the in- has been kicked back to Detroit. ternational officers. They get 75 Now we are going to take it to different kinds of fever every Washington and it is a damned you going to do about it? That's time the UAW has a convention. slow procedure and they let you sweat and the company rolls back Wednesday's Daily Worker re- in their swivel chair and laughs Trotzkyite organ, was distributed YOU GOING TO DO ABOUT

> One of the most applauded speeches in the convention was made by delegate Crump, Flint Buick Local 599. Speaking on the unprincipled character of the Addes-Frankensteen and Reuther-Leonard factions he said: "There is no need of kidding ourselves. delegates, if this report of the majority (on incentive pay) had come from the other side of the fence, then, by God, they would be fighting just as hard from the are against it. I know that, and you know it.

"I, as one individual delegate, am not on either side of the fence, and I don't give a damn who is elected, if they are all elected or try to sell the fink piece work all defeated. Personally, I would

some degree of verisimilitude. It

ruthless Stalin bureaucracy was

responsible for the 1941-42 de-

He accepts the Stalinist fabri

cation that Tukhachevsky and his

staff were fascist agents. Natur-

ally, he fails to understand that

the mass purges of 1937-38 be-

headed the Red Army; that the

Soviet masses paid for the purges

that only from the crucible of war

did a new military cadre emerge

There are in this novel clerks

hotel keepers, peasants, GPU

agents, American correspondents,

Timoshenko, the voice of Stalin-

but no workers. Thus the prole-

tarian backbone of Soviet resist-

ance finds no place in Mr. Hughes

anatomy of Soviet morale. An

art that fails to include and con-

It is obvious that the presence

of workers would have called for

a different kind of book. Instead

of Tchaikowsky and the Russian

soul, the author would have been

compelled to explain the Russian

revolution and what it means to

the Soviet workers. He would

have been forced to explain the

muted struggle between the bu-

reaucracy and the workers. Mr.

Hughes gives us puppets filled

with Stalinist sawdust instead of

working class and peasantry

Reviewed by David Ransom.

defending the great remaining

conquests of the October revolu-

cretize the typical is worthless.

with two years of defeats, and

feats of the Red Army.

Corporate Profits Go Up; **Railroad Wages Stay Down**

There is a vast difference between the financial well-being of the large railway companies and the plight of the railway workers who have so far been unable to obtain any wage increases.

Profit figures released by the Association of American Railroads reveal how profits have zoomed upward in the past year. At the same time the railway workers' living standards have been pressed down by higher prices and taxes.

According to these figures, Class I railroads had a net income of \$159,614,334 higher for the first six months of 1943 than in the same period of 1942. Even with increased taxes, the big railway magnates report a rate of return on property investment of 6.06% as against 4.19% in 1942.

In reality, these figures actually conceal the skyrocketing of railway profits. The railroad companies have increased by tremendous amounts the salaries of their leading executives. They are in addition piling up the largest reserves in the history of the American railroad industry.

The railway unions have asked for wage increases to meet the soaring cost of living. The demands of the non-operating employees were whittled down to eight cents an hour by Roosevelt's emergency board. Then, with Roosevelt's backing, Director of Economic Stabilization Vinson refused to approve even this small

Similarly the operating employees were handed the paltry offer of four cents an hour by the emergency board. Again Roosevelt and Vinson stand firm against even this pittance of an increase.

Thus the railway workers have been getting the run-around while the big corporations rake in extra profits. Six months of 1943 show over \$150,000,000 extra profits for a small handful of railway barons, but not a single penny to the 1,300,000 railway work-

Of course, this is termed "equality of sacrifice" by all the propagandists for the war. But the cold facts demonstrate that this slogan is a hypocritical screen to conceal Roosevelt's program of fattening industry, and starving labor.

Congress Plans Heavy New Tax Load On Low Incomes

The consensus of opinion at the hearings of the new tax bill before the House Ways and Means Committee is: 1) that Big Business cannot shoulder any appreciable portion of the new taxes, but, on the contrary must be relieved of some of the "confiscatory" taxes already legislated; and 2) that the bulk of the taxes must come from the so-called "low income groups," preferably in the shape of a federal sales tax which, as the N. Y. Times, Oct. 5, explains would reach all those who "may not now be paying their fair share of income taxes."

The Treasury Department has asked for an additional ten and a half billions in taxes. With billions in profits rolling in at an unprecedented rate, spokesmen of Big Business propose to raise the bulk of this huge sum through a "victory" sales tax of 10% and more. Mr. M. L. Seidman, speaking for the New York Board of Trade told the House Committee that while it was true that a sales tax "bore disproportionately upon those least able to pay," such a tax was eminently fair at this time. He said that if "ever a federal sales tax is justified, now is the time." (N. Y. Times Oct. 6.) The representatives of the New York State Chamber of Commerce find that a sales levy "would not be over-burdensome." The Times editors concur: "It seems clear therefore that the bulk of the new taxes must come from those earning under \$5,000 and that they are in a position to pay them." (N. Y. Times, Oct. 11.)

In summing up the hearings before the House Committee, the N. Y. Times, Oct. 9, gleefully predicted that any drastic revisions in the higher income tax schedules "are much more likely to be downward than upward." And as Godfrey N. Nelson, a financial expert, explained with a straight face such action is long overdue inasmuch as the "so-called rich are being liquidated." (N. Y. Times, Oct. 10.)

No burden is too great for the masses to bear in the opinion of these war-profiteers who are now mobilizing all their forces to make another deep slash in the living standards of the American people.

False Promises Will Not Liberate Philippines

The cause of Philippine independence is receiving these days special and almost simultaneous attention both in Washington and Tokio. On October 6 Roosevelt suddenly discovered that it was no longer necessary to wait until July 4, 1946 - the date previously set by Congress - in order to grant independence to the Filipino people, but asked for authorization to grant this independence "as soon as feasible," and for taking all "safeguards so that the United States might protect that independence as well as the island's economic security." (N. Y. Times, Oct. 7.)

On the very next day, Tokio announced by radio that the Philippines did not have to wait at all but would become independent on Oct. 14 as part of the Japanese "co-prosperity sphere" in Asia. This announcement was made in the name of "president-elect Jose P. Laurel" who was elected the week before at a specially convened "constitutional assembly." (N. Y. Times, Oct. 8.)

Washington of course brands the Tokio proclamation as a brazen fraud. Japanese propaganda is equally emphatic in denouncing Washington's pretended concern for the independence of the Philippines.

Both sides come closest to the truth when they warn the Filipino people not to trust the high-sounding promises and protestations made by the rival

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