THE MILITANT

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

VOL. VII-No. 9

NEW YORK, N. Y., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1943

FIVE (5) CENTS

NEW ANTI-SOVIET MANEUVERS REPORTED

Gandhi Fast Exposes Real Aims Of British In India

By Felix Morrow

The British government's refusal to release Gandhi from prison, in the face of his readiness to die as a protest, has undoubtedly served to clarify the fact that British imperialism has no intention of granting India independence under any conditions.

Women Workers

By ELOISE BLACK

Elizabeth, N. J., last week.

the demand of the women work

several months.

as October.

after resumption of work.

to even consider adherence to this

have appealed for assistance.

American capitalist press - pretended that he had ence "after the war."

But the confusion sown by ing during the ensuing year. For one thing. Churchill, over-confident at the results of the British repressions in India and the "United Nations" successes in the war permitted himself to crow too soon when he boasted in Novemsoon when he boasted in November: "We mean to hold our own.
I have not become the King's Win Equal Pay for First Minister in order to preside over the liquidation of the British Empire."

For another thing, the continuing resistance of the great masses of India, despite the bestial British repressions, has brought home to many the simple thought that so many Indians would not Dodge Copper Corporation in tional, instigated the proceedings be dying under British gunfire and in British prisons if Cripps had offered them a real alterna-

Now the awful spectacle of the aged Gandhi dying of hunger as employees in the field wire he had been completely exonerated his only means of protesting stranding section walked off the of almost identical charges in a imprisonment has undoubtedly crystallized a world-wide realization of the real aim in India of the British ruling class. What complete standstill when 1200 of practically directed the jury to kind of regime is it that dare not release Gandhi? Obviously a joined the walkout in support of second trial. regime which has no support at all within the country and which ers, and at the same time brought is ready to massacre tens of millions to maintain its totalitarian which they declared the union had

WORLD-WIDE PROTESTS

That the true face of imperialist rule in India is becoming plain to a large part of the world is indicated by the protests demanding Gandhi's release which are pouring in on the British government.

On the 14th day of Gandhi's fast, Feb. 23, the Executive Committee of the Australian Council of Trade Unions, representing the entire labor movement of that country, cabled a demand to Churchill for the release of Gan-

The same day, in Chungking the Central Daily News, known as an official spokesman for the Chinese government, called for the immediate release of Gandhi by the principle. British authorities. This declaration is particularly important as ers is not unusual; hundreds of the first public expression of unions have been given the York; Fleetwood Local 15 of the Chinese solidarity with India runaround by the Board. On the CIO United Auto Workers. Desince the first days of the civil other hand the Board has been all troit; Local 2 of the Brewers campaign last

The British then took certain punitive measures and the Chinese, dependent upon British-controlled airports in India as the workers, who are replacing men silent. For an official Chinese

(Continued on page 4)

The Cripps Mission did a clever job of confusing Arguments On Postal Appeal the outside world, since Cripps — aided by the Will Be Heard In Spring

Trade Unions Send Funds to CRDC to gone to offer independ. Aid in Defense of Minneapolis Militant

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 21. — Defense attorneys last Monday filed briefs in the appeal to the Minnesota Supreme Court Cripps has been slowly dissipat- of the conviction of Kelly Postal, for many years secretarytreasurer of Minneapolis Teamsters Local 544. State prosecutors now have from 60 to 90 days to file their answering brief. The final oral argument before the Minnesota State Supreme Court

will probably be heard in late May or June of this year.

Kelly Postal was convicted last year on the trumped-up charge of embezzlement" following decision of the members of Local 544 to leave the AFL and join the CIO in 1941. In collaboration with anti-labor state officials in Minnesota, Daniel J. Tobin, President Women workers took the lead of the AFL Teamsters Internain a walkout at the Phelps efforts to prevent the Minneapolis Complaining that their deteamsters from disaffiliating from mand of equal pay for equal the AFL.

work had not been met, 100 girl Postal's conviction came after previous trial, which differed from the first only in the amount to first only in the from the first only in the amount Production was brought to a of money involved. The judge McNUTT'S ORDER the 1400 employees in the plant bring in a guilty verdict in the

THE ISSUE AT STAKE

forward a series of grievances on Postal involves the important been seeking arbitration for question whether the members of a trade union have the democratic According to the union, Local right to decide for themselves the 441 of the CIO United Electrical, disposition of their union funds, Radio and Machine Workers, adsince Postal simply obeyed the justment of the women workers' unanimous vote of his union at a demand by the War Labor Board regular membership meeting. At had been requested as long ago no time has Postal been accused of misusing the union funds per-The militant action of the sonally.

women, and the spirit of solidarity The Civil Rights Defense Con mittee, of which James T. Farrell displayed by their fellow workers quickly brought a promise from is chairman and John Dos Passos the Board that the grievances vice-chairman, is directing the would be arbitrated immediately defense in the Kelly Postal case It is now engaged in raising funds But the girls at Phelps Dodge to defray the legal expenses of found that it required the or- the appeal which will amount to ganized action of all of the work- about \$1,000.

ers in the plant to force the Board The Civil Rights Defense Committee this week reported contribfrom such organizations as the The experience of these work-Workers Defense League, New too eager to intervene against the Union and Local 108 of the CIO workers when employer groups United Retail & Wholesale Em- place in the country, but the The Phelps Dodge fight is an and the Proletarian Club of Rochencouraging sign that the women ester, N. Y.

bases for air-borne supplies to in industry in such large num- to send contributions for the Kelly will now develop rapidly through-China, were compelled to become bers, can and will shoulder the Postal Appeal Fund to the national out the industrial areas. responsibility of defending the office of the Civil Rights Defense interests and hard won gains of Committee at 160 Fifth Ave., leading editorial of Feb. 17 stated:

Soviet Gains Continue



German prisoners emerge from dugouts to surrender to Soviet soldiers who had captured a fortified position in their great offensive. These Soviet victories are good news to every class-conscious worker, but the reactionaries don't seem to enjoy (Federated Picture)

McNUTT GIVES ADMIRAL LAND DRAFT WEAPON OVER SEAMEN

Maritime labor appeared this week to have lost a vital round its almost continuous battle of self-defense against the shipin its almost continuous battle of self-defense against the shipowner-dominated government bureaus. On Feb. 20 the War against Kelly Postal as part of his Shipping Administration, headed by the notorious Admiral "shoot-organizers-at-sunrise" Land, won complete control over Tories, Labor Heads the machinery of army deferment for seamen and their union Unite to Defeat

> Henceforth, both union leader and rank and file militants will be able to remain at their 9

> > for the seamen.

moves against seamen and their

dustry-wide blacklist of any sea-

remain ashore for "essential ad-

would give the WSA the power to

dictated policy would be safe from

McNutt coupled his draft direc-

each week at sea, but not more

than 30 days may be taken off

at any one time. At six month in-

tervals the WSA will check the

shipping records of all seamen and

any who may not have observed

them to the letter will be faced

This McNutt order was put

through with the greatest of se-

crecy, the maritime unions hear-

ing of it only a short week be-

fore its date of effect. The Sea-

farers International Union and

the Sailors Union of the Pacific.

the return to the unions of the

The Seafarers Log, official organ

of the Atlantic & Gulf District of

the SIU, called the order the

"gravest threat" to union security

against it would be taken to Con-

To date the Stalinist-dominated

leadership of the National Mari-

time Union. CIO, has taken no

with army induction.

deferment appeals.

public position.

The vital war role played by merchant shipping has always resulted in the deferment of active seamen from army draft. Previ-This frame-up against Kelly ously the maritime unions were empowered to make deferment requests to the draft boards for will have great latitude for future their own members, and to appeal Selective Service if the local boards disregarded their requests.

A Feb. 20 ukase handed down

'Absentee' Firings **Set Pattern for Anti-Union Drive**

BOSTON, Feb. 22. — The to become a new nation-wide campaign against organized la- decide whether or not militant bor, was fired this week when union officials should remain in utions to the Kelly Postal fund 150 welders employed at Beth-"essential administrative" posts. lehem Steel's Fore River Ship- Only those union officials who yard in Quincy, Mass., were accepted government-shipowner discharged for "absenteeism."

This is the first mass firing for absenteeism that has taken NEW SHIPPING RULES ployees, both of Newark, N. J.; Big Business propaganda cam- live with a new set of shipping paign against this so-called rules which will also be imposed All friends of labor are asked similar moves against the workers Two days shore time is allowed for

As the Boston Herald in its

What happens there (Fore River) may establish a precedent for the rest of the country." The Boston Post, also understanding the ac tion, stated: ". . . employers all over the nation who are harrassed by similar problems gave three cheers and prepared to do likewise." That the editors knew what they were talking about was evidenced by an immediate "work or fight" ultimatum given by the AFL, have announced that they Boston Navy Yard to its civilian will fight for its repeal and for employees, following Bethlehem Steel's action.

The Quincy Patriotic Ledger ecause its patronage is almost exclusively from shipyard workers, was forced to give a more accurate picture of absenteeism and announced that the fight . . the basis of the whole trouble is a lack of understanding gressional leaders. about the length of a work week for industries. In addition to the

(Continued on page 2)

Parliament Votes Down Move to Act

Labor Party Motion

By MICHAEL CORT

Paul McNutt ends all this. Only the War Shipping Administramons defeated on Feb. 18 a La- minister to that country. tion, through its Recruitment and bor Party motion demanding Manning Organization, will have the immediate creation of a a Finnish peace move, the N. Y. land. government bureau to implement the Beveridge Plan for The McNutt order is couched in unemployment insurance and such general terms that the WSA post-war social security.

and to appear every six months conservative Beveridge Plan, but for a review of their shipping refused even to explore any system record. This will give the WSA of social security until some an opportunity to create an in- "later date."

The brief history of this plan nen who resist union busting has served as an index to the fluctuating fortunes of the British As for the noose placed around capitalist 'class. The plan was the necks of union officials, here written by Sir William Beveridge the services of the American govis how it is done: The McNutt during the darkest days of the order says that seamen who empire, the summer and fall of 1942, when the British armies opening shot in what promises ministrative" posts may be defer- had been driven from Singapore. red IF the WSA requests it. This Hong Kong, Burma and Libya.

> The existence of the Empire was threatened and the British workers were restless and demanding to know what sort of a world they were working and dying for

A NEW SITUATION

The Beveridge plan was meant to quiet the workers, to assure them that their sacrifices were not in vain. It talked in radical terms in order to divert them from taking the revolutionary path, to "irresponsibility" indicates that upon the seamen by the WSA. make them believe that the capitalists would voluntarily bring about a just and equitable society after the war.

But now, when the time had ome to vote on the plan, the situation has changed. The British capitalists now feel sure of victory over their German rivals, and they are therefore more confident of their ability to suppress their own workers' resistance to average the confident of their ability to suppress their own workers' resistance to average to average the confident of their ability to suppress their own workers' resistance to average the confident of their ability to suppress their own workers' resistance to average the confident of their ability to suppress their own workers' resistance to average the confident of their ability to suppress their own workers' resistance to average the confident of their ability to suppress their own workers' resistance to average the contract to average their own workers' resistance to average the contract to average their own workers' resistance to average the contract to a own workers' resistance to exploitation. They cynically disregard the vague promises they made about security for the workers, and vote against consideration of the Beveridge plan.

(Continued on page 2)

Next Week's Issue

of The Militant will centain a detailed report from Mexico of the recent final hearings in the trial of "Frank Jacson," GPU assassin of Leon Trot-

USSR Menaced By Finnish 'Peace' Move, Polish Plan, Vatican Plots

Hard on the heels of the latest Soviet victories comes a new series of reports of anti-Soviet intrigues and maneuvers involving important forces in the democratic capitalist countries.

The reports this week centered around:

- 1. Finland, whose government is believed ready to desert the Axis in return for assurances that it will get Washington-London aid against the Soviet Union.
- 2. The Polish government-in-exile in London, which openly attacked the Soviet government on Feb. 21 and appealed to the capitalist "democracies" for support in its disputes with the Soviet Union on the ground that "at the Polish-Russian frontier not only the Polish problem is being decided but also the question of peace in Central and Eastern Europe, as well as the whole attitude of the Soviet toward democracy."

3. The Vatican, today the principal center where anti-Soviet elements from the Axis, the United Nations and neutral countries can meet and negotiate. American Archbishop Spellman was on his

way to the Vatican, after a visit Dto Franco, with "U. S. support," ments, on Feb. 17 noted editorially said Time magazine, for a Vati- that the Finnish government can plan for a reactionary Central European coalition. will yet be able to save them from

SYMPATHY FOR FINNISH GOVERNMENT

The Finnish government will between if it is inexpedient for take a slice of Finland to either Washington or London to strengthen its frontiers strategicake the job, according to ally? George Axelsson, newspaperman

to declare war on Finland, al- Union, and not the pawn of the though it is being used by Hitler German ruling class alone. Se as a base for air attacks on U. S. long as Finland remains capitals ships. And although Britain is ist it will remain a base from formally at war with Finland, which new imperialist attacks can Churchill was reported, while he be launched against the workwas in Turkey, to have held a ers' state. We are for the self-The British House of Com- conference with the Finnish determination of the Finnish peo-

> Ever since the first rumors of it is an independent Soviet Finmonopoly capitalists, has been clamoring for aid to the Finnish ernment is more to be pitied than the present time. censured for its alliance with Hitler, and holds the Soviet Union leader of the Soviet-"collaboraequally responsible with Germany | tionist" wing of the Polish ruling for this alliance.

The Times editorial even offers ernment to the Finnish ruling dominant in Polish-American and class, declaring that "the American Government, an ally of Russia which also maintains diplomatic relations with Finland, is what was in his mind, but he in a strategic position to act as possible mediator.'

REAL MEANING OF FINNISH MOVES

In sharp contrast the Moscow adio on Feb. 19 broadcast a strong denunciation of the Finnish government. While not referring to the reports of a Finnish peace move, Moscow obliquely indicated opposition to further British-American negotiations with Finland.

The Stalinist Daily Worker, which has been strangely quiet for he most part on all these develop-

hopes "that our State Department

the consequences of a Hitler defeat" and appealed for a U. S. declaration of war on Finland. The whole discussion around soon take steps to arrange a Finland is being carried on in the separate peace, and intends to capitalist press as though the request the Vatican to act as go- issue were: Will the Soviet Union

In reality the issues are far in Sweden who has contact with more deep going. Finland since Helsinki (N. Y. Times. Feb. 22.) 1918 has been an imperialist Washington has thus far refused pawn on the borders of the Soviet ple but that can come only when

SIKORSKI SPEAKS OUT

The Polish prime minister, Gengovernment. In an editorial on eral Wladislaw Sikorski, was en-Feb. 17 it stated: "Despite her couraged for the first time to The Churchill government, present alignment, Finland de- come out with a public criticism to Washington headquarters of organizations. For one thing, all which defeated the motion by serves our sympathy, for she is of the Soviet Union on Feb. 21. maritime personnel will be re- 335 to 119, not only was critical one of the small nations victim- This can be explained only by quired to register with the WSA of many sections of the entirely ized by the power politics of her the increasing anti-Soviet specumighty neighbors." Evidently the lation and discussion under way Times believes the Finnish gov- in London and Washington at

> Sikorski has been known as the class, and has hitherto come under heavy fire from the anti-Soviet "collaborationist" wing which is Polish-British capitalist circles. Up to now Sikorski has deemed it unwise to openly tell his critics now feels a little bolder as the result of the general atmosphere in London and Washington.

> In an interview with the press. Sikorski said that "there are very great difficulties with Russia" at present. He "hoped" they could be overcome and that Poland's pre-war frontiers would be restored. In other words, Sikorski wants to overcome "present difficulties" on his own terms.

What these terms are was revealed on Feb. 4 by the wellinformed head of the Chicago

(Continued on page 2)

Next Sunday Forum To Hear

Why do American workers need their own independent political organizations? How are the trade unions becoming politically conscious? What is the significance of the recent elections and the pact for joint legislative activity between the AFL, the CIO, the Railroad Brotherhoods and the National Farmers Union? What is the attitude of the Trotskyists toward an Independent Labor Party based on the rade unions?

These are some of the questions period, and refreshments. which William F. Warde will at the Sunday Open Forum, Freedoms." Second Floor, 116 University Pl.,

New York City.

by a question and discussion The following Sunday evening,

discuss in his up-to-the-minute March 7, the noted labor leader, alk on "Labor Party Prospects- V. R. Dunne of Minneapolis, will-1943," to be given Feb. 28, 8 P.M., speak on "Labor and the Four

Announcement of future lectures will be mailed on request by The lecture, which should prove the New York School of Social especially educational to trade Science, 116 University Pl., which union militants, will be followed is sponsoring the Forum.

Pioneer Issues Pamphlet On 'Your Standard Of Living'

Standard Of Living" by C. Charles, will be off the press and available for distribution within the next few days, Pioneer Publishers announced this week.

The pamphlet discusses wages, prices, taxes, profits, scarcity, the black market, etc., in the same lucid manner which has won fa- bundle orders. vorable comment for the author's the Socialist Workers Party pro- | by G. Thomas, was published on | University Pl., New York City.

living standards.

and rationing being extended, this new pamphlet should be assured of a wide sale among worklong, has a well-illustrated front a special rate of 31/2 cents for

Another new pamphlet being articles on these questions in The distributed nationally by Pioneer by government boards.' Militant and Fourth International. Publishers, "West Coast Long-It concludes with an exposition of shoremen and the 'Bridges Plan'"

A new popular pamphlet, "Your | gram to safeguard the workers' | the West Coast this month. The pamphlet-28 pages, 5 cents-With the cost of living rising which is reprinted from the Dec., steadily, food shortages spreading 1942 issue of Fourth International. is an analysis of the government's Pacific Coast Maritime Industry Board and its effects on the strugers and housewives. It is 32 pages | gles of the waterfront unions. It contains a new introduction which cover, and sells for 5 cents, with sums up the need for the American workers "to maintain the independence of their trade unions free from domination or control

> Both pamphlets may be obtained from Pioneer Publishers at 116

of 'The Militant'

By HELEN RUSSELL

The Biddle-Post Office attack against The Militant is in reality out its close to fifteen years of active life, The Militant has been the expression of the aim, program and organization of the Trotskyist party, presenting at once an analysis and a call to action. It is only in this light that workers mile trip for many of the women. to silence this paper.

tional revolutionary socialism on two fronts: on one hand, against the capitalist system of exploitation, and on the other, against the betrayers of the workers' struggle for socialism.

first appearance as a result of the blinding north wind. I was forced increasing sharpness of the battle to walk backwards on the slick of the international revolutionary pavement and drag the coach after left opposition led by Leon spun away and landed in a snownationalist policy of Stalin. Though when a truck pulled up. The the points at issue may have ap-driver got down, helped me to free volved the basic issue of whether months old. the Russian Revolution was to live, grow, and extend itself throughout the world, thereby insuring its complete victory, or the nursery would not seem so whether it was to be undermined difficult if it were the only trip and strangled by the nationalist which a mother had to make. But non-revolutionary policy of the after she brings her children to

Sixth Congress of the Communist to the plant. At the end of 8 or International, when some Amer- 10 hours at the factory, a similar nurseries that are now open half determined to defend the Trotskyist policies in the Communist Party of this country and had or sold out-and cook the main lengthen the hours of these been either expelled or suspended meal of the day. from membership. Trotsky had been expelled from the Comintern, but was not yet exiled from the Soviet Union. All democratic illegally denied to him.

the Left Opposition which had been suppressed by Stalin, among which were articles by Trotsky in criticism of the Draft Program of the Comintern and Lenin's famous "Last Testament." The publication of such documents was a task of great historic importance and is one which the Trotskyist movement continues to carry on to this day in answer to Stalinist distortions of history.

At this period The Militant was therefore primarily a theoretical organ engaged in a programmatic battle with the Stalinist bureaucracy. Trotsky's article criticizing the Draft Program, which exploded the Stalinist theory of building socialism in one country and pointed out the criminal political mistakes-particularly in the Chinese Revolution - resulting from Stalin's policies, was later have caused panic not only WHAT THE POLISH published as a book, "The Third amongst the Nazis but among the International after Lenin." Many did not see the issues clearly then. Only the blind can fail to see

The Stalinist leaders, to be sure, understood the issues even thenand their answer to the force of arguments of the Left Opposition was the argument of force. Armed bands attempted to terrorize could the Soviet Union conduct Militant salesmen, many of the desperate defense measures whom were beaten and had their involved in the "scorched earth" papers torn from their hands. policy and in moving entire in-Meetings called by the Left Opposition were broken up by the the interior. Stalinist hooligans, using brass knuckles and knives.

The Militant of the early period progressively weakened with every has many such reports of the new Red Army victory and its gangster tactics of the C.P. leadership. It also, however, served the Soviet masses. The Red Army bodying millions of Ukrainians notice to the Stalinist hooligans is fighting for a Socialist Europe and White Russians? that the newly-born Trotskyist as well as a Socialist Russia, he movement was prepared to defend declared, and they will never subitself from physical violence by mit to any underhanded deal to workers' defense guards. After preserve capitalism in Europe for these defense guards were formed. the reports of such violence grew

Appeals to the Communist Party rank and file to return to the internationalist position figured prominently in the paper's columns. As members throughout the world were expelled, they grouped themselves around The Militant, sending in letters stating their agreement with the fundamental position upheld by the

Thus the nuclear membership and the initial organizational structure of the Trotskyist party took form, with The Militant serving as a focus for the regrouping of the American revolutionary movement. A handful of people who clearly saw what was happening to the Russian Revolution under the bureaucratic grip of Stalinism united to form the Left Opposition. The Militant was founded as their principal weapon in this struggle, and through many changes in form and function it continues to be the expression of the workers' fight for

(This is the first in a series of articles on the history of The Militant.)

A Short History A Program For Child Care New Anti-Union Drive Is

Trade Unions Should Demand Setting Up Of Nurseries Within the Factories

nursery in every mile radius where there are 25 children whose mothers work in war plants. Assuming that the nursery is centrally located, this means a halfhalf a mile, frequently in bad hours. weather, before starting on a second trip to the plant.

I vividly remember one dark morning when I had to maneuver my baby carriage through an ice In 1928 The Militant made its storm. Turning a corner, I hit a socialist position of the Russian me; I miscalculated, the coach Trotsky against the bureaucratic drift. I was trying to yank it out peared obscure to some, in reality the coach, and looked startled the programmatic struggle in- when he saw my baby, just four

"I'm not crazy," I said defensively. "I don't do this for fun!" Ice storms are rare. A trin to the nursery it will take her anoth-The Militant appeared after the er half hour, even an hour, to get -at night, when stores are closed

answer to this problem in the to workers.

By IRENE JAMES In Detroit there is a plan work-| Soviet Union: Nurseries at the directed against the entire ed out by the CIO Council's Com- plant itself! A still better plan Trotskyist movement. For through. mittee on Day Care of Children would be nurseries at housing with the Office of Civilian projects for mothers in industry Defense, to set up a neighborhood | Pending such projects, the next best plan is nurseries at the plant

PLANT NURSERIES In isolated instances, nurseries have been established at plants in England, and a few of this type can understand the full meaning Although this plan represents an exist in the United States. Such of the administration's attempts advance on present conditions, I nurseries completely eliminate think only a working mother who the problem of double transporta-The history of The Militant has had to cope with it herself, tion. At the same time, the hours been the history of a continual can appreciate just what it means of a plant nursery automatically fight for the principles of internation to take one or two small children adjust to the mother's working

> By contrast, in a neighborhood nursery which cares for as many as 60 children, one mother will work on a 7 A. M. shift, another will go to a 10 A. M. office job. One gets through at three in the afternoon, another at seven in the evening. It is impossible for the neighborhood nursery to adjust to all these schedules, and as a result the mother usually needs extra help before the nursery opens or after it closes. This problem does not exist in a plant nursery; workers on the same shift have uniform hours.

> Through their unions, working mothers should demand the organization of such nurseries, and put pressure on the federal government to cooperate with the workers in plans to set up and finance them.

It might, however, take several months to organize such plans and build the nurseries. In the meantime, neglected children can receive immediate care in many delegates had returned job of double transportation awaits the day. The union movement her. She is then expected to shop should lose no time in exerting pressure on the government to nurseries, lower the age of entry, The workers found a simple and make them more accessible

channels within the Comintern to express his views had been 100 Hear Morrow Speak The first historic issues of The Militant contained documents of At First Sunday Forum

intensely interested New York audience of well over 100 at the the first victories of the Red Army have already revealed the fundamental hostility between workers' state.

Listing a series of anti-Soviet moves by the capitalist "friends" of the USSR, he quoted Lord Beaverbrook's admission that the Red Army had captured in two months more equipment from the Nazis than they had received from England and the U.S. since the start of the war.

The victories of the Red Army reactionaries in the United Nations who fear that the new confidence and high morale of the Red Army bodes ill for their plans to make a deal with Stalin guaranteeing them against a Socialist Europe.

Morrow showed that only upon the basis of nationalized property dustries hundreds of miles into bounded by the River Oder?

The stranglehold of the Stalin bureaucracy, Morrow stated, has consequent rise of morale among the benefit of the very same imperialist powers that attempted to overthrow the October 1917

A number of Communist Party members and sympathizers were in the audience and participated in the question and discussion period which followed the lecture.

Next Week's Class

March 3, 8:15 P. M. "Laws of Dialectical Logic"

116 University Pl. New York

ment of next lectures.

(Continued from page 1)

Sun's London Bureau, Frederick

"It is known that Gen. Wladis-

law Sikorski, Polish premier, dur-

ing his recent visit to Washing-

ton handed President Roosevelt a

"Would that include East

Prussia, the whole of Silesia and,

in the West, a Polish frontier

Would Czechoslovak Teschen be

included in this blueprint of the

future Poland? Vilna? Would there

be an 'independent' Lithuania

under Polish influence? And would

to the 1919 Riga Treaty line em-

"Those are definite proposals

we hear from influential Poles

To establish such a Greater

Poland would thus be at the ex-

pense of the Soviet Union. The

in London nowadays."

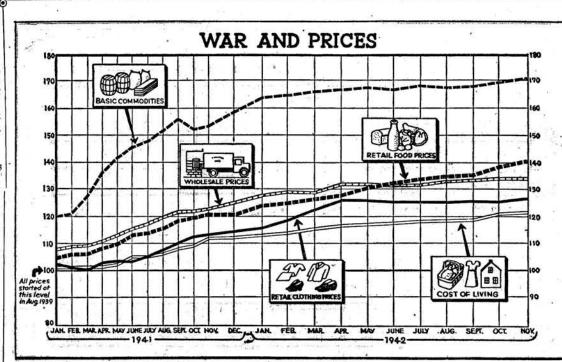
capitalist intervention

future frontiers of Poland. . .

of creating a Greater Poland.

RULERS REALLY WANT

Kuh, who said:



This chart, prepared by Consumers Union, shows that the cost of living has increased almost 22% since August, 1939; retail clothing prices 27%; wholesale prices 33%; retail food prices 40%; and basic commodities 42%.

Senate Sub-Committee OK's The Equal Rights' Amendment with the charge that the plan would "reduce the incentive to

A Senate Judiciary subcommittee has submitted a favorable report on the "Equal Rights" amendment to the full committee, and the reactionary sponsors of this falsely-named bill were delighted "with the rapidity with which it was re- at much lower pay. The argument ported out of the subcommit- then used by the bosses was that Feb. 17. This bill is being rushed through for adoption with the vigorous aid of a reactionary has brought about a change in the vigorous aid of a reactionary bloc in the Senate, both Democrat and Republican alike.

One Senatorial supporter declared "that the hundreds of legal discriminations against women throughout the country should be done away with for good and all Speaking on "The Class Mean- After the discussion period was by an amendment to the Constituing of the Soviet Victories" to an concluded, refreshments were tion." It is true that many state laws discriminating against wom-The Sunday Open Forum, spon- en are still in effect. It is this fact has misled prominent Forums, Felix Morrow, editor of Social Science, presents lectures liberals, like Pearl Buck, author, into coming out in support of the 'Equal Rights" amendment,

derstand is that blanket legisla-

abolish all protection for women equally divided between women in industry, achieved only after and men; nor the specific tasks many years of hard struggle by of a mother before, during and the labor movement.

In the pre-war era, discriminatory laws against women were used to prevent women from entering industry, or to hire them reports the N. Y. Times of women are biologically different from men, and therefore less conditions. Now labor power is in such demand that there is talk of drafting women for industry.

This need has brought a rightabout-face in the attitude of the bosses and their reactionary agents, both public and private. Whereas formerly they declared that women were different from men for the purpose of discriminating against them, now they declare there is no difference whatsoever between women and men, and launch their all-out assault upon legislation safeguarding women workers.

The fact is that there is a diftion of this kind would cancel out ference between women and men; regard all protective legislation for the good with the bad. In fact, a very important difference. The women as "discriminatory."

after pregnancy. This does not prevent women from being fully as efficient and capable as men ROLE OF THE in industry or in any other field LABOR LIEUTENANTS -as is being proven every day in this war period.

In the past we opposed the reislative protection.

forward this bill at every Con- tion. gress for the past 20 years, frown selves, do not work in the fac- my has been defeated. tories. And special laws interfere in comfort and idleness. They

(Continued from page 1) workers are working even longer and Shipbuilding Workers, who

CIO EXPLANATION

The opinion of most Yard workers on the mass firings was probably best expressed by James

Parliament Votes Down Move to Act On Beveridge Plan

Actually, of course, the Beveridge plan was no real solution to the problems of low wages and unemployment which was the chronic lot of the British workers. The Beveridge plan was nothing more than a rehash of already existing social security laws with the benefits for the unemployed and the premiums revised slightly upwards.

But even so mild a reform a this met with a flood of abuse in the British press, and defeat in Parliament. The plan was assailed as a step "dlong the road to Moscow." The London Daily Telegraph warned against "excessive security" for the workers tion. and the N. Y. Times chimed in

Chief among the opponents of ish. insurance companies who annually reap hundreds of millions of dollars from the sale of insurance to workers.

When the vote on the plan finally came, the capitalist class actionary use made of this un- lieutenants into line. Although the deniable difference by the bosses official Labor Party, meeting in to discriminate against women. caucus, decided to press for ap-Today we oppose their equally re- proval of the motion for imactionary attempt to deny this mediate action on the plan, the difference in an effort to deprive key labor men in Churchill's govwomen workers of necessary leg- ernment sided with the Tory Woman's Party, which has brought the debate and defeat of the mo-

Bevin and Morrison expounded en, limited as it is: They, them- for social reform is after the ene-

While this defeat does not end with the full exploitation of all consideration of the Beveridge women workers, out of which they Plan (the Labor Party has inand their boss-busbands derive the dicated it will continue to camimmense profits which keep them paign for it), the prospects for its adoption are extremely slim.

the suffering of the workers under ganized plant.

would be an aswer calling for abolishing unemployment itself. front.

IE. Marino, representative of the 56 hour week, a lot of shipyard CIO Industrial Union of Marine stated that the discharges were an attempt by the company to "keep the Yard from being organized by the CIO, which has been seeking to become the bargaining agent for the Fore River Yard." Marino charged that the company was using the charge of absenteeism as a "blind" for "improper planning which caused lack of

The CIO also charged that twohirds of the ways in the shipyard were idle in spite of the first priority that shipyards have on all materials. These charges appear to be well-founded, for while the company loudly announced the mass discharges of the welders, they were quietlylaying off men from other departments throughout the Yard, especially in the boiler shop.

In preparation for the discharges, the company instructed the supervisory staff a few weeks ago to check all workers for absenteeism, loafing or lateness, and issued special record blanks for this purpose. The company also announced at that time that the third offense for any one of the three items was punishable by discharge and draft reclassifica-

COMPANY'S REAL AIM

Aside from the first announcenent of the mass firings, the company has made no further formal the plan were the powerful Brit- statements. Its viewpoint has, however, been represented by the Independent Union of Fore River Workers, the company union and inheritor of the old Employees Representative Plan, which hurried to assure everyone, in long statements, that the company was wholly justified and that the comhad succeeded in driving its labor pany union supported the action. The CIO, although not recognized by the company, has taken up the case of the 150 men and is calling a mass protest meeting on Feb. 28 at Faneuil Hall in Boston.

As most workers are aware, the real drive is not against so-called majority. Labor Minister Ernest misfits in industry. It is obvious The wealthy and pampered Bevin and Home Secretary Herbert | that such a tremendous nationwomen who comprise the National Morrison took prominent part in wide campaign would not be necessary to get rid of a comparatively few persons. If this were the employers' goal, a few on protective legislation for wom- the Churchill theory that the time pink slips would have solved the problem. What is more logical is that this latest action is the preliminary ground work for a new and intense drive against labor militants and organized labor in general.

It is not surprising that the test case was made at an unor-But adopted or not, the plan ganized plant where resistance for unemployment insurance pay- would naturally be less organized ments will have little effect upon and less effective than in an or-

Capitalism is beyond patching throughout the country can only up with reform. It must be dis- mean there will be a follow-up as soon as the Red Army. These | BEEN GIVEN TO THESE | teract the post-war demands of the carded and replaced with a sound with a broader attack on labor. social system which will elimin- This is the real fight. The attack and his observation that "that ate the evils of unemployment by on absenteeism is merely the

Just Bound

the 1942 issues of the monthly magazine

FOURTH INTERNATIONAL

384 pages of Marxist analysis and reports on the international and United States labor movement

Price \$3.00

Order from Business Manager FOURTH INTERNATIONAL

116 University Place

New York City

(See next week's issue of this paper for a review of this volume)

KEEP MARCH 13 OPEN!

A real Italian spaghetti dinner will be served on that night from 6:30 on at 116 University Place. This feast will be prepared by a nationally famous spaghetti maker from Reading, Pennsylvania.

\$1 for complete dinner

Entertainment & Dancing Free

Proceeds for CRDC

Sponsored by SWP BRING YOUR SHOPMATES AND CONTACTS

NEW ANTI-SOVIET COALITION SOUGHT

against Germany, which would

have to be defeated before a

federation could be established;

its chief purpose would be to block

off and isolate the Soviet Union

sible Allied expedition into the

the spread of revolution.

of the New York School of Social Science

William Warde, instructor

first of a series of Sunday Open sored by the New York School of which Fourth International, stated that on current topics every Sunday evening, 8 P. M., at its hall, second floor, 116 University Pl., New the capitalist states and the York. See Page 1 for announce-

What these people do not un-

tendencies are certainly heighten- PLANS."

ing Russian suspicions.' A second front through the Balkans is regarded with suspicion by the Red Army because it notes that "the appointment of believes that it would be aimed Mussolini's son-in-law. Count Gaas much against the Soviet posi- leazzo Ciano, as Italian envoy to tion in post-war Europe as it the Holy See placed him in would be aimed against the Axis Vatican circles where he could during the war.

memorandum dealing with the THE VATICAN'S PLANS "What does Sikorski want? His

An increasingly important role government in London is thinking in anti-Soviet maneuvers is being assumed by the Vatican, which was named as one of the parties in the Finnish negotiations this week.

"The Church regards the spread of Communist doctrine and Russian influence as its first problem," says an article on Archbishop Spellman's trip in Time magazine of Feb. 22. This was demonstrated Poland's eastern boundary revert last Christmas when in his annual message Pope Pius XII condemned "the various forms of Marxian Socialism" and failed to even mention the word fascism.

"One means of opposing a Russian sphere of influence," the Time article continues, "would be a Catholic Federation, pivoted miners, joined in the celebration. on a Catholic Austria-Hungary, 1919 frontier was forced upon the supported by Danubian agrarian miners were sincerely celebrating young Soviet republic by world parties and possibly involving the Soviet victories; but there exiled Otto Habsburg, who ap- were important forces in Britain Furthermore, Kuh writes, "two parently has potent friends in other ideas are now in the fore- high places. Poland would be a front of the mind of the Polish northern anchor, Italy the southern government. One is a system of anchor of such a federation. But, federations of Europe: a federa should restoration of the Habtion embracing Poland, Czecho- sburgs meet with too great slovakia and Hungary, and an- resistance from socialist Freemasother emcompassing all the Balkan on Czechs and pro-Russian Yugoslavs, an Eastern European Catholic Féderation might be contrived. binding Catholic groups together in a Balkan cordon sanitaire from

viously not be directed primarily "Invasion of Hitler's Europe may be aimed through the Bal- intervene with the opening of a kans. If so, one result could be second front immediately or to a misunderstanding with the Rus- wait until the Red Army is less sians, whose armies would be in of an irresistible force than at the north while Allied armies present, are discussed unofficially from the rest of Europe, to func- were moving in from the south. in London and in Washington... tion as an organized obstacle to The best hope of avoiding such MORE ON SIZE a misunderstanding is a complete OF U. S. ARMY The other idea of the Polish rapprochement with Moscow. Lackgovernment, says Kuh, is "to ing that, the plans credited to the favor strongly the earliest pos- Vatican appeared to be among the Arthur Krock's statement in the few under real consideration.HIGH | Feb. 12 Times that the reason for Balkans so that American, British SOURCES IN WASHINGTON the general staff's decision to and Polish troops could reach REPORTED THAT AT LEAST build a U.S. Army of more than Eastern or Central Europe at least SOME, U. S. SUPPORT HAD 10,000,000 men may be to coun-

Such a coalition would ob- Poland to the Mediterranean.

SPELLMAN'S TRIP

The same Time article, also serious consideration. . .' mingle with envoys of nations at war with Italy?

The Feb. 18 issue of the N. Y. Times carried a dispatch from Berne, Switzerland, stating that "informed observers in Rome" linked Spellman's trip "with the efforts to hasten the accrediting of Count Ciano to the Holy See." This is a diplomatic way of saying that Spellman will probably meet with Ciano just as he met with Franco on his way to Rome.

"SERIOUS PROBLEMS"

Celebrations of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Red Army's founding were held in several parts of Britain last week-end The N. Y. Times of Feb. 22 reports that in Cardiff alone, more than 23,000 people, chiefly coal We can be certain that the Cardiff which were far from happy about these victories.

As Raymond Daniell reports from London in this same issue of the Times the Angle Soviet of the Times, the Anglo-Soviet treaty has not "completely eliminated fears, held in some quarters in the United States and Britain. that a complete Russian victory in Europe will raise serious problems for the democracies. . .

"These matters, and also the question of whether it is wise to

The Militant last week reported

Soviet Union at the "peace table;"

This week, on Feb. 22, the military editor of the Times, Hanson W. Baldwin, gave a politer version of Krock's explanation for a large Army: "America's voice at the (peace) conference table must be an important voice if the whole peated in another 25 to 50 years. yet the American point of view will be only as authoritative as outbreak of a wave of rumors of This is not power politics but the military strength behind it. peace feelers and the manifest realism." And obviously "America's voice" will not have to be directed against the already defeated Axis powers at that time.

A similar explanation is cited in the Feb. 22 issue of Time. which says that the proposal for a large Army may be "insurance against the possibility that a victorious Russia might dominate the entire continent of Europe.'

(See page 3 for M. Morrison's

article on "Why the Reactionaries Are Worried About Soviet

UAW Dues Referendum

Negro Struggle

= By Albert Parker **=**

A Government Pamphlet On the Negroes

white soldiers in the U.S. Army Although this request is always accompanied by the reasonable explanation that such educational material would help to reduce the friction between white and Negro soldiers-friction results from the prejudice circulated by certain officers, and the segregation practiced throughout the Army as a whole-the administration has never done anything about it.

Instead it has recently issued. through the Office of War Infornation, a handsomely printed, illustrated pamphlet on "Negroes and the War" - intended for distribution primarily among the Negro people. Its purpose is not to remove or counteract the reactionary prejudices spread among white people - its purpose is to explain to the Negro people why they should support

The most important part of the pamphlet is the essay which opens it, written by Chandler Owen and bearing the same name as the pamphlet. Owen has been writing along the lines of this essay for over three years: therefore if the arguments it contains are not very | policies? strong, it is because he couldn't anywhere.

happen to the Negro people under thoroughly false premise. These Hitler. Naturally it is possible to people pretend that the only show that, bad as the Negro's alternative to present conditions conditions are today, they would is fascism. They say that the be worse under Hitler, for under Negro must choose between what fascism the Negro, along with the white worker, would be deprived of whatever democratic rights he

that Owen's essay will prove to be sible to conduct a simultaneou very effective propaganda for the struggle against fascism and simple reason that the Negro peo- present-day conditions at home, ple are already bitter opponents and to defeat them both too. What of fascism and everything it is required to accomplish this is represents. There is no need to a program aimed at establishing try to convince them that fascism a Workers' and Farmers' Governis their enemy when they are ment. suffering every day from fascist-

that it stresses, what the Negro | apathy to the war today.

On at least a hundred occasions | should fight against rather than

fated not to achieve its purpose, ed their discontent with the dowhich is to make the Negroes enthusiastic supporters of the war.

How can the Negro masses be made enthusiastic about the war leadership could scarcely justify when they see that discrimination | the dues increase by claims of in--as-usual is practiced and "white creased activity. supremacy" theories maintained? When they see the poll tax bill defeated by both capitalist parties, with Roosevelt remaining silent? When they see the railroad hearings on discrimination called off? When a Negro official in the War Department has to resign because the Air Command refuses This concealed the fact that in to halt or alter its discriminatory

The way to answer the propa find any more convincing ones ganda of Owen and the Stalinists Owen's theme is what would showing that it is based on a and government officials is by ne has now and what he would have under a Hitler.

But this is a lie. There is another alternative, and that is the Nevertheless I do not think struggle for socialism. It is pos-

like oppression, segregation and able to find their way to this The weak point in Owen's pro- inevitably drive them toward itpaganda (and the similar propa- they will exhibit the kind of ganda of the Communist Party) fighting enthusiasm that will is that it has to emphasize the amaze and overwhelm all those negative side of the argument, who are so concerned about their

On at least a hundred occasions should fight against rather than the administration has been rewhat he should fight for, that it bile Workers Union, CIO, the one local, the giant Ford Local quested to issue a handbook or dwells on what the Negro would membership in a national ref- 600, with 715 votes. Of the 123 some other form of educational lose under fascism rather than erendum has rejected the Inter- locals giving a majority for the material on the Negro and his what he would gain by a United rights, for distribution among the Nations victory.

propaganda is by no means to 1,478. accidental. The reason is that Owen and the Stalinists have were belatedly and inconspicuously nothing to offer the Negro masses announced in the Feb. 1, United in a positive sense. And since Automobile Worker, six months most informed Negroes do not be- after the UAW convention, held lieve that a defeat of Germany in Chicago last August, had voted by the United Nations will to hold the referendum. materially improve their pre-war conditions or that it will abolish opportunity since the last conven-Jim Crow or unemployment or tion for the members to express even the threat of fascism at their attitude toward the leaderhome, this kind of propaganda is ship and unquestionably express-

When the Negro people are program-and their experiences

And for the same reason the

"Many people see in the black

where wheat and fodder grass

grow without labor and care.

agriculture of this richest of coun-

ing adequate food supplies for the

Reich easier for the German

There have been no Quislings

and Lavals available. Contrast

-France, Norway, Belgium, Den-

British and American owners of

"Many Rumanians are inclined

to find.

mark, Finland.

International Notes

By BETTY KUEHN

That collaboration made little is reduced from 773,000 hectares in German-occupied in 1941 to 350,000 in 1942territories of the Soviet Union is reduction of almost 55 percent. demonstrated by an analysis of Novoye Slovo declares that "this the May to October 7, 1942 issues reduction is due solely to the of the Berlin Russian newspaper bolshevistic methods of destruc-Novoye' Slovo, which Solomon tion of sugar plants in the Schwarz publishes in the Feb. 22 Ukraine." New Republic. This is the first Nazi material on occupied terri- German Ministry of Food warns tories in the USSR to reach this against undue enthusiasm and

Although the local populations Novoye Slovo of June 17, 1942 have been forced, out of sheer states: self-preservation, to participate in the administration of sanitation, education and social welfare, they have not done so in the economic and industrial field. The large Many people believe that the enterprises, as the Nazi-controlled Russian newspaper Novoye Slovo tries will make the task of assuritself admits, are in almost all cases at a standstill.

An example is the manganese peasant. But whosoever has seen mines of Nikopol, occupied in that country knows how errone-August 1941. These mines conous such views are!" stituted one of the most valuable acquisitions of the entire Russian campaign.

"At the time of the occupation | of the fields by the Nazis," de- scorched earth policy and the the war. Its superiority over the clares Schwarz, "technical jour- removal of great factories, posnals had expressed the belief that sible on a large scale only in a been demonstrated in war as it the exploitation of the ore mines nationalized economy ,has depriv- was previously in peace. could begin in no more than six ed the Nazis of much they hoped months.

"Nevertheless, Novoye Slovo for July 19, 1942 announces-almost a year after the occupation-only this with the capitalist countries that 'reconstruction work is being carried on in the Manganese ore mines of Nikopol. The destroyed pits are being reinforced, a ventilation system constructed. Soon the mines of Nikopol will give Rumanian oil wells apparently their first load of manganese ore.' Yet the files of Novoye Slovo up benefit from their property than to October 7, 1942 contain no men- to destroy it. C. L. Sulzberger gangster Hitler. The Allies must tion of an actual start on the ex- states in the Feb. 17 N. Y. Times: ploitation of Nikopol.'

Such was the case not only with to blame the Allies for this [the the large industries, but also in lack of Allied sabotage in Rumaagriculture. The Nazis had hoped to win over the peasants by nia] because of an alleged lack promising them private ownership of desire to blow up wells owned of the land. However, they were by United Nations interests. . unsuccessful. They were forced to -and the writer never received state. Here we are concerned not maintain the collective farms in a satisfactory answer to this with this primary problem, but order to get the peasants to work question from the British group

In the sugar industry, even Bucharest's Athenee Palace — it though the Nazis utilized the is evident that the Russians would was perfectly clear that Stalin, Soviet "sowing plan," production not have any interest in abstain- left in control of the Soviet will in no way be comparable to ing from the destruction of for- Union, would play the same re-

pre-war levels, says Schwarz. 'The sown area for sugar beets erty.' overwhelming vote of no-confi- decisive.

dence in the international leadership of the United Automo-The emphasis in this kind of dues increase by a vote of 2,851 20 votes each, and only 12 were

The results of the referendum

The vote represented the first nothing policies of the leadership. Passive and in retreat before the osses and the government, the

WHAT FIGURES SHOWED

The extent of the members' dissatisfaction is actually concealed by the published figures of referendum were announced on the basis of the delegated voting strength at the last convention. most of the big locals the vote

Half the votes recorded in favor of the international board's dues national Executive Board's con- dues increase, only eight, includstitutional amendment for a ing the Ford Local, had more than in the 10-20 vote classification. Most of the locals voting for the dues increase were small units

> with one, two or three votes. On the other hand, the chief strength of the opponents of the dues increase was in the older and larger locals, among the most experienced and best-tested union fighters. Of 212 locals voting against the increase, 35 had voting strength of over 20, and 30 were in the 10-20 votes category.

REFERENDUM BACKGROUND

In a great measure, the international board's efforts to push over the dues increase by referendum was an attempt to recapture some of the prestige it lost at the Chicago convention, when most of its organizational proposals intended to give it a tighter bureaucratic hold on the union were tossed out of the conventhe voting. The results in this tion by an aroused body of rank MEANING OF VOTE and file delegates.

After the delegates, by a sweeping majority, had voted

DETROIT — Recording an | would be seen to be even more | tive body of convention delegates | ing an additional 50 cents in the labor movement has now month dues.

> The defeat administered to the international board cannot be accounted for by any failure of the leadership to put the heat on the membership. On the contrary, before the vote was taken, a three months drive was put on in an attempt to obtain a favorable vote. Gloomy reports of the financial status of the international were regularly broadcast by George Addes, international secretarytreasurer. A large number of international organizers and representatives were slashed off the pay-roll in a wholesale purge, under the pretext of financial insolvency.

The entire machinery of the in- officials. ernational was mobilized to A DISTORTION undertake a campaign in the ocals to shove the amendment well-aware of this resentment, but sentatives and organizers toured by blaming the members for the locals and counter-posed their influence to that of the local in the United Automobile Worker, leadership. Those who opposed the Feb. 1, which also contains the are beginning to worry lest he acincrease were pictured as opposed referendum results, George Addes tually be defeated. This is not at to organization of the union, as complains that since Pearl Harbor all unexpected to those of us who being for "two-bit" unionism, etc. "there has grown up a feeling understand the basic antagonism But this did not fool the membership one bit.

Men and women who had faced the guns and clubs of the armed down a dues increase amendment forces of the employers on the at the convention, the internation- picket lines, who had defied all satisfied with keeping things as was overwhelmingly against the al officers tried to nullify their forms of victimization in uphold- is. Soldiers losing one type of increase, while in the few big decision by pushing over the ref- ing unionism, who had voluntar- fighting equipment switch to anylocals where the dues increase erendum proposal on the grounds ily and enthusiastically contribithing that can be used effectively carried, the majorities were very that the delegates did not truly uted hundreds of thousands of and fight on. So it must be with narrow. Had the vote been an reflect the sentiments of the dollars for the Ford and other us; we must continue to fight nounced according to membership, membership. This insult to the UAW organizing drives, were not with the weapons we still have, the rejection of the amendment most democratic and representa- balking merely at the idea of pay-

received a fitting censure.

The vote against the dues in crease must be understood as an unquestioned rebuke to the union leadership for its general policies. Seizing on this organizational issue, the membership has recorded its dissatisfaction with the leadership's weak-kneed capitulation to the government and employers on the wage-freezing issue in the face of soaring prices. The vote on the referendum was an indirect expression of the rising resentment at the leadership's spineless handling of the mounting thousands of grievances and of the pushing around the auto workers are getting at the hands of the increasingly brazen corpora-

The leaders of the UAW are over. International officers, repre- they try to distort its significance present conditions. In his column not only among the rank and file that must necessarily exist bethat because we voluntarily gave democratic. up our right to strike, we might just as well sit back and be or we will find ourselves being beaten back and in grave danger of having all our gains taken way by act of Congress."

Addes insults the members when ne imputes to them a sentiment to keep conditions "as is." That, in reality, is what the union leaders would like them to feel. But he is correct when he states

status quo. cordance with the forces opposed tions. But soldiers do not throw to surrender.

BOSS ATTACKS. CONTINUE

aders did when they offer give up the workers' most effective weapon, the strike. Naturally, this was done under the pretext ers' revolution in Europe or elsethat the employers, too, were movement in Germany must arise going to drop their anti-labor tommy-guns, and that for the "duration" labor and the bosses were going to observe an unarmed

The auto workers now see that ployers, taking advantage of the has prepared for it. helpless position of the workers, are continuing to blast away with their heavy artillery at labor, as even Addes has to admit.

The significance of the vote on the dues referendum is greater is a warning to the UAW leader a very favorable attitude to the ship that the auto workers are growing increasingly aware of what the real score is, and that R. J. Thomas, Richard Franken-

BASIC TRAINING COURSE IN MARXISM

EVERY TUESDAY NIGHT from 8:15 to 9:45 O'clock Inquire 4th floor

Why The Reactionaries Are Shows Discontent of Workers Worried About Soviet Gains

By M. Morrison

The magnificent victories | not want to antagonize Japan. achieved by the Red Army in But Japan holds conferences recent months have inspired all with Germany and Italy. Why not the defenders of the Soviet Union the Soviet Union with its allies? with new hope. They have also Of a sudden an article appears brought misgivings to the hearts in Pravda laying down the prinof many of its "allies." It is of ciple that the Baltic countries course too early to conclude that and Bessarabia belong to the the German armies are completely Soviet Union and that it is just beaten. We must wait until the as absurd to discuss the question late spring or summer before we of the fate of these countries as know whether the Nazi army has it is to discuss whether the state lost its power to attack or defend. of California should be given to Our hope is that it has but we the United States. In view of the can come to no conclusion on the fact that the Roosevelt regime basis of our hope. And there is did not recognize the seizure of too little known of the state of the Baltic countries by Stalin, the the morale of the German army emphatic statement in Pravda and people and of the material cannot but constitute a sugtions and the military production resources left to Hitler to enable gestion to the United States that us to say, with any degree of cer- it had better not raise the question tainty that the Nazi army is or of the status of the Baltic counis not on the verge of complete tries. defeat.

But the Soviet victories have been extensive enough so that some of those who have been shouting for the defeat of Hitler but also among the local union tween the Soviet Union with its leadership that this old-time en- nationalized property and all capthusiasm is useless. Many feel italist nations whether fascist or

From the very day when Hitler launched his attack on the Soviet Union, the prevailing sentiment the Red and Nazi armies. Whereas the people who wanted the exhaustion of both armies feared control, that the Red Army would be destroyed and Hitler left with an army that was still powerful, the fear at present is that the Red Army will be victorious without exhausting its strength.

capitalists and of their spokesmen they are beginning to recognize and representatives there is no bility of capitalist property sufthat without the strike weapon agreement either as to the effect fering the same fate in Europe they are helpless to change the of a Soviet victory or as to the that it did in the Soviet Union. best method for arriving at an The Nazis have begun to play Addes' attempt to justify a understanding with Stalin in case upon this fear and while the ofcontinued no-strike policy is as of a Soviet victory. Lord Beaver- ficial attitude is that the Nazis full of holes as a sieve. Soldiers brook, one of the leading repremay advance or retreat, shift their sentatives of British imperialism, between the Allies, it is certain terrain, and maneuver in ac- stated openly, in the House of Lords, that anyone is a fool who have been seized by the fears to them and tactical considera- thinks that the British Empire is in any way endangered by a away their weapons, or worse, Soviet victory. He may be hand them over to the enemy, whistling in the dark or he may except when they are preparing have convinced himself that no danger exists to the British Empire from a Soviet victory because it is always possible to come That is precisely what the union to some agreement with Stalin. His theory is based on the correct

fluence on the masses than Lord their leaders, have carried out this great as to save the British Em-

> Naturally those among the capitalists who do not share Beaverbrook's confidence in Stalin cannot be as open in expressing their fears and doubts. After all the Soviet Union is still an ally, Soviet Union.

The inability of the United they are seeking ways and means States and England to come to to even it up. They are telling some understanding with Stalin on the question of the nature of a social revolution will come as board, "Give us a fighting, militant the capitalist press. The absence of Stalin or his representative our interests, or we are going to from the Casablanca conference was a dramatic indication that not all is well between Stalin on the one hand and Roosevelt and Churchill on the other. The explanations offered to make it appear that Stalin's failure to be present at the conference or to send a representative was quite natural, are altogether too weak. He was their inability thus far to arrive too busy with the offensive of the at an understanding with him Red Army. But was he too busy 116 UNIVERSITY PL., N. Y. to send a representative? He did

Minneapolis, Minn.

It is obvious that the closer the Allies come to defeating Hitler, the sharper does the basic antagonism between the Soviet Union and the capitalist countries stand out.

It is not of course any concern about the independence of the Baltic countries that makes the big capitalists fear a victory of the Soviet Union. True, Roosevelt said something in the Atlantic Charter about the right of all nations to be free. But since the Charter does not apply to India, Puerto Rico and countries similarly situated it will not be difficult. in the ranks of the big capitalists to conclude that it also does not was for the mutual exhaustion of apply to the Baltic countries, although it is a characteristic of the in the summer of 1941 and of 1942 big capitalists to want the freedom of countries not under their

What worries some of the big capitalists is the possibility that the Red Army will reach Berlin before the British and American armies. They behold a vision of the Soviet Union extending its influence to Germany and to all of In the ranks of the leading Central Europe and they shiver when they contemplate the possiwill not succeed in creating a rift that many of the monopolists that the Nazis have or pretend to have.

The more intelligent and farsighted of the representatives of big capitalism are not very greatly concerned with the danger of the Red Army's reaching Berlin before the American and British assumption that Stalin is indif- in the event of a real danger of ferent if not hostile to any work- the Red Army's penetration into German territory and reaching Berlin, the German General staff What Lord Beaverbrook does would take complete command and not see is that an agreement with more or less invite the British Stalin is not at all decisive for the and American generals to bring masses of Europe or anywhere their armies to Berlin. For it is else. While Stalin has more in almost impossible to conceive of the Red Army's marching into while they, under the pressure of Beaverbrook, his power is not so Germany without a social revolution following. And to prevent a agreement in good faith, the em- pire from the doom that history social revolution the German generals would gladly invite the American and British armies.

> It is this probability of a social revolution coming as a result of a complete defeat of Hitler by the Soviet armies that is creating anxiety in the minds of the more intelligent section of the representatives of big capitalism. They are not worried that Stalin will call for a social revolution; they know Stalin better than to expect such a thing from him. They are worried that regardless of Stalin result of a defeat of Hitler by the Soviet armies.

To these people Stalin's help to suppress a workers' revolution in Europe appears indispensable. With Stalin's prestige mounting steadily as a result of the Soviet victories, they feel that to have Stalin on their side is almost a certain guarantee that the revolution can be suppressed. They are therefore anxious to come to some agreement with Stalin and it is that troubles them.

For the advanced workers two serious dangers appear with the possibility of a defeat of Hitler's armies by the Red Army. One is that the capitalists will come to an agreement with German capitalism for an attack on the Soviet Union. Skeptics have been hinting that a possible reason for the insistence by some American generals that an army of over ten million soldiers is necessary lies in their anxiety to prepare for a possible clash with a victorious Red Army.

The other, and greater, danger is that the capitalist powers will come to some agreement with Stalin to suppress any workers' revolution in Europe.

The working masses must be placed on their guard against these dangers.

A Common War Aim Of Stalin And The Allies

all sign the Atlantic Charter. The Charter declared that none gaging in the war for the pur- the aid of the Soviet Union. pose of territorial aggrandizeconsists of two distinctly differ-

over the Soviet war aims. here and abroad have given wide publicity to certain Russian demands: the retention by Russia the Russian Empire, and of Bessarabia, forcibly torn from the Soviet Union in the civil war following the October Revolution. hopes concerning the Ukraine. disturbed the Allies as much as question of the spread of the Soviet system of society. What kind earth zones a country of miracles of Russia will exist after this war? That is one of the fundamental questions facing the capitalist nations - and also the world's working class! What sort

ent camps. An enigma hangs

territory added to Russia? The analysis of this question is far from simple. The inner effects of the war on Russian econ-Thus we see how the Nazis omy are veiled to us. True failed to find in the nationalized enough, the nationalized industry economy a broad stratum of was of inestimable advantage to "collaborators." Likewise the the Soviet Union for conducting anarchy of capitalism has now

of regime would be set up in any

STALIN'S ROLE

But the war itself, with the previous victories of the Hitler armies, has struck frightfully heavy blows at the bureaucratically distorted planned economy that had made considerable gains over a generation. An enormous portion of the capital accumulated at such a frightful cost under would rather have the Nazis the Stalinist methods of planning, has been destroyed by the superof necessity give aid to Soviet Russia at the present time. But we can rest assured that no such aid would be given after the war in the way of building anew the industrial machinery of Russiaif it is to remain a working class rather with a subsidiary political

of oil men who used to frequent problem, the role of Stalin. Long in advance of the war it

The N. Y. Times of Feb. 14 would never have been as costly weaker. It was given the coup de reminds Stalin that he did after or as prolonged if Russia had grace — whatever little was left been under revolutionary leader- of it - when Stalin signed his of the Allied Nations was en- ticularly of Germany, to come to remnants were even betrayed di-

tories concerned. The Soviet necessities of the war, and solely ganda is therefore an implicit adand bringing victory, sooner was the instability of a regime ranks of the German masses. than was previously expected, have at once brought the reminder that the Allied coalition minder that the Allied coalition never survive another wave of illusions that they can regain any working class revolution.

What are the aims set by Stalin for the role of the Soviet Already the Soviet Embassies Union in the world war? He has spoken in the nationalist terms of "throwing the fascist invader off our soil." Is this all he of the Baltic states, once part of | will have to show to the Russian workers and peasants and the Red Army after the war? Yes. he will be able to point, perhaps, as a new "aggrandizer" to the This demand would hardly have regaining of Latvia, Esthonia, Bessarabia. And to "nationalist" it has, if it were not for the Russians that might be something.

ONE COMMON AIM

There is one aim that is common to Stalin and his capitalist allies. That is the prevention of a working class revolution anywhere in Europe, but especially in Germany. This lies at the root of the kind of propaganda the Stalinists conduct in relation to the German people. The capitalist allies have the same motive for holding the German people responsible for the bestial acts of the Nazis. The German people includes the German workers and the masses. They will not be allowed to set up any regime of their own, because they too are considered "responsible" for the the Stalinists (in the Soviet

somewhat different slant. The as well as Stalin that the events talk of the guilt of the German at the end of the war will deterpeople by the Ehrenburgs, the mine whether Stalin will continue Fosters and the Browders, con- to be "identified" with the Soviet tains an admission that they do Union. A revolutionary movereveals itself in this typical fash-

Third International, by its crimto oblivion. Never again would class state. the Stalinists regain the hold ists, in their incredible stupidity,

eign capital's Rumanian prop- actionary role that he had pur- truth is that this underground the creation of the United Soviet sued all the years. The war movement became weaker and States of Europe?

forced underground.

ship. Stalin never dared make an pact with Hitler. There is every appeal to the working class, par- reason to believe that its few rectly into the hands of the Ges-Some misguided workers be- tapo during the period of "collament without consulting the lieve the false Stalinist propa- boration" between the GPU and wishes of the peoples in terri- ganda that this was due to the the Gestapo. The present propavictories, with their distinct ef- in order to assure aid from the mission that the Stalinists have fect in shortening the entire war "democracies." The basic reason no influence whatsoever in the

influence among the German proletariat. The situation now becomes clear. Any revolutionary not only in spite of, but against the Stalinists. The Stalinists dare not gamble with the chance that, with all their resources arising from control of the Soviet Union. they might worm and bribe their way into the German revolutionary movement in order to hetray it, as they did in Spain. Their very fear-causing them to hand over the German people in advance to the armed forces of the Allies-makes it certain that the German toilers, to achieve the working class revolution, must than appears on the surface. It and furthermore the masses have fight against the Stalinists.

WHAT ALLIES FEAR

The reason why the Allies view Russia with misgivings is not because they fear Stalin. He is not the enigma. On the contrary, they understand quite well the steen, Walter Reuther, Addes and the peace has been the subject of counter-revolutionary aid which the others on the international many columns and editorials in sia is as yet a working class leadership capable of defending state. Its further degeneration could only mean the restoration seek that leadership elsewhere in of capitalism. But the capitalists cannot breathe easy until this is not a potentiality, but a fact.

deeds of the German ruling class. Union) by identifying Stalin with But the motive of Stalin has a the Soviet Union. But they know not dare make openly, but that ment in Germany will immediately have repercussions in the

USSR. It will bring to the fore Trotsky pointed out immediate- the vast difference between the ly after the assumption of power Russian masses and the corrupt by Hitler in Germany that the bureaucracy. It will reveal the gulf that exists between the rulinal betrayal of the German ing stratum and the economic working class had doomed itself foundations of the first working

The real enigma is therefore they then had on the left wing of | what will happen in Russia when the German workers. The Stalin- events demonstrate the one common aim of the leaders of the Alboasted for years that their for- lies and of Stalin with regard to ces in Germany were growing de- Germany. Has Stalin really sucspite the fact that they had been ceeded in diverting the October Revolution completely into na-What has happened then to this | tionalist channels? Or will the 'underground"? Is it also to be Soviet masses come to the aid of held responsible for Hitler? The their brothers in other lands for

TWIN CITIES CLASSES

The fifth in a series of 6 lectures

THE COLONIAL PEOPLES IN THE SECOND WORLD WAR Saturday, March 6, at 8 P. M.

"THE AWAKENING OF CHINA" Discussion leader: DOROTHY SCHULTZ 919 Marquette Avenue

Subscription for course, 50 cents Single lecture, 10 cents Social program will follow the lecture

Auspices: Socialist Workers Party

THE MILITANT

Published in the interests of the Working People

VOL. VII-No. 9 Saturday, Feb. 27, 1943

Published Weekly by THE MILITANT PUBLISHING ASS'N at 116 University Place, New York, N. Y. Telephone: ALgonquin 4-8547

> Editor: GEORGE BREITMAN

THE MILITANT follows the policy of permitting its contributors to present their own views in signed articles. These views therefore do not necessarily represent the policies of THE MILI-TANT which are expressed in its editorials.

Subscriptions: \$2.00 per year; \$1.00 for 6 months. Foreign: \$3.00 per year, \$1.50 for 6 months. Bundle orders: 3 cents per copy in the United States; 4 cents per copy in all foreign countries. Single copies: 5 cents.

"Reentered as second class matter February 13, 1841 at the post office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879."



To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of very class-conscious

- LEON TROTSKY

JOIN US IN FIGHTING FOR:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions. Special officers' training camps, financed by the government but controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become
- Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the army.
- 3. Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces and the war industries-Down with Jim Crowism everywhere.
- 4. Confiscation of all war profits. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 5. For a rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living.
- 6. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and fascist attacks.
- 7. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade Unions.
- 8. A Workers' and Farmers' Govern-
- 9. Defend the Soviet Union against imperialist attack.

The Fight Over The \$25,000 Salary Top

Within two weeks tens of millions of workers will have to pay staggering income taxes. Faced with the upward spiralling cost of living, with frozen wages and with the highest tax rate in history, they are being forced to endure real and immediate suffering in meeting the huge war costs which have been loaded upon them.

But while the workers must carefully ration their few dollars between the grocers and the landlords. and the government, the capitalist class has opened a drive in Congress to abolish the ceiling of \$25,000 on capitalist salaries.

The House Ways and Means Committee has reported favorably on the Disney bill which calls for the outright repeal of the \$25,000 salary limit imposed by presidential decree. Democrats and Republicans voted together to end the salary top.

The same committee which voted to remove this "burden" on the capitalists is deliberating over methods to increase the tax load on the workers. Among some of the devices under consideration is a 15% wage tax, increased sales tax and higher income taxes.

Actually, the \$25,000 salary ceiling has little effect on the income of the capitalist class, for their primary source of revenue, profits and interest on investments, were not touched by the president's order of last year. But the very principle of limiting big salaries irriates one of the schools of capitalist thought on the method of financing the war.

President Roosevelt has announced that he will oppose the removal of salary limitation for corporation officials and their agents. He has gone even "further." In a letter to the House Ways and Means Committee he says that he agrees with those who wish to limit not only salaries but other forms of capitalist incomes such as interest, profits, etc. He urges that income from all sources be limited to \$25,000 a year per person or \$50,000 a year per

This proposal appears more radical at first sight than it actually is. It is vaguely formulated and appears to contain wide loopholes. For instance the president advocates allowing a "single person" \$25,000 or a "married couple" \$50,000. Under this statement, the baby in the crib could be considered a "single person" and have signed over to him stocks and bonds, administered by his parents, and be entitled to \$25,000 clear after all taxes are

However, it is clear that Roosevelt belongs to a slightly different school than the majority of the House Ways and Means Committee.

Both agree that the workers will have to pay to make drastic sacrifices if it can be asserted that the rich are sacrificing too. He thinks that if the workers have the idea that the wealthy are giving up some luxury, the workers will be reconciled to accept without resistance the assault on their living standards.

The group represented by the majority of the Ways and Means Committee, however, takes the stand that the best way to deal with the workers is by ramming the high taxes, wage cuts, working week extension and increased prices down the workers' throats and then spitting in their face by removing even the present, mainly symbolic, limitations on capitalist income.

Basically, it is a difference on how best to get the workers to accept a lowering of their living standards.

If there were a workers' representative in Congress he would stand for really drastic and fargoing limitations on capitalist income. At the same time such a spokesman for the working class | 120 Ustasi bandits (Croatian faswould explain the reasons behind Roosevelt's proposals, and would warn the workers not to permit themselves to be diverted by these proposals from the struggle to safeguard their living conditions.

Dispute In War **Production Board**

There was a shake-up in the top posts of the all these spheres the previously War Production Board last week. Chairman Don- existing central and local state ald Nelson fired his chief assistant Ferdinand Eberstadt and promoted Charles E. Wilson to Eber- Partisans is to bring under their stadt's post.

This move has been interpreted in the press as a victory for those capitalist leaders who favor civilian control of war production over those who Partisan Units issued the followwant the army and navy to have the final word.

It has been reported that the military was so angered over Eberstadt's dismissal that Undersecretary of Navy Forrestal and Undersecretary of War Patterson have raised the demand for Nelson's resignation.

Actually, we have no clear picture of the reasons for Eberstadt's dismissal and the subsequent attacks upon Nelson. The public is seldom told of the real issues behind the inner disputes in ruling circles. But knowing only the superficial factors of the dispute, there is one thing of which we are certain — it is a teapot tempest.

It can make no real difference to labor whether industrialist Wilson or banker Eberstadt controls the WPB. For while they may differ on administrative detail, their fundamental policies are identical.

Both are opponents of the labor movement and of letting the workers have a voice in production. Both represent the big corporations using the war to destroy all competition and to line their pockets with profits. Both are concerned above all in protecting and maintaining the capitalist system and all the contradictions and inefficiencies which are an inseparable part of the capitalist system.

Wilson and Eberstadt may have differences, but neither of them is interested in or capable of organizing production in the interests of the masses there must be broad public pres-- which can be achieved only by workers' control sure for action on behalf of Inand operation of production and the elimination of the profit system.

Against those who would raise such a working class program, all factions in Washington - Wilson and Eberstadt, Nelson and Baruch, the dollara-year- men and the army and navy procurement officers—would unite and fight with every weapon at their command.

Prices Still Rising

The price of milk will go up, as the prices of other foods have gone up. This became clear during the past week.

On Feb. 17, shortly after the OPA had placed a ceiling on wholesale milk, Charles F. Holman of the Dairy Farmers Lobby asserted the slaughter houses would be filled with dairy cows, if it con- intention of encouraging the Intinued to be more profitable to sell beef than milk. Holman's blackmail was clearly expressed when he said the real issue was not ceiling price, but of British rule, that is of course "whether we will get food."

Congressional farm bloc leaders took up the fight by threatening to cut off OPA funds unless publishes a dispatch from its cor- against Japan if Britain granted it lifted the ceiling on milk.

After a feeble show of resistance the OPA began rapid retreat before the farm bloc. By Feb. 20, milk price boosts had been authorized in eight sections of the country and "studies are being made on the need of upward adjustments" in seven other

It is by now obvious that the Washington bureaus are incapable of preventing the capitalists from securing an almost continuous series of price rises and thus lowering the workers' standards of living while the capitalists' profits continue at their present record levels, if they do not go higher.

The only sort of price control that can be effective is that of the masses themselves in the form of mass committees representing the unions, working farmers, small retailers and housewives.

> Equal Pay for Equal Work by Women

The Civil War in Yugoslavia

The 'National Liberation for the war out of their living standards. Roosevelt holds that it will be easier to get the workers Front' And Its Policies

By JOHN G. WRIGHT

In the Yugoslav areas where the way, is proof that there are 'National Liberation Commit- them as yet; nor about their difees." And, as we stated in last ferences, if any, with the Partiweek's Militant, they have san program and leadership. sought from the beginning to WHY PARTISANS HAVE establish a central government WIDEST MASS SUPPORT based on these local bodies.

Police power is wielded in Partisans by the creation of a "people's guard." Tribunals, military or semi-military in character, have also been instituted. These tribunals are evidently rigorous in their procedure. Thus "Free Yugoslavia," the Partisan radio, reported last August that cists) were "sentenced to be shot by a guerrilla court martial.' (Daily Worker, Aug. 20, 1942.)

ASSUME ALL FUNCTIONS

In the territories controlled by the Partisans, they establish control over food-distribution and the issuance of money; they conduct their own schools and publish newspapers. In short, they take over all legislative, executive and juridical functions, displacing in

Another main objective of the direct control all guerrilla detachments in Yugoslavia. For instance, last May the General Headquarters of the Slovenian

"The Partisan authorities, on the basis of the decisions of the Narodne Osvobodilne Fronte (National Liberation Front) will July 26, 1942.) shoot everyone who is proved to have attempted to form no matter what kind of armed units, aside from partisan units which are under the command of the General Headquarters of the Slor venian Partisan Units." (Official Documents of the National Liberation Front, published in "The Truth About Yugoslavia," Page

This prohibition — "to form no matter what kind of armed units"

tisan Central Command. The terror. . ." (Daily Worker, July very need for such an order, by 28, 1942.) It is hardly necessary to stress they operate the Partisans base such independent formations. that this policy of confiscation

hemselves on locally-elected Apart from the fact that they hits not only the deposed local committees (or councils) - exist, nothing is known about and central authorities but all Yugoslav landlords and capitalists who pursue the policy of collaborating with the Axis, and even those who support Mikhailovich, for they also fall in the

In any case, it is the Partisans who have thus far enjoyed the towns and villages under the widest mass support, especially among the peasants. The reasons for this are not hard to establish. In addition to the above-cited democratization of the Yugoslav state apparatus, the Partisans have pursued a policy of confiscating food supplies and distributing them among the population which faces starvation.

"Food from army stores captured by the guerrillas. . . was distributed to needy population.' (Daily Worker, July 26, 1942.) "Flour. . . was distributed to

the starving population." (Idem,) On Oct. 7, 1942 the Daily Worker reported that the Partisans in Croatia had seized supplies of "requisitioned wheat and had distributed "several carloads" among the local popula-

"500 carloads of wheat ... were distributed among the population." (Daily Worker, Nov. 21 1942.) This distribution of food, the largest yet reported, came on the eve of the creation of the central government in Bihac.

But that is not all. By decision of the leadership of the "National Liberation Front" peasants in localities received "timber for building and for personal use without charge." (Daily Worker,

CONFISCATIONS

Naturally, the Yugoslav landlords and merchants who own these huge supplies and timber lands are opposed to such measures. And so is Mikhailovich who Their opposition is all the more

tial seizures. "In Slovenia the of civil war in the country? — is obviously aimed not only at Mikhailovich and the native fas- confiscated the property of Italconfiscated the property of Italcist formations, but at all guer- | ian spies and traitors to the peo- | is this struggle being conducted rilla detachments which try to ple and has distributed it among at present? We shall answer it operate independently of the Par- the peasant victims of the fascist in our next article.

ter, then to supply a legal cover at least, for some of these land seizures. No less drastic measures have

category of "traitors to the peo-

It is clear that the Yugoslav

peasantry, land hungry for cen-

turies, has been seizing the op-

portunity to divide the landlords

estates. And it is equally self-

evident that the leadership of the

Partisans has tried if not to fos-

been applied in other economic fields, particularly in the field of finance. Velimir Vlakhovic has peen permitted to cable from Moscow that the Partisans have confiscated "banks and funds in liberated towns."

WHAT DOES THIS POLICY REPRESENT?

"In Usice (the first capital of the central government set up by the Partisans,) they confiscated more than 10 million dinars. In large towns such a Chachak and Kralyevo, similar large sums were taken over. Large sums were also obtained by attacking Axis military and passenger trains." (Daily Worker, Feb. 2.)

The only trains still running in Yugoslavia are "Axis miliţary and passenger trains." The only banks existing there are those owned by Yugoslav bankers, financiers and capitalists, who are likewise the only ones able to carry large sums on their persons when riding on trains.

The creation of a new state power through the assumption of executive, legislative, legal, police and military powers, the confiscation of landlords' estates, stocks of food, timber, etc. and represents the Yugoslav ruling their division among the peasants, the confiscation of bankswhat are all these if not revolupitter because the policy of the tionary measures? And what can Partisans goes far beyond par- they flow from if not a condition

This automatically raises the question: Under whose leadership

Gandhi Fast Exposes Real Aims Of British In India

(Continued from page 1) behalf of India indicates that dian independence.

WASHINGTON'S GESTURE

Pressure on Washington to inindicated by the fact that Roosevelt's d'personal" envoy in India, William Phillips, called in the American correspondents on Feb. 21 to state that "American authorities" are "discussing" the situation with the British. But this was a perfunctory ges-

ture, designed solely to mollify American public opinion. This fact was exposed by the N. Y. Times correspondent when he reported that Philips made the announcement only to American correspondents and that it was not given to the Indian press. Washington, it is clear, has no dian struggle for independence. If Gandhi's fast illumines to the outside world the bestial character

voice to be raised again now on of British rule here will not be tradicted the doctrine of nonattained by negotiations or con- violence. Even Gandhi then said: stitutional methods."

This situation is certainly a paradox, for no one more than Gandhi has stood for the method of peaceful negotiations. That flowed from his creed of nontervene publicly with Churchill violence, and it was eagerly acmust also be considerable, it is cepted as a political method by the Indian bourgeoisie, which feared that mass revolutionary methods would not only free India but would also give the masses the power to put an end to the landlords and private ownership in general.

WAR ENDED ILLUSIONS

It was the war that dealt a death-blow to the doctrine of nonviolence. Up to then it had a certain surfaces plausibility as a method of resisting the British under conditions where the British had arms and the Indians did

But the war posed the question in a new form: would not a free India arm itself to resist Japanese invasion and aid China?

In July 1940, after the fall of even more true within India. The France, the Congress leadership Feb. 24 N. Y. Herald-Tribune offered to arm and defend India respondent which states that the a national government. Likewise conflict between Gandhi and the in the negotiations with Cripps, Viceroy "makes it more clear than the Congress made a similar offer. third will appear next week.)

". . .non-violence with me is a creed. . .But it is never as a creed that I placed it before India. . . I placed it before the Congress as a political method. . . As a political method it can always be changed, modified, altered or even given up in preference to another . If you can get what you want, you will strike the bargain, and you may be sure that I will not shed a single tear.'

Britain turned down the bar gain, but those offers put an end for all time to any pretense that non-violence was the fixed method of the Indian struggle. Obviously if violence could be used against the enemy from without, it could also be used against the enemy within. The Indian masses thought so and acted so when the civil disobedience campaign began. and they did so in spite of Gan dhi's declaration that the campaign must be non-violent.

Now this process of the discreditment of non-violence as a political method for India is climaxed by the failure of Gandhi's fast to move the British to (This is the second of a new

series of articles on India. The

A Timely Pamphlet!

Manifesto of the Fourth International TO THE WORKERS AND PEASANTS OF INDIA

20 Pages Five Cents

Order from:

PIONEER PUBLISHERS

116 UNIVERSITY PLACE

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Qualifications for Posts In War Production Board

Defrauding the government of thousands of dollars does not necessarily land a man in jail - not if he is an important capitalist.

For instance, on Feb. 14 executives of the General Electric Company, Okonite Company, General Cable Corporation, Phelps Dodge Copper Products Corporation and Anaconda Wire and Cable Company refused to contest indictments charging them with conspiring to fix prices on cable for the Navy and paid \$77,500 in fines to a New Jersey Federal Court.

Yet, according to I. F. Stone in the Feb. 18 PM, these same companies now dominate the copper division of the War Production Board which controls government purchases of the very products involved in the indictments.

Eight companies are represented on the new committee, and five of the posts are controlled by representatives of the indicted companies.

Moreover, three of the men on the new committee, who will help advise the WPB on wire and cable purchases, were named individually in the criminal proceedings instituted by the government.

Anaconda Wire and Cable was not only convicted of fraud in price fixing, but now faces trial in Indiana and Rhode Island on charges of knowingly selling defective cable to the armed forces. The Indiana indictment, which will go to trial in April, charges that the officers of the company knew the use of such defective wire and cable "would endanger the lives of men in the military force of the United States."

The fines so far imposed upon these companies constitute a mere slap on the wrist and make no appreciable dent in their huge war profits.

If their past record means anything, they can be depended on to use their government posts to more than compensate for the payment of these fines.

Egidio Mattina

Egidio Mattina of Easton, Pa., died in a Virginia army camp on Feb. 7. He was 26 years of age at the time of his death and had been drafted into the army one week before.

Egidio Mattina did not carry a membership card in the Socialist Workers Party when he died - but, he was our comrade. He was always close to the party, following the teachings of Lenin and Trotsky, and in his quiet, shy way, participated as much as he could in the struggle against the exploiting capitalist class.

Isolated in a small town, Egidio had no opportunity to work within the great mass labor movement. Yet, deprived of this opportunity, his devotion to socialism remained steadfast. Had he lived, he would undoubtedly have played a role in the movement at a future stage

Two weeks before his death Egidio wrote the following letter to a close friend who was active in the revolutionary movement. The type of youth he was, is revealed in his own words:

"I was drafted today as a private in the U.S. Army and must leave next Saturday for New Cumberland, N. Y. My papers were stamped 'Limited Service,' which probably means that I'll never get nearer to the front than a general does. I am not at all happy

"Certainly these years will be the most important in my life. I can only look back on my past years now with anguish, and the feeling that they no longer belong to me, but have already merged with the stream that carries the lives of my father and grand-

"I long for peace with every fiber of by being, not for that peace which will only be a continuation of the war by other methods, but for the peace as natural as fresh white bread.

"Ah, may victory remain with those who have made war without loving it.' Although Malraux had imperialist France in mind when he wrote them, no one can deny the inherent truth of these beautiful words.

"I clipped the list of places where The Militant is sold out of one of the issues. If I am stationed near any of them, perhaps I shall be able to renew my contact with my own past once in a while.

"I am afraid my ideas will have to 'go underground' for some time. I could tolerate that, but what makes it so terrible is that my heart will be forced underground with them - the two are so closely linked.

"Faithfully yours, Egidio"

SUNDAY OPEN FORUM

This week: Sunday, Feb. 28, 8 P. M. "LABOR PARTY

PROSPECTS — 1943" Speaker: WILLIAM WARDE

Next week: Sunday, March 7, 8 P. M.

"Labor and the Four Freedoms" Speaker: VINCENT R. DUNNE

Auspices:

NEW YORK SCHOOL of SOCIAL SCIENCE 116 University Place (cor. 13th Street) Second floor

Question-Discussion Period

Refreshments