

Basic outline of Mao's life

Mao Liu Shao-ch'i, Chu Teh & Chou En-lai were all involved in fight for survival for no less than 22 years--from destruction by Chiang Kai Shek of 1925-27 Rev., till Communist conquest of power. NONE wrote a word of theory until after they had been fighting for some time. 1st "Education Campaign" is of themselves, and it begins in Yanan in 1937. With Mao's philosophical essays--On Contradiction, On Practice but it is to Military Academy where he definitely has established himself. Preceded however by 2 periods where Mao showed differences--HUNAN 1927--Leninist

KIANGSI Soviet, 1928-35 --Military action & writings
as told to Snow 1927 Mao DISMISSED as alt. to Polburo, sec. of Hunan & sec. of party front
1929 Mao is in Kiangsi forming soviets
1930 Li Li San still tries urban insurrection, then is replaced by Wang Ming & 28 "returned students" but on 12.30 Mao executes 100's who opposed him (Rabt. North, Moscow & Ch Com-ists) or as Mao put it to Snow "rebels disarmed and liquidated."

* 1931 1st Const. of Sov. Rep., elect Mao Chmn
1934 Long March begins in Oct to save from Chiang's 4th Exterminative Campaign begun in 1933

* 1935 Jan. Tsuny Party conf. as full victory for Mao according to Peking His, but in '36 he still had one battle to fight--with Chang Kuo-tso who opposed Mao's peasant sov.
1937 Finally in full control after however 10/37 conf., which was going against him was closed by Mao & Chang expelled from Party & his followers killed. (Official story which is almost accurate & completely false records none of these.)

BUKHARIN HAD PUBLICIZED HUMAN RIGHTS (where?) which spoke of peasantry as REV. & not just p/b.
While, when '31 Sov. est'd. ARMY WAS STRONGER THAN PARTY, in '40 PARTY FINALLY CONTROLLED ARMY.
1940 Mao's NEW DEMOCRACY: "not to build up socialist agric., but to turn the land into the pvt. prop. of peasants. A rich peasant eco. will also be allowed to exist." POLICY HOLDS TILL 12/46, in '47 begins radical distribution of land but in spring '48 this is described as "ultra-left" and reversion to moderate policy till victory in '49. ARMY WAS CONSIDERED "educative instrument" in anti-Jap/communist, military & pol. academies called K'ANGTA. 2nd new phen. MASS ORG. formed according to sex, age, occ. & guided by party candidates for local office.

1949-51 IN POWER
7/1/49 On People's Dem. Dic. by Mao--Ch. of '50 becomes STATE PLAN eliminated 20 mln. landowners "as a class" having killed 5 mln. '55-58 peasants brought into agric. producers' coops--high incr. in prod., but this is followed by Peoples Communes--740,000 agric. producer coops of 160 hshlds merged into 24,00 communes, averaging 5,000 hshlds--ALL-IN 7 mos. The Communist China Digest, 5/2/60 states "The People's commune is the combination of ind., agric., commerce, education & military affairs within scope of their activities."

On Capitalism
Liu Shao-ch'i claimed as early as '45 that Mao had formulated the of Ch. which meant new dev. on rev. conquest of power. *On Capitalism* by Arthur A. Cohen is right in one thing & that is that no country has ever gone through anything either like great leap or said capitalists too can be TRANSFORMED INTO WORKERS. --MAO'S TECHNIQUE OF THOUGHT REMOLDING--moreover Shortcut to C-ism doesn't require high degree of ind. & tech. dev.
John Kautsky says USSR Academy of Sciences on 6/47 heralded abandonment of rt. & left strages, & on 6/49 indicates adoption of Maoist strategy & on 11/23-23/51 at INSTITUTE FOR ORIENTAL STUDIES E.M. Zhukov delivers address

THE SOUL OF CHINA BY Amury de Riencourt, '58 claims that even in 100 Schools of Phil. & great upheaval & disintegration of feudalism, & "The Chinese never discovered the syllogism." (p.44) Science honored always even when 21 BC when state ordered all books, including Confucius burned, SCIENTIFIC WORKS, were spared.

peasant revolts 3,000 yrs.
1918 Li Te-chao forms Study of Marxism group at Peking you; Mao asst. lib.
1920 but it is Li & Ch'en Tu-hsiu who accepted Marxism in 1920 until 1931 little attention paid, but MAOAGRARIAN MOVEMENT OCCURRED OUTSIDE OF PARTY framework.

MAO, ON PRACTICE: "The sum total of innumerable relative truths is the abs. truth." Stalin's Failure in Ch. 1924-27 by Conrad Brandt "On Ch'angkanshan, a m. fastness popular with bandits, Mao, seeking refuge, FOUND INSTEAD THE ROAD TO DESTINY." "It's usual outlook remained profoundly European -- in this sense, PROVINCIAL!"

CH. C. ISM & THE RISE OF MAO by Benj. I. Schwartz-- (Nym-Wales, INSIDE RED CH.!!! the Ch C-ists seem to consider their party itself equivalent to direct participation by the prol.) A DOCUMENTARY HIS. OF Ch C-ism by Standt, Schwartz, Fairbank CH. Sov. Rep. declared war on Jap as early as Feb. '32 & in Apr. '33 issued Manifesto

for United Front against Jap. but it is only in 12/12/36 with Sian incident that it had its chance.

IN 1945, at time of YALTA CONF., 7th Congress of CCP (April 23-6/11) MAO: "ON COALITION GOVT." Party Const. REVISED, drafted by Liu Shao-ch'i it resolves to follow MAO TSE-TUNG's THOUGHT, as well as Marxism, for guidance of all work of the CCP."

In 1938 (6/24) Mao already put it upside down: "The CCP is the M-L Party of the Ch. working class... Its historic mission is the final liberation of the Ch. nation & the Ch. people, for it is only by liberation the whole nation that the working class can liberate itself!"

MP, 5/41, ON REFORM OUR LEARNING: "Youths of 17 or 18 are taught to digest Das Kapital & Anti-Duhring. As a result, an ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY is created among the students who lose interest in CHINESE PROBLEMS & NEGLECT THE DIRECTIVES OF THE PARTY. They only worship words passed on to them by teachers, holding them to be dogma that will remain forever valid. This is what motivated CHANG-FENG MOVEMENT in 1942." CONSTITUTION OF CCP (6/11/45) "The CCP takes the theories of M-L & the combined principles derived from the practical experience of the Sh. Rev. -- The ideas of Mao Tse-tung as the guiding principles of all work."

Li Li-san, Peking Minister of labor AFTER conquest of power "greater prod. is the most fundamental task of the Ch. t.u... develop labor enthusiasm... Observe labor discipline... Regard for both public & pvt interest benefit BOTH LABOR & CAP. # -

MAO ON PRACTICE (July 1937) "Outstanding characteristic of Marxist phil. is ITS PRACTICALITY. ITS EMPHASIS ON THE DEPENDENCE OF THEORY ON PRACTICE; EMPHASIS ON PRACTICE AS THE FOUNDATION OF THEORY WHICH IN TURN SERVES PRACTICE."

Practicality is ~~movement~~ practice

- ① the change will make ~~on top~~ (Mao Tse-tung) weaker
- ② this practice, in turn, becomes weaker & weaker
- ③

JONATHAN'S (Cf. also Benj. Schwartz Ch.C-ism & rise of Mao)
Brand, Schwarz, Fairbank
1927 (Nov.) Mao dismissed from 3 positions: alternate to Peking
sec. of Hunan com
sec. of party front com
1937 he is in full command; tells story to Snow;
1936--An Outline His. of Ch. by For. language press, Peking.

29 Mao is in Kiangsi area, forming soviets; description in '31.
(labor Li Li-san still depends on city).
Mao claims (Edgar Snow "Red Star Over China") no difference
with Moscow since 6th Congress late '28.
'33 publication of '29 speech "On rectification of incorrect
ideas in the party", asks roots of "extreme
democratization" had to be eradicated --also to be stopped
is many wanting to leave rev. army because of "incorrect leader-
ship" there but not that of him or Chu Teh.
12/29 West, Fukien conf. offices on "a Trotskyist faction"
eliminated. Struggle against "opportunism", those opposed to
land redistribution (INPRECOR 3/40 PRINTS MAO'S OBITUARY!!!)

6/30 Li Li-san uses Red army to spur urban
insurrection & in July attack on
Changsha--city held for few days. Fall of Li Li-san (2nd
purge of army; replaced by Wang Ming & 28 Bolsheviks "returned
students" whose counsel was Pavel Mif of CI. PURGE OF DEC. '30
(Mao executes 100's of Ch.-ists opposed to him. (Robt. North--"Moscow
Ch.-ists") Mao tells Snow "rebels disarmed & liquidated").
'31 Mukden incident & 2nd extermination campaign by Chiang.
1st All-China Congress of Soviets elects Mao Chmn. ~~still~~
1st Const. of Sov. Rep. adopted pledging shorter hrs., emancipation
of women (dec. dlc. of wkr. & peasants)
Land Law GIVES PLOT OF LAND TO EACH MAN IN RED ARMY TO BE TILLED
IN HIS ABSENCE. --equal distribution of laboring enforced coll.
'32 CCP is brought from Shanghai to Kiangsi & Wang Ming to Moscow.
'33 Chiang launches 4th extermination campaign & in Oct.
starts 4th, blocking the whole Kiangsi area & suppresses Fukien
rising.
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'34 (Jan.) 2nd All-China Congress struggle for leader-
ship. -- LONG MAR. BEGINS IN OCT. '34. (Peking His. credits 1/35) --
Tauny party conf. as full victory to Mao "THIS NEW PARTY LEADER*
SHIP WAS GUARANTEE FOR THE VICTORY OF THE CH. REV."
But '36 Mao still has one battle to fight neither against Jap. nor
KMT but CHANG KUO-t'so who had opposed Mao's peasant soviets
Conf. in 10/37 in Lochuan - Mao closes meeting when it goes
against him -- Chang is expelled from party & his followers killed.
MAO BECOMES UNDISPUTED LEADER FINALLY.
"STORY IS SIMPLE & COHERENT AND COMPLETELY FALSE" (Peking His.)

Human Report speaks of peasantry as rev., not just p. (e. BUKHARIN)
published IT IN RUSSIA.

"Ch. SovRep. est'd. in '31 in Kiangsi. (also known as "JuichinRep.")
RED ARMY IS STRONGER THAN PARTY." A Soviet area coincides with a
red army's sphere of action "

C. AGRARIAN POLICY OF CCP, 1921-'59 by Chao Kuo-chun, 1960
ASIA Pub.Hse. New Delhi
JOANATHAN'S - II - 5/30/61 Human per. 1927

Kiangsi Soviet, 1928-45

I. YENAN PER., 1936 to victory, 1949

II. '49 to present.

I. YENAN per. of compromise, ARRIVED AT WITH THE KMT AFTER
THE KIDNAPING OF CHIANG AT SIAN IN 12/36, per. of
united front.

In contrast to 131 Soviets which stipulates confiscation of
land & Yenan is just ques. of rent & int. reduction.

"MAO'S NEW DEMOCRACY" (but it may not have been written till
1945 and backdated): "it is not to build up socialist agric.,
but to turn the land into the pvt. prop.
of the peasants. A rich-peasant eco. will
also be allowed to exist."

POLICY HOLDS THOUGH 12/45 when CCP begins policy of compulsory
purchase at very low rate of "excess lands"; OCT.'47 begins
radical redistribution of all land & elimination of rich peasants
(in spring '48 this is condemned as "ultra-left" & reversion to
moderate policy until victory in Dec. '49)

1) NOW PARTY CONTROLS ARMY, as against Kiangsi, where the
opposite held true, army being considered an "educative instrument"
anti-Jap communist, military & pol. academics called "Kangts".
2nd new phenomenon--militia org. formed according to sex, age,
occupation & guided by party candidates for local office

II. IN POWER--'49-61

p.6 Mao Tse-Tung's "On People's Dem. Disc."
7/1/49--social. of agric
Movement to state coll. lay thru 1) indiv. ownership 2) mutual
aid teams, 3) coop. farming 4) coll. CHINA OF THE '50s BECOMES
STATE PLAN: 1) 50-53/ leaves only 3 mln. out of 500 mln. peasants
unaffected

transitional stage only as pe capita holding is
only 2 mou (a mou if 1/6th of acre)--eliminates
20 mln. landowners "as a class", having killed
5 mln.

2) '55-'58 peasants brought into Agric. Producers COOPS; pvt.
prop. allowed & peasants could work 10% of land for themselves.
high inor. in prod.

3) FORMATION OF PEOPLE'S COMMUNES '58.--achieved bet. Apr. & Nov.
120 mln. peasant hshlds. who had been
in 740,00 agric. producers coops of 160 hshlds
each MERGED INTO 24,000 peoples communes
AVERAGING 5,000 hshlds--all in 8 months
COINCIDES WITH CH'S 2nd 5 yr. Plan.. Q from THE Communist China
Digest 5/2/60: "The people's communes is the combination of
ind., agric., commerce, education, & military
affairs within scope of their activities."

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ONLY CRITICISM FROM WITHIN MAINLAND CHINA: LIN SHI-ling, young
girl student of 19 or 20, cf. "THE 100 FLOWERS CAMPAIGN & CHINESE
INTELLECTUALS" By Roderick MacFarquhar, "CCP IS NEW CLASS
INDISTINGUISHABLE FROM EXPLOITING CLASSES OF PAST & IS NOT MXIST"

Mao, Liu Shao-ch'i, Chu Teh & Chou En-lai all involved in
fight for survival for 22 yrs. NONE WROTE A WORD OF THEORY UNTIL
THEY HAD BEEN FIGHTING FOR SOME TIME

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