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## ROOSEVELT ORDERS UNION PENALTIES

## AMGOT PAVES THE WAY FOR A REACTIONARY **GOVERNMENT IN ITALY**

By Anthony Massini

In Quebec this week the Allied leaders were working out new political and military plans for the war and the post-war period. But it is from Sicily, and the dispatches about the operations of the Allied Military Government of Occupied Territories (AMGOT or AMG), that we are able to get a clear picture of what it is that the Allied leaders are fighting for.

'Let's Hang

The Mayor'

President Roosevelt asserted

on, July 30 that he was willing

to make a deal in Italy with

even a mayor, if the mayor

wasn't a member of the fascist

government, could get the

Italian troops to lay down

their ams and could prevent

But the Italian people have

a different attitude toward

their mayors, all of whom are

appointees of the fascist party.

Sicilian towns are invariably

greeted by two cries, 'Viva

Americanos' and 'Let's hang

Allies would prosecute them be

cause they were fascists. In Sicily

like90% of the administration and

And if the Italian masses, long

"At the same time that fascists

are of necessity being used,

Matthews continues, "fascism i

being destroyed—at least on

paper." When every function of

(Continued on page 3).

same functions.

oppressed by the people whom

"American troops racing into

As PM reports:

the mayor'."

The most complete and revealing public reports of AMGOT activity have been given by Herbert L. Matthews, correspondent of the N. Y. Times, who has such a good inside track in Sicily that he has even been used to broadcast to the Italian mainland about the benevolent attitude of the Allied officials toward the local fascists. In the N. Y. Times Magazine of August 22, Matthews not only recapitulates his previous reports on the policies of AMGOT but also explains what effects these policies will have on Italy after the period of military occupation is terminated.

"GOOD" AND "BAD"

"What AMG is trying to do," he says, "is to get the existing machinery of government working again under its super-

"The first thing they [the AMGOT officials do is to scout around for the former officialsthe Podesta, the Mayor, Chief of Police and others in charge of sanitation, health, relief, justice, have no such intention, for the and so forth. These men are in- obvious reason that something terviewed and others are quesis bad they're put in jail. If not, and if they show willingness to tioned about them. If their record cooperate, they are restored to would mean complete paralysis their functions, given help and money if necessary and told to get things going as before. . ."

Thus the fascist officials are divided into two types: "bad"

AMGOT is helping, were to decide that they want to "prosefascists and "good" fascists. The "bad" ones get jail, the "good" then AMGOT, still pleading "exones get help. And the alibi for pediency," would naturally side this policy is the "expediency" with the fascists. For after all, argument that the State Depart- collaboration with fascists is ment has resorted to since the preferable to so-called chaos. beginning of the war in explaining its willingness to collaborate with all kinds of reactionaries:

"CURIOUS" SIMILARITY

There was a fear among the the state is identified with fascists, says Matthews, "that the fascism, to abolish fascism would

## Frauds Are Worse Than in Last War, **Biddle Admits**

of United States attorneys from ten midwest states meeting in Chicago on August 23.

These frauds have already resulted in 123 federal indictments, and 1,279 investigations are pending, Biddle reported. So Defense Committee last week to ancial assistance in this case. far 71 cases have been disposed further the Committee's camof, with convictions or other paign to win a pardon for Kelly penalties in about 90% of the Postal, Minneapolis union leader

Biddle complained, however, that in many cases the offenders sentence on trumped-up charges. had got off with extremely light penalties. And when Biddle makes a complaint of this kind, there must be good ground for New York; and Brewery Workit, because he was one of the government officials responsible shortly after Pearl Harbor for discontinuing prosecution of all free Postal has been received from violations of the anti-trust act all sections of the labor moveuntil after the war.

corporations have got away with strong resolution calling for his murder for crimes endangering release and urging its affiliated the lives of men in the armed locals to extend all possible moral forces was the Anaconda Wire and financial support. The Sacraand Cable case, in which the cor- mento and Boston CIO Councils poration and its officials were have both extended generous aid and against the democratic rights active opposition to the regime. reprimanded and let off with a to the CRDC. fine lower than the amount of Locals from a total of eight

## Sanctions Order Makes Police **Agents Of WLB Labor Members**

AN EDITORIAL

against the unions closes this vise another full

When the union officials made the no-strike pledge-without consulting the workers-and agreed to serve on the War Labor Board, they took at face value Roosevelt's promise to protect the workers' standard of living. Again when they accepted the wage-freezing Little Steel formula they took as good coin the administration promise to control prices despite the fact that the cost of living was steadily rising. The Roosevelt-Byrnes order freezing collective bargaining evoked a mild protest from the union officials, but they nevertheless stayed

The mounting protests of the workers against the steady decline in their standard of living at last forced Murray, Green and Co. to go through the motions of doing something about it. But they did not call for trade union action to defend the workers' interests as they should have done. Instead, they pleaded with Roosevelt to roll back prices.

The coal miners, however, confronted Roosevelt with a solid strike front when he tried to impose the Little Steel formula upon them. And when the administration went all-out against the mine strike, the top officials of the AFL, CIO and Railroad Brotherhoods supported Roosevelt against the miners. They thus stabbed in the back both the miners and their own membership in whose interests also the miners were trying to break through the Little Steel formula.

The gap between wages and prices continues to widen. Roosevelt is now calling for "truly taxes and compulsory saving which would further reduce the purchasing power of the workers. Yet the union officials do no more than to repeat over and over: "If there is no

The trade union officials are caught in the sistence." He has discarded not the Little Steel vise of the workers' growing resistance to formula but the policy of placing primary Roosevelt's labor policies and their own sup- dependence upon the no-strike pledge for the port of the administration program. The Presi- enforcement of the wage freeze. The addent's executive order authorizing sanctions ministration fears that control over the rank and file of the unions is beginning to slip out of the hands of the officialdom. It also reckons with the possibility of other union officials, under pressure from the membership, following John L. Lewis' example and repudiating the no-strike pledge. Therefore, Roosevelt is arming himself to apply police measures to prevent

> The Smith-Connally anti-strike law and now the executive order providing sanctions against unions are vehicles for this sinister strikebreaking program. The attack upon the United Mine Workers and the criminal prosecution of thirty Pennsylvania coal miners reveals the vicious character of the administration policies.

> Roosevelt will of course continue to use the timid and cowardly union officials in every way he can, and he will use their repeated reaffirmation of the no-strike pledge to help camouflage his repressive acts against the

> The continued presence of the union officials of the War Labor Board, now that it has punitive powers over the unions, makes them outright police agents against the workers. They have performed a police function in voting to deny the UAW-CIO a union security clause in the Chrysler agreement because of strikes by the Chrysler workers.

> The trade union workers must repudiate the present treacherous policy of the officialdom. Only by independent class action can the workers halt the downward spiraling of their standard of living and protect their unions from the unfolding anti-labor campaign of the bosses, Congress and Roosevelt.

RESCIND THE NO-STRIKE PLEDGE WITHDRAW FROM THE WAR LABOR

PUT AN END TO COMPANY-UNION-ISM IN POLITICS.

ORGANIZE AN INDEPENDENT LABOR

The War Labor Board voted unanimously on August 18 to deny maintenance-of-membership and dues check-off provisions to the UAW-CIO in a working agreement with the Chrysler Corporation. This is in a union contract. The action was taken for the announced membership for striking.

There were 66 strikes in Chrysler plants from December, 941 to January, 1943, according to the WLB panel report. 25,000 workers struck at seven Detroit of fact, several hundred workers were out on strike at the the procedure in impos-Kercheval plant of Chrysler in Detroit the very day of the WLF action.

The big May strike, as The Militant of May 29 reported, was provoked "by the management's the criminal prosecution failure to bargain in good faith and settle the ever mounting grievances accumulated over the taken over by the govpast eleven months."

"The rank and file made thei entiments known in no uncertain terms," wrote The Militant cor- now being prosecuted by respondent from the scene of action. "They intended to see that the company bargained in good this Act. faith and were determined to stage another walkout if the management failed to live up to its

"These workers went back to unions. This sweeping generalizathe plants only after overwhelm- tion leaves the door wide open for Federal and State governmental penalties. apparatus, the War Labor Board the Army and Navy top officers, has recently amended its regulathe FBI, the management sup-ported by the whole capitalist the deferments of registrants "not workers found that their own international officers were arrayed against them to a man."

At the meeting where the union thereby black'isting them in inmembership under this terrific pressure voted to return to work, one of the workers, voicing the "TEETH" AGAINST LABOR sentiments of the rank and file, called upon the top officialdom to dividual workers can be applied represent the workers and not with or without government conthe management."

Brazenly ignoring this severe | Hailing the executive order, a labor members of the WLB have the board teeth with which to bite Constance Nicholas' estimate, in combined with the corporation the employes. . ." ber" tools on the board to impose WLB has threatened striking sanctions against the union in newspaper drivers in New York Chrysler. By their action they City with "severe penalties" and have again given open support to has asked the bosses for the the union-hating corporations and names of employes failing to rethe new anti-labor drive of the turn to work.

# Labor Members On WLB Vote Against Sanctions Against Strikers CIO Auto Workers Vicious Provisions of Smith-Connally Law

Supplemented by Latest Executive Order

By Farrell Dobbs

Drastic sanctions against striking unions and individual strikers were decreed by President Roosevelt in an executive order issued on August 16. Penthe first time the labor mem- alties to be imposed against unions when the govbers of the board have voted ernment seizes struck plants include withholding against the union security clauses union dues collected through the check-off and the suspension or denial of union security provisions in purpose of punishing the union working agreements. Individual strikers may be drafted into the armed forces or blacklisted in in-

Supplementing the order, Roosevelt wrote to William H. Davis, War Labor plants in May, 1943. As a matter of fact several hundred workers Board chairman, defining violating WLB orders have begun since the sanctions order was is-

> Ward, a Brooklyn iron works and ing the sanctions and ema Bauxite, Ark. contractor. The phasizing that the Smith- main issue is the maintenance-ofmembership clause. Roosevelt recommended in his etter to Davis that in cases where of strikers in industries employers violate WLB orders 'less drastic sanctions" than plant seizure be applied. ernment. Thirty Penn-

> During the mine strikes the WLB refused to request governsylvania coal miners are ment action against any employer until the board was given punitive powers against the unions. The Roosevelt - Biddle under proceedings against the above firms are generally viewed as part of a maneuver in preparation for The new executive order aua renewed assault on the United thorizes the withholding of "any Mine Workers by the Roosevelt benefits, privileges or rights" in

sued. They are Montgomery-

administration. UNION LEADERS WORRIED

R. J. Thomas, president of ing pressure from the entire the application of numerous the UAW-CIO, in a statement to the United Press criticized the ex-The Selective Service System | ecutive order:

"The WLB was conceived as a mediation and arbitration agenthe deferments of registrants "not cy," Thomas declared, "and not press and all the radio news commentators. On top of all this the ing" the ways effort and penalties against workers an& Certificates of availability would their organizations."

"It will diminish the standing be denied to striking workers by the War Manpower Commission. of the WLB in the eyes of the workers," Thomas added in & masterpiece of understatement reflecting his own fears of the reaction of the workers to the

Sanctions directed against inharsh Roosevelt decree. The sanctions order is called the "high-water mark of reaction" in the August 21 New Leader. reprimand of the workers, the WLB official said: "This gives cial-Democratic organ, "appeared to serve notice that he has come to an open break with the New

> The N. Y. Times of August 20 editorially welcomes the Roosevelt order but fee's it doesn't go far enough..

"There is no reason to suppose... that this withdrawal of 'benefits' Proceedings against three firms could mean a reduction of wages or would otherwise adversely affeet the conditions of employment of individual union members." complains this leading spokesman for Big Business. "It is difficult to see how it could leave any union much worse off than it would have been before the passage of the Wagner Act."

STALINIST WHITEWASH

The Stalinist Daily Worker, most brazen apologist for Roosevelt in the labor movement, attempts in the August 20 issue to frame up an alibi for the antiunion sanctions order. The Stalinists dishonestly contend that the order "came in compliance with a provision of the Smith-Connally Act." Stressing the veto of this Act by the President, they thus seek to imply that he acted against his will in issuing the sanctions order. Roosevelt's veto message itself exposes this shameless attempt to white-wash him.

Referring to the first seven provisions of the Smith-Connally Act, the President said in his veto message: "If the bill were limited to these seven sections, I would

This portion of the Act which met Roosevelt's approval contains

(Continued on page 3)

#### price rollback, we insist that the Little Steel formula be discarded." Roosevelt remains unimpressed by their "in-RESISTANCE TO FASCISM

**GROWING INSIDE GERMANY** 

threaten to leave society high and dry. What often happens is that the fascist label is removed, out the same men carry on the "It is curious to note that

reported that serious strikes have Coventry during the winter of Workers have refused to go to also refused to report for work work at night for fear of the during the terrifying and destructerrible air raids. This can be tive bombing. readily understood and appreciated by British workers. They

The Big Business war frauds "are much bigger than they were were the state of the s in 1917 or 1918," Attorney General Biddle informed a group Fight To Free Postal

now serving a five-year prison

The unions were: UAW-CIO Local 217 of Cleveland; ILGWU, Knitgoods Workers Local 155 of ers Local 9 of Milwaukee.

Support for the campaign to ment, the CRDC announced. The A typical example of how the Michigan /CIO has adopted a

international (the Brewery Work- | Fifth Avenue, New York.

Donations from three more local ers) have helped to finance the

In addition a barrage of letters was "guilty" only of obeying the workers out of hand, most of mandate of his union in transferring its local funds to the

imprisoned union leader. Many of ers were used as scapegoats. these letters point out that the The riots in Munich appeared imprisonment of Postal is not only to be of a more political character. a grave injustice against an The recent execution of students dangerous precedent which can be only belie the complete unity of used against other union leaders the German nation, it also shows

of labor. through the delivery of defective ternationals and one unaffiliated Rights Defense Committee, 160

·By Rose Carson LONDON-The daily press has remember what took place a broken out in the Ruhr factories. 1940 when the British workers

> At that time the militia was called out, martial law was declared and the factories guarded by soldiers with fixed bayonets while the Riot Act was read. No civilians were allowed in or out of the city for several days. REACTON IN GERMANY

The reactions of the workers to unions, one CIO, the second AFL, Postal Defense Fund, CRDC re- the murderous air raids was simcords show. The UAW-CIO leads ilar in Germany, while the measand the third independent—were all the other internationals, with ures taken by the Nazis had their received by the Civil Rights twenty locals who have given fin- usual brutality. The News Chronicle reports:

them foreigners."

From this it is clear that the CIO when it disaffiliated from majority of the people in the Ruhr ness Parker berates the bestial were in sympathy with the These letters and petitions strikers, since they did not allow being filled out in several in- terrorism to induce them to exdustrial states, call on Governor pose the leaders of the strikes, Thye to take steps to pardon the It shows also that foreign work-

Particularly is this important

(Continued on page 4)

## "Courier" Review **Praises Pamphlet** By Albert Parker

"A hard-hitting pamphlet" is the August 21 Pittsburgh Courier, agents and their "public mem- Armed with its new powers, the Deal." of the new pamphlet, "Negroes in the Post-War World" by Albert Parker, regular columnist in The Militant.

pamphlet reads as follows: "I am very enthusiastic about

this timely pamphlet, 'Negroes in the Post-War World,' by Albert Parker (Pioneer Publishers, 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y., \$.05).

"It is a strong, hard-hitting, unrestricted dissertation on the world if it proceeds with the same tempo of today. With authenticity and justified bitterpolicy of segregation among our armed forces . .

of Chicago, and demagogues like elected president of the Local in mittee is conducting the defense Rankin, Talmadge and Dixon. He | 1938. assures us that the Negroes and honorable union leader but sets a and a university professor not whites alike must be educated citizenship and his application on "Gag" Act, and is awaiting a

medium of a Workers' and Far- later, in July, 1941, he together pealed to the U.S. Supreme Court, "Free Kelly Postal" petitions since the German students and mers' Government, 'Negroes will with 28 others was indicted under money they admitted making CIO internationals, four AFL in- can be secured from the Civil professors were among the first be able to meet and defeat the the Smith "Gag" Act, and with 17 post-war world."

Miss Nichols' review of the

## **Civil Rights Defense Committee Aids** In Reducing Bail for Carl Skoglund

Rights Defense Committee.

Carl Skoglund came to this country from Sweden about 30 ortation charges early in 1942 and years ago. He worked here as a an order of deportation was enlumberjack, miner, railroad work- tered against him. No announce-"He is equally contemptuous of er and truck driver. During the ment has been made with referand embittered by the actions of years from 1934 to 1941 he was ence to this order by the Depart-Uncle Toms, such as Patterson, of an organizer for Minneapolis ment of Immigration. Tuskegee; Congressman Dawson, Teamsters, Local 544, and was

The Civil Rights Defense Com- | Immediately after the indictmittee announced this week that ment, Skoglund was arrested by discrimination and segregation as a result of their intervention the Federal Bureau of Immigra-"The strikes which have spread the American Negro is forced to for Carl Skoglund with the Fed-tion and held for deportation, from labor and liberal spokesmen throughout the entire area, live under today in a form of eral Bureau of Immigration, aided charged with being a member of in all parts of the country is resulted in a series of searches democracy which the author deems and supported by the American an organization that advocated the pouring into the office of Min- in which it was hoped to find the hypocritical in every sense, and a Civil Liberties Union, Skoglund's violent overthrow of the Governnesota Governor Ed Thye, St. ringleaders. As these proved foresight on what the Negro may bail bond has been reduced from ment. The first bail demanded Paul, pointing out that Postal fruitless, the Germans shot 100 expect in a capitalistic post-war \$2,500 to \$1,000. The premium on was \$25,000, but this was finally this bond will be paid by the Civil reduced to \$2,500 and Skoglund

taking sanctions against the

ing" the war effort.

trol of struck plants.

has been out on bail since then. A hearing was held on the dep-

The Civil Rights Defense Comof the 18, including Carl Skog-In 1940 Skoglund app'ied for lund, convicted under the infamwas denied on the ground that decision from the Federal Circuit "His conclusion is that by he had been a member of the So- Court of Appeals in St. Louis. If adopting Socialism, through the cialist Workers Party. A year necessary, the case will be apsign it." at which time the American Civil challenge of their enemies in the others convicted in December of Liberties Union will test the constitutionality of the Smith Act.

By E. R. Frank

By E. R. Frank

While the CIO local unions under the leadership of Murray and Hillman are working up a lather to convert reactionary, Illinois mine contract wage inanti-labor congressmen into "prolabor" congressmen and trying to line them up behind Roosevelt, deliver another body blow to the background of the announcement labor movement by his decree authorizing sanctions against labor unions and individual union members. The "statesmen of labor" haven't said very much as yet about this new vicious antithe existing scandalous conditions labor attack. They are still reeland low wages. ing under the impact of the blow.

The August 13 number of the Washington Teamster states that "Organized labor, which spoke through its national leaders recently in a demand for a price rollback to March, 1942 levels, is marking time, waiting for President Roosevelt's new anti-inflation program ... '

The labor movement cannot stand still, it cannot "mark time." Either it goes forward or it goes backward. And under the leadership of the Murrays and Greens 30 miners must stand trial on it surely isn't going forward.

Senator La Follette has broken with the Roosevelt administration. The Senator, who tries to keep his ear close to the ground, has Union, reports from Washington now come to the conclusion that "The New Deal is Dead."

Under this title, the leading ar-La Follette's Magazine, written by Fred Rodell, accuses Roosevelt of ing bet. I have reasons to believe having "betrayed" the "progress-"Three recent and revealing examples should hammer that point home," writes Rodell.

"After blasting the original Rumi Plan to refund taxes to the rich, he (Roosevelt) OK'd what has accurately been called the Ruml plan set to three-quarter to spread peon conditions among time. As though to say that it is cotton, fruit and other farm labwicked to steal a million dollars orers in the Southern states. but it is perfectly proper to compromise by stealing \$750,000.

Congress speak up for the anti- extensively in Texas, Georgia, strike bill, he vetoed it behind Mississippi, Oklahoma, Kentucky, their backs and made not the New Mexico, although all these slightest effort to have his veto areas have plently of farm labor. upheld - which he could have Between 350 and 400 private conaccomplished by snapping his fin- tracts for war prisoners were in gers. His hypocrisy here fooled force during June and July of no one - least of all labor.

lace-Jones episode - with the between 10 and 24 cents an hour. Presidential letter so carefully worded to sound superficially im-

"Notice that in each of these instances the progressives took the knifing. Notice that in each instance the President tried to conceal the knife."

The sensational victories of the eration, Canadian counterpart of the British Labor Party, in winning 34 out of 90 seats in the Ontario legislature, is bound to have important repercussions in this country and will unquestionably inspire the workers to renewed efforts in building their own independent party of labor.

The August 15 United Automobile Worker reports that 'A. Nelson Alles, one of the victorious CCF legislative candidates, is a member of the UAW-CIO and one of the pioneer organizers of Ford local 240 of Windsor, Ontario.

Association, has set a public hearing for August 23.

otiations affect approximately 80,000 hard coal miners. Negotiations first began on March 31 and have been continuing, on and off, against an important AFL or for four and a half months.

The final wage demand of the refused to offer any increases be- labor lieutenants of the capitalist youd 64 cents a day.

or Rockaway Park bus.

The intentions of the board in assuming jurisdiction of the hard coal case seem ominous indeed, when we recall that the board has made no decision as yet on the crease proposals, although the Illinois case has been in its hands for one month. Coming on the mines and Roosevelt's new decree on "sanctions" against unions, it appears that the government is determined to force the coal miners to continue working under

The campaign against the coal miners is clearly exposed as part of the campaign against all American labor.

Federal Judge F. P. Schoonmaker overruled the motion of defense counsel to quash indictbers of the United Mine Workers the "slave labor" law was perfectly constitutional and that the September 1.

.. Applesauce Department: - Don ald Montgomery, Consumers Counsel of the United Auto Workers in the August 15 United Auto Worker: "Better news this time. There will be some rollback of ticle of the August 16 Progressive. food prices, and soon. That's not a guarantee, but it's a good sportthe President has taken a hand in the decisions and intends to have food prices rolled back, not all foods, but enough to make a sizeable dent in the food price index."

A confidential report of the War Manpower Commission discloses "After letting his lieutenants in that war prisoners are being used this year. Under more than half "And then there was the Wal- of the contracts, wages ranged

membership"

the trend of events January 23, Cooperative Commonwealth Fed- 1943. It wrote at that time: "The soldiers. War Labor Board is now embarking on an ambitious program to to mold its policy and to in-fluence the selection of its leader- first historian of a workers' state. ship. . . The War Labor Board has thus emerged as a govern- Revolution' is not only a great mental super-executive board of literary masterpiece, but an inthe labor movement. . . This con- valuable textbook for those who stantly increasing assumption of seek to complete the task he and eadership of the CIO and AFL began." have gone over lock, stock and barrel to the war machine."

The Chrysler decision of the WLB reveals not only the cold, calculated intention of the Roose-The War Labor Board, taking velt administration to houseover jurisdiction of the anthracite break the labor movement, to coal controversy at the request of crack down on every militant and the Anthracite Coal Operators hound him out of positions of influence even if he has to be dragooned off to the army or to murder three years ago by Stalin's In line with the policy adopted jail. It reveals more than that. henchman. at the time of the Illinois con- It discloses the fact that the top tract, the UMW has signified its officials of the labor unions are "BEING CONFIRMED intention of appearing before the in a conspiracy with Roosevelt TODAY" board. The anthracite wage neg- against their own membership. It is the first case on record where the face of constant difficulties northwest labor leader and na-

# TRADE UNION The Struggle To Control The ALP But in New York State a different situation the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the most part on the unione it is a stablished CIO Political Activation to the unione it is a stablished

man, is to curry favor with Roosevelt in the hope that Roosevelt in return will protect the labor officials against the blows of Congress and Big Business. Its method is to try to restore the prestige of Roosevelt among labor's ranks; to strengthen Roosevelt's hand in the present Congress; to prepare for the re-election of Roosevelt in 1944 and to elect a stable Democratic majority in the Congress.

The first move of the Political Action Committee, therefore, was to throw the full strength of the national CIO leadership against the growing sentiment and demand in the union ranks for the creation of an independent labor party. Hillman has already held three regional conferences-in Philadelphia, Chicago and Birmingham—and boasted in an interview with Federated Press on August 20 that "third party moves in Michigan and New Jersey have died out." (The political situation in these states will be examined in articles to be printed in coming issues of The Militant.)

on the ballot is the American Labor Party, which was able to poll more than 400,000 votes in opposition to the Democratic and Republican Party candidates in last year's gubernatorial election.

The present leadership of the ALP of course has no intention of transforming it into the kind of a political instrument which will meet the needs and satisfy the aspirations of the unions' ranks. The party was originally established as a means of winning votes for the New Deal from those workers in New York whose traditions and elementary class-consciousness had ingrained within them an opposition to supporting capitalist party tickets. And by and large it has been kept tied to the Roosevelt administration since its inception. It is a bureaucratically run organization, with the rank and file permitted to say little about its leadership or policies. As a result its program is hardly distinguishable from that of the liberal Democrats.

Nevertheless, it is still a labor party based for

struggles against the candidates of the capitalist parties. For these reasons the union militants should be intensely concerned with the present fight going on for control of the party and with Hillman's intervention in this fight.

#### An Unprincipled Fight

For several years now the ALP has been wracked and weakened by an unprincipled cat and dog fight between the Dubinsky-Social Democratic and Stalinist factions, each striving to maintain or seize organizational control of the party, although they have put forth virtually the same program since Hitler's attack on the Soviet Union in 1941.

The Dubinsky group, which at present controls the state apparatus of the ALP, is based on the ILGWU and some of the non-Stalinist controlled CIO unions such as the Retail Clerks, the United Auto Workers, etc. The Stalinists, who won control of the New York City organization at the primary election held this month, draw support from their domination of CIO unions such as the UE, the NMU, the TWU, Furriers, etc. In addition, the Stalinists have flooded the district ALP clubs with their members and have taken over a good many of these clubs.

Both these groups support the war and the administration. Both have called for the re-election of Roosevelt in 1944. Both are opposed to a genuine break with the capitalist parties and the practice of supporting capitalist party candidates. That is why it was so difficult for either group to arouse enthusiasm among the party members in the recent city primaries.

The policies of the two groups are illustrated by their approach to the problem of the coming election of a lieutenant-governor. The Stalinists were quick to demand that the ALP must not run its own candidate, but must on the contrary support the Democratic candidate, no matter who he was, so that the Republicans might be defeated.

#### Struggle For Domination

The ALP state committee met to consider the question on August 21, before the Democrats had picked their candidate. The Stalinists complained that "ugly rumors" were circulating to the effect that the ALP was going to run its own candidate. Alex Rose, state secretary, indignantly denied the truth of such rumors. Then the Dubinsky group passed a resolution picking Joseph V. O'Leary as their candidate and promising to withdraw him if the capitalist parties selected a candidate "acceptable to labor." The Stalinists objected to this procedure because it would leave the whole question in the hands of a vacancies committee of three Dubinskyites; their own proposal was to postpone action on the question until after the Democrats had chosen their candidate, so that the Stalinists too would have a voice in the final

The fight between these factions, plainly enough, is not over principle or program, but over control of the organization. The Dubinsky group has a stricty Social Democratic hatred of the Stalinists, refusing to collaborate with the Stalinists even though they have the same policies, and trying to exclude the Stalinists from the leadership of the organization so that their own domination will not be endangered. As a result the Stalinists are compelled to fight back; they do this with some reluctance perhaps because for their own part they are willing to collaborate with Dubinsky and the Social Democrats and any one else, including Farley and Hague, if it will further the interests of the Stalinist bureaucracy in the Soviet Union.

In addition the fight is an attempt by each side to win consideration and concessions from the administration by demonstrating that it is the most reliable and valuable servant of the White House in restraining and strangling the movement of the workers toward independent political

and the other CIO bureaucrats. As expressed by himself in a letter to the State CIO Council last week, Hillman's plan is as follows:

"My proposal, in brief, is that all trade unions of the state, CIO, AFL, Railroad Brotherhoods and unaffiliated, shall be invited to affiliate themselves with the party and to pay to it a per capita tax based upon their membership within the state. All matters of party policy are to be democratically determined by the vote of the representatives of the participating trade unions, based upon their per capita tax payments to the party."

This plan, says Hillman, would do away with "ancient political feuds or the injection of extraneous issues," strengthen the ALP and unite the pro-Roosevelt forces. But to understand its true purpose, one must bear in mind the attitude of Hillman toward the ALP in the recent period, particularly in 1942, and the already expressed aims of the CIO Political Action Committee.

#### What Hillman Really Wants

Hillman was one of the founders of the ALP, but last year when its leaders found themselves in a position where they could not support the Democratic candidate for governor and had to run a candidate of their own, Hillman walked out of the ALP and forced the Amalgamated Clothing Workers to discontinue all support. That was how strongly Hillman was opposed to any tendency toward independent labor politics. If he comes around now with a plan supposed to strengthen the ALP, it is surely not because he has the interests of the ALP at heart, but rather because he wants to clamp his own stranglehold on the organization so that he can be sure it won't stray out of the White House orbit.

Hillman's plan will not result under present conditions, when the state AFL leaders are still tied to the Democratic Party, in bringing into the ALP any important forces outside of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers. The return of the ACW, itself bureaucratically dominated by the Hillman machine, will not mean the establishment of democracy in the ALP, but rather the shifting of control away from the Dubinsky group toward Hillman whose plan has already been hailed and assured of full support by the

Willingness to collaborate with the Stalinists, or at any rate to accept their support, is the chief tactical difference at the present time between Hillman and Murray on the one hand and figures like Dubinsky on the other. Like his master Roosevelt, who is willing for the time being to accept an alliance with Stalin on the international scene so long as American capitalism has the upper hand, so is Hillman willing to work along with the American Stalinists in the union movement here. With their support in New York State, Hillman will be able to take over the ALP. The State CIO Council endorsed his plan last week. Two days later Hillman publicly declared that he and his forces would enter the state ALP primary contest next April unless the present ALP leaders accepted his plan before then. The Dubinsky group, already hard pressed by the Stalinists, thus faces the risk of being eliminated from the leadership altogether unless it come to terms with Hillman.

#### Task Of Union Militants

The only alternative to the certain stagnation and degeneration into which the ALP will sink if its fate is left up to any or all of these three factions, is for the union militants to take the leadership of the organization into their own hands. To do that the militants must work out a program which can arouse the initiative and inspire the enthusiasm of the more than two million New York unionists inside and outside of the ALP. And the first plank in that program can only be the demand for a complete and unequivocal break with the policies and politicians of the capitalist parties.

## ments under the Smith-Connally Act against 30 officers and memcharged with striking and encouraging a strike in Western Pennsylvania. The judge ruled that Death Of Leon Trotsky.

New York

NEW YORK—Two hundred New York members and friends of the Socialist Workers Party attended the meeting commemorating the third anniversary of the death of Leon Trotsky held at Irving Plaza on August 22. The meeting opened with the playing of the Workers Funeral Song by Betty Kuehn, violin-

The speaker of the evening was Vincent R. Dunne, National Labor Secretary of the SWP. In introducing him, Joseph The War Department is helping Hansen, chairman of the meeting, stated: "In a party notable for the youth of its members, as ours is, we treasure particularly those of our cadre, who, like Comrade Dunne, represent in their own experience an entire epoch of Marxism in this country.

Comrade Dunne in his address first elaborated on the many aspects of Leon Trotsky's lifetime career as a revolutionist. "He was not only a great theoretician and writer," he said, "but a revolutionary man of action."

#### TROTSKY'S ROLE

fect, just as carefully planned, to strip Wallace of all authority and locals of the UAW by turning ganizer of the October insurrec
"A district memorial meeting is the control of the UAW by turning ganizer of the October insurrec
"A district memorial meeting is the control of the UAW by turning ganizer of the October insurrec
"A district memorial meeting is the control of the UAW by turning ganizer of the October insurrec-The Militant called the turn on educated and inspired the masses crucible of world events." of Russian workers, peasants and

"Not only did Trotsky play this active role in the first successful 'discipline' the labor movement, workers' revolution," Dunne continued, "but he also became the The 'History of the Russian power is possible only because the his co-workers so gloriously

Comrade Dunne then outlined revolutions of 1905 and 1917; his of Trotsky's works. exile from the Soviet Union; the persecution of him, his family and his associates; and his brutal

the "labor zombies" on the board and dangers, Comrade Trotsky tional labor secretary of the SWP. writing, organizing, and found- the life-long revolutionary activ- selves to fight on to victory for voted in favor of punitive actions continued his work in exile being confirmed today in Italy,

> help carry on the work of the So- tant, was the main speaker. cialist Workers Party. Numerous lets of the SWP were sold at the literature table.

The meeting closed with the singing of The Internationale.

## To Natalia Trotsky The New York Trotsky Memorial Meeting sent the

**New York Telegram** 

following telegram to Natalia Sedov Trotsky, widow of the founder of the Fourth International:

"On the third anniversary of the tragic death of our martyred leader, two hundred workers and friends of the Trotskyist movement, gathered in a Memorial Meeting in New York City, send you our deepest sympathy and assurances of continued loyalty to the revolutionary principles for which the Old Man lived and died.

"The inspiring revolt of the Italian masses against war and fascism is the most powerful confirmation of the correctness of Trotsky's program and perspectives. Together with you we continue the fight which will surely end in the socialist victory of the international proletariat."

#### Allentown

ALLENTOWN, Pa. - A joint play in the revolutionary move-Quakertown comrades and friends will, conviction, and courage with to commemorate the third an- which he applied himself to the niversary of the death of Leon struggle against the betrayers in Trotsky was held at Allentown, the Kremlin, the Fourth Interna-Pa. on August 21.

Then he reviewed the activities Leona Massey presided. The meet- work which Stalin's assassin The War Labor Board voted on of Trotsky as president of the ing voted to send the following forced Trotsky to leave un-

"A district memorial meeting in Jones of practically none. This down the union demand for tion which, together with Lenin, Allentown, Pa. sends you com- ous with world revolution," said he directed; organizer of the Red radely greetings and pledges Stein, "and we may be sure that and check-off of dues. This Army; co-founder of the first anew to carry forward the ideas all over the world on this punitive act is in reprisal against workers' state; and co-founder of of Comrade Trotsky which, always memorial occasion our co-thinkthe four-day "insurgent" strike the Third International. He was unshakeable in the ranks of the ers will pause to remember the of the Chrysler workers on May also a great orator, whose Fourth International, are now great debt which we owe Comrade speeches, clear and forceful, being confirmed daily in the Trotsky. He rescued the revolu-

#### Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, August 22 -Over one hundred persons, mem-solidarity to Comrade Natalia bers and sympathizers of the Socialist Workers Party, attended a Trotsky Memorial Meeting here tonight. Following a memorial Akron address by Murry Weiss, the film "Tsar to Lenin" was shown. A telegram of warmest revolu- the anniversary of the death of tionary greetings was sent to Leon Trotsky at a meeting held Natalia Sedov Trotsky by the meeting.

The audience demonstrated its briefly the life of Leon Trotsky appreciation of the life work of meeting. He described in his from his first underground ac- Leon Trotsky by contributing address the contributions of the tivity as a youth of 18; his im- \$71.00 to further the work of the great Marxist teacher and leader prisonments and exile under Socialist Workers Party, and by to the movement of world re-Czarist rule; his role in the buying literature from the display volution and the untiring devotion

#### Newark

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 21. -The Trotsky Memorial Meeting, held here last night under the auspices of the local branch of responded to the remarks of the The speaker described how in addressed by V. R. Dunne, noted telegram to Comrade Natalia

ing a new international revolu- ities and teachings of the great his great principles." Daniel De Leon was a thousand tionary movement. Everything Marxist leader who was struck UMW negotiators is an increase times right when he branded that has transpired in the three down by a GPU assassin three of \$1.30 a day. The operators union officials of this type "the years since Trotsky's death, concluded Comrade Dunne, has how Trotsky had defended and verified Trotsky's prophecies and continued the work of Marx, Enconvictions. "His unswerving faith gels and Lenin in preserving and in the socialist future and his contributing to the revolutionary supreme confidence in the revolutionary might of the workers is and the banner of the masses of the whole world.

## out Europe, Asia, and the entire Detroit

crimes of Stalinism. Trotsky the Italian workers and its re-ternationale.

meeting of the Allentown and ment. Thanks to the invincible tional was created. This World memorial address was Party of the Socialist Revolution given by Comrade J. Fitch. exists today to complete the great finished. "Today Trotskyism is synonym-

keenly perceived as early as 1923

the treacherous role Stalin would

tionary vanguard from the Stalinist morass and kept unsoiled the banner of international socialism. The meeting voted to send

a telegram of greetings and Trotsky in Mexico City.

The Akron Branch of the Socialist Workers Party observed on Sunday, August 22.

Comrade A. Wood of Detroit was the feature speaker of the and the tremendous sacrifices that Trotsky had made throughout his lifetime to the socialist cause. His example serves as an inspiration to all revolutionary fighters.

The audience enthusiastically the Socialist Workers Party, was speaker and sent the following Trotsky: "We greet you on the third anniversary of the loss of Comrade Dunne paid tribute to our great leader and pledge our-

#### Twin Cities

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. - "In the revolt of the Italian workers events from the end of the last after 20 years of brutal fascism, the ideas of Leon Trotsky still the Italian masses in 1943. live, and the red banner of socialism comes forward once more. Only the Fourth International, the sketch of Comrade Trotsky's life party of final victory over fascism and the lessons that all revoluand decaying capitalism, can tionists can learn from it. bring peace and plenty to the DETROIT, Mich. - At the workers of the world," declared the leading speaker of the meet-Inspired by Comrade Dunne's Trotsky Memorial meeting held Art Preis in his speech at the ing, who had known Trotsky for brilliant portrayal of Trotsky's by the Socialist Workers Party Trotsky Memorial Meeting spon- a number of years, contrasted in great contributions in the work- in Detroit on August 21, Com- sored by the Minneapolis and St. her remarks the real Trotsky ers' struggle for socialism, the rade M. Stein, known to many Paul Branches of the Socialist with the slanderous and lying pic-

Comrade Stein pointed out that Cities, Comrade Preis spoke to a which she had just seen. books and pamphlets by been although Trotsky was the leader large, attentive audience in the The audience responded enthus-Trotsky as well as other pamph- of two workers' revolutions and headquarters of the Minneapolis iastically to the speakers remarks the brilliant organizer of the Red Branch. He paid tribute to the and voted to send greetings to Army, his greatest contribution life and work of Leon Trotsky and Comrade Trotsky. The meeting was in the struggle against the demonstrated that the revolt of closed with the singing of The In-

percussions throughout Europe presaged the full vindication of Trotsky's ideas and his conviction in the inevitable triumph of the Socialist revolution.

A telegram to Natalia Trotsky, pledging to "carry on the ideas and work for which Leon Trotsky lived and died," was sent from the meeting. A collection of \$52

The meeting was opened with the singing of the Workers' Flag and closed with the International.

#### **Boston**

BOSTON, Mass. - The Boston Branch of the S. W. P. he'd a Trotsky Memorial meeting at the cepted by Local New York will during the drive to sell Leon Workers Center in downtown Boston on Saturday, August 14. pletion of the campaign. The first speaker, Comrade London, analyzed the important

The second speaker, Comrade Barbour, gave a biographical

Comrade Antoinette Konikow, audience contributed \$367.50 to through the columns of The Mili- Workers Party on August 21. ture of him presented in the Da-On his first visit to the Twin vies film "Mission To Moscow,"

distribution campaign of Local New York, Socialist Workers far goes to Richard Kellner, who Party, to promote James P. has sold 10 copies. Second in the A Proletarian Party," launched on of 6 books to her credit. July 18, has already achieved A Cannon Book Campaign Rally, creditable results. Branches scheduled for Saturday night, throughout the city have been Aug. 28, will be held for the pected that the quota of 200 achave been reached at the com-

Central Branch, the largest of the New York branches, leads the drive. war leading up to the revolt of competition with 100 books sold

Highest individual score thus Cannon's book, "The Struggle For lead is Larissa Reed, with a total

active in the work of selling the purpose of planning the next book, and it is confidently ex- steps. A mimeographed symposium bulletin, similar to the one issued Trotsky's "In Defense of Marxism" earlier this year, will be issued in the near future to provide further impetus to the local

A city-wide social in honor of since the beginning of the cam- the team selling the highest paign. The Brooklyn Branch has number of books will be held at sold 10 books, the Queens Branch the conclusion of the campaign.

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## Negro Struggle

By Albert Parker =

#### Jim Crow Still Going Full Blast

will be accepted.

"Those who do not like the

terms of this warning must

financial means, must either work,

the final warning. The police

fight or leave this city. This is

force of the city has been in-

structed to enforce this warning."

enlistments by women. Many

of shutting their doors "because

of the heat," although it was no

Negro applicants was positively

Navy and WAVE officials denied

volving Negro soldiers.

good to their slaves."

to you except in emergency."

Following are a few 'items are Negroes.) The order reads as picked from last week's press as follows: evidence that Jim Crow is as hale and hearty as ever, apparently working on the job 24 hours a

Henry Ford, who posed as a "friend of the Negro people" during the period when he still hoped to be able to use Negro workers to prevent the unionization of his industrial empire, stands charged with "violating the letter and the spirit of the executive order on Fair Employment Practices."

According to Ford Local 600 of the CIO United Auto Workers, the Ford Motor Company has consistently refused since April 1 to hire Negro applicants through Navy officials have issued public regular employment channels; has statements in an effort to increase subjected all Negro applicants to enlistments which are apparently investigation by its notorious well below the number desired by "Sociological Department;" has the administration. repeatedly refused to honor an But when Negro women volun- 12, the same PM calls on the same agreement with the union provid- teer-that's another story. When ing for job preference for the a number of Negro women apwives, sisters and daughters of plied at the recruiting station in Ford workers called to military Washington, D. C., a few days King. PM even has the message service when those women have ago, the officials went to the point been relatives of Negroes, etc.

Two methods of preserving Jim although the reception given the Crow conditions through the Selective Service are described in the latest press service of the Workers Defense League.

The first, based on an investigation made by Southern WDL women. "But," explained Lt. Secretary Frank Mc Callister, Commander Atkinson, Ithere is shows that many planters in the nothing we can do but take South are promising draft defer- names and addresses." Rumor of revolution. Only the week be ment to their sharecroppers if has it that the Navy is working about the intentions and plans they will sign a yellow-dog con- out some "arrangement" whereby tract agreeing to stay on the Negro women will be admitted. planters' farm for at least five The arrangement of course will years. "In some instances, where be strictly Jim Crow, otherwise Southern Tenant Farmers' Union the Negro women would be acmembers refused to sign, they cepted now. were kicked off the plantation and their crop taken away." Accordfrom Selective Service Boards" campaign.

The second method is based on information described to the WDL by B. F. McLaurin, international representative of the AFL Sleeping Car Porters Union, who reports "that in many areas of the South Negro locomotive firecupations have been declared your S-2 Section and organize a constituted the new exploiting deferrable, have been drafted counter-subversive system. Select class that was to supplant the while white locomotive firemen have been exempted... Two cities in which this procedure has been common are Augusta and Macon,

McLaurin also charges that the Southeastern Railroads "are and hoarding this potential re- spying on them! servoir of manpower while they awzit the drafting and eventual complete elemination of Negro firemen.'

Barnesville, Ga., has its own ful as he ever has been during brand of work-or-fight order, the 20th century. If the Negro issued by the mayor of the town people want to overthrow THIS revolution. in a circular addressed to all dictator, then they dare not wait LIBERAL CHATTER domestic servants. (All domestic until the end of the war before servants in Barnesville, according they start to deliver their first to the NAACP Atlanta branch, blows.

Pioneer Paragraphs

## DECLINE OF CAPITALISM **POSES TWO ALTERNATIVES**

By Albert Goldman

There are certain diseases in sent economic system, cannot youth which are latent and not function for peace, for life - they until old age sets in does the in- function only for death. The in- struggle. They cannot admit that dividual become aware of their dustries that were more than 50%

system. During its youth the con- are now running full blast, prodtradictions existing within it were ucing planes, bombs and dreadeasily overcome . . . But as naughts. the land was occupied and more and more factories were built, it decline people are dissatisfied and a step in the direction of build-

contradictions inherent in the capciety in its days of decline...

ucing tremendous quantities of goods for the use of the people nation, the needs of the people. else it will be hurled into the

idle in peacetime, when men lution that is now on the agenda Thus it is with the capitalist needed food, clothing and shelter, in Europe is proletarian, that its

And in this period of capitalist

became more difficult for the cap- fascism appears on the scene and italist system to function. The takes advantage of their dissatiseconomic crises which were easily faction. The fascists, claiming to overcome in the early stages of create a new order, are actually the capitalist system of this coun-throwing the world back toward try became more serious until in barbarism. Everything that man 1929 a crisis came that shook the has produced that is worthwhile very foundations of the country. is destroyed by this monster of Throughout the world the capi- fascism. The existence of this talist system is in a stage of dec- monster, however, is not to be line. Old age has set in and the attributed to Hitler or Musso'ini - to the ill-will of one or two italist system have become acute. or a dozen men - it is to be at-Unemployment, fascism, catas- tributed to the decline of the capitrophic wars - these are the dis- talist system. Capitalism has eases that afflict capitalist so- reached a point where mankind Minneapolis "sedition" Some perform their nefarious must take control of the product-This country is capable of prod- ive forces and begin producing

## American Liberals Chatter About Italian Revolution

of the traditional King's Loyal Opposition, which helps by its criticism to deflect serious opposition "Those living in the city of and acts as a safety valve for the Barnesville, whether men or regime. No matter how appalled women, who have been employed they become by the crimes of the as cooks and nurses, and who are capitalists, they remain loyal and not now employed, will be arrested true to the capitalist system and and prosecuted and no excuse excontinue working with might and cept a certificate from a physician main to support the war.

These pretentious, muddleheaded confusionists, quibblers and writers of sophistries reached a new realize that we all, regardless of high of irresponsible phrasemongering in the second phase of the Italian events when it became clear that the Badoglio government would not accede to the Allied demand for "unconditional surrender."

The WAVEs are pleading for SUDDEN SWITCH

PM had been complaining for several days that Roosevelt and Churchill were trying to fix up a deal with Badoglio and the King and to crush the revolt of the Italian people. Suddenly on August Roosevelt and Churchill to issue an appeal to the Italian people to revolt against Badoglio and the all written out for Roosevelt and Churchill. It calls on the Italian people to form a united front of hotter than any other day and the socialist, communist and liberal parties to overthrow the government and establish a democracy. Among other things, the appeal states: "We know that later that they were refusing to revolution by force will be necesaccept applications from Negro sary."

The August 9 issue of the New Republic also takes up the theme fore it had issued dire warnings of the State Department. But now it glibly announces that "whether we like it or not, we are the allies of revolution in Europe."

NEW KIND OF REVOLUTION The New Republic describes this The Chicago Defender has unrevolution in appropriately vague ing to McCallister, "it appeared earthed a very illuminating docu- terms: "This is a revolution, not statement that "Allied public opmany planters were getting draft- ment issued by the commanding merely against German dominadeferment blanks in quantities general as "educational" material tion, and not merely against Nazfor Camp Stewart, Ga., scene of ism and fascism. It is also a revand using them to further this a number of armed clashes in olution against the kind of world, the kind of social and political One part of the document, order, that spewed forth these abamazingly enough, asserts: "Most | eminations."

slave-owners were good-hearted, James Burnham, another lumi-Christian people who liked for nary of the intellectual circles, everyone around them to be advised us but a short time ago happy, There were, as a rule, that the coming revolution of this epoch was going to be the Another part of the document, "managerial revolution." Accordaddressed to the officers to "use ing to this theory, the "managers" as secret agents qualified and capitalists as the rulers of sopatriotic men in each barracks, ciety; Stalin and Hitler were Instruct these men carefully and cited as prototypes of this new

secretly. Give them code names class. Now writing in the New Leader and have them mail their reports on the Italian events, Burnham Thus the army bureaucrats ex- does not so much as mention his pect to curb the dissatisfaction of "managerial revolution" or the hiring relatively large numbers of the soldiers, which arises from the role of the "managers" in the comwhite firemen-more than are segregation system and the Jim ing society. He now discovers needed for their present needs- Crow treatment of the Army, by along with The Nation, New Republic, PM and all the other gutless publications of the liberal Hitler is retreating on the muddleheads, a new kind of "classless" revolution, with no soeastern front and Mussolini is an ex-dictator. But Jim Crow is as cial content or aims. Burnham evelt and Churchill to summon brazen and aggressive and power- has even gotten a brand new the Italian workers to revolution "scientific" name for this revolu- carries an almost clairvoyant ar

What is the meaning of all this liberal chatter about "revolution?" What kind of a revolution is brewing in Europe today? What is its social character? Every genuine revolution, we know, involves the transfer of power from the hands of one class to that of another Is it a bourgeois revolution? Is it a proletarian revolution? All the papers and magazines of the lib- macy? Not at all. Tomorrow he erals are silent on this point. They have to be.

their mouths. They cannot admit the existence of the class the social character of the revoaim will be to transfer power to ownership of industry and nationalize the means of production as ing a Socialist United States of Europe. The liberal's cannot ad-

-From Pp. 31-32, "In Defense of Socialism," machine. the official court record of Attorney Albert Goldman's final speech for the defense in the famous continue to cling to the system. trial, 100 pages, 10 cents. the liberals as a group, whether Order from Pioneer Publess of which shade or hue, goods to satisfy, beyond all imagi- and this means socialism — or lishers, 116 University remain the slavish supporters and But the industries, under the pre- abyss of fascism and destruction. Pl., New York 3, N. Y.

The liberals have demonstrated their phony propaganda about the

pretensions to independence. They are daily hammering home the fact that the liberals are partisans of the war camp of Anglo-American capitalism which plans to crush the workers' revolution in Europe. It is this damaging eviwhen they engage in the comedy of world capitalism, to aid and abet revolutions in Europe, which could only seek to abolish capimuddy up the waters, to confuse both themselves and their followers, to chatter about this new "classless" revolution.

JUST A "BOGEY?"

The Rome Radio broadcast an appeal to the Allies on August 10: "What victory can the Anglo-Americans think to obtain from the ruins of Europe? What security can they draw from a Europe in the throes of revolution, permeated through and through by Communist virus?'

But to the "ruthless realists' of the liberal camp, the terrible fear of the workers' revolution which haunts the capitalists of Italy and of the whole world is nothing but a "red bogey." In the never-never land of the liberals, the masses organize safe, harmless, respectable revolutions with no social aims or consequences.

PM admonishes Roosevelt and Churchill not to be frightened by the Rome radio broadcast. "This is advice from the enemy taken straight from the pages of 'Mein Kampf'... Today the allies know better than to be impressed by the Rome Radio's broacast..."

J. Alvarez Del Vayo in a similar vein approvingly quotes Sforza's inion could make no worse mistake than showing itself afraid of the so-called danger of revolu-

But Roosevelt and Churchill, the spokesmen of the capitalist classes of their respective countries, operate in the real world of the class struggle, not in the mythological fairy land of the liberals. They know that revolution in Europe today will be a workers' revolution aiming at the verthrow of capitalism, not some nythical "classless," "anti-totalitarian" revolution, aiming at nothing in particular.

They know that Socialism no "hogey" but a mortal danger to them and their rule. They are not thinking of summoning the European workers to revolt against the Badoglios. On the contrary they are scheming and working overtime right now to aid the Badoglios and Victor Emmanuels in crushing all workers' revolutions.

NO CONCLUSION

The same PM which asks Roostion: it is the "anti-totalitarian" ticle (for a liberal) on August 16. I. F. Stone, one of the most left of the liberals, writes: "We hesitate to invoke the people of Italy because a government of their own making, though enthusiastically anti-Fascist and anti-Nazi, would also be socialistic. In that event, American and British interests in Italy would take a loss."

What is Stone's conclusion? None. Has Stone changed his opinion on the war, now that he is wise to Anglo-American diplowill probably write another article plugging for Roosevelt, or at any They have to talk with water in rate for Wallace. And PM will continue mouthing phrases about the Four Freedoms.

The Italian experience establishes conclusively that despite all their whining, bellyaching and general lamentations, the liberals are today tied body and soul to the working class, abolish private the capitalist system. As a group, they are indispensable at the present juncture of affairs to the war government. Their activities help cushion the shocks and ward off the blows from the left against the administration. In addition This is our belief and this is what the liberals are the mentors of many of the labor bureaucrats who keep the millions of workers tied in the straitjacket of the war

Regardess of what crimes the capitalists are guilty, regardless of how thoroughly the reactionary aims of the capitalist ruling classes are exposed, the liberals conscious or unconscious, regardagents of Anglo-American capi

## by their statements on the Italian events that they fulfill the role war. well stripping the liberals of their pretensions to independence. They

(Continued from page 1) dence that the liberals try to hide same thing on the peninsula. He take form. . ." has signed a paper abolishing of calling on Roosevelt and fascism, but except for a few ofmen of the leading combination on the very same men who kept things going before. . ."

It certainly will sound "curious" to many people-especially when the liberals must continue to was a supporter of fascism for 20 years and is still a partner of Hitler, while the Allies are supposed to be fighting a war for democracy!

ROOSEVELT'S PROMISE

"But," some liberals will complain, "that isn't giving a fair picture of Allied policy. After all, the present arrangement is only temporary. Didn't President Roosevelt promise that 'eventually' the Italian people will get the right to elect their own form of government?"

Roosevelt did make such romise, but what it amounts to is revealed in a frank admission by Matthews:

Italy will have their chances to it is being decided right now- his lot instead of defeat, the Ger- tory but would also be in position choose their own form of govern- in the name of "expediency" and man people, according to the manment when the time comes, but the "prevention of chaos." it takes only a little cogitation to And the Italian workers can be with enthusiasm. realize that AMG's activities be- expected to fight against such a tween now and then will profo- policy whether it is carried out where capitalism has been aboundly affect the mechanism and by a Badoglio or by an AMGOT. lished, comes the advice that a

Marshal Badoglio has done the which the new government will

Or, as it is put in another dispatch to the same issue of the Churchill, the two leading spokes- ficials at the top he has to rely N. Y. Times, from Allied headquarters in North Africa: "What is important to recognize now is that the AMGOT is drastically changing the judicial and legistalism. That is the reason why they remember that Badoglio lative structures of Sicily and is necessarily placing itself-with military support, of course-in a position where it will have to choose what men are going to be the executives of the future Italian government. . ."

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## The Kind Of Government Stalin Wants In Germany

By M. Morrison

sumes that the "Free Germany" be created and no manifesto is-Kremlin dictator, in fact without being initiated by him.

was made public, speculation began as to Stalin's motives in organizing a Free Germany committee and having it present a prosignificant that no one, outside of the Stalinists, examined the manifesto to determine Stalin's motives. It is assumed that his purposes are never revealed in the conceal his motives, and create

AMGOT, which has forbidden liberals aiming to establish in ican capitalist armies in Europe all political activity in the oc- Germany an ideal democratic would present. So long as Hitler cupied territories, asserts that it capitalist social order with all the is not defeated, Stalin must conhas no intention of "meddling in freedoms for capitalists, workers, tinue to call for a second front politics." Fools may believe or farmers and intellectuals. Hitler and run the risk of having Britpretend to believe this, but the is the beast upon whom all the ish and American armies deter-Italian people certainly recognize blame for the woes of the German mine the fate of Europe. But he AMGOT's collaboration with the nation is placed. In fact, the clear would much rather the war came fascists as a political act of the inference can be drawn from the to an end before the armies of first order. Many liberals seem manifesto that Hitler is to be con- the capitalist democracies enter to think that Italy's future will demned not because he represents Europe. In such an eventuality not be decided until after the war, fascism but because he failed to Stalin would not only be able to "Theoretically the people of but the Italian people can see that achieve victory. Had victory been infesto, should have accepted him

From Stalin, head of a state exist in the Soviet Union comes | Hitler and permitting British and unions, freedom of speech, of press, of assembly and of elecfesto as an expression of Stalin's real purpose.

have generally been interpreted of Hitler, they need have no fear as a warning to England and the for the continued existence of the United States and as a bargaining factor. This is undoubtedly as far Stalin is concerned. They correct as far as it goes. By forming the committee Stalin expresses than from the capitalist democrahis independence as against England and the United States and tional surrender. thus places himself in a stronger bargaining position. Stalin takes great care to assure the capitalist democracies are incapitalist democracies that his program for post-war Germany army. But there necessarily is a has nothing to do with social- basic difference between the atism. Nevertheless by means of titude of Stalin towards the postthe manifesto he warns the Allies war Germany and the attitude of that he is not to be left out of the British and American capitalthe picture and that his demands ists. This difference is based on must be taken into consideration the different roles that a German to get his consent for any arran- capitalist state can play in the gement for Germany or any part post-war period in relation to the of Europe.

It seems to me, however, that the capitalist democracies. the most important purpose man people - discontent with ful antagonist. Hitler and worry about Germany's fate under the rule of an Allied army. The manifesto assures but a country from which he can Germans of all classes, including the "good fascists," that the best solution for them is to tie up with Stalin: that the Free Germany Committee has already done so; and that now it is up to the Ger-

## Roosevelt Orders **Drastic Sanctions Against Unions**

(Continued from page 1) all of the provisions on which the sanctions order is based.

The Act was vetoed on the contention that Section 8, which provides for a 30-day "cooling off period" before a strike vote, would 'stimulate labor unrest."

The veto message also requested legislation to permit induction into non-combat military service of persons up to the age of 65. stated, "to induct into military service all persons who engage in strikes . . . in plants in possession of the United States."

"I am unalterably opposed to to prevent them."

The whole world correctly as- | man people to do the same thing. Stalin, through the manifesto, National Committee organized in assures the Germans that he has Moscow is the work of Stalin and no intention of destroying the Gerthat the manifesto issued by the man nation. From the point of committee has Stalin's approval. view of capitalist propaganda to It is to be taken for granted hasten Hitler's downfall, the that no political committee can manifesto follows a far more clever line than the one followed sued without the consent of the by Roosevelt and Churchill. The argument propounded by the politicians of the capitalist demo-Immediately after the manifesto cracies is that the German people are endowed by nature with aggressive intentions and must therefore be kept under strict surveillance. The manifesto of gram for Germany. It is highly Stalin is based on the argument that Hitler alone is to blame.

It is quite natural that Stalin should adopt a line far more agreeable to Germans of all classes than the line followed by political documents he presents. the capitalist democracies. Al-These are generally intended to though he is still clamoring for a second front, Stalin is undoubtedly aware of the danger to the The manifesto could very well Soviet Union and to the Bureaucbe the product of a group of racy which powerful Anglo-Amerclaim a larger share in the victo oppose the sending of British and American troops to occupy Germany.

There is a very great probability that, when the German generals see the inevitabilty of a comfree capitalism should be estab- plete collapse of the German arlished in Germany. From the my, they will enter into negotia-Kremlin dictator who does not tions with British and American permit any freedom whatever to leaders on the basis of scrapping a program standing for free trade | American forces to occupy Germany while keeping the eastern front intact. If complete defeat tions. No wonder that no intell is inevitable, the German ruling ligent person, outside of the ranks class will turn to the capitalist of the Stalinists, takes the mani- democracies for protection against revolution. Stalin is aware of this possible turn to events and, through the manifesto, he hastens The creation of the committee to assure the German capitalists and the issuance of the manifesto and generals that, if they get rid capitalist system and of Germany can get better terms from him clies who are demanding uncondi-

Stalin and the leaders of the terested in defeating the German Soviet Union and in relation to

For the latter a capitalist Gerwhich the committee with its many always represents a danger manifesto can serve is not as a ous competitor. With its powerful hint to the Allies but as an ap- industrial machine, Germany, peal to important groups in Ger- even without an army, presents many. The manifesto must be a constant threat to the lucrative taken to mean that Stalin is of markets of the English and Amerthe opinion that not only is Hit- ican capitalists. The far-sighted ler's defeat certain but that it capitalist spokesmen of England may come suddenly and soon. He and the United States see in the has probably been advised of a control of German economy the deep discontent and worry prevail- only reliable means of keeping ing in wide sections of the Ger- Germany from becoming a power-

For Stalin a capitalist Germany is not an industrial competitor import useful and necessary machinery and thus reduce his dependence on England and the United States. It will take years for the Soviet Union to recover from the tremendous destruction wrought by Hitler's armies. Germany is the only capitalist country which can help in the rebuilding of the Soviet Union without demanding serious concessions.

It is true that a capitalist Germany, as part of the capitalist world, is always a danger to the Soviet Union. But Stalin does not base his policies on a premise which requires a world revolutionary outlook. He bases his policies on the premise of continuing his bureaucracy in power. From this premise a capitalist Germany without Hitler and without the complete control of British and American armies would constitute a big asset.

What Stalin hopes for in Germany is a "revolution" on the order of the Badoglio "revolution" "This will enable us," Roosevelt in Italy - the ousting of Hitler and the substitution of someone not openly marked as a fascist leader. In this case also Stalin's hopes run contrary to the interests of the German masses, who strikes in wartime," the President will not at all be satisfied simply declared in vetoing the Smith- to get rid of Hitler and substitute Connally Act. "I do not hesitate for him either a military dictatorto use the powers of government ship or a refurbished Weimar rep-

## THE MILITANT

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To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of e v e r y class-conscious worker. - LEON TROTSKY

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- 8. A Workers' and Farmers' Government. .
- 9. The defense of the Soviet Union against imperialist attack.

#### Litvinov Recalled

Stalin's recall of Ambassadors Litvinov and Maisky reveals again the great difference between Soviet diplomacy under Stalin and Soviet diplomacy under Lenin and Trotsky.

Lenin and Trotsky placed their main reliance on the genuine allies of the workers' state - the working class and the oppressed masses throughout the world. These allies were always told the truth. The dangers facing the Soviet Union were never minimized to them and they were provided by the Bolshevik leaders with an accurate picture of the reactionary intentions of the world imperialists. Aroused and mobilized in this manner, these working class allies of the Soviet Union were able 25 years ago to defeat the intervention schemes of the imperialists and to help save the first work-

Stalin has turned his back upon these genuine allies of the Soviet Union. He has no confidence in their ability to play an independent role, and relies mainly on alliances with the capitalist powers. While such alliances are sometimes necessary and are not wrong in and of themselves, they must always be recognized as unstable and subordinate instruments for aiding the workers' state. Instead of admitting this to the workers of the world, Stalin lies to them about the true nature and intentions of their capitalist rulers and urges them to discontinue their class struggles.

For over two years Stalin has been trying to get his allies to open a second front in western Europe. But with no success. Because he has helped to strangle the independent movement of the workers, he has no means of influencing events and decisions other than by the manipulation of pawns on the diplomatic chessboard.

Lenin and Trotsky could rely on the support of the great majority of the oppressed masses of the world. Stalin, however, has done everything in his power — in return for capitalist alliances - to disorient the world proletariat, to destroy the revolutionary movement abroad, to smash the bonds of internationalism. With the Soviet Union facing the German army alone for the third year, Stalin can only withdraw his ambassadors from Britain and the United States to signify his displeasure and attempt to exert public pressure on

Meanwhile, he offers not the slightest inspira-

tion or guidance to the real allies of the Soviet Union — the Italian workers, who have already demonstrated their revolutionary capacity, and the rest of the workers of Axis-controlled Europe who are only awaiting the opportunity to rise up and smash their oppressors.

Stalin's foreign policies have been approved in the past by many class-conscious workers - even though these workers recognized his policies to be a departure from the principles and traditions of Marx and Lenin — on the ground that these policies were "practical." It is precisely from this point of view that Stalin's policy reveals its utter bankruptcy.

## Big Business Losing Supporters

"If you had to choose, which would you prefer to have [in] control of the government - big business or labor unions?" This question was put to a cross-section of the voting population in the 48 states by the Gallup poll and the results published last week.

Big Business received 45% of the vote; labor unions 26%; and 29% were undecided. Thus, after 75 years in power, Big Business does not command the confidence of the majority of the American people, if we take this poll as a criterion.

Republicans, as might be expected, were overwhelmingly in favor of Big Business influence in government. So were the upper income bracketeers. Among the Democrats, however, in which workers predominate, about as many (34%) favored the unions as favored Big Business (35%), while 31% remained undecided. The same division occurred among the lower income group where 34% voted for the unions as against 33% for Big

These Gallup figures are all the more significant because the trade unions have not yet come to understand the necessity for building a political party of their own, let alone the necessity for labor to run the government.

Still, even under the present leadership of the trade unions, whose cowardly political program consists of clinging to the coat tails of Roosevelt, over one half of the lower income groups (and, in reality, they make up the preponderant majority of the population) is becoming disillusioned with the present system and favors labor running the government. In addition, fully a third of the people have not yet made up their minds on the question.

If correctly analyzed, these figures provide verification of the Marxist contention that as the crisis of capitalism matures, the great mass of the people will look to labor to lead the fight against predatory Big Business. These figures serve as additional proof to the many signs already available that great political shifts are in the offing, that great masses of people are losing faith in the present capitalist system and its leadership and are eagerly awaiting a leadership that has the program and the will to solve their pressing economic and political problems. The time is ripe and more than ripe for the launching of that kind of independent party of labor.

## Rickenbacker Praises Stalin

Stalin's domestic and foreign policies give aid and comfort to world imperialism and to the capitalist class of all countries. This fact receives fresh confirmation from that hero of Big Business, the notorious labor-baiting and union-hating Captain Edward Rickenbacker. In an interview upon returning from his mission to Moscow, Rickenbacker was no less profuse than ex-Ambassador Davies in praise of Stalin's regime.

Under Stalin, he says, "Russia is moving toward capitalism." Rickenbacker was particularly impressed by the severe punishment meted out to workers for the slightest infractions of discipline, the lack of worker's rights and democracy. "They have been constantly turning to the right, as evidenced in many ways, during the last twelve

Rickenbacker was no less certain that Stalin's dissolution of the Communist international was sincere and permanent. "Anyone knows," he remarked, "that Stalin has been opposed to world revolu-

What Rickenbacker admires and praises in the Soviet Union are precisely those features which have been imposed upon the first workers' state by its isolation, its encirclement by the capitalist world, and above all by the reactionary policies of the Stalinist regime. As he explicitly states, he is pleased by every departure from Soviet democracy and every move made "in the direction of capitalism." And he recognizes the Stalin regime as the agency of this reactionary course.

Rickenbacker, however, passes over in silence those features of the Soviet Union which are fundamentally opposed to capitalism: the nationalization of the land and the factories; the destruction of capitalist property relations and profits; and all the other conquests of the October revolution which the Stalinist regime has not succeeded in destroying and which are the source of the successes of the Red Armies and the high morale of the Soviet people. Nor does this labor-baiter recommend that the American workers and farmers emulate these achievements of the Russian revolution. Rickenbacker remains true to himself and to Big Business both in his opposition to the Russian Revolution and its conquests as well as in his praise of Stalin,

## Cannon Book Teaches Fundamental Lessons

By Harry Frankel

"The Struggle For A Proletarian Party" is a collection of the writings of James P. Cannon during an internal factional dispute in the Socialist Workers Party. It must be explained that this book does not merely record a past dispute. It was Cannon who said of Trotsky that he not only made a revolution, but wrote a book in which he explained the laws that govern all revolutions. Similarly, Cannon in this book not only wrote the history of the most important political dispute in the American Trotskyist movement, but set down the laws that govern all political dis-

#### The Historical Perspective

Had Cannon written in the spirit of personal animosity, petty recrimination and bickering which is so common in internal fights of pettybourgeois parties, and even of inexperienced workers' parties, there would be nothing that could be learned from the book. But he avoided this fatal and degrading method, and sought always to maintain a historical perspective and to draw from each question under dispute, no matter how trivial, a Marxist lesson for the education of the Party.

Some examples of this method can easily be extracted from the many topics dealt with in the book.

James Burnham, the political leader of the petty-bourgeois opposition, is a New York University professor who thought he could lead the workers' movement in his spare time. But the contradiction between his academic life and his life in the movement was irreconcilable, and was the cause of his deserting the principles of Marxism. The opposition he headed only served him as the vehicle for his ignominious exit from the

The reprehensible nature of his conduct is at once apparent. But you can be sure that Cannon does not spend so many pages of his book on Burnham merely to annihilate this petty trifler. Instead, Burnham is analyzed as the prototype of all petty-bourgeois intellectuals. Almost everyone in the labor and radical movement has had experience with these unstable allies of the working class, and everyone will understand them better after reading Cannon's book.

#### The Evils of Combinationism

Unprincipled combinationism and clique politics were dominant in the petty-bourgeois opposition. These deadly evils are dissected by Cannon in classic Marxist fashion, and the Bolshevik, principled method of political struggle is taught. Here too, important lessons can be learned. Marxists understand that the proletarian party is the microcosm of the proletarian class. Methods of struggle learned in the party carry over naturally to the trade unions and mass organizations of today, and to the revolutionary workers' councils of tomorrow. Those who learn correctly in the party today will be the most authoritative spokesmen for the class tomorrow.

This is a book on organization questions. But does this in any way lessen its importance? Those who really understand the workers' struggle will not think so. The political axis around which all modern history revolves is the struggle of the working class to organize a state of its own. But, before it can do this, it must organize a party of its own. Thus a book on the organization of the party in reality considers the political questions of today in their sharpest and most pressing form. For that reason it will catch and hold the interest of serious advanced workers

## Resistance To Fascism **Growing Inside Germany**

(Continued from page 1)

to accept Hitler's "ideals" and to join the Nazi Party in large numbers. Today we see that the University of Munich, cradle of National Socialism, is the seat of the main opposition to the Nazi

A TYPICAL PRODUCT

Hans Scholl, the leader of the students' revolt, was a typical product of the Nazi regime. He was a member of the Nazi student organization and was trained as a soldier in the Nazi Army. He was imbued with a contempt for every conception other than the National Socialist "philosophy." He fought with his regiment at Stalingrad but was sent back to resume his studies before the final lefeat. The terrible ordeals which suffered and awful shambles to which Scholl was witness seem to have changed his outlook. On his return to Germany the whole regime appeared in its true light. As a result of his change of ideas, he and his sister brought out a leaflet in which he stated:

"What Hitler and his confederates mean by freedom and honor they have shown only too well in ten years of destruction of all personal freedom, all freedom of thought, all moral principles of the German people. The eyes of the most stupid Germans have been opened by the terrible blood bath in which they endeavor to drown all Europe in the name of

German nation. The German Party, stated: name will remain forever dishonored if German youth does not at last rise, revenge, atone, destroy its tormentors and help build up a new spiritual conception of Europe.'

it resulted in an anti-fascist riot | festive occasions, to appear and prior to Scholl's arrest.

MORE UNREST REPORTED Scholl was not betrayed by his and by no means easy." fellow students or the professors

for implication in the "plots." He the dislike that members have of the spies that exist in every uni- party, as well as an unwillingital, every workshop and every tenement throughout Germany. Hans Scholl, his sister and four others, as well as a professor, were shot, but their heroic opposition is not ended. Disturbances, unrest is reported not only from regain their confidence. They are delburg, and Leipzig.

It is quite clear that not only are the German workers not responsible for Hitler and his gangsters, but that they are daily from the German underground suffering torture and risking their lives in a struggle against Hitler and the fascist regime. With each day that passes the mood of the German masses becomes clearer.

On June 13 the Voelkischer peal.)

NAZIS COMPLAIN

"We in particular must acknow-

ledge our close links with the Party, even though this may require a good deal of 'civic courage.' It is easy, and it may There was widespread response appear advantageous to profess to the call of these students and membership in the Party on act as a Parteigenosse (party comrade) in everyday life and at all times is incomparably harder

An analysis of this statement of the university, since it is made by the Party shows a clear known that between ten and admission not only of the unpoptwenty professors were arrested ularity of the Nazi Party, but of was betrayed by a porter, one of admitting membership in the versity, every school, every hos- ness to act as a member at all times

Despite the murderous Nazi re gime and its propaganda, despite the lies and slanders of the socalled socialists of Britain, the German workers are beginning to Munich but from Karlsruhe, Hei- beginning to see if not a clear alternative, at least who are their enemies.

John Gurney, writing from Stockholm on Thursday, June 10, reports a significant statemen movement:

from the invaders-that we shall

(Reprinted from the mid-July issue of the British Socialist Ap

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By JAMES P. CANNON

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## **Roosevelt and Churchill Conceal Diplomatic Moves**

The first of Woodrow Wilson's Fourteen Points called for "Open covenants of peace openly arrived at, after which there shall be no private international undertakings of any kind, but diplomacy shall proceed always frankly and in the public view." Twentyfive years after the "war to end all wars," secret diplomacy flourishes more luxuriantly in the United States than ever before.

Roosevelt's diplomacy certainly doesn't "proceed always frankly and in the public view," as the Darlan deal and the AMGOT policies demonstrate. Consider the secrecy surrounding the Quebec conference. Though no warring power can risk divulging its military plans, any government which claims, as the Roosevelt administration does, to be fighting in a democratic manner for democratic aims is duty-bound to inform its own people about its international policies and plans.

How many more Darlan deals are being cooked up in Quebec? What kind of negotiations have been going on with King Victor Emmanuel and Badoglio? What commitments have been made with the various reactionary governments-in-exile which infest Washington and London? What conspiracies are they hatching against the Soviet Union?

The American people have the right to know what political problems are being discussed and decided by Roosevelt and Churchill. Nothing less is involved than the disposition of their own fate.

One of the first acts of the Bolsheviks after they took power in 1917 was to instruct Trotsky, then Commissar of Foreign Affairs, to publish all the secret treaties that the Czarist and Kerensky governments had made with the Anglo-American allies. For the first time the peoples knew how these bandits proposed to divide up the world amongst themselves.

Only a Workers' and Farmers' Government, a government honestly representing the people and their interests, can practice open diplomacy. Any government that represents a small clique of big industrialists and bankers must practice secret diplomacy. That is why Roosevelt and Churchill, like two criminals, hatch their plans in the dark of the moon.

## **What Victory Will Bring** To Colonies in Africa

What will happen to Africa after the war? Churchill has already answered, on behalf of British imperialism, that he doesn't intend to permit the liquidation of the British Empire. And both De Gaulle and Giraud have made it clear that they intend to hang on to every square inch in the French colonies in

But what about the rest of Africa, what about the colonies that have been taken away from the Axis? While his superiors, Hull and Roosevelt, were in Quebec last week, Henry S. Villard, assistant chief of the State Department's Division of Near Eastern Affairs, delivered a speech in Chautauqua, N. Y., in which he gave what he called "the standpoint of the American government."

"Instant liberation" of the African colonies would bring chaos, said Villard. He asserted that "it is unlikely that the former enemy territories in Africa will come into the outright possession of any one power" and added: "It is improbable that the United States would alone accept jurisdiction or control over former enemy territory."

Thus all the people in these African colonies can expect out of the war is a change in masters: instead of being exploited by one Axis power, they will be exploited by more than one Allied power. The Atlantic Charter promise to restore the independence of countries conquered by the Axis is all right for speeches but not for the African masses.

## **Employers Try to End All Limits On Profits**

Corporation profits after taxes are up to almost 200% of what they were in 1939, but Big Business is hardly content: it now wants to repeal the contractrenegotiation law which placed some minor limits on

When the government first began spending billions of dollars for war supplies back in 1940, Roosevelt denounced "war profiteering" and promised that nobody would make big money out of the war. But the huge profits of the Sixty Families gives the lie to these promises. Practically all that was done to enforce them was the law providing that the Army and Navy would review war contracts and cut down costs wherever increased production meant still further profits to Big Business.

While the government poured billions into the coffers of the monopolies through new plants, equipment and high rates on most war material, the Army and Navy saved a few hundred millions through renegotiations. In most cases this "saving" did not make more than a small dent in the super-profits of the big monopolies. They more than compensated for it by the speedup alone.

But Big Business is still not satisfied. Why should they have to kick back even a small percentage of their profits to the government? Doesn't that smack of socialism or something? So reason the spokesmen of the Sixty Families who are now engaged in a big propaganda campaign and congressional lobby to repeal, or put the spikes into, the renegotiation law.

Millions of workers, whose jobs are frozen and whose pay checks keep sinking through increased taxes and higher prices, will have little sympathy with the campaign of the Sixty Families to delete the renegotiation restrictions on their swollen profits. On the contrary, as part of their fight to prevent the entire burden of the war from being shoved onto the backs of the workers, the unions should not only oppose this Big Business move but should also raise the demand for the confiscation of all war profits.