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THE MILITANT

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LEND-LEASE CLEARS WAY FOR A.

Scheme To Divide Black And White

The Ford Motor Company is the greatest single enemy of trade unionism in the United States. To force it to sign a contract with the UAW-CIO would constitute the greatest victory of the labor movement in years.

Obstacles there are, and we want to speak about one of them quite plainly. We refer to Ford's shrewd handling of the 11,000 Negro workers in the River Rouge plant and those in . Ford's other plants. Ford employs more Negroes than any other automobile corporation. In this respect Ford has been more far-sighted than other manufacturers. By his policy he has won a certain esteem in the Negro community which he has always planned to use against the trade unions, and which he is now openly attempting to use against the UAW-CIO's Ford drive.

Unfortunately for Ford, it is the CIO that he is fighting against. And the CIO from its very beginning has had a very different attitude toward the Negro than the narrow and reactionary policy pursued by the AFL. From the first the CIO has welcomed the Negro into its ranks on the same basis as white workers. And not only into membership, but also into positions of leadership. One of the most inspiring sights in the labor movement during this past year was the CIO national convention at Atlantic City in November, where a considerable number of the delegates were Negroes, who took the floor and spoke with the ease and assurance of speaking in their own

Thanks to that CIO policy, the Negro workers have played a great part in building the CIO. They have shown a militancy not exceeded, if indeed equalled, by any other group of workers. The deep indignation of their oppressed race has held many a CIO picket line firm against cops and company thugs. The very latest strike victory-at the-Lackawanna plant of Bethlehem Steelbrought reports of the especially noteworthy role of the Negro steel workers.

Even in the South, where for centuries white workers have been poisoned by whitesupremacy bunk propagated by the ruling class, the CIO has brought about a new situation. How black and white can unite and fight even in the South has just been demonstrated in the CIO shipyard strike victory at Mobile, Alabama.

This national situation of the CIO can and will destroy whatever hold Ford has managed to get on a section of the Negro population in Detroit. Ford's lies may delude this group of Negroes but not for long. Ford is, for example making a desperate attempt to get these Neg- panies got the help of a "red

roes to believe that the UAW-CIO is respon-

sible for the fact that other auto plants don't

hire as many Negroes as does Ford. And Ford

has found tools among the Negro lawyers, doctors and businessmen in Detroit who are helping him spread these lies among the Negro | ful Transport Workers Union. workers in the Ford plants.

The main responsibility for solving this problem rests with the UAW-CIO and 'the white workers of the CIO. They must demon- Transport Workers Union yesterstrate to the complete satisfaction of the Negro | day when the two companies conworkers that they mean fully to unite black | trolling 95 per cent of the surand white. The union must not be satisfied face transportation in Manhatmerely with the fact that it is wide open to tan refused, after expiration of

Negro workers.

to the satisfaction of the Negro workers in- men and a uniform eight hour an hour after four years. When volved, the union must have the greatest day. patience and tolerance. For at the bottom of Fifth Avenue Coach Company stantly interrupted speakers with this situation are the justified grievances of the Negro workers against the AFL unions, to a top of 81 cents after four now!" and against the attitude of many white work- years. Wages under the contract . At 5 A. M. yesterday 400 strike ers, which Ford has been able to use for his which expired March 1 with the reactionary purposes. The union can clear up this situation thanks to the splendid record of the CIO toward Negroes, but the record of demands upon the employers in auto and else-

where for the hiring of Negroes. Whatever grievances the Negroes have against the way certain unions and many white workers have treated them-and these grievances are many and justified-the classnecessity of making common cause with the stand Ford's game and not fall for it. Given a correct approach by the UAW-CIO, we are confident, that the Negro workers at Ford's will do what the Negro workers have done in Bethlehem, at Mobile, in the Chicago stockyards and elsewhere. The Negro workers at Ford's will become the most militant fighters

Ford And Negroes Union Can Win Fight Against N. Y. Bus Strike War Goes On!

Unbeatable Power of Transport Workers Shown in First Three Days of Strike

On the third day of the bus @strike, which has successfully tied up all struck lines, Mayor La Guardia and the bus comscare", when Congressman Dies attempted to label the union as Communist.'

This move can only be termed a last-ditch piece of desperation against the power-

NEW YORK CITY, May 11-A bus strike was forced on the Negro members. The union must take the lead | the old contract, to submit reasin the struggle against any form of discrim- onable counter- proposals to the ination by any of the bosses in the hiring of union's demand for a 25 per cent increase in pay for drivers, con-While the union is seeking to prove this ductors, mechanics and garage range from 61 cents to 90 cents

GRACE CARLSON TOUR THIS WEEK

Grace Carlson has reached the Pacific in her national speaking tour for the Socialist Workers Party. Her next talks

LOS ANGELES: Sunday, March 16, 8 p.m. "The Right to Life." At Embassy Auditorium, 517 West 9th Street. SAN FRANCISCO: Sunday, March 23rd, 8 p.m. "The War Today." At 421 Kearny Street. Complete schedule of Carlon tour on page 2.

New York City Omnibus Corp. the strike vote was taken on The present pay rates on the March 7, the bus workers conlines range from 75 cents an hour the cry, "Strike! Strike! Strike

(Continued on page 6)

the CIO must be added to now by bold union demands upon the employers in auto and else-On In Detroit

conscious Negro workers will understand the Federal Truck, Midland Steel, Shut Down; white workers of the CIO. They will under- GM Negotiations May Produce Fireworks

DETROIT, March 11-A wave of militancy is surging brough the ranks of the UAW-CIO.

Over 600 workers continue their strike at the Federal Motor ruck Company, holder of a \$5 million defense order for Army Signal Corps trucks. The union is demanding wage increases and a union shop. The plant is closed down tight and the union men state that it will continue that way until the company signs on

the dotted line. troit's automobile companies, went out on strike. Federal conciliators, mediators, state labor FORD BATTLE PREPARED board officials and sundry labor

staged the first sit-down strike in old Hank here and now. the city of Detroit in 1936, the

Since last November the vote tion on the demands drawn up ican labor. for the ALP in this silk stocking by the GM Conference represent-

"trouble shooters" from the U. S. preparing for the grim battle that Department of Labor have been will soon take place at the plants Final returns in New York running around the Midland sit- of the Ford Motor Company. Fly-City's 17th Congressional district uation for the past week like ing squadrons are being set up special election show that the chickens with their heads cut off, and union militants are raring votes, cast for Eugene P. Con- trying to kid the workers out of to go. Senile, old Hank Ford issued another blast today from But the Midland Steel men his Georgia summer home defypercentage of votes cast for the couldn't be put off with "soft- ing the union. The Detroit auto ALP candidate in the last gen- soap." The Midland Steel men workers are ready to take on

Many of the watchful union mistrike which set the ball rolling to litants, noting with dismay the establish unionism in the auto in- latest "anti-strike" statement of dustry. Now these men want wage Roosevelt, believe he may set up increases to meet the rising cost a War Labor Board as soon as endorsement by Roosevelt and of living and a union shop to en- the Ford strike is called and call upon the Ford workers to return

> But the auto workers, thus far, Negotiations begin this morning have resisted the attempts of Sidwith the General Motors Corpora- ney Hillman to housebreak Amer-

Passage Of Lend-Lease Law Cannot and Will Not Halt Fight On Next War Moves

AN EDITORIAL

For most of the "isolationist" Congressmen who originally opposed the lend-lease bill, the fight is over. In the final vote in the House on Tuesday, 94 of the 165 Congressmen who had originally voted against the bill, switched sides. One "isolationist" leader after another jumped on the bandwagon and promised full support to the President in the name of "national unity." In the Senate, the great show of handshaking and camaraderie between opponents and proponents, after the Senate voted in favor of the bill, is a clue to the lack of seriousness in the forces of the opposition.

As a matter of fact, as Senator Vandenberg, one of the opposition leaders pointed out, 95% of the Senators had voted for the principle of aid to Great Britain. Practically all of the oppositionists had voted for the Taft amendment, which would give Britain two billion dollars outright.

In a word, the opposition was not a real opposition at all at any time. It was, at bottom, a sham battle.

For our part, we never put a moment's faith in the Vandenbergs and Wheelers. We left that kind of "united front" to the Stalinists and Norman Thomas. We have been just as much interested in warning the workers against the falsity and fakery of "isolationism" as we have in the fight against the interventionists.

Hence, so far as we are concerned, we look upon the defection of the "isolationists" to Roosevelt as no defection at all. We want to have every worker see and understand the underlying unity between the "isolationists" and the interventionists. When a worker sees that, he will begin to comprehend the real basis of our opposition to this war.

It is this war we oppose. As horrible as war is, we would not hesitate to urge Roosevelt to enter the war, if it were really to be a war for democracy against fascism. We are not pacifists. He who opposes war simply because war is horrible, is doing no service to the working masses. For to liberate themselves from the clutches of war and fascism, the workers must be prepared to use the same weapons that the enemy is

But this war is not our war. It is an imperialist war. Roosevelt is now given a free hand to do anything he sees fit to help British imperialism defeat German imperialism-to protect the interests of American imperialism. That's what the lend-lease law means. That's why we opposed it, that's why we shall oppose any and all further war moves by the Roosevelt government.

Our opposition to the Roosevelt war program does not blind us to the fact that, by and large, it has been accepted by the workers. The major steps of the war program-armament, conscription, aid to Britain-have received the passive support of the people.

They have accepted these steps, however, for reasons profoundly different than those which motivate Roosevelt, the Congressmen and Wall Street. The workers have accepted these steps because they hate fascism and because they have as yet seen no other way to struggle against fascism than by accepting Roosevelt's war program.

It is important to make these workers realize that Roosevelt's war is not a war against fascism. But that is not enough. Only pacifist fools can think of returning to the status quo existing before the armament and conscription program. The real solution lies in an altogether different direction. The real solution is to transform this imperialist war into a war against fascism. That can only be done by taking all power out of the hands of the capitalist class. The workers can fight and conquer fascism only by taking control of the country into their

We shall oppose every further step which the Roosevelt administration will take to further the interests of American imperialism. Every step that Roosevelt takes in his war moves represents the interests of American capitalism and not the interests of the American working masses.

But we know, in advance: the workers will not be able to avoid war, and they will not be able to defeat fascism; they will be dragged into war, they will suffer all its horrors without the compensation that the war is for the interests of the working class—all this must happen so long as the workers do not accept the idea that the way to destroy fascism altogether is to have the working class take control of this country, its resources, its armed forces.

It is because we want a real fight against fascism that our party has called for trade union control of military training, for the training of worker-officers and, in a word, for the complete control of the armed forces of this country by the working class. That is the only road to victory against Hitler and against all the fascists wherever they are.

ROOSEVELT CAN TAKE

Refusal To Accept **Amendments Shows** He'll Go The Limit

With the signing of the lease-lend law Tuesday, Roosevelt is now in a position to plunge the people of this country into actual warfare any time he decides that such a step. is necessary to remove Hitler's threat to American capitalism's domination of the world.

More than the provisions of the law, the amendments that failed to pass offer an indication that Roosevelt is prepared to go the limit.

In spite of his many promises previously that no American soldier would fight on foreign soil, an amendment providing that no American Expeditionary Force would be sent was defeated by Roosevelt's forces.

The same fate was given to an amendment against the use of U.S. warships for convoy purposes.

The defeat of these amendments show which way Roosevelt is heading the country-toward total involvement in the war.

It is a foregone conclusion that, aying committed themselves this policy, the Congressmen will grant any appropriation requested by Roosevelt to carry it out. CONVOYS ARE NEXT

Scarcely was the ink of his signature dry, when Roosevelt began to turn over naval equipment to Britain. Destroyers, mosquito boats, etc., will be rushed across. All that is needed now is for a German submarine to sink a boatload of American war material, and then will begin a hue and cry about the absurdity of spending money on material without taking steps to prevent the Germans from sinking it.

Then will come the demand for convoys, and it will be readily granted. The first convoy guarding material that runs into German submarines will fire the first direct U. S. shot in the war.

HYPOCRISY REIGNS

Hypocrisy ran riot in Congress during the debate. The representatives of the Jim Crow, poll tax South undertook the defense of democracy on the foreign field. The ultra-reactionary Republicans became the defenders of internal democracy against dictatership powers. And there was no one in the halls of Congress to laugh these hypocrites to shame.

No one arose to a point of order to point out that the Southern Bourbons have no right to speak of defending democracy against fascism. Nor did the Southern representatives, vulnerable as they are, rise to point to Taft, Vandenberg and their crowd of "isolationists" as the group that, more than any other, is likely to destroy democracy alto-

But even had, a revolutionary representative been present to point these things out, the hypocritical lies would have been repeated-that is all that the American capitalist class has with which to cover its nakedness. It cannot even find new slogans under which to fight this war, but must repeat its worn-out formulas of 1914-1918.

ON THE WAR FRONTS

= by GEORGE STERN =

the arms program.

corollary of the arms program.

The Department of Commerce

. A U. S. Department of Com- | spending 72 per cent of its na merce official has estimated that | tional income for the war is Germany's war expenditures are another way of saying that the now being made at the rate of 72 German people are being beaten per cent of the entire German down to an ever declining level national income, or about 72 bil- of living standards. lion marks a year. The figure is based upon sketchy German reports supplemented by some shrewd guess work.

The same official report points out that this year the United States expects to spend \$17,500,0000,000 for all purposes, including the arms drive. If the U.S. were spending at the same rate as the German, it would be spending \$57,600,000,-000 per year. The implication here is plain

enough. The Department of Commerce issues this report precisely for the purpose of advising business men of the necessary and inevitable trend.

What the report does not go into is the meaning of these figures for the people generally. The rate of expenditure for armaments naturally far exceeds the rate of increase of the

national income. To say that Nazi Germany is

ALP VOTE NEAR 4,000 IN N. Y. **CONGRESS POLL**

We already have heard from various of our "leaders" that the American people are going to have to do without a lot of things because of the war eral election. drive. In reality an important

proportion of the American people are already doing without a lot of things they need. In the times that are coming Alfange was defeated despite they will have to do with still

This is what is happening every time the OPM announces smaller percentage than the Demnew "priorities" in vital lines for Finally there is the question of inflation as an inevitable

vote to 9 per cent. report took pains to show not only that in the war period German national indebtedness increased but that this rise was accentuated by an inflationary increase in currency circulation during the same period.

nolly, candidate of the American striking. Labor Party, nearly doubled the

The vote was: Baldwin (Republican) 23,252; Alfange, (Democrat) 16,690; Connolly, (ALP)

the war-mongering right wing of sure security on the job. the ALP. His vote was a far GM PARLEYS BEGIN * ocrats got in the last election.

in this special election. When his | minimum rate. nomination by the ALP was an-Party withdrew its candidate. determined that no poor agree- just rights.

At 9 A.M. yesterday 1700 workers of the Midland Steel Products Company, manufacturer ment will be jammed down the throats of the membership this

Meanwhile the autolocals are

The auto workers have not aldistrict increased from slightly ing the membership of 70, GM lo- lowed themselves to be intimidatmore than 5 percent of the total cals. The union is demanding a ed by the strike breaking threats union shop, recognition of the of Knudsen, and union militants Connolly was the only inde- shop-steward system, a flat 10c have confidence that the auto pendent labor candidate running hourly wage increase and a 90c workers will not permit an antiunion, Rockefeller - Morgan - Du-The GM workers are watching Pont War Labor Board to cheat ounced, the Socialist Workers these negotiations very carefully, the Ford workers out of their

ORKERS'

Write to us-tell us what's going on in your part of the labor movement-what are the workers thinking about?-tell us what the bosses are up to—and the G-men and the local cops and the Stalinists-send us that story the capitalist press didn't print and that story they buried or distorted-our pages are open to you. Letters must carry name and address, but indicate if you do not want your name printed.

Army Doctor Says Medical Corps Incompetent

(The following are extracts from a letter sent by a member of the army medical corps to his family.)

We met some reservists in the medical corps. As a group they are the usual type one meets among the petty-bourgeois intellectuals and professionals-smug, narrow-minded and very aloof because of their educational advantages. Very few of them have

The things I have learned here ified such cases. about these army medical men make me despair. We are all told have learned that there is a vento forget our medicine; that we ereal prophylactic station for the are to be army men first and not white soldiers - but none for the doctors. Very few of us get beyond Negroes! That's "democracy" for prescribing asparin.

Some of those I have met are and the rest of the folderol that cerned.

goes with army life. Disciplining privates gives them a big kick. Most of them have always wanted to play boss, and their position in the army permits them to do this now. As for "democracy" in the army, everyone sneers at it and calls it plain hokum.

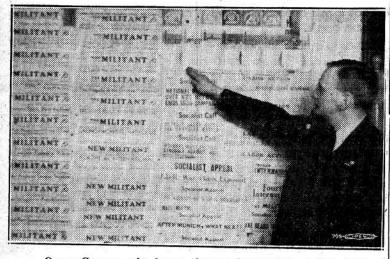
I recently attended a public dance here. When some privates came in, all the officers left the building. Officers are forbidden to associate socially with privates.

I have been shocked by the utter medical incompetence I have witnessed and heard about. Skin specialists are placed in charge of genito-urinary wards; rectal surgeons are assigned to heart examlearned anything since leaving inations. This may sound farschool, and don't care to learn. fetched, but I have personally ver-

At one camp in the South, I

It's a sad situation so far as disgusted, but the majority are guarding the health of the nataken in by their new authority tion's youth in the army is con-





Oscar Coover, who keeps those subs popping in the Twin Cities, is seen looking at a display of Trotskyist newspapers, at the party banquet which launched the Minneapolis (beg pardon, Twin Cities) subscription drive campaign,

MINNESOTA OVER THE TOP WITH 531 POINTS IN SIXTH WEEK OF NATION-WIDE SUB DRIVE!!

With two weeks still to go, and New York left somewhere in the dust at the starting post, the Minnesota Militant Miracle Men have sailed well above their self-imposed quota of 500 points. The Minnesota total, as the scoreboard shows, is a good 20% above the total for the entire remainder of the party.

And lest the abashed remainder of the Socialist Workers Party thinks the Minnesota comrades are content to let things go at that, let it read and weep over this blithe wire from the Sub Center of the nation:

"MINNESOTA SAYS THERE IS A SAYING THAT THE MILLION IS THE HARDEST TO GET. MINNESO-TA FOUND THE FIRST 500 POINTS EASY AND WE ARE STARTING ON THE SECOND. COME ON NEW YORK!" Come on New York?-Come on, America!!

	This Week		Total	
V	Sub	s Pts	Subs	Pts
Minnesota	74	183	286	531
Chicago	26	34	45	77
Detroit	5	12	25	59
New York	3	3	30	51
L.A.	1	2	14	29
Boston	2	4	19	27
Cleveland	2	2	14	27
Youngstown	.2	2	15	22
Newark	3	8	13	22
Flint	3	4	13	19
New Haven	3	4	10	13
Toledo	0	0	10	11
Allentown	0	0	4	7
Paterson	1	1	3	5
Pittsburgh	2	2	4	4
Palo Alto	1	, 4	1	4
Milwaukee	0	0	1	4
Rochester	2	2	2	2
San Diego	2	2	2	2
Phila.	0	0	1	2
Albany	0	0	1	2
Plentywood	0	0	1	2
Kansas	0	0	1	2

Totals

Four-Day Strike At Fada Radio Is Victorious

NEW YORK, March 6-A four day strike of the 150 workers in L. A. Stalinists Try To the Fada radio factory here ended today, with a clean-cut victory for the workers. The strike was called by Local 430 of the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers Union (CIO). The strike settlement calls for

a 71/2 cents an hour wage increase for all the workers now employed in the plant. In addition, the union won sole

bargaining rights, a closed shop and shop seniority instead of departmental seniority. A further gain in the contract

is provision for 1/2 day paid vacation for each month of work.

> In Los Angeles Buy the MILITANT

Lazerus Candy Store 2109 Brooklyn Ave. Book Store E. 1st St. & Rowan Ave. Sam Smit's Newsstand 5th & Main St.

War Orders Probe Has Teeth Pulled **Before it Starts**

Washington's "dollar-ayear-men" are breathing easier as the nature of the Congressional "investigations" into the war contracts scandal becomes clearer.

The Senate Audit Committee has reduced the original very modest request for \$25,-000 to finance the Senate probe to \$15,000.

In the House, a nine-man special investigating committee has been proposed by the Rules Committee. Included in the proposal is a "study" of strikes in war production industries. That, and not the contract scandals, will occupy the committee.

As for telling what the fat cat war profiteers are up to, the House resolution states: "Information obtained by the committee as a result of any investigation under this resolution or in connection therewith, shall not be made public by the committee ..."

What The Home Guard's For



Here are several of a large force of Alabama Home Guard strike-breakers patroling the Utica Knitting Co. mill at Aniston, Ala., after dispersing an AFL picket line with tear gas and bayonets. This is the first reported use of the Home Guard—and it's against labor.

Vanadium Strikers Denounce CIO Director's Aid To Boss

Firmly Continue Their Strike, Demanding New Guard Jobs Be Filled Only By Union

By JAMES COOK

RIDGEVILLE, Pa. March 5 ice with the company." in the plant and to prevent the stool pigeons and snoopers among ready to fight to the end to pro- and the function of a priest. The

company, the plea of the "na- supply them. tional defense" emergency proium Workers, Local Industrial watching them do their work. Union No. 953, affiliated with until victory is theirs.

UNION CLAIMS JOBS

The issue involved is the question of hiring six guards to patrol the property of the company. The union grievance committee in November asked the company if it intended to comply with the provision of the contract which states:

"Notice of any vacancy or new position as timekeeper, clerk, ste- he washed his hands of them. nographer, office worker or salar- (To make it very clear whose ied employee not in a supervisory, side he was on he subsequently technical or confidential capacity shall be posted by the Company times in the public press). The for a period of one week . . . In union membership twice voted for filling the position . . . the Com- a strike before their executive pany shall give preference among committee, after continued failure

prevent THE . MILITANT from

reaching the trade union workers.

of their following inside the ent-

rance of the building where the

CIO Council meets to attempt to

our paper, which was being dis-

By telling the workers that the

paper was anti-union, this indi-

vidual succeeded in getting about

fore they had a chance to read

over 150 union men refused to

Two of the workers came out

of the meeting to inquire of those

distributing the paper what right

away their papers. When it was

yield the paper up.

tributed outside the building.

Last Friday, they stationed one paper.

Stop "Militant" Sales

LOS ANGELES, March 9-The | Stalinist, and that the Stalinists

Stalinists in the CIO Council here | were afraid to permit the work-

are making frantic efforts to ers to learn our position, these

deprive the workers going into his right to do so. He admitted

the meeting of their right to read | that he had not been authorized

30 papers away from workers be- to THE MILITANT as a "Trot-

the paper for themselves. But distribution of the local Stalinist

this Stalinist had to try to take | cil building in order to provide a

explained that the paper was ril to prevent the workers from

very much pro-union, but anti- securing THE MILITANT.

-A determined band of four The company replied indirectly the company for close to five years men their back pay from the day nundred striking workers of the to the committee that since these during which time there has never the strike started. These are the anadium Corporation of Ame- jobs were of a "confidential ca- been any trouble. If the Vanadium demands of the strikers now. rica, here in this Pittsburgh pacity" it did not concern the un- Corp. feels, because it has Fedsuburb, are stubbornly holding ion. The union membership felt eroff on its side, the workers must out for the right of their union that if these jobs were made conbrothers get jobs that open up these guards were to be used as because the union members are tion: The function of a hangman, company from using stool them, which was a breach of their tect their democratic rights. bigeons to annoy the workers contract. If the company wanted merely guards to patrol the prop-Despite the pressure of the erty the union membership would

The company had hired as gram and the attempt of An- guards before two former coal and thony I. Fedoroff, the ClO Re- iron police, one man who said violating their agreement with gional Director, to break their that any man who attends a CIO the company. On the basis of this strike and compel them to drop meeting is a Communist, and an- he tried to run a back-to-work their grievance, the strikers, other who used to stand over the meeting in Bridgeville. On Feb. members of the United Vanad-ium Workers Local Industrial watching them do their work

the CIO, have entered the fourth side the plant at present might have to open the door to the meet. Fri. March 14 Los Angeles week of their strike with a solid welcome the chance to get an out- ing hall, as not a single worker Sat. side job. Eighty per cent of the port of the action of their local men in the plant have to wear executive committee to carry on muzzles to protect them from the dust which is generated by the process of their work. Most of them suffer from "miner's asth- several unions around here

GRIEVANCE IGNORED

The union grievance committee CIO Director Federoff intervened over their heads and at a meeting a week later told the membership washed his dirty hands several equally qualified employees to the to get the company to listen to

workers stated emphatically that

they would be sure to read the

The Stalinist worker who was

preventing the distribution in

this fashion was questioned on

by the union, and that he was

"doing it on my own hook, be-

cause the paper is against labor."

He showed that he was put up to

this by the Stalinists by referring

skyite paper," and defending the

paper, The People's World, at the

The Stalinists may resort to

the desperate expedient of pro-

veking a fight outside the Coun-

pretext for a motion in the Coun-

union meetings.

them, called the strike on Feb. 8. whose names were not given out.

accept him as their dictator, the description need two social func-

He issued a false statement to the ist War. Page 296. press accusing the workers of and appeared with five car loads Some of the men working in of musclemen. They did not even came to it.

The union has already received support and endorsement from Among them are the Carnegi lodge 171 and the Goodwill lodg 178 of SWOC, also the Washing ton County Labor Council which first tried to get the company's is made up of delegates from ear on this matter November 7th. UMW locals and other CIO un

The last move the compan made was to send each strike a special dismissal notice. Fed eroff backed this up by stating in the press that he would plea with the company to take th workers back. A few days late he announced that he had gotter the company's agreement to take all the strikers back except si

Frank A. Pugne, president of The strikers held a meeting and

the local, pointed out that several decided that before they would other companies around here reg- agree to return to work the comularly hire their guards from pany must not only hire the six employee having the longest serv- their own employees. The union guards from their membership, has had contractual relations with but must also agree to pay all the "All oppressing classes of every

hangman is to quell the protest and the rebellion of the oppressed Since the strike was started the the priest is to paint before them Corporation officials have stood a perspective of mitigated sufferpat, leaving to Federoff the dirty ings and sacrifice under the same job of trying to break the strike. class rule."-Lenin, The Imperial-

March 15 and

					CHILLO
١	Sun.	March	16		,,
١	Mon.	March	17		"
1	Tues.	March	18		"
1	Wed.	March	19		**
1	Thurs.	March	20		"
ł	Fri.	March	21		
ı	Sat.	March	22	San	Francis
١	Sun.	March	23		,,
l	Mon.	March	24		**
l	Tues.	March	25		"
l	Wed.	March	26		.,,
	Thurs.				**
	Fri.	March	28	_	
	Sat.	March	29	-	
	Sun.	March	30	Port	land
	Mon.	March	31	-	
	Tues.	April	1	Seat	tle
	Wed.	April	2	1	
	Thurs.	April	3	-	
	Fri.	April	4	Plen	tywood
	Sat.	April			iston
	Sund.	April		_	150011
	Mon.	April		Far	oro.
	Tues.	April		,	"
	Wed.	April		Twin	n Cities

_Special for this Month Only__

No Orders Received After APRIL 15, 1941

Fascism and Big Business (339 pages)

By Daniel Guerin

Revolution and Counter-Revolution in Spain

By Felix Morrow

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HIGHIGHTS IN THE LABOR PRESS

ly, has declared the Chicago labor party. Hearst management guilty of a lockout: more than 90 Guild members have been laid off in violation of the union agreement, the management refusing to ar-

The Dubuque Iowa LEADER by a "conspiracy" indictment. The 421, three of its officers and five closed. Hurrah for Local 1120. operators of dairies were charged with conspiracy February 13th tojury handed down the indictment

LABOR, railroad union organ. for February 25th reports that the International Association of Machinists with its 225,000 members of the 2,000,000 escaped. will cease paying dues to the AFL until that body compels the Carmillwright work, the installation and dismantling of machinery. According to President Harvey Brown of the Machinists, it will. the union."

The executive council of the AFL announces another new high in membership for the Federato a total of 4,747,443, the council

The Summit County LABOR NEWS reports that John D o have their unemployed union fidential it could only mean that company will find it is mistaken, tions to safeguard their domina-Rubber Workers in Gadsden, Alabama, was severely beaten February 18th by five thugs who invaded his office and went to work on him with blackjacks. He was ored people. How many tens of left for dead with blood streaming from fifteen cuts on his head He is in critical condition, his type will be forced to recog

pany thugs have beaten House Some time ago he and President Dalrymple were beaten, also in Gadsden, by a mob composed of Goodyear foremen and "service published in Duluth, reports a ren." International officers of the Duluth mother of six children has United Rubber Workers say they been thrown off relief because she will insist on a complete investi- refused to take house-work in Two gation of the beating given House Harbors for no other payment It would seem an elementary

duty of the United Rubber Workers Union of Gadsden to form a Union Defense Guard to guard its union and officers from the violence of company gangsters.

The UNITED MINE WORK-ERS JOURNAL reports that tentative figures of the U.S. Bureau of Mines place the number of fatal accidents in the nation's coal mines for 1940 at 1420. This is an increase of 342 over the previous year, and the highest number of deaths in the mines since 1931.

Still Congress refuses to pass the Flannery Federal Mine In- 558 fewer farms operated by spection Bill which would dimin- "part owners." Full owners are ish the needless slaughter of the nation's mine workers. One reason why Congress fails to act is because there are no labor representatives in Congress. John L. Lewis and Philip Murray helped have a contract for deed. Of the bring about this condition when 73.962 farms in the state in 1940. they threw their support to Will- 33.377 or almost half, are tenantkie and Roosevelt instead of to operated.

The Chicago Guild, incidental- the formation of an independent

The Pittsburgh COURIER reports that Byron C. Johnson, one of the colored navy messboys kicked out of the U.S. Navy, has obtained a job in a Brooklyn factory through the efforts of the Scrap Iron Union Local 1120, reports the latest union to be hit AFL, which invited Johnson into the union, a mixed organization, Dubuque Drivers Union Local despite the fact its books were

It is a startling and bloody fix the price of milk for retail story that Walter Merguson is resale and delivery. A federal grand lating, exclusively in the Pittsburgh Courier, of the mass murat the request of the Sanitary der of 2,000,000 Sengalese soldiers Dairy, which sought to chisel on by Hitler. Betrayed by the French the industry by launching various government and the French gen-"thrift plans" calling for less fre- eral staff, these colored warriors quent milk deliveries by milkmen, were left to delay Hitler's march westward. The Sengalese, armed with bolo knives and deserted by their white officers, faced Hitler's tanks and planes. Only a handful

Merguson says "I know now that they died for a country penters to stop trespassing on which railroaded them into the the Machinists' jurisdiction. The army, denied them the right of jurisdictional dispute involves citizenship, exploited them and opposed their liberation and political emancipation."

It was on December 14, 1939. that the same Merguson in his be up to the next AFL convention story from Paris approvingly 'either to enforce the Machinists' quoted the words of Father Faurights or go without affiliation of cher, priest, that the French "are not fighting for the extension of French territory. We are fighting for the equality of all the races of the world. The idea of the superiority of race does not tion; membership has climbed grow in French soil. For oppres 500,000 in the last four months sion and barbarity we wish to establish freedom and intellectual development for all who live un der the caressing folds of the tricolor.'

It took the mass murder of 2,. 000,000 Sengambians to force Walter Merguson to recognize the truth - that the French "democracy" opposed the political and economic emancipation of the colmillions of colored people will have to die before Merguson and This is the second time com nize the lies underlying the propaganda of British and American

MIDWEST LABOR, CIO paper than room and board. Her son has just volunteered in the army. Today his mother has been thrown off relief and informed by her relief investigator that her son would have to support her out of

his wages in the army.

The North Daketa UNION FARMER reports on the alarming growth of farm tenancy in North Dakota as revealed by the latest census figures. Although there were 4,013 fewer farms in the state in 1940 than in 1980. there were 5.977 more tenants. 5.456 fewer "full owners" and 4:those who hold title to the land. regardless of whether or not it is encumbered by mortgage debt, while part owners are those who

General Motors Settles Flint Fisher No. 1 Fight

FLINT, Mich., March 8-A temporary settlement was reached this week between the General Motors Corporation and the UAW-CIO, concerning the 82 trim line workers at Fisher Body No. 1 plant. The men are to go back to work at once, but are to have no seniority rights during a probationary period.

After the probationary period, which will end with the end of production on the current model, probably the latter part of June, the men will have their 9seniority reinstated provided the | with the company in condemning

company does not pin some kind of infraction of rules on them.

This settlement is every bit as hard on the union militants as the visor. case of the 17 men who lost their seniority rights in a previous struggle at Fisher Body 1. The severity of the discipline forced on the men, is the direct result ing the company for provoking walkouts as a means to clean out union militants and speed up the lines, the Thomas-Reuther International leadership openly sided

the men at Fisher who walked off the trim line on February 12th, after being subjected to taunts and threats by the super-

Before he even investigated the case, Thomas hastened to give out a public statement after the Fisher walkout, condemning the men, defending the company, and of the fact that instead of brand- pledging to help the company get rid of the militants.

(For full analysis of causes behind this and similar actions see story on page 3 of Wall Street plot to wreck UAW).

This Makes Four Of A Kind

Show The Trend Back To Work

"Labor Statesmen" Have Little Prestige Among Men, Returns In Elections Show

DETROIT-Most locals of the United Automobile Workers of America have completed their annual local elections and many would-be labor leaders are still wondering what hit them. The auto workers have retired to private life several of these

to one!

All these men used to get elect

ed by majorities of two and three

Mike Duletzky, Secretary of the

tions two weeks hence.

lish a bureaucratic machine.

"labor statesmen" and have issued sharp and unmistakable warning to others to mend their ways or else.

Emil Mazey, three times President of the 20,000-men Briggs

local, a phony "labor statesman" leader" of the Lewis - Addes ning for re-election, by some 120 Stalinist camp, managed to votes fell behind his opponent, McMillan, an individual totally by 66 votes. unknown outside of his own lo-

MAZEY MAY WITHDRAW

Mazey secured a run-off election | Plymouth local, one of the Stalonly by violating his own local inist "Big Three" strongholds in by-laws, which clearly state that a Detroit, was defeated decisively simply majority is sufficient to for relection by an anti-Stalinist elect any local officer. It is ru- candidate. mored, however, that Mazey sees REUTHER IN TROUBLE the handwriting on the wall and is planning to withdraw from the run-off election in order to take an appointed job with the CIO.

William Marshall, three times President of Chrysler local No. 7, another would-be "labor statesman" of the Hillman-Reuther vaviety, managed to get reelected to the local presidency by 57 votes in a run-off election against Zeller, a progressive unionist who has never previously been an officer of the union. Chrysler Local No. 7 has 10,000 members and over 7,000 participated in the bal-

WINS BY 66 VOTES

sident of the large Packard local, a warning to all "labor statesmen" running for reelection, a "labor to mend their ways or else.

Hit Bethlehem

Composition Of Grievance Committee

itself at the big Lackawanna plant here.

charging that C. L. Baker, the lo-

cal plant personnel manager, has

"refused to admit the committee

because he objected to certain of

its members." There's a name for

the kind of union whose commit-

tees are named by the bosses. It's

what Bethlehem Steel wants to

around. After the recent strike,

WORKERS' SPIRITS HIGH

Lackawanna Manager Is Balking Against

BUFFALO, N.Y., March 8-The Bethlehem Steel Com-

As was to be expected, Eugene Grace is trying to welch on

Lorne Nelles, SWOC director here, has issued a statement

the agreement reached a week ago after a two day strike which

tied the plant up tight. The company has refused to meet with

Men Are Firm CHICAGO, March 9. - The strike of 14,000 workers at four plants of the International Harvester Company is holding solid against the combined pressure of

Move Flops;

Six weeks ago the Harvester ractor plant here was shut down, ollowed by walkouts at IHC plants in Rock Falls, Ill., and

the company, labor board and the

Richmond, Ind. The strikes were called by the Farm Equipment Workers Organizing Committee (CIO) after two years of company discrimination against its members and the company's recognition of a company union.

AFL'S SCAB ROLE

The Walter Reuther crowd controlling the key West Side local When the National Labor Relations Board ordered the company of about 30,000 members, is facing a stiff battle for reelection in to disband this fake outfit, the their scheduled local union elec- AFL lent its name to the com-

The auto workers have clearly The latest move of the company has been to make various unsuc demonstrated in these local elections that they are dissatisfied cessful attempts to stir up dissenwith the way the union is being sion among the strikers and start conducted at the present time. No a back-to-work movement.

The AFL is lending its aid to local leadership is able to estabthis strike-breaking move. Frank The auto workers have demon- Fenton, AFL director of organizastrated that they do not approve | tion here, called a meeting to in of the cowardly, pussy-footing pol- duce the IHC workers to go back icy of either the Thomas-Reuther to work. About 700 attended, in local leaders or of the Addes-Stal- cluding a large percentage of fore-Kurt Murdock, three times Pre- inist leadership. This election is men and other company stooges, to hear Fenton term the McCormick strike a "lockout" against the "communist" CIO. The meeting passed a resolution asking the New Strike May company to "open the gates for those employees who desire to

Part of the company's strategy to break the strike is to call for a labor board election, on the which union to recognize, the CIO or the AFL-labeled company union. The whole move is to get the workers to go back to work. Once the workers return, the company intends to use every manner of fraud, pressure and bribery to pany appears to be chewing off another big hunk of trouble for

This is what happened in the 17

A conference this past week-end National Labor Relations Board | pany, federal conciliators and the for illegal labor practices, the CIO union representatives ended rying out its open-shop anti-union an election before it will nego-

But the workers have already voted for the CIO by their actions The plants are shut down, and But the Lackawanna workers it is ready to employ to defeat the FEWOC says they'll stay that the union of the workers' choice. between union representatives \$5 a day.

SWOC's Formal Notice For Negotidtions Cancels Old Contract;

new contract between U. S. ember, reached no agreement. Steel and the Steel Workers Organizing Committee (CIO) will open next week in 'an atmosohere of grim conflict and with tle union on the offensive. At a meeting of 150 represen-

tatives of the 66 U.S. Steel lodges of the SWOC, held in Pittsburg last week-end, the grounds that it does not know union rejected company proposals for a 21/2 cents an hour pay increase and is demanding a 10. cents an hour raise for all common labor.

izing Committee (CIO).

Philip Murray, SWOC head and the other executive officers were instructed by the conference to "take such steps and adopt such program of action corporation could easily lay out for all time worked during the strikes if necessary. It means months CIO strike at Hearst's which they, in their discretion, the additional \$52,000,000 in wages 48 hour rest period. Herald-American here. Among may deem advisable or necessary demanded by the workers and 4. One week's vacation with pay trying to provoke action, feeling those who voted were strike for the purpose of securing im- still make greater profits than for workers employed one to five the designated committee of the Steel Workers Organizing Combreakers and scabs hired after proved wages and working condiin any years, and two weeks for those war ballyhoo, they can beat the points out very cleverly, that by mittee (CIO) to negotiate grievances as promised in the strike the strike started, and manage tions in accordance with the pro- and without raising steel prices. employed longer than five years. gram of the SWOC."

CONTRACT EXPIRES

A written notice has been sent without any agreement, because steel manufacturer in the world, (CIO) and the major group of same classifications of work. the company is insistent on such asking for a formal conference soft coal operators. If the present ment. Under the present contract, duce no new contract by then, drafted into the military forces. which has been in effect since the miners, as is their tradition, 1937, service of such notice auto- will go on a "work holiday." They length of employment and on no matically terminates the contract will not work without a contract other factor. in thirty days.

This formal notice was served way until the company recognizes after six "informal" conferences U. S. Steel for common labor is from the workers benefiting by

Formal negotiations for a | and the company, held since Nov-1

Ten Cents An Hour Raise For Common Labor Is Chief Demand

Pickets guarding one of the entrances to the strike-bound McCormick plant of the Interna-

tional Harvester Company in Chicago. The strike at this plant brings the number of IHC strik-

ers to over 14,000 in four plants. The strike was called by the Farm Equipment Workers Organ-

GIGANTIC PROFITS

U. S. Steel, as pointed out by Philip Murray, made \$102,000,000 net profits in 1940, and is expected to net over \$200,000,000 in 1941. During the last war the corporation netted \$800,000,000 profits.

U. S. Steel, backed behind the scenes by important Roosevelt administration officials, has balked at wage increases, arguing that these would bring higher steel prices and start an upward general price spiral which would lead

o "inflation." UNION DEBUNKS ALIBI

present contract of 440,000 mem-

Other vital demands beside the 10-cent an hour increase have been served upon U. S. Steel. These include the following:

1. Exclusive bargaining rights for all U. S. Steel workers (261,-000) as a corporation unit, instead of the present agreement providing for separate contracts in each of the 66 plants and covering only union members.

2. A 48 hour rest period in each calendar week, instead of the present clause which permits the company to work the men 10 straight days without rest.

3/ Time and a half pay for over-The union points out that the hours in any calendar week, and standards, even at the cost of sightedness and stupidity of the

Steel contract will coincide with machinery to provide for speedier

The present prevailing wage in mit the union to collect dues the contract.

each plant. . to the corporation, the largest bers of the United Mine Workers 6. Equalization of pay for the Body plants in Flint, Lansing and

7. Provisions for reinstatement at speed-up have been directed at with the union on a new agree- negotiations of the miners pro- in employment of union men the men, especially in the trim 8. Seniority upon the basis of

9. Adequate machinery to per-

UAW Elections Harvester Strike In 7th Week Wall St. Planned **GM** Provocation

Recent Provocations Are Spearhead In A Drive To Smash The UAW-CIO Altogether

FLINT, Mich., March 5. - Wall | were discharged for participat-Street has launched a campaign, centered in General Motors, to smash the work standards established in the past period by the clearly that the firing of 82 men United Automobile Workers. This campaign is part of a grand strat- only a part of the general strategy to smash unionism in auto, egy to speed up production in under cover of "National De GM. It means that all the raving fense" and is directed by the ruthess General Staff of Morgan-Du-

This was revealed unwittingly in an article February 24 in the Wall Street Journal, spokesman for the banker-industrialist.

This article further revealed that the discharge of 82 union men at the Fisher Body I plant in Flint, was not merely as a result of an unauthorized walkout, but as a part of the general scheme to wrest the work standards away from the union in GM and to institute a speed up on a grand scale.

U.S. Steel Gets Demand "Passenger car output for the remainder of 1941 . . . is threatened by the prospects of strikes ... " For New Union Contract says the Wall Street Journal.

A DELIBERATE PLOT

Why? Is it because the workers are irresponsible and anxious for strikes?

Not on your life! Here is the real reason, as given by the Wall Street Journal:

"A showdown is approaching on the measure of control that management is to have in fixing production standards ... Both CIO and AFL branches of the United Auto Workers are involved in this contest. Before it is ended, production in several plants may be interrupted. GENERAL MOTORS MAY BE ONE OF THE FIRST COM-PANIES TO ENCOUNTER

TROUBLE. When a statement like that ap pears in the Wall Street Journal it may be taken confidently as a tip-off on what the employers in time for work over eight hours scenes. It means that the auto General Motors anti-union drive... in any one day or in excess of 40 barons are planning to smash work and the victims also of the shortthat they are playing a bold game

that at this time, in the midst of union in a fight. Wall Street Journal, it is now

the ending on March 31 of the adjustment of grievances in simple to understand what is be-ment of ordinary production. hind the trouble at the Fisher Detroit, where constant attempts shops.

A DEAD GIVE-AWAY

The Wall St. Journal goes even further, and practically confesses in so many words, that the discharge of 82 men on the trim line at Flint Fisher Body 1 was only a part of the game to wreck the as the best arena for its attempt to destroy the UAW.

"The most important step taken by management to retain-or, as management sees it, to regain-control of production standards from the UAW was taken Friday night by General Motors Corp. At Flint, 81 workers (actually 82) UAW.

ing in an unauthorized walk-

The above paragraph means for an unauthorized walkout, was about responsibility and wildcat actions is so much hogwash in an attempt to cover up the real issue-speed-up.

It also means that when Walter Reuther and R. J. Thomas side with the company in these provoked walkouts, they are merely playing into the hands of Wall Street and aiding them in their plan to destroy the UAW, which Reuther and Thomas are supposed to represent. It also means that the whole International Executive board of the UAW has failed to understand what the game of the company actually is, and their whole policy of "respectability" serves as a good cover for the auto baron's speed-up cam-

UNION MUST ACT

If the UAW is to stop this campaign to destroy work standards, a determined stand must be taken. It cannot be met by Thomas' police measures against wildcat actions, which are clearly provoked by the corporations in their wellplanned campaign. It must be met by an equally well-planned union campaign of offensive against the corporations, especially GM, the chosen battlefield, to defend and extend the rights of

The Fisher Body incident was not an isolated example of "irresponsible unionism" as Thomas has said. It is a part of the General Motors-wide speed-up drive!

The 82 discharged employes at Fisher No. 1 are not a bunch of "hotheads" as Walter Reuther would have the UAW believe auto are planning behind the These 82 are the victims of the International Leadership of the

NOW'S THE TIME!

The Wall Street Journal also Given this statement in the ities going to war industries, there may be considerable curtail-

"Should the industry run into premature curtailment this spring. due to material shortages . . . the union shop drive would be less effective," says the Wall Street

Wall Street makes clear that if the union men of the UAW want to win the union shop, if they want to establish better conditions, they had better do it now!

Union militants have understood what the problems were, bestandards in General Motors, the fore the Wall Street Journal opcompany chosen by Wall Street, enly revealed them. But now that it is an open secret, what excuse have Thomas, Reuther, Addes and Frankensteen for following their pussyfoot policy? The corporations have told you what their plan is! Only a militant defense of union conditions, only a sharp about-face from the policy of procompany action in cases of "units Fisher Body No. 1 plant at authorized" strikes can save the

James B. McNamara Dies

the workers trooped back into the plant in a fighting, defiant spirit, with their union buttons plastered all over their hats and coats. And that's something Eugene weakness of the union movement Grace thought he'd never live to and the ease with which it could The SWOC today sent telegrams | Steel strike of 1937, union organto Roosevelt and the members of ization in Bethlehem Steel was the Office for Production Manage-

ment demanding that the government take immediate action to compel the company to live up to never before in American history. its agreement, based on the pro- It's a lot harder to get scabs. And posals of the OPM, or the union would not be responsible for any throughout the Bethlehem Steel 1911 by a California boss court Workers at the time of his arrest. further "breakdown" in Bethlehem

Another strike at the Lacka- hem plant might easily spread to tober 1, 1910. His conviction was aroused the wrath of the openwanna plant would not find the all its plants, mines and ship- the outcome of a fierce and bloody shop interests. They were determworkers so willing to go back to yards, in cities from the Atlantic war upon organized labor by West work on the limited terms accept-

Bethlehem, Johnstown, Pottstown,

The shipbuilding plants of the

Because of these government quarries in Pennsylvania, New where he died was permitted only certain individuals in the labor

son hell in the California peni- dical care.

eral H. C. Otis, the Times pub-

For 30 years, 25 of them spent in San Quentin penitentiary and the last five in the state's disto the boss class and his devotion Darrow was their counsel. to organized labor.

His death followed two operalast February 13, although he had movement and interested liberals

time served, from his 30 year pri- strength and refused adequate me- for an agreement from the em-

McNamara was an organizer McNamara was sentenced to life for the International Association imprisonment on December 5, of Bridge and Structural Iron for the alleged bombing of the His activity and that of his union Los Angeles Times building on Oc- on behalf of West Coast labor had ined to get him, and through his Coast open-shop forces led by Gen-conviction to smear organized labor throughout the country and break the back of the rising un-

McNamara, together with his brother, John, who was arrested ciplinary penal institute, Folsom and accused at the same time, be-Penitentiary, McNamara bore came the center of one of the without flinching the deliberate greatest defense movements ever persecutions of the prison author- organized in this country. Ameriities. They could not break his can labor rallied to their defense. fits. Little of these huge "earn- company are lecated in New spirit nor cause him to yield an raising a defense fund of a quarinch in his indomitable opposition ter of a million dollars. Clarence

> For months, the brothers unwaveringly denied their guilt. Their case became the focal point

Death last Saturday released been desperately ill for five years | thought up the idea of getting | leaders and that a conference of James B. McNamara, world's old- in Folsom, where he was denied the brothers to sacrifice themsel- capital and labor would be held too weak to effect any genuine est class-war prisoner in point of privileges, worked beyond his ves by pleading guilty in return to "iron out" their differences. ployers that there would be no brought to bear on them by their further prosecutions of labor



J. B. McNamara At the age of 29, when sentenced to life imprisonment in

After the heaviest pressure was

own associates, who argued that guilty plea would end the immediate persecution of other labor tered a plea of guilty. According imprisonment, his brother just a brief term and the rest of the contemplated prosecutions would be dropped.

The bosses, of course, violated the agreement. James received his life sentence, and John was sentenced to 15 years, of which he served ten. Within six months, 54 other labor leaders were indiction ballot. ed in the famous "dynamite conspiracy" frame-ups growing out of the McNamara case. Thirty-eight were sentenced to prison terms for one to seven years. In 1915,

two others were also convicted. McNamara lived up to his end years of his life'and freedom and by the Philadelphia SWP branch did not waver once. He upheld to the Senate committee. The the union movement to the end. | telegram reads as follows:

Together with all progressive forces of labor, we pay tribute to one of the noblest fighters for his class in American labor history. | Communist Party from the bal- boss class and its government.

diate persecution of other labor leaders, the brothers finally en- SWP Fights Against to the terms agreed upon by the bosses, James was to receive life Ban On CP In Penna.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7. - | lot in Pennsylvania. Passage Branches of the Socialist Workers Party in Pennsylvania are launching a vigorous campaign against enactment of a bill-now before the state legislature in Harrisburg which would bar the Communist Party from the state elec-

The proposed bill, which has the backing of the most reactionary business groups in the state, is in hearing before the state Senate Judiciary General Committee.

A protest telegram against en-

"The Socialist Workers Party vigorously protests bill before your committee to bar would mean serious infringement of democratic rights of minority parties. We condemn bill as a pretext for striking blows at genuine anti-war section of labor movement in drive of government toward war. We urge immediate quashing of bill."

In a statement released to the press today, the state secretary of the Pennsylvania section of the SWP declared in part:

"We disagree emphatically with the policies and practices of the of the bargain. He sacrified 30 actment of the bill has been sent Communist Party. It is neither a genuine revolutionary nor an antiwar party. Nevertheless, we defend any workers' organization, regardless of how sharply we disagree with its program and leadership, against the attacks of the

ed in the first strike. They know their organized power now, and they also know that there are 60,000 other Bethlehem workers in the country who have been inspired by the Lackawanna strike. HUGE PROFITS The corporation had the best year of its history in 1940, soak- Angeles.

ing away \$48,677,524 in net proings" have gone into wage boosts York City, Baltimore, Quincy, for the speeded-up workers. Beth- Mass.; Sparrows Point, San Franlehem Steel has a back-log of \$1,- cisco, Alameda and San Pedro. 500,000,000 in government war or- Calif. ders - one-third of all the war contracts so far granted in the for the next three years.

contracts, granted despite the com- Jersey and Cuba.

company feels it has the tacit backing of the government in car-In addition, the company has

pany's repeated citation by the

called a 'company union,' that's some \$750,000.000 in assets, accumulated out of its half century in support of the CIO picket line. of bitter labor exploitation, which

are in no mood to be kicked the union.

NEW SITUATION But the situation is not quite the same as it was in 1919 or 1937. In 1919, the company smashed the strike because of the general get scab labor. During the Little

walk-out. Today, labor is organized as the SWOC is firmly entrenched

A second strike in any Bethle-

THE COMPANY'S DOMAIN Other company steel plants are

located in Sparrows Point, Md.; Coatesville, Steelton, Danville, Williamsport and Lebanon, Pa.; Wilmington, Del,; Tulsa, Okla.; Seattle, San Francisco and Los

In addition, the company owns tions for abdominal cancer induccoal mines in Pennsylvania and ed by three decades of rotten pri- for a vicious attack upon the enentire country - enough to keep | West Virginia, iron mines in Mi- son fare and aggravated by medi- tire trade union movement. In an the company operating at capacity chigan, Pennsylvania, Chile, Cuba cal neglect. His transfer to the effort to ease the pressure upon and Venezuela, and limestone prison hospital at San Quentin the labor movement by the bosses

The Negro And The U.S. Army

The Story Of What Happened To The Colored Soldiers And Officers In 1917

By EUGENE VARLIN

Distribution of the Negro Troops

According to the official statistics well over 60 per cent of the Negroes were doing laborious work which did not involve the use of arms. On June 23. 1918, when about 237,000 Negroes had been called, the radio of the non-combatant to the combatant was about four to one. The non-combatant troops were grouped in Butchery Companies 322 and 363, Stevedore Regiments 301, 302, and 303, Stevedore Battalions 701 and 702, Engineer Service Battalions 505-550, Labor Service Battalions 304-315, 329-348, and 357, Labor Companies 301,324, and in Pioneer Labor Battalions 801,809, 811, and 813-816.

The Negro combat troops were almost totally excluded from the artillery, the cavalry and aeronautics, the more effective branches of the army.

925 Negroes received commissions in line organizations 356 in the Medical Corps, 65 in the Dental Corps, 1 in the Sanitary Corps; there were 60 chaplains. Leaving aside the question of the removal of Negro officers, this means that the Negroes, who contributed 13.08% of the enlisted troops had a total of 1,408 or about seven-tenths of one per cent of the approximately 200,000 officers commissioned during the World War.

The Negroes were bluntly told that they were wanted only for the mess departments in the

Secretary of War Baker, in reply to the protests of the Negroes, said that the colored people lived in a certain customary relation to the population as a whole and that there was nothing wrong in transferring this relation to the armed forces. He forgot for the moment that the Negroes had been told that those forces were fighting for democracy!

The Colored Officer

our party to give critical support | sion is taken either way.

Marxist analysis the decision of ferent circumstances.

the New York Local is complet-

To support or not to support

can be followed is that a decision

should further the interests of the

working class and consequently

general cannot alone aid us in

determining our decision in a spe-

cific situation. There is no way

to avoid an analysis of all the

factors to determine whether sup-

porting or not supporting another

working-class party furthers the

real Labor party or only one on

paper? Even though it is a small

party will our support help build

a larger Labor party? Will run-d

It can be seen that a rule so vail.

of the revolutionary party.

ely justified.

to Eugene P. Connolly, running A reason that would justify sup-

American Army when the United States entered ted to either West Point or Annapolis for a number of years. A military department has been kept up at Wilberforce University, a Negro school, and about sixty-five of its graduates and undergraduates were commissioned during the World

The government inaugurated a system of officers' training camps soon after its entry into the war. "Strange and paradoxical as it may seem, America, while fighting for the democratization of far-off European peoples was denying democracy to a part of her citizens at home . . . Fourteen camps were instituted for the training of WHITE (Scott's emphasis) officers - none for colored officers, nor were colored officers admitted to any of these camps." Such is the testimony of Emmet J. Scott, Negro assistant to Secretary

On May 12, 1917, the War Department yielded to the pressure of the Negro masses, promising to train 1,250 Negro officers at Camp Des Moines in Iowa. The Negroes were jubilant over their

The upper-class Negro predominated at the Des Moines school. Few were accepted who did not have a college education. In addition to these colored college students and professionals, 250 candidates were drawn from the four Negro regiments in the regular army. Prospective white officers spent only six weeks in training: the Negroes, on the other hand, were originally supposed to train from June 15 to September 15; this was later extended a month, making four months

Only 639 or about half of the 1,250 students attending the Des Moines school received commissions. Since the higher officers of the Negro regiments would be whites, the Negroes were lim-There were only a few Negro officers in the ited to the lowest positions. 105 were made cap-

entry.

Why We Supported The A. L. P.

An Answer To Critics On The Principles Involved In Backing Eugene Connolly

tains; 329, first lieutenants; and 204, second lieuthe war - a lieutenant-colonel, a major, and one ' tenants. There was an unwritten rule that no or two lieutenants. No Negroes had been admit- .colored man in training should receive a commission higher than that of captain.

> On one occasion, even General Ballou attacked the refusal of the War Department to accept his recommendation to promote a Negro officer. Bal-

> "This officer (Lieutenant T. T. Thompson) was originally assigned to duty as Acting Personnel Officer, in which capacity he did good work, and was recommended to be promoted Captain with a view to being assigned to duty as permanent Personnel Officer. This was disapproved by the War Department on the ground that the Personnel Officer should be 'white' . , .

> "The result has been the discouragement and lessened efficiency of an officer of considerable promise who has much justice on his side in alleging race discrimination."

> Handicaps were placed in the way of the Negro officers. No instruction in artillery was given at Des Moines. It was then claimed that no Negroes could quality as officers of the contemplated Negro artillery unit. The Negroes compelled the War Department to back down on its stand. In the end, however, only six Negro artillery officers, at long last, on June 10, 1918, left for France.

The Negro troops were not furnished with a sufficient number of medical officers. The resentment of the colored press was great because. , while many Negro physicians, surgeons, and dentists were serving as privates, white medical officers had been given positions in the Negro regi-

"The fate of the colored officers," says Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois, "depended almost absolutely. on those placed in higher command. Moreover, American military trials and legal procedures . . . give the accused little chance if the accuser is determined and influential." One example was the fate of Charles Young, who had graduated

West Point and risen to the position of Colonel. He was sixth in line for promotion to Brigadier' General. As such, he would have been entitled to lead the Negro combat division. Just one day before a long list of brigadier-generals were made Young was "found physically unfit and retired from active service." Somehow Young, after the war, was found strong enough to be sent by the army for service in Africa. 'A white colonel re marked in his introduction of Colonel Young to a public meeting in December, 1919, that "it was very plain that the only reason why this darkskinned military officer had been retired, was that the army did not want a black general."

To quiet the clamor that arose on Young's re- stantially the following: tirement, another Negro, Colonel Dennison, was placed at the head of the 370th U.S. Infantry. But in France the colored Colonel was sent home thing about it. We must put peofor no stated reason. He was replaced by a white ple into office who will cut the Colonel whom the men of the regiment openly tax rate. The way to do it, is to

officers, fights sometimes resulting. The leaders are 'chiselers' anyhow. Stop sponof the American army found a way to stick to the rules and still keep the Negro officer in his there are plenty of jobs available place. General Adelbert Cronkhite of Camp Lee, in private industry. Fire more Viriginia, was quoted in a Richmond daily and in the camp newspaper as follows:

"I met some junior officers who said they on the library budget. Don't perwere not keen on saluting Negro officers. They mit erection of new schools. Cut would not feel that way if they understood the spirit of the salute. If one of them came from a town where there was an old Negro character, one of those old fellows who do odd jobs and is known to everybody, he'd at least nod his head and say, 'Howdy, uncle.' Now, suppose through some freak of nature this Old Negro should be transplanted into an officer's uniform; the salute would be merely saying to him 'Howdy, uncle,' in a military way."

(This is the fourth article in this series.

Newark Labor And The Tax Question

By GEORGE BREITMAN

The coming Newark City Commission elections may very well be decided around the issue of the ever-rising tax rate, which was \$4.85 last year and which is driving thousands of homeowners, grocers and small shop-keepers to ruin, at the same time that it is partially responsible for the rising cost of rent for the

The forces of big business in Newark, are uniting around the coalition ticket of Commissioner Byrne (Hague Democrat) and Reverend Clee (Republican who was almost elected Governor a few years ago by denouncing Hagueism) and Company.

Crying crocodile tears about the plight of small business (when what interests them alone is the taxation of the big businesses, corporations and insurance companies), they say sub-

"The tax rate is high and will ruin us all if we don't do someelect honest men who will cut re-White officers often refused to salute Negro lief, because most relief clients soring WPA projects, because school teachers. Cut down on the City Hospital. Don't waste money the wages of city employees." And

> The Ellenstein group has no satisfactory answer to the problem tax rate is by reassessing the reductions is put on them. they homes are still assessed at close respond by cutting the same to pre-depression values, while on things the Byrne-Clee group want the other hand the larger properto cut: the socially necessary ties are assessed below their maritems which are used primarily ket values. Reassessment of prop-

about the 1941 tax rate in connection with the election. In most

Unable to answer the problem Judging by remarks made by to office a reactionary candidate? imperialist war or of any meas- against any imperialist attack and rank and file we say: You do not program. Not for one minute, We satisfactorily, City Hall has decriticism of your leadership; you reaucrats, criticising their pro- announcing the 1941 rate until sinking fund. But they are afraid We can even whisper to our think that your party is really a gram and trying to convince the after the May 13 elections!

OUR ANSWER

There is an answer to the problem which would cut the tax rate tion. And and at the same time provide the necessary money for relief, library, etc. This answer has been presented by the Socialist Workers Party on numerous occasions. It most a billion dollars was cut 67 has not been picked up by the millions by 1938, and another 67 City Hall group, in spite of its claims that it represents the in- ductions were 51 millions, and terests of the "common people," this year 53 millions. Had both for only a party that is really op big taxpayers and small taxpayposed to big business could espouse and fight for it. For this ate reductions, this would mean ing for the formation of a labor both, party, based on the unions and embracing the unemployed and of this reduction of almost a Negro groups, and running its quarter billion dollars, the bulk own candidates on an independent platform. (

The 1940 budget was 55 million dollars. Of this, more than 91/2 millions were for debt services. small, the largest single item in the budget. Of this, part is for amortization (repayment of past bond issues) and the rest is for inter-

STEP NO. 1

sion let the banks and bonding houses go without some of that money this year. The city's bonds should be recalled and refinanced at a lower interest rate. Of course, this would mean the bonding houses wouldn't make so much money, but it would also mean that the taxpayers would get some real relief.

The city could go further, as some municipalities have, by just declaring a moratorium on debt services. The bankers would howl about "the sanctity of contracts," but what they would mean really is "the sanctity of foreclosures on small homes" and "the sanctity of higher rents in the workers' districts."

STEP NO. 2

The second way to reduce the lem either. When the pressure for property of the city. Many small erty that would raise assessment Secondly, it must be remember- figures on the corporations and ed that the more money they lower them on the small taxpayspend, the more patronage they ers woul lower the tax rate and have. This is a very important at the same time would make the consideration for a group whose corporations pay more in taxes, main program is stay in power thus placing the burden of taxation where it belongs, on big busi-Every 'taxpayer is thinking ness which can afford to pay it.

Since the Socialist Workers Party put this program forward, years, the rate is figured out and City Hall has adopted a weak and announced in February or March. distorted variant of it. In an effort to cut the tax rate this election year, they are refinancing a small part of the bonds in the to go through with refinancing all of them, although that's the only way to get a real tax rate reduc-

> Similarly, they began a reassessment of property with these

The 1937 total assessment of almillions the next year; 1940 reers received the same proportionreason, among others, we are call- the tax rate goes up the same for

> But there was a change. Out of reductions in assessment were made for big business, while the reductions for the small tax-payers have been comparatively

This is one reason why our slogan in this election campaign is: LET LABOR CONTROL THE CI-TY COMMISSION! Only a labor party can win the friendly support of the small taxpayer and There could be a large cut in form a successful alliance against the tax rate if the City Commis- the aims of big business.

INDEPENDENT war right wing withdrew its support and thus reduced the number of trade unions supporting ber of trade unions supporting

interests of the class and of the Labor party. It has not as many party at a particular time. unions as we would like to see it WE ARE FOR AN . have. The pro-Roosevelt and pro-INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY remembered that our party fav- the Labor party but enough imors the building of a Labor party, portant trade unions are left in that is, of a party organized and the party to justify the statement controlled by the trade unions or that it is a real Labor party and a substantial portion of them. Un-that its growth will help build der conditions where the vast ma- a Labor party on the American jority of the workers support ca- scene. From the point of view of pitalist parties, the creation of an our general program of helping by the following editorial in the January 25, independent Labor party would build, a Labor party, giving criconstitute a tremendous step for tical support to Connolly was the of Glasgow, Scotland. THE FORWARD is scarceward. We must therefore do every- only justifiable tactic. thing in our power to further the

A factor of importance in our building of such a party. decision to support the ALP can-It would be absurd for us to didate was the anti-war program full: wait until a Labor party is creat- of that party. It is of course out ed on a national scale before sup- of the question for us to support porting a local Labor party. Whena Republican or Democratic can ever and wherever there is a local lidate even though for one reason Labor party which has substanor another such a candidate haptial support from organized labor cens to come out against war. we should support it against ca-All the reformists of the district pitalist parties unless there are where the election is taking place. valid reasons for not doing so. ire supporting the pro-war Democ-To pile up as many votes as posatic candidate. We could not sible for a local Labor party helps support a Labor party candidate build one on a national scale.

- Are we in a position to get on Take Advantage the ballot and run our indepenof the Combination Offer dent candidate? Is the party that we are thinking of supporting a

Issues THE MILITANT ? Issues FOURTH INTERNA-

sion will always be determined

by the particular factors that pre-

It is enough to state that a sub-

stantial number of important

THE ALP HAS REAL

TRADE UNION SUPPORT

FOR ONLY 50c

bor Party ticket, is not very well would not justify supporting it And what has been said with reference to supporting a Labor party is also true with reference

another workers' party in an elector to the question of giving critical tion is not at all a question of support to the candidates of a and we have not hesitated to say ment. principle. There are no general workers' party that is not strictly so. But the fact remains that the rules which can be followed in a Labor party, such as the Sodetermining when and whether a cialist or Communist parties. If as an anti-war party. The program but solely by what we think furthrevolutionary Marxist party in any country or in any locality should give critical support to a of this country there is no Labor candidate of another workers' party but there is a strong Sopletely to our liking. If it were but it is a fact that we can not party. The only general rule that cialist or Communist party we are not at all in principle comto give critical support to a La- mitted to the idea of refusing to

bor party or any party of workers give critical support to the can- YES, WE'LL FIGHT SIDE didates of such a party. Our deci- BY SIDE WITH STALINISTS

it critical support.

Many well-meaning people are horrified at the idea that we are supporting a Stalinist-controlled party. But we must not forget that this Stalinist-controlled party is backed by Stalinist-controlled unions and we have at no time trade unions constitute the back and we shall never at any time bone of the American Labor par. oppose workers' organizations-sim- SUPPORT TO THE ALP ty to realize that it is not a paper ply because they are Stalinist-led.

ning our own candidate help elect | who is in favor of entry into the | that we support the Soviet Union | the Stalinist bureaucrats. To the | not mean that we give up our some of our sympathizers, the de- All these and other questions ures, such as the lease-lend bill, the Soviet Union is led by Stalin agree with our program and our continue fighting the Stalinist bu- cided to get around it — by not cision of the New York Local of, must be analyzed before a deci- which constitute steps towards himself.

I can hear the sectarians shout critics that if we deemed it ad- revolutionary party. We do not rank and file that we are correct. for Congress on the American La- port of another party at one time that Connolly is not really against visable and of benefit to our party agree with you but nevertheless In the last analysis the tactic of the imperialist war; his program and consequently to the working we shall fight with you against giving critical support to the understood. Subjected to any at a different time and under dif. is an isolationist and pacifist pro- class we would not hesitate to the capitalist class. We shall show American Labor party is a tactic gram. To that we answer that the give critical support to Browder you in real life that everything which is best suited to destroy workers supporting Connolly running on the Communist party the Stalinist leaders tell you the influence of the Stalinist leadthink that he actually will be a ticket. We are now defending about us are lies and nothing but ers on the militant rank and file fighter against the imperialist Browder and Bridges against the lies. war. We don't like the program repressive attacks of the govern- Our support of Connolly does rectness of our program. ALP is considered by the workers by hate or a desire for revenge

of a party to which we give cri- ers the interests of the revolutiontical support will never be com. ary movement. It is unfortunate we would immediately offer to ignore, that there are many thoumerge with it and not simply give sands of militant workers that are in the ranks of the Communist Party and many more thousands support it. It is also an unfortunate fact that these workers do not agree with our criticisms of the Stalinist leadership. They do not believe what is obvious to us, that the GPU for instance, is a murder machine directed against the interests of the revolution.

> THE EFFECT OF OUR It is in reality these militant

We want to remind our critics workers that we support and not partment; at the time of his

Joe Gouailhardou SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. - Joe death he was already a veteran. Gouailbardou, youngest fighter in although but 21, member of the the '34 maritime and general Marine Cooks and Stewards. strike, is dead. He was killed when his automobile struck a telephone pole.

Joe went to sea to support his family at the age of 13 as soon as he graduated grade school. A year later the maritime strike Party. Despite his youth Joe was found him actively engaged on the workers' battlefront. Too young for actual picket duty, the strike committee used his willing services for messenger work and a hundred other duties.

Joe sailed in the stewards de-

and to convince them of the cor-

Comrade Gouailhardou joined the YPSL some two and a half years ago. It was at his own request, although he was under the constitutional age, that he was trans ferred into the Socialist Workers a man among men, and above all a revolutionist.

Joe's untimely death robs the movement of a promising young revolutionist, whose place will not easily be filled.

Goodbye, Joe! We'll carry on.

On British "Democracy"

The real situation in Great Britain is illumined 1941 issue of THE FORWARD, a labor weekly ly a revolutionary newspaper; but occasionally its comments are well worth reprinting. The editorial, entitled "Old School Tie," follows in

The letter written by Lieutenant-Colonel Bingham and published on the leading page of the "Times" has roused a storm of protest.

"Never was the old school tie and the best that it stands for more justified than it is to-day," wrote the Lieutenant-Colonel, declaring that the new type of army officers from the democracy were not doing their jobs.

It is interesting to note that the "Times" thought this letter of such importance as to publis it on the page it reserves for important com-

The War Office has repudiated the Lieutenant-Colonel and the popular press is full of articles denouncing the studipidity and snobbery express-

A well-known Scots educationalist, Sir William McKechnie, has this week concisely summed up the Lieutenant-Colonel's letter as drivelling nonsense and added the pertinent comment:-

"The, 'old-school-tie' superstition must be destroyed for ever, because it meant that one class and one race-one group of people of wealthwere going to say that nobody but themselves were fitted to govern or lead the men of this Empire. The thing was utterly opposed to any idea of commonsense or the desire to get the best out of the available material of this But is the old-school-tie point of view confined

to a few snobbish, old-style army officers? In spite of all our democratic pretensions, is the influence of the class that the old school tie

represents not a tremendous power in the land? Indeed, is it, not powerfully represented in the present Government?

At the last re-shuffle of the Cabinet the "Daily Express" announced the changes under the "FOUR MEN IN NEW JOBS.

Three Eton and Oxford. Only One from Harrow."

The slightest glance at the composition of the Government is sufficient to reveal that in it the influence of the old school tie predominates.

It does not express its point of view as crudely and blatantly as does the Lieutenant-Colonel in his letter, but it is there all the same.

A SENSATION!

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MASS MEETING!!

The GPU Communist International Speaker:

Albert Goldman Recently returned from Mexico where, as attorney for

Natalia Sedov Trotsky, he cross-examined the GPU assassin who sank a pick axe in the brain of Leon Trotsky.

HEAR:

The facts which brand Stalin as murderer of Leon

An exposure of GPU machinations to free the Stalinist gangsters who machine-gunned Trotsky's bed room on May 24, 1940.

BEETHOVEN HALL 210 East 5th Street New York City

FRIDAY: March 28 The meeting will begin promptly at 8:30 P.M.

Auspices: Socialist Workers Party

Negro Struggle

Jim Crow Plans of the Bourbons There is an interesting story in Charley Cher-

okee's column, "National Grapevine," in the March 9 issue of the Chicago Defender:

"Last week army big shots had a secret and informal session where they admitted concern over the attacks on the army for maintaining Jim Crow. One old colonel demanded peevishly: 'Why in hell don't they shoot at the navy and marines for a while?' It was agreed that the program for the next few months will be to procrastinate and stall the critics by pointing to Brigadier General Davis and the Negro commissioned officers now on active duty . . .

"These big shots are naive. Any Negro high school kid knows that General Davis will retire in a few months and that when the National Guards leave, there will hardly be a commissioned Negro officer in the army."

That the conditions described about the Negro in the first world war in the series of articles by Eugene Varlin in The Militant hold true for today was corroborated by Duncan Aikman in his series of articles on the "national defense" program currently appearing in the Washington

"I found a widespread inclination throughout the South to look upon the defense crisis as another crisis in labor relations. Southerner after Southerner, in various economic brackets, said to me substantially this:

"We're not going to let the colored man come out of this war on top of the heap the way he did in the last one.'

"That means, and plenty of Southerners state it specifically, no colored officers, this time; no colored skilled labor training and, if avoidable, not even any colored combat regiments."

The Negro worker certainly did not come out on top of the heap in the last war, but what these southern crackers mean was that in the labor shortage of the last war many Negroes left the South for jobs in the industries of the North.

According to a speech at Kentucky State College by Robert Weaver, Negro administrative assistant of the advisory commission to the National Defense Council, the crackers need not worry about a repetition of what happened in the last war.

For the Negro is being kept out in the cold in the present industrial boom, according to Weaver, and from present indications, he will continue to be kept there. What is chiefly required by industry today is skilled and semiskilled labor. The Negro, by and large, has been and is denied the opportunity to get skilled train-

Discrimination in Military Training

The Afro-American this week showed that Jim Crow treatment of the Negro soldiers is just as well organized in the northern camps as it is

It showed that while the 20,000 or more white ing with rifles, steel belmets, masks, etc. "and afforded miles of wide open space for sham battles," "the 381 colored selectees of Company E are forced to drill on an acre plot without as much

as a proomstick." "White army officials who were appoached (for an explanation) appeared more eager to discuss the musical and entertainment abilities of the men.

"While none would admit that racial discrimination and segregation is being practiced at the post, all point with pride to the new cantonment area for the 372nd Infantry Regiment which is located beyong Hopkinsville-nearly three miles from the nearest white cantonment, and will be occupied around March 10.

"The cantonment, which will house 3,000 troops, in view of its isolated location, is definitely a segregated set-up.

"Because of the objection of the Southern white soldiers to sitting in the theatre with the colored soldiers, a separate theatre has been built at the new cantonment area for the members of

"Other entertainment features have also been taken care of in order that the colored troops will have no reason to leave their own cantonment. One high army official hinted that the 372nd will have its own maneuver area."

"England is not perfect, but she is better than Germany," said the good Bishop J. K. Humphrey of the Seventh Day Adventist Church in New fork last week. "Every Negro who wants to see Germany win, ought to be sent to Germany, where Ae will be castrated."

By the same logic one could insist that every American Negro who wants to see the victory of the British Empire, which rules over more than 400,000,000 colored people in the same way that Hitler rules over his subjects, himself, should be sent to Africa, where he will be castrated economically, politically and socially.

2,500 West Indians at a mass meeting in Port Au Spain, Trinidad, passed resolutions last month demanding (1) the outlawing of United States Jim Crow on British bases being leased to the U. S., and (2) payment of the same wages for abor by the U.S. in the British West Indies as in the Virgin Islands and Cuba.

West Indies wages, according to Nancy Cunard.

Oil industry: 80c. to \$1.20 for 8-9 hour day. Sugar: 30c. to \$1.00 for 12 hour day. Cocoa and coffee pickers: men 40-45c, women,

20-25c, per day. Pork, she points out, costs 30c a pound.

Wages in the Virgin Islands are 17c an hour, and in Cuba on "national defense work" \$2.24 a day.

The "LABOR WITH A WHITE SKIN | WHO Defends The Terrorists?

Stalinists Would Free Siqueiros, The Murderer Of Bob Harte

By NATALIA TROTSKY

On March 1, 1941, El Popular carried an account of the just concluded Congress of the Mexican Confederation of Labor, the police of the action of the (CTM)"; El Popular also reprinted a resolution adopted by the GPU and the guilt of Siqueiros a gang of GPU agents dressed in Congress. Every honest reader will be astounded by the section of this resolution which reads: "The Congress also declares itself (this "also" is incredible!) in favor of the revolutionary painter, David Alfaro Siqueiros and will take all the necessary steps in

The contempt of these completely demoralized people for the working class is without limits; there is no limit to their cynicism. They refuse to remember their own yesterday and they are not accountable for tomorrow. Through their lies, their slander, their fantastic confusion, their crying contradictions, they corrupt the consciousness of the assault on Trotsky's house will be

severely punished."

Communist Party).

On page 5: "The assault on

Trotsky's house was organized

my officers." (Statement by the

Editorial, page 3: "The terror-

ists or pseudo-terrorists, foreign

act of anti-national provocation

Same editorial: "Once the

guilty ones are discovered and

terday reads: "The attempt against Trotsky is an attempt | against Mexico." This slogan was repeated in every single and executed by provocateur-ele column of the front page of El ments disguised as police and ar-Popular for May 25, 1940. The leading editorial, under the self-same heading, demanded a rigorous investigation and exemplary punishment of the or Mexican, who perpetrated this criminals independently of their political affiliation and of their must be discovered and pitilessly connections with any foreign

REMINDING "EL POPULAR" WHAT IT SAID THEN

And even after the exposure by defense of terrorists. himself, El Popular wrote in an police uniforms, tied up the poleditorial on June 20, 1940: "Tolaw applied in all its rigor to the

authors of the assault . . . " cation is a member of the party; to do with us."

NOW THESE HIRELINGS DEFEND THIS TERRORIST

On May 25, 1940, El Popular wrote articles full of haughty impartiality and patriotic indignation. El Popular was hastening to their motives clarified we ask create an impression that it was that the most severe punishment above all suspicion; and was dis-Here are other quotations, be meted out, regardless of their tracting attention away from the they belong, the foreign power men are creating a GPU commit-succor a "revolutionary artist" -On page 1: "The authors of the which they serve, or the band of tee for the defense of a "revolu- a murderer. They are brazer

ice guard outside of our house, day we repeat our petition of yes-placed there by the Mexican govterday. Our desire is to have the ernment, broke into our house at 4 A.M. and marched firing through the room of our grand-On page 5 of that same issue was child into our bedroom. Armed printed the official statement of with revolvers and machine-guns the Stalinist party: "The Com- they kept firing steadily for a pe munist Party of Mexico declares riod of four to five minutes. Pol categorically that not a single one ice investigation, and then the of the participants in the provo- Mexican court, established the character of the bullet holes in that all of them are uncontrol- the doors and walls. On the lable elements and agents provoca- threshhold of an open door lit up teurs; that an act like the one by the flames of an incendiary perpetrated at Trotsky's house, bomb thrown by one of the policontrary to the genuine forms of tical murderers, I saw a silhouproletarian struggle, has nothing ette in a police uniform; he van ished, I could not see him clear ly . . . Was it perhaps "the revolutionary artist" himself, the murderer of Bob Sheldon Harte. our secretary-guard? Was it the

These people preach a better fuwhich merit attention, from this background, their political affilia- GPU. This is what they all wrote ture for humanity and at the same issue of El Popular of May tion, the political group to which yesterday; today all these gentle- same time they scurry around to

master of the night assault? Was

it the accomplice of another

"great master" who is boss" of

the Soviet land?

spies of which they form part." | tionary artist," that is, for the enough to speak with pathos to the workers about a society without classes and so on and so forth. On the night of May 24, 1940, But on what do they build it? On what foundations? How are they preparing the working class to build such a society? Lies and murders are the foundation of their activities. On these foundations it is possible perhaps to build only for one's own comfort in our reactionary epoch of wars, seizures, plunder and all other kinds of bestiality.

THE MEXICAN PEOPLE

HAVE NOT FORGOTTEN If the Stalinist clique has for gotten its own yesterday, then the Mexican people cannot have forgotten it. Although befuddled by revolutionary phrasemongering and vile slander, the Mexican people still remember that the Communist Party organ, La Voz de Mexico wrote on June 19, 1940 as follows:

"Immediately following the events at Coyoacan, the Communist Party conducted an investigation to ascertain what had happened. This investigation immediately led to Alfaro Siqueiros, an uncontrollable element who is considered half crazy . . . And since that time there have been suspicions of Alfaro Siqueiros who had associated constantly with a certain White-Guardist and Antonio Pujol, his disciple and personal help-

The working class of Mexico ould not have forgotten this tesimony. In the course of three and half years which we spent in Mexico, all the Congresses of the CTM took place under the slogan if a struggle against Trotskyism and the demand was made for he deportation of Trotsky - in actuality, that Trotsky be handed over to the GPU.

The March, 1941, Congress differs from the last Congress in this, that it convened after the catastrophe of August 20, 1940. Stalin's Enemy No. 1 is no longer among the living. "I can therefore say that I live in the country not in accordance with the rule but rather as an exception to the rule." That is what Lev Davidevich wrote in his book: "The Comintern and the GPU." The "exception" was cut short by a blow of the GPU. And this circumstance found its reflection in a monstrously shameless form in a few lines of a resolution which was passed behind the backs of the Congress by the bureaucratic Stalinist tops, who took up the defense of a terrorist, the organizer of the night assault, the murderer-"revolutionary artist."

THE MEXICAN WORKERS WILL NOT PERMIT THIS INFAMY

The gentlemen of El Popular are apparently of the opinion that the law exists in order for the slanderers to monopolize the right of slander, and also in order to punish those who expose the slanderers. The shameless version of self-assault which was maliciously circulated by the GPU, did not succeed. It was blown away by the facts like dust from a table, but the "revolutionary artist" remained behind. As is well known, facts are stubborn things. The tops of the Con gress, who are independent of the Congress, defend the organizer of the night assault. No, this crying infamy will not fall upon the working class of Mexico.

The working class of Mexico will overthrow the Stalinist clique who strained all their efforts at the Congress to save their agents from trial. The criminal-"revolutionary artist" must face trial! Demand of the authorities-as did El Popular only yesterday the punishment of the guilty ones, first and foremost, David Alfaro Siqueiros!

On the 25th day of August, 1939, before the break of Franco-German diplomatic relations, the French Ambassador Coulondre was informing the minister of Foreign relations, Georges Bonnet, about his dramatic interview with Hitler at 5:30 in the after-

"'If I really thought,' I observed, 'that we would be victorious, I would also be afraid that at the end of the war there would be only one real victor: Mr. Trotsky.' Interrupting me the Chancellor cried: 'Then, why have you given Poland a blank check?"

That is what is decisive in the conspiracy of Hitler and Stalin concerning the fate of the "exception to the rule."

Bourgeoisie Fears Study Of Its Own Revolutionary Past

By HARRY FRANKEL

Among the "revelations" made at last week's sessions of the Rapp-Coudert committee on education was the story of a "plot" on the part of Communists to rewrite history with the intention of picturing "American patriots, such as Benjamin Franklin or Abraham Lincoln, as the forerunners of present day Marxists." This disclosure, embellished with the garish details of conspiratorial conferences, threw the committee into a state of outraged palpitation, and had a similar effect on the bourgeois press, which gave it feature billing.

It is characteristic of the senile and decrepit bourgeoisie that its sensitivity about the youthful revolutionary origins of the bourgeoisie increases the more its reactionary bestiality of today is exposed. More and more, the actual facts about the first and second American revolutions of 1776 and 1861 become so many skeletons in today's bourgeois closets.

There is a wonderful sequence in the Russian revolutionary film, "Ten Days That Shook the World," which portrays the bourgeois, Kerensky, as he strides through the halls of the Winter Palace, stopping every so often in front of a statue of Napoleon and, striking an attitude, places his hand in his coat front. And this was the very Kerensky who was at that moment working to betray the workers and peasants of Russia into the hands of the white guard agents of foreign imperialism. It is not at all surprising that he had to seek moral justification for his otherwise unsupportable regime in the previous deeds of a bourgeois-revolutionary conquerer.

It would not be too much to believe that Henry Ford, passionate antiquarian that he is, sometimes takes tea in the uniform of a revolutionary General, taken from his extensive collection of early Americana. Or perhaps rereads reverently a rare manuscript copy of the Declaration of Independence, while outside at River Rouge, Ford "service" men smash the heads of union organ-

The most amazing recent manifestation along these lines was the speech made by Mussolini only the other week, in which he appeals to the Italian heritage of revolutionary democracy while at the same time excoriating the institution of democracy! This desertion of Caesar for Mazzini and Garibaldi, which is important and unmistakable testimony to the awakened mood of the Italian masses, signifies at the same time the need on the part of the Italian bourgeoisie for a more adequate prop of self-justification during their present crisis.

Stalinist Confusion

Here As Everywhere

The attitude of Marxists towards the early bourgeois revolutionists is absolutely clear. The work of Ben Franklin and Lincoln is continued by the revolutionary proletariat, in the sense that the revolutionary and equalitarian slogans with which the bourgeoisie awakened the masses and freed themselves from the hand of Britain and the slavocracy, can be realized today only through the socialist revolution. It would however, be folly to imagine that a program for the working class can be found in such documents as the Emancipation Proclamation or the American Constitution.

But this is precisely the illusion which the Stalinists create with their ridiculous obeisance to the traditions of American hourgeois democracy, a form of posturing which has outlived the Popular Front period of the Stalinists and continues unabated today.

As for the committee of Rapp-Coudert, of course, no conceivable machinations on its part will ever make it appear that the sentiments of the Emancipation Proclamation find their modern expression in the lynch. Jim Crow rule of Roosevelt's Democratic Party and its Bourbon backers in the South today.

In their shocked reaction to this "plan" to rewrite American history, the Senators unwittingly disclosed the real nature of the school system. They value it as an instrument for the teaching of a bourgeois view of history and for the education solely of props for the decayed social order. This type of teaching in the interest of a class is known as "liberal education." When it is carried on in the interest of the proletariat, it becomes "immoral Bolshevik propaganda."

Paytriotism Plus

Bethlehem Steel is out to make a big profit grab at the expense of its workers as it did in the last war. Then Bethlehem Steel made profits ranging to many thousand per cent by selling armor plate to the government at prices from \$411 to \$604 a ton. A Senate investigation determined that the cost of production of this armor plate was only \$262 a ton.

Eugene Grace, present head of Bethlehem Steel and right hand man of Charles M. Schwab during the last war, admitted that the cost did not exceed \$315 a ton. Yet while charging their own country top prices up to \$604 a ton, the Bethlehem Steel bosses charged Czarist Russia \$349 a ton, Italy \$395 a ton, and Japan \$406.35 a ton for identical armor plate.

This is the corporation and Eugene Grace is the man who are trying to prevent their workers from enjoying the benefits of unionism, increased pay and decent working conditions, with an appeal to the interests of "national defense."

What The Critics Didn't Tell About Ambassador Dodd's Diary

William E. Dodd served as United States Ambassador to Germany from June, 1933 to December, 1937. During those fateful years preliminary to the Second World War, Dodd had an unexcelled opportunity to observe the inside workings of capitalist diplomacy, particularly of the democratic nations, Great Britain, France and the United States. These he recorded in a daily journal. He died soon after. Under the title "Ambassador Dodd's Diary 1933-1938," Dodd's intimate private observations have just been published by his son and daughter.

The diary has been hailed by the bourgeois press reviewers as a further justification for our participation in the war for "democracy." To do that, however, they glossed over or ignored the most vital portions of Dodd's revelations: the equal guilt of the capitalist "democracies" with that of the fascist imperialists for the present war, and the aid which the "democracies" gave to

Long before Hitler came to power, France and England began preparations for the war. Dodd indicates this in many passages, including the following:

"French politicians have for ten years violated the spirit of the disarmament clauses of the Versailles Treaty. The German Social-Democratic movement was ruined by French policy. Now, after the German Nazi uprising in protest, the Germans are trying to govern themselves by autocratic methods, alienating the world by their indiscretions ... Wrong and right are so mixed

and confused everywhere." "France played a sad game in 1919 and then continued her mistake under the League from 1930 to 1932. That helped to give Germany Hitler ... Now, as Sir Eric (Sir Eric Phipps, British Ambassador to Germany, 1933-38) says, all Europe must watch Germany day and night, living under an encirclement system which may even bring economic collapse."

"I think the Goering air program is truly belligerant but France, Italy and England have armed in violation of the Versailles Treaty too." (March 17, 1935)

"Democracies" Sought War Against USSR

The policy of British and French diplomacy after the rise of Hitler to power was to aid in the arming of Hitler for a war on the Soviet Union. Dodd reports the following about the attitude of Lord Lothian and the British ruling class in May, 1935. (Lothian died recently, while British ambassador to the United

"Lord Lothian, who as Philip Kerr was secretary to Lloyd George during the World War, wrote me . . . a letter which I received today ... He indicated clearly that he favors a coalition of the democracies to block any German move in their direction and to turn Germany's course eastwards. That this might lead to a war between Russia and Germany does not seem to disturb him seriously. In fact he seems to feel this would be a good solution of the difficulties imposed on Germany by the Versailles Treaty. The problem of the democracies, as he sees it, is to find for Japan and Germany a stronger place in world affairs to which, in his opinion, they are entitled because of their power and tradition. He hopes this can be accomplished without any sacrifice to the British Empire and with as little destruction to human liberty as possible."

Bullitt's Anti-Soviet Role

William C. Bullitt, American ambassador to the Soviet Union, was also intrigueing at the same time, with the French and British diplomats, to turn Germany and Japan to an armed attack on the Soviet Union.

"Ambassador Bullitt from Moscow came in this morning . . . His remarks about Russia were directly contradictory to the attitudes he held when he passed this way last year...But Bullitt is the heir to a great fortune and was known as a liberal contrib t r to the Roosevelt campaign in 1932 . . .

"Bullitt said Russia had no business trying to hold the peninsula which projects into the Japanese sea at Vladivostok. That is all going to be taken soon by Japan. I said: You agree that if the Germans have their way Russia with 160,000,000 people shall be deried access to the Pacific, and be excluded from the Baltic? He said: 'Oh that makes no difference.' I was amazed at this' kind of talk from a responsible diplomat who had done much to get Russia recognized in 1933. The President must know the rian's mentality, but if so, how could he have appointed him Ambassador to Soviet Russia?"

On December 13, 1936, Dodd writes: "Later . . . when the new Italian Ambassador came here directly from Moscow, we were told that Bullitt had become attracted to Fascism before leaving

"Last September, Mr. Bullitt was appointed Ambassador to Paris. He has made a good beginning there. But the story goes he is on the reactionary side. The Washington newspaper story says he is in full sympathy with Nazi ideas. This is hard to believe. However, yesterday Monsieur Marcel Knecht, editor and owner of Le Matin in Paris, came to see me, reporting that Bullitt, working for an alliance between France and Germany, had requested him to see me and ask me to advise the President to lend a hand in this. Knecht convinced me that he is an able but very conservative man, perhaps a Fascist in France. A little while after Knecht left, a telegram from Bullitt urged me to see and talk with Knecht ..."

Leading British diplomats played the same role as Bullitt. They sabotaged all aid to the Loyalist government of Spain and supported Franco. Dodd writes, January 11, 1937, "Sir Eric Phipps was as discreet as ever, but he revealed more sympathy for the Fascist crowd in Spain than I had noted before. I believe now he is almost a Fascist, as I think are Baldwin and Eden." (Eden is now British Secretary of War.)

The Hoare-Laval agreement permitted Mussolini to invade Ethiopia without fear of the application of economic sanctions by the League of Nations. Dodd reports why: "I had heard previously that the reason for the Hoare-Laval proposition was the English-French fear that Communism might come to Italy in case Mussolini falls."

"Democracies" Helped Arm Hitler

Dodd's diary gives conclusive evidence, of how the policies of the "democracies" toward Hitler was implemented by direct help in re-arming Germany.

"I visited Sir Eric Phipps and repeated in all confidence a report that Armstrong-Vickers, the great British armament concern, had negotiated a sale of war material here (Berlin) last week, just before a British Government commission arrived to negotiate some plan with Schacht for payment of short-term debts . . due on current deliveries of British cotton yarn from Lancaster. It is impossible, Schacht said to me yesterday, to pay British debts. Yet, last Friday, I reported to Sir Eric, the British arms people were selling for cash enormous quantities of war supplies. And I was frank enough-or indiscreet enough-to add that I understood that representatives of Curtiss-Wright from the United States were here this week to negotiate similar sales. The British Ambassador pretended to be surprised . . . "

"Norman Ebbutt of the London Times came in to give me a report on the effects of the London protest to Hitler about rearming-a protest made after England and the United States have sold millions of dollars worth of arms to Germany ... "

Several days later, Dodd writes: "Ebbutt confirmed the report of mid-October (1934) that a British woman, connected with Hitler's inner group, was here just before the negotiations on Lancaster debts, to sell war equipment for Armstrong-Vickers. The British Ambassador 'had not known about it' according to previous conversations. I am sure now the British staff members

"Colonel Edward A. Deeds of Akron, Ohio, and New York City, president or director of twenty great American industrial concerns came to lunch today ... Deeds had negotiated a deal with a German corporation for sending over our airplane patents so that the German company could manufacture and sell a hundred planes to Italy, the American company to share the profits ... This sort of thing is done all the time in this European war atmosphere ...

" . . . Our Commercial Attache said, 'In two years Germany will be manufacturing oil and gas enough out of soft coal for a long war, the Standard Oil Company of New York furnishing millions of dollars to help.' ... Mr. Phillips (Under-Secretary of State, 1933-36) was amazed and distressed, although all this information has been going to the Department for two whole

At one point, Dodd is forced to the conclusion: "In the United States, capitalists are pressing in the same Fascist direction, supported by capitalists in England. Nearly all our diplomatic service people here have indicated their drift in the same

These brief extracts, out of scores which might be quoted, give an idea of the real character of the war for "democracy" which Dodd discloses. The men who are shouting loudest for the war, and profiting most from it, are these same fascist-minded capitalists and diplomats, who armed Hitler and tried to turn him eastwards against the Soviet Union.

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FIGHT WITH THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY

ON THE WAR FRONT:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, under control of the trade unions.
- 2. The establishment of special officers' training camps, financed by the government and controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become
- 3. Confiscation of all war profits-all company books to be open for trade union inspection.
- 4. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 5. Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the
- 6. Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces-Down with Jim Crowism.
- 7. An end to secret diplomacy.
- 8. A peoples' referendum on any and all wars.

AT HOME:

For:

- 1. A job and decent living for every worker.
- 2. Thirty-thirty-\$30 weekly minimum wage-30 hour weekly maximum for all workers on all jobs. 3. \$30 weekly old age and disability pension.
- 4. Full social, political and economic equality for the Negro people.
- 5. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and
- 6. A twenty-billion dollar Federal public works and housing program to provide jobs for the unem-
- 7. Expropriate the Sixty Families.
- 8. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade
- 9. A Workers' and Farmers' Government.

Roosevelt On Strikes

"President Deplores Defense Strikes" was the headline in the March 8th New York Times. At The Miners' Demands first glance the headline seemed inaccurate; Roosevelt was ostensibly directing his remarks merely in opposition to jurisdictional strikes. But the Times headline was essentially accurate. The reference to jurisdictional strikes-which are unpopular with the workers generally—was merely being used by Roosevelt as a peg on which to indicate that he is against all strikes and is heading toward a "mediation" plan to prevent strikes al-

Like his right-hand man, Knudsen, Roosevelt has become convinced that Hillman's method cannot prevent strikes. Hillman had Knudsen convinced for a while. As Knudsen told the House Judiciary Committee, he thought strikes were due to "inexperienced and immature" union leaders. But "as we get more conservative leaders . . . little by little we will do better." Seven days after he said that, Knudsen changed his mind and came out for anti-strike legislation. The Bethlehem strike victory had changed his mind for him. Roosevelt, too, it is clear, has lost hope in getting "more conservative leaders" to do all the dirty work for him. "The President said that all strikes could not be averted merely by pressure from leaders at the top of the unions. Questioned about the suggestion of Hillman that this was the way to handle the labor problem, Mr. Roosevelt said that theoretically, it was grand." (New York Times, March 8.)

But practically, Roosevelt indicated, it was another matter. "There were other cases where local people will not listen to advice from on top."

The rigidly adhered-to rule of the White House, prohibiting reporters from quoting the president directly except where (very rarely) express permission is given, serves to blur a little the full meaning of Roosevelt's words, but it is clear enough that he plans to find ways and means to crush "local people (who) will not listen to advice from on top," and top leaders who go along with strikes.

Roosevelt is a good deal cleverer than some of his lieutenants. Assistant Secretary of War Patterson, for example, last week proposed to end strikes by "establishment of an agency similar to the National War Labor Board of 1918." All any intelligent worker has to do to know what Patterson

means is to look up the record of the 1918 board and he will find that governmental strikebreaking and union-busting are the essence of the proposal. Roosevelt doesn't make Patterson's mistake; he warned reporters that the board he wants now will not be "merely" a recreation of the 1918 board. But the difference between the two, we say in advance with all assurance, you could put into your

Army Discipline

The latest edition of the United States Army's manual "of military courtesy and discipline" includes an innovation: the soldier is no longer required, when off duty, to salute officers. This is about the only specific change in army discipline to be noted in the "new" manual, which the army's publicity staff label as "an end to iron discipline."

Correctly enough, the manual says that "modern warfare, requires self-reliance in every grade; individuals capable of independent thought and action, who are inspired by a distinct feeling that as an individual or as members of a unit they are competent to cope with any condition, situation or adversary." But that principle is in no way carried out, either by this "new" manual or by the army's general system of discipline.

The backbone of the army's totalitarian system of discipline is the court-martial. One man in ten was the victim of a court-martial during the last war, most of them convicted, for usually a charge presented by an officer is as good as conviction. The present manual of court-martial is essentially the same as in the last war and, we predict in advance, it will not be changed. It will not be changed until the capitalist control of the army is done away with and the working class controls all the armed forces of this country.

For the army's system of discipline is a class weapon. It is the means by which the bourgeois minority rules by terroristic means over the proletarian majority.

The March issue of Fourth International has as its principal feature an article by Michael Cort on "The Court-Martial System of the U. S. Army." Every worker should read it. Even many revolutionary workers will be amazed by what it reveals in great detail concerning discipline in the

It is not accidental that Comrade Cort's article, the first of its kind in this war, appears in the Trotskyist press and that nothing like it appears elsewhere. A conspiracy of silence surrounds the army. Yesterday's liberals, who wept over the plight of some individual victim of the class war, say not a word today about the millions who are to be subjected to capitalist terror in the army. This is as it should be. Only those who are irreconcilably opposed to the present system can tell the truth when the truth counts.

The United Mine Workers is the oldest and still the biggest of the unions of the CIO. All the more revealing, therefore, is the condition of the miners which is expressed in the demands now being made by the union for the new contract.

After some eighty years of unionism, it is a fighting demand to call for guarantees of 200 days' work per year and a \$6-a-day basic wage. That is, less than \$25 a week for a miner's family is a fighting program, not to be secured without a strike. After four decades of unionism, sixty per cent of the miners live on less than \$700 a year.

Could any figures more eloquently indicate that we must go beyond unionism, to workers' power and socialism?

Capitalist 'Democracy'

The Democratic Party spent six million dollars to retain their job-holders in Washington and elsewhere. The Republicans dished out over sixteen million dollars trying to get those jobs. These are the official figures; undoubtedly more was spent.

It must be remembered, of course, that the money spent during the election campaign is but a drop in the bucket of what the capitalist class disposes of to keep its ideological control over the workers. Day in and day out, through control of the press, cinema, radio, schools, and other means of propaganda, the ideas that serve the ruling class are pounded into our heads.

As against the money spent by the capitalist parties, the funds are infinitesimal which a revolutionary working class party, even were it a party of considerable size, could find to spend.

Fortunately, neither their expenditures nor their control of the means of propaganda can save the capitalist class from the workers' awakening. All the lies of the capitalists are exposed by the unemployment, war, fascism, which the capitalist

Far more than our own propaganda, the dreadful conditions which the capitalists create will clear the minds of the masses of the deceptions that keep them in subjection.

The fact that the capitalist parties retain control of the means of propaganda and can afford to spend millions of dollars in an election campaign which the workers can never spends shows that capitalist democracy is not and cannot be real democracy. Real democracy can exist only where the wealth of society belongs to society.

"Defense" Means Worse Wages In Canneries

The National Defense Commission Absolves the Canneries From Obeying the Chief Provisions of the Walsh-Healey Act

The National Defense Advisory | the exemption, Walling ruled that | large section of the workers in of the Walsh-Healey Act which from the entire section of the act prohibits child labor, requires sa- containing the overtime clause. fety conditions and time-and-ahalf for overtime.

pansion, the War Department, in aspects of the cannery industry order to get around the provi- which are notoriously bad. sions of the Walsh-Healey Act, For a while the NDAC and than the canned foods manufac- mous policy. turers direct. The Walsh-Healey But now things are different. of less than \$10,000.

ly from the canners. But this overtime pay requirements.

HOW THEY "SOLVED" THIS PROBLEM

The NDAC and the War Depart- | CONDITIONS IN ment asked L. Metcalfe Walling, THIS INDUSTRY Walsh-Healey law administrator,

Commission has advised the War he could not legally grant exempthis industry. Department to give the fruit and tion from this one provision, but vegetable canning industry com- suggested that it would be legal ings of all workers in manufacplete exemption from the section for him to give an exemption turing industry in August, 1940,

This section deals with laws which regulate the use of child Prior to the present Army ex- labor and safety conditions, two

split up its contracts into less War Department dropped the matthan \$10,000 orders and placed ter. Neither wanted to go on recits orders with dealers rather ord as advocating such an infa-

Act does not apply to contracts "National defense" requires "sacrifice" from the workers. So the Some time ago the NDAC canners are to get an exemption thought it would make a savings from the whole section of the act, by buying larger quantities direct- not merely the overtime pay clause. Of course, the cannery would have placed the canners bosses will be asked to make a under the provisions of the Act, "promise" not to take advantage and they objected to this very of this exemption, and to make strenuously particularly to the a "gentlemen's" agreement to "voluntarily" live up to the whole section of the law except the overtime provisions.

to exempt the fruit and vegetable about the vilest of any in the canners from the overtime provi- country. The work is seasonal, and it has been extremely difficult ter. The CIO and AFL opposed migratory workers who form a workers?

While the average weekly earnwere \$26.10, according to the U.S. average weekly wage for cannery workers was \$18.14. The average 46.5 cents hourly wage in canning compared with an average hourly rate in all industry of 66.7

In October, 1940, when the average weekly wages of all workers rose slightly, to \$26.54, that of the cannery workers fell to \$16.61. Average hourly pay for all workers rose slightly, in the same month, to 67.1 cents. The cannery workers' pay fell to 43.5 cents an hour.

Here is another example of what is in store for all American labor during the coming war period. Starting on the most exploited and least organized section of the workers, the government will progressively seek to take away the rights of even the best paid workers. If the government can cold-bloodedly deprive the lowest layers of wage earners, like the Conditions in this industry are cannery workers, of even the meagre protection of the Walsh-Healey Act, what compunction A hearing was held on the mat- to unionize the terribly exploited will it have about the better paid

Transport Workers Can Win Despite La Guardia

(Continued from page 1)

an official call for strike on all resume negotiations." the bus lines operated by the two companies.

1,094 buses, 95 per cent of all town lines. Subways were clogged press he declared: terminals were doing a land office business. It is the city's biggest transit strike in 15 years.

MANY COPS ASSIGNED

Six to 12 policemen were deailed for duty at each of the garage terminals and depots. They carried night sticks, most of them They prohibited several attempts Union which has organized apat mass picketing and cut down proximately 50,000 workers on the the number of pickets.

STRIKE MACHINERY

strike machinery is functioning tion was accused by Harry Sacher. in well-oiled fashion. Union books counsel for the union, as "more were exchanged the first day of cruel and vicious than any private the strike for picket cards which management we have ever dealt will be returned at the end of with." He cited as an example the strike. Most of the pickets the board's refusal to raise the were dressed in their uniforms pay of ticket agents from 39 to and at important stations were 40 cents an hour at a time when directing people to the nearest members of the board increased as an expert union-buster. subway entrance or to the nearest their own salaries by \$100 a

COMPANY PROFITS

In an exchange of letters with Mayor LaGuardia, Michael J. are more than \$2,000,000 a year, which represents an annual return of almost 100 per cent on the investment of its stockholdleave and holidays with pay which ing, vicious management." were provided for in our previous

"So far as the Fifth Avenue Coach Company is concerned, the figures furnished us by the company itself show that in 1920 the June 30. The Board of Transstockholders had an equity of \$3,-000,000 which by 1940 grew to \$10,000.000 notwithstanding that the company paid out \$9,500,000 in dividends to its stockholders at the rate of half a million dollars a year since 1922. During the cussion was going on yesterday ing solidarity among the ranks of same period wages have declined afternoon. One of the three the strikers is a guarantee that

ters of a million dollars a year | "friend of labor" and would help captains of the Transport Work- less than they were in 1929.

ers Union, under the charge of a "If the companies' attitude has

MAYOR'S FINK ROLE

Mayor LaGuardia, who has at-The strike tied up a total of tempted in the past to pose as a buses in Manhattan, which run anti-union and pro-company posi- Quill replied: over 27 routes, including 11 cross-tion. In an interview with the

"They just want to strike. They refuse to arbitrate even though

terests of the bosses in the present inconspicuously concealed in the strike is clearly part of his drive slash-pockets of their overcoats. against the Transport Workers city-owned transit lines.

At a meeting of the BMT divi sion of the union on March 5. At union headquarters the LaGuardia's Board of Transporta-

SUBWAY FIGHT SOON On March 6 at a meeting of the

5,000 BMT workers a resolution Quill, president of the union, re- was adopted demanding that the vealed that "The companies did Board of Transportation negotiate not negotiate in good faith with a new contract with the union for the union. Although the net pro- city transit employes. The workfits of the New York City Omni- ers want a 33 1 3 per cent wage bus Corporation have been and increase, pension contributions paid by the city, longer vacations with pay and the closed shop. They booed and hissed as speakers described commissioners of ers, it not only rejected all our the board John H. Delancy, Frandemands . . . but had the audacity cis X. Sullivan and George Keeto suggest the elimination of sick nan for their "labor-hating, cheat-

The Transport Workers are staging a series of meetings for all divisions in a drive for a new contract. The present contracts with the BMT and IRT expire on portation, in accordance with the policy laid down by Mayor La-Guardia, has indicated no willing-

Among one group of three pickets at a Terminal a lively disso that they are now three-quar- thought that LaGuardia was a this time they will win.

The other two had a more realdozen organizers, were dispatched changed and they are now prepar- istic attitude. "LaGuardia got in from union headquarters at 153 ed to make reasonable counter- office through the labor vote," one West 64th Street with copies of proposals, we shall be pleased to of them said. "Now it's clear he's out against the unions. He'll never get another office with the vote of labor."

When questioned as to what the union would do if the companies "friend of labor," took an openly attempt to run in strike breakers,

THIS ISN'T 1916

"We would use the strength of our whole organization to win officials of the bus companies are the strike." He did not anticipate willing to extend the present con- that any scabs would be brought ract. The union's attitude seems in however. "This is not 1916. to me to be bull-headed, obstinate Ours is an industrial union. Neither is it 1934 in Chicago. LaGuardia's defense of the in- Ritchie (head of the struck companies) himself brought in strikebreakers and gangsters to smash a strike there and won. But he will not do it here." He reminded reporters that the Byrnes law forbids the transportation of strikebreakers across state lines.

Ritchie has run full page advertisements in the bourgeois press attacking the union. Such reactionary papers as the New York Times are backing him up with editorials attacking the strikers. In 1934 the Hertz interests which dominate both companies broke a bus strike in Chicago. Ritchie established himself in this strike

The last big transit strike in New York in 1926 was the strike of the IRT motormen and switchmen. That strike began on July 6 when a group of subway workers organized the Consolidated Railway Workers Union of Greater

The IRT imported more than 600 strikebreakers from Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and Kansas City and paid them what the strikers were demanding and gave them food and lodging in addition. They ate and slept in the company's guarded shop at 147th St. and Seventh Ave. and were trained there to operate subway trains. By the end of the month the strike was broken. The strikers were taken back at their old wages with the exception of those whom the company considered to be the leaders. .

NEVER AGAIN!

But the labor movement in New York stands at a different level from what it was in those days. ness to negotiate a new contract. Now the transport workers are strongly organized and affiliated to the powerful CIO. The inspir

The British Workers ---Not Churchill---Can Defeat Fascism

By JACK WEBER

The American workers are being sold on the idea that all-out aid to English capitalism will help defeat Hitler and so get rid of fascism. At the same time the English workers have played to them an old and well-tried tune: first we must win the war and defeat the Nazis; then we can have socialism. Churchill flashes his most winning smile in the bomb-torn areas and, while announcing that he has one single war aim-to win the war-lets fall a remark or two that things will be quite different after the war.

Why Not Socialism Now?

The English masses should demand an answer to the simple query: why not socialism now? The first answer they will get is that any move to obtain socialism now would cause difficulties, would split the nation, would disturb class peace. And, that would endanger the victory and permit Hitler to conquer. Who, however, would make it difficult and give trouble? Surely not the workers who would stand to benefit by the elimination of profits, the complete central planning of production for a nationalized economy, the elimination of privileges so that there would be a better distribution of the goods of life. No, it would be the capitalist owners who possess all the privileges who would be up in arms-and who would then stand in the way of conducting a victorious war!

The workers are giving their lives to neip defeat fascism. The factory owners haven't enough gratitude right during the war to yield up anything to those who are giving everything to save the capitalist system. Would these same owners give up any of the prerogatives of their rule after the war?

Assume that England wins the war with Churchill still in power. Where would English economy stand? Right now it is so close to bankruptcy that it must appeal to the United States for aid without any illusion that this assistance will ever be repaid. The end of the war will see an economically helpless England faced with the most gigantic tasks in rebuilding what has been destroyed. The first World War ended with nothing but misery and unemployment for the masses. This war will leave capitalism so rotted through that it would be able to maintain itself only by a terrific slash at the living standards of the English people. In other words, the war will have hastened the entire process of capitalist decay that undermined all Europe in the period between the two wars. That brought fascism to one country after the other because the factory owners had to destroy all resistance to their plans to cut wages, lengthen hours of work, and put the masses on starvation rations. England would be no exception. Churchill or his successors would resort to exactly the same measures that brought Hitler in Germany under similar conditions.

In this process the Churchills would be aided by the United States, for after an utterly exhausting war, England would not even be able to maintain her independence. Churchill tries to undermine Italian morale by gibing at Mussolini for having made Italy nothing but a German province. Mussolini could very well retort that Churchill is rapidly making England a colony of the United States.

Workers Can End This War

Churchill tells the British workers that the German people have made themselves responsible for Hitler and all his doings. Otherwise why do they tolerate Hitler? And Hitler talks in exactly the same fashion about Churchill and the English workers. See, he says to the German workers, the English are united against us, the workers are solidly with their bosses. In this argument, however, there is the whole key to ending the war in a victory for the working class. The English workers have it in their power to destroy the "national unity" of Hitler. How could the English proletariat do this? By breaking down the walls of their own national "unity," by sweeping aside the Churchills and their labor lackeys and setting up

a workers' government in England. Such a government could really and fully mobilize all the resources, all the forces of production and all the people of England to defeat fascism. Hitler could no longer talk of the nefarious plot of the international bankers against Germany.

The hypocrisy of Churchill would make itself evident at once. He would show immediately that his main aim is to win the war-for capitalism, not for democracy. When the French General Staff saw defeat looming, their fear of revolution made them capitulate at once. Churchill, faced with a proletarian revolution at home, would not hesitate for one moment. He would sooner see the victory of Hitler and the salvation of capitalism through fascism, than the defeat of Hitler by the revolutionary working class. The French capitalists forestalled a revolution by giving in quickly to Hitler. But let the workers of England start their revolution for socialism and the situation would be quite different. When the victorious army of Bismarck faced the armed Paris workers in the days of the Commune, he did not dare send his troops into Paris to disarm the Communards. He did not want his own troops to become infected, for through them all Germany would have burst into flame. The flame of the English revolution would light up first of all Germany and then all of Europe. Does anyone believe that the German workers are enthusiastic for the war and have any great love for their fascist masters? No, an English revolution would cause the very ground to quake under Hitler's feet.

All the lessons of the events in Europe since the Russian Revolution make it clear that only the workers can defeat fascism. They cannot leave this task to the "democratic" capitalists. Churchill defends imperialism, not democracy. It is capitalism in putrid decay that breeds fascism. And the war is hastening and extending this decay. The defeat of Hitler would bring revolution in Germany, no doubt. But if the Churchills were victorious, then they would protect their capitalist system by attempting to drown the German revolution in blood. That would mean a new form of fascism unless the German revolution then spread to England. Any way one looks at it, only the workers can defeat fascism. The English workers can bring Hitler down by themselves taking power in England against the capitalist government.