Why Are There No Labor Representatives In The New Congress?

An Editorial

Of the 435 Representatives who took their seats in the new Congress on Wednesday, not one is a representative of labor.

The responsibility for this intolerable situation must be placed on the shoulders of the AFL and CIO leaders. In the November elections they failed to place any independent labor candidates for Congress before the voters.

The potential vote for independent labor candidates was enormous. There are over eleven million members in the trade

In addition there are the adult members of their families housewives, etc. - who would vote with the trade unionists.

There are also the millions of workers who are still unorganized through no fault or unwillingness of their own and who would vote with the organized workers.

There are the agricultural workers and poor dirt farmers, the natural allies of the industrial workers, who could be rallied under labor's banner. There are the many, many white collar and professional people and small shopkeepers who are wholeheartedly pro-labor.

Instead of arousing these millioned masses around labor, the AFL and CIO leaders backed Roosevelt's party, the Democratic Party.

But deep currents within the working class were hostile to this policy of delivering the workers' votes to one of the capitalist parties. As a result, the trade union leaders could not deliver what they promised Roosevelt.

Growing more and more discontented with the Democratic Party and long disillusioned with the Republican party, a large section of the working class simply stayed away from the polls. Over eight million fewer votes were cast in the Congressional elections than in 1938, and all observers agree that it was mainly the workers who stayed away.

Nor was it a case of turning from Tweedledee-Democrat to Tweedledum-Republican: although the Republicans polled over 50% of the total vote, they polled three million fewer votes than

In short, large sections of the workers were apathetic toward the elections because they rightly felt that there was no choice for them at the election booths.

And generally the workers who felt that way were the backbone of the trade unions — the most loyal, the most active, the men and women who built the unions. As one delegate to the recent CIO convention confessed, anywhere from 25 to 35% of the Michigan CIO members - the cream of the CIO - did not bother to even register to vote.

These facts are particularly important in the light of the demand, voiced by both the CIO and AFL for more labor representation in the various governmental bodies in Washington.

This demand is in part an alibi of the union leaders to explain why the trade unions are being kicked around in Washington - if Roosevelt would only appoint more union leaders to government bodies things would be different, they say.

But this demand is also a distorted expression of the realization, growing among the workers, that the old pure and simple trade unionism is inadequate, that organized labor must plunge deeply into politics.

Certainly the most important governmental body in Washington in which labor leaders should sit is Congress. Yet the trade union leaders, demanding seats everywhere else, are not demanding any seats' in Congress!

So far they are only "demanding" what Roosevelt can give them: a seat or two on the various bodies he appoints, the WLB,

But Roosevelt cannot give the trade union leaders seats in Congress. Those seats can only be gotten by running labor's own candidates in Congressional elections.

Even a handful of Congressmen, had they been elected by an INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY, would today make an enormous difference in Congress. Such tribunes of the masses would raise their voices loud in Congress, and they would be heard.

The workers' representatives would be heard by the great mass of workers. They could arouse these workers to such a pitch of resistance to the reactionary attacks that even this Congress would have to retreat.

None of the hypocritical "friends of labor" in Congress the New Dealers, etc. - will do this. They will make the record perfunctorily on various anti-labor bills. But they will not sound the alarm to arouse the great masses against the reactionary wave. They will knuckle down to the poll-taxers, rather than to bring the great masses into the union halls and streets in protests against the reactionaries.

Only Congressmen elected by an INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY could speak for the workers in Congress and thus mobilize the workers against their enemies. But, thanks to the company unionism in politics practiced by the AFL and CIO leaders, we do not have such Congressmen.

Members of the trade unions, both AFL and CIO: Let this be the last Congress which meets without being confronted by labor's own Congressmen! Forward to the INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY!

THE MILITANT

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

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FIVE (5) CENTS

British Soldiers Show Sympathy For Unionists OPA KEEPS RAISING PRICES

Notify Leeds Transport Workers That They Do Not Want to Act As Strikebreakers

and trade unionists in Great Britain is reported in the December issue of the British Socialist Appeal.

The Transport and General Workers Union in Leeds had decided to "withhold their labor" unless their employers showed a willingness to improve certain working conditions which have been greatly and deliberately.

garages in the district, some to premises. A meeting called by the tween worker and worker. transport workers on Nov. 29, had expressed their views in decent conditions. hand-written copies of a manifesto distributed to bus drivers and conductors.

The text of this manifesto follows:

Somewhere In Leeds Nov. 29, 1942

To The Mass Meeting Of The Transport Workers: Fellow Trade Unionists:

brothers in the forces who are in sympathy with you. We know the army will be

This is a letter from your

used in an endeavor to break the strike and to force you to accept those conditions against which you are fighting.

But you must know that although there are some who are prepared to take action on your behalf and many who sympathize with you, the nature of military discipline necessitates that this sympathy does not find open expression and that every

action be secret. The drivers of the military vehicles are forced to scab, but we ask you to realize that WE ARE NOT WILFUL STRIKE-BREAKERS BUT VICTIMS OF NO NAMES—NO PACK DRILL AFL and American Civil Liber-

MILITARY DISCIPLINE. You must not forget that the soldiers' uniform is no more a this letter and distributing them police and troops had killed barrier to class solidarity than is to conductors in the confidence the uniform of a tramwayman that at least one will reach the laration of martial law against or bus conductress.

An inspiring demonstration of solidarity between soldiers

worsened in the recent period. struggle not to direct your attack Immediately after this decision against the soldier but against was made known, armed troops the real scabs-the people who, and military vehicles were of their own free will, use the brought into all depots and military vehicles. In this way you will destroy drive a skeleton service and that artificial barrier which miliothers apparently to guard the tary discipline has created be-

The fraternal feelings of the and attended by 1500 members, soldier towards his civilian lcarned that the soldiers were brother will be strengthened and decidedly hostile to the idea of he will be given heart and courbeing used as strikebreakers, and age in his own struggle for

We therefore suggest to you

1. That in your own uniforms, you picket all bus and tram stops in order to dissuade people from travelling on the military vehi-

2. That you do not undertake any action which will place the soldier in an awkward position by compelling him to openly disclose his sympathies.

3. That you endeavor to give this letter publicity among soldiers so that they will know that their sympathy is appreciated and is a mark of your own solidarity with them.

In conclusion we wish to congratulate you on the stand you have taken. We urge you all to CIO, AFL Officials be firm and united. You are fighting not only for yourselves but Protest Attempts to for your fellow workers also. Your solidarity, your resolution and your courage will be an example to our class-to workers both in and out of uniform.

We wish you success and sign

P.S. We are writing copies of Strike Committee and be read to the tin miners' strike in Bolivia. We ask you then in your the meeting.

Bolivia Strike

17 Reported

Label It Nazi-Led

Jose Antonio Arze, exiled leader of the Bolivian Left Revolutionary Party, stated on lan. 1 in telegrams to the CIO, ties Union, that government seventeen workers since the dec-

This strike nearly led to a general strike, according to the Jan. 4 CIO News. When the Bolivian government tried to cover up the real causes by accusing the leaders of being 'Nazi agents," CIO and AFL officials protested saying they knew the strike leaders as bona-

The real cause of the strike is institute the long-promised labor code which would ease these con-

Ernesto Galarza, chief of the American Union, charged that behalf of the mine operators.

Nears Completion

Some More "Equal Sacrifice"

The film will portray Trotsky

Davies' Movie

the Social-Democratic Federation, has denounced the whitewash of Stalin's crimes in the forthcoming movie, "Mission to Moscow," and expressed fears that the picture may be shaped to the "grotesque pattern of Comintern propagan

The Dec. 26 issue of the paper reported that Trotsky would be shown as an agent of Hitler and organizer of a Russian Fifth Column. "The technical film advisor on this vicious fabrication," the New Leader said, "was Jay Leyda, well-known Kremlin cultural agent, Fellow-traveler Erskine Caldwell prepared the screen adaptation. . . What minor items are available about the picture hardly attest to scru-

The paper further reports and Warner Brothers' in Hollywood, are receiving protests

GROCE

Stalin's monsterous murders of

bassador Joseph E. Davies' sented as "protective measures book, "Mission to Moscow," is against German fascism." This being filmed specifically to dis- was revealed last week after pel "all antiquated convictions Davies had visited the Warner about the Moscow Trials." This Brothers set and enthusiastically ousted official called for the watched the trial scenes of the picture being made.

Thus the U.S. State Departa second front in Europe, it is giving him a Hollywood sugarcoated whitewash of his crimes against Lenin's co-workers and the world revolution.

The government's hand is directly in the picture, for all of the slanderous material comes and Davies has acted as an unofficial government supervisor whose job it is to see that the picture follows a line which will

(Continued on page 2)

LaFollette Paper Hits P. O. Ban

An editorial in the Jan. 4 issue of The Progressive, the La Follette weekly published in go. Wisconsin, calls attention to rence of the type of witch hunt- tion shows that the American ing which provided such a shame- Civil Liberties Union and other ful chapter in American history genuine friends of freedom have

a generation ago. "The recent action of the Post the trying year ahead."

Pro-Consumer Gov't Official Forced to Resign

Forced to resign because he took his job of consumer's counsel (representative) of the Agricultural Department seriously and advanced a program which would to a certain degree protect the consumers! Such was the fate of Donald E. Montgomery.

The program that Montgomery put forward was by no means radical. But because it would to a certain degree aid the consumers and cut the profits of the food manufacturers, packers, dairies, chain stores and large corporation farms, his post was abolished and he had to resign after seven years service.

Montgomery stated on resignng on December 28 that he was convinced that the "new Food Distribution Administration does not recognize the need for a partisan of consumers" while "food processors and distributors" have ample representation and a

"chance to say what they want." He declared that he saw "the termination of consumers' counsel as a clear signal to consumers that they had better look to their food needs themselves." He urged farm and labor organizations to begin immediately to "concern themselves with the food problems of their families and join with consumers organizations in making their needs known."

The program proposed by the

rationing of all foods except cereals and perishable fruits starting at once; government ment is appeasing Stalin in the subsidies to keep food prices most cynical manner. Instead of down; special rations of milk to children and expectant mothers at a price they could pay or, if necessary absolutely free; aid to millions of families whose incomes have not been raised by war work so that they could buy the food necessities; continuation of the food stamp plan as well as other methods to secure the from State Department archives, lower-paid groups of the population a more adequate diet; penalization of food waste, etc.

Undoubtedly there are many points in this program which would help in solving the food problem. Its main weakness is that it does not place the question clearly of who shall control the price fixing and rationing: the masses themselves through their own organizations or capitalist bureaucratic government bodies? Even this program, however

That's why Montgomery had to Office Department in denying arthe Post Office attacks on The bitrarily and without due process Militant and Labor Action as of law the privilege of the Uni signs of the need for relentless ted States mails to publications vigilance to "prevent a recur- like The Militant and Labor A

their work cut out for them in

aroused the fear of Big Business.

Big Business is carrying on a full-scale offensive against the living standards of the masses in the form of increasing demands for food price

That the government is giving in to the demands of Big Business was shown last week in several ways: the price of milk was raised in several centers; the price of flour went up; the quality of bread went down; the consumer's counsel of the Agriculture Department was forced to resign because he opposed some of the Big Business profit-gouging policies; it was announced that the food stamp plan would be

terminated March 1. Meanwhile the shortages of certain foods are growing more intense in the workers' neighborhoods. Those with plenty of money of course manage to get what they want, The government's rationing plans announced last week are full of loopholes which enable the wealthy to evade the reg-

ulations with ease. How can the workers meet these problems?

Rationing and price control are absolutely necessary. But under the control of the bosses and their government representatives, they have been

Real rationing and price fixing can be realized only under control of democratic mass committees of unions, working farmers' organizations, housewives and small businessmen. The policies of such committees would not be governed by the food trusts' greed for profits - a factor which now prevents much of the food from being shipped to low income neighborhoods.

At the same time the work ers must raise the demand: For a rising scale of wages to meet rising living costs.

Only in this way can the plans of Big Business be fought. Only in this way can the masses be assured of a chance to get an adequate amount of food and the other necessities of life.

New Rises Mean More Slashes in Living Standards

By C. Charles

The steady rise of OPA-authorized prices, above all prices of food, continues. This week the procession was led by increases in the price of milk and bread.

The price of milk in the New York, Chicago and Duluth-Superior areas has been raised from 11/2 to 2 cents. The immediate pretext for the increase in the price of this basic food was the abolition of government subsidy payment for milk.

The prices of flour, bread and bakery products have been raised.

The price increase in store bread and other bakery products has not taken place directly and openly, but by a lowering in the food value of bread and bakery products. The amount of sugar, milk and shortening in each loaf of bread has been cut.

The consumer pays as much for a loaf of bread as he did previously, but the loaf represents less food than before.

The price increases in the last week were not limited to milk, flour and bread. Thousands of stores in the metropolitan area are completely disregarding price ceilings for all foods of which there are shortages.

Prices are so high that Donald Montgomery, former Department of Agriculture consumer's counsel, declared recently that 38% of American families will not be able to buy the meat allowed to them under the forthcoming meat rationing plan.

The price increases take place on the background of an ever more acute condition of shortage, particularly in beef and dairy products. Beef has become a rare item

(Continued on page 2)

How I Got Plenty of Butter

By Michael Cort

NEW YORK - Last week I went to the grocery store to buy some butter and was informed by the grocer that I would have to purchase \$2 worth of other foods before he would give me any. I bought the \$2 worth of food and then was given permission to buy one quarter of a pound of butter. I noticed a woman went without the butter because she could not afford to buy the other food.

The following day a relative of mine arrived from the middle west and took my wife and me to Longchamps, one of the swankier restaurants. There were four of us and the waiter placed eight thick pads of butter in a silver tray on the table. When all but two pads were gone, the tray was whisked away and returned in a moment with eight more pads. Unfortunately we were unable to finish the second service of butter and I never discovered if we could have had

There is certainly no butter shortage at Longchamps. The only trouble is, of course, it costs you more than \$1 for the skimpiest plate they serve.

Cannon Trial Testimony Is Now **Being Translated Into Arabic**

The testimony of James P. | been hailed as a primer of socialthe Socialist Workers Party, at thousands of workers, was pubis being translated into Arabic ers International League in Britwith the purpose of republica- ain. tion, according to a letter re- The American edition, running same object in view.

Cannon's testimony, which has fendants in the trial.

Cannon, National Secretary of ism and has already introduced fide representatives of the workthe basic ideas of Marxism to the Minneapolis "seditious con- lished in this country early last the desperate economic condi-

Several articles by Leon Trotsky from Pioneer Publishers, 116 Uniare also to be translated with the versity Place, New York City, for the American Ambassador to ten cents. A companion pamph- Bolivia. Pierre Boal, had in-Another letter recently receiv- let, "In Defense of Socialism," tervened against the workers on ed reported that copies of Can- (same publisher, same price) connon's testimony have found their tains the stirring final argument

spiracy" trial of Nov. 1941, has year under the title of "Socialism tion of the workers and the been well received in Egypt and on Trial." It has also been given a wide circulation by the Work-institute the long-promised labor ceived in New York this week. to 116 pages, may be obtained Labor Division of the Pan-

way to India where they made a to the Minneapolis jury of the Farmers Union and other labor very favorable impression in la- chief defense counsel, Albert and liberal organizations have Goldman, himself one of the de- demanded an investigation of the Ambassador's activities.

Frameup Movie

The movie version of ex-Am- the old Bolsheviks will be preis on the authority of none other than the author himself.

'New Leader' Hits The New Leader, organ of

pulous concern for the facts."

that Elmer Davis, director of the Office of War Information, from numerous distinguished

Red Army Makes Important Gains The Stalinists Are Running

Advances Are Already Greater Than Those Achieved During Last Winter's Fighting

By Joseph Andrews

The Red Army continues its offensive against the Nazi invaders, taking several strategic cities and capturing tens of thousands of prisoners as well as stores of materiél, according to dispatches this week from Moscow.

Velikie Luki, northwest of Moscow, a strategic center on the Riga-Moscow railroad, through which supplies had been sent

Hitler's dream of feeding Ger-

awakening. The scorched earth

But these important factors in

the Nazi-Soviet war are not in-

cluded in the highly touted

A military offensive alone, un-

accompanied by revolutionary

propaganda to win the working

class solidarity of the German

proletariat and to break down the

morale of the Nazi troops, cannot

REVOLUTIONARY METHODS

Conditions are now more ripe

can no longer boast of victories.

But the revolutionary methods

Lenin and Trotsky are alien to

Stalin and his bureaucratic clique

slogans win the commendation of

against the Kremlin clique, can

insure victory for the USSR.

Army.

QUESTION OF MORALE

from the Reich to the Moscow 9 and Leningrad fronts; Mozdok heavy costs of over three years of and Elista, key cities on the cen- war. The Russian campaign has tral Caucasus front; and Chern- taken a heavy toll of Nazi ishkovsky airport and the rail- strength. From Nazi sources it is road junction of Chernishkov reported in the January, 1943 southwest of Moscow, were all Nazi farm officials have warned reported recaptured by the Red that the German people should Army. It has also been reported not expect "any additional food that the Red Army has regained supply from the Ukraine before the 1943 harvest." Transporta-Nalchik, the most important tion difficulties and civilian center in the northern Caucasus; resistance were cited as the chief this would endanger the whole reasons why so little food was German line in that area.

The German general staff has either denied or did not comment | many upon the Ukrainian breadon the reported defeats of Nazi basket has suffered a rude forces at these points.

But German military com- policy has cost Hitler dear. muniques have admitted that the Red Army has launched a serious offensive all along the wide front, in the midst of the second winter of the war.

GOOD NEWS

That such an offensive is bring about a breakdown in the sible exaggerations of the Mos- the front and workers in the fac- youth group. cow reports, is heartening news tories. to defenders of the USSR.

This offensive testifies to the continued high morale and great vitality of the Red Army and the "Master Plan" which Stalin has workers and peasants of the Soviet Union-a vitality such as no capitalist nation can summon, and a spirit such as no imperialist army can bring forth.

The very launching of an offensive in the second bitter winter of the war, against great odds and in spite of the defeats of last spring and summer, is evidence of the deep resolve of the Soviet workers and soldiers to defend the conquests of the October revolution, and to regain every inch of ground wrested from the than ever for revolutionary first workers' state by the Nazi

imperialists. The current offensive is on a larger scale and reports already ditions for a break in morale indicate that it is more successful among Nazi troops have been than the Soviet offensive last established. A call to the German winter. While last winter the Red soldiers and workers to join with Army was able to push forward the Soviet masses against the on only one front, central Nazi slavedrivers, a true inter-Moscow, this year they have not nationalist campaign to win the only retaken salients which last German masses to the side of the year were held by the Nazis, but Soviet Union, would insure the also have driven ahead on the success of the winter campaign. southwest and Caucasus fronts.

GERMAN SITUATION

Hitler in his New Year's Day who have been strangling the speech stated, "The winter may workers state. Stalin's nationalist be difficult, It's blows, however, cannot hit us harder than last the N. Y. Times, but they can local March-On-Washington Moveyear." He was over-optimistic. never arouse the latent revolu-With the recapture of Velikie tionary forces of the German Luki, Mozdok and Elista, the Red working class. has already inflicted Only those revolutionary forces. heavier blows against the Nazi allied with the masses of the armies than they were able to in- Soviet Union, against Nazism and

Germany has been feeling the save the USSR.

WORKERS GET IT IN THE NECK BECAUSE OF EMPLOYER PRACTICES

Fourteen large war plants in the Philadelphia area were recently charged by Louis B. F. Raycroft, regional director of the War Manpower Commission, with falsifying reports to obtain draft deferments for certain employees.

Raycroft announced on Dec. 31 that the WMC was going to penalize the employers involved. How? By refusing from now on to heed any deferment requests they make for their employees.

But since EVERY occupational deferment request by the workers in these plants has to come through the employers, this means that the workers will be made to suffer because their employers tried to pull some fast ones.

NegroYouth Group Opposes Ban On 'The Militant'

The failure of the Nazi armies NEW YORK, Dec. 28 — Support of The Militant's right to gain their objectives and the pressure of the prolonged war on to go through the mails was the economy, above all on the unanimously voted on Dec. 22 German masses, can very well at the latest meeting of Modunder way, regardless of the pos- morale of the German troops at ern Trends, a Negro progressive

A committee had been set up at a previous meeting to investigate the case of The Militant and the bought only by paying over ceil-Post Office Department's interference with its mailing privileges. Its report to the general memberreputedly drawn for the Red ship urged support of the position taken by the American Civil

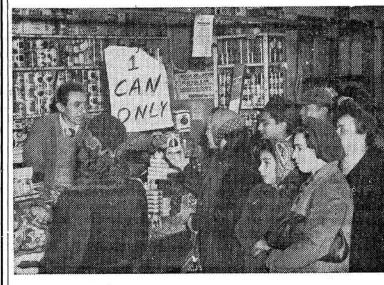
Liberties Union on this case. The committee's report stated that Modern Trends had long been on record in favor of freedom of was pointed out that the attack

on The Militant was a dangerous precedent which could be continued and extended without limit unless challenged now. The committee stressed the fact that it had been unable to find any official statement of policy by the methods against the Nazis. Hitler Post Office regarding suppression of publications and that no of-The USSR is advancing, Preconficial statement had been released concerning the ban on The Mi-

The resolution adopted by the members placed the group "on record as supporting the American Civil Liberties Union in its fight for preservation of a free press in the case of The Militant." Modern Trends is a leading youth group in Harlem, in the

cial and political phases of Negro life. Its members are students, in New York was not increased workers and writers, many of whom have played and are still boosted. playing an influential role in the

For a Rising Scale of Wages to Meet Rising Living Costs One Can Per Customer



(Federated Picture)

live in the luxury they are ac-

thereby cutting the quantity and

V.R. Dunne Speaks

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 3.

"1943 - the Four Freedoms

and the Labor Movement" was

the subject under discussion at

the Twin City Sunday Forum to-

day, with V. R. Dunne, organiz-

er for Motor Transport and Allied

The first World War was fought

in the name of "democracy

throughout the world," the speak

na and Africa, he said.

the main speaker.

shelter the worker gets.

The food crisis has reached the stage where many grocers limit their customers to one can each. Rationing, which is to go into effect in February, will continue to limit the standard of living of the workers, but leaves many loopholes for the rich.

OPA Continues To Raise Prices

(Continued from page 1)

for workers in many parts of the

Cream is a luxury food. Butter is scarce and often can be quality of the food, clothing and ing prices. Reports from Detroit show that butter is selling there at \$1 a pound. Evaporated milk

is becoming steadily scarcer. These shortages strike hard and mainly at the workers. In the sections of cities where the the sections of cities where the wealthy live, goods are available because ceiling prices are higher.

The rich are able to go to high. speech, press and assemblage. It The rich are able to go to highpriced fancy restaurants, clubs and hotel dining rooms and eat of the best foods until surfeited.

The workers must do without. The capitalist class of the country is pushing for still higher prices. With the increases in prices their appetites for even Workers Union Local 544-CIO, as nigher prices is sharpened.

BOSSES DEMANDING MORE

New Jersey dairies are demanding higher prices. They have already received authorization to ncrease the price of cream 1 cent

J. O. Eastlak, vice-president of the Borden Co., and secretary of the New York Metropolitan Milk Distributors, is demanding higher prices for home-delivered milk.

Distributors for home-delivered milk.

Distributors for home-delivered milk. forefront of activity in many so- prices for home-delivered milk. The price of home-delivered milk when store milk prices were

The baking companies are not er reminded his audience, "and satisfied with the hidden price brought the opposite, making rise and are demanding open way for Mussolini and Hitler." price increases. The American Talk about "Four Freedoms" is Bakers Association stated on meaningless in the face of be-

too low and must be raised. President Jack Koenig of the mission "to puncture" the pres- the speaker continued, asserting

Judging by the speed with their gains. hich the government okays the slightest hint of a request for price increase by any capitalist or group of capitalists, the dairy and baking companies will not ask in vain.

HOW "SQUEEZE" WORKS

and day to increase their profits, ternational, which came off the are placing pressure on the government for price increases up is up to its usual high theoretical and down the line. The bosses as- and educational standards. sert that without such increases they are being "squeezed." Here

is how it works: First the farmers get an increase in prices. Then the processors, the packers, the dairies and the food manufacturers, claiming that their profits suffer. because of the increased prices of raw material demand higher

Then the wholesalers secure authorization to increase prices. Following the wholesalers the retailer gets permission to advance prices to the consumer.

Finally the price increase is passed on to the worker consumDarlan, Otto, Franco, et al, shows a copy, \$2 for a year's subscripsabotage the war. He has had to er, whose wages are frozen so that they dare not analyze the that he cannot secure higher real reasons for these deals and wages to cover the increase in why they are worried about them. the cost of living.

HIGH PRICES MEAN MORE PROFITS

No worker will oppose an in- cial articles: crease in prices to the working farmer. However, this increase in role in the labor movement, made prices must come out of the profits of the capitalists, not be paid Trotsky, a few days after Lenin by the worker.

The wage worker and his famly, by taking cuts in their living attempts of the Stalinists and standards, maintain the profits of the capitalist press to obscure his

The capitalists are enabled to

Davies Movie Almost Ready

(Continued from page 1)

aid the current U.S. foreign

Details of the picture have also come from movie critic Virginia Wright who visited the set and eported in the Dec. 14 issue of the Los Angeles Daily News that the trials will occupy at least an entire reel in the finished film.

"The later Bukharin trial. . revealed," she wrote, "that his Trotskyist faction and the Tukhachevsky military clique were not planning a coup d'etat with the vice marshal at its head, but making deals with Germany and Japan as well."

OLD SLANDERS

There is nothing new in these slanders which are supposed to erase "antiquated convictions"convictions, incidentally, which Davies himself held until the needs of America's foreign policy suddenly enlightened him. At the time of the trials Davies, along with all other informed people, viewed the trials as frame-ups designed by Stalin to eliminate his political opponents. Davies has now "modernized" his ideas without daring to pretend customed to, war or no war, and that any new evidence is availreceive more than their usual profits by raising the prices and

Davies' "modernization" was an automatic process that took place when the United States and the Soviet Union became military

Even before the war Hollywood always attempted to anticipate the needs of the State Department and supply it with film propaganda. An example which comes to mind is the picture "Ninotchka" — a vicious ridicule of the Soviet system. This picture was released in the early days of the Hitler-Stalin pact.

TRUTH ABOUT THE

There can be no question but hat film propaganda is extremely effective. It is vitally important, therefore, that all workers inform themselves as to the true Recalling the Atlantic Charter facts concerning Stalin's slanwhich guarantees freedom of ders against Trotsky. John speech and worship, freedom from Dewey, outstanding American want and fear, everywhere in the philosopher and educator, headed world, Comrade Dunne described a commission which investigated it as a "false promise on the part | all charges and found Trotsky inof the international leaders to the nocent. The findings of the Dewey

the Stalinists by reading these

WDL PROTESTS POST OFFICE BAN

The Workers Defense League for the Stalinist defeats. reported last week that it had Dec. 30 that ceilings are entirely trayals of promises to India, Chi- written a letter to Postmaster 302 of the AFL Cafeteria Employ-Frank Walker in Washington ees, where the C. P. got a decisive "The labor movement of Amer- protesting the Post Office Depart- licking, "Instead of seeing the Associated Retail Bakers and ica has been so bound to the war ment's interference with the mail- dissatisfaction of the workers... nounced that he had asked Food machine that they have retreat- ing rights of The Militant, Fourth there was a tendency to pooh-pooh Administrator Wickard for per- ed all the way along the line," International, and Labor Action. these expressions of dissatisfacent price ceilings on bread and that this way lies defeat for the feels "the right of a free labor ganda artificially stimulated by unions, which are giving up all movement to express its views is endangered by such action."

'FOURTH INTERNATIONAL' FOR

press just before New Year's Day,

Strategy of Food by C. Charles and Darlan and the Liberals by

count of how the Allied leaders used the weapon of food and relief to aid the counter-revolution in Europe after the armistice and to fight the attempts of the mass es to establish and maintain workers' governments in the Soviet Union, Hungary, Finland and other countries.

plaintive comments of the Amer-

The magazine observes the nine teenth anniversary of the death of Lenin, the great leader of the Russian Revolution, in three spe

in 1918 by his co-worker, Leon had been shot and almost killed An editorial on Lenin and the

role and policies An analysis by John G. Wrigh Other articles in the issue in-

A contribution to the discussion on the national question in Europe by M. Morrison. A continuation of William F. Warde's examination of the factors that have brought American

The concluding part of Why Walter Held. A review by Harry Frankel of

the stand now taken by pettybourgeois intellectuals of the Lewis Corey type, who fled from | der to yell for help, or to explain movement and its ideas as soon this way because some mysterias the war reaction made itself out conspiracy of employers is

tion, and is published at 116 Uni- be a little more positive in his versity Pl., New York City.

New 'Educational Campaign'

the internal life and structure of to offer the ranks is to let them the Communist Party can see in on the secret that wage "stabfrom recent issues of the Daily ilization" does not mean wage Worker that the Stalinist bureau- "freezing" and to assure them crats are having some trouble that if they only learn how to with the CP rank and file.

ist party for the members to ex- no provisions against raises for press dissatisfaction with the pol- increased production. icies or tactics of the leadership. slogan he raises is: To openly voice any doubts or the workers, so that they increase questions about the current line is production per hour; thus they to risk speedy expulsion as a will be entitled to increased "Trotskyist fifth columnist." The hourly wage rates and they will only way the members can express quit demanding strike action. their doubts or discontent is by (Daily Worker, Dec. 17-19.) quitting the organization, lapsing into inactivity, failing to carry out assignments, etc.

What generally follows such manifestations is an "educational metropolitan UE locals. campaign" conducted by the bureaucrats and aimed at "explaining" the questions which the members dare not raise. The latest such campaign has been under way since a national conference of CP leaders held at the beginning of December.

One cannot tell from the columns of the Daily Worker alone how disturbed the C. P. ranks are - and it is not our intention to exaggerate the significance of such developments, which the bureaucratic structure of the C.P. has enabled the leadership to meet | did not see the party doing anyand overcome dozens of times in thing that couldn't be done the past. But it is easy by reading what the Stalinists are writing to discern just what questions are now troubling the rank and gard this question as dynamite.

Perhaps the most important of these is the question of trade union work, wages, strikes. Once the Soviet-German war had begun and the C: P. decided to support the war, the Stalinists became known as the most anti-militant and boss-sucking group in the

But as Earl Browder admits in in article in the Jan. 3 Worker, There were many misconceptions before we were able to establish the full understanding in our lawas no longer considered permissible by us for solving our problems. That was a difficult test. Incidentally, we made a few little mistakes on the way."

Although this line has been apoiled a little more "skillfully" son, it is still the same anti-militant line. Wherever it is applied, it discredits the Stalinists. In several recent cases it has resulted in Stalinist union officials betrend has become so marked that Rose Wortis had to analyze the three New York AFL unions and admit that at bottom "the question of wages" was responsible

As she says of the vote in Local The WDL letter said that it tion as merely election propathe opposition. The opposition was quick to take advantage of this dissatisfaction. The progressive (C. P.) leadership allowed the disruptive elements to pose as champions of the interests of the workers and through their demagogy to turn this dissatisfaction against the leadership . . . (Daily Worker, Jan. 1.)

n speeches meant primarily for this "explanation." CP members that "Communists everywhere are resisting. . strike sentiment with all of the influence that they have" and has cite other examples, which the warned that "The Communists interested reader can find for himeconomy to the initial stages of are holding back the working self in the Stalinist press — "exclass today from strike action, planations" about why Negroes but the country had better un- must continue to regard this as the German Revolution Failed, by derstand that the Communist a "war for democracy" even Party is very small and though they are denied the most cannot do the job alone." (The elementary democratic rights Worker, Dec. 27.)

But it is not enough for Browall contact with the socialist that the C. P. is carrying on in deliberately promoting the senti-

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Those who are acquainted with | But all that he has been able read carefully they will find out It is very difficult in the Stalin- that government decrees contain

This fantastic speedup scheme is now being pushed with great energy by the Daily Worker and in certain unions, including some

Kenneth Crawford of PM, who writes as T.R.B. in the New Republic, has suggested that the Stalinists do a service to the war they support by voluntarily disbanding the CP. One might be surprised at the amount of space the Daily Worker spends in attacking Crawford for raising this idea. But not if it is recalled that many CP and YCL members themselves raised this question over a year ago because they and more effectively - in the left wing of the Democratic Party. Evidently the CP leaders re-

The Daily Worker has begun a weekly column on Party Education, conducted by Sam Don, head of the National Education Department. The first column (Jan. 2) warns against the "hangover of 'thinking-as-usual'" and the need for the members to become "well informed and theoretically grounded" in the C. P. line. "Clarify, clarify and again clarify must be our watchword," says

This column, like many others by the C. P. leadership, comments on the "confusion" of those liberals who have become discouraged por movement that strike action by recent events — the Darlan deal, the Otto deal, the bid of friendship to Franco, etc. - and tries to answer the liberals' arguments. The increasing amount of attention paid to this question suggests that the C. P. ranks too are seriously disturbed by the newest manifestations that this is not a war for "four freedoms."

Another question which we know quite definitely is worrying C. P. members concerns the attithe GPU journalist, Ilya Ehrenburg, have voiced the most scurresults of elections just held in rilous kind of nationalist hatred for the German people and lumped them together with the Nazis.

On Dec. 29 the Daily Worker printed a carefully-written and apologetic letter from a reader suggesting that Ehrenburg is making a mistake, pointing out that Stalin has made the record against hating the German neople as a nation, and asking if Ehrenhurg's anti-German chauvinism does not aid Hitler in keeping a hold on the German people. In the same issue is an "answer" by Milton Howard, presented as "some ideas which I have had as I read the various views."

Howard takes care not to disagree with anything written by Stalin, and tries to take a halfway position. But the net effect of his "ideas" is that the Stalinists should encourage Germanhating. . . in the interests of the German people themselves. There is little likelihood that the Sta-Browder has repeatedly stated linist ranks will be satisfied with

> themselves and "explanations" about why C. P. leaders and symnathizers continue to be attacked by the government, despite their support of the most reactionary nolicies and despite the "progressive administration" in Washington - the latest case being the arrest of Michigan State Senator Stanley Nowak on charges that he had lied about his belief in 'organized government" when he applied for citizenship a few years ago.

It is difficult to believe that such "explanations" can satisfy whatever honest and informed militants still remain in the C. P. On the contrary, they should hasten the process by which the serious revolutionists will come to understand that the bureaucratic domination of the C. P. by the agents of the Kremlin has transformed it into one of the worst obstacles in the path of the socialist struggle.

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NEW YORK CITY

Balance Sheet of the Finnish Events

the capitalist class.

JANUARY IS NOW ON SALE The January issue of the month- of Lenin's teachings on the prob-The capitalists, working night ly Marxist magazine, Fourth In- lem of nationalities.

> Featured articles in the current issue are The Post-War

Marc Loris. The first is an absorbing ac-

The Loris article reviews the ican liberals over the deals with

A speech summing up Lenin's

Negro Struggle

____ By Albert Parker ____

THE NEGRO PRESS:

An Attack Answered and a Criticism Made

attack comes in the form of an it. article by a Negro named W. H. before the Dec. 19 Saturday Review appeared for sale.

Brown's article, "A Negro Looks At The Negro Press," is filled with the usual lies and slanders Negro press is responsible for being attacked because it was discriminated against and segreg- movement, for one thing, and to- ly in Hollywood.

In this way Brown tries to equality for another. blame the Negro press for the growing determination of the Ne-

can be bought two for a nickel wall of silence. and will be found in almost any group; whether you call them the Post Office, we drew up a Quislings or Benedict Arnolds or short account of what had hap-Uncle Toms doesn't matter. pened, especially as it related to Neither is his article very im- the struggle against Jim Crowportant one way or another; ev- ism, and sent it to almost every eryone acquainted with the Negro leading Negro paper in the counpeople and the Negro press knows try, asking them to help us pubhow easy it is to answer and an- licize the Post Office repressions.

Brown's article is getting such a journalists, men who have earned buildup and such a wide circula- themselves a reputation as protion, mostly among people who labor militants. We personally Lessons of 1918-1920 have never seen the Negro press contacted some of the New York and may be taken in by Brown's papers and got promises that they lies. This is a most ominous sign, would run the story. But not a and we would be guilty of unpar- single Negro paper carried that donable lightmindedness if we story! Only later, when the capiregarded it as accidental.

The Readers' Digest is more counts, did two of the Negro than a magazine, it is also an weeklies even mention the case. important propaganda mechanism venomous hate-making pace." | The Militant, they might escape Brown may not yet dare to openly attack themselves. advocate muzzling the Negro to prepare public opinion for sup-

All this should be taken as a warning. Militant workers of all Negro equality. The Courier is then prime minister, was no less races must be on guard to pre- 100% correct when it says that an enemy of the Soviet Union, vent interference with freedom such a policy is harmful to the but he was opposed to intervenof the press for the Negro pa- Jewish struggle as well as to the tion on a large scale because he

It may not appear tactful ungro press but we feel it timely those of the Negro struggle, as ill, began landing troops in North nevertheless, for it is connected well as The Militant's. with the s u b i e c t under it only for not being more mili- press.

Once again the Negro press is | tant and outspoken. Our criticunder attack from those who isms, now as always, are intendwant to silence its protests a- ed to strengthen the Negro struggainst Jim Crowism. The latest gle for equality, not to weaken

Brown, printed in the Dec. 19 is- was suddenly attacked by the possue of the Saturday Review of tal authorities; since then the pa-Literature, and "reprinted" in the per has either been destroyed or widely-read Readers' Digest even held up in the Post Office so that its usefulness was greatly impaired by the time it was deliv-

> No reasons were given by the ward the struggle for Negro

Although the Post Office ignored our protests, someone in Wash- told the State CIO convention gro masses to free themselves ington saw to it that the capifrom Jim Crow chains. This is talist press did not publicize what standing the matter on its head, was happening, although it was fundamentally altered the nationas Brown must know, for the Ne- certainly an interesting story al economy that trade unions must gro press only reflects the atti- from the standpoint of pure switch their main emphasis from tude of the Negro masses, which journalism. Almost a full month is as a matter of fact far more passed before the daily press that money formerly brought. militant than any of the Negro printed any information on the case, and then probably only be-Brown is completely insignifi- cause some labor papers had cant as an individual; his kind helped us to break through the

Shortly after the first step by We got into touch by mail with But what is significant is that two of the nation's leading Negro talist press printed the first ac-

One of the Negro journalists and a molder of public opinion. with whom we corresponded gave Its editors are well aware that us a clue to what was happening. Brown's article paints a false pic- He expressed his sympathy, and ture of the Negro press. There said he recognized it as the first is every danger that the printing step in an attack on all papers of that article in the Readers' Di- critical of administration policy. gest is a preparatory step toward | What was necessary now, he the silencing or intimidation of said, was for the Negro press "to the Negro press, and with it the curve like an Australian boomerstruggle against Jim Crow. Brown ang" -- that is, to lay low, to be ends his article by saying that he less sharp in its criticism. In is "not advocating the muzzling other words, the Negro publishof the Negro press but it should ers seem to believe that by keepnot be encouraged to run at a ing quiet about the attack on

The Pittsburgh Courier, to men- General Sir C. Maynard.) press, but his article will do much tion but one paper, has often criticized certain Jewish groups for full-scale imperialist intervention demanding equal rights but not against the Soviet Union was being willing to go to bat for Winston Churchill. Lloyd George, Negro struggle. But so too are feared mutiny in his own ranks. troops in Russia was very low. we correct in saying that the There were plenty of reasons to In one instance a British crew Negro press by refusing to de- give substance to his fear. der these conditions for us to fend free speech for The Militant make some criticisms of the Ne- is hurting its own interests and

The ostrich puts his head in discussion. Few readers of the sand, but that doesn't save The Militant will misunderstand him; in most cases it is the ally swelling the number to 18,our remarks, but they well know cause of his doom. The Negro fended the Negro press against of press for all groups, or they reactionary attack, and criticized may lose their own freedom of

Recent dispatches, however, indicate that the revolt was more widespread. The Jan. 3 N. Y.

"Fourteen persons were sentenced to death and twenty-seven to transportation for life by the Nagpur [Madras province] High interests of the capitalists is dem-Court today in two cases arising out of the recent disturbances at Chimur village."

And in a Dec. 5 dispatch:

"Special courts at Bangalore ica. and Wardha [in Central Provinces] have sentenced twenty-one gazette of the Reichsprotektor in investigate the books, correspond- such a war. The government repersons to death as a result of Bohemia and Moravia which publence and property, if this is deem- treated. the Indian disorders in August lished a ruling on September 10, ed advisable for reasons of puband September."

We already knew that the workers in the war industries in release commercial concerns from Bihar province, Bombay and else- their obligation to publish finan- comparatively lightly, not to be loss of 550 young seamen, killed where had been on many strikes cial statements. He may prohibit during this period. Now we see business firms from giving re- profits in the face of the starv-

find Nagpur, and over to Bombay on the West.

This includes the majority of

That fascism is just a more onstrated in the following excerpt from the December 21 News peal fell on fertile ground. Flashes published by the Czecho-

1942 that:

"The Minister of Justice may

The Economics Of Jabberwocky

'Twas brillig, and the slithy toves Did gyre and gimble in the wabe; All mimsy were the borogroves, And the mome raths outgrabe.

When Lewis Carroll wrote his | that money in terms of dollars brilliant use of the art form to by the war,' Bridges declared. express the music of poetry emi-Two months ago The Militant the science of political economy, chase their goods, Bridges indiout the versatility of the Stalin- ginal.)

The October 16, 1942 issue of postal authorities for this proce- the Stalinist controlled Labor much on the line of getting more against the Negro newspapers — dure, but most informed circles | Herald, official organ of the CIO particularly the charge that the understood that The Militant was in California, carried the following account of a speech made by "hate-making" because it prints openly critical of the govern- Harry Bridges to the California stories showing how Negroes are ment's policy toward the labor State CIO convention held recent-

"Declaring that 'money is not worth much these days.' California CIO Director Harry Bridges here that the war - and the need for winning the war - has so wage gains to winning the things

"'We've got a lot of our unions still thinking they can make gains of the Waterfront Employers Asby getting wage increases of so sociation of the Pacific Coast. much per hour, or per day, and they are fooling themselves if they only think in terms of dollars and cents.' Bridges said in his annual report.

"'It doesn't matter how much noney you've got these days' the ILWU president asserted, 'its pretty tough to buy tires for your that "money is not worth much utomobile, or to get a new machine or even to repair one.

"'And there are many similar like the bosses are completely examples that all point to the fact sold on the idea.

The English government, most-

chak and Mannerheim

mies they nourished were:

soldiers and civilians alike.

3. The popularity of Bolshevik

territory held by the counter-rev-

THREE REASONS

English people.

olutionary forces.

lic order."

"Jabberwocky" he and cents does not represent gains strung words together, in rhyth- for unions and workers anymore mic cadence without regard to because our entire national eco their literal meaning. Carroll's nomy has been forced to a change

"Solution of the dilemma in nently justified the liberties he which workers find themselves took with the English language. with more money to spend but One would hardly suppose that less channels from which to purwhich requires mathematical pre- cated, is to compel greater labor cision of expression, would lend representation in various wartime itself to the medium employed by government agencies that now Carroll in his "Jabberwocky." In control our war effort and our this assumption one reckons with- very lives. (Emphasis in the ori

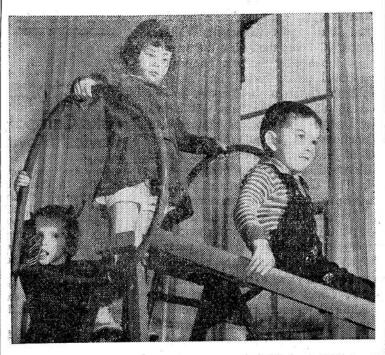
"'There is a job we are slipping up on. We have our eye too money, instead of going after the things that money represents. Things that we can get these days easier than ever before, hecause we are talking in terms of production, of winning the war, of unity, and all the things that go into the war effort."

Epilogue

San Francisco, December 18, 1942 - Requests for wage in creases presented by Harry Bridges on behalf of the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union of fifteen cents W. P. Foisie, president, on behalf "Mr. Foisie informed longshore officials that the request for increased wages had been rejected.' (San Francisco News-December 18, 1942).

Post Script

Harry Bridges' economic thesis these days," may be pure Jabberwocky to the workers but it looks Child Care Problem Acute



(Federated Picture)

This is one of the WPA nursery schools which will be closed soon due to lack of funds. The lack of public nurseries throughout the country has precipitated many domestic crises as mothers have entered industry. Labor seeks a national child care program to keep nurseries open (and to create new ones) when the WPA goes out the window this year.

housemen's Union of fifteen cents per hour were rejected today by W. P. Foisie president, on behalf AND 'WAR ECONOMY'

By B. STEVENS

tration finds itself confronted appropriation in the last budget with a rise in juvenile delin- by the Mayor, mainly in response quency which the short sighted to the pressure of the real estate policy of the administration it- interests and in the name of "war self has helped to aggravate. The social, health, recreational and educational services of the

The New York City adminis- city were put on a starvation

Unmindful of the fact that war brings with it a necessity for increased health, recreational and educational services, to coun- capitalism. teract in part the inevitable maladjustments of the civilian population, especially the youth, the Mayor launched on his pennypinching policy of cutting these very services to the bone as his and to the real-estate interests in the form of a lowering of the tax

THE REAL CAUSE

The protests of the educational

England of labor and the people hoods have long felt the result of revolutionary Marxists. It so overcrowded classes, lack of happens, however, that the official ganization of an independent Jewrecreational facilities, lack of nationalism of the Jew has a reacagain engaged in a fierce strug- child welfare services, dental and tionary side to it and therefore gle against another imperialist health services, and even the lack cannot be supported by Marxists. invader, Germany. One of the of sufficient attendance officers most powerful weapons of the to deal with the truant situation.

Under normal peace-time conditions, this "economy" policy would undoubtedly have resulted in a rise of juvenile delinquency. With the aggravation of war-time dislocations of the home, this 'war-economy" is turning out to be a criminally expensive policy material.

Some of the teacher organiza- in Palestine. ions have gone to the length of calling for police protection against delinquents. By no means a solution to the difficulty, it is an expression of the helplessness and itteriness of the educational staff. This condition, too, can be laid at the doorstep of the Mayor and the budgetcutters.

For the past year everything as tended to demoralize the educational staff, rather than to strengthen and reassure it. Added to the extra duties, such as rationing, vacation duty, air-raid drill, etc., the fact that there was a constant threat of dismissals, cuts in staff, doubling of classes due to lack of substitutes, has done tremendous harm to the of them are now manifesting. purpose.

WHAT IS NEEDED

The six-point program just put forth by the school officials for meeting the problem of juvenile delinquency is entirely inadequate and only a patching-up affair. It calls for reduction of class size in the affected areas—to 39. It calls for the shifting of teachers from less-affected areas to those where invenile delinquency is more prevalent. This would have the effect of leaving the problem unsolved in the worst areas, and only creating new areas of trouble.

pansion of the recreational and of the city, the reduction of class and the appointment of at least 1000 new teachers to take care

The Demand For A Jewish Army

By M. Morrison

pathetic than the spectacle of the an army is to assure the creation Jewish nationalists begging, ex- of a Jewish state in Palestine. horting and demanding permis- Even that purpose would be persion to organize an independent fectly legitimate and justifiable Jewish army in Palestine to fight were it not that the movement for democracy against Hitler. for the creation of such a state Huge advertisements appear in is one depending upon and allythe large daily newspapers notify- ing itself with the imperialist ing the world that an army of world against the colonial world. 200,000 Jews could easily be mob- Therein lies the reactionary charilized and used to fight the Axis acter of official Zionism. Instead powers in Palestine. An imposing of appealing to the Arabs, who list of prominent Americans who constitute a majority of the inendorse the project is appended habitants of Palestine and the to the advertisements. But the surrounding territory, for a joint leaders of British imperialism, struggle for independence against also fighting for, democracy ac- British imperialism, official Zioncording to the official documents, ism, in actuality, is an instrument are adamant and refuse to accept of British imperialism against the the aid offered on behalf of de- Arab world. mocracy in the form of an independent army of Jews fighting in They who have suffered most

at the hands of fascist barbarism, they who, in all probability, would fight harder than any other army against Hitler, are brusquely told that the welfare of the nations fighting for democracy cannot permit the organization of an independent Jewish army in Palestine.

army and the refusal of the leaders of British imperialism to yield on this question are significant in that together they show duty bound to fight for the right the reactionary character of of of the Jew to enter Palestine. ficial Zionism as well as its com- But only under the condition that plete inability to solve the Jewish Jewish nationalism should not

In its early progressive stage, capitalism liberated the Jew from the ghetto. It utilized the training the Jew had received in the commercial world — a training which was the consequence of his being deprived, in the middle ages, of the right to own land and to be a member of the guilds - to further the development of

In its stage of decline, capitalism has no use for the Jew except as a scapegoat for its inability to solve any of the problems confronting mankind. If capital- struggle against British imperialism continues to exist, the Jew ism. All that such an orientation contribution to the war effort— must therefore be prepared for can do immediately is to enable physical extermination or, at best, revolutionary and progressive a return to the ghetto and the yellow badge. If society as a whole is faced with the historic alternative of either socialism and freedom or fascist slavery, the native in a far more personal Quite natural is the growth of

Jewish nationalism as a reaction progressive in character The underprivileged neighbor- therefore deserving of support by This is so because it depends for

of the Jewish army, if the British and not against the British. rulers should permit it to be orquestion to be answered with reference to the campaign for such an army. The Jewish nationalists would not raise such a hue and cry for an independent army if it were only a question of fighting against Hitler. The answer of the British imperialists to a demand founded on such a motive could very well be that the Jew can fight Hitler equally well as part of the British army. And while the answer is not adequate, we can well imagine that it would morale of the teaching staff, and satisfy those who agitate for such caused whatever jitteriness some an army if that were their only

On our part, if the function of a Jewish army were to defend itself against violence from any source there could not possibly be any objection to it. A people has a right to defend itself against violence. There are, I presume. many enthusiastic adherents of the idea of an independent Jewish army who sincerely believe that this would be its main purpose. But it is very naive for anybody to ascribe that motive to the official leadership of the movement.

The opening of recreational What is needed is a real ex- centers in all districts of the city the Jews only with the victory of to take care of workers' children the working masses. Until then educational services in all parts till the parents return from work, those Jews who want that right and the expansion of health and must come to an agreement with size to at most 35 pupils per class, child welfare services are urgent- the Arabs on the basis of making ly needed to cone with the present common cause with the colonial problem of maladjustment and to world against the imperialist of the larger number of classes. prevent future delinquencies.

There can be nothing more | Essentially the purpose of such

We can understand and sympathize with the desire of some Jews to escape the anti-Semitic persecution in Europe and America by settling in Palestine. This cannot solve the Jewish problem. Nevertheless, the Jew who wants to settle in Palestine either to escape anti-Semitic persecution or to create and conserve Jewish culture ought to have the right to do so. But that right, in view of the actual situation in Palestine, The campaign for a Jewish must be exercised with the consent and cooperation of the Arabs.

Revolutionary Arabs are in constitute itself into a prop of British imperialism. To rid itself completely of its reactionary side, Jewish nationalism must make its appeal to the Arab world assuring the Arabs that under no circumstance would it use force against them in order to establish a Jewish state.

I do not mean to say that those who are anxious to settle in Palestine in order to escape persecution or to create a Jewish culture will succeed in solving all their difficulties by an orientation of reaching an understanding with the Arabs on the basis of a joint Arabs to struggle for the right of the Jews to settle in Palestine. Since an independent Jewish army will inevitably be used not only to participate in the imperialist conflict but also for the establishment of a Jewish state against the will of the Arab people and in dependence upon imperialism, Marxists cannot possibly support the campaign for such an army.

The fact that British imperialism refuses to consent to the orish army does not alter the essential character and purpose of the proposed army. British imnerialists have their own reasons the realization of its goal on for opposing the creation of such either British or American im- an army at the present time. erialism. The Jewish nationalist They do not want to set a precebelonging to a people which has dent of permitting an independmost to lose by the continued ex- ent army in any of their colonies. istence of imperialism, has tied And, under the particular cirhis fate not to a struggle against cumstances, they do not want to this imperialism but to depend- antagonize the Arabs who, toence upon it. This reactionary sether with all other Mohammedside of official Jewish nationalism ans, represent a far more imis clearly seen in the campaign portant factor for British imperfor an independent Jewish army lalism than do the Jews. The Arabs fear an independent army for the same reason that they fear an independent Jewish state: What will be the main function that will be used against them

> The Jewish bourgeois nationalists have no trouble in getting the support of some influential Americans for the simple reason that American imperialism is indifferent to the problems and difficulties of British imperialism connected with the Jewish army. That official Jewish nationalism depends upon imperialism is indicated by the fact that it turns to American imperialism for aid after British imperialism has rejected its demand.

The Jewish nationalists do not think of launching a campaign amongst all colonial peoples for their right to organize independent armies. They do not think of organizing a campaign for a ioint army of Arabs and Jews to defend the independence of Palestine against all invaders and imperialist exploiters.

Revolutionary socialists can never become enthusiastic about the idea of creating a new national state in this epoch of hisstory when the productive forces demand the abolition of all national boundaries. But they will support the right of all peoples including the Jews, to have a homeland and preserve a culture which they cherish. In the last analysis this can be achieved for

International Notes

By BETTY KUEHN

At the peak of the Indian peasant revolts extended from struggle for national independence Bihar and Bengal provinces in during the past year, the only the east, the United Provinces in news concerning the peasant up- the Northeast, down through the risings to leak through the cen- Central Provinces where Bangasorship was that they were tak- lore and Wardha are located, to ing place in Bihar and the United | Madras in the 'South where we

the 11 provinces of British India.

from these dispatches that the ports or information to creditors ing workers of Europe.

other places in Britain revolted But even today, when we are en The Russian Revolution of October, 1917 was an inspira- France struck, demanding demo- I demand that you never forget staff went unheeded until the Jew is confronted by that altertion to the war-weary masses bilization. In one instance 400 that there are two Englands. Be- recent murder of a teacher and of World War I. To the capital- men who had been ordered to en- sides the England of profits, of a few other cases of violence in form. ist governments, however, it train for Salonica, to fight in violence, bribery and bloodthirsti- the schools made this situation a was something to be hated and South Russia, simply refused to ness, there is the England of la- front-page newspaper sensation. feared. As one of the British go. The Daily Herald, British la-bor, of spiritual power, of high These incidents have merely to the growth of anti-Semitism. generals active in the intervention against the Soviet Union to the feeling is the large to the growth of anti-Semitism.

So the growth of anti-Semitism. bor paper, said on Jan. 11, 1919, ideals of international solidarity. brought into focus of public attention a situation which has is most an oppressed people is tion against the Soviet Union same. The war is over. We won't stated, they considered it necessary "to throttle in its infancy go home." the noisome beast of Bolshevism."

Defeat The Interventionists

British Masses Helped To

At a Labor Party conference, ("The Murmansk Adventure." in 1919, the delegates overwhelmingly passed a resolution against The most militant advocate of intervention. There were countless demonstrations against intervention, and numerous strike threats if it were continued. A "Hands Off Russia" committee

was launched The morale among the British at Libau on the Baltic mutinied and had to be sent home. The ly through the efforts of Church- British government was finally forced to order the evacuation of Russia, In April, 1918, marines British troops from Northern

landed in Murmansk, followed by Russia. The British government, howthe landing of more troops, finever, sought every opportunity to 400 British troops. This was be- continue the struggle against the that we have at all times de- publishers must defend freedom sides the munitions and supplies Soviet Union. On May 10, 1920 provided for the counter-revolu- British dockers refused to load a tionary generals of the White vessel that was to carry munitions Armies, Denikin, Yudenich, Kol- to Poland, then at war with Russia. The coal trimmers refused to coal the vessel. A week later the Dockers Union declared a The factors that finally led to general ban against loading any British withdrawal from Russia materials to be used against Rusand the defeat of the White Ar- sia. Refusals to load for Russia occurred at Invergordon, Ports-1. The tremendous popularity mouth, Rosyth, Devonport and of the Soviet Union among the Fort Edgar. A crew, learning it was bound for Russia, refused to 2. The war weariness among sail.

> TREMENDOUS DEMONSTRATIONS

ideas among the population in When the Red Army was marching toward Warsaw, the On August 1, 1918, the Sov- British capitalists; in a frenzy of narkom, Council of People's Com- fear threatened war if the Red misars, issued an appeal to the Army proceeded any further. This toiling masses of England, galvanized the British labor France, America, Italy and Jap- movement into action. On Aug. an, exposing the purpose of these 8, 1920 tremendous demonstrastringent form of protecting the governments, run by the bosses, tions against such a war were in sending troops against the held all over the country. The young workers' republic. The ap- Labor Party, under pressure from the rank and file, threatened a Troops in Shoream, Folkstone, general strike if such a war was slovak National Council of Amer- Dover, Osterley Park and many begun. The workers set up Councils of Action all over the coun-The paper quotes the official and from permitting creditors to try to take further action against

> The policy of the Bolsheviks is exemplified in an order by Trot-Rather convenient for the boss- sky, head of the Red Army, of es, on whom the Nazi yoke rests October 24, 1919, mourning the required to make known their by British mines: "Red Warriors! On all fronts you meet the hostile plots of the English. . .

against being sent back to France gaged in a bitter fight with Yuafter the armistice. Troops in denich, the hireling of England, land of the stock-exchange mani- existed all year. fight in Russia, and we mean to pulators that is fighting us. The is with us." Today, the Soviet Union is

Soviet Union, one which Stalin neglects, is a revolutionary appeal to the oppressed masses of Germany to overthrow Hitler and establish a workers' government. The workers of Germany long suffering under fascist tyranny, would heed such an appeal, and strengthened by the establish- in terms of morale and human ment of a Soviet Germany the international proletariat would go on to further conquests.

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"Reentered as second class matter February 13, 1941 at the post office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879."



To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of e v e r y class-conscious workef.

- LEON TROTSKY

JOIN US IN FIGHTING FOR:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions. Special officers' training camps, financed by the government but controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become officers.
- 2. Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the army.
- 3. Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces and the war industries-Down with Jim Crowism everywhere.
- 4. Confiscation of all war profits. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 5. For a rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living. 6. Workers Defense Guards against vig-
- ilante and fascist attacks. 7. An Independent Labor Party based on
- the Trade Unions. 8. A Workers' and Farmers' Govern-
- ment. 9. Defend the Soviet Union against imperialist attack.

World Police Force Would Be Aimed At The Working Masses

By A. Roland

The first anniversary of the formal coalition of the United Nations sees the leaders of these countries far more certain of military victory than of reaping the fruits of that victory. Their speeches, one and all, reveal men who feel haunted by the ghost of the future. It is jogging their elbows, demanding solutions for the vast problems that will face them tomorrow in the post-war world. They cannot lay the ghost, for they are bankrupt of any ideas that would lead the world forward to a new and better plane of living.

It is capitalist society that gave birth to the war. Such wars are inevitable in a society in which the capitalist nations, dominated by vast monopolies, are bound to compete with each other, by every means possible, for the markets of the world. The Second World War continues the struggle of the First World War for the same major purposes. If the present society continues to exist after this war, then one can predict with assurance that a Third World War is in the offing—a war that will drag civilization down still further.

Lessons of Last 25 Years

There is one great difference, however, between this war and the last one. The events of the chaotic epoch between the wars, particularly those that acted as the immediate precipitants of the war, served as mass lessons dealing with the foundations of society. The rise of the murderous Nazis to power in Germany was seen to be connected with the treatment of Germany after the last war through the Versailles Treaty. It was seen to be connected also with the economic rivalries among the great powers. England, for example, helped both passively and actively in the rearmament of Germany under Hitler in order to balance a strong Germany against a strong France. But above all it has been made clear that Hitler rose to power in Germany as a result of the class struggle, with the big bankers and financiers giving the Nazis every assistance against the working class.

The Nazis drew the greatest sparks in their propaganda before they came to power by their denunciations of the iniquitous Versailles Treaty that enchained the German masses for the benefit of the victorious Allies. This treaty was their greatest stock in trade. Anyone who is really concerned with making the future different from the past, would be obligated then to avoid a new Versailles. But what do the "statesmen" propose?

They propose a super-Versailles, with the iron heel quadrupled in thickness. Roosevelt, Wallace, Churchill, Cripps, all favor the police domination of Germany and Japan after the war. They speak of an "international police force," an "international" council, an "international" court. In actuality this is an abuse of the term. It means clearly a new League of Victorious Powers with far greater functions and strength than the moribund League of Nations. Germany and Japan would be disarmed completely, perhaps even dismembered. The statesman Wallace proposed that Germany be disarmed and prevented from having or building airplanes or tanks for 25 or 50 years. He says plainly he wants a world council and world machinery to keep disarmed those parts of the world which would threaten the peace.

Wallace carries these views to such extremes that even the N. Y. Times feels called upon to administer an editorial reproof! He wants not only military, but "psychological" disarmament-for the Germans and Japanese, to be accomplished by supervising the schools of the defeated countries. This goes a bit too far even for the Times. That paper shrewdly—and this time without criticism remarks: "And familiar criticisms of the 'harshness' of the Versailles Treaty have somehow evaporated in the intensity of our determination to impose a firm peace at the end of this war."

What Do They Want?

The policing of defeated nations can hardly be called an aim of the war. What do the capitalist statesmen propose positively? The conspiracy to put off discussion of this question has not succeeded too well. The simply extraordinary attention suddenly focussed on the shrinking and innocuous Beveridge plan will not serve for long to hold up the discussion. President Roosevelt gave three aims of the war in his Jan. 1 address on the occasion of the anniversary of the United Nations pact: the crushing of the "bandit assault on civilization," the organizing of relations among the nations so that the "forces of barbarism can never again break loose," cooperation so that "mankind may enjoy in peace and freedom the unprecedented blessings which Divine Providence through the progress of civilization has put within our reach."

Churchill of all the Allied leaders has been the most blunt in his expression of war aims. He says plainly he wants to hold on to what he's got. He wants the Empire to remain intact after this war, He means this not only as applied to Germany and Japan, but to the United States or any other power as well. Churchill will talk trade treaties with Hull to help alleviate trade rivalries as much as possible, but he has no illusions (nor do the others have any) that the end of the war will change the conditions that existed before the war. The English press is filled with talk of the post-war rivalry between the United States and England in the matter of air routes and trade.

It is perfectly clear that the statesmen who are conducting the war are empty of any ideas for a new world. And that means that they are bankrupt. They can only strive to restore the status quo that existed before the war-or actually to go backward historically by attempting to break up a great nation, Germany. Far from eliminating the conditions that lead to capitalist wars, they would lay the foundations for the next great world war, just as did Wilson, Clemenceau and Lloyd George. They are bankrupt because the capitalist system, is bankrupt.

The statesmen do not worry about the reaction that might spread in a defeated country due to a new and worse Versailles. They were not opposed to the Hitler who came to power in Germany by crushing the working class. They were opposed to to the Hitler who wished to expand German imperialism at the expense of the other powers.

Who Will Be Policed?

The aim of salvaging capitalism and maintaining the status quo faces this contradiction. Hitler represents the capitalists of Germany, even though he is a dictator. Who will take the power in Germany after his defeat by the Allies? The logical successor would be those crushed by Hitler inside Germany; namely, the workers and toilers. But that would be a blow at world capitalism. It is this contradiction more than anything else that leads to the desire to police the defeated countries. They are to be policed not against the already defeated Hitler, not against the military clique that would disappear with him, but against the workers who might then attempt to take the power.

If the United Nations see the possibility that they may have to police Europe for a long time after the war, it is because it will take a long time indeed to impose a new dictatorship of the capitalist rulers of Germany on an unwilling German people. The war against Hitler would thus turn into a war against the workers of Germany. These workers were not the perpetrators of Nazi barbarism; they were the first victims of that barbarism. The attempt to make them responsible for Hitler will not succeed. They are least of all guilty.

It is the workers of the world who along with all the oppressed peoples can carry civilization forward to a higher plane. The solution to the problems of the future, to the elimination of capitalist wars, lies in the establishing of a socialist form of society. The German workers can aid mightily in bringing about this really new society. That is why they must not be permitted to become the victims of victorious capitalism.

The columns are open to the opinions of the readers of The Militant. Letters are welcome on any subject of interest to the workers, but keep them short and include your name and address. Indicate if you do not want your name printed. - Editor.

Asks Campaign On Davies' Movie Smear Editor:

Why don't you run a campaign in The Militant against the sure on for government-sponsor-Davies' movie, "Mission to Mos- ed and financed nurseries for Union Quits Joint cow?" After all, this film is a working mothers. slanderous smear weapon in the hands of the employers and Stalinists and they will use it to attack Trotsky and the revolutionary movement. Trotsky was the real defender of the Soviet Union but he is now pictured as an agent of Hitler. This must not go unanswered.

New York City

No Adequate Child Care On West Side

I read Marie Taylor's article on children's nurseries and agree with her that something should be done-now! I have a 2 year old daughter and live on the lower west side in Manhattan. The only nursery near me is one operated by Greenwich House, a so-called settlement house for line around the State House to meetings last week. the "welfare of the underprivileged."

Upon examination I found that charge because by the time all ment. charges are paid it runs around \$5 per week.

But on top of this, the House afternoon, five days a week. What help is that to a working parent? There doesn't appear to be any

There must be thousands of immediate relief for the Boston parents living on the lower West workers. Side who are in the same position. It is high time that the trade unions put some real pres-

New York City

Oil Shortage Brings Hardship to Boston Editor:

The shortage of fuel oil in the eastern states seems most acute range in the kitchen which uses wave we had a week ago there "Abolishment of the labor-mana result thousands of workers and shops under 104 jurisdiction

demand oil for their families. Small oil dealers were mobbed as that the committees had been set they went through the streets of up solely to speed production and the House would charge me these districts with their trucks. had become enmeshed in a variety around \$16 a month to care for The Negro section was especially of other matters." my child, and add on top of that hard hit, as always, because of

for this situation for they have rope" agitation. consistently blocked the building only keeps the children from 9:30 of oil pipe lines and canals which the Seattle boilermakers' exin the morning until 3 in the would have operated in competi- perience. tion with the railroads.

Boston, Mass.

Speedup Committee

The ship workers in Seattle are fed up with labor-management committees and regard them as an employer instrument for shoving through the speed-up and breaking down union conditions.

Local 104 of the International Brotherhood of Boilermakers, Iron Ship Builders, Welders and here in Boston. In the majority Helpers, AFL has gone officially of workers' homes here heating on record against such commitis done by using the method of a tees and cites its own experience combination cooking and heating as a warning to other workers.

The Dec. 10 issue of the 104 oil for fuel. This is the only heat Reporter, official paper of the in most cases. In the sub-zero union local, had this to say, was little or no oil at all, and as agement committees in all yards and their families were forced to and the immediate withdrawal of stay in heatless homes for days, all 104 members on the commit-Housewives from one working tees was voted practically unclass district organized a picket animously at the 104 general

"The action followed charges

This reference to "a variety of a fee for lunches. This seems to the terrible condition of the other matters" refers to the me to be an exhorbitant rate to tenements and the heating equip- Stalinists in the local who tried to use the committees as a Vested interests are responsible forum for "second front in Eu-

Workers should take note of

G. H. Seattle, Wash.

BEHEMOTH: STRUCTURE AND PRACTICE OF NATIONAL SOCIALISM by Franz Neumann. Oxford University Press, 1942. 532 pp.

Within the last few years we have been swamped by a flood of superficial literature attempting to classify Nazism as everything from a pagan nihilistic concept to a so-called managerial revolution. "Behemoth" by Franz Neumann is one of the few works on this subject which has tried to clarify and logically analyze the character of the Nazi state on the basis of known economic, social and political data.

The author, a German Social-Democrat, although sugar-coating the role of the Social-Democracy and whitewashing the nature of Allied imperialism, has nevertheless performed a great service in producing facts to prove his main thesis, that Nazism is the dictatorship of monopoly capitalism.

In spite of his aforementioned limitations, Neumann is forced to admit that the liberal capitalist and labor leaders were unable to halt or counteract tendency toward economic concentration and the growth of fascist groups. Under the Nazis, he shows, this process was speeded up with the result that the state and the ruling party have become fused to a hitherto unprecedented degree.

That is, whereas the state during the era of a liberal bourgeois democracy was subject to the pressures and influences of conflicting groups even among the ruling classes, the state under fascism has become entirely fused within the predominant capitalist strata. Even then the process of competitive elimination in business does not cease, for among the members of capitalist-Nazi ruling clique the struggle for economic control continues, with the weaker capitalists such as Thyssen succumbing to the stronger such as

Neumann's analyses of Nazi racial and geopolitical theories are highly commendable. He shows how the former has resulted in the accretion to the capitalists of huge profits through the confiscation of Jewish property and the elimination of the Jewish middle class, and the latter as constituting crude rationalizations and justifications for German imperialism.

Regarding the theory that Germany is a managerial state, Neumann quotes an interesting Nazi law:

"Intensified competition and the low price level resultant therefrom have brought nearer the point at which the ruin of enterprises valuable to our national economy is threatened. . . The state must receive greater power in order to prevent the closing down of plants and the slashing of prices to preserve such enterprises. . ." (Statute of July 15, 1933.) This promise - for greater monopolization, higher monopoly prices and state subsidization and loans to large producers - is one, as the author shows, which has really been kept.

The book is rich in material showing the extent to which German Big Business has profited in recent years as a result of conquest, the deterioration of wages and living standards among the workers, vertical and horizontal mon-

opolization and integration of business and the controls which the capitalists use to maintain their regime.

Reviewed by James Cadman.

A TIME FOR GREATNESS by Herbert Agar. Little, Brown, 1942. 301 pages. \$2.50.

It is always with some apprehension that one approaches books on current political and social problems that have been highly praised by the liberals. For such books are generally filled with tiresome, windy platitudes, and one puts them down with a feeling of regret for wasted time and eyesight.

But Herbert Agar's book - which has been hailed as one of the great documents of the war - had a different effect, at least on this reader. The book is so bad that it is not boring, and it is so useless as an aid to solving the serious problems imposed on the masses by the war that it is useful as an exhibit of the middle class. liberals' utter bankruptcy. For this reason it can be recommended without any reservations to workers who still have illusions about the lib-

Things are in a mess, says Agar - all kinds of things: politics, morality, racial relations, government, business, labor relations, and again morality. Why did it all happen? Agar has the answers: we were selfish, we were materialistic, we were too concerned with economic problems and not enough with moral principles. "We have diminished our lives by foolish sins, by unnecessary refusals to think straight. We can repair the wrong the minute we convince ourselves of the need for seriousness."

This is a time for greatness, he says, so let us be great. It is a time for grandeur and adventure. We must have faith and put an end to the evil of ignoring principles. What are these principles and how do they work? Agar sees them in the teachings of the Founding Fathers, of Washington, Hamilton, Madison, Jefferson. Let us be great as they were, and everything will work out well. We can ignore our traditions of greatness only at the peril of losing the war or of winning the war and losing the peace.

And so for the most part the book goes, with Agar delivering sermons on the necessity for making politics "high-minded" - "The way to make the Democratic Party (or the Republican Party) a more edifying sight is to make Democrats (or Republicans) better men." On the necessity for businessmen not to be so selfish and unreasonable. On the necessity for the unions not to advocate the closed shop. On the necessity for newspaper publishers to be less irrespon-

One thing only need be added. Agar finished this book in a hurry last summer, because he was being called to duty in the Navy. At the time he was conducting a column in PM, and the Indian masses were conducting a struggle for independence against their British rulers. Agar finished off his journalistic duties with a number of particularly vile slanders against the Indian masses. So much for his appeals to the traditions of the Founding Fathers.

Reviewed by Philip Blake.

German People No Longer Fooled By Hitler's Lies

Each year since the beginning of the war Hitler has promised the German people victory. 1942, he said a year ago, would be decisive. As 1943 begins, he speaks of "fighting for our very existence." Though he boasts of the year's military successes, the best prospects he can offer the war-weary German people for the future are a continuation and intensification of the suffering of last year with the end nowhere in sight.

Only by enduring in the war until all other armies have collapsed, he stressed, will the German people be able to escape the consequences of a second Versailles Treaty. This constant reminder of the misery awaiting them as a conquered people is still one of Hitler's most persuasive arguments. And all the statements of post war plans made by spokesmen of the United Nations only tend to reinforce its effectiveness.

Behind the front of bragging demagogy it is possible to discern a note of fear. Some indication of the reason for this is given in the report of a Swedish skilled worker on his return home after thirty months of work in Germany. (N.Y. Times, Dec. 28 and Jan. 1.) The German workers, he says, are apathetic about

the war. They congregate in factory washrooms and openly criticize the regime and the Nazi party.

All workers, native or foreign, work a minimum of 60 hours a week-to which is added compulsory overtime of 5 to 12 hours. The Swedish worker produced pay slips covering some of the period he worked in Germany to show what happens to wages. One-fourth of their meager pay is deducted for the Nazi Winter Help Fund, insurance, income tax, etc. Russian and Polish workers receive, in addition, sizeable deductions as "contributions to reconstruction" of their former homeland.

News of the ordeals of the soldiers and loss of life on the Russian front affects most of the German families. This and their own privations created what the reporter calls "an ugly, angry mood."

There is nothing to indicate that the next period will soften that mood. From such little groups of angry workers will emerge the mighty revolutionary movement that will sweep Hitler and his like off the face of the earth.

Small Business men Are Being Driven to the Wall

By C. WILLIAMS

The war, which has brought a tremendous increase in profits for Big Business, has meant the end of tens of thousands of small businesses.

First hit were auto retailers, mechanics and accessory dealers, gasoline stations and electrical supply stores. The War Production Board estimated by last summer that 34,000 small businesses would be shut down by Oct., 1942.

Now thousands more are going to the wall. These will include grocers, butchers and other small food retailers. Only a fraction of the 1,770,335 small merchants in the U.S. will be in business when the war

Such were the predictions of Donald M. Nelson, WPB chairman, in a statement on Dec. 31:

"In connection with our distribution system we must squarely face the fact that the entire line of some distributors will be eliminated, and major parts of the lines of others will no longer be available. . . This means the elimination of many stores

About 75 years ago, Karl Marx, founder of the modern socialist movement, foretold the elimination of the small businessman, forced under by Big Business competition. This has been taking place ever since the beginning of capitalism. The war has only speeded up the process.

The socialist movement believes that the great masses of people must socially own the Big Business units, and operate them not for profits but for use. To return to scattered inefficient units would be reactionary. Not'backward to small business, but forward to socialism is the only road for the masses.

Why Do the Employers **Oppose Food Subsidies?**

By C. CHARLES

The ending of the government milk subsidy in New York, Chicago and Duluth-Superior was a triumph for the capitalist class. The profits of the large dairies will now increase.

Why did the capitalist class demand an end to the subsidy? How did the subsidy work?

Do not get the idea that the capitalist class is opposed to subsidies because of high and noble principles. Nothing of the kind. The only principle of the capitalist class is profits. If subsidies help them get profits, they are for subsidies; if they can make more profits without them, they are against them.

As an example of how subsidies operated to keep prices down, let us assume the producers of a certain item have differing costs of production. (Profits are included in the costs of production.)

Let us say that one-fifth of the producers could manufacture and sell that item at 70 cents, another fifth at 80, another fifth at 90 and still another fifth

Eighty per cent of the producers therefore could make the item at \$1 and realize profits. However, another fifth of the producers could manufacture and sell that commodity and make a profit only if the price were \$1.10.

If the government wishes to set the ceiling prices at \$1 and still keep the last group of producers in operation it can only do so by giving the \$1.10 group a 10 cent subsidy on each item.

If it does not subsidize the last group and still desires to keep it in operation, it can do so only by permitting everyone's price on the item to go up to \$1.10. In this case it means that the rate of profit for the 80% who can manufacture the item at \$1.00 will rise by 10 cents an item.

pretense of keeping the milk prices down by subsidies. The big dairies demanded that subsidies be abolished. And the OPA hastened to obey them.

The government has up to now been making a

Who said anything about taking profits out of war?